



The Bertha Corets Papers

Manuscript Collection No. 307

Box 1

Folder 15

Anti-Nazi Pamphlets

1933 - 1943

WOMEN'S DIVISION
NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
165 West 46th St., New York, N. Y.
MEdallion 3 - 2720

THE WOMEN'S DIVISION

of the

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

Cordially invites you to attend

A MEETING

important to all American women

THURSDAY, MARCH 18, 1943, AT 8 P.M.

AT THE COLONIAL ROOM OF THE

PARK CENTRAL HOTEL
55th Street and Seventh Avenue, New York

THE SPEAKERS

MRS. IRENE HARAND,

Chairman Women's Division, Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League

MRS. BERTHA V. CORETS,

Vice-Chairman Women's Division of the League

MISS DOROTHY WARING,

Author, and former Investigator for the McCormack-Dickstein Committee

PROF. JAMES H. SHELDON,

Administrative Chairman of the League

MR. JULIUS L. GOLDSTEIN,

Chairman of the Executive Committee of the League

A program of United Nations songs will be sung by Miss Anita Engel Hausler, prominent opera singer, accompanied by Mr. Alfred Sendrei.

THE MEETING

To mobilize the "woman-power" of America against isolationist propaganda and appeasement;

To formulate ways and means of educating American women how to fight most effectively the menace of a negotiated "peace" with Hitler;

To organize the women of America for a post-war world which makes democracy live and work.

BRING YOUR FRIENDS - NO ADMISSION CHARGE

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE U. S.
276 - 5th Ave.,
New York, N.Y.

N.H.Q. MEMO #15

Nov. 15, 1937.

To All Boycott Chairmen
In The Metropolitan District

Dear Comrades:

It is imperative that you attend a meeting at National Headquarters, 276 Fifth Ave., on Thursday evening, November 18th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a mass protest and boycott against any proposed boxing bout in which Max Schmeling will be one of the principals.

Looking forward to greeting you, I am

Fraternally yours,

EDGAR H. BURMAN, Chairman
Anti-Nazi Boycott Committee

EHB/cjs

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE U.S.
276 Fifth Ave.,
New York, N.Y.

Memo N.H.Q. #53

March 15, 1938.

IMPORTANT BOYCOTT NOTICE

To all Comrades:

J.W.V. has decided on a policy of Boycotting "Austrian" Merchandise. Hereafter, "Nazi goods" will cover both German and Austrian.

After the armed invasion and rape of Austria, Americans have no other alternative. While we have no quarrel with either the Austrian or German people, we cannot stand idly by while the Nazi fanatics who now rule both these countries, ruin every vestige of civilization. The Boycott is the American individual's form of protest.

While in control of Austria only one day, the Nazi beasts have already started to use horsewhips on the defenseless Austrians. Expect atrocities, persecution and the prisons and concentration camps for Jews, Catholics, Labor Unionists, Socialists and former office-holders. Expect dictatorship of press, radio and assembly. The first acts have already been taken against Jewish office-holders, editors and physicians. The cold pogrom of economic extermination will be applied to all Austrian Jews. Only, it will be much quicker in Austria. The Nazis are more experienced and have better machinery to carry out their atrocities.

Can the most optimistic now believe that Hitler intends otherwise than to rule and ruin the world? Are there still those who are willing to shake their heads and say "It can't happen here"? Hitler's method is NOT by force of arms, but by "boring from within". That is the explanation for the Bund cells and camps and other pro-Nazi organizations in the United States. That, and the destruction of our forts, battleships and our industrial and chemical plants!

Shall we now start to aggressively combat these alien invaders and propogandists? Or shall we continue our apathy? The time for theorizing and talking is past. The time is here for reason and action. Let's not waste any more time.

Have your post immediately pass a resolution to "Boycott all Austrian Goods". Call in your Boycott Committee and instruct them to check over each shop and factory in your community. Publicize in your local press the addition of Austrian goods to your boycott list. Inform the Labor Unions and other interested organizations to join and cooperate with you.

Attached is a list of the leading Austrian imports.

Incidentally, as the spearhead of American Jewry, J.W.V. was the first organization to declare for a Boycott of Austrian goods, just as we were five years ago for a Boycott of German goods.

Yours in comradeship,

National Boycott Committee
EDGAR H. BURMAN, Chairman

P.S. There will be a vital meeting of all greater New York Post Commanders at National Headquarters, 276 Fifth Ave., Saturday, March 19th, at 2:00 P.M.

X

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE U.S.
276 Fifth Avenue,
New York, N.Y.

Memo N. H. C. 39B

INSTRUCTIONS TO ALL POSTS AND AUXILIARIES

Photo offsets should be made of the attached manifest list, and a copy enclosed in every meeting notice to every member of Posts and Auxiliaries. These lists will be furnished to you at frequent intervals. If you know of anyone in your community who is doing business with any of these concerns, he or she should be immediately contacted by your boycott chairman. The cooperation of everyone is necessary to the end that the anti-Nazi Boycott may be made more effective.

If any Posts or Auxiliaries are desirous, they may insert their own names and meeting places at the bottom of the circular.

Copies of the enclosed manifest list can be obtained (as is) from National Headquarters for \$1.00 per hundred. Send in your order.

New lists will be published about twice monthly.

NATIONAL BOYCOTT COMMITTEE
by order of
HARRY H. SCHAFER
Commander-in-Chief

LHB/CJS

National Boycott Committee

Reports Great Activity

EDGAR H. BURMAN, Chairman, reports that the National Executive Boycott Committee during the past year, consisted of the following: Edgar H. Burman, Chairman; Mrs. Bertha Corets, Chairlady, National Ladies' Auxiliary; J. George Fredman, Martin Blutman, Sam Mann, Sidney Bernhard, Frank Bilsky, Leon Rapp, Richard Copperman, Allie Bayer, and Mrs. Gertrude Cohen.

This committee devoted countless hours to the many problems that constantly arose and as a result of its efforts maintained the prestige established by J.W.V. since the start by us of the Boycott.

Appreciation is expressed to the many Post Commanders, and Auxiliary Presidents, and to Post Boycott Chairmen and Auxiliary Chairladies who cooperated wholeheartedly but regret is expressed that many others did not appreciate the importance of the boycott meeting and whose cooperation was at a minimum.

The following are only a few of the highlights of the work of this committee:

On October, 1937, a uniformed Nazi parade was scheduled to march, with flying swastikas and Horst Wessel songs from Yorkville, through the streets of Manhattan, to the New York Hippodrome. Following protests inaugurated by J.W.V. a flood of protests swept City Hall resulting in the parade being confined to a few streets in Yorkville; banners and signs were restricted; and consisted of a mere 200 men, women and children.

The efforts to have all Boycott organizations join their efforts bore fruit on November 18, 1937, when our committee, together with the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League and the Joint Boycott Council, organized a Joint Committee on Cases. Until recently this joint committee continued its activities on a single, unified front. It also resulted in a Joint Boycott List, which has since become more or less official.

A movement was renewed to have American manufacturers conspicuously mark their products "Made in the U.S.A."

In January of 1938, the Nazi film situation was investigated. Several film concerns and theatres were placed on the boycott list.

On February 18th, investigation of Wimmelbacher and Rice, New York City (Wear-Right Gloves), convinced the committee that this firm should be kept on the boycott list.

On February 27th, the committee sponsored a boycott rally at Riverside Synagogue, commemorating the fifth anniversary of the boycott. Many similar rallies were held throughout the country.

On March 18th, J.W.V. declared a boycott on Austrian merchandise and lead all other organizations in this declaration.

On March 25th, after presentation of figures indicating an intention to discontinue imports of Nazi goods, and a tremendous reduction in Nazi purchases, the Sears Roebuck Co. was removed from the boycott list. This established a precedent—where a

firm is doing all in its power to comply with the purpose of the boycott, to give them a grace period during which to comply completely. This policy resulted in Butler Bros. and John Wanamaker being removed from our Boycott list.

Late in April a National drive was started against all the chain store organizations.

Martin Blutman, a member of the committee, specialized on having importers ship on other than German boats and diverting shipments from Nazi boats with favorable success.

Late in May, J.W.V. protested to Congress against passage of Bill HR8099, which contained several objectionable provisions. The bill as passed was more to our liking.

Thousands of boycott stamps, pledge cards, stickers, and lately matches were distributed throughout the country, and releases mailed at periodic intervals to Posts and Auxiliaries. Thousands of letters were mailed to business firms in the interest of the boycott, and hundreds of personal visits were made. Many stores were picketed.

The Committee succeeded in having Reilly & Lee Publishing Co., of Chicago, revise the objectionable definition of the word "Jew" in its dictionaries, gave information to several newspapers about the Nazi movement, and cooperated at Yaphank with D.A.V. and at other points with veteran organizations in combatting subversive organizations.

Much of the committee work is of a nature not for publication. A recent editorial in the "Hamburger Fremdenblatt" (Germany), complained of the wave of anti-Nazi sentiment sweeping over America. Statistics recently published show a large reduction in Nazi exports to America:

Decrease since 1932—50%.

Decrease since 1929—85%.

Imports first quarter of 1937—22 millions.

Imports first quarter of 1938—14 millions.

Add to this the many "ersatz" (substitutes) products used in Germany, the decreasing wages and increased cost of living, and the several recent crashes in the Nazi stock market, lead to the obvious conclusion that Germany is on the brink of an economic crisis. Much of the credit for this can be laid at the door of the Boycott.

The committee recommends that the Boycott activities be continued with renewed vigor. Much of the Nazi activity in this country is subsidized from Germany, through moneys received from American sources, and if the boycott could become 100% perfect, the Nazis would be compelled to fold up within six months.

The activities of the Committee were conducted with all too little funds. Receipts were \$1540.02 and expenses \$1583.34. A much larger appropriation should be set aside for this committee next year.

It is recommended that periodic inspections at least monthly should be made of all stores in each community. Reports of activities, problems and "cancer-spots" should be submitted to the National Committee at least once each month. The National Committee can only suggest and advise, and the posts must do the actual work. Interchange of ideas and information is important to efficient operation. With the growth of anti-Semitism in U.S.A. and the impregnation of the Bund and Nazi ideas, the Boycott is more important today than it was five and a half years ago when Hitler came into power.



NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE U. S.
276 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

NATIONAL PROGRAM

Boycott Drive Against 5 & 10c. and Chain Stores

Beginning the week of **MAY 2nd** and ending **MAY 14th** there will be a National boycott drive against **5 and 10 cent and chain stores.**

This work is to be carried out by visiting the following stores on our boycott list and protesting against their sale of German merchandise:

S. S. KRESGE CO. **S. H. KRESS & CO.**
W. T. GRANT **F. W. WOOLWORTH**
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
BUTLER BROS. (Brands—"Valor," "Lenox" "Snow ^{Bird}Berg,"
"Juliette")

Petitions will be circulated pledging all signers not to buy in those stores until they are taken off the boycott list.

Members should be advised that in some cities, some of these stores are free from German merchandise but in other sections these same stores are loaded with it. If the stores in your city are Boycott conscious and do not handle Nazi goods, you may omit those stores.

It is only by a National Boycott program that we can express ourselves properly.

Please contact all veteran, fraternal, benevolent, labor and religious organizations to cooperate with us in this work. Also large commercial organizations.

The first step is to begin in the Post and Auxiliary and have all members sign a pledge; then carry it outside the organization to friends and relatives; and after that, to organizations as above.

This is a very important undertaking and it will be a test of how effective our work is. If the stores in your city remain on our Boycott list, it will mean that your committee has not done effective work.

Start your preparations **NOW**, so that the campaign can go into full swing on **MAY 2nd.**

Fraternally yours,
EDGAR H. BURMAN
BERTHA V. CORETS
Chairmen
Anti-Nazi Boycott Committee

VIII. COMMUNITY SING.....GEORGE GREGORY, Jr., Director
Forest Neighborhood House

IX. BENEDICTION.....REV. RALPH S. THORN
Minister, The Willis Avenue Church

USHERS

Troop 1-120 Girl Scouts of America



DISTINGUISHED GUESTS AND PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS

ROSE O'BRIEN.....Ladies Auxiliary, United Spanish War Veterans
LEO PRICE.....Dept. Commander, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.
ALICE LIPKINS.....Dept. President, Ladies' Auxiliary, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.
EVA KRASNOFF.....Bronx County Pres., Ladies' Auxiliary, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.
SAUL GOLD.....Bronx County Commander, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.
BERTHA V. CORETS.....Program Chairman, Past Nat'l Pres., Ladies Auxiliary, J.W.V.
THERESA ROLLER.....Co-Chairman, Past Nat'l Pres., Ladies' Auxiliary, J.W.V.
JOSEPH B. MURRAY.....Bronx County Commander, Veterans of Foreign Wars
CATHERINE SELZER.....Bronx County Pres., Ladies' Auxiliary, Veterans of Foreign Wars
OLOF OLSON.....Bronx County Commander, American Legion
CLARA S. HERBST.....Bronx County President, Ladies' Auxiliary, American Legion
PETER J. HOPKINS.....Bronx County Commander, Catholic War Veterans
RUTH CONROY.....Bronx County President, Ladies' Auxiliary, Catholic War Veterans
ARTHUR BOTTENSTEIN.....Bronx County Commander, Army & Navy Union
MARY WISH.....Ladies' Auxiliary, Army & Navy Union
ARTHUR A. BARR.....President, Bronx Local School Board and So. Bronx Citizens Ass'n
GERARD M. BLOOMFIELD.....Executive Committee, N.C.C.J.
SAMUEL J. BUCHBINDER.....Teacher-in-Charge, Eve. Elementary School 82
HYMAN CHIPKIN.....Past President, Franklin Lodge, B'nai B'rith
JUDGE MARTIN FRANK.....Judge, Municipal Court
HERMAN FORSTER.....Chairman, Bronx Committee, Nat'l Conference of Christians and Jews
DR. LOUIS FRANKLIN.....Co-Chairman, Metropolitan Area ADL, B'nai B'rith
GEORGE GREGORY, Jr.....Director, Forest Neighborhood House
MAX GEWIRTZ.....Principal, P. S. 90; Chairman, Morrisania Community Council
GIRL SCOUTS OF AMERICA.....Troop 1-120
ABRAHAM KLEIN.....Principal, Jane Addams Eve. Elementary School
PHILIP MORSE.....Teacher-in-Charge, Eve. Community Center 82
PHILIP MICHAELS.....Vice-Chairman, N.C.C.J.
DIONISIO PARRINO.....Consultant, School Community Relations
MORRIS RABIN.....Principal, P. S. 52
SADYE REISS.....Local School Board and So. Bronx Citizens Ass'n
SANDOR SCHWARTZ.....Vice-President, So. Bronx Citizens Ass'n
RABBI HENRY A. SCHORR.....Temple Adath Israel
MRS. EUGENE G. SCHULTZ.....Vice-Chairman, N.C.C.J.
REV. RALPH THORN.....Minister, Willis Ave. Church
DAVID E. TRAUB.....Executive Director, Bronx Committee, N.C.C.J.
DR. FRANK D. WHALEN.....Asst. Supt., N. Y. C. Board of Education;
Chairman, Schools Committee, N.C.C.J.

MUSIC FESTIVAL

SPONSORED BY

BRONX COUNTY COUNCIL Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A. and Ladies' Auxiliary

CO-SPONSORS

BRONX COMMITTEE
NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF CHRISTIANS & JEWS

"BROTHERHOOD THROUGH MUSIC"

in the Auditorium of Public School No. 82

Macombs Road and University Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.

Wednesday Evening, February 25th - 8 P.M. Sharp

THIS PROGRAM IS DEDICATED to the development and practice of BROTHERLY UNDERSTANDING, and particularly to the memory of two men whose lives, tho on opposite sides of the world—both tragically terminated by violence—gained immortality thru their pursuit of Social and Political Unity, Equality and Brotherly Love.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN—"As I would not be a **slave**, so I would not be a **master**. This expresses my idea of democracy—Whatever differs from this to the extent of the difference is no democracy."

MOHANDIS K. GANDHI—He preached and carried out "Ahimsa," Unity and Understanding thru non-violence and the charity to forgive.

The essence of the teachings of these great men leads us back to the biblical commandment—

"Thou shalt Love thy Neighbor as Thyself."—Leviticus

To ignore it leads to dismal failure and catastrophic wars; to embrace it encourages the fulfillment of the noblest ideals.

BERTHA V. CORETS,
Program Chairman.

—oOo—
PROGRAM

WELCOME EVA KRASNOFF
Bronx County Pres., Ladies' Aux., J.W.V.

PRESENTATION OF COLORS SAUL GOLD
Bronx County Commander, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A.

NATIONAL ANTHEM

INVOCATION RABBI HENRY A. SCHORR
Temple Adath Israel

INTRODUCTIONS BERTHA V. CORETS

DR. FRANK D. WHALEN ASST. SUPT. N. Y. C. BOARD OF EDUCATION

I. The Chorus of the N. Y. Institute for the Education of the Blind

a. The Lord is My Shepherd Schubert

b. Let Their Celestial Concerts Unite Handel

c. There is a Realm in Gilead Negro Spiritual
(Arr. by W. L. Dawson)

Soprano Soloist, Anna Mae Smart

d. Holiday Song William Schuman
BASSETT W. HOUGH, Director of Music

II. GREEK DANCE GROUP from Jane Addams Vocational High School

Folk Dances—Premier Danseuse Jessie Mavridis, Teddy Baktidy

III. SOLOISTS AND GROUPS from The Morrisania Youth Council

a. My Hero Oscar Strauss
Eileen Gilbert, Soprano

b. Invitation to the Dance Von Weber
Mary & Elisa Racelis

c. Adoration Felix Borowsky
Albert Gilbert, Violinist
Iris Gilbert, Accompanist

d. Warsaw Concerto Richard Adinsell
Les Emanones Trio
Victor Clark, Bass Violin
George Reed, Guitar
Charles Henderson, Piano

e. Morning Oley Speaks
Victor Clark, Tenor
Charles Henderson, Accompanist

f. Fantasia Mendelsohn
Muriel Rudinsky
Advisor, Ruth A. Wells

IV. WORLD FRIENDSHIP GIRL of the United Sons and Daughters of All Nations

a. Homing Therese Dei Riego

b. Il Bacio Ardit
Doris Thorn, Soprano

V. MODERN DANCE CLUB

Forest Neighborhood House

MIRIAM F. BRUNNER, Music Director

a. "Contrast" danced to music of Jealousy
A dance in two parts showing contrast in movement qualities. The first section jerky, strong movements against the flowing movements of the second section.

b. Flirtation danced to the music of Rook-OO-Bay
A Calypso Dance

DORIS EBENER, Dance Director

VI. TENOR DUETS

Melrose House

a. Preciosa Hernandez

b. Anoranzas Flores

Fonfrías Brothers — Angel Fonfrías, Director
Guilo Sanchez, Accompanist

VII. FOLKWAYS CHORUS

Educational Alliance

a. Oh Freedom White Spiritual

b. Nigun Bialik
Palestinian, based on Chassidic Tune

c. Two Horas

RICHARD NEUMANN, Music Director

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
To Champion Human Rights, Inc.
Samuel Untermyer, President
20 West 47th Street, New York City
Medallion 3-2720

QUESTIONNAIRE

(Name of your organization)

(President)

(Secretary)

(Membership)

(Meets when and where)

(Address)

Are you taking any specific steps at the present time in boycotting Nazi-German goods and services?

Are you planning to take any such steps, and what are they?

Do you want us to assign you specific cases along such lines?

Have you any facilities for investigating?

Do you want us to supply you regularly with boycott information?

Are you receiving our Monthly Bulletin and other literature regularly and posting it conspicuously or distributing it to your members?

Do you know of any cases which violate the marking laws?
(INVESTIGATE THOROUGHLY!)

Do you know of any boycott violator? (INVESTIGATE THOROUGHLY!)

Are you setting apart a certain amount of time at every meeting for discussion on boycott, etc?

PLEASE FILL OUT THIS QUESTIONNAIRE AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY AND RETURN TO THIS OFFICE. WE ASSURE YOU OF OUR FULLEST COOPERATION AT ALL TIMES!

Very truly yours,
Boris E. Nelson
Dr. Boris E. Nelson
Executive Secretary

CHRISTIAN PLEDGE TO BOYCOTT NAZI GERMAN

Inasmuch as the Nazi persecution of Jews and Christians violates and threatens every principle which as Americans and Christians we hold most dear, we feel we must protest not only by word but by deed.

We therefore pledge ourselves to do nothing, either directly or indirectly, which can aid the German Government as long as it maintains three principles which lie at the very heart of Nazi doctrine: First, violation of religious freedom; second, racial persecution; third, glorification of war and inculcation of race hatred into the minds of little children.

As long as these doctrines prevail, we pledge ourselves not to travel on German ships, knowingly buy German goods or set foot on the territory of the Third Reich.

We pledge this not in hatred of the German people, but because since we are not allowed to communicate with them by word, we can only open their eyes by letting our actions speak for us.

Signatures:

About half of every dollar spent for German goods or services goes to the Nazi Government. Of what avail is it to protest if we help to finance what we protest against?

Volunteer Christian Committee to Boycott Nazi Germany

Henry Noble MacCracken
Oliver LaFarge
George Gordon Battle
Mary E. Woolley
G. Ashton Oldham
Paul H. Douglas
Dr. Haven Emerson
Ralph Barton Perry
Wm. Jay Schieffelin, Chairman

Frank P. Walsh
Arthur Judson Brown
Reinhold Niebuhr
Frank P. Graham
Guy Emory Liddell
Nelson P. Mead
Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw
Chauncey Stillman
Christopher Emmet, Secretary

AMONG THE OTHER SIGNERS

Gertrude Atherton
Rex Beach
Ralph Borsodi
James M. Byrne
Vida D. Scudder
Natalie Sedgwick Colby
George S. Counts
Paul de Schweinitz

Allen Heeley
Frederick B. Howden
Mrs. H. V. Kaltenborn
Joanna M. Lindloff
Theodore Marburg
Wesley C. Mitchell
Edward Smith Parsons
Margaret Chanler

Emergencies may arise so we have agreed that the pledge may be waived in exceptional cases such as visiting a sick relative in Germany, using a German medicine or going to Germany on behalf of some organization in the course of duty. The conscience of the signer must be the judge. We renounce all coercion in carrying out the boycott or criticism of German-Americans who refuse to sign. We sympathize with them in their dilemma.

Those signing the pledge are asked to mail it to the Volunteer Christian Committee to Boycott Nazi Germany, 620 Park Avenue, New York City. If they desire they may enclose one dollar for printing.

««« **AMERICANS!** Hitler's agents are disseminating the poisonous virus of race-hatred and religious oppression in our country. Recently, at its fifth annual convention, the German-American Bund, official Nazi organization in the United States, issued a statement declaring that "our battle is the battle of all the hundred million Aryan (white gentile) citizens of the United States," and that this battle "will be won." Lovers of American democratic traditions must see to it that this will never happen here.

F R E E M E N !

Do you want to become the victims of Nazi propaganda? Shall Jews, Catholics, and Protestants, because of their religious faith, be persecuted as they are in Germany? Shall our religious leaders be imprisoned as were Niemuller and numerous other priests in Germany because they refuse to give up their faith and to subordinate religion to the State?

W O R K E R S !

Do you want to be slaves of a system of forced labor at coolie wages? Do you want a government which forbids wage-increase and persecutes employers who raise wages?

Do you know that because of these inhuman long hours, low wages, high prices, and lack of proper food (because guns are more important than butter in the Nazi Paradise) sickness has increased 30-40% among workers and their families as compared with the worst depression years. That under Hitler's war prosperity the death-rate is higher than it was in 1932, when there were millions of unemployed?

C O N S U M E R S !

Do you know that under Hitler's "recovery" the consumption of meat, eggs, and fats, per capita, was lower in 1936 than in 1932—during the worst unemployment and depression period?

Do you want such Nazi "achievements" for your families and children? Do you want food-substitutes and breadlines?

W O M E N !

Do you know that women in Germany today have no voice in the community, and that "woman is man's servant", according to the Nazi slogan. German women who under the Republic occupied prominent positions in public life and in business have been degraded to subordinate work and are getting only about half the wages which their male colleagues receive. The hard-working, humiliated, undernourished female workers are also compelled to bring more and more children into the world as cannon-fodder for Hitler's war program.

M O T H E R S !

Do you want your young boys and girls to be educated for war in our schools, as they are in Germany?

Do you know that boys and girls of 10 years of age are compelled to join the military camps of Hitler's youth army?

T A X P A Y E R S !

Do you want your government to tax away 42% of the national income as Hitler does?

A M E R I C A N S !

We all want our workers to have a decent standard of living and good food; we want our women to participate as equal citizens in promoting the welfare of our nation.

We do not want war, we want peace! We therefore fight Nazism and all its un-American and militaristic activities.

Our mightiest weapon against Nazism is the Boycott of Nazi goods and services. Refuse to buy goods made in Nazi Germany because by giving Hitler money you are helping to plunge the entire world into war and destruction. Hitler is a menace to peace and to the mainstay of civilization. Boycott is the answer of outraged humanity against the menace of Hitlerism.

FOR HUMANITY'S SAKE, FOR THE SAKE OF WORLD PEACE —

Boycott Nazi Germany!

JOINT BOYCOTT COUNCIL, 151 West 40th Street, New York City

Town Hall

113 West 43rd Street

Saturday Evening,
May 11th, 1940 at 8:30

CONCERT

by World Famous Artists



Program

REINALD
WERRENRATH
BARITONE

HARRY
BRAUN
VIOLINIST

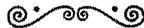
ANTON
ROVINSKY
PIANIST

ROSE
BOOK
COLORATURA
SOPRANO

RENEE
NORTON
MEZZO-SOPRANO

IGO
GUTMANN
TENOR

OTTO SEYFERT
ACCOMPANIST
Steinway Piano



SPONSORED BY

Jewish War Veterans

—OF THE UNITED STATES—

Dept. of New York Ladies Auxiliary

B. J. Corwin
Sylvia Goldman

TICKETS AVAILABLE

Room 2—Borough Hall, Brooklyn
MAin 5-8212

MRS. SYLVIA GOLDMAN,
Chairman

Try to have a meeting (2nd meeting)
next week to elect officers and
arrange for installation before
the end of the month to enable
them to take an active
part in Department Convention
at Monticello.

Nazism threatens humanity

with Religious Persecution • Anti-Semitism
Destruction of Democracy • War



**FIGHT NAZISM AND
SAFEGUARD**

**RELIGIOUS FREEDOM
DEMOCRACY • TOLERANCE
PEACE**

NAZI CAMPAIGN IS PROTESTED BY CARDINAL

Declares "Enemy is Already Within Our Walls"

ISSUES PASTORAL

Five Bishops Condemn Onslaught Against Christianity

[Special Correspondence, N.C.W.C.] Amsterdam, March 24.—"The enemy is already within our walls." His Eminence Michael Cardinal Faulhaber, Archbishop of Munich, said in a powerful and courageous pastoral read from all the pulpits of his diocese on the occasion of his Episcopal Silver Jubilee.

"Woe to the people who do not listen to the Gospel," said this German Prince of the Church who has become the outstanding antagonist of the pagan Nazi regime. Refuting the allegation that the Church is mixing with politics, Cardinal Faulhaber strongly maintains that it is a Bishop's duty to take a stand against erroneous teachings contrary to the Christian faith.

"Truly Destructive Fight"

No less vigorously five other German Bishops condemned the onslaught of Nazi radicals against the Church. Most outspoken was the Bishop of Bamberg who said in his Lenten Pastoral that "a truly destructive fight is now being carried on against our holy Christian faith."

—From the "Providence Visitor"



HON. WINSTON CHURCHILL
Eminent British Statesman

"When I know that Germany is spending much more than \$4,000,000,000 in war-like preparations in the course of a single year, that she is ruining her finances and depriving the German people of pork, butter and other foodstuffs in order to turn the whole nation into the most prodigious and terrible fighting engine the world has ever seen, I cannot help asking, "For what is this terrible preparation made and what awful event hangs over the future of Europe?"

STREICHER ADVISES FOREIGNERS ON JEWS

Tells Group at Nuremberg the Way to Solve 'Problem' Is to Exterminate Them.

Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES. NUREMBERG, Germany, Sept. 15.—Julius Streicher again employed the opportunity provided by a Nazi party congress to further his plans for an international, not simply a German, campaign against Jews.

A considerable representation of anti-Semitic foreigners were among guests of Mr. Streicher at a closed meeting at the Wittelsbacher Hotel Saturday evening. A number of these guests were writers for small weekly anti-Semitic papers not only in Europe but America.

They heard Mr. Streicher's version of what he really means by "solving the Jewish problem"—a version that is not vouchsafed to the general public. The Nuremberg high priest of anti-Semitism is reported by persons present to have announced that in the last analysis extermination is the only real solution of the Jewish problem.

Mr. Streicher made it clear in his address that he was not discussing the question in regard to Germany alone, but was offering suggestions for the solution of a "world problem." He declared there were some who believed the Jewish question could be solved "without blood," but he expressed it as his opinion that they were seriously mistaken. He asserted that if a final solution was to be reached "one must go the bloody path."

Such measures would be justified, Mr. Streicher declared, "because the Jews always attained their ends through wholesale murder and have been responsible for wars and massacres." "To secure the safety of the whole world they must be exterminated," he said.

—From the "New York Times"



"... The civilized world took a strong stand against the Turks because of their massacres of the Bulgarians at one time . . . Think of our indignation at the concentration camps of Cuba, which led eventually to the freeing of that lovely island from the yoke of Spain. With horror we read of the expulsion of the Jews from Spain, and now that the world is bound in smaller compass by radio, airplane, express steamers, by constant congresses of religions and commerce, we have all of us a right to criticize, to boycott a nation which reverts to the horrible persecutions of the Dark Ages. We have a right to form a blockade of public opinion about this misguided country.

It is with sadness, tinged with fear for the world's future, that we read Hitler's hymn of hate against that race which has added so many names to the roll of the great in science, in medicine, in surgery, in music and the arts, in literature and all uplifting human endeavor . . ."

HON. JAMES W. GERARD
Former U. S. Ambassador to Germany



"The main object of civilization just now should be, not to build up the Hitler regime, but to destroy it, so far as that is possible within the rules of international law; and the way to break that power peacefully is through economic sanctions, of which the boycott is the most powerful."

SAMUEL UNTERMYER
President, World Non-Sectarian
Anti-Nazi Council to Champion
Human Rights



"German Youth will be infected with the poison of Nazi race-theory, disciplined by the Nazi tyranny and mentally crippled by Nazi 'education' — ready to be driven by his rulers to the shambles. In common humanity, we, who are free, must help to release our fellow-humans from their slavery. The Nazi regime must go!"

SIR WALTER CITRINE
General Secretary of the British
Trade Union Congress



In this hour of need when all humanity is threatened by the same fate which has overtaken the people of Germany the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights appeals to you for support.

Let us not forget that in Germany a heartless reactionary government is rearming itself to the teeth, is inculcating its people with a philosophy of hate, is imbuing its youth with the glories of militarism and war. If you cherish peace, if you cherish humanity, if you are concerned about liberty and democracy, then you will recognize the impending danger coming from Nazi Germany, the threat of a bloody, ghastly destructive world war.

No other interpretation can be given to the Nazi Party conference held in Nuremberg. Its military display of a rearmed Germany, its anti-Semitic proclamations, the Jew-baiting speeches of the Nazi leaders from Hitler down, its attacks upon the Catholic and Protestant Churches, its glorification of militarism, its demand for vast territories in Europe, Asia and Africa are proof that Germany is ready to plunge the whole world into war.

We must arouse the civilized people of the world against Hitler's attempt to drown the world in blood.

The Nazis are not satisfied with what they have done to Germany. They are actively spreading their propaganda in all countries, including our own, the United States. The danger cannot be underestimated. Their agents are everywhere working day and night in an attempt to poison the minds of the American

people. The country is flooded with millions of dollars worth of Nazi and Anti-Semitic propaganda. Many notorious and reactionary organizations have been formed through Nazi influence and financial support for the express purpose of undermining our democracy, our free institutions and replacing them with a dictatorship of the Nazi type.

It is your duty to act now.

We most urgently call upon you to come to the support of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights which is in the forefront of the Fight against Nazism.

If Nazism prevails civilization is doomed.

Money is needed and needed at once to sustain the important activities of the League. We look forward to your generous financial support. If you have supported the League in the past, please do so again, and, if possible, increase your contribution. If you have not supported our League before, please do so now wholeheartedly and with a generous hand.

Enlist in the great crusade for Humanity by sending in your contribution at once.

In the name of the American traditions of Freedom and Justice I appeal to you: Join with us and let us together end the Nazi dictatorship, restore Human Rights, prevent war and preserve Peace.

**SAMUEL UNTERMYER, President
NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS.**

**HUMANITY APPEALS TO YOU
IN THIS HOUR OF NEED!**

Act Now!

Send in Your Contribution at Once!

The undersigned hereby contributes \$.....to the Humanity Appeal of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights, Inc., 20 W. 47th St., New York, N. Y., and joins with you in the cause of outraged humanity against Hitlerism and for the preservation of human rights.

Name.....

Address.....

City.....State.....

Individuals and organizations contributing will please fill out this blank and mail together with contribution in the enclosed addressed envelope.

TURN PAGE AND READ HOW OUR LEAGUE FIGHTS HITLERISM

The League — What It Is and What It Does

What Is The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League To Champion Human Rights?

Our League is the American branch of the World Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council to Champion Human Rights. The World Council, of which Samuel Untermyer is the president, was organized at a conference held in London in the year 1934. The World Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council has twenty-four branches in the following countries:—

ARGENTINE	DENMARK	HOLLAND	NORWAY	SWITZERLAND	CZECHOSLOVAKIA
BELGIUM	EGYPT	LATVIA	PALESTINE	URUGUAY	GREAT BRITAIN
BRAZIL	FINLAND	LUXEMBOURG	ROUMANIA	VENEZUELA	SOUTH AFRICA
CANADA	FRANCE	MOROCCO	SPAIN	YUGO-SLAVIA	UNITED STATES

Why Was Our League Organized?

Because Nazi Germany represents the biggest threat to civilization and the peace of the world.

Why Is Our League a Non-Sectarian Organization?

Because we recognize that the fight on behalf of liberty, democracy and human rights, is the fight of all champions of liberty, regardless of nationality, race or creed. Only through such united action can the despotic Nazi regime be destroyed.

What Does Our League Do to Fight Nazism?

- 1 Our League uses the weapon of the boycott of German goods and services as the one peaceful weapon at the disposal of the people of the civilized countries in their fight to bring about a change in Germany. Our League believes that through the boycott, the German people can be freed from Hitler's tyrannic rule and Nazism destroyed.
- 2 Our League counteracts Nazi propaganda in this country through the press, radio, movies, the publication of a monthly magazine, books, pamphlets, literature, conferences, lectures, etc.
- 3 Our League's Research Department furnishes manufacturers, merchants, importers and consumers with up-to-the-minute information on how German-made goods may be substituted by goods made in the United States or in some other country.
- 4 Our League cooperates with and maintains local organizations in the United States for the purpose of effectively prosecuting a nation-wide fight against Nazi Germany.
- 5 Our League enlists religious groups, fraternal organizations, professional groups, business-men's organiza-

tions, labor organizations, clubs and individuals in the fight against Nazism.

- 6 Our League's Legal Department keeps a close watch on the Nazi government's fraudulent attempts to conceal the origin of German-made goods from the American consumers. Our Legal Department also seeks to stop the illegal activities of the Nazi government and its agents in our country who, according to the reliable authority of the McCormack Committee, have already spent over \$30,000,000 in our country for their poisonous propaganda and subversive activities.
- 7 Our League seeks to put an end to the dumping of German-made goods by the Nazis into the American market at such low prices as to make it impossible for the American manufacturer to compete with the German product, thus protecting the American manufacturer from unfair competition and at the same time protecting the livelihood of American labor.
- 8 Our League upholds the American institutions of democracy, freedom of religious worship and liberty.
- 9 The Women's division of our League seeks to enlighten the women of America with the true facts about the degradation of women in Nazi Germany and to organize them in the fight against Nazi barbarism and for the active prosecution of the consumers' boycott of German goods and services.
- 10 Our League's special trade and professional groups carry on special boycott activities against the Nazi regime in their respective professions and industries.
- 11 Our League maintains investigators, speakers, organizers and publicity men for the purpose of extending the League's organization and intensifying its Anti-Nazi and boycott activities.
- 12 Our League maintains international relations with all branches of the World Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council and with all Anti-Nazi groups in other countries for the purpose of co-ordinating the movement for the overthrow of Nazism and for the building up of a world-wide sentiment against the Nazi regime.

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.
20 WEST 47th STREET SAMUEL UNTERMYER, President NEW YORK, N. Y. 

BOYCOTT NAZI GERMANY

DON'T BUY GERMAN GOODS

DON'T USE GERMAN SERVICES

DON'T MAIL, SHIP, OR TRAVEL ON GERMAN VESSELS

For Immediate Release

200 NEW YORK ORGANIZATIONS JOIN BOYCOTT AGAINST NEW YORK DAILY NEWS

The Board of Directors of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League announced, this morning, that at a "closed door" conference of more than 200 representatives of different civic, labor, fraternal and religious organizations, held at the Astor Hotel this week, a united program for continuing and enlarging the boycott against the New York DAILY NEWS had been developed. The conference was arranged by the League's New York City Committee, representing groups affiliated with the League, and chaired by Mr. Louis Schiffrin.

Each organization was represented by one or more officially-elected delegates, and at the conclusion of the conference a resolution was unanimously adopted supporting the continuation and intensification of the boycott program, and listing the following "grievances" against the New York DAILY NEWS, CHICAGO TRIBUNE and Washington TIMES-HERALD:

- Confusion*
- "1. Support of 'appeasement' policies, including repeated hints at the prospect of an early 'negotiated' peace with our enemies.
 - "2. Discrediting of the American government and our war leaders.
 - "3. Confusing the public as to war aims -- calling this just one of a long series of wars, and discrediting the Atlantic Charter.
 - "4. Confusing the public as to the causes of the war. (The following have been mentioned as causes: The President, the New Deal, the Brain Trust, the British, the Russians and the Jewish avengers.)
 - "5. Upholding or defending of appeasers, pro-fascists and pro-nazis, and pro-appeasement, pro-fascist and pro-razi organizations (such as Charles A. Lindbergh, ~~WALTER DUNDEY POLLEY~~ MRS. Dilling, Hamilton Fish, Jr., and the America First Committee).
 - "6. Repeated attempts at smearing the United Nations and confusing the public as to the identity of our real enemies, especially by attacking the aims of Britain, Russia, etc.
 - "7. Confusing the public as to proper conduct of the war and critical war theatres (insisting that we lick Japan first, constant harping at all war measures taken in Washington, etc).

-more-

"8. Seeking vindication in the election of pro-fascist or pro-appeaser candidates."

In a joint statement announcing the results of the conference of organizations, Prof. James H. Sheldon, administrative chairman, Mr. Herman Hoffman, chairman of the board of directors, and Mr. Julius L. Goldstein, chairman of the executive committee of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, declared that the boycott had already ~~been~~ had an important ~~effect~~ influence on the NEWS circulation in many portions of the City, and made it necessary for the NEWS to resort to ~~expensive advertising and other~~ counter-measures, including expensive advertising.

Characterizing the boycott of such publications as the NEWS as "firmly rooted in American patriotic traditions", the statement declared:

"The American War of Independence started with a boycott upon goods imported into this country and forced upon the American public under insufferable conditions. Our ancestors responded quickly. The policy of refusing to buy or to support with our patronage any group which is contrary to the interests of the people -- that is to say, the policy of the popular boycott as a weapon against tyranny -- is as old as the Boston Tea Party.

"If we are to boycott a humble storekeeper for selling Nazi goods, how much more important is it that we boycott powerful publishing interests who would distribute pro-appeasement ideas on our street corners!"

Patriotic Americans are offered no choice but to strike, and strike again and again at any institution which would divide us in our war effort.

Regretting the fact that some people seem disposed to let their interest in extraneous features, such as the comic pages, overcome their feelings with regard to the pro-appeasement policies of these papers, the statement said:

"Granted that the comic strips in the DAILY NEWS are good. We urge patriotic Americans to consider whether 'Terry' of 'Terry and the Pirates', or 'Dick Tracy', would support a paper advocating the policies of the DAILY NEWS."

In a communication to the delegates at the League's conference, Frank R. Crosswaith, Chairman of the Negro Labor Committee, said:

"Enlightened Negro labor stands solidly behind you in your opposition to Nazism both abroad and at home. We must equip ourselves to slay that dragon wherever and whenever it raises its head so that Jews and Gentiles, black and white, may unite for progress in eventual emancipation from the evils that now haunt our world."

Dr. I. Stolper, of Brooklyn, delegate from the Kings County Dental Society, an organization of over 1000 dentists, said:

"I have a son who is a lieutenant and a son-in-law who is a captain, and I do not want enemy bullets to kill my children, either in the field of battle or in the guise of destroying our unity here at home."

The P_ulaski Society, leading Polish organization in the United States, in sending a delegate to the conference, announced its support of the boycott and said:

"The anti-American policy of this newspaper is damaging our morale and should be checked before it can do any real damage."

Speakers from a number of societies representing special racial, language and labor groups were also heard.

Many of the delegates urged that New Yorkers would do well to take up these issues with merchants and others who advertise in the NEWS.

THE BOYCOTT IS THE MORAL SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR

**NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.**

729 SEVENTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

MEDALLION 3-2720

*Why is this
not done
in Paris
Paris*

Officers

SAMUEL UNTERMYER
President

DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER
VICE-PRESIDENT
HON. JAMES W. GERARD
VICE-PRESIDENT
HON. FIORELLO H. LAGUARDIA
VICE-PRESIDENT
HON. ARTHUR S. TOMPKINS
VICE-PRESIDENT
J. DAVID STERN
TREASURER
LOUIS MYERS
ACTING TREASURER
G. E. HARRIMAN
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
CHARLES A. KLEIN, C.P.A.
AUDITOR

MRS. MARK HARRIS
ACTING CHAIRMAN
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Board of Directors

SAMUEL UNTERMYER
CHAIRMAN
GEORGE GORDON BATTLE
HON. RICHARD J. BEAMISH
HON. JAMES M. BECK
ABRAHAM CAHAN
DR. A. CORALNIK
JACOB DE HAAS
DR. BENJAMIN DUBOVSKY
HON. M. MALDWIN FERTIG
JACOB FISHMAN
DR. HARRY LEE FRANKLIN
J. GEORGE FREDMAN
ALLIE S. FREED
HON. JAMES W. GERARD
MRS. MARK HARRIS
SIEGFRIED F. HARTMAN
REV. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES
REV. EDWARD L. HUNT
E. N. KLEINBAUM
LOUIS MYERS
HON. LEOPOLD PRINCE
EZEKIEL RABINOWITZ
DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER
J. DAVID STERN
HON. ARTHUR S. TOMPKINS
OSWALD GARRISON VILLARD
FRANK P. WALSH
(BOARD IN FORMATION)

In replying refer to
Research Department.

March 18, 1935.

Dear Madam:

EASTMAN KODAK CO: They advertise widely and sell the following German cameras; Volland - Pupille - Retina - Reconar,

PARKE, DAVIS & CO: This firm has gone to the trouble of supplying us with a full list of the drugs they produce which can replace similar German items. It would be advisable for your members to give this information to as many druggists as they can possibly reach. A copy of the list is enclosed. *Parke Davis
Branch
and Co*

THE EELING BREWING CO., INC: We have investigated this brewing company and have a statement from them to the effect that they are not using any German ingredients in their beer.

STRAUSS STORES: The following Strauss Stores have been reported to us by a man of the line to be carrying German merchandise. This firm denies the truth of these reports. However, our informer insists that they are carrying German goods. May I ask you to check up on that statement through your members located in the vicinities of the different branch stores?

N.W. Corner 171st St. & St. Nicholas Ave., New York NY
145 Second Avenue, New York, NY
110th St. & 8th Ave., New York, NY
2408 Grand Concourse, Bronx, N.Y.
1049 E. 163rd St., Bronx, N.Y.
544 Fordham Road, Bronx, N.Y.
1426 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, NY.
6720 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, NY
938 Kings Highway, Brooklyn, N.Y.
549 Atlantic Avenue, New York, NY
574 Howard Avenue, Brooklyn, NY
1161 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, NY
Bay 20th St. & 86th St., Brooklyn, NY
146th St. & Hillside Ave., Jamaica, L. I.
28-21A Steinway Avenue, Astoria, L. I.
96th St. & Liberty Ave., Ozone Park, L. I.
186 Martine Ave., White Plains, N. Y.

Very truly yours,
S. Feller
S. Feller
Research Dept.

Nov. 18, 1941

State Department,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs,

I would greatly appreciate it if you could send to me the new blacklist of Latin-American companies and individuals that is a supplement to the book of Sept. 25.

Thanking you very much,

Yours very truly,

Bertha V. Conets

NATIONAL LADIES' AUXILIARY
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE UNITED STATES
276 Fifth Ave.,
New York, N.Y.

This speech was made at one of our Americanism meetings, and is being passed on to the Auxiliaries with the idea that it may be of some assistance to them for similar occasions.

Americans are taking a greater interest in the working of our governments than ever before. The economic depression of the last 8 years, the inability to secure work by young and old alike, the skilled and unskilled, made them look to the government to protect their interests.

Fortunate are we to have a government of the people, by the people, and for the people, where grievances may be publicly made and redress and relief publicly sought.

Most mindful are we of our great Constitution, and the watchdog of its liberties, the Supreme Court of the U.S. Most mindful are we of our Bill of Rights, the greatest document of personal liberties ever written, anticipating man's inhumanities to man, and safeguarding against them.

It is unthinkable that any American understanding and appreciating our American democracy would do anything to undermine it.

It is further unthinkable that any American would stand idly by and watch alien subversive activities, enlist a private army that drills in privately owned camps, wear uniforms with foreign insignias, salute a foreign leader with a foreign salute, and thru their fanfare, parades and propaganda, alienate the youth of our country.

Americans have been greatly shocked by the moral let-down in International dealings on the part of the great European governments.

Had England joined the U.S. in making vigorous protest to Japan upon its invasion of Manchuria, it might have halted the march of conquering armies in China, Ethiopia, Spain, Austria and Czechoslovakia.

As disease usually marches with an army of invasion, so today, with dictatorship aggression, marches their anti-religious programs and propaganda. Especially virulent is the anti-Jewish propaganda of Nazi Germany, leaving in its wake, like the black plague of the middle ages, misery, desolation and destruction.

Sad as are the persecution of the Protestants in Germany, the losses to the Catholic Church, the violation of their Concordant, the unspeakable trials and slurs against their clergy, most tragic are the persecutions of the Jews.

A race known in every country where they reside, for their industry, sobriety, intellectual contributions, and loyalty.

For five years the Jews have been on the torture racks of Nazi inquisition with the screws turned steadily deeper, while a disinterested world watched idly by and shirked moral responsibility with the evasions--what goes on over there does not concern us.

It is not surprising in view of the success of force and threats of force, that the Nazi Government, faced with economic collapse thru diversion of the countries resources into building up a great war machine, should turn loose the forces of hate and savagery, nurtured on five years of incessant lies and controlled propaganda.

Out into the open--as the to warn an unsuspecting world of the efficiency and coldblooded thoroughness with which the Nazi Government pursues its objective, followed the most violent persecution of an innocent people, a demonstration that will forever mark the most damning page in German history.

Such frightfulness touched the limit of human endurance and an anguished world cried out in protest.

Loading all countries in protest, was our great President, Franklin D. Roosevelt, thru his decisive action in calling our Ambassador and Trade Consul home for conference. It is now announced their return to Germany is most indefinite.

And now the world is engaged in a search for a land of refuge for the persecuted Jews of Germany. Many places are advanced such as Madagascar, Tanganyika, British Guiana, the Pitcairn Islands, and others.

Though these plans are prompted by a sincere desire to help, and are well intentioned, in my estimation, they assist the Nazi government in her racial persecutions. It would seem to indicate and sets the precedent that a Nation may engage in National Cannibalism, kill or devour the sustenance of a citizenry, plunder and expel an unwanted minority and challenge other nations to pay for their removal, lest they be exterminated to the last man.

We have heard many complaints about persecuted German minorities. Austria disappeared from the map because of German suffering; democratic Czechoslovakia was dismembered because of German suffering.

Now is the time to ask, "have the German people a monopoly on suffering"?

Are all other people, inhuman, devoid of this emotion?

Why should Germany dare to ask for anything special for even one German outside her borders, when her own minorities are so cruelly persecuted?

Does it not seem that the most important thing for a disapproving world to do is to make the Nazi government realize and feel the full force of world disapproval, rather than to limit its protest to facilitating the removal of the Jews in Germany?

Must this persecuted people still further suffer by being made exiles in wild and strange lands? Colonization has no terror for the Jews. In spite of Nazi and Fascist inspired Arab terrorism, colonization is progressing in Palestine.

Five years ago the economic boycott was advanced as the only bloodless weapon to fight the Nazi government, Remove their foreign exchange, the means necessary to carry on government, and the government must fail.

Labor, religious and educational leaders are getting behind this movement with more publicity than ever before.

It is up to every American to safeguard American democracy, by fighting subversive acts of Dictatorship governments, and in fighting the Nazi government, to join the Boycott of Nazi Made Merchandise.

If You Visit **GERMANY-**

YOU CONDONE

A Medieval despotism.
Governmental suppression of
freedom of speech, press, lib-
erty of conscience and political
belief.

A flouting of every principle
of parliamentary government.
The negation of all that our
country stands for.

A reversion to the dark ages
in methods of administration.

AND REMEMBER —

That every cent you spend on
German steamers and in Ger-
many is aiding Germany's war
preparations and the spread of
Naziism the world over.

AND FURTHER —

That only by your complete
boycotting of all German goods
and services can you aid in re-
storing liberty to Germany's
persecuted racial, religious
and political minorities.

Published and Distributed by

the

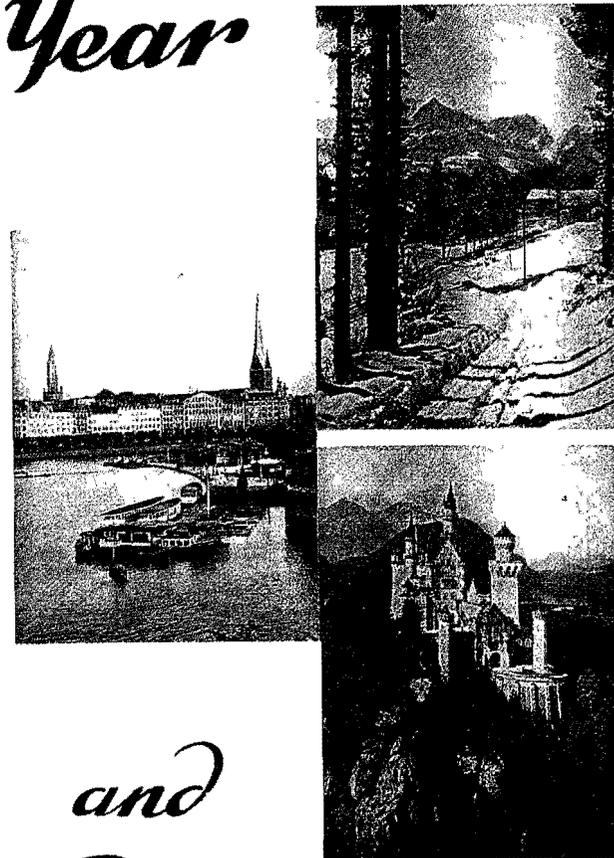
**Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League
to Champion Human Rights, Inc.**

Fighting Nazism Since 1933!

20 West 47th Street
New York

*NOTE: Please pass this pamphlet on to your friends
who may be planning a trip to Germany this
year. If further copies are desired they may
be procured free of charge by applying to the
above address.*

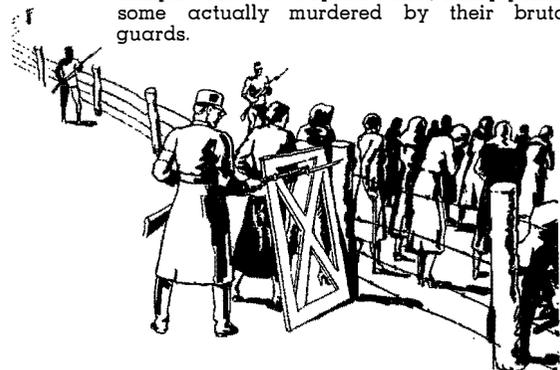
VISIT **GERMANY** *this* *Year*



and
See →

The Delightful Concentration Camps

Thousands of men, of all creeds and shades of political opinion, unconvicted of any crime, languish under conditions of medieval barbarity in Hitler's infamous concentration camps. Tortured beyond belief, many perish, some actually murdered by their brutal guards.



The Reverence with which Priests and Nuns are Treated

In their mad desire to control all thought and opinion in Germany the Hitler Government has maintained a continual drive against the Catholic clergy. Hundreds of priests and nuns have been arrested and imprisoned for long periods on the flimsiest charges.



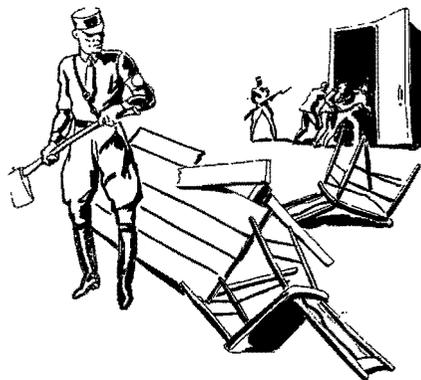
How Freedom of Worship is Preserved

Hundreds of Protestant churches have been closed by the secret police. Storm Troopers have arrested ministers of the Gospel, literally dragging them from the pulpit to do so, merely because these clergymen have refused to admit the supremacy of Hitlerism over Christianity.



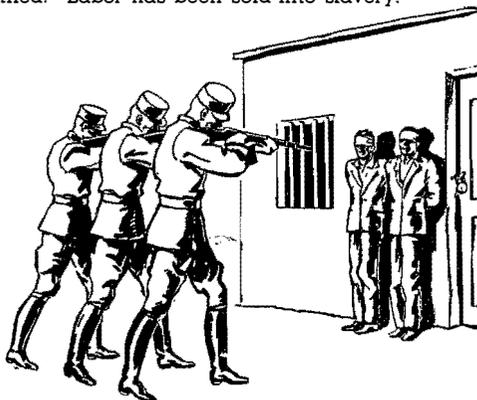
How the Nazis Cherish the Masons

Every Masonic Lodge in Germany has been liquidated. Every fraternal order has been disbanded. Properties built up by these organizations for hundreds of years have been confiscated by the government.



How Trade Unions and Labor Have Been Fostered

Labor has been deprived of all rights of collective bargaining. Striking, or even talking of a strike are crimes punishable by the death penalty. Labor's leaders have been tortured, shot down and exiled. Labor has been sold into slavery.



How German Womanhood Flourishes under Hitler

German women have been expelled from the professions. But Nazidom requires workers to replace the artisans now employed in the armament industry. Therefore German womanhood has been enlisted, and, under regular discipline and supervision, dragooned into the heaviest, most unpleasant manual labor.



How Germany Respects its Minorities

Thousands of pitiful refugees despoiled of all possessions are fleeing from Germany while the world stands appalled. Men, women and children humiliated and ruined are being expelled from the land which they and their forefathers have loved and worked for.



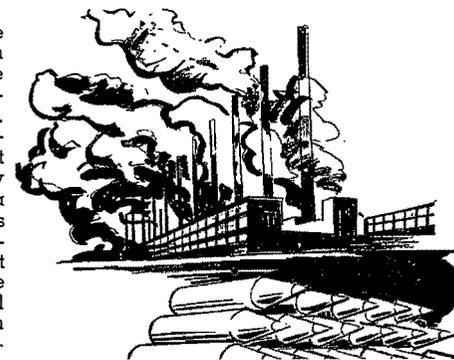
How the Children are Being Trained

Almost from infancy onward German youth under Hitler and his satellites is being prepared for war. Youth organizations directly under State control spend their days drilling, marching, learning how to shoot and throw grenades. They are being taught that "war is glorious."



How Peacefully Germany is Inclined

Throughout the land munition making is the most flourishing industry. Under her rearmament plans Germany is building a tremendous army. Militarism is rampant despite the peaceful phrases which drip so contin-



*This pamphlet contributed by Christians
and Jews of German descent.*

**DO NOT USE NAZI SHIPS AND SERVICES!
DO NOT BUY NAZI MERCHANDISE!
DO NOT TRADE WITH THE ENEMY!**

Join

**NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.**

SAMUEL UNTERMYER, President

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

GOD SAVE THE GERMAN PEOPLE!

**NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
To CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.**

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

Please Pass This On!

IN a wireless to the *New York Times* dated Berlin, March 8, 1937, it was stated that *Der Angriff*, official publication of the German Government's Department of Propaganda and Enlightenment, characterized one of America's greatest and most beloved men, Benjamin Franklin, an anti-semite. This news item of manufactured hate was distributed to all German newspapers. The present German Government at considerable expense maintains a Department of Propaganda and Enlightenment. Propaganda Yes! of the most vile and malicious nature—Enlightenment No! The German people are being mentally strangled, and the news they are allowed to read is poisoned by prejudice to such a degree that the Germans who lived in the Middle Ages actually enjoyed more Enlightenment. In many cases news items, encouraged and created by the German Propaganda Department, have been so obscene in character that newspapers in this country have declared that the State Department at Washington considered them unfit to be published in the American press.

Experts on American history emphatically maintain that the statements that Franklin was an anti-semite, are fabrications without the slightest foundation. Other historians call it a "bare faced forgery." History proves that Franklin was friendly and sympathetic towards the Jews, and when they desired to erect a synagogue in Philadelphia, he not only signed the petition of appeal for funds, but personally made a contribution. Would an anti-semite have done that? It is interesting to know that when Franklin was in Paris in 1781, Major David S. Frank, a Jew, was one of his confidential aides. Would an anti-semite have done that?

We will now furnish the Nazis with a little true enlightenment, historically correct, and not poisoned by false propaganda. On the authority of Prof. Charles A. Beard, one of America's foremost historians, Benjamin Franklin did have

grave concern regarding one racial group, the influx of Germans to America. And in 1753 he wrote: "Not being used to liberty they know not how to make modest use of it." And although this was his conviction, Franklin—great as his influence was—did not propose to set up a bar against them, because his love of tolerance was greater than his fears in this regard.

He believed that the inspiration of Democracy would appeal so strongly to the German immigrants, that they would become desirable citizens. And these Germans, both Christians and Jews, justified Franklin's faith in liberty and became in a great majority of cases faithful to the traditions of the Republic, in which they found a far better home from whence they came.

It is a great pity that millions of Germans at the present time cannot escape the tyranny of the Nazis and find new homes in countries where there is a government "of the people, by the people and for the people." At times the road seems long and hard. But Time marches on, ever and ever towards one goal—Emancipation of Mankind from Tyranny. No despotism in the world's history has ever survived! This must be the consolation and the hope of the German people!

In Chalmer's *General Biographical Dictionary* (London-1814), Franklin is described as follows: "He exhibits no false zeal, modestly seeks after truth, and if he fails to find it has no desire to impose counterfeits in its stead."

What a wonderful example for the Nazis to follow! But can the leopard change his spots?!

Franklin practised many virtues, among which were Truth, Justice and Moderation. But instead of practising Truth, the Nazis practise falsehood; instead of Justice they practise tyranny, and instead of Moderation they make fanaticism their religion. God save the German people, they deserve a better fate than Hitlerism!

NAT'L LADIES AUXILIARY , JEWISH WAR VETS
of the U.S.,
276 Fifth Ave., New York City,

T

"THE BOYCOTT IS A MORAL SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR"

Today our country is engaged in a tremendous re-armament program. By 1943, \$3,000,000,000 will have been spent for naval appropriations alone. We are to be second to none in war strength. We are rushing preparations for another WAR. Of the world powers we can reasonably expect democratic countries to be our allies.

Almost 5 years ago, ^{the} world powers were called upon to support an Economic Boycott against the Nazi government of Adolph Hitler as a bloodless means of preventing war. Hitler was then denounced as a menace to world peace. Had the democratic nations of the world supported that call, history today would have a different story to tell. Without the moral support of Hitler would Mussolini have invaded Ethopia? Without the assistance of Hitler & Mussolini would there now be a war in Spain? Without the Alliance between Hitler and Japan would China today be a battlefield? Hitler, tho talking peace, scraps the treaties designed to keep peace, flouts the League of Nations and encourages other aggressors to do likewise. Hitler calls politics "The Art of the Possible", and declares "Germany is wherever German is spoken" - in other words the German Empire is determined by blood and language and not by boundaries. Carrying out this ideology, its leaders envisage for the futuro a United Nations of America, instead of the United States of America.

As the resources of Germany are being spent on re-armament and also as a result of the boycott, Germany suffers a shortage of foodstuffs and other essential commodities. Should not one seriously stop now and consider, if the blockade in 1918 ended the world war, could not the Boycott if fully intensified, PREVENT THE WAR THAT THREATENS?

In January, 1934, Mayor LaGuardia, speaking before a convention of Womons' Organizations at the Hotel Astor, expressed himself with prophetic clearness on the boycott, as follows: "Let me say as Vice-President of the Boycott League, I believed in the Boycott before I took office and I believe in it now. To be against Hitler is to be for the German people. To be against Hitler is to oppose conditions civilization cannot tolerate. Women of America, you cannot do it with petitions. This is not a religious question. It is a grave international problem that fits into any movement that works for the prevention of war."

Only truth can stand the test of time and today these words have double the force as when spoken four years ago, because many who could not see it before, now must admit that Hitler's religious persecution was a smoke screen to cover the preparations that have developed into a "grave international problem" - the war that threatens the world.

In any program of social and civic rights the positions of minorities must be given some consideration. In times of prosperity there is no religious persecution. Religious persecutions have become a barometer of changing times. They bear a direct ratio to economic conditions. It is proper that some measures be taken to make this terrible injustice properly understood.

In the Spanish Inquisition, one of the blackest pages of religious history, thousands upon thousands of innocent men, women and children were burned, tortured and compelled upon pain of death to accept conversion and baptism. It was not a question then of racial difference - but a religious difference. Persecution in Germany is based on a pseudo racial philosophy, but the real cause was the desperate condition Germany found herself in following the inflation and Commercial Piracy. All so-called non-Aryan property is gradually being confiscated under any pretext devisable. The case of Arnold Bernstein, owner of the Red Star Lines is an example of practical confiscation of valuable property possible only under a Fascist government. Fascism repudiates democratic liberal principles. It develops ^a small ruling class both economic and political. It forces the masses of the people into permanent servitude from which it is difficult if not impossible to free themselves.

There was a time when people turned to prayer and Divine guidance in times of stress and trouble. There was once a preacher who taught "Love thy Neighbor as Thyself". Today more than ever, with religious differences springing up all over the world to a degree before unknown, with Catholics - Protestants and Jews alike victims of intolerance, religions must ask themselves wherein they have failed. There must be peace among the races of a Nation if there is to be peace among the Nations of the world. There must be a true Brotherhood of Man, not one distinguished by the Church he attends.

Childbirth is the same ordeal to all Mothers all over the earth, and our children are our most precious possessions. The death dealing bullet knows no religious distinction and brings heartbreak and prostration to all mothers alike.

If we want to prevent wars, we must know and single out the aggressor. From Hitler's book "Mein Kampf" we know his ambitions. By his actions of the last five years we know that he has not deviated in any way from carrying out those ambitions. Their final achievement can only be accomplished by war.

With all the Nations of the world feverishly rushing to prepare for this war, we still have one weapon in our hands to prevent it.

We ask you to support "THE BOYCOTT AS THE ONLY MORAL SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR".

Bertha V. Corets,
National Boycott Chairman
Ladies' Auxiliary
Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.

NATIONAL LADIES AUXILIARY
JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE U. S.
276 Fifth Ave.,
New York, N.Y.

Dear Sisters:

Representative Hamilton Fish introduced Bill No. H.R.10553 which is aimed to regulate the formation of private military organizations in the United States. This Bill would make it unlawful for five or more persons to form a group for military training, except established U.S. military and naval bodies, or to drill or parade with dangerous weapons or imitations of them.

Our organization approves this Bill and we ask you to contact your Representatives and Congressmen to urge its passage.

Loyally yours,

BERTHA V. CORETS
National Boycott Chairman

THE FOLLOWING FIRMS ARE LISTED IN THE IMPORT MANIFESTS.

AS EITHER RECEIVING NAZI MERCHANDISE OR USING NAZI BOATS.

SS HAMBURG (Ger), Mar 20

From Hamburg, Germany

Bernard J & Co-20 cs oil residue, 1 cse ironware, 1 cse woodenware, 1 cse chemicals, 1 cse do, 4 cs glassware, 9 cs carbon blocks.
 Balto & Ohio R R-103 bgs cryolith synth.
 NY Potash Export MJD-400 bgs potash sulphate.
 Irving Trust Co-20 cs dry plates, 13 cs beads.
 Terrie, I-2 bis rabbitkins.
 Schroeder, J H Bkg Corp-45 cs shellac.
 Vulkan Yeast Co-65 bris yeast.
 Hussa & Co-28 pks birds.
 Trefflich, H-2 pks live birds.
 Irving Trust Co-20 cs wine.
 Compressed Yeast Corp-100 kgs yeast.
 Hensel Bruckmann & L-5 cs ironware.
 Oro & Chem Corp-50 drs tempering compound.
 Atlantic Fwdg Co-8 cs machry.
 Destin Chem Co-3 cs destin ointment.
 Cohn & Rosenberger-4 cs glassware.
 Karr Ellis-114 bgs paprika.
 Intern News Co-3 bis periodicals.
 Amer Express-45 bis cs ironware.
 Hudson Fwdg-2 tks h hold goods.
 Dreager Shpg Co-1 cse carpets.
 Martinsen, E-1 cse mdsr.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-1 cse removal goods.
 Chase Nat Bank-30 bis jute cloth burlaps.
 Universal Carloading & Distr Co-1 cse music instruments.
 Asche, C H-1 cse music instruments.
 Downing, R F-3 cs leatherwear.
 Geisler, M-10 cts live birds, 1 pk do.
 Spieler Bros-7 cs ironware.
 Baltic Shpg Co-3 cs removal goods.
 Dixon, J-100 bgs ctns clay.
 Univ Carloading & Distr Co-3 cs machry.
 Weiss Fwdg Co-28 cs music instruments.
 Metro, Music Co-20 cs music instruments, 17 cs musical water.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-1 cse removal goods, 3 pks do, 1 cse machry.
 Wolff Fwdg Co-12 bris ocarinas.
 Schmidt A M-11 cs iron instruments.
 1 bale carpets, 1 bale hair wave machry pks.
 Stahl F P-8 cs mdsr.
 Victory Shpg Co-1 bale martian skins, .3 cs ctn goods.
 Carney Al J-2 cs film.
 McFaddin, H G-23 cs lamp shades.
 Kuypers, P C-13 cs caps.
 Rohner Gehrig-4 cs linen goods.
 Busch & Co-2 cs ctn velvet.
 White Lamb-Flint-2 cs linen goods.
 Bernard, J E-62 cs accordions, 20 cs harmonicas.
 Nat City Bank-4 cs beads, 1 cse ctn goods.
 Irwin, J D-100 drs codliver oil, 620 drs industrial cod oil.
 Bismuthal, F-6 cs art flowers.
 Stern Stiner, S-3 cs art flowers.
 Hudson Fwdg-8 cs art flowers.
 Gerlach, F C-5 cs beads.
 Hemsloth Kerner Corp-3 cs photo paper, 1 cse ars flowers, 10 bis mats, 1 cse toys.
 Baker Carver & Merrill-2 cs machry.
 Continental Typofounders Assoc-12 cs printers type.
 Galante, L D-2 cs art flowers.
 Norrherrey, W L-100 bgs red pepper.
 Morningstar X-60 cs blood albumen.
 Scheukers & Co-3 cs pres meat, 10 cs hollowglass, crockery, etc, 2 cs removal goods, 3 bis catalogues.
 Lippigoes, C-1 cse tin goods.
 Happe, C-1 cse imitation fancy linen.
 Standard Prod Corp-15 cs slide fasteners.
 Oriental Candy Co-3 cs mdsr.
 Titan Shpg Co-1 cse art flowers.
 Rohner Gehrig-15 bgs dried peas.
 Alldon, S A-1 cse chemicals, 13 cs coal tar products.
 Hoffmann La Roche-3 bris pharmaceuticals.
 Nat City Bank-25 tubs cheese.
 Sheldon, G W-13 cs machry.
 Pomerance, S H-13 cs glassware, 5 cs broken glass.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-1 cse discs, 8 cs retractor buttons, 5 cs ironware.
 Coates, J J-14 cs bronze powder.
 Stern Stiner, S-2 cs ctn gloves, 1 cse glass buttons.
 Roepke & Otto-1 cse leather gloves, 1 cse crockery, 1 cse art flowers, 1 carton do.
 Guido, L A-3 cs buckles, 2 cs bone buttons.
 Downing, R F-1 cse air Pump, 1 cse brushes, 6 bis wallpaper.
 Kilroy, E-3 cs hollowglass, 1 cse metalware.
 Amer Express-3 cs slide fasteners, 2 cs gloves, 1 cse bags, 1 cse wine, 5 cs glassware.
 Khouri, A N & Bro-1 cse glassware.
 Penon & Co-1 cse eware, 3 cs glassware, 1 cse ironware.
 Wedemann & Godknecht-3 cs pharmaceuticals, 1 cse do, 1 cse sport goods, 1 cse metal eware, 1 cse machry pks, 1 cse glassware.
 Victory Shpg Co-1 cse woodenware.
 Steiner, S S-38 bis hops.
 Diesel Dynamics Corp-1 cse machry pks.
 Head H S-1 cse cosmetic articles.
 Rohner Gehrig-2 cs machry, 2 pks advert matter, 1 cse machry pks, 1 cse pictures, 1 cse clocks, 11 cs beads, 2 bis ctn goods.
 Freedman & Slater-1 cse metalware, 1 cse pine seed.
 Happe, C-1 cse felt.
 Hemsloth Kerner Corp-1 cse copper falls, 1 bale cork sheets and ironware, 10 cs chocolate, 3 cs celluloid sheets, 2 cs buttons.
 Schenkens & Co-536 cs pres meat, 22 cs

Paramount Aquarlug-69 cans live fish, 1 pkl do, 10 kgs mdsr.
 Ramm, P D-25 cs wine.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-3 pks (420 canaries).
 Advance Sents & Chem Corp-100 carbons chemicals.
 Stewardson, W E-15 flasks carbonic acid, 25 cs wine, 1 cse linen soods, 1 cse beads.
 Bank Manhattan Corp-3 bis foxskins, 2 cs ermine skins.
 Weiner, J Corp-4 cs ermine skins, 10 bis sheepskins.
 Skf Steel, Inc-28 bars steel, 27 bds do, 67 tubes do.
 Johnson, A-69 bds iron.
 De Laval Separator Co-7 cs cream separator bowls.
 Dinkelstedt & Co-110 bgs dry glue.
 Chase Nat Bank-72 bis sheepskins.
 Fuchs, J D-30 bis hops.
 Amer Express-44 tubes steel, 103 bars do, 23 bds do.
 Bersch, W-4 bis paper.

General Shpg & Trdg Co-3 cs ironware, 1 cse machry pks.
 Calcio Chem Corp-60 cks earthen colors.
 Globe Shpg Co-116 cs aluminum fillis.
 National City Bank-11 bris chemicals.
 Smith, J D-30 bis hops.
 Stern Stiner S-17 pks removal goods, 2 cs toys.
 Universal Carloading Corp-1 van removal goods.
 Harpel C-2 cs hollowglass.
 Downing T D-2 pcs steel billets, 24 pcs bar steel, 6 bds do.
 Brandt J-8 cs chromes.
 Meadows Wye-5 cs pigskins.
 Marshall J-233 cartons glass bulbs.
 Marshall Field-1 cse bottle, 1 cse ctn goods.
 Rhodes J H-5 bis ctn goods.
 Thurnauer G M-1 cse ironware.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-30 pks smoked hering, 25 pks fish preserves, 10 cs chemicals, 1 pk do.
 Amer Express-1 cse ctn goods.
 Woolworth F W-1 cse glassware, 15 cs ironware.
 Rowland & Marsellus-2 cs crockery.
 Strauss Eckhardt-18 cs toys.
 Foster, W A-2 cs ironware, 13 cs wire mesh.
 Glusky Maffersdorf, J-5 bis jute foot carpets.
 Glese, A & Son-29 bis filter mass.
 Davis, J-7 cs pharmaceuticals.
 Justin Tharand-7 cs crockery.
 Grant, W T-37 cs ironware.
 Murphy, J J-2 cs photo apparatus.
 Fiedler Dry Mat Co-70 bis raw pulp boards.
 Bersch, W-12 bis pig paper.
 Hensel Bruckmann & L-12 cs metal cover paper.
 Amer Express-1 cse dyes, 2 cs advert matter, 19 cs paper, 1 cse mdsr.
 Straub, A-32 cs china, eware, 48 cs glassware.
 Intercontinental Meat Co-273 cs canned hams.
 Downing, R F-58 bis hops, 8 cs do.
 Corbett, M J-1 cse wine.
 Dietrich, E E-1 cse machry pks.
 Atlantic Fwdg Co-8 cs tissue paper.
 Freedman & Slater-2 cs buttons, 1 cse art flowers, 3 cs wood.
 International Paper Co-1 cse hollowglass.
 Inter Maritime Fwdg Co-4 cs ironware, 2 cs art flowers.
 Chase Nat Bank-3 cs shoes.
 Gerlach, F C-7 cs art flowers.
 Schneider, L-4 cs art flowers.
 Corbett, M J-4 cs art flowers.
 Chemical Bank-1 cse fur felt strips.
 Amer Hair Co-2 cs animal hair.
 Chase Nat Bank-1 cse ctn gloves.
 Bann & Comma Hilo-1 cs art flowers.
 Doherty, G F-3 cs upper leather, 13 cs cans vegetable flavor extract, 1 can fill oil, 1 cse mufflers.
 Freedman & Slater-2 cs cameras, 1 cse elec goods.
 Meadows Wye-1 cse art flowers.
 Stern Stiner, S-9 cs art flowers.
 Willfred, J-4 cs crockery, 13 cs glass gloves.
 International Fwdg Co-6 cs beads, 8 cs ctn goods, 1 cse mannequins.
 Rice, I W-3 cs hollowglass.
 Happe, C-2 cs aut coated paper, 1 cse art flowers, 4 cs tinware, 2 cs brassware, 2 cs chromes, 1 cse toys, 5 cs records, 1 cse machry, 1 cse ironware, 1 cse cameras, 4 cs enlargers, 7 cs pins.
 Intern News Co-2 cs books, 11 bis periodicals.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-9 bis periodicals, 1 cse machry pks, 3 cs machry.
 Inter Maritime Fwdg Co-1 bale periodicals, 4 cs books, 5 cs wine.
 Miller, R F-6 cs thumb tacks.
 Stern Stiner, S-3 cs wine, 4 cs art flowers.
 Meadows Wye-2 cs art flowers.
 Petry, P H-60 bis filter compaund.
 Atlantic Fwdg Co-3 cs compressed asbestos, 1 cse jointings.
 Jackson Son-3 cs wine.
 Rohner Gehrig-1 tk effects, 5 cs removals.
 Solvents & Chem Corp-1016 bgs chemicals.

Bank Manhattan Co-1060 cks chlorate potash powder, 50 cks chlorate potash crystals.
 Hensel, J R-54 cs geysers, gas.
 Happe, C-2 cs tinware, 1 cse apparatus, 1 cse toys, 20 pks chemicals, 5 cs do, 1 cse tools, 4 cs enlargers without lenses, 1 cse tinware, 4 cs sausages, 1 cse eware.
 Amer Express-1 cse books, 2 cs copper screens.
 Henges, J R-13 cs copper screens.
 Major Fwdg Co-12 cs dispensing machines and parts.
 Borfeldt, G-7 cs toys, crockery, etc.
 Lippigoes, G G-1 cs ironware.
 Lansen Naeve Corp-2 cs drawings, 3 cs removal goods.
 Harris, D P-11 cs ironware.
 Steiner, S S-25 bis hops.
 Robinson, H W-3 cs eware, 2 cs needles.
 Skf Steels, Inc-49 billets steel, 17 bds iron.
 Nielsen, C-4 cs glassware.
 Globe Shpg Co-2 bis carpets.
 Grace Nat Bank-20 bis harekins, 4 bis cowe skins, 10 bis foxskins.
 Castle & Overton-250 bis woodpulp.
 Leggett, P H-200 cs canned fish.
 Mfrs Trust Co-1 bale cotton waste.
 Koepke & Otto-103 hf bis beer, 101 g bds do.
 Petry, P H-23 cs machry.
 Dreager Shpg Co-18 cs machry parts.
 Bahr, Trdg Co-48 cast iron roll 9 pks do.
 Canadian Bank Commerce-123 drs pitch.
 Schenkens & Co-528 cs pres meats, 1 cs do.
 Irving Trust Co-1,844 cs pres meat.
 Amer Hawaiian SS Co-3 cts crockery.
 Westgaard, Berg, Johnson-69 carton crabs.
 Skf Steels, Inc-62 tubes steel, 9 bar steel, 99 bds do.
 Bahr, Trdg Co-73 cs bacon.
 Nat City Bank-2 cs foxskins.
 Bank Manhattan Co-10 bis foxskins.
 Foster, Wheeler-1 ck oil.
 Richter, Dumer-1 pk cellulose.
 Lullena, O-5 cs confectionery.
 Gerber & Co-100 cs cheese.
 Swedish Steel Mills-162 coils wire rods.
 Amer Express-1 cse looms.
 Marks, E-1272 cs bread, 25 cs cheese, 1 cse drugs, 1 cse pan cleaners.
 Hamburg-Amer Line-100 cs cheese.
 Haupt & Burgi-50 cs blue cheese.
 Milne, A M-135 bars steel, 104 bds do, 81 bds do.
 Dick, R H-709 pks zokorite.
 Volkart Bros-2133 ballots fiber.
 Globe Shpg Co-4 cs bristles, 39 cs glassware, 8 cs raw glass, 24 cs plate glass, 8 cs bath salts, 3 cs soap.
 Hensel, Bruckmann & Lerbacher-12 cs mdsr.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-263 cartons lamp glass shades, 5 cs do, 4 cs ctn gloves, 1 pk leather gloves, 474 cs crockery, wood eware, etc, 98 cs fruit juice, 44 d frank pulp.

Mfrs Trust Co-1 se leather glove.
 Amer Shpg Co-104 cs ironware.
 bulb horns.
 Inter Maritime Fwdg Co-5 cs bags.
 Schmidt, A M-3 cs hair machines.
 Hemsloth Kerner-3 cs types.
 C & S Sales Corp-130 cs ball b filter Carlton Co-10 cs ironware.
 Meyer, J-1 cse tin p goods.
 Kippenberg, H-1 cse metalware.
 Andrews, D C-2 cs machry.
 Tannenbaum, M-20 cs loaded 1 dustet, F-4 cs books.
 Irwin, J D-1 cse ctns.
 Massee & Co-16 cs bin yarn.
 Hughes Fawcett-32 cs ctn yarn.
 Public Nat Bank-32 cs ctn goods.
 Willenborg, C & J-60 cs pork.
 Laschinger, J-22 cs pork.
 Vanderliff, F B-4 cs machry.
 Hampton, J W, Jr-30 cs pencils.
 General Aniline Wks-38 cks coal termediate.
 Hensel Bruckmann & L-1 cse ac 5 cs ctn goods.
 Lunham & Reeve-5 cs tools.
 Sellers Trans Co-1 roll decalcom cs do.
 Stiecher, G E-8 cs books, 3 bis cals.
 Ritter Carlton-14 cs ironware.
 Hennison, E-1 cse books, 1 cs instruments, 1 cse auto pts.
 Bernard, J E-2 bis ctns, 2 cs h material.
 Hamburg-Amer Line-10 cs poster.
 Vanderliff, F B-3 cs machry.
 Henges, F, Jr-1 cse lamp parts metalware, 2 cs do.
 Nat City Bank-6 cs art flowers.
 Massee & Co-1 cse film, 1 cs tinware, 1 pk woodenware.
 Simmons Distr Co-25 cs rebrea.
 Chase Nat Bank-87 cs aniline colors, 5 termediate.
 Central Hanover Bank-4 cs ctn goods.
 Schmidt & Heinz-3 cs ctn goods.
 Textile Looms-17 bis ctn good goods.
 Swiss Mills-10 cs ctn goods.
 Kureuther & Merfeld-4 cs clips.
 Toller Ernet & Traber-2 cs tin goods.
 Inter North-1 cse silk goods.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-2 vans removed.
 Lewis & Locke-8 cs ctn glove.
 Gary, T H-1 cse steelware.
 Mfrs Trust Co-10 cs ctn glove.
 Hemsloth Kerner-1 cse wire me.
 Nat City Bank-3 cs ctn glove.
 Inter Maritime Fwdg Co-30 hf h matter.
 Ruffin, A F-2 cs metalware.
 Steffen, C A-12 cs machry, 1 cs lopus.
 From Bremerhaven
 Happe, C-4 bis wire yarn.
 Sandoz Chem Wks-8 cs pharmat can do.
 Rusch & Co-1 cse kid gloves.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-1 cse ctn glove.
 Dinkelstedt & Co-3 cs leather g.
 Pirat Nat Bank, Boston-1 cse gloves.
 Rohner Gehrig-1 carton ctn glo.
 Topken Co-1 cse leather gloves.
 Corbett, M J-5 cs leather gloves.
 Lippigoes, C-1 cse tin goods.
 Masters, J W-2 cs instruments.
 Globe Shpg Co-2 pks gloves.
 Mfrs Trust Co-1 cse ctn gloves.
 Mitchell, J G-1 cse tin goods.
 Corbett, M J-7 cs ctn gloves.
 Marshall Field-2 cs ctn gloves.
 Intern Fwdg Co-1 cse ctn glove.
 Meadows Wye-1 cse gloves.
 Wimebacher & Rice-2 cs ctn gloves.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-1 cse ctn glove.
 Lewis & Locke-1 cse ctn glove.
 leather gloves.
 Taub Hummel & S-1 cse ctn gloves.
 Brown & Rose-1 cse leather cs do.
 Massee & Co-1 cse film.
 Cotof, A F-1 csn film.
 Byrnes, W J-2 pks ctn gloves.
 Pierce, S S-1 cse wine.
 Carney, M J-2 pks magnify app.
 Amer Express Intern Agency-1 pk 3 pks mdsr.
 Order-23 cs ctn gloves, 5 cs gloves, 1 cse art silk gloves.
 Chase Nat Bank-1 cse tin goods.
 Hearn Bro- Dept Store-1 pk r etc.
 Cotof, A F-3 csnt film.
 Massee & Co-3 csnt film.
 From Cherbourg
 Penton, A W-1 cse mdsr.
 Amer Express-1 pk floral water.
 Corder, W-1 cse mdsr.
 Ducharme, F-1 cse mdsr.
 Massee & Co-3 cs photo goods.
 Dinkelstedt & Co-1 cse rasons.
 Alreit Frendenberg-1 cse ctn eries.
 Titan Shpg Co-1 cse mdsr.
 Phoenix Shpg Co-2 cs music g.
 Rattle Carnez-1 cse apparel.

IMPORT MANIFESTS

(Continued from Seventh Page)

SS EUROPA (Ger), Mar 18

Marburg Bros-1 cse machry.
 Ford Motor Co-3 cs sheet glass.
 Grant, J H R-23 cs mdsr.
 Graef & Schmidt-3 cs cutlery.
 Chase Nat Bank-7 cs ctn glove.
 Van Oppen & Co-8 cs cream separator.
 Pickler Ling-7 cs wine.
 Bane, L-9 cs crockery.
 Robinson, H W-3 cs glassware, 6 cs beads.
 Marvel Bag Co-12 cs beaded bags.
 Van Oppen & Co-4 cs separators.
 Prosser, T & Son-2 cs steel rolls mach parts.
 Kuypers, P C-40 cs chemicals.
 Rohner Gehrig-3 bds iron, 11 pcs do, 8 cs machry pts, 112 cs aluminum foil, 3 cs glue, 8 cs elec switches.
 Intern Harvester Export-57 pks agril implements.
 Army Medical Library-1 cse books.
 Nat Carloading Corp-25 cs hoop steel.
 State Fwdg-10 cs machry.
 Toller Ernet & Traber-3 cs silk tissues.
 Hensel, Bruckmann & L-1 cse leather gloves.
 Sandoz Chem Wks-30 drs aniline colors, 2 drs intermediates, 1 cse pattern cards.
 Fischer, M-16 cs ctn goods.
 Geigy Co-24 cks aniline colors.
 Carble Color & Chem Co-1 can dye intermediates, 40 kgs dry aniline colors.
 Rohner Gehrig-6 pks mdsr, 11 cs tin, suca, ribbons, etc, 1 cse steel tools, cs steel files.
 Cate Silk Co-1 cse silk tissue.
 Bally, shoe-6 pks shoes.
 Buhmann, A W-1 cse ctns.
 Bollders Co-1 cse engine spares.
 Topken Co-2 cs leather gloves.
 Robinson, J R-3 cs woodenware.
 Marshall Field-3 cs ctn gloves, 4 cs leather gloves.
 North Amer Rayon Corp-49 cs machry pks.
 Nat City Bank-3 cs ctn gloves, 1 cse do.
 Hensel Bruckmann & L-4 bis wool tissues.
 Diefel, S-3 cs machry pts, 2 cs books.
 Massee & Co-2 cs steel ware.
 Happe, C-1 cse hardware.
 Dietegen, B-4 cs drawing instruments.
 Rohner Gehrig-2 cs woodenware.
 Scheukers & Co-22 bars steel, 3 cs ironware, 2 cs machry.
 Colonial Trust Co-1 cse beaded bags.
 Rohner Gehrig-2 cs transfer pictures, 2 cs surgical instruments.
 Amer Express-8 cs ctn gloves.
 Grant, W T-2 cs ctn gloves.

DISTRIBUTED BY THE ANTI NAZI BOYCOTT COMMITTEE JEWISH WAR VETERANS OF THE UNITED STATES, 276 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK CITY.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES

Abe Cohen Exchange, Inc.
120 Fulton Street, New York City

Burleigh Brooks, Inc.
127 West 42nd Street, New York City

E. Leitz, Inc.
730 Fifth Avenue, New York City

E. B. Meyerowitz, Inc.
520 Fifth Avenue, New York City

Photo Shop, Inc.
136 West 32nd Street, New York City

Willoughby Camera Stores, Inc.
110 West 32nd Street, New York City

Carl Zeiss, Inc.
485 Fifth Avenue, New York City

STATIONERY SUPPLIES

A. W. Faber, Inc.
41 Dickerson Street, Newark, N. J.

Manhattan Stencil Co.
410 Broadway, New York City

J. S. Staedtler, Inc. ("Mar," "Luna")
55 Worth Street, New York City

Swan Pencil Co.
221 Fourth Avenue, New York City

WINES & LIQUORS

Hans Holterbosch, Inc.
41 East 79th Street, New York City

Jaeger Importing Co., Ltd.
106 Gansvoort Street, New York City

M. Kempinsky & Co., Inc.
1819 Broadway, New York City

H. Lehman, Inc.
7334 Park Avenue, New York City

Luchow Importing Co.
101 East 13th Street, New York City

Reidmeister & Ulrichs Corp.
23 East 26th Street, New York City

Rhinemo Import, Inc.
225 Fifth Avenue, New York City

Chas. Von Der Bruck, Inc.
61 Park Place, New York City

Julius Wile Sons & Co.
8 Bridge Street, New York City

MISCELLANEOUS

Julius Blum, Iron
532 West 22nd Street, New York City

Castle & Overton, Inc.
630 Fifth Avenue, New York City

Duro Test Corp., Glass Bulbs
583 Broadway, New York City

General Bottlecap Co.
6 East 45th Street, New York City

Henry R. Hopkinson, Linens
40 White Street, New York City

Lewis & Conger, House Furnishings
Sixth Avenue & 45th Street, New York City

Lewis Display Materials (Window Displays)
480 Lexington Avenue, New York City

N. S. Meyer, Inc., Army and Navy Equipment
419 Fourth Avenue, New York City

Karl Pauli Corp.
454 Broome Street, New York City

H. Reifenberg
205 West 19th Street, New York City

Ernst Toepfer
2 Broadway, New York City

CANARIES

Max Geisler Bird Co.
50 Cooper Square, New York City

Odenwald Bird Company
32 Cooper Square, New York City

Wm. Bartels Co.
45 Cortlandt Street, New York City

Louis Ruhe, Inc.
853 Broadway, New York City

FOODS

Benedict Lust Health Foods
343 Lexington Avenue, New York City

Wm. Faehndrich, Cheese
13 Harrison Street, New York City

M. H. Greenbaum, Inc.
165 Chambers Street, New York City

Romanoff Caviar Co.
480 Lexington Avenue, New York City

GLASS

Fish-Schurman Corp., Optical & Laboratory
Glass
230 East 45th Street, New York City

TYPE

Bauer Type Foundry, Inc.
235 East 45th Street, New York City

Continental Type Founders Assn., Inc.
228 East 45th Street, New York City

European Type Founders, Inc.
710 Broadway, New York City

YEAST

Compressed Yeast Corp., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast
363 Greenwich Street, New York City

Phoenix Yeast Co.
639 Greenwich Street, New York City

Vulkan Yeast Corp.
339 Greenwich Street, New York City

FOR HUMANITY'S SAKE

FOR THE SAKE OF WORLD PEACE

BOYCOTT

NAZI

GERMANY!



Revised List of Boycott Violators

June, 1938

Published by

LADIES' AUXILIARY

of the

JEWISH WAR VETERANS

of the UNITED STATES

For information regarding firms not mentioned above, communicate with the
Jewish War Veterans, 276 Fifth Ave., N.Y.C., Tel. MURRAY Hill 4-1389

**NOTE: THIS IS NOT A COMPLETE LIST OF BOYCOTT VIOLATORS.
ONLY THE MORE IMPORTANT FIRMS ARE LISTED HEREIN.**

CHEMICALS & DRUGS

Advance Solvents & Chem. Corp.
245 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Akatos, Inc., Chemicals
5 Vandam Street, New York City
General Dyestuffs Corp., Chemicals & Dyes
435 Hudson Street, New York City
S. B. Penick & Co., Crude Drugs
130 Nassau Street, New York City
Pfaltz & Bauer, Chemicals & Glues
300 Pearl Street, New York City
N. V. Potash Export, My.
19 West 44th Street, New York City
State Chemical Co.
80 West Houston Street, New York City
Winthrop Chemical Co., Chemicals & Drugs
170 Varick Street, New York City
(Combined with H. A. Metz Laboratories,
Inc.)

COAL & COKE

Colonial Fuel Corp.
37 Commercial Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Domestic Fuel Corp.
39 Broadway, New York City
Kokancoal Co., Inc.
37 Commercial Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Ben Raffo & Sons, Inc.
129 Varick Street, New York City

CUTLERY

Watch for Trade Marks: "Tree Brand"; "Valley
Forge"; "Silver Steel"; "Dubl Duck"; "Twin
Brand"; "Anchor Brand"
H. Boker & Co.
101 Duane Street, New York City
Bresduck, Inc., Razors, Shears and Combs
224 Canal Street, New York City
R. H. Forschner & Co., Cutlery
230 Third Avenue, New York City
Gibbs & Co.
43 West 43rd Street, New York City
Henry Kayser & Fils, Barber & Beauty Supplies
41 Union Square, New York City
J. A. Henckels, Inc.
456 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Peter J. Michels, Barbers' Supp.
1857 Catalpa Ave., Ridgewood, New York
Moler System Of Colleges, Beauty Culture
Schools
177 North State Street, Chicago, Ill., and
branches throughout the United States
Schrader & Ehlers
239 Fourth Avenue, New York City

Wester Bros., Razors, Shears and Manicuring
Implements
250 West Broadway, New York City
Wilfred Academy Of Beauty Culture
1659 Broadway, New York City

DENTAL & MEDICAL SUPPLIES

American Hecolite Denture Corp., "Hecolite"
Denture
536 S. E. 6th Avenue, Portland, Ore.
460 West 34th Street, New York City
American Medical Specialties Co.
131 East 23rd Street, New York City
Adam Bernhard, Importer of Dental Plastic
Materials
45 East 17th Street, New York City
Dependable Dental Supply Co.
1923 Germantown Avenue, Phila., Pa.
Duro Test Corp.
583 Broadway, New York City
Injecta Co.
112 East 19th Street, New York City
F. W. Massel & Co.
120 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.
Adolf Pfingst, "Busch" Dental Supplies
309 Bible House, New York City
Premier Dental Man. Co.
900 Chestnut Street, Phila., Pa.
Gustave Scharman
1181 Broadway, New York City
L. Silverman
1033 Chestnut Street, Phila., Pa.
Sterling Products Corp.
118 East 25th Street, New York City
Tip-Top Instruments, Inc.
15 East 26th Street, New York City

DEPARTMENT STORES

W. T. Grant
Stores throughout the United States
Office—1441 Broadway, New York City
S. S. Kresge Co.
Stores throughout the United States
S. H. Kress & Co., 5c, 10c, 25c Stores
Throughout United States
Office—114 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Marshall Field & Co.
121 N. State Street, Chicago, Ill.
and 22 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
Montgomery Ward & Co., Dept. Store and
Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
F. W. Woolworth
Stores throughout Country

GLASSWARE, CHINAWARE, Etc.

S. A. Bendheim, Inc.
16 Horatio Street, New York City
Budde & Westerman
104 Worth Street, New York City
Fish-Schurman Corp.
230 East 45th Street, New York City
Heinrich & Winterling Corp.
49 West 23rd Street, New York City
Henroe Co.
225 Fifth Avenue, New York City
H. G. McFaddin & Co.
324 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Rosenthal China Corp.
149 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Paul A. Straub
105 Fifth Avenue, New York City

GLOVES

Trade Marks: "Well Known," "Wear Right"
Arcade Glove Co.
112 East 23rd Street, New York City
Empire Glove Co., Inc.
467 Broadway, New York City
Hyman Haspel, Gloves
468 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Well Known Glove Co.
468 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Wimelbacker & Rice
1150 Broadway, New York City

HARDWARE

D. P. Harris Hardware Mfg. Co.
99 Chambers Street, New York City
Robert E. Miller, Inc., Tack & Nails ("Remco")
35 Pearl Street, New York City
Strauss-Eckhardt & Co.
45 East 17th Street, New York City
Waterbury Tack Co., Inc.
Waterbury, Conn.
Eric Weidemyer
162 Fifth Avenue, New York City

IMPORTERS

Aristo Import Co., Inc.
630 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Adam Bernhard
45 East 17th Street, New York City
George Borgfeldt Corp.
46 East 23rd Street, New York City

LEATHER

J. Einstein, Inc., Shoe Leather
1 Park Avenue, New York City
Herman Lowenstein
26 Perry Street, New York City
Leather De Luxe
1 Park Avenue, New York City

MACHINERY

Adlanco X-Ray Corp., X-Ray Apparatus
54 Lafayette Street, New York City
C. & C. Sales Corp., Ball Bearings
1775 Broadway, New York City
H. H. Heinrich, Inc., "Matador" Bag Machinery
Aniline Printing Presses
200 Varick Street, New York City
Marburg Bros.
90 West Street, New York City
Ormig Corporation
373 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Robert Reiner, Embroidery Machines
556 Gregory Avenue, Weehawken, N. J.
Ritter Carlton Co.
527 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Rotary Tool & Machinery Co.
217 East 38th Street, New York City
Rotaprint Machines, Inc.
141 Broadway, New York City
Sanitax Electric Co.
303 Fourth Avenue, New York City

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

C. Bruno & Son, Inc.
460 West 34th Street, New York City
W. R. Gratz Import Co.
Gretsch & Brunner
42 East 20th Street, New York City
Harmonica Distribution Corp. of America
251 Fourth Avenue, New York City
M. Hohner, Inc., Harmonicas & Accordions
351 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Imperial Music & Sport Shop
101 East 14th Street, New York City
Progressive Musical Instrument Corp.
404 Fourth Avenue, New York City
Sorkin Music Co.
251 Fourth Avenue, New York City

NOTIONS & TOYS

B. Shackman & Co.
180 Madison Avenue, New York City
F. A. O. Schwartz
745 Fifth Avenue, New York City
Strauss-Eckhardt & Co.
45 East 17th Street, New York City

PEAT MOSS

Watch for Trade Marks: "G.P.M."; "Pioneer";
"O. K."; "Sorbex"; "Justrite"; "P. I. C."
Atkins & Durbrow, Inc.
165 John Street, New York City
Peat Moss Sales Corp.
165 John Street, New York City
Peat Import, Corp.
155 John Street, New York City

THIS IS NAZI CULTURE

NAZIS TO PURGE VIENNA LIBRARY; 'NON-ARYAN' WORKS TO BE BURNED

Part of Famed 1,200,000-Volume Austrian National Collection
Will Be Destroyed — Begun in Sixteenth Century

By The Associated Press.

VIENNA, April 23. — Austria's Nazi chieftains today started a purge of proscribed "non-Aryan" volumes in the Austrian National Library, ranked among the world's finest.

Lists were sent to the chief librarian of books to be removed and burned from among the 1,200,000 volumes housed in the magnificent Hofburg, once home of the imperial Habsburgs.

It was not disclosed what books were designated of the valuable collection, which includes thousands of ancient papyrus works and manuscripts.

A private Viennese collection also was visited by officials seeking books outlawed by the Nazis.

Public bookshops already have had their own purges two weeks ago, when the works of Thomas Mann, Stefan Zweig, Jacob Wassermann, Vicki Baum and many others were relegated to cellars or destroyed.

Vienna's National Library, one of the world's most magnificent examples of baroque architecture, contains thousands of volumes and

manuscripts of inestimable worth, in several collections. The first was begun in the sixteenth century when Maximilian I was Emperor. From 1624 publishers connected with Frankfurt Fairs had to supply the library with copies of their books; and from 1809 to 1920 the same rule applied to all publishers in Austria and Hungary. In 1920 the rule was restricted to Austrian publishers.

The library's book collection number's 1,200,000 volumes. It is especially rich in German and Slavonic literature from old Austria-Hungary.

Its manuscript collection contains 30,000 Western and 4,000 Oriental, Greek and Slavonic manuscripts; 60,000 autographs, and 9,000 incunabula. The library's music department includes 19,000 printed scores, 12,000 volumes of manuscripts, 3,000 sets of vocal music in manuscript, 8,000 volumes of reference works, and a famous collection of autographs of music manuscripts from other libraries. It has autograph scores of Bach, Haydn, Moart, Beethoven, Bruckner, Hugo Wolf and Richard Strauss. Of the last-named, it possesses the score of "Rosenkavalier." It also owns the original of Mozart's "Requiem."

(N. Y. TIMES — 4-25-38)

There are 250,000 Nazis in America today. Hitler spends \$30,000,000 a year here for propaganda. The same thing will happen to the Smithsonian, the Congressional Library, The Huntington and hundreds of other great centers of democratic culture unless YOU act NOW.

The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Inc.

20 WEST 47th STREET

NEW YORK CITY

BE A SPORT!

GIVE AMERICA A CHANCE

When you buy a pair of German glasses to watch the gee-gees at Saratoga or Acqueduct, you pay a bonus to German spies.

When you pay hard cash to watch a Nazi fight or race, you supply the funds for atrocity acts like the Luisitania and the "Black Tom" explosion.

When you buy German films and a German camera in order to catch War Admiral in mid-stride some misty a.m., you're slapping Hitler on the back and saying "Come on over and see us."

When you board a German ship for a weekend jam session to Nova Scotia or a six day splash to the "Auld Sod", you're riding the Spy-plank, are served and watched by members of the Nazi Secret Police.

THE ONLY CASH THAT LEAVES GERMANY TODAY GOES TO PAY SPIES IN THE UNITED STATES AND THE OTHER DEMOCRACIES.

HITLER HAS ANNOUNCED THAT THE MOST IMPORTANT STEP IN HIS WORLD PROGRAM IS TO DESTROY CHRISTIANITY AND JUDAISM.

The money you pay for German commodities increases the Reich's cash coverage, gives Nazism another breathing spell, assures you of greater dangers from their espionage.

GIVE THE 12,500,000 UNEMPLOYED AMERICANS A CHANCE TO EARN THEIR LIVING.

STAND BY THE DEMOCRACIES . . . DON'T BUY GERMAN GOODS!



The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Inc.

20 West 47th Street, New York City

MEdallion 3-2720

This is the way to SAVE Democracy

British Store Chain Bars Buying in Reich, Austria

Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 24.—Sir Frederick Marquis, managing director of Lewiss, Ltd., which has large department stores in Manchester, Liverpool, Birmingham, Leeds and Leicester, has recalled the company's trade buyers from Germany and Austria.

Sir Frederick, who is one of the most influential provincial business men, said that in the future his company would not deal in German goods.

"I would scour every market in the world," he said, "before I would do anything to contribute to the economic well-being of a country that is content to have a man at its head who deliberately, maliciously and cruelly persecutes one of the oldest races in the world."

The company will find goods that can be sold with a free conscience to the free people of Britain, he said.

Distributed By

THE NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

20 West 47th Street

New York City

Hitler Threatens the World

GERMANS

IN ALL LANDS CONSCRIPTED

Hitler has decreed that all young Germans living abroad must hold themselves in readiness to serve in the German Army and Labor Corps.

It instructs all young men to enroll with their consuls, and warns them their refusal to obey an order to return to Germany involves arrest and possible imprisonment as deserters.

GERMANY "DEMANDS" COLONIES

For those who speculate on a German economic policy, Mr. von Ribbentrop emphasized anew "the primacy of politics over economics." The speeches, delivered at the Leipzig Fair, were mainly devoted to a demonstration that Germany's foreign trade must be built upon a basis of National Socialist policies — namely, armament and the Four-Year-Plan—to which he added an urgent demand for colonies.

"COLONIES OR UKRAINE"

In "Mein Kampf" Hitler condemned the Jewish Press for protesting against Germany's loss of colonies, thus "concentrating hatred on England."

"We have finished with the pre-war policy of colonies and trade, and are going over to the land policy of the future. When we talk of new lands in Europe, we are bound to think first of Russia and her border states."

CZECHO-SLOVAKIA INVADED

"For some time the Nazis have begun to take measures against the Czechs which are neither those of peace nor of war, but resemble the preliminaries of a siege. These have been of different kinds, and their purpose is probably to prepare Germany for later action, divide opinion outside, and also induce Prague to capitulate."

—The Manchester Guardian.



BOYCOTT

"To travel on a German ship is to travel under the emblem of the swastika, the mark of the Beast. To wear a German-made garment is to put on a garment of shame. To buy a German-made toy is to help a government which has flaunted every human sentiment, trampled under foot every value sacred to civilization, substituted blood for brotherhood and war madness for the peace hope of an harrassed world."

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver,
of Cleveland.

REFUSE TO TRADE WITH THE ENEMY!

BOYCOTT NAZI GERMANY!

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

NAZIS INTERFERE IN AUSTRIA

Another strongly worded protest concerning Austro-German relations was published in tonight's Weltblatt, Chancellor Kurt Schuschnigg's organ, this time directed at the interpretation given in the German press to the non-interference guarantee in July's Austro-German agreement. The article alleges that the official German Nazi party organs "glaringly interfere" in Austria's private affairs. "Hitler apparently feels itself called on to instruct the Austrian Chancellor which bomb throwers and other criminals he should pardon."

NAZIS TURN TO THE BALKANS

Through Dr. H. Schacht, Nazi astute Financial Magician, Hitler has extended his efforts to penetrate and control politically as well as commercially the Southeast Europe. Hungary, Yugoslav Bulgaria, Rumania, Greece, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, are swamped with Nazi cells and Nazi propaganda.

NAZIS CONTROL GERMANS ABROAD

A new department in the German Foreign Office has the sole purpose of watching all Germans abroad and organizing Nazi propaganda among them. Dr. Wilhelm Bohle is chief, with the right to attend Cabinet meetings and to function as Minister without portfolio.

NAZIS PERSUADE BELGIANS

On instruction from Degrelle, leader of the "Flemish Movement," a group has begun six meetings to test his popularity among his Fascist movement in Belgian capital.

NAZIS MUST BE STOPPED

The duty of Nazi functionaries is to report all rumors concerning their fellow workers which might harm the state. This is used as a defense argument in the trial of a Nazi Professor on charges of libel.

Nazism Destroys Culture

Join
The Fight Against
Hitler

Boycott
Nazi-Germany!

"... I would like it known that not every German . . . is a Nazi. There are many Germans, both here and in Germany, who do not approve of the present Hitler policy but are powerless to change the regime.

I know I am speaking for many German-Americans when I say that I'm glad I have the privilege of freedom of speech and religion and although I'm Aryan, I do not consider myself superior to anyone. In short, I'm glad I'm an American citizen and deem it a privilege to sing "The Star Spangled Banner."

From "Letters to the New York World-Telegram"
February 16, 1937

NAZI-LITERATURE

The recent publication of 53-page Nazi pamphlet lists hundreds of non-Aryan writers of all nationalities who are to be boycotted by all Germans. Among those who come under the ban are Disraeli, Einstein, Rathenau, Preuss, Mann, Renn, Zweig, Werfel, Feuchtwanger, Lewis, Thompson, Lewison, Heine, Remarque, Ludwig, etc. "The Nobel Prize is a shameful occurrence!"—Hitler.

NAZI-WOMEN

Fiancées of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's Schutz Staffel (black guards) must pass severe tests before being accepted into the "mother-school" recently established near Zittau, Saxony. The principal preliminary condition is "Aryan descent" back to 1800. The girl candidates will be examined as to their fitness for motherhood and eugenic soundness. They must also undergo tests of their intelligence and knowledge of Nazi Weltanschauung (world outlook).

NAZI-PRISONS

Inmates of German prisons have to pay advance instalments on their coffins, a Swedish sailor declared today on returning home after serving 17 months of a four-year prison sentence for passing out two copies of an anti-Nazi newspaper." —Havas News.



NAZI-YOUTH

"Who are the enemies of the Hitler Youth? They are the Christians who crawl on their knees to their Catholic and Protestant churches and spend their time in prayer and hymn singing."

—Baldur v. Schirach,
Youth Leader.

NAZI-EDUCATION

"How can we teach our children to be honorable when in their Scripture classes they are being taught that such Jewish gangsters as the swindler Jacob and the corn thief Joseph were examples of honor? They thus become impregnated with the Jewish spirit."

—"Education,"
Organ of Berlin Teachers

"RACE, BLOOD & SOIL"

"Nazi-ism wastes its breath speaking of a German race. Do it exist only in the brain of the new Germany, already unfortunately too crowded with clouds?"

—Avenir d'Italia,
Official Italian Catholic Organ

"I HATE HITLER AND HITLERISM NOT ONLY BECAUSE THEY HAVE DENIED JUSTICE TO FELLOW HUMAN BEINGS. I HATE THIS THING BECAUSE IT IS THE ENEMY OF MY COUNTRY, OF MY FAITH AND OF MY RIGHT TO BE FREE!"

—RAYMOND MOLEY.

HUMANITY APPEALS TO YOU!

HELP US FREE THE GERMAN PEOPLE FROM THE YOKE OF HITLERISM!

INTENSIFY THE BOYCOTT!

REFUSE TO TRADE WITH HITLER!

Join

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

THOMAS MANN INDICTS HITLER

"The mere knowledge of who these men are who chance to possess the pitiful outward power to deprive me of my German birthright suffices to make their act appear in all its absurdity. I, forsooth, am supposed to have dishonored the Reich, dishonored Germany, in acknowledging that I am against them. They have the incredible effrontery to confuse themselves with Germany. The time is not far off, perhaps, when it will be of supreme importance to the German people—not to be confused with them!

To what a state, in less than four years, have they brought Germany? Ruined, sucked dry body and soul by armaments with which they threaten the whole world; holding up the whole world and hindering it in its real task of peace: loved by nobody, regarded with fear and cold aversion by all, it stands on the brink of economic catastrophe, while its "enemies" stretch out their hands in alarm to snatch back from the abyss so important a member of the future Commonwealth of Nations; to help it, if only it will come to its senses and try to understand the real needs of the world at this hour instead of dreaming dreams about mythical "sacred necessities."

Yes, after all it must be helped by those whom it impedes and menaces, that it may not drag down the rest of the continent and unchain the war upon which, as the ultima ratio, it keeps its eyes ever fixed. The mature and cultured States—by which I mean those who know the fundamental fact that war is no longer allowed—treat this great, endangered and endangering land, or rather the impossible leaders into whose hands it has fallen, as doctors do a sick man: with the greatest consideration and caution, with inexhaustible if not very flattering patience. But it thinks it must play politics—the politics of power and hegemony—with the doctors.

That is an unequal game. If one side plays politics when the other is no longer mindful of politics but of peace, then for a time the first side reaps certain advantages. The anachronistic ignorance of the fact that war is no longer allowable results for a while, of course, in successes against those who are aware of the truth. But woe to the people which, no longer knowing what way to turn, ends by seeking its way out through the abomination of war, dated of God and men! Such a people would be lost. It will be so vanquished that it will never rise again.

The meaning and the purpose of the National-Socialistic State is this alone and can be only this: To put the German people in form for the "coming war," by ruthless repression, elimination, the extermination of every stirring of opposition; to make of them an instrument of war, infinitely compliant, sickled over by not one critical idea, fettered by blind and fanatical ignorance.

Another meaning and purpose, another excuse, the system cannot have; all the sacrifices of freedom, justice, human happiness, including the secret and open

Thomas Mann, the eminent German philosopher, wrote recently to the Dean of Bonn University on being informed that as a consequence of his loss of citizenship "the Philosophical Faculty finds itself obliged to strike your name off its roll of honorary doctors." The Nobel Prize recipient was recently honored with the title of Doctor of Philosophy for maintaining the high standard of German culture.

The following is the full text of the passage in which Thomas Mann denounced both the doctrine of National Socialism in Germany and the men who are putting that doctrine into force:



A Photo of the Adventurers Who Rule Germany Today

crimes for which it has blithely been responsible, can justify themselves only by the ideal of absolute fitness for war. So soon as the ideal of war, as an aim in itself, disappeared, there would be nothing left of the system but the exploitation of the people—it would be utterly senseless and superfluous.

And to tell the truth it is both of these: senseless and superfluous—not only because war will not be permitted to it but because with its leading idea it itself effects the opposite of what it is striving to attain. No other people on earth is so entirely incapable of standing a war, so little in condition for one. That it would have no allies, not a single one in the

world, is the first consideration, yet the smallest. Germany would be alone terrible, of course still, even when abandoned. But most terrible of all would be the fact that she had abandoned herself.

Intellectually reduced and humbly morally gutted, inwardly rent, in deepest mistrust of its leaders and all the harm they have done to her in three years; profoundly uneasy herself, ignorant, of course, but full of forebodings of evil, she would go into war not in the condition of 1914 but, even physically, in that of 1917 and 1918. The 10 per cent of direct beneficiaries of the system—half even of them fallen away—would not be enough to win a war in which the majority of the others would only see an opportunity to shake off the shameful oppression that has weighed them down so long. A war, in other words, after the first defeat would turn in civil war.

No, it is impossible. Germany cannot make this war. And, if its dictators in their right minds, then their assurances of readiness for peace are tactical lies uttered with a wink at all partisans, but spring from a fair-headed perception of just this impossibility.

But if war cannot and shall not be then why robbers and murderers? Why isolation, world-hostility, lawless intellectual interdict, cultural darkness and every other deficiency? Why rather Germany's return to Europe reconciliation with Europe, a voluntary entrance into a peaceful European system, with all the inward accomplishments of freedom, justice, wellbeing, human decency, and a jubilant welcome from the rest of the world? Why Only because a regime which in and deed denies the rights of man, seeks above all else to remain in would stultify itself and abolish since it could not make war, it made peace? But what a reason.

I had forgotten the Dekan, though I was still addressing you. Certainly I may console myself with the reflection that you long ago ceased to read letters, aghast at language which in Germany has been so long unuttered; or find because somebody is bold enough to use the German tongue with the ancient freedom. Ah, I have not spoken out of arrogant presumption, but out of a distress and a concern from which your usurpers could not free me by decreeing that I am no longer a German; a mental and spiritual distress from which for four years not an hour of my life has been free; struggling with which I have day by day to accomplish my greatest work. The pressure was great.

And as a man who out of religious diffidence will seldom or never bring himself to utter by mouth or pen the name of the Deity, yet in moments of deep emotion cannot refrain, let it be since after all one must leave some things unsaid—end this letter with the brief and fervent prayer: God help our darkened and desecrated country and teach it to make its peace with the world and with itself!

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

**THE ANTI-NAZI BOYCOTT MOVEMENT IN THE UNITED
STATES: AN IDEOLOGICAL AND SOCIOLOGICAL
APPRECIATION**

**by
Moshe Gottlieb**

Reprinted from
Jewish Social Studies, Vol. XXXV, Nos. 3-4 (July-October 1973)

Prof Chyest
1100277
Make Good

The Anti-Nazi Boycott Movement in the United States: An Ideological and Sociological Appreciation

by Moshe Gottlieb

I

The American movement to boycott Nazi goods and services began soon after the German elections in March, 1933, and ended in October, 1941, shortly before Japan's attack on Pearl Harbor. It began as part of a global boycott, spontaneous in character and manifesting itself in a bitter resentment aroused by the assault against the Jews in the new Hitler Reich. But sooner in some cases, and later in others, the boycott started assuming official and organized forms. These stages, however, were preceded by an interim or waiting period, pregnant with action of a less drastic but more dramatic kind: public agitation, mass rallies, demonstration marches, angry organizational meetings, denunciatory press articles and diplomatic representation.

Jewish War Veterans (JWV), the smallest but most militant among the several American Jewish defense groups, was first to declare a boycott against Nazi Germany. Its decision was reached in the early morning hours of March 19, after a stormy meeting begun the night before. Therewith, the Jewish Veterans had once again cast the die "to uphold the fair name of the Jew and fight his battle wherever unjustly assailed."¹

The immediate reason for the Veterans' resolve to commence a boycott against the Nazi Reich was undoubtedly due to the outbreak of anti-Jewish excesses in Essen, Magdeburg, Kassel and Berlin on March 8 and 9, during which Storm Trooper pickets shouted to passers-by their placards' call for a boycott of Jewish stores. Thus, to JWV, which had entertained ideas of declaring a boycott against Germany right after Hitler's appointment as *Reichskanzler* on January 30, but had hesitated to do so for fear of reprisals against German Jewry, these excesses were ample proof that the Führer would carry out his antisemitic policy regardless of Jewish reaction abroad. Losing very little time, though, JWV decided to dramatize

¹Part of *Object Two* of the Constitution of the Jewish War Veterans of America. This meeting was not mentioned by the press; but according to Col. Morris J. Mendelsohn, erstwhile Commander-in-Chief of the JWV and first Chairman of its Boycott Committee (see p. 202), the press was present but had decided to leave when, in the late hours of the night, no decision had as yet been reached by the group. Mendelsohn made this statement in a taped interview for this writer on July 20, 1965, also claiming that it was a certain Benjamin Sperling, Commander of the East Post of Brooklyn, N.Y., who had proposed the boycott at the aforesaid meeting. This claim is confirmed by the New York Times (*NYT*) of September 2, 1935.

its decision of March 19 by scheduling a parade for March 23, during which New York City's Mayor John P. O'Brien was presented with resolutions calling for diplomatic protest and a boycott of Nazi Germany.

The antisemitic manifestations in Germany also affected the course of action originally agreed to by the American Jewish Congress (A.J.C.) and its two sister defense agencies, the American Jewish Committee (AJC) and B'nai B'rith (BB). The agreement was reached on February 22, at the suggestion of B'nai B'rith that the German Jewish situation be dealt with jointly by itself, the Committee and the Congress. The threesome established a Joint Conference Committee whose basic task was to keep a close watch on conditions in Germany. There was unanimous concurrence that, for the present, public agitation would not serve the cause of Reich Jewry.

However, after the outbreaks of March 8 and 9, the Congress no longer felt bound by this accord. At a special session held on March 12, it decided to hold mass meetings on a nationwide scale as a means of offsetting the advent of a full-fledged antisemitic program in Hitler Germany. As its first public spectacle, the Congress scheduled a protest rally at New York's Madison Square Garden on March 27. The Committee cautioned against holding it, warning that it would severely affect Germany's Jews. But now Congress assumed the same attitude taken by JWV when similarly warned that even if the mass protests were disavowed by American Jewry, it would not alter in any way Nazi designs against the Jews. As to the application of a boycott, at this stage the Congress only opposed it in principle, since it would have stifled any chance at reaching a possible *modus vivendi* with the Hitler regime. However, the American Jewish Committee and B'nai B'rith, while expressing their horror at Germany's anti-Jewish action, continued to oppose public agitation, let alone a boycott, as a means of combatting the Nazi threat.

Nazi officials, as well as German Jewish representatives, sought to have the giant protest rally called off—but to no avail. The very night of the rally, therefore, the Nazis announced that if Anglo-American Jews did not put an end to their anti-German atrocity propaganda and threats of boycott, the National Socialist Party would counter with a boycott of Reich Jewry. Such a boycott was, indeed, carried out on April 1 on an all-day, country-wide basis, becoming eventually the focal point of a popular movement to counter the boycott of the Nazi regime.²

The first to react, in this connection, was an ad hoc group calling itself the "American League for the Defense of Jewish Rights" (ALDJR). It announced its formation on April 22 in the Yiddish dailies, *Der Forverts* and *Der Tog*. The

² I dealt with this subject in an article entitled, "The First of April Boycott and the Reaction of the American Jewish Community", *American Jewish Historical Quarterly (AJHQ)*, vol. lvii (June, 1968), no. 4, pp. 516–556.

latter's Associate Editor, Dr. Abraham Coralnik, was the League's founder and head of its Provisional Boycott Committee. A journalist colleague, Ezekiel Rabinowitz, became Executive Secretary.

That month, undoubtedly as a result of the April 1st drama, the noted attorney and influential member of New York City's Tammany Hall, Samuel Untermyer, also recommended that a boycott be started against the Nazis. Hearing this, and realizing how important it was for the infant League to secure an affluent and renowned figure, Rabinowitz invited Untermyer to be the principal speaker at ALDJR's mid-May founding conference. In no time, Untermyer became undisputed leader of the League, being voted president in September. And in November, as is learned from his correspondence with Coralnik, Untermyer became preoccupied with the thought that ALDJR was a misnomer. By December, therefore, he had its "Jewish" name altered to Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights (NSANL or ANL).³

In August, after several months of restraint, the American Jewish Congress had joined the budding boycott movement. But it was only six months later, under the chairmanship of Dr. Joseph L. Tenenbaum, that its Boycott Committee began operating in full force. In 1936, the latter merged with the Boycott Committee of the Jewish Labor Committee (JLC), formed in 1934 due to the ever-growing Nazi menace. On several occasions, the united organization, called the Joint Boycott Council (JBC), sought to bring the League into its fold. Similar attempts were initiated by the League; but all such overtures ended abortively, thereby nullifying the lofty aspiration of creating a united American boycott front.⁴

Probably as a result of an exaggerated burst of enthusiasm and the economic crisis of the day, Untermyer predicted in August 1933, that Germany would "crack this winter" if properly boycotted. Tenenbaum entertained similar ideas, saying in March 1937, that six months of boycott "made universal by the peoples of the

³ On November 24, 1933, after Untermyer had communicated this intention to Coralnik, the latter replied that he was not opposed to the creation of a non-sectarian league, but did oppose the dissolution of his own organization at its expense. Instead, Coralnik proposed the co-existence of both; that is to say, ALDJR as a Jewish organization, and the NSANL as a liberal pro-Jewish group. Responding four days later, Untermyer nullified Coralnik's twin league scheme. Untermyer explained that he would never have joined ALDJR as a "Jewish organization", for he had maintained "from the very outset" that the boycott was "not a Jewish issue." However, the facts simply do not bear Mr. Untermyer out, as he could hardly have mistaken ALDJR as anything but a *Jewish* organization. What is more, in July of that year, he and Coralnik took the lead in founding a World Jewish Economic Federation (WJEF) at a conference held in Amsterdam. And in September, about a month after returning to the United States, Untermyer presided over a conference whose aim was the national coordination of all boycott activities under the aegis of the WJEF. It was only in late 1934, at his first opportunity after altering ALDJR into NSANL, that he likewise altered the WJEF into the WNSANC (World Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council to Champion Human Rights). In short, Untermyer was trying to sell Coralnik a bill of goods. See now pp. 43-44 for more details and some documentary evidence on this subject. 205-206

⁴ The last such attempt was begun in the aftermath of the Crystal Night of November 1938, ending abortively the following March. It was initiated by Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky, Chairman of the League's Executive Committee.

world” would “stop not only the Hitler war threat, but Hitler as well.”⁵ Moreover, every so often both the League and the Council released statistical figures “proving” that the boycott was hurting Germany. But ultimately, what counted to boycott leaders most was that they were heading a movement that was trying at least to resist, if not help topple, perhaps the most tyrannical system of government in history.

The effectiveness of the boycott, to the extent that it can be measured, has yet to be gauged by the trained economist (which this writer is not). But this much can be said with certainty, nevertheless. Only in America, as opposed to Europe with its much larger Jewish population, did the boycott movement prove most effective and enduring.⁶ Following is a general summary and analysis of the underlying thinking that guided, and often determined, the policy-making decisions of America’s boycott and anti-boycott leadership.

The Jewish War Veterans

JWV was created by a small number of Civil War veterans in New York City in 1896. It was called the Hebrew Union Veterans Organization, and increased its membership significantly only some years after World War I, when it also was given its present name. Nevertheless, compared to existing Jewish defense organizations, JWV constituted a small group.

A militant organization by its very nature, it is hardly surprising that the JWV preceded all others in taking up the boycott. Mainly through placing its hopes in the promises of President Hindenburg that the rights of Reich Jewry would not be infringed upon, JWV decided to avoid the certainty of instant reprisals for declaring a boycott right after Hitler’s appointment. However, the shocking anti-Jewish manifestations that followed the March 5, 1933 victory of the Nazis at the polls—particularly the boycott of Jewish shops by Brown Shirt pickets—convinced America’s Jewish War Veterans of the need to counter-boycott the Nazis.

On April 10, the Veterans opened a boycott office, printing and distributing thousands of boycott placards and seals reading, “For Humanity’s Sake—Don’t Buy German Goods.” JWV also circulated thousands of copies of a letter soliciting boycott support.

If you believe in the doctrine of “Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness”, you will help our cause.

⁵ Untermeyer’s prediction was made before the American Jewish Congress that had invited him to address the session in which it issued its boycott declaration (see p. 214). Tenenbaum’s assertion was made in an address delivered on March 15, 1937, at an anti-Hitler demonstration rally held at New York’s Madison Square Garden.

⁶ See, in this connection, the author’s article entitled, “Boycott, Anti-Nazi (all countries)”, *Encyclopedia Judaica (EJ)*, vol. iv, Jerusalem, 1971, pp. 1280–82. The EJ also should be consulted for further information on all individuals and organizations discussed in this paper.

600,000 Jewish souls—helpless men, women and children—are at the mercy of the Nazi terror in Germany. Your help is needed to save them from starvation, torture and annihilation. Thousands of non-Jews have also been deprived of their rights.

The Jewish War Veterans of the United States comprising men who fought in all the wars of our Republic, are conducting a national campaign of protest and enlightenment.

The distribution of the enclosed seals is a part of our campaign. Please use them. If you believe our effort should be continued, a contribution from you will be appreciated. An addressed envelope is enclosed for your convenience. Of the funds received, part will be used to relieve needy Jewish refugees.

This is your battle as well as ours!⁷

The letter was signed and probably also prepared by Col. Morris J. Mendelsohn, past Commander-in-Chief of JWV and chairman of its Anti-Nazi Boycott Committee. Work of this kind was done under the direction of J. George Fredman, Commander-in-Chief till mid-1933, and, apparently, the most active, if not avid, boycott leader of the Jewish War Veterans.⁸ But neither he, and certainly not any of the other commanders of the thirties, bequeathed to us a boycott legacy setting forth their intellectual conception of and approach to the movement. For, as one might expect, a military organization does not usually produce or harbor sophisticated thinkers and persuasive, eloquent communal voices, but men of resolution and action. In the JWV, these qualities manifested themselves in three main areas of activity: love of and loyalty to country, the Zionist cause and the cause of co-religionists everywhere.

In addition to their becoming boycott pioneers, the Jewish Veterans were also the first to resort to picketing, the harshest and most problematic, but also the most effective measure in pressuring the boycott offender into submission.⁹ To the

⁷ *The Jewish Veteran* (June, 1933), p. 20 (of unnumbered pages).

⁸ He took part in some of the Congress' key deliberations on the German Jewish problem. And as one of the invited speakers at the Garden rally of March 27 (p. 34), Fredman advocated the prosecution of a boycott. Three days later, he led a JWV delegation that presented the White House with a resolution condemning the mistreatment of German Jews. On March 21, under Fredman's supervision, Untermyer was asked by JWV to represent it at the League of Nations in Geneva, and present a resolution compelling Germany to observe the Minorities Covenant in the Treaty of Versailles. That summer, Fredman accompanied Untermyer and Coralnik to Amsterdam to help in the organization of the WJEF (see note 3). With Mendelsohn, he represented JWV at the National Boycott Conference that followed soon after. More than any other JWV leader, Fredman continued playing an active role in the boycott movement in an inter-organizational capacity.

⁹ Because Untermyer regarded it as "illegal and contrary to the best traditions of American institutions", the League remained the only boycott agency opposed to picketing as a matter of principle. The Congress' Boycott Committee adhered to this principle up to the Fall of 1934. The reason for the change at this time was the feeling that "the boycott has reached a stage" where firms were ignoring letters requesting the discontinuance of the importation of German merchandise. And when this was coupled with a successful picket demonstration by the Youth Division of the American Jewish Congress against a Bronx department store chain, the Boycott Committee decided to incorporate this medium into its program. This is not to say, however, that, on numerous occasions, boycott pickets had to be bailed out on such charges as "disorderly conduct" and disturbing the peace." On the whole, though, police treatment was lenient. Tenenbaum's guess was that this was due to the fact that New York's Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia was an Hon. Vice-President of the NSANL.

199

end, their individualistic style, tough and uncompromising, set them apart from the other boycott groups.

One obtains a glimpse of this style from a pamphlet printed and distributed by JWV members known as the Anti-Nazi Minute Men. The publication is directed against the "Jewish Traitors", calling for the adoption of "sterner methods in dealing with fellow Jews, who, for monetary gain, betray an entire civilization—who place profit above principle—who, approximately one year and a half after the inception of the boycott are still buying and selling German merchandise." The reader is then exhorted (in large, black print) that PARASITES MUST BE TREATED AS SUCH. Jews of this kind, the concluding section urges, "should no longer be accepted in the decent society of their neighborhood and business associates. The glare of unfavorable publicity must be turned into doing what is just and proper. Every possible legal means must be exercised to bring them to reason."¹⁰

Psychologically, the color and fanfare that characterized JWV action undoubtedly created an image of the fighting Jew. Realistically speaking, however, by itself, this body was too small to make a lasting impact on the American Jewish community. And when this was actually being made by conventional boycott groups like ANL and JBC, JWV members cooperated with them on an individual basis; but never did this proud, militant Jewish body agree to dissolve its Boycott Committee for the price of merging with either of America's two major boycott organizations.

In retrospect, JWV's swift decision to embrace the boycott does not appear nearly as extreme or impulsive as it must have to their contemporaries; for time evinced that Hitler respected a show of strength only, and barring non-military action, a solid boycott wall seemed the best way to isolate and handicap him severely. In any case, the major question of the 1930's was the extent and duration of Nazi terror against the Jews. The knowledge that it did not cast doubt, therefore, on the wisdom of the self-imposed bounds of diplomatic representation, the tactic to which the American Jewish Committee confined itself to the very end. This will be treated later in the article.

The ALDJR-NSANL

III

The creation of the League produced three principal ideologists. They were Coralnik, Untermeyer and Abba Hillel Silver. Their most original statements and interesting thinking were expressed in the early phases of the movement. This was but natural, since they had to enlighten the public about the *raison d'être* of the new organization.

¹⁰ Records of the Joint Boycott Council, in the 1934 correspondence of the I folder, NYPL (New York Public Library). The document was signed by Edgar H. Berman, Commander-in-Chief of the JWV at the time.

Thus, in a May 4, 1933 press release, perhaps his first on the subject, Coralnik said he had from the very outset advocated a Jewish boycott. But seeing that even the rather militant American Jewish Congress refused his proposal despite the boycott of Jewish businesses in Germany on April 1, Coralnik decided to swing into action. His determination, he explained, resulted from the assertion that, unofficially, American Jews, whether their leaders did or did not recognize it, had already begun a boycott against Germany; his new League would organize and coordinate it for them.

In another press statement made shortly before the League's founding conference, Dr. Coralnik described the unprecedented virulence of the Hitlerian anti-semitism that made free Jews resolute in their decision to defeat it.

The need for Jewish defense against Hitler's ruthlessness grows more urgent from day to day. His 'cold pogrom' is proceeding in all its cruelty, aimed at not less than the extermination of the Jews of Germany. This is no ordinary antisemitism, but an inexorable war against the Jewish race, unparalleled in the history of modern times.

Hitler's Germany has chosen the Jews as the special victims of attack. Those in his power are stricken and helpless, but their fellow Jews in enlightened lands are determined to spare no efforts to crush Hitlerism, the world menace.¹¹

Coralnik's most intimate and detailed views on the boycott—pro and con—were delineated before his Yiddish-reading public.¹² In a digest presenting the arguments of the anti-boycott camp, he noted its charges that the movement was neither ethical nor Jewish; that Jews are a moral people and should not, therefore, resort to so uncivilized a weapon as boycott. Moreover, continued the boycott adversaries, U.S. Jewry is just not sufficiently organized or cohesive enough to lead such a movement. Witness, they pointed out, the sharp division between the Committee and the Congress.¹³ And finally, the boycott is a two-edged sword which, if wielded, could have a disastrous effect upon Germany's Jews, and possibly even upon Jews in other antisemitic countries. But what is more, by promulgating and organizing a boycott, Jews disqualify themselves to effect a change in German policy towards their co-religionists; for one who participates in a boycott has no moral right to protest a boycott by others.

Before replying directly to these arguments, Coralnik gave his idea of a boycott. To him it was a sacrificial act; men sacrificing their own interests—even themselves if need be—for the sake of others. As an example, Coralnik pointed to Gandhi's self-sacrifice to achieve social reforms and nationalist aims for India. Convinced that the Gandhist experiment was applicable in the present antisemitic crisis, Coralnik suggests that Jewish merchants be told that, ultimately, they would not derive any joy from profits earned by dealing with their bloodiest enemy, Hitler Germany. Nor should it be difficult to make them understand that for only a few pennies they

¹¹ *The Jewish Chronicle*, Newark, New Jersey, May 16, 1933, Newspaper Clippings, Scrapbook of the NSANL Archives, New York City.

¹² *Der Tog* (May 13, 1933), p. 6.

¹³ See p. 199. A detailed picture of this division is given in the course of this paper.

were jeopardizing their own future and that of their children. Putting it more bluntly, Coralnik said that Germany had obviously become the Jews' greatest enemy, and one does not engage in trade with an enemy.

As to the charge that the boycott was unethical and meant fighting a barbarian with barbaric methods, Coralnik argued that such "biblical morals" could not and would not solve the Jewish question. For Hitler was trampling the Bible under foot, and he had eliminated all those to whom one could have turned on humanitarian and moral grounds. The entire situation reduced itself to the crude formula that when one lives among wolves, one has to act like one in order to survive.

What follows after the discussion of the theoretical and ideological arguments against boycott is a cold and practical appraisal of Germany. Germany is an industrial country, and more than any other European power, she is dependent upon her exports. Should, therefore, the gates of import be shut to her, she is certain to become impoverished. Then, and only then, will Germany come to realize the enormity of her crime.

Coralnik admits a boycott will hurt Germany's Jewish merchants. However, this is the sacrifice he believes they must make to the cause of defeating Hitler. Coralnik does not, however, solve the problem of how to make the boycott an effective instrument in the face of Jewish disunity. In this regard, his approach is intuitive, one of faith; he feels that this unprecedented crisis will unite Jews as never before. Coralnik cautions, however, that this time they must not do battle in words, but in deeds!

IV

Although Untermeyer anachronistically reinterpreted his earlier boycott statements by claiming them to have been in conformity with the League's subsequent non-sectarian scheme, the fact remains that these had a distinctly Jewish stamp and tone. This should by no means come as a surprise, as Untermeyer was a past Vice-President of the American Jewish Congress and a non-Zionist supporter of a Jewish National Home in Palestine. Thus, it was in connection with the last-mentioned cause that he went on record as recommending a boycott. The latter is contained in part of a larger statement which Untermeyer made on April 13, 1933 on the occasion of his presentation of a memorial gift to the Hebrew University.

Our people would be justified in seeing to it that nowhere in the world and under no circumstances should a Jew, from this day forth, buy or use merchandise manufactured in Germany, or support German industry in any form.¹⁴

The following month, at a Palestine campaign meeting held at Boston's Symphony Hall, Untermeyer again urged American Jewry to implement an all-embracing boycott against Nazi Germany. Without mentioning it by name, he politely criticized the anti-boycott stand of the American Jewish Committee, thereby bringing into

¹⁴ *NYT* (April 14, 1933), p. 15.

focus the heart of the controversy around this divisive movement within the American Jewish community.

I am an ardent champion of an effective boycott that will teach the German people that we Jews have not lost our self-respect. It is our only effective weapon against this brutal onslaught upon our people.

I am, however, aware that there is a very large and respectable element among our people, for whose opinion I have the highest respect, that advises against this course, but fails to suggest any other remedy. Their argument is based upon the fear that if the boycott proves effective, Hitler and his fellow-ruffians in office will carry out their implied threats and let loose their hatred by indulging and encouraging bloody pogroms against their unfortunate victims, which they would not otherwise dare.

That is what they started to do and what I fear they will do, in any event, unless restrained by some remaining shred of fear of the opinion of the civilized world.¹⁵

The following week, at the League's founding conference, the restraint that Untermeyer had evinced in the foregoing anti-Committee statement changed to an unmerciful rebuke.

To the few timid, credulous, well-intentioned souls among the American Jews who have no defensive plan whatever to offer, but who are unwilling to commit themselves to a boycott, what are you going to do? Are you going to sit idly by while your brethren in Germany are humiliated, degraded, deprived of their rights and citizenship and kicked out of their professions and employment and left to starve by this Austrian upstart and his band of ruffians?

That is not my conception of your right and duty. You are no more peace-loving than the rest of us. The only difference between us is that you lack the will and courage to fight. It is so easy to counsel "peace" when there is no peace. What you recommend is virtually a counsel of despair and surrender to the most inhuman forces that have dominated government in centuries.

This boycott can and must be made so effective that it will strike at the very foundations of the campaign that is being waged against the Jews in Germany.¹⁶

Meanwhile, Untermeyer's decision to enter the boycott arena had prompted Morris D. Waldman, the Executive Secretary of the American Jewish Committee, to try and dissuade him from making such a move. Untermeyer and the highly conservative, but very prosperous Committee elite were derived from a common German-Jewish ancestry. However in the current controversial issue it seemed to Committee members that Untermeyer's position did not suit his origins and economic and social status. In any event, Untermeyer was too important to be ignored by the Committee. The following piece of advice, appended by Waldman to a special circular report that he sent Untermeyer early in May, apparently, conveys this truth:

Above all, it is imperative that in this grave and highly delicate situation, no individual should speak or act for the Jewish people, but all should entrust the responsibility to recognized organizations like the American Jewish Committee and B'nai B'rith who have been dealing with these problems for many years.¹⁷

¹⁵ *Ibid.*, (May 8, 1933), p. 6.

¹⁶ *Ibid.*, (May 15, 1933), p. 8.

¹⁷ Archives of the American Jewish Committee, Boycott Germany Public Opinion folder, New York. Waldman's communication is not dated, but is attached to a letter whose date is cited in note 18.

Untermeyer responded by saying:

As I view the tragic predicament of our unfortunate brethren in Germany, whom it is our duty and our self-interest to protect, the report of your Committee offers no hope for relief and no alternative other than through the boycott.

I have given considerable study to this subject and have gathered a mass of information, all leading to the conclusion that the Hitler party is bent upon the extermination of the Jews in Germany, or upon driving them out of the country. The men in control are bigoted fanatics to whom neither reason, justice nor humanity makes the slightest appeal. Their hatred is deep-seated and nothing but the fear of consequences will affect them. With all due respect I therefore differ from the policy that has been recommended and is being pursued by the American Jewish Committee and shall feel at liberty, but always on my own responsibility, and without assuming to act for the Jewish people, to make such recommendations as in my judgment will best conserve the interests of the Jews in Germany.

I am fortified in my course of action by a large body of the Jewish people in this country—a body vastly larger, though less influential than that represented by your Committee.¹⁸

In his reply, Waldman emphasized that the Committee's position was being governed by the wishes of all elements of the Jewish population in Germany, the official authorities in Washington, and the "unanimous advice of responsible organizations in England, France and other countries who are especially engaged in the work of protecting the civil and religious rights of Jews." But it was in another part of his reply that Waldman admitted, somewhat indirectly, that Untermeyer was the kind of man who could stir up boycott action on the part of the American Jewish community.

Strong as your convictions, which we respect, may be, I keenly regret, frankly, that a man of your outstanding position in the community whose utterances exert a great influence upon public opinion, did not consult with the American Jewish Committee to ascertain the reasons for their attitude, and what methods they have been following, before giving public utterance to views which, you must have known, would be widely published and profoundly influence public sentiment.¹⁹

The month after Untermeyer's first speech before the infant League, he was also written to by Judge Joseph M. Proskauer, another leading Committee member, who later became its president (1943–1949). Proskauer stressed the danger of organized boycott as contrasted to boycott on an individual basis; but to no avail. Untermeyer remained diametrically opposed to such a viewpoint. By so informing Proskauer he put an end to their interesting, but fruitless correspondence.

Nearly two years later, as part of a series of press interviews held with some of America's most prominent pro and anti boycott spokesmen, Untermeyer set forth his position against that of Judge Proskauer. His statement, which now follows, demonstrates what a turnabout Untermeyer's shift to non-sectarianism represented if contrasted with the content of his previously cited declarations.

¹⁸ *Ibid.*, May 4, 1933.

¹⁹ *Ibid.*, May 9, 1933.

The rescue of Christianity and the rehabilitation of organized labor and not the fate of the German Jews is the dominating issue, though the matter is an important one. It has always been the fate of American Jewry to have this handful of holier than thou high-brows separate themselves from the great majority of their brethren on every important question.

What I want now to emphasize is that the importance of this small minority must not be exaggerated, that it does not even represent Jewish sentiment and that our organizations here and abroad are distinctly non-sectarian, representing men and women of all classes, creeds and positions in life, and that the public must not be misled by a few discordant Jewish voices which have no constructive program to offer against this crime of the century.²⁰

V

According to JBC's June 1933 correspondence file, an apparently local American Jewish Congress leader from Cleveland, Ohio, suggested that the main office approach Abba Hillel Silver, that city's renowned rabbi, on the question of active participation in the Congress; for in addresses delivered in a number of U.S. cities, Silver, famed Zionist and outstanding orator, "has voiced the same sentiments as actuated the leadership of the American Jewish Congress."

However, as yet, the Congress had not declared a boycott against the Nazis; and this is why, at least according to Mr. Rabinowitz²¹, Untermeyer succeeded in attracting Silver to the ALDJR. But Silver might also have felt that under Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, who not merely led, but dominated the Congress, he would not have the influential voice or high office that he could and would attain in the League.²² In any event, as a result of joining it, Silver's impresses us as having become the League's most eloquent and inspiring voice, just as Untermeyer's was its most authoritative and productive one. Thus, the qualities of the one—the gift for both the spoken and written word—complemented the organizational and administrative skills of the other.

Silver's association with the League spans two main periods: one, the year 1933, in which he attended the organization's important meetings and conferences, playing an active part in policy-making decisions; and two, the 1934–1936 period, during which Silver set forth in writing his views on the boycott in particular and the dangers of Nazism in general. It should not surprise us to learn, though, that Silver never became a convert to Untermeyer's brand of non-sectarianism. As to the latter half of the thirties, these were Silver's most inactive years with the League, when he does not appear to have done much more than attend its Board meetings.²³

²⁰ *New York World-Telegram* (February 12, 1935), Newspaper Clippings Scrapbook of the NASNL.

²¹ See p. 38. Rabinowitz claimed this in a taped interview for the author on July 9, 1964. Rabinowitz also said it was he who first approached Silver on the question of joining the League.

²² Silver was voted a First Vice-President of the League, also holding the post of Chairman of its National Administrative Committee.

²³ Silver, it seems, eventually became disillusioned with Untermeyer, who, in his rather imperious manner, sought to impose his will upon all co-workers. See again p. 38 and note 3. In the taped interview

Silver's first widely publicized statement regarding the boycott movement appears to have been made in connection with the disclosure of the controversial Transfer Agreement, enabling German Jews destined for Palestine to take their money out of the Nazi Reich in the form of merchandise.²⁴

Why the very idea of Palestinian Jewry negotiating with Hitler about business instead of demanding justice for the persecuted Jews of Germany is unthinkable.

Palestinian Jewry should be showing the way to unified action and not be willing to victimize the Jews of the world for a million crates of oranges.

This is a test case. Always Palestine has asked the Jews of the world to sacrifice for Palestine. Now the time has come to ask: Will Palestine make a commercial sacrifice for the interests of the fifteen million Jews of the world?²⁵

Less than a fortnight later, on September 10, 1933, at a League conference designed to create a united American boycott front, Silver, who was appointed Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, formulated his definition and conception of the boycott. Less impulsive than Untermyer, who repeated (p. 200) that "Germany will crack this winter from starvation" provided "you gentlemen and our other associates do their duty," Silver took issue with this prediction, saying that Jews "have to prepare for a long battle." He then went on to justify the boycott from a moral and legal standpoint.

In a way, this is war; this is a substitute for war; this is a moral substitute for war. That is what boycott is. The League of Nations recognizes it as the moral substitute for physical pressure, in terms of military punitive expeditions.²⁶

Silver therewith stressed as "absolutely important" the establishment of "one central authority which will speak for the whole of American Israel" on the successful prosecution of the boycott. "If that can't be done", he added, "then I believe our task is hopeless."

mentioned in note 21, Rabinowitz backs up this charge. And in another taped interview made for this writer on July 15, 1964, the late Bernard G. Richards, one-time Executive Secretary of the League, illustrated Untermyer's insensitivity by saying that he often opened the organization's meetings with the knowledge that Silver was in the meantime flying in from Cleveland to attend them. Moreover, in the latter half of the thirties, Silver's earlier boycott hopes, expectations and even enthusiasm must have worn off considerably. For it was becoming increasingly obvious that it would take much more than just a boycott to defeat Hitler. As a sober realist, Silver had to weigh this knowledge against his many duties as a busy out-of-town rabbi and active Zionist. The result, of course, was a radical diminution in time and energy for the boycott cause.

²⁴ Formally, the Transfer Agreement was reached with the German Ministry of Economics by the Anglo-Palestine Bank (now Bank Leumi L'yisrael) on August 25, 1933; hence Silver's reaction (see date cited in note 25). Dr. Chaim (Victor) Arlosoroff, the very promising head of the Political Department of the Jewish Agency, visited Germany about two months prior to his assassination in June, 1933, where he conducted the secret negotiations that led to the aforesaid Agreement. Following the latter, the Trust and Transfer Office (Haavara) Ltd. was established in Tel Aviv. The right to transfer their capital in the form of German export goods proved a major factor in enabling some 60,000 Jews to emigrate to Palestine from the Hitler Reich between 1933-1939.

²⁵ *Jewish Daily Bulletin (JDB)* (August 30, 1933), p. 4.

²⁶ Archives of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Minutes of the National Boycott Conference, New York, N.Y., p. 25.

Silver also pointed out that "our protests" had been ignored by Hitler, Goering and Goebbels. "But one thing that has gone under their skin", he claimed, "has been the boycott." Unlike mere protest, Silver asserted, "the boycott gives us a chance to fight back, and to fight back so that we can see the visible effect of our blows." Rabbi Silver then went on to describe the historic import that the conduct of a global boycott would have for World Jewry.

We are just beginning, and the cumulative effect of Jews here and in England and Belgium and Holland, in Czechoslovakia, and in Egypt, the cumulative effect of the boycott upon Germany will reach its climax this year. And if we can break that regime of blood and terror as a result of our pressure and that of the liberal forces of the world, the spear point of whose attack we have been, it will rebound to the prestige of the Jewish people for a century to come. No government will dare again overnight to deprive a Jewish minority of its rights.²⁷

The aforesaid constitutes an excellent example of the striking contrast between the hopes and expectations of a movement in its ideological setting and the dictates or end product of reality. Thus, the effective global boycott that Silver and others envisioned never actually came off. For how could it? Russia's three million Jews were not permitted, of course, to conduct an official boycott. Poland, with its somewhat more than three million Jews, dissolved the boycott in 1935. And America's nearly five million Jews never managed to form a national boycott organization. As to the Jewries of other countries, they counted less than a million in each one and showed relative boycott cohesion in England only.

Nor did the "liberal forces of the world" turn the scales in any way. Such a development would have necessitated the active participation of the Western democracies, a cooperative venture that was then out of the question. However, the task of erecting an international boycott wall is a herculean one, the recent ostracism by the West of so small a country as Rhodesia showing how breachable such a boycott wall could be. How much more insuperable were the odds to prevent so industrial and industrious a power like Nazi Germany from circumventing and overcoming the "cumulative effect" of a restricted and imperfect boycott. But while such judgments frustrate the calculations of those who predict or expect maximum boycott results, they certainly do not dismiss the boycott as a useless economic instrument; nor do they in any way invalidate it as a morally defensible movement.

The A.J.C.-JLC

VI

The leading spokesmen of the American Jewish Congress on the issue of protest and boycott were its Honorary President, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Mr. Bernard S. Deutsch, President, and Dr. Joseph L. Tenenbaum, its National Executive Committee Chairman and later Chairman of the Boycott Committee. (These individuals

²⁷ *Ibid.*, p. 27.

are treated respectively in this section, and sections six and seven, in greater detail.) Whereas for the several months after Hitler's rise to power, official Congress records do not even mention boycott as a feasible weapon, the advisability of protest action is cited several months prior to this event, and in possible anticipation of a Nazi political triumph.²⁸ Yet, at a conference held in January 1932, the Committee and the Congress agreed that it would be unwise and unnecessary for Jews of other countries to take any action in behalf of their German brethren aimed at counteracting Nazi antisemitic propaganda. The stated reason was that German Jews had full confidence in the civil rights clause of the Weimar Constitution and the sobriety of their fellow Germans.

That the Congress could hardly be expected to be bound by this specific understanding after Hitler had become Chancellor is plain enough; but what is rather revealing, if not actually deceptive, is a suggestion made by the Congress' Administrative Committee on February 7, 1933, to hold a number of protest meetings "so as to make the Germans conscious of the fact that the situation is being watched." For it will be recalled (p. 199) that only a fortnight later, the Congress, in joint concurrence with the Committee and B'nai B'rith, had decided that public agitation was not in German Jewry's best interests. And as we shall presently see, such a beguiling policy rightly irritated the Congress' sister defense organizations.

In agreeing to set up and become a part of the Joint Committee, the Congress did not obligate itself to desist indefinitely from public agitation on the German Jewish question. The outbreaks of March 8 and 9 proved, in its view, that Hitler had officially launched his fourteen-year-old promise of a reckoning with the Jews. Thus, it was under the shadow of these humiliating acts and its potential danger to world Jewry as well as German Jewry that Rabbi Wise said in part:

The time for caution and prudence is past. We must speak up like men. How can we ask our Christian friends to lift their voices in protest against the wrongs suffered by Jews if we keep silent?

What is happening in Germany today may happen tomorrow in any other land on earth unless it is challenged and rebuked. It is not the German Jews who are being attacked. It is the Jews. We must speak out. If that is unavailing, at least we shall have spoken.²⁹

²⁸ Evidence to the fact that Wise's recourse to protest was influenced by the encouragement of his close Christian colleague, the Rev. John H. Holmes, Minister of the New York Community Church. This may be seen from a letter the latter wrote Wise nearly six months before the Nazis came to power. Basing himself on "a most acute and well-informed observer of conditions in Germany", Holmes said: "The Nazis here are behaving scandalously. Deliberate incitement to pogroms, which I simply cannot understand the Jewish financial world in America to continue without protest! By an intelligent campaign they could play hell with the Nazis, of course not by attacks in Germany, but by bringing moral pressure to bear upon this element in the country. The Nazis are very sensitive to foreign comment." This communication, sent to Wise from Maine (Mainz?), was quoted by him to Justice Julian W. Mack, first President of the American Jewish Congress, on September 13, 1932 (Stephen S. Wise Papers, Nazi Period folder, Brandeis University Library, Waltham, Mass.).

²⁹ *NYT*, March 21, 1933, p. 10, Wise's statement was made on the occasion of his 59th birthday. His reference to "Christian friends" was an allusion to the non-Jewish speakers invited to speak at the approaching Garden rally.

The aforesaid served as a definitive and corroborative statement linked to the Congress' announcement of March 12 (p. 199) that it had decided to initiate a protest movement. Besides the mass rally on March 27, this concerted activity lasting about five months, was highlighted by a demonstration march on May 10, and an Emergency Session held at Washington, D.C., on the weekend of May 20. On these and other occasions of a less spectacular nature, Wise was increasingly pressured to have the Congress join the ranks of the infant boycott movement. Thus, at an April 19 meeting that voted for the May 10 march, Wise said to members shouting for a boycott: "The time has not yet come for an official boycott—we still have other weapons."³⁰

The march fell on the very day the Nazis were burning all "un-German" books; and such leading Congress officers as Louis Lipsky and Dr. Samuel Margoshes, the proposer of the public procession, demanded a boycott of the Hitler Reich. And again Rabbi Wise declined, choosing instead, to admonish and preach to a regime that would not listen or heed. Part of his moving speech reads as follows:

We shall not surrender our rights as men, as Jews and as Americans to protest against the colossal wrong which Hitlerism is perpetrating against the Jewish people. The sympathy of the civilized peoples is with us. They understand us, but they cannot understand them that have risen up against us to destroy us. Firm in the faith of our fathers that right makes right, and not that might makes right, we solemnly adjure the Government of Germany to repent before it is too late of the evil that it does, and to bethink itself, remembering that a national renaissance cannot come to pass out of hatred, injustice and wrong, and that decrees of extermination, cruel, godless, inhuman, against the Jewish people have time and time again proven to be edicts of national self-extermination.³¹

Why Wise hesitated so to accede to the boycott at this stage is in need of further clarification. For one thing, he firmly believed President Roosevelt would try to influence Hitler to put an end to the persecution unleashed against German Jewry. On June 13, after a number of visits to the State Department and Capitol Hill, Wise expressed this hope before a large crowd in St. Louis. But Roosevelt who proved rather slow in accepting that the reign of terror unleashed against Reich Jewry was actually government-inspired, turned out to be even slower in asserting himself against the isolationist posture in the aftermath of World War I. And this discounts the snubbing he was certain to receive from the Nazis, perhaps from Hitler himself, for meddling in the internal affairs of another nation. Thus, Roosevelt must surely have felt that a public utterance or any public action in behalf of Germany's Jews would only act as a boomerang. It was a misjudgment characteristic of an age in which the world's political leaders grossly misjudged Hitler's real intentions until too late for Jew and non-Jew alike.

Wise, at any rate, was absolutely convinced that only a world Jewish body

³⁰ *JDB* (April 21, 1933), p. 2.

³¹ *American Jewish Congress Courier* (May 19, 1933), p. 7.

could produce the maximum effect from a promulgated boycott. Two such bodies were scheduled to convene in the summer of 1933: the Eighteenth Zionist Congress meeting in Prague and the Second World Jewish Conference in Geneva.³² Wise attended both gatherings.

In Prague, he went on record as favoring the boycott, saying that "self-respecting Jews cannot deal with Germany in any way." And, although the disclosure was of prime interest, still, it came from Wise speaking as a private individual to a private reporter. Wise did not propose the boycott at the Zionist Congress, feeling the latter should confine itself to problems bearing directly upon Palestinian Jewry. Boycott and German Jewry were unequivocally diaspora problems, and their proper forum, Wise thought, was the World Jewish Conference. Hence, it was before this body that he formally urged the adoption of the boycott, explaining why the American Jewish Congress had taken so long in declaring it.

We of the American Jewish Congress could not, would not, did not seek to organize and proclaim a World Jewish boycott. We could not until after conference with the representatives of the Jewries of the world. Throughout six months I have maintained (this?) because I believed that such a boycott could be declared only by a body such as meets tonight in Geneva and speaks on behalf of millions of Jews. Whatever decision will be reached by the World Jewish Congress Executive, will be supported to the limit by the American Jewish Congress, indeed, by all the American Jewry, the largest Jewry on earth, consisting of a more than one quarter of the world's Jewish population.³³

It now behooves us to see what the American Jewish Congress was doing during Wise's absence.

VII

Bernard Deutsch, an attorney and member of New York's Board of Aldermen, became Congress president in 1929. He was encouraged to accept this post by the outgoing president, Stephen Wise. In 1935, Wise was returned to the presidency, as Deutsch had declined to run for a second term and died later that year.

Though surpassed by Rabbi Wise in fame, prestige and eloquence, Mr. Deutsch was in his own right a capable and energetic leader. Together with Wise, he boldly chartered the course of the Congress protest movement. And while Wise was pre-

³² It was the Second in a triple series of Conferences of the movement to found a World Jewish Congress. The latter was conceived by the noted historian, Simon Dubnow, who suggested its creation and separation from the World Zionist Organization after the Kishinev Pogrom of 1903. The purpose of such a Congress was exclusive devotion to problems relating to the Jewish Diaspora, the World Zionist Organization being a Palestino-centric body. But it was not until 1932, when the Nazi menace loomed up more than ever before, that agreement was reached that the creation of a World Jewish Congress brooked no further delays. The result was the First World Jewish Conference, convened that summer in Geneva, Switzerland. Dr. Wise was the spearhead of this Preliminary Conference. The Third and last such Conference was held in 1934, followed two years later by the establishment of the World Jewish Congress.

³³ *Protocole de la II^e Conference Juive Mondiale, Geneve, Septembre 5-8, 1933.* Unlike Wise, the Revisionists, led by Vladimir Jabotinsky, did introduce a boycott resolution at the Eighteenth Zionist Congress. When the latter rejected the proposal, the Revisionist movement decided to maintain its self-styled boycott.

paring to introduce a boycott resolution before the World Jewish Conference on the Continent, Deutsch, in America, directed a parallel move by the American Jewish Congress.

Before so doing, Deutsch, in a final effort to avoid the impending boycott declaration, appealed to President Hindenburg, to save Germany's 600,000 Jews from "certain extermination." On August 15, 1933, in an open letter to the German President, the Congress President listed sixteen articles of the Weimar Constitution that had been violated by the Hitler government. Deutsch also reminded Hindenburg that the dictatorial powers he had conferred upon Hitler did not permit the Nazi Chancellor to "defy the foundations on which the German republic was built" or "to vanquish every principle of humanity in relation to the Jews." Saying he refused to believe that Hindenburg would associate himself with Hitler's avowed purpose to destroy Reich Jewry, Deutsch proceeded to describe the consequence of such a policy:

The persecution of the Jews has given rise to spontaneous reprisals in the form of boycotts in every country of the world on the part of liberals, irrespective of race or creed, in many instances tacitly sanctioned by the various governments themselves.³⁴

Deutsch concluded his letter with a reminder that "the President of the Reich may yet offer redress to the Jews of Germany and save the German nation from degeneration and ostracism of the civilized world."

As could be expected, Deutsch's plea went unheeded, for the German Embassy refused to forward his appeal to Hindenburg. The Congress President interpreted this to mean that the Reich President was being held incommunicado by the Nazis, so that, among other things, Hindenburg would remain ignorant about the fate of German Jewry.

On August 17, the Congress Administrative Committee secretly adopted a boycott resolution which it recommended to the organization's National Executive Committee. And so, on August 20, this Committee, whose decisions were binding upon the Congress, issued an official boycott declaration. The event, witnessed this time by the press, featured Untermeyer as guest speaker and was attended by the Congress' leading members and affiliates.

Deutsch, who, together with Wise, had been criticized for having relied solely on the policies of public protest and diplomatic representation, was particularly outspoken. He now regretted not having adopted a tougher stand against Hitler Germany, and condemned the Roosevelt Administration for failing to denounce Nazi outrages against Jews.

The American public may rightfully ask why the United States Government continues to maintain diplomatic silence in relation to a country whose treatment of its nationals betrays every humane instinct and where Americans are repeatedly assaulted, arrested

³⁴ *NYT*, August 16, 1933, p. 11.

and forcibly detained; where American firms are ordered to dismiss their Jewish employees, where American shipping interests are discriminated against and whose government has the temerity to send paid propagandists to the United States to spread racial hatred and bigotry.

But neither the failure of Hitler to revoke his policy or that of the United States Government, as yet openly to make known its abhorrence of that policy, can persuade the Jews of America to accept the *status quo* in Germany.³⁵

"The stringency of the situation in Germany today," Deutsch explained, "makes it impossible to withhold decisive action." Deutsch also made certain to emphasize that it was the German government which first launched a boycott against "its Jewish inhabitants," and that this boycott was now engulfing American foreign shipping. What he was leading up to came next:

Therefore, as the President of the American Jewish Congress, I recommend the organization, coordination and integration of a boycott movement of German manufactures of all kinds, in the hope that the economic isolation of Germany will bring the Hitler Government to the realization of the contempt in which the civilized world holds its mad policies.³⁶

Despite his having continued as Congress president for nearly two more years, Deutsch really never placed an original and lasting boycott imprint on the movement; for, unlike Wise or Tenenbaum, Deutsch was not the boycott theoretician. And while he did not participate with them in attempts to coordinate boycott activities with the League, Deutsch's main contribution and distinction remain in the Congress' transitory phase of protest. Moreover, from 1934 on, for reasons not available in the record, Deutsch is hardly heard from on the boycott.

VIII

As far as we can tell, only two high-ranking Congress officers openly spoke of the subject of boycott before April 1, 1933. The first of these was Dr. Joseph Tenenbaum, who made a veiled threat to this effect on March 12, saying:

Germany is not a speck on (the) Mars. It is a civilized country, located in the heart of Europe, relying on friendly cooperation and commercial intercourse with the nations of the world. A great industrial country like Germany cannot be isolated commercially from the rest of the world. To overlook this means to disregard the vital interests of the country and to destroy the arteries of economic life. A *bellum judaicum*—war against the Jews—means boycott, ruin and disaster, the end of German resources and the end of all hope for the rehabilitation of Germany, whose friends we have not ceased to be. May God save Germany from such a national calamity.³⁷

³⁵ From "All America Must Boycott Germany". An address delivered at the meeting of the National Executive Committee on August 20, 1933, at the Hotel New Yorker. Records of the Joint Boycott Council, Carton # 14, Speeches 1936-38 folder, p. 3, NYPL.

³⁶ *Ibid.*, p. 4.

³⁷ From an address entitled, "The Plight of the Jews in Germany", which was delivered at a meeting of the National Executive Committee of the American Jewish Congress in the Hotel Commodore, NYC, pp. 4-5. The speech is located at the YIVO Institute for Jewish Research, Dr. Joseph Tenenbaum Collection, NYC. Tenenbaum repeated this warning at the Garden rally of March 27.

Next to refer to the boycott was a Congress vice-president, W. W. Cohen. His, however, was open advocacy. Speaking on the evening of March 20 as JWV's guest of honor, Cohen said:

Any Jew buying one penny's worth of merchandise made in Germany is a traitor to his people. I doubt that the American Government can officially take any notice of what the German Government is doing to its own citizens. Our only line of resistance is to touch German pocketbooks.³⁸

Not until that summer did Tenenbaum begin actively to pave the way for the Congress' inevitable boycott declaration. Thus, at the turn of August, apparently, he circulated among Congress branches and affiliated organizations a questionnaire (undated) on the subject of boycott. This was followed by an emergency session of the National Executive Committee convened on August 6 to discuss the issue of boycott endorsement. When the latter was finally recommended by the Administrative Committee to the Executive Committee, scheduled to meet in emergency session on August 20, it was Tenenbaum, as presiding chairman, who read the Congress' boycott declaration.

Wise, Deutsch and Tenenbaum met with Untermyer the following month to discuss the possibility of coordinating boycott activities with the League. Nothing came of this and similar overtures made by the Congress later that year (see p. 200).

And so, in January 1934, because of increasing dissatisfaction with the Congress' lack of progress, Tenenbaum, who for months had been evincing a keen interest in assuming the chairmanship of its Boycott Committee, was appointed to that post by Rabbi Wise.³⁹ In his new capacity, Tenenbaum evidently turned out to be the most zealous and hard-working leader of America's boycott movement.

From the abundant number of statements, memoranda and speeches prepared by Dr. Tenenbaum, one obtains a very clear picture of his conception and aim of the movement. Thus, as early as August 20, 1933, in his address at the Congress' Emergency Session, he said in a subsection entitled, "When Boycott Becomes a Moral Obligation":

It is to preserve peace, liberty and the fundamentals of civilization; it is to save the human soul that we must wage economic war against Hitlerism. In comparison with the havoc wrought upon a sorely tried world by a victorious Hitlerism, the most cruel boycott appears as an act of mercy under the circumstances. To quote a memorable utterance of a great Belgian statesman which appeared in *Le Soir*: 'The Jewish people have a rare opportunity to prove to the world that sanctions against a barbaric people do not necessarily mean the use of cannons and guns. There is such a thing as economic ammunition.' Ours is a boycott, not of retaliation or vengeance, but of self-defense and for the defense of the interests of humanity.⁴⁰

³⁸ *NYT* (March 21, 1933), p. 10.

³⁹ I was so informed in a taped interview by the late Dr. Samuel Margoshes (July 14, 1964), Vice-President of the American Jewish Congress at the time (see p. 50) and Miss Lily Shultz (July 23, 1964),
erstwhile Director of Publicity for the Congress. 212

⁴⁰ From "Boycott Hitlerism to Save Humanity," Records of the Joint Boycott Council, Carton # 14, Speeches 1936-38 folder, p. 5, NYPL.

What if the boycott falls short of achieving its end? Tenenbaum's reply entailed his view of the movement's *raison d'être*.

Even if the boycott should ultimately prove a failure, we have nevertheless, a moral duty to strain every ounce of our energy, and if we are to fail, then at least let us leave to posterity the unimpeachable proof that we have made the most of our opportunities, fought to the last man, and though downed with defeat, we have shown neither indifference nor a lack of zeal.⁴¹

IX

The rise in 1934 of a Jewish Labor Committee (p. 200) representing, purportedly, nearly half a million Jewish workers, is mainly to be credited to the leadership of Baruch C. Vlodeck. A Bundist and anti-Zionist, Vlodeck felt "that the American Jewish Congress has not established the necessity for its existence." Thus, wrote Vlodeck to Deutsch on December 12, 1934, in declining to accept a Congress invitation to participate in its elections of 1935 (see p. 213). "It has not offered any program", continued Vlodeck, "in regard to the Jewish problem that has not already been offered by one or the other of existing Jewish organizations." Vlodeck turned next to the most burning and painful problem of the day.

In regard to the situation in Germany, the American Jewish Congress has stressed the fight against Hitlerism as a purely Jewish issue. The Jewish Labor Committee considers the Jewish plight in Germany as only one angle of Fascism, and is of the opinion that only by conducting our campaign as a part of a general labor campaign against Fascism, can we succeed.⁴²

A nadir in JLC-A.J.C. relations set in several weeks later after Vlodeck bitterly denounced and assailed the Congress in the *Jewish Daily Forward*, of which he was managing editor. Wise was absolutely furious with this "filthy and foul attack", as he described it in a "personal and confidential" communication to New York's Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia, even accusing Vlodeck of being "criminally liable" for having resorted to such terms as "racketeering" in his assault. "I mention this to you," explained Dr. Wise, "because you know I was ready to meet with him and you to talk things over. Now I cannot."⁴³

Just what Wise had had in mind is not known. In any case, in his previously-mentioned letter to Deutsch, Vlodeck had also said that JLC was "more than ever convinced that in matters of real importance there should be cooperation between all Jewish agencies." The boycott, conducted by both the Jewish Congress and Labor Committee, was an obvious means of realizing such cooperation; but now not Deutsch, and certainly not Wise, were amenable to dealing with Vlodeck.

⁴¹ *Ibid.*, Unsorted Miscellaneous Material folder.

⁴² Archives of the Jewish Labor Committee, New York, N.Y.

⁴³ Private Papers of Stephen S. Wise, World Jewish Congress Folder, 1935-45, Brandeis University Library, Waltham, Mass. Wise's note was written on January 4, 1935. The year before, LaGuardia had appointed Vlodeck a member of the New York Housing Authority which had been set up to carry out the provisions of the national Housing Act. But the honor or honors that Wise had had in mind and the final outcome of this matter are not mentioned in the record.

Be that as it may, events in Germany soon produced a *modus operandi* between the two factious groups. In mid-July 1935, bloody anti-Jewish riots broke out in Berlin's fashionable Kurfurstendamm. As a result, the American Jewish Congress, in cooperation with the Jewish Labor Committee, convened an Emergency Conference to which "all Jewish organizations" and "all opponents of the Hitler regime" were invited "to arouse the indignation of the American public and to plan action to be taken to stop the growth of the Hitler menace."⁴⁴

Vladeck, one of the chief organizers of this extraordinary session, was particularly outspoken, urging unremitting battle against Nazism, the adoption of the boycott and the formation of a united Jewish front. Tenenbaum, who also took an active part at the gathering, soon began pressing Vladeck for the union the latter had advocated so fervently. Fulfillment came after nearly half a year of negotiations, resulting in the establishment of the Joint Boycott Council (p. 200).

Wise was away when the A.J.C.-JLC "romance" began to bud. And, although, Tenenbaum enjoyed a wide range of freedom, still, so serious a step as merger had to meet with Dr. Wise's approval. Not having forgotten Vladeck's blistering attack of 1935, the Congress president refused to play a direct role in the aforesaid negotiations. Nor, on the other hand, did he choose to wield his authority and veto the prospective merger. Wise did, however, examine at least part of the Tenenbaum-Vladeck correspondence, conveying to his Boycott Committee Chairman the following reaction:

They will use us, but believe me, no good will come from any project which is under the leadership of one as bitterly opposed to the Congress and as hostile to nationalism as is Vladeck.⁴⁵

One of Vladeck's first acts as Co-Chairman of the newly formed JBC was a concerted effort to influence Untermyer to join it. This venture ended abortively in 1937. A year later Vladeck died.

While Vladeck was alive, day-to-day boycott work was done mainly by JLC Executive Secretary, Isaiah Minkoff; but it was Vladeck who shaped the boycott philosophy of the Jewish Labor Committee. Up to the Berlin riots, he led the boycott struggle within the American Federation of Labor, which had declared a boycott in October 1933.

Several months before teaming up with the American Jewish Congress, Vladeck made a statement typical of his conviction that the cause of Jewish rights would be effectively preserved by dependence upon the principles of labor and democracy.

Persecution of the Jews is the inevitable step toward persecution of labor and suppression of democracy.

Labor knows that the first blast against the Jews is only the forerunner of a dark

⁴⁴ Records of the Joint Boycott Council, Carton # 13, Minutes of the Administrative Committee of the American Jewish Congress, NYPL. I have written an article on this subject which appeared in the *AJHQ* (March, 1970), pp. 302-328.

⁴⁵ *Ibid.*, Dr. Wise—Correspondence and Memoranda folder, January 8, 1936.

storm against itself, and that permitting a government to foster antisemitism is to strengthen a power that will crush labor. This is why in all countries today intelligent Jews march with labor, and why labor is the staunchest defender of Jewish and human rights.⁴⁶

However, Vladeck was soon to realize that the world's democracies and labor movements were not willing to offer the sacrifices needed to match Hitler's demonic brand of antisemitism. Despite great efforts, Vladeck still had no more reliable and faithful allies than his fellow American Jews, however (and unfortunately so) divided they happened to be on actions and methods most appropriate for Jewish defense.

Non-Jewish Boycott Groups

X

Two groups stand out most prominently: one is the American Federation of Labor (AFL) (p. 218). The other was the Volunteer Christian Committee to Boycott Nazi Germany (VCC).

Hitler had crushed the German labor movement, and American labor, which had often manifested its opposition to both Nazism and Fascism, came to the aid of union victims of the Hitler-Mussolini dictatorships. To this end, AFL established the Labor Chest Fund, an endowment ardently supported by JLC.

When the Congress conducted its first mass protest meeting against the Nazis on March 27 (p. 199), AFL President William Green was among the prominent non-Jewish speakers. He accused Germany of persecuting minorities, violating the laws of humanity, and warned that the AFL "will not remain passive and unconcerned when the relatives, families and brethren of the Jewish members of our great economic organization are being persecuted and oppressed."⁴⁷

The concluding section of the AFL's boycott resolution, as recommended by the organization's Executive Council, cited two basic conditions for the discontinuance of its economic ostracism of Nazi Germany.

Owing to the fact that those who are administering the Government of Germany, and who are shaping its destinies are pursuing a ruthless campaign of persecution against the Jews of Germany, and because the Hitler Government refused to heed or respect the protests of the people in all nations throughout the world, the Executive Council recommends that the American Federation of Labor join with other public-spirited organizations in our country in officially adopting a boycott against German-made goods and German services, this boycott to continue until the German Government recognizes the right of other working people in Germany to organize into bona fide, independent trade unions of their own choosing, and until Germany ceases its repressive policy of persecution of Jewish people.⁴⁸

⁴⁶ *New York World-Telegram* (February 7, 1935). Vladeck's statement was made in the course of an interview. See again p. 46 and note 20.

⁴⁷ *NYT* (March 28, 1933), p. 12.

⁴⁸ *Ibid.* (October 14, 1933), from the Newspaper Clippings Scrapbook of the NASNL.

Both the League and the Congress sought to bring the AFL into their respective organizations. But the AFL did not want to surrender its independent boycott arm, feeling this was the best way for it to make the most effective contribution to the movement.

XI

Even if its constituency was by and large Christian, the AFL was not, of course, Christian in name. The need for the creation of such an organization intensified immediately after the frightfully shocking spectacle of the Kristallnacht, when a group of Christian intellectuals, heretofore only on the periphery of the anti-Nazi boycott movement, felt it was now high time that also Christians were officially and formally represented in this ambitious struggle. Led by a freelance writer named Christopher T. Emmet, Jr. and Dr. William Jay Schieffelin, a pioneer in municipal reform and Chairman of New York's Citizens Union, sixty prominent Americans founded the Volunteer Christian Committee on January 9, 1939.

Emmet, who became Secretary of the VCC, drew up a Christian Boycott Pledge "to do nothing, either directly or indirectly, which can aid the German Government" in the furtherance of religious oppression, racial persecution and the glorification of war. On one occasion, in referring to the rising increase of pro-boycott sentiment⁴⁹, Emmet made observations underlying the philosophy of the Christian Committee:

Can Christians remain silent while every principle of order and justice in the world is threatened? Yet of what avail is to protest if we subsidize the very things we protest against? For more than half of every dollar spent for German goods or services goes to the Nazi Government to finance its arms, its aggressions and its persecutions. We must remember, too, that Christians are persecuted as well as Jews, and that Hitler not only said that Christianity is a religion for slaves and fools, but that our common heritage, the Ten Commandments "are the exploitation of the lowest instincts of mankind."⁵⁰

Turning from moral-theological preachment, Emmet warned of the dangers of a more down to earth possibility.

Even if Americans were selfish enough to ignore the fate of the rest of the world, which they are not, our own interests are deeply involved. Now we are still safe behind our ocean ramparts, and hence we can safely boycott without danger of war. But if we refuse to boycott, and help Hitler to go from strength to strength, in a few years when the bombing range of airplanes has increased he can attack us. Or he may gain

⁴⁹ It was based on a survey released by Dr. George Gallup's American Institute of Public Opinion. The results of the survey, made public on April 11, 1939, revealed that sixty-five out of every hundred persons interviewed agreed to "join a movement to stop buying German-made goods." It found, in this connection, that anti-Nazi boycott sentiment had started showing an upward trend beginning with the Munich crisis in September 1938, culminating with Hitler's seizure of Memel in March 1939, the last of his "bloodless" conquests. For a table summing up the percentile results of this survey, see source cited in note 6.

⁵⁰ From "The Christian Boycott," on p. 5 of the May-June, 1939 issue of the *Boycott Nazi Goods and Services Bulletin*.

puppet allies in South America. A Fascist Government has already been established in Bolivia which is bartering war materials to Germany. Mussolini's spokesman, Virginio Gayda, said recently, speaking of the plans of the Nazi-Fascist alliance: "The revisions have hardly begun." We should thank Signor Gayda for those outspoken words. Forewarned is forearmed.⁵¹

Dr. Schieffelin, who became VCC Chairman, explained that a Christian boycott movement was established for the purpose of "restraining Hitler and acting also as the symbol of our own unity against prejudice and intolerance here." He then went on to say:

The movement is in the oldest American tradition. Long before the word boycott was used, our forefathers made great sacrifices in enforcing a general embargo against trade with Great Britain. The purpose of a widespread voluntary boycott is to bring the Nazis to their senses or else to justify our government in declaring an embargo.⁵²

In March, 1939, Schieffelin asked Green to link up the AFL with the VCC in order to "strengthen and consolidate" America's anti-Nazi boycott movement. But Green declined, offering the reason mentioned above (p. 220). A month later, Schieffelin merged his group with the Joint Boycott Council and another recently formed non-Jewish body, the American Boycott Against Aggressor Nations (ABAAN).⁵³ The threefold organization, calling itself the Coordinated Boycott Committee (CBC), continued operations until shortly before America's entry into World War II.

The AJC-BB

Reference has been made to both the anti-protest and anti-boycott positions of the American Jewish Committee, stands which, as it will be recalled (p. 199), were shared by B'nai B'rith. But while the latter eschewed public protest meetings, it did not desist from badgering the Department of State to make diplomatic representations in behalf of the sister branch whose existence was under impending disaster in the Hitler Reich. On one occasion, in which it sought one million signatures, B'nai B'rith president, Alfred M. Cohen, had a petition dispatched to President Roosevelt requesting him to express the horror of the American people at Nazi brutality against German Jews. Following a background description concerning their desperate position, the heart of the petition says:

We respectfully call to the attention of Your Excellency the many precedents in American history for protest upon the part of our nation against so detestable a situation.

⁵¹ *Ibid.*

⁵² *American Jewish Congress Bulletin* (January 13, 1939), p. 1.

⁵³ It was founded in mid-1938 as the "Committee for a Boycott Against Japanese Aggression." The ABAAN was headed by Dr. Mary Wooley, past President of the Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass. Its Chairman was William Laub. In January, 1939, apparently as a result of the horrors of the Crystal Night, the boycott was extended to include Nazi Germany.

↓
Laub

We petition Your Excellency to use the good offices of this government, through proper diplomatic channels, and in accordance with the traditions of our country, to make clear that together with the entire civilized world the American people are struck with horror at these events, and at their continuance despite the suave assurances of the German Chancellor as to Germany's peaceful intent.

In accordance with the courageous and enlightened leadership of the United States, which you have already afforded in so many respects, we petition you to add the voice of our nation to that of the peoples of the world who love justice and liberty, and to transmit to the German Government this petition signed by American citizens of all forms of religious belief.⁵⁴

But Roosevelt did not publicly protest Nazi atrocities until the Kristallnacht in 1938, when he recalled America's ambassador from Berlin. The year before, B'nai B'rith lodges throughout the Reich had been seized and its Order liquidated. As a result, the American Order finally declared a boycott against Hitler Germany in January 1939.

By then, the Committee remained the only American Jewish defense organization opposed to the boycott. Six years earlier, upon learning that the Congress was about to join the then still burgeoning movement, the Committee circulated a position statement on the boycott for the confidential information of its sustaining members. This final and irreversible stand was "guided by the following considerations:"

(1) An official boycott against Germany will immediately provide the pretext for further excesses against the Jews in Germany.

(2) By entering on a boycott we may forfeit the friendship of Christians in many countries, including our own, and their help in many countries, including our own, and their help in our efforts to restore to the Jews in Germany their status as an integral part of the country.

(3) An official Jewish boycott of Germany would immediately crystallize a cleavage between German Christians abroad who number many millions, and Jews outside of Germany.

(4) The boycott will lead to a general retaliation against Jewish business.

(5) There are special unfortunate consequences of this boycott likely to develop in individual countries.

(6) As a method of practical politics, the boycott is unwise.

(7) The boycott is likely to stimulate antisemitic activity.

(8) The boycott is open to an ethical objection.

(9) The Jews must be concerned for the likely effects of the boycott in the future.⁵⁵

The document ends with a section entitled "Concluding Remarks", showing, in light of the Final Solution, how tragically wrong and how blind was Committee faith in and dependence upon "Christian civilization."

⁵⁴ *B'nai B'rith Magazine* vol. xlvii (July, 1933), no. 10, p. 306.

⁵⁵ Archives of the American Jewish Committee, August 17, 1933. Each point in the statement of position is expounded by further comment, and in some instances, illustrative details.

Despite the frenzied chauvinism in Germany and elsewhere throughout the world, we will not, indeed we dare not, admit that the elemental rights to life and liberty have been permanently laid low. The civilized world, which is overwhelmed at this time by an unprecedented depression, which has produced political issues of the gravest kind, may not be in the position to defend or even assert these principles in a formal way. But we Jews must not accept the situation in Germany as a permanent disaster, or believe that the civilized world will be willing to accept that situation as normal and unchangeable. Just as the American union could not exist half-slave, half-free, so Europe cannot exist with so large and important a country as Germany, in its very centre, conducting itself as a nation of the Dark Ages. To accept the defeat as permanent would be a repudiation of the ideals of peace and justice proclaimed by our prophets, for which the Jews have suffered for twenty or more centuries. Because these ideals are the foundation of Christian civilization we must feel that Christendom will itself before long protect them from destruction.⁵⁶

This naive reliance upon a world virtually indifferent as to the fate of German and, ultimately, European Jewry, was expounded on August 19, 1933 by Committee President, Dr. Cyrus Adler.

The American Jewish Committee, in agreement with responsible Jewish organizations in Europe, declines to sanction a declaration of boycott against Germany. We will not make threats, but rather rely upon the moral forces of America and of other enlightened countries in the world. If these moral forces are dead, then civilized man will perish and brutes will rule. This is a question larger than Germany, even larger than the Jews. It should engage the attention of all nations who are still possessed of conscience.⁵⁷

XII

As seen from the ideological formulations set out in the previous pages, to boycott or not to boycott became a question that confronted and challenged organizations which simply had to react to the Nazi onslaught. But the gravity of the latter was so unprecedented, its impact on American Jews and sympathetic non-Jews seemingly so intense, that analysis of this very shocking experience becomes indispensable for a better understanding of the boycott controversy.

What perplexed the American Jewish community, most particularly in the first half of 1933, was the problematic difficulty of having to reconcile itself to the fact that Hitler's promise of reckoning with the Jews was not turning out to be mere talk

⁵⁶ *Ibid.* Likening Nazi Germany's conduct to a nation of the "Dark Ages" was a favorite example of leading boycott spokesmen. But even in the thirties, such a charge unnecessarily traduced that period; for at no time during that "dark" period did a ruler arbitrarily institute a full-fledged program designed to either reduce Jews to pariah status or eliminate them completely from national life. And cruel as they were, edicts of expulsion, the one seeming exception, merely terminated a formal agreement or understanding between the Jews and the State. In fact, under this scheme, a Jewish community was entitled to leave a country if, for example, its ruler overtaxed it. Further, political equality and citizenship rights, denied to Jews by the Nazis, are anachronistic demands if applied to the hierarchical society of the Middle Ages. See, in this regard, Salo W. Baron's informative discussion in "The Modern Age", *Great Ages and Ideas of the Jewish People*, edited by Leo W. Schwarz (New York 1956), *passim*.

⁵⁷ *Ibid.*

or sheer propaganda. The shock and hurt were so much the greater, as this was happening not in "barbaric" Tsarist Russia, but "cultured" modern Germany. For it just did not seem possible that so savage an antisemitism was being conducted by a twentieth century government ruling in the heart of Europe. And belated as it may have been, part of Roosevelt's public protest referred to above (p. 60) put it exactly that way; namely, "I myself could scarcely believe that such things could occur in a twentieth-century civilization."⁵⁸

In varying degrees, such was the feeling in 1933, particularly before the Fuhrer and his Nazi power elite dared expose themselves to the world in all their goriness. To, therefore, obviate a possible credibility gap regarding events in Germany, Americans had to be convinced that the press was not coloring news originating from there, nor presenting tendentious reports influenced by either Jewish emotionalism or by the activities of anti-German interests. In fact, even U.S. government circles did not always feel certain that the Nazis' reputed anti-Jewish crusade was not being exaggerated in the public prints. Consequently, State Secretary Cordell Hull often requested from America's embassy officials in Berlin authentication of so-called atrocity tales.

To the thinking of part of the American population, confirmation of German Jewry's plight need not have produced a cry for interference and agitation. This is not to say, however, that the alleged suffering was not viewed with horror; but the feeling in such circles was that, humanitarian considerations aside, matters of this kind were the concern of Germany alone. Too late, though, did it become painfully clear to all the world that Hitler's total war against the Jews was, in fact, part of a fiendish plot to vanquish Europe.

In addition, the economic crisis that had visited the world in the wake of the Crash of 1929, busied countries with their respective internal and domestic affairs. This was further compounded by the fact that England had entered one of the most pacific moods in her history, while America, after her brief global advent in World War I, renewed her long-standing policy of isolation. Such an atmosphere of inwardness only added to the problematic issue of succoring German Jewry.

But if there was a country that could render help on a large scale, it was America—for two main reasons: one, because America was not just another democracy, but a colossus that had been a haven and the very symbol of refuge; two, it contained the largest, most affluent and influential Jewish community on earth. Besides her, only one of two other countries whose Jews numbered in the millions could be of benefit to German Jews. This was Poland, which until 1935, when the government closed down the Jews' boycott offices, did what it could in this regard. As for Russian Jews, they were, of course, totally immobilized for purposes of aid. Other Jewries, such as those of Great Britain, France, the Low Countries, and those of various East European lands in other continents, were too limited in numbers, and probably

⁵⁸ The Congress Bulletin, vol. v (Nov. 18, 1938), no. 7, p. 1.

in resources to be of decisive service; nor with the exception of Britain, were impressive boycott machineries set up in these countries.

It was with the knowledge and conviction that Nazi Germany was indeed bent on a ruthless State policy of antisemitism, that the real parting of the ways came within the American Jewish community. This, as has been described earlier in this paper (p. 199) took place in an atmosphere of tension, anger, and at times, suspicion and hostility. Of course, the main issue was the use of appropriate action in coping with a problem which might otherwise become world-wide; for there was genuine foreboding that the Nazi brand of Jew-hatred would spill over beyond Germany's borders, even across the ocean into the United States, a land where the antisemitism engendered by Henry Ford's *Dearborn Independent* was still fresh in the minds of American Jews.⁵⁹ In fact, only one day after Hitler's appointment as Chancellor, William Dudley Pelley initiated his Legion of the Silver Shirts, the most notorious of the mushrooming antisemitic outfits. Thus, U.S. Jews had immediate cause to fear, not only for the well-being of their brethren in Germany, but also for their own-welfare and safety.

This, precisely, was the position of the American Jewish Committee and B'nai B'rith. They feared that protest, and certainly boycott, would alienate enlightened non-Jewish opinion in America. It was this element, they claimed, that constituted the most important counter-force to Hitler. Behind such thinking was the notion that only through diplomatic efforts would the more moderate Nazis stand a chance of having a restraining influence on Hitler.

Furthermore, officially, the American Jewish Committee could and did claim that its declared position was true to the principles of its constitution. This, in part, said that "if the persons on the spot feel themselves able to cope with the situation, no action need be taken." Of course, the Committee had no illusions about Reich Jewry's ability to cope with its situation; but it did point to letters received from "responsible" German Jews and organizations imploring American Jews to desist from engaging in protest or boycott action. One should bear in mind, however, that concurrence in this request was also actuated by the fact that the AJC-BB constituencies consisted of many members of German extraction who feared that agitation of this kind would serve as a pretext for keeping their kin hostage and sequestering their property and wealth.⁶⁰

Not so the American Jewish Congress-Jewish Labor Committee which, by and large, consisted of East European immigrants who scoffed at quietist methods as a means of defeating incorrigible antisemites. The background and expe-

⁵⁹ For example, on May 29, 1933, Representative Louis T. McFadden of Pennsylvania delivered in the House a speech containing anti-Jewish references which were culled from the spurious Protocols of the Elders of Zion. He also quoted some offensive statements from articles previously published in the *Dearborn Independent*. The following day, Adler (p. 223) dispatched the House Speaker a telegram branding as false McFadden's defamatory charges. For more details, consult the *American Jewish Yearbook*, vol. xxxvi, (Philadelphia 1934), pp. 448-49.

⁶⁰ See pp. 59-60. 221-222

rience of the former taught them to offer a rigorous fight for Jewish rights, rather than to depend too much on intercession. Dependence on the latter alone, they soon became convinced, not only has no pacifying effect on the Nazis, but even invites further excesses on their part. Many from among their ranks who had become impatient with Congress' dilly dallying over the boycott found in Untermyer a transitory channel for satisfying their activist demands.

One might have thought that so implacable a foe as Hitler would have produced more harmony, instead of the pathetic disunity that characterized U.S. Jewry during the thirties. But considering the divergent backgrounds of America's Jewish leadership, this is not too surprising. Thus, because it was led by so exemplary a capitalist as Untermyer, Vladeck, between February, 1934, when he launched the Jewish Labor Committee, and July, 1935, when he became amenable to Tenenbaum's suggestion of merger with the Congress Boycott Committee, apparently made no effort at union with the ANL; this, despite the fact that during this interval Vladeck periodically conferred with Untermyer—but only in ^{an} advisory capacity—on matters of boycott as the invited guest of the League's Board of Directors. As for the Zionist-oriented Congress, he regarded it an agency of the "Jewish bourgeoisie." Small wonder, then, that Wise depicted him "as hostile to nationalism" (p. 218).

In retrospect, it would seem, however, that of the several boycott leaders, it was Untermyer who was most responsible for the dislocation and disunity of the movement. Of course, there is no denying his indispensability to it; but it is precisely for this reason that he must be charged with tactical and intellectual blunder for his obsessive insistence that the anti-Nazi boycott was a non-sectarian movement. For to have stuck dogmatically to this thesis in the teeth of a merciless and incessant anti-Jewish crusade by the Nazis seems absolutely ludicrous. Naturally, Hitler's tyranny was also extended to such non-Jewish elements as labor unions and the Catholic Church. This is why boycott partisans sought to attract such groups into their fold. But notwithstanding this, Untermyer very well realized that only Jews, as such, were being singled out by Hitler for total elimination from Germany's political, intellectual and economic life. And if one adds, as one indeed must, the concomitants of this deteriorating process—degradation, bloody rioting and rightlessness—then the inevitable moral for Jew and non-Jew alike certainly is not non-sectarianism. This being the case, Untermyer's approach is all the more oblique, if not escapist, for having deliberately neutralized a pioneering Jewish boycott organization (the ALDJR).

That this was a backward step is also attested by the fact that the non-Jewish population did not identify itself with Jewish suffering to the point of becoming boycott-conscious. Real "non-sectarian" boycott groups such as VCC and ABAAN were tiny in size and made a tardy appearance; but what is noteworthy in this connection is that they merged with the "sectarian" JBC, rather than with the Non-Sectarian League, which, despite its name, remained, essentially, a Jewish body with a sprinkling of non-Jewish officers and directors.

For millennia, the Jewish people were united by strong bonds of brotherhood

and comradeship. In view, therefore, of an unprecedented campaign to root them out in an entire country, it would have been contrary to their very nature for Jews not to react as Jews. Moreover, such a display of self-assertion and self-help prepared the moral ground for requesting non-Jewish help. It was by thus being in the forefront of the fight against Nazism, that the Jew, with the aid of public enlightenment, cultivated social conscience, thereby acquiring and being able to count upon the Christian allies in whose midst he lived.

This was a characteristic aim of the American Jewish Congress⁶¹, and that is why it and similar-minded groups insisted on the conduct of an organized boycott. Moreover, according to the Congress, this demand represented the inclination and desire of the Jewish masses. And conversely, in recommending a silent or individual boycott, the diametrically opposed American Jewish Committee, despite a leadership which constituted a virtual "Who's Who in American Jewry," spoke only for a fraction of the latter.

Aside from this, the Committee's boycott policy suffered from fundamental shortcomings and disadvantages; for an unorganized boycott makes for a vague goal, suggests lack of resolution, dooming thereby any real prospects of success. On the other hand, although by the mid-thirties it became evident that, of itself, the organized boycott could not stop Hitler, it did not produce the negative consequences presaged by the Committee. On the contrary, one is tempted to speculate that a global air-tight boycott, if applied early enough, would have averted World War II, or even have toppled the Hitler regime. But while this shall always remain an imponderable of history, it must be said that the boycott forms the prologue of the resistance movement against a tyranny that was to produce the greatest catastrophe that the world and the Jews had ever experienced.

3-11
moving

The

ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

VOL. IV—No. 3.

— INTERSTATE CONFERENCE ISSUE —

MARCH, 1937

CHRISTIANITY ON THE DEFENSIVE

FRANK RITCHIE

THE ill wind that roared over Germany when Hitler became Chancellor scattered the seeds of Fascism in many directions, but in the manner of the proverb, it also brought new courage and determination to those small minorities in the countries of the world who are the watchdogs of human freedom.

I remember one of the last lines from Maxwell Anderson's play, "Valley Forge", when the Father of this nation says, perhaps apocryphally, but with true eloquence, "Liberty will seem easier, bye and bye, when men don't have to die for it." Men are dying for it in Spain; are being exiled and imprisoned for it in Germany. Liberty is becoming a rare and precious thing.

Fascist Penetration

It is a credit to the Communists in this country that they do not hesitate to make known their purpose and desires. But the Fascists, and there are many, work under cover, circulating their literature secretly, and waiting, waiting for their opportune moment—a moment such as Hitler grasped in Germany. They disguise their intentions under high-sounding words like "patriotism" and "Americanism," and are thus deluding hundreds of thousands of citizens, and many intelligent ones, too, who fear that our democracy is being endangered by the "Red" hordes.

The pro-Fascist press and sympathizers have given the word "Red" the same connotation that the word "Hun" had during the War. Thus Hitler worked in Germany, concealing his Fascism under the misleading term of "National Socialism" and railing against the Bolshevik menace with unbridled venom.

If the Communists are accused of godlessness, cannot that word be applied with equal justice to the German Fascists? The God we worship is the father of all races of men. His Kingdom on earth is a world brotherhood. How can Hitler and his myriadons reconcile their vicious anti-Semitism and absurd Aryan superiority with such a God?

Hitler Persecutes Christ

The Christian Church in Germany has not escaped the Fascist onslaught, for National Socialism will tolerate the Church only so long as it submits to the State decrees and spreads its tenets. It is well known that powerful leaders in the Third Reich ridicule the doctrines of the Church, the humility of Christ—and warn the clergy that the divinity of God must yield to the divinity of the Nazi-State.

THIS article offers the private views of Mr. Ritchie, and in no way speaks for the American Committee for Christian German Refugees, of which Mr. Ritchie is Executive Director.

Can't you hear their loud laughter at Christ's eternal words, that "the meek shall inherit the earth?"

Gradually the officials of the Third Reich are giving up their church memberships. This action has been viewed with sidelong glances abroad, result-

ing for the sake of their belief, is a lesson in twentieth century martyrdom.

Hitler Stifles Church Revolt

The newspapers of Germany, controlled by Herr Goebbel's efficient Department of Propaganda, are practi-

cal Church is bound by the first Commandment to reject that assumption. When the Aryan human being is glorified, God's word bears witness to the sinfulness of all men. When, within the compass of the National Socialist view of life, an anti-Semitism is forced on the Christian that binds him to hatred of the Jew, the Christian's injunction to love one's neighbor still stands for him opposed to it."

Nazism Victimizes Youth

The anti-Christian propaganda finds its easiest victims among children and youth. Theirs is an education in hatred, in war, in blind reverence to the sign of the swastika. Religion is constantly being held up to scorn. A signboard of the Hitler Youth, to which every young man in Germany must belong if he expects to get a job, posts such a statement as this:

"Where are the enemies of our Hitler Youth? They are the religious fanatics who still today fall on their knees with wistful looks directed upward, who spend their time attending churches and praying. We, as Hitler boys, can regard only with contempt and derision young people who still today run to their ridiculous evangelical or catholic clubs to give themselves up to eminently superfluous religious reveries?"

Youth is impressionable and afraid to be laughed at. It can hardly be expected to retain its faith against such opposition. Even prayers are being written for children to say at table, which invoke the blessing not of God, but of der Fuehrer, and ask for "His" guidance and protection.

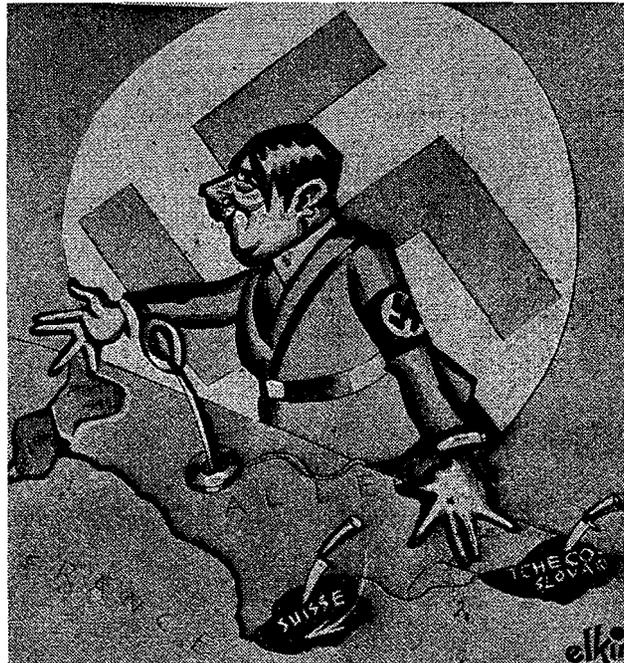
Hitler Demands "Total" Nazification

The completeness with which National Socialism demands the allegiance of the individual is perhaps best expressed by Nazi Labor Front Leader Ley when he says:

"The Party claims the totality of the soul of the German people. It can and will not suffer that another party or party-view dominates in Germany. We believe that the German people can become eternal only through National Socialism, and therefore, we require the last German, whether Protestant or Catholic."

To sign such a pledge and remain true to Christian principles, is practically impossible. As a result, many Christians who wish to retain their integrity and others who want to rescue their children from the prejudices and racial hatreds being fostered in the German schools, are leaving their homeland. The exodus from Nazi-Germany continues day by day—a brave

(Continued on page-10)



ing in a recent edict that no publicity shall be given to such resignations in the German press. Many of these officials are allying themselves with the Nationalist Church Movement which seeks to replace both Catholicism and Protestantism. This is a semi-Christian, semi-pagan organization which practically outlaws the use of the old Testament, denies that Christ was a Jew, and distorts Christianity to fit the National Socialist ideology.

The struggle between the Christian Church and the Totalitarian State is reaching a dangerous crisis. The outcome at the present time is unknown, but the heroism of the Protestant and Catholic clergymen who are risking imprisonment, torture and execution,

callously silent on this controversy. When recently a four-thousand word protest was submitted to Chancellor Hitler by ten Protestant leaders of Germany whose courage and audacity astounded the world, not one word about it was printed in the German press, though it received front-page attention here. There was also complete official silence, and no answer has ever been given. But this historic document shall ever be a memorial to the struggle for survival that Christianity is now making in Germany.

The signers denounced anti-Semitism in these unforgettable words:

"When blood, race, nationality and honor are raised to the rank of qualities that guarantee eternity, the Evan-

BOYCOTT BREVITIES

FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

Nazi Trade Balance

FAVORABLE reports of the German economic situation in 1936 are greatly misleading. Although the trade balance for 1936 was 550 million marks as compared with 111 million marks in 1935, this did not improve the foreign relations with the Reichsbank.

Economic developments in Germany are dominated chiefly by a program of national defense and preparedness. The increase in machinery production, for example, has been due chiefly to new orders for armaments. The quest for greater self-sufficiency in both industry and food stuffs and the aim to improve its foreign trade-balance are seriously handicapped by growing difficulties in foreign barter-trade and in foreign loan-relations.

Gold coverage of the Reichsbank is now a fraction of 1% and is rapidly approaching zero. In the meantime Schacht is feverishly looking about for new loans, based upon a state of prosperity, the spuriousness of which is becoming increasingly apparent to the rest of the world.

Strength of Boycott

THE strength of the boycott of German goods is again indicated by a comparison of American imports of German goods with those of imports from other countries.

While imports of German commodities to the United States in 1936 amounted to \$79,589,914, our total imports for the same year were \$2,419,229,098. This amounted to 3.2%. This is the smallest yearly percentage thus far. In 1932 our imports from Germany were 5.6% of our total imports. In 1933 they were 5.4%. In 1934, 4.2% and in 1935 it was 3.8%.

Do you know of any frauds or subterfuges used in offering Nazi-German Goods? If you do, let The League know at once!

Umbrellas

THE attention of boycotters is called to the fact that a number of umbrella-manufacturers are using German cloth. While considerable strides have been made in the replacement of German cloth for umbrellas with silk, rayon and other materials from other countries, it is not always easy to determine which are German and which are not.

When in the market for umbrellas, make certain that your invoice or sales-slip contains the place of origin of the cloth. In the event that your supplier does not know, as is likely to be the case, he will have to check with his own source, and the importance of being cautious against Nazi-goods will be apparent.

Nazis Export Explosives; 6,645 Tons Rise to 10,161

Nazi-Germany's entry into world markets as a seller of war materials has been confirmed by the Business Research Institute, which, surveying world trade in war materials, writes, though only in a footnote:

"After shattering the fetters of the Versailles treaty, Germany recently has been able to join again the trade in war materials. Their export, however, has stayed so far within modest bounds. Germany's exports of arms and munitions, for instance, were considerably smaller in 1936 than France's and Britain's."

According to official figures German exports of "explosives, munitions and ignition materials" rose from 6,645 tons in 1935 to 10,161 tons in 1936, and exports in motor vehicles and airplanes from 36,738 tons in 1935 to 57,473 tons in 1936.

German Shipping

EVEN German shipping with the multitude of advantages it has to offer, has been unable to successfully penetrate the boycott feeling, according to statements made in a recent lecture by S. Essberger, a leading figure in German shipping; "The future is not very bright for German maritime enterprise." The result of the gradual improvement in the international shipping market has not been reflected in German shipping. In spite of an increase in cargo, the low rates on all except tramp shipping have been bringing Germany little profit. And even in the case of tramp shipping where there has been an increase in rates, Germany has been able to make little gain because of the long term contracts previously made on the low rate schedule.

Watch Nazi Subterfuges!

THERE are numerous subterfuges used by German manufacturers and importers in this country to avoid marking regulations. For instance, iron bars, brushes, surgical instruments and numerous other items are made extra long, and the country of origin is stamped near the end, so that it is hardly noticeable and can be easily removed. Mirrors receive felt backings, dolls are dressed, drug ampules are covered with firm labels, thus hiding the original and real source of origin. In those cases the ultimate consumer cannot tell by casual inspection and sometimes not even by careful inspection that the country of origin is Germany. Even canary birds are made unwilling accomplices in these violations of the law. They are often taken out of their cages and placed in American cages. Fabric gloves are dyed or have their cuffs removed. The examples of such violations are numerous and require ever careful sentryship of the Research Department, its inspectors and the boycott-conscious consuming public.

Nazi Harmonicas

IT is reported that a new school for musical instruction which is opening at 1658 Broadway will specialize in the Borah Minevich harmonica. Incidentally, this instrument is still a German product; attempts to disguise it as "Czechoslovak" in the past have failed.

Pupils attending a musical school which uses German instruments are generally supplied with such instruments "without warning." This is one of the "pleasant" methods used for foisting Nazi merchandise on the American public, as the League has repeatedly pointed out to be the case with supplies used in beauty culture schools.

Is Butler Brothers Cooperating?

NUMEROUS inquiries have reached the League regarding the position on the boycott of Butler Brothers, general merchandise chain and mail order house. This firm formerly obtained a considerable part of its goods from Germany. Most of the items such as gloves, toys and novelties, have been replaced. At the present time they are, however, still importing harmonicas and Christmas ornaments from Germany. It is hoped that even these will be replaced by the products of Czechoslovakia and Poland, from whence other importers are now replenishing their supplies.

Furs

BAUM MARTINS and Stone Martins are apt to be of German origin although similar skins are also imported from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, and Poland.

The customs authorities do not at present require the marking of individual fur skins, although the packages are marked at the time of importation. It has therefore been the practice to distribute such skins without indicating the source. Until the customs authorities can be persuaded to require individual markings, it will be necessary for purchasers to obtain written guarantee as to the source in each case.

Metals

THE Nazi government continues to control stocks of precious and base metals. A Nazi government decree of January 26, 1937, requires all private persons who are engaged in trade or manufacture of metals to place any stocks of platinum, silver, lead, tin, or zinc they may have on hand at the disposal of the Board of Control for Base Metals or of the Board of Control for Precious Metals. These boards are solely competent to decide about disposal of all metals and are in control of such matters as prices and terms of sale. This is one further step taken toward the complete domination of metals needed by the Nazi War Industries.

Marking Regulations Tightened

The numerous frauds which have been carried on in the importation of merchandise from such unpopular countries as Nazi-Germany, where the object was the concealment of the place of origin, have led the U. S. customs-authorities to take new and drastic measures. It has been decided, for example, to require that substantial labels showing the country of origin conspicuously and legibly, be used on importations. The labels must be securely fastened to the containers of the merchandise. In addition the merchandise itself must, of course, be clearly marked. Stenciling which was formerly used to a large extent for the labeling of packages will no longer be permitted, as it has been found that unscrupulous merchants are always ready to wash off stenciled names.

The Bureau announces at the same time that picks for musical instruments must be individually marked by dye-sinking or other permanent methods, except that picks of shell may show origin in indelible ink.

Bicycle frames must be permanently marked by use of decalcomanias coated with varnish, or by dye-stamping, embossing, or engraving the frames or nameplates securely fastened thereto. These two rulings will be effective June 2nd and May 3rd, respectively.

Yugoslavs Cut Nazi Trade

The Belgrade National Bank today ordered Yugoslav exports to Germany cut by 50 per cent until April 30. An announcement said there was fear that Germany would be unable to pay for the large balance of trade favoring Yugoslavia in its commerce with Germany.

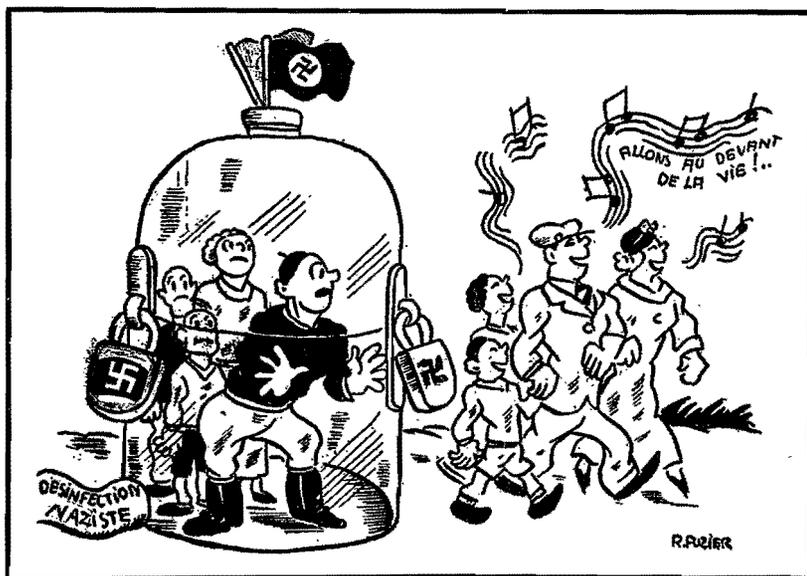
If you need a substitute for a Nazi-made product, communicate with The League; we will send you all information!

German Type Faces

ADVERTISERS and printers should be aware of the fact that many of the type-faces now used are made in Nazi-Germany. The chief importers and dealers are Bauer Type Foundry, Inc., Continental Typefounders Association, Inc., European Typefounders, Inc., all of New York City, and Turner Typefounders Company of Cleveland, Ohio.

The chief German types are the following: Corvinus, Beton, Futura, Gillies Gothic, Bernhard, Trafton Script, Girdler, and Signal.

It is important to specify in every instance that only non-German type is acceptable. If one desires unusual type-faces, there are plenty of American ones that will meet all needs. The League will be glad to supply full particulars to all interested parties.



THE NAZI MENACE

By H. WICKHAM STEED

Mr. Steed was formerly the Editor of the TIMES, London, Foreign Editor and Foreign Correspondent in Berlin, Vienna, Rome and the Balkans. This speech, reprinted here, was delivered by Mr. Steed on September 7, 1936, during the British Trades Union Congress Week, at a meeting of The British Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council to Champion Human Rights in London. We reprint this speech in somewhat condensed form, and offer it to our readers for whatever they think it worth.

I BELONG to no party. I do not belong to the Anti-Nazi Council. I am a simple Englishman who believes in democratic institutions, who believes that the future of those institutions in the world depends very largely upon the example of the people of this country, and upon their resolve to uphold them by every means that may be necessary, including the coercion of their own Government.

I detest oppression. For that reason I have done all in my power by word and by pen to oppose and criticise oppression . . . in Germany by the Nazi Government. I have not bowed the knee in any Nazi temple, and I do not intend to do so. I stand here as a simple British citizen who is seriously concerned about the future of our country.

Danger to World-Peace

The President spoke of the menace of Nazism. I agree with him. It is a menace that has grown so strong that it has become a danger to the peace of Europe and to the world, and perhaps, to the existence of this country. We are bound to ask ourselves what lies behind this Fascist or Nazi movement.

Now I am going to say something which will appear heretical. This Nazi movement has grown strong because of . . . threatened . . . property. I believe property was made for man, not man for property, but I am not sure that some degree of personal possession is not an indispensable condition of individual freedom. One day I may even push heresy so far as to write a defence of property—including the property of the trade unions and co-operative societies. When property and individual freedom were suppressed . . . there grew up . . . movements that suppressed freedom but pretended to defend property.

I am not going to inflict upon you a talk upon private property and its limits. We may find it necessary to curtail those limits very considerably in all cases where individual property or capital accumulation fulfils an anti-social function. On those points I have a perfectly open mind; but on others I have not an open mind. Some of the latter are the sanctity of the human personality, the right of individual freedom, and the necessity that in a

democratic country men's and women's minds should be self-governing, and should not be moulded by State propaganda enforced by daily beatings in concentration camps and by tortures of which it makes one shudder to think. These things are going on daily in Germany . . .

Hitler Courts Great Britain

There is one thing to-day in Europe, however little we may like it, which provides a certain stabilising influence. It is the military might of Soviet Russia. We do not know how strong Soviet Russia may be. Her strength as regards Europe is an uncertain quantity, but it is the one thing that makes Hitler and the German General Staff careful, the one thing against which they are anxious to range the people of this country. To-day, the main, immediate object of Nazi Germany, exactly as it was the immediate object of Imperial Germany in 1913-14, is to insure the neutrality of Great Britain when the hour comes for Germany to strike.

The Treaty of Versailles

Reference has been made to the Treaty of Versailles. I assume that all those who speak of it have read and studied the Treaty. Until they have done so they are not entitled to express an opinion upon it. There were defects in the Treaty, but it removed 80 million people in Europe from servitude to alien rule. When we say that it put disabilities upon Germany we must not leave our minds under the impression of propaganda which would have us believe that the Treaty of Versailles made a wholly unjustifiable accusation against Germany.

There are, in the Treaty of Versailles two or three articles which may be called "war-guilt articles." One of them refers to Wilhelm of Hohenzollern, formerly German Emperor. The Germans have never objected to that, but another article, 231, placed upon Germany the responsibility, not the guilt, for the damage done in the War brought on by the aggression of Germany and her allies. The word "responsibility" was translated "guilt," and it took six months to make the Germans translate it accurately. It was not (and the German Delegation at Versailles were officially informed

that it was not) an attribution of moral guilt. It was a legal statement of claim in respect to damage done. Nevertheless, German propaganda made play with the so-called "war-guilt-lie" in order to get rid of reparations for the damage done in the war. That is a truth which can be proved up to the hilt.

History Repeats Itself?

This country, and it is a lesson to-day, went so far in 1912-13 as to agree with Germany to help her build her railway to Baghdad and the Persian Gulf. Then we revised in Germany's favour an old Anglo-German treaty for the eventual partition of the Portuguese colonies. Having done that we sent the British Fleet to Kiel in June, 1914, as a supreme proof of friendship. No sooner . . . Germany thought she had secured the neutrality of Britain, than an emissary was sent from Berlin to Vienna to tell the Austrian Government that now Germany was sure Great Britain was going to be friendly that they could go ahead against Serbia. This . . . before the assassination of the Austrian Archduke. The whole idea was to get us to be neutral, and not to stand against any country which resorts to war as a means of settling international questions. The same sort of propaganda with the same purpose is at work to-day.

"Bamboozled" Lloyd George

I should very much like to have stood behind a curtain and listened when Mr. Lloyd George visited Herr Hitler recently. Mr. Lloyd George has not gone over in total ignorance of what is being prepared in Germany. He is not a simple soul. Neither is Herr Hitler a simple soul. If Mr. Lloyd George allows himself to be bamboozled it will not be through ignorance of what is going on.

Nazi Pan-Germanism

What is going on? I said that Fascism and Nazism have grown strong, thanks to the belief that they were defending property against Socialism, Communism, Bolshevism and so on. If that were all, the matter might be much easier to handle. But Nazism has developed and extended the whole doctrine of the old pan-

Germanism according to which Germany must rule throughout Europe from the North Sea to the Bosphorus, and perhaps to the Persian Gulf, and must bring under her control all countries that may stand in her way. That doctrine is old, but it has now been taken up again and renewed on the strength of the claim that the German "Aryan" race, which does not exist, is so superior in blood to everybody else that it is entitled to have all the soil it may need for the propagation of its blood.

Race and War

Behind this lies the sacrifice of the whole German people for military purposes, from children of five to men of 50 and beyond. In the schools the children are taught to believe that God is in the German blood, and that they must have one ideal before them—to die for the Fatherland. At every gathering the girls are reminded that it is their duty to bear children for the Fatherland, and the boys to die for the Fatherland. What kind of spirit do you think 20 years of this training will produce when it is instilled in the schools or through the Hitler Youth Organization?

Germany is to-day preparing herself to be stronger than any modern nation has ever been. It is no accident that this year General Ludendorff, the former chief of the German General Staff, should have published a book, "Total War," in which he describes war as the supreme object of a nation's life. Two hundred thousand copies of that book had been sold by the month of June.

Totalitarian War

A kind of blood mysticism, linked with an almost religious fervour, is behind the German policy of territorial acquisition and aggrandisement. And behind it too, lies the conscription of the whole German people for military purposes. It means that when the moment has come and the risk is thought to be least—and it will be thought to be least if there is a certainty that Great Britain will stand aside and will tolerate the use of war for settling political questions — it

(Continued on page 10)

The ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

Published monthly, except July and August, at 16 Hudson Place, Hoboken, New Jersey, by the ECONOMIC BULLETIN PUBLISHING COMPANY
591 SUMMIT AVENUE, JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

Subscription \$1.00 per Year

10c per Copy

Vol. IV—No. 3



MARCH, 1937

Entered as Second Class Matter at Hoboken, New Jersey, Post Office

Germany Refuses Apology for Insults to U. S.

For the past two weeks we have been witnessing a fusillade of verbal vituperation, most of which represented but the usual output of the Nazi press against the U. S., its women, mayors and Jews in particular. Our Secretary of State, ever ready to please and—apologize, felt it his duty to lodge an official protest with the Nazi Government who controls the German press. To make the well-publicized story short: Germany side-stepped the issue, but did not apologize! There is a lesson in this, a lesson that needs a thorough study and consequent application:

While the great democracy of the U. S. wasted no time in apologizing to the correctly stamped "satisfaktionsunfaehig" Hitler, little Austria coldly, boldly, definitely rejected Germany's protests as to the Austrian press' falsification of news-reports and politely told the "Furore" (!) to "sweep before his own door." Hitler's anger rose—Goebbels opened his mouth still wider—Goerring added another bright stripe to his uniforms, but Austria's smack stood, unrefuted still!

Here in our own U. S. Nazi storm-troopers, Nazi-newspapers, Nazi-agents and organizations are blossoming in Nazi-money-manured soil. In England, a Nazi ambassador embarrasses the King of Great Britain by stretching his heel into the clouds, in Spain Hitler's "labor"-campers are fighting for the "prevention of communism", in South-America Hitler paves a gilded road of "self-sufficiency." It was left to little Austria to tell Hitler and his gang where to get off, while we here still call him names—there is none printable nor pronounceable that would do Herr Hitler full justice! May it be stated, however, that it is the unquestionable duty of the U. S. Government to investigate the Nazi abuses and swindles and attacks, to correct them by strong and unhesitating action—NOW!

"Germany--The Victim of Executive Irresponsibility"

Thus writes the Chicago Daily Tribune editorially on March 18th, and continue

"... Hitler need account to no one for his acts and his policies. No court can check him. He is a law to himself. He has taxed the German people with great severity, but they cannot meet the government's bills... Germany has not yet paid the full price for Hitler's management of the nation's finances, but the payment will have to be made. Germany is again close to the edge of financial collapse... In view of her desperate position, help from abroad is no longer probable..."

This in connection with Hitler's numerous and especially recent attempt to falsify a secret debt of 25 Billion Marks and to conceal its budgetary expenditures from not only the outside world but from his "own" (?) German people as well. To date, Hitler has used various expedients in financing his "victorious" regime; he has confiscated private capital, savings, bank deposits, property, and business—taking loans on them, has slashed wages by 50%, instituted serf-labor, militarized a people from cradle to grave for economic self-sufficiency and the hardship of war, has manipulated so-called trust-funds, piled up floating loans, scrapped foreign obligations, and reduced the German mark to a scare-crow-currency. Whatever the Nazis have been able to scrape together on monies, Hitler immediately spent, so that today more than 5 billion dollars have been spent for armaments... Rearmament costs almost \$75.00

per head in Hitler's German 'paradise'! Germany represents today a floating poor-house, decorated with all kinds of deadly weapons and poisonous slogans, manned by hungry and driven slaves wearing the gaudy banners usually attributed to clowns and imbeciles.

"... In view of her desperate position, help from abroad is no longer probable..." writes The Tribune, and yet—despite the truly desperate financial, economic, social, and no less political position of Nazi Germany, American banking circles still seem to harbor the thought of extending a tremendous loan to Hitler. Denials have poured in, counter-statements have been issued, yet the facts are that negotiations are still progressing and nothing has been done to curtail and eliminate such foolhardiness and outright crime, for it must be considered a crime to aid and participate in the perpetuation (if only temporary) of Hitler and his regime. Sending good money after bad—as we have pointed out in the February issue of the BULLETIN—is a practice long relegated to the category of impracticable and stupid. The only means to avert a European conflagration is not to give Hitler hush-money, but to deny him every financial and other support until such time when he will permit "his" people to eat, sleep, pray, work, think as they wish and enjoy a good book instead of a gun, until such time when he will give "his" people the chance to express themselves as to their wanting him or not! Hitler may not WANT war, but in order to perpetuate himself and his ghastly order-of-things he MUST make war sooner or later. By helping (?) him now, we are helping our own destroyers, the destroyers of democracy, the destroyers of liberalism, freedom and the rights of man. What can you do? Not much perhaps, and yet so very much! Be on the alert—make your individual boycott stronger yet—express your negation of proposed loans to governmental representatives and agencies—spread the word and let democracy defend itself IN TIME against its greatest enemy!

"The German War Is Inevitable"

"The German War is as inevitable as the Spartan War against Athens. But how little history tells about victorious Sparta; how much it tells about defeated Athens!" Thus write the great German biographer and historian Emil Ludwig in "The Coming War," an article in the March issue of CURRENT HISTORY. With eyes that see deep and far, with ears that hear the past and with a super-sensitivity of pen that sense history, Emil Ludwig records in this article the entire background and make-up of Hitler.

"Every German cannon is charged with 10% philosophy, and all poison gas contains a lyric ingredient." How magnificently explained is here the secret of Nazi-Germany, this peculiar mixture of things practical and things fantastical, of those primary elements which makes Germans—in the language of Ludwig—say: Free us from Freedom!, after having been coerced to accept freedom. How expertly is revealed here the real secret of Hitler's success in sweeping individuality and personal responsibility off the horizon and substituting in their stead this passion for power, on which an entire people is being concentrated and nourished. Let Emil Ludwig continue:

"... There are those optimists who believe that Germany can achieve its ends by means of threats because it has thus far been successful. They are mistaken, for Germany has not yet encroached upon foreign territory. Naturally, Hitler himself hopes to get on by means of extortion and without resorting to war, for obviously he wants to avoid the conflict that would destroy him... Living by violence, dictatorships are swept off their feet by violence... The war will come because the Germans will combine their brutal might with the war philosophy of fascism, because they will give their cold organization a mystical purpose, because they will turn ordinary obedience into sacrificial fervor for the victory of the German race. "The Germans," wrote Goethe, "are so honorable as individuals and so wretched as a whole, and yet they believe just the opposite to be true"..."

Scanning the latest news-reports from Naziland, we find that Hitler has finally squeezed the film industry under Goebbels' thumbs, has commanded the people to "obey and keep their mouths shut," and has so brazenly broken the Concordat with the Vatican that an encyclical 'promises resistance and fight in defense of faith.' Numerous elements in the Evangelical Church have openly threatened to boycott the Nazi-called church election. To top it all, Hitler's sword-swallower Streicher issues an Easter message that 'Christ was an Aryan who fought against the Jews.'

When such unholy terror is being openly released by a handful of egomaniacs, and when the German people are compelled to make use of the boycott in order to shake off the shackles of 'their leaders' (?), Hitler stands indelibly accused and—convicted! Pity the younger German generation that must breathe and live in such contaminated atmosphere. Let us show our pity and sympathy by helping to remove their self-imposed teachers and leaders! Translate your feelings into action: Boycott—for the world wants no war! Boycott—for the sake of youth everywhere, whom we owe a debt, the debt of chance to breathe and live, to work, pray and think as free men and free women. Boycott Hitler and preserve the very constituents of humanity!

INTERSTATE CONFERENCE FOR UNIFICATION; UNTERMYER SCORES SECRETARY OF STATE, HULL

A HISTORIC achievement occurred at the Interstate Conference called by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights on Sunday, March 7th at the Hotel Astor, New York, when more than one hundred delegates from organizations of all parts of the country voted an ambitious plan to unify the anti-Nazi movements under a single leadership and a non-sectarian banner, designating the League as the "coordinating body."

The Conference echoed its enthusiastic support of Mr. Untermyer's stinging rebuke to Secretary of State, Hull, for "his gratuitous insult to Mayor La Guardia in apologizing to the Hitler Government." Mr. Untermyer's statement was part of a long message telegraphed by the renowned attorney from his home in Palm Springs, California, where he is ending a protracted convalescence. (See Mr. Untermyer's message on other page.)

Additional fuel was tossed into the La Guardia-Hull controversy over the former's statement that "a chamber of horrors" would be a fitting place to house the German part of the World's Fair exhibits, when the League's Conference unanimously passed a resolution endorsing the New York Mayor's attack on the Nazi Leader.

By far the most important resolution adopted by the Conference and probably the most significant accomplishment of the day's proceedings was one which designated the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League as the "coordinating and integrating body of the organizations represented." This resolution, which as all the others was passed unanimously, contained the plan for a national movement to organize all anti-Nazi groups behind the League's leadership and under a non-sectarian banner.

Dr. Max Winkler

Among the many notables who addressed the Conference was Dr. Max Winkler, Professor of Economics at the College of the City of New York, and President of the American Council of Foreign Bondholders.

Dr. Winkler declared that the efforts of certain foreign governments, particularly Great Britain, to aid Germany with financial assistance were the major forces contributing to the dangers of war. Dr. Winkler said the American public had already lost more than three billion dollars in German investments. Dr. Winkler said "Schacht's plea for colonies is another desperate attempt to divert the attention of the Germans from a most serious situation in the financial and economic structure of Germany. The boycott of German goods and German services," Dr. Winkler continued, "must not only continue but must be

IF you have changed or are contemplating to change your address, please notify the League's offices immediately, so that all issues of the Bulletin and all other mailing pieces will reach you promptly and regularly.

Thank You!

Telegram from Mr. Samuel Untermyer to the Interstate Conference of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights, Inc. Held at the Hotel Astor in New York City on Sunday, March 7th, 1937.

PLEASE convey my very deep regret that health prevents attendance and opportunity to personally express my best wishes for meeting's success stop I would have liked particularly to address you by way of emphatic protest on two subjects connected with the conduct of our State Department first its hopeless inefficiency in persistently permitting our tariff laws to be violated or evaded by German merchants to the great injury of our manufacturers, by flooding this country with contraband German merchandise in unfair competition with our manufacturers, based on undervaluations, blocked marks and other subterfuges and grossly false or evasive invoices, and by camouflaging or falsifying our customs laws requiring that the country of origin be plainly labeled on such contraband goods stop We are being literally flooded with such contraband goods by methods intended to deceive our people and fraudulently to evade our country's trade resistance created by the American boycott stop We must strengthen our boycott by establishing in every American port of entry adequate machinery to protect against these frauds our merchants and consumers who do not want German goods at any price stop Secondly, I earnestly protest against the gratuitous insult involved in the extraordinary action of our State Department in apologizing to the Hitler government for Mayor La Guardia's mild and happy characterization of the monstrous Hitler regime that is a standing disgrace to civilization, which is day by day crushing every instinct of decency and is confiscating property and violating every rule of racial and religious freedom It is ever increasingly a stench in the nostrils of all decent citizens and of every lover of liberty stop For four long years Hitler and his band of thugs and murderers have continued to squander untold sums in lying international propaganda of hate, libel and vituperation against this country and its citizens and government and to flood not only our country in violation of our laws but other countries as well stop Does our Secretary of State imagine Hitler and his bandit gang can indefinitely without restraint continue to strut around the world's stage a continuous threat to world peace stop What then could be more appropriate than that our courageous outspoken Mayor with our almost three millions of Jewish inhabitants and its millions of Christians equally outraged by that Godless Atheistic gang should exercise his right to freedom of speech which thank God still exists in this fair land of ours by fittingly characterizing the insult that Hitler and his minions and government are heaping upon our people because of their race and creed stop Is it not sufficient just reproach of our government that our State Department has been content to stand cowardly idly by without a word of official protest whilst this cesspool of libelous propaganda is being poured upon our citizens because of their race All Hail to Mayor La Guardia say I for his superb courage stop This is not the first offense of our State Department against the exercise of freedom of speech by our citizens stop Some years ago when in a speech in New York I rightly and upon abundant evidence characterized the then activities which have never ceased of the German Ambassador in this country as being those of a German propagandist masquerading as an ambassador on American soil our Secretary of State on complaint of this same propagandist and without asking any explanation rushed into print by way of apology as though it were any of his business. I then rejoined that the American official who thus expressed his regrets would live to regret his regrets and now repeat that statement as to Mayor La Guardia's speech that too is none of his business this is still a free country the Secretary of State to the contrary notwithstanding stop If he would take the trouble to inform himself of the unspeakable libels that are daily heaped upon Americans and American institutions including our president in the German-owned press with its Government's approval and by German officials perhaps he could be induced to hold his peace stop Nothing that Mayor La Guardia has said about Hitler adequately represents our contempt and hatred for him and his Government of terror and compares in offensiveness with the wilful and vicious falsehoods that he and his controlled press are daily emitting about us stop Just one illustration in passing some years ago Henry Ford was responsible for publishing throughout the world a series of articles entitled "The Elders of Zion" in his publication "The Dearborn Independent" These articles which were an attack upon world Jewry were overwhelmingly and judicially proven to be gross clumsy forgeries and libels upon the Jews and were repudiated and confessed to be such by Ford who withdrew and publicly apologized for them and agreed to destroy the books wherever found stop Yet unbelievable though it seems these forged articles are now being widely published and sold in Germany translated into German with flaming covers announcing Henry Ford as their author notwithstanding his worldwide repudiation and against his protest This is only one of the innumerable instances of unconscionable cupidity for which Germany is responsible Can you beat that Was it mere ignorance or unwillingness to inquire this effrontery that was responsible for the State Department's

(Continued on page 6)

intensified. We must abandon petty jealousies within your own ranks. The problem is too serious to permit of rivalries because of personalities. We are in this struggle not for personal gain or glory. We are fighting not alone for the Jew but for democracy and democratic principles, and if we are genuinely desirous, which I am certain we are, to see democracy triumph over democracy's greatest foe; Unity is of paramount importance."

Samuel Leibowitz

The famed criminal lawyer, who acted as chairman of the afternoon session, warned of the ever-increasing spread of Nazism within our own country and deplored the fact that even some of our greatest universities have Jewish quotas in their professional schools.

Gerhart Seger

One time member of the former German Reichstag and editor of the anti-Nazi German weekly, the "Neue Vilszeitung," reported on the Brown Network of Nazi propaganda in the United States. Mr. Seger said the schools, colleges, and professors of German are being used by Joseph Goebbels to spread Nazism in America. Seger urged Americans to aid the anti-Nazi German press in America to spread and develop as the best means to counteract Nazi propaganda among German-Americans.

Dr. Frank Bohn

A stirring appeal was made by Dr. Frank Bohn, president of the German-American Forum and son-in-law of Secretary of Commerce, Roper, for a broad unity among all English-speaking people the world over in a democratic front against Nazism in all its forms.

Officers and Delegates Report

Delegates from Baltimore, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, Denver, Philadelphia, and other cities reported on the extent of the boycott in their communities. The reports brought news of a wide and successful anti-Nazi boycott, but carried the common complaint against national chain stores which continue to resist the anti-Nazi boycott.

Mrs. Mark Harris, Acting Chairman of the League's Executive Committee, reported on Four Years of Nazi Coordination and declared that Nazi coordination was an extensive Nazi plan to hasten the completion of Hitler's war plans.

Other members of the Executive Committee who spoke were Dr. S. Wm. Kalb, Director of Research, who described the great importance of careful and religious research in all boycott activities, and Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky, who reported on the national and international support of the boycott movement.

???

How is it, the Hitler government could raise \$180,000,000 to foment a Fascist revolution in Spain, but couldn't find \$65,000,000 to pay the interest due American holders of German bonds?

RESOLUTIONS

Unanimously Adopted at the Interstate Conference of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League To Champion Human Rights Inc., Samuel Untermeyer, President, Held on Sunday, March 7th, 1937, at the Hotel Astor in New York City.

RESOLUTION No. 1.

WHEREAS, the present Nazi Government of Germany has not abated the relentless persecution which it inaugurated on its assumption of power more than four years ago against Catholics, Protestants, Jews, Liberals, Pacifists, Trade Unionists, and all of those who within the borders of the Third Reich have refused to bow to the will of Nazis, and

WHEREAS, the present Nazi government of Germany ruthlessly destroying democratic rights and privileges, has defied all of the basic laws of humanity and,

WHEREAS, the present government of Nazi Germany is now building a gigantic machinery of war which is now the greatest threat to world peace and,

WHEREAS, it is the solemn duty of every right-thinking, justice-loving person the world over to take an active part in the struggle against the Nazi menace to world peace, democracy and civilization and,

WHEREAS, the most effective weapon in the struggle against the menace of Nazism has proven to be the boycott of German goods and services, German ships and shipping, because it withholds from the Nazis money and foreign exchange so necessary for the completion of their sinister purposes and

WHEREAS, the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights which is the American body of the World Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi Council composed of branches and entities in 24 nations throughout the civilized world is the only non-sectarian single purpose national boycott organization in the United States,

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that the assembled delegates to the Interstate Conference held by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights in the Hotel Astor on March 7th, 1937, affirm their support of the said organization in its prosecution of the anti-Nazi boycott, and pledge their organizations and the individuals whom they represent to the continued prosecution of the anti-Nazi boycott until the time comes when the Nazi rulers of unhappy Germany are finally removed from power and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the delegates herein assembled, pledge to each other, and among themselves, to urge by themselves, and through their organizations and individuals they represent, the people of America to carry on a relentless boycott of all German goods and services, German ships and shipping, so long as the Nazis remain in power, and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be publicized through the press.

RESOLUTION No. 2.

WHEREAS, the present government of Germany since its assumption of power more than four years ago has entered upon the expressed Nazi mission of spreading the false philosophy of Nazism through a brown network of international propaganda through all parts of the world including the United States of America and,

WHEREAS, this network of Nazi propaganda in our country is officially subsidized and supported by the Nazi government and,

WHEREAS, the government of Nazi Germany has sent and continues to send to our shores propaganda in printed and other forms, and by agitators who as aliens come here to spread subversive Nazi propaganda and,

WHEREAS, this Nazi propaganda disseminated among the citizens of the United States has the purpose of undermining our traditional American institutions, and is an insult to the glorious American traditions of freedom and democracy,

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that the delegates to the Interstate Conference held by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights, assembled at the Hotel Astor on March 7th, 1937, protest the continued dissemination of subversive Nazi propaganda in America and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the delegates herein assembled reaffirm the need and importance of official action by the United States Government to prevent the continuation of such illegal activities and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the delegates herein assembled urge upon the Congress of the United States that there be instituted immediately a congressional investigation into the widespread dissemination by groups and individuals of Nazi propaganda here in America with a view to exposing and counteracting the workings and activities of the Nazi brown network in our country and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of the above resolution be sent to the Secretary of State of the United States, to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the United States Senate, to the Secret Service Division of the Department of Justice, to the Congressional Committee on Un-American and Subversive Activities of the House of Representatives, and to all other public departments having jurisdiction thereof.

RESOLUTION No. 3.

WHEREAS, the present government of Nazi Germany caught in the throes of imminent bankruptcy is using and will use every means to raise money to continue in power and,

WHEREAS, expert observers of the financial and economic world have stated that efforts are now being made to float in the United States a loan of tremendous proportions for Nazi Germany and,

WHEREAS, if such a loan is floated notwithstanding the fact that it will be called a "peace loan" or a "good will loan", it will if successful be used to purchase armament and to increase the peril of war, and is a threat to the peace of the world and

WHEREAS, it is of the utmost importance that the American people are apprised of the intention to float such a loan in our country and of the real and insidious purposes behind such a loan,

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that the delegates assembled at the Interstate Conference held by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights, at the Hotel Astor, on March 7th, 1937, pledge their organizations and the individuals they represent to use every effort to resist any and all attempts on the part of Nazi Germany directly or through the agencies of any other government, to raise money through a loan in this country and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be released to the general press.

RESOLUTION No. 4.

WHEREAS, it has been demonstrated that there is need for a general extension and intensification of the anti-Nazi movement on all fronts so that the hitherto potential strength of this movement can be adequately expressed and,

WHEREAS, the widespread sentiment against the Nazis both in the United States and elsewhere in the world, is not confined to any single group representing any one creed or belief and,

WHEREAS, there is already organized a Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights with headquarters in New York, which has the organization and the means to coordinate the vast potential anti-Nazi strength in this country and,

WHEREAS, the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights already has established in many localities of the United States branch committees which work in close cooperation with the main body and,

WHEREAS, after four years of Nazi tyranny the need for unification of the anti-Nazi movement under one single non-sectarian banner, is greater than it ever was,

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED, that the delegates and representatives of the many groups and organizations convening at the Interstate Conference called by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights at the Hotel Astor in New York on March 7th, 1937, designate the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights of 20 West 47th Street, New York City, as the coordinating body of the anti-Nazi boycott activities for the groups and organizations convened and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the groups and organizations represented here, which do not prosecute the boycott, but rely on propaganda and moral persuasion to counteract the effects of Nazism, do also designate the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League as the central body for their activities and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the delegates and representatives herein assembled designate the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League to Champion Human Rights as a clearing house and as agency for the exchange of research facilities, information, mutual cooperation, and request that this organization issue a general call to all organizations engaged in anti-Nazi and boycott activities to meet for the purpose of consolidating and coordinating their separate efforts to the end that there be unity in such efforts and no duplications thereof and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that extended effort be made on the part of the groups and organizations represented at this Interstate Conference to mobilize as many organizations and groups as possible under the single non-sectarian banner in this most important cause common to all peace-loving, justice-loving people and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution together with an invitation for an immediate conference be sent to all organizations now engaged or intending to be engaged in the anti-Nazi boycott or other anti-Nazi activities and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be released to the press.

RESOLUTION No. 5.

In order that there be complete coordination of the work of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League in every district,

BE IT RESOLVED, that every district affiliated with the League be represented on the Executive Committee and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the German-American element so sincerely and full-heartedly opposed to Hitler's German Reich is urged to join and further cooperate in a further strengthening of the united work against Hitler.

RESOLUTION No. 6.

BE IT RESOLVED, that the boycott policy of the League be extended to all those who have increased or are continuing to sell Nazi merchandise to this late day and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that no exception be made and no leniency be granted in the prosecution of the boycott because of promise of cooperation or pledge to reduce German merchandise "still on stock" by the violators.

RESOLUTION No. 7.

WHEREAS, the Nazi government is planning and extending its insidious propaganda into one of the fundamental bulwarks of our democracy, namely, the Public School system, by the exchange of American High School Students with German High School Students effective May 1, 1937, and,

WHEREAS, such an exchange would place the official seal of our public school system upon the Educational system of Nazi Germany,

BE IT RESOLVED, that this conference go on record as being opposed to the said exchange of students because the German system of education is in direct contravention of our three great principles of democracy in the American Public School system, namely: Freedom of Speech, Freedom of Inquiry, Religious and Racial Tolerance.

RESOLUTION No. 8.

BE IT RESOLVED, that due to the unified action and closer cooperation of all agencies engaged in anti-Nazi activities, weekly reports in the form of a clip-sheet, giving reliable, authoritative and warranted news about Nazi Germany and Nazi activities elsewhere be issued and released to all newspapers and publications throughout the land for their use free of charge, thus giving further voice and wider publicity to the foul work carried on by Hitler and his regime and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Anti-Nazi Economic Bulletin, now published every month by the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League be enlarged to become the national publication of all anti-Nazi organizations.

RESOLUTION No. 9.

BE IT RESOLVED, that this Conference greet the Courageous and outspoken characterization of the Brown Shirt Government made by Mayor Fiorello M. La Guardia.

RESOLUTION No. 10.

BE IT RESOLVED, that this Conference extend its best wishes to T. G. Masaryk of Czechoslovakia, the outstanding champion of Democracy on the occasion of his 87th birthday.

Hon. Fiorello H. LaGuardia
City Hall,
New York, N. Y.

March 5, 1937

Congratulations on your courageous statement against the Nazis stop Your action has once again forced the Nazis to exhibit themselves in their Jew-baiting race-hating abusive and vicious light stop On behalf of the many members and supporters of our League of which you are vice-president we fully endorse your outspoken declaration against Hitler.

Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League
to Champion Human Rights

SAMUEL UNTERMEYER, President

Untermeyer Wires to Conference

(Continued from page 5)

inter-meddling? The crying need of the hour as demonstrated by the evidence before the Congressional Committee and fortified by recent discoveries is not for cringing apologies for exercising the right of free speech by way of reprisal for outrages upon civilization stop The need is for drastic legislation to end the treason and treachery by which we are surrounded There must be an end to divided loyalties by the Germans who are enjoying the benefits of our free institutions and plotting against us Every one of them if he did the same thing on German soil would be summarily dealt with by a firing squad That is where ingrates and traitors belong They are not entitled to enjoy the benefit of our free institutions

SAMUEL UNTERMEYER

NEWARK MEETING JOINS DICKSTEIN IN "OUST NAZIS FROM U. S."

NEWARK, N. J.—Sharply criticizing Chancellor Hitler and Ambassador Luther of Germany, Representative Samuel Dickstein of New York told 2,500 persons in Krueger Auditorium on March 11 it was useless to have friendly relations with a nation "which overruns this country with spies." The representative charged there are "100 Nazi spies in this country, of whom twenty-five are operating in New Jersey with 50,000 followers in this State."

Dickstein charged the Nazi government was putting pressure on 200,000 German-Americans to agree to "serve the Fatherland" in case of war, on threat that otherwise their relatives in Germany would suffer.

The speaker said many were shipped to Germany for a year's military training there, but if they couldn't go "Hitler had an alternative. He subsidized camps here and gave them training in this country. Some of his American followers even joined the

dren were taught the goosestep and allegiance to the swastika. He added: "An alien leader was telling them Hitler is God Himself and leader of the German people no matter where they are." **Luther "Rubber Stamp"**

Dickstein declared "Hans Luther is not an ambassador of good will; he is a rubber stamp. Every consul sent here from Germany is nothing but a spy and propagandist."

"Besides, Hitler has a new leader here. His name is Fritz Kuhn and he is employed by Ford as a chemist. Fritz took 500 Americans to Germany last year and paraded them before Hitler. He is Enemy No. 1 on my list."

Eugene Grigat a Protestant and head of the German-American League for Culture, showed a picture of what he said was Kuhn clad in a storm trooper's uniform, shaking hands with Hitler.

Grigat, who also is an executive of the Friends of Democracy, declared

League Plans Concert In April

Reinald Werrenrath, the world famous baritone, will sing at the League Concert on April 27th at Carnegie Hall, New York City, because he wishes "to participate as an American of German heritage who regrets everything that has happened in Nazi Germany."

Plans for the concert, in which a number of great artists will participate, and which will offer a program of music which for the most part is barred in Nazi Germany, are in charge of Leopold Godowsky, renowned pianist who declared when accepting the chairmanship of the event:

"I am only too happy to engage in any event which can serve as an effective protest against what has happened to my German and Jewish colleagues in the Reich of Adolph Hitler."

Among the other world-famous artists who have already signified their intention to appear at the concert are Katherine Bacon, well-known pianist,

WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES

MRS. Irving Kaplan, a member of the Executive Committee of the Women's Division, acting as President of the Brooklyn Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society, was to hold a Bridge Party at the Brooklyn branch of the Sears-Roebuck Co. Mrs. Kaplan was then informed that Sears-Roebuck was violating the boycott. The function was withdrawn from Sears-Roebuck immediately, and the reason for it made known to them.

MRS. Louise Lehman, a member of the Women's Division, addressed the Shield of David Orphanage at their home Wednesday afternoon, March 17th, on the boycott. Her message was received with great interest.

AN extensive campaign is continually being carried on by the Women's Division on all department and chain stores, as well as rechecking all other stores.

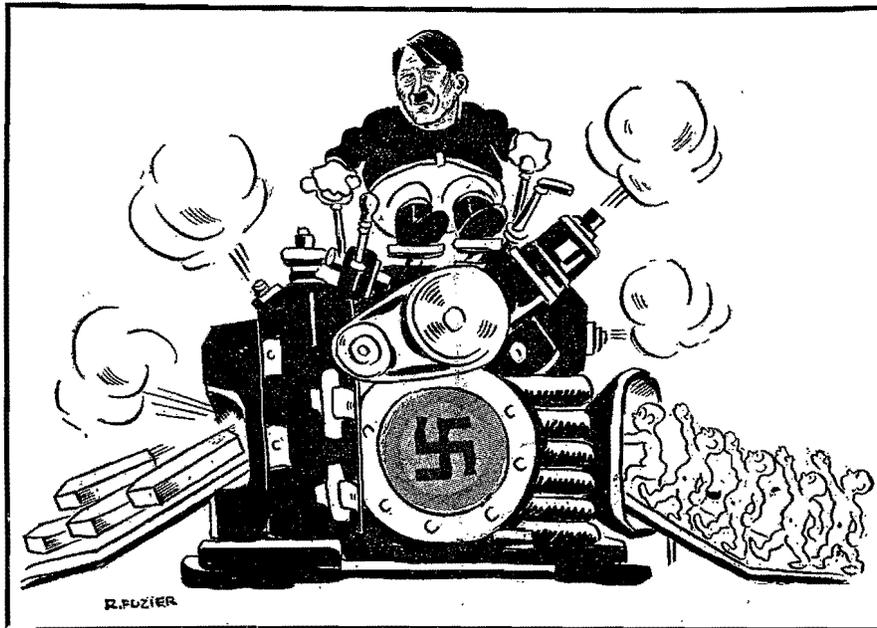
No Money For Nazi Arms

Rearmament costs \$72.50 per head in Nazi Germany!

12,600,000,000 marks for guns in 1936-37!

"Bullets instead of Bread!"

"Cannons instead of Butter!"



"Thou Shalt Not Kill!"

Hitler prohibits this Christian humanitarian principle, registers a people from cradle to grave, demands more babes—Nazi cannon fodder, to be sacrificed on the altar of Anti-Christ Hitler!

state militias, including New Jersey's, in order to get the necessary military training for the war Hitler expects."

Criticizing Secretary of State Hull for apologizing for Mayor LaGuardia's disparagement of Hitler, Dickstein said: "Uncle Sam has had an apology coming from Hitler for a long time, and even if we got it I wouldn't believe it."

Dickstein and other speakers called for continued support of the boycott against German goods. The meeting was sponsored by the Essex County Branch Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League in co-operation with Newark Post, Jewish War Veterans and fraternal and religious groups.

Dickstein declared Nazi organizations were operating in Newark and Trenton, and in Passaic, Bergen and Hudson counties. He displayed a pamphlet carrying a picture, entitled "Storm Troopers Parading in Streets of Hudson County." He said he visited a camp in New Jersey formed two years ago, where American chil-

"the fight against Nazi Germany is no longer a fight of any one race or sect, but rather a fight of every decent, civilized person to combat an iniquitous regime."

There were brief addresses by George Barry, a Catholic layman; Dr. Benjamin Dubowsky, Yiddish journalist and an executive hoard member of the Anti-Nazi League, and Dr. Boris Nelson, a graduate of Oxford and the University of Heidelberg, now serving with the league.

Presiding was Dr. S. William Kalb, chairman of the New Jersey division of the League. There was a musical program by the Freiheit Singing Society, directed by Vladimir Chaifitz, with Mae Globerman as accompanist. The meeting was arranged by the actions committee of the League, headed by Abraham I. Harkaway and Jacob Malamuth. They were assisted by N. Nathan, H. B. J. Weckstein, J. Epstein, W. Landsman, E. I. Meyer, H. Stern, A. Silverstein, Mrs. S. Levy, Mrs. M. Korngut.

Harry Braun, whose career has been sponsored by Governor Lehman, Mario Chamlee, Luboshutz and Nemenoff, and the Musical Art Quartet.

In announcing its plans for this concert which is intended as a dramatized protest against Hitler's ban on great, but Non-Aryan and Non-Nazi music, the League stated:

"Few people realize how far the Nazis have gone in applying the Aryan and other paragraphs to music. The works of such great composers as Mendelssohn, Max Bruch, Hindemith, Stravinsky, Kurt Weill and many others have been prohibited by official decree of the Nazi Ministry for Propaganda and Public Enlightenment under Goebbels. Arturo Toscanini has already scored Hitler's Nazification of music by refusing to appear anywhere in Germany during the Nazi regime. We are arranging this concert to bring before the American people and Germans in America the extent of Nazi destruction of music."

A RECENT appeal sent out by Mrs. Mark Harris to all Presidents of Women's organizations of Greater New York and all other affiliated groups, asking them to devote a ten minute talk at each meeting to the boycott, has brought fine responses. Organizations have asked for speakers, appoint boycott-chairmen, and evidence a desire to continue their splendid cooperation until the boycott has achieved its ultimate success.

Among the many notables who are serving as sponsors for the League's event are Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Isaac Gimbel, Bernard Semel, Mrs. Joseph Stroock, and Mrs. Max Binswanger. Mr. Samuel Untermeyer, president of the League, will have returned from his home in Warm Springs, California, in time to attend the event.

**ORDER YOUR TICKETS NOW!
BEST CHOICE AVAILABLE!
HELP THE BOYCOTT!**

THOMAS MANN INDICTS HITLER

"The mere knowledge of who these men are who chance to possess the pitiful outward power to deprive me of my German birthright suffices to make their act appear in all its absurdity. I, forsooth, am supposed to have dishonored the Reich, dishonoured Germany, in acknowledging that I am against them. They have the incredible effrontery to confuse themselves with Germany. The time is not far off, perhaps, when it will be of supreme importance to the German people not to be confused with them!

To what a state, in less than four years, have they brought Germany? Ruined, sucked dry body and soul by armaments with which they threaten the whole world; holding up the whole world and hindering it in its real task of peace: loved by nobody, regarded with fear and cold aversion by all, it stands on the brink of economic catastrophe, while its "enemies" stretch out their hands in alarm to snatch back from the abyss so important a member of the future Commonwealth of Nations; to help it, if only it will come to its senses and try to understand the real needs of the world at this hour instead of dreaming dreams about mythical "sacred necessities."

Yes, after all it must be helped by those whom it impedes and menaces, that it may not drag down the rest of the continent and unchain the war upon which, as the ultima ratio, it keeps its eyes ever fixed. The mature and cultured States—by which I mean those who know the fundamental fact that war is no longer allowed—treat this great, endangered and endangering land, or rather the impossible leaders into whose hands it has fallen, as doctors do a sick man: with the greatest consideration and caution, with inexhaustible if not very flattering patience. But it thinks it must play politics—the politics of power and hegemony—with the doctors.

That is an unequal game. If one side plays politics when the other is no longer mindful of politics but of peace, then for a time the first side reaps certain advantages. The anachronistic ignorance of the fact that war is no longer allowable results for a while, of course, in successes against those who are aware of the truth. But woe to the people which, no longer knowing what way to turn, ends by seeking its way out through the abomination of war, hated of God and men! Such a people would be lost. It will be so vanquished that it will never rise again.

The meaning and the purpose of the National-Socialistic State is this alone and can be only this: To put the German people in form for the "coming war," by ruthless repression, elimination, the extermination of every stirring of opposition; to make of them an instrument of war, infinitely compliant, sicklied over by not one critical idea, fettered by blind and fanatical ignorance.

Another meaning and purpose, another excuse, the system cannot have; all the sacrifices of freedom, justice, human happiness, including the secret and open

Thomas Mann, the eminent German philosopher, wrote recently to the Dean of Bonn University on being informed that as a consequence of his loss of citizenship "the Philosophical Faculty finds itself obliged to strike your name off its roll of honorary doctors." The Nobel Prize recipient was recently honored with the title of Doctor of Philosophy for maintaining the high standard of German culture.

The following is the full text of the passage in which Thomas Mann denounced both the doctrine of National Socialism in Germany and the men who are putting that doctrine into force:



A Photo of the Adventurers Who Rule Germany Today

crimes for which it has blithely been responsible, can justify themselves only by the ideal of absolute fitness for war. So soon as the ideal of war, as an aim in itself, disappeared, there would be nothing left of the system but the exploitation of the people—it would be utterly senseless and superfluous.

And to tell the truth it is both of these: senseless and superfluous — not only because war will not be permitted to it but because with its leading idea it itself effects the opposite of what it is striving to attain. No other people on earth is so entirely incapable of standing a war, so little in condition for one. That it would have no allies, not a single one in the

world, is the first consideration, yet the smallest. Germany would be alone; terrible, of course still, even when abandoned. But most terrible of all would be the fact that she had abandoned herself.

Intellectually reduced and humbled, morally gutted, inwardly rent, in deepest mistrust of its leaders and all the harm they have done to her in three years; profoundly uneasy herself, ignorant, of course, but full of forebodings of evil, she would go into war not in the condition of 1914 but, even physically, in that of 1917 and 1918. The 10 per cent of direct beneficiaries of the system—half even of them fallen away—would not be enough to win a war in which the majority of the others would only see an opportunity to shake off the shameful oppression that has weighed them down so long. A war, in other words, which after the first defeat would turn into a civil war.

No, it is impossible. Germany cannot make this war. And, if its dictators are in their right minds, then their assurances of readiness for peace are not tactical lies uttered with a wink at their partisans, but spring from a faint-hearted perception of just this impossibility.

But if war cannot and shall not be—then why robbers and murderers? Why isolation, world-hostility, lawlessness, intellectual interdict, cultural darkness, and every other deficiency? Why not rather Germany's return to Europe, a reconciliation with Europe, a voluntary entrance into a peaceful European system, with all the inward accompaniments of freedom, justice, wellbeing, and human decency, and a jubilant welcome from the rest of the world? Why not? Only because a regime which in word and deed denies the rights of man, which seeks above all else to remain in power, would stultify itself and be abolished if, since it could not make war, it actually made peace? But is that a reason?

I had forgotten Herr Dekan, that I was still addressing you. Certainly I may console myself with the reflection that you long ago ceased to read this letter, aghast at language which in Germany has been so long unuttered; terrified because somebody is bold enough to use the German tongue with the ancient freedom. Ah, I have not spoken out of arrogant presumption, but out of a distress and a concern from which your usurpers could not free me by decreeing that I am no longer a German; a mental and spiritual distress from which for four years not an hour of my life has been free; struggling with which I had day by day to accomplish my creative work. The pressure was great.

And as a man who out of religious diffidence will seldom or never bring himself to utter by mouth or pen the name of the Deity, yet in moments of deep emotion cannot refrain, let me—since after all one must leave some things unsaid—end this letter with the brief and fervent prayer: God help our darkened and desecrated country and teach it to make its peace with the world and with itself!

Copies of this page may be obtained in quantities upon written request to:

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.

THE ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

Published monthly except July and August at 16 Hudson Place, Hoboken, N. J., by the Economic Bulletin Publishing Company, 591 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, N. J., is the official publication of the

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

20 West 47th Street MEDallion 3-2720 New York City
OFFICERS

- Samuel Untermyer President
- Dr. Abba Hillel Silver Vice-President
- Hon. Fiorello H. LaGuardia Vice-President
- Hon. James W. Gerard Vice-President
- Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins Vice-President
- Mrs. Mark Harris Acting-Chairman
- J. David Stern Treasurer
- Louis Myers Acting-Treasurer
- Charles A. Klein, C.P.A. Auditor

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SAMUEL UNTERMYER, Chairman

- George Gordon Battle
- Hon. Richard J. Beamish
- Abraham Cahan
- Dr. A. Corainik
- Jacob de Haas
- Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky
- Hon. M. Maldwin Fertig
- Jacob Fishman
- Dr. Harry Lee Franklin
- J. George Fredman
- Hon. James W. Gerard
- Mrs. Mark Harris
- Siegfried F. Hartman
- Rev. John Haynes Holmes
- Rev. Edward L. Hunt
- E. N. Kleinbaum
- Joseph Kraemer
- Clarence H. Low
- Bishop Francis J. McConnell
- Louis Myers
- Hon. Leopold Prince
- Ezekiel Rabinowitz
- Dr. Abba Hillel Silver
- J. David Stern
- Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins
- Oswald Garrison Villard
- Frank P. Walsh

- MARSHALL FIELD & Co., 121 North State Street, Chicago, Ill. and 222 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
- MONTGOMERY-WARD & Co., Dept. Store & Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
- SEARS-ROEBUCK & Co., Mail Order House and Dept. Stores, Chicago and branches throughout United States.
- JOHN WANAMAKER, Broadway at Ninth Street, New York City.
- JOHN WANAMAKER, Philadelphia, Pa.

GENERAL IMPORTERS

- ADAM BERNHARD, 45 East 17th Street, New York City.
- GEO. BORGFELDT CORP., 46 East 23rd Street, New York City.
- STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.

GLASS

- FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., Optical & Laboratory Glass, 230 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.

GLOVES

- HYMAN HASPEL, "Well Known" Gloves, 468 Fourth Ave., New York City.
- MERRILL, CLARK & MEINIG, INC., "Shalimar," 470-5th Ave., New York City.
- WIMELBACHER & RICE, "Wear Right" Gloves, 1150 Broadway, New York City.

HARDWARE

- STRAUSS-ECHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.
- D. P. HARRIS HARDWARE MFG. Co., 99 Chambers Street, New York City.

LEATHER

- J. EINSTEIN, INC., Shoe Leather, 1 Park Avenue, New York City.
- HERMANN LOEWENSTEIN, 26 Ferry Street, New York City.

MACHINERY & PARTS

- ADLANCO X-RAY CORP., X-ray apparatus, 54 Lafayette Street, New York City.
- C. & C. SALES CORP., Ball Bearings, 1775 Broadway, New York City.
- H. H. HEINRICH, INC., "Matador" Bag Machinery, Aniline Printing Presses, 200 Varick Street, New York City.
- ROBERT REINER, Embroidery Machines, 556 Gregory Ave., Weehawken, N. J.
- ROTARY TOOL & MACHINERY COMPANY, 217 E. 38th Street, New York City.

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

- C. BRUNO & SON, INC., 460 West 34th Street, New York City.
- HARMONICA DISTRIBUTION CORP. OF AMERICA, 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
- M. HOJNER, INC., Harmonicas & Accordions, 351-4th Avenue, N. Y. C.
- PROGRESSIVE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CORP., 404 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.

PEAT MOSS

- ATKINS & DUBROW, INC., ("G.P.M.," "Pioneer," "O.K.," "SorbeX"), 165 John Street, New York City.
- PEAT MOSS SALES CORP., ("Justrite"), 165 John Street, New York City.
- PEAT IMPORT CORP., ("P.I.C."), 155 John Street, New York City.

THUMB TACKS

- ROBERT E. MILLER, INC., Tacks & Nails ("Remco"), 35 Pearl Street, N. Y. C.
- WATERBURY TACK CO., INC., Waterbury, Conn.

TOYS, NOTIONS & FAVORS

- F. A. O. SCHWARZ, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
- B. SCHACKMAN & Co., 180 Madison Avenue, New York City.
- STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.

YEAST

- COMPRESSED YEAST CORP., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast, 363 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.
- VULKAN YEAST Co., 339 Greenwich Street, New York City.

MISCELLANEOUS

- Geo. F. BASSETT & Co., Gifts, Miniature Porcelain Figures, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
- JULIUS BLUM, Iron, 532 West 22nd Street, New York City.
- CASTLE & OVERTON, INC., Wood Pulp & Pulpwood, 630 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
- M. H. GREENBAUM, INC., Food Importers, 165 Chambers St., New York City.
- HENRY R. HOPKINSON, Limens, 40 White Street, New York City.
- KARL PAULI CORP., Fancy Metal Papers, 454 Broome Street, New York City.
- LEWIS DISPLAY MATERIALS, Window Displays, 480 Lexington Avenue, N. Y. C.
- LEWIS & CONGER, House Furnishings, 6th Ave. and 45th St., New York City.
- LUCHOW IMPORTING CORPORATION, Beer, 101 East 13th Street, New York City.
- MANHATTAN STENCIL CORP., Typewriter Stencils ("Pelican Brand"), 401 Broadway, New York City.
- N. S. MEYER, INC., Army and Navy Equipment, 419 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
- J. S. STAEDTLER, INC., Pencils ("Mars," "Luna"), 55 Worth Street, N. Y. C.
- ERNST TOEFFER, Cement, 2 Broadway, New York City.

WHY DO THESE FIRMS CONTINUE TO HANDLE GERMAN MERCHANDISE?

CAMERAS & PHOTO SUPPLIES

- ABE COHEN EXCHANGE, INC., 120 Fulton Street, N. Y. C. (Owned by Davega-City Radio, Inc.)
- WILLOUGHBY CAMERA STORES, Inc., 110 West 32nd Street, New York City.

CHEMICALS & DRUGS

- AKATOS, INC., Chemicals, 5 Van Dam Street, New York City.
- GENERAL DYESTUFFS CORP., Chemicals & Dyes, 230 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
- S. B. PENICK & Co., Crude Drugs, 130 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
- PFALTZ & BAUER, Chemicals & Glues, 300 Pearl Street, New York City.
- WINTHROP CHEMICAL Co., Chemicals & Drugs, 170 Varick Street, N. Y. C. (Combined with H. A. Metz Laboratories, Inc.)

CHINAWARE

- ROSENTHAL CHINA CORP., 149 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
- PAUL A. STRAUB, 105 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

COKE

- COLONIAL FUEL CORP., 37 Commercial Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
- KOKANCOAL Co., INC., 21 West Street, New York City.
- BEN RAFFE & SONS, INC., 129 Varick Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CUTLERY, BARBERS' & BEAUTY SUPPLIES

- H. BOKER & Co., Steel & Cutlery, "Tree Brand," "Valley Forge," "Silver Steel," 101 Duane Street, New York City.
- BRESBUCK, INC., Razors, Shears & Combs, ("Dubl Duck"), 224 Canal Street, New York City.
- GIBBS & Co., 43 West 43rd Street, New York City.
- J. A. HENCKELS, INC., ("Twin Brand"), 456-4th Avenue, New York City.
- PETER J. MICHELS, Barbers' Supplies, 1857 Catalpa Avenue, Ridgewood, N. Y.
- MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES, Beauty Culture Schools, 177 North State Street, Chicago, Ill., & branches throughout the U. S.
- SCHRADER & EHLERS, 239 Fourth Avenue, New York City.
- WESTER BROS., Razors, Shears and Manicuring Implements, "Anchor Brand," 250 West Broadway, New York City.
- WILFRED ACADEMY OF BEAUTY CULTURE, 1659 Broadway, New York City.

MEDICAL & DENTAL SUPPLIES

- AMERICAN HECOLITE DENTURE CORPORATION, "Hecolite" Dentures, 536 S.E. 6th Avenue, Portland Ore., 460 West 34th Street, New York City.
- AMERICAN HEXOLENE CORPORATION, "Hexolene" Dentures, 1819 Broadway, New York City.
- AMERICAN MEDICAL SPECIALTIES Co., 131 E. 23rd St., New York City.
- ADAM BERNHARD, Importer of dental plastic materials, 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
- INJECTA COMPANY, "Meisinger" Dental Supplies, 112 E. 19th St., N. Y. C.
- F. W. MASSELL & COMPANY, 120 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.
- A. PFINGST, "Busch" Dental Supplies, 309 Bible House, New York City.
- PREMIER DENTAL MFG. Co., 900 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
- GUSTAV SCHARMANN, "Meisinger", "Scharmman" Burs and Instruments, 1181 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
- L. SILVERMAN, 1033 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
- STERLING PRODUCTS CORP., 118 E. 25th Street, New York City.
- TIP-TOP INSTRUMENTS, INC., 15 East 26th Street, New York City.

DEPARTMENT STORES

- GENUNG'S DEPT. STORES, Office, 10 East 40th Street, New York City.
- S. H. KRESS & Co., 5, 10, 25c Stores throughout United States. Office, 114-5th Avenue, New York City.

Firms not mentioned in this list are not necessarily cooperating with the boycott. It is endeavored to include here the names of only such firms as are of nation-wide importance and persist in using goods of German origin or German materials without making much of an effort to make replacements.

THE BOYCOTT IS THE MORAL SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.

20 WEST 47th STREET NEW YORK

General Membership	\$2.00	Associate Membership	25.00
Contributing Membership	5.00	Sustaining Membership	50.00
Active Membership	10.00	Donors	100.00
	Honorary Membership	600.00	

Name

Address

City State

"Hitler Must Not Succeed"

Boycott Takes Second Round From Schmeling . . .

For the second time the anti-Nazi boycott launched against Max Schmeling by the League emerged victorious, when announcements were made that promoters in Newark and Philadelphia had cancelled plans for the Nazi fighter's exhibition bouts in those cities.

Following this show of strength of the boycott movement, the rest of Schmeling's tour through the remaining part of the Nazi-planned itinerary was indefinitely postponed by the German fighter's board of strategy nominally led by the Hitler-Heiling Joe Jacobs.

When questioned by a spokesman for the League as to the reasons for the postponement of the tour, Jacobs, trying to evade the boycott issue, declared that Schmeling could not as yet begin his tour because impending court battles are keeping him in New York.

It is more likely, however, that Schmeling is afraid to test the power of the boycott, one of the original reasons for the tour, before he tries to make the courts force Jim Braddock to fight him in June. Braddock, of course, is by now duly impressed with the effectiveness of the League's call to its members and supporters "to withhold all patronage from any event in which Max Schmeling participates" and will undoubtedly go through with his plan to fight Joe Louis.

. . . and Third Round!

Although Max Schmeling tried to minimize his connection with the Nazis by coming to America on a British Ship, the S.S. Berengaria,—a privilege ordinarily withheld from the average German,—his recent offer of \$250,000,—to Braddock if the latter will fight him in Berlin emphatically and definitely marks Schmeling as just another tool in the hands of the Nazi Ministry of Propaganda. As a matter of fact, the offer came on the express command from the Nazi Propaganda Minister, Herr Goebbels, who is eager to have the fight staged in Berlin, both to recreate the hysteria of the Olympics on a smaller scale and to make sure that Schmeling, the Nazi, will win the championship. What would happen if Schmeling actually *did* win the championship is not a matter of conjecture. Goebbels would use it for his own insidious purposes, and what these are, we know only too well!

Pegler Criticizes Schmeling

FAIR ENOUGH
by
Westbrook Pegler
(March 4, 1937)

"Max Schmeling returns to this country to insist on a fight with Jimmy Braddock for the heavyweight championship, and his friends, the New York Nazis, as well as some Americans, are demanding sportsmanship on his behalf. Personally, Schmeling is in no position to criticize Braddock

for postponing him until after the proposed fight with Joe Louis in Chicago, because that is precisely what Schmeling did to Jack Sharkey several years ago . . ."

" . . . The American public, to whom Schmeling and the Nazis now appeal for a rather special type of sportsmanship, did not censure Schmeling for avoiding Sharkey but accepted that course as the customary, if not the honest and sporting, thing to do.

The injection of politics into sport is none of this country's doing. The Nazis injected political and military display into the Olympic games at Garmisch and Berlin in violation of their oath and that which they call their honor.

Nazism, having consistently placed itself beyond the pale, has no legitimate appeal to sportsmanship."

American Money Buys Wheat for Nazis

The Nazi grain office confirmed reports today that the Reich has been buying Argentine wheat. The spokesman for the purchasing bureau, however, declined to disclose the amount of the purchases "on the principle we never throw light on the Government's grain deals."

(The Nazi Government was reported in Chicago to have bought 2,000,000 bushels of Argentine wheat yesterday.)

"For the same reason," the spokesman added, "I am unable to say whether the purchases will be continued."

The Nazi wheat purchases were made after the Nazi Government, because of a shortage, was forced to mix corn flour with wheat and rye flour.

Is it true that an American banking firm has paid for this Argentine wheat "on account" with American Bonds, for which Hitler has sent the bankers a promissory note?

Christianity On The Defensive

(Continued from page 1)

hand made up not only of Jews and non-Aryan Christians, but of liberals, nacists, scholars, Catholic priests and Protestant pastors—all seeking that freedom which is the birthright of the human spirit.

I have paid particular attention in this short article to the religious angle of German Fascism, since it is the one which perhaps is least understood by the general public.

I have not meant to minimize the barbarous enslavement of intellectual, cultural and political thought that is making Germany a barren, sterile land. When the Nobel Peace Prize is awarded to Carl von Ossietzky while he is in a German concentration camp; when mental giants like Thomas Mann and Albert Einstein are deprived of their citizenship; when Dr. Julius Lips, distinguished anthropologist, who resigned his professorship at the University of Cologne rather than become a propagandist for Aryanism, is forced to flee for his very life and when some eighty-thousand Germans

are refugees in other lands—we who believe in Democracy grieve for what has happened to Germany.

But out of that sorrow must rise a burning zeal to prevent the inroads of Fascism here; to expose the hundred or more pro-Fascist organizations in the United States—the Crusader White Shirts, the Christian Silver Shirts, and their ilk—which are using hatred of the Jews as a decoy for the destruction of our traditional liberties.

It is to combat these forces that American citizens must be mobilized for the purpose of "guarding the ancient liberties of which we are both the heirs and the custodians", and which are the principal bulwark of a free people against tyranny. Lest these liberties be forgotten too easily, I repeat them here:

The Right to the Free Exercise of Religion!

The Right to Freedom of Speech!

The Right to Freedom of the Press!

The Right to Assemble Peaceably!

The Right to Petition the Government for Redress of Grievances!

The Right of the People to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizure!

The Right of Protection, through due process of law, of person and property!

The Right of Trial by Jury!

The Right of Protection against excessive bail and fines, and against cruel and unusual punishments!

The Right of Protection against discrimination because of race, color or creed!

The Nazi Menace

(Continued from page 3)

means that then, swiftly, without warning, attack will begin by every scientific and engineering device that can be thought of—by aircraft, poison gas, long range guns, bacteria — to crush the enemy before he is ready. This strategy was explained in the organ of the German Staff as long ago as September 1932.

What Will Great Britain Do?

Until about 16 months ago British Ministers would not listen to any information about the preparations that were going on, not until the guileless Sir John Simon went to Berlin and was told by Hitler, "We are stronger than you in the air." Knowing we were weak and were not prepared to stand up to a display of force, our Government, nevertheless, went ahead at Geneva, talking of collective security against war. Two years before that, Mr. Baldwin had said that any Ministers who adopted a policy of collective security and of sanctions without being prepared for war were faithless to their trust. I agree with the statement of two years ago, but it makes me wonder what I am to think of Mr. Baldwin and others since. Now we have this dilemma. Our Government at last knows what the German Nazi menace is. It knows that between the Danish and Dutch frontiers there are hangars, nests of underground aerodromes, filled with aircraft for eventual employment against England. That point has been chosen so that there shall be no warning of the departure of those machines for England. Then there are prepar-

ations to carry out a concentration on the east against Russia or on the west against France and Belgium . . . *If England is not careful the day may come when we shall be exposed to overwhelming attack without any warning.* That is the bare fact we have to face.

Mr. Duff Cooper said, not long ago, that it was the duty of everybody in authority to frighten the country out of its wits. On the facts the Government knows, I am not sure he was wrong, but I ask why has not the Government in this country had the courage to tell the people the truth.

If the Government . . . tell us nothing, what are we to think? What of the arms embargo against Spain? I am not against non-intervention provided all countries come into it, but I am against non-intervention which leaves the Fascists free to draw aeroplanes and arms from Italy and Germany and deny the lawful Spanish Government similar support from England and France . . .

What Can We Do?

To-day you cannot let the rest of the world go hang. If nations which think they love peace do not hang together, they will hang separately. In Germany and Italy we see systems that say citizens belong to the State from the cradle upwards. All rights they have come from the State and its leader, the *State being governed by an armed minority faction.* They say, "We will not permit any belief to grow, or any criticism of our methods, or any liberty of the Press which breaks our power over the bodies and souls of our fellow-countrymen, and we will arm to the teeth so that, by frightening others, we may get what we want without having to fight for it." That, at bottom, is Hitler's real policy. **Hitler does not want to fight, but he will push the threat of war to the utmost limit in order to extort concessions from us and the other democratic States of the world.**

We have those damnable systems threatening us. The future of Europe and our future depends upon the open-eyed, clear-minded resolve of the rank and file of the people of this country to stand true to our traditions of ordered freedom and personal liberty under the law. We will suffer no dictation. To fight this menace we have to be as stern as the Roundheads of old. When our Government knows this, we shall have fewer pilgrimages to the shrines of authoritative murderers by our statesmen.

There is a country in Europe where strong Fascist propaganda has been carried on recently. A small army of several thousand has been organized and paid with German money to carry out that propaganda. We have to be prepared, if necessary, to sacrifice everything to combat things like that . . . I do not fear Communism. We can meet it and defeat it by sound social reform. But I do fear the lurking, sneaking reactions masquerading as Nazi or Fascist principles which profess to defend property but are really trying to enslave the people again. I would have every man, woman and child in this country ready to stand and fight this menace for it threatens not only their freedom but their very souls."

High Jewish Suicide Rate

BERLIN—The Gestapo today confiscated a pamphlet showing the high rate of suicides among Jews in Germany. The pamphlet, issued by the "Reichsvertretung," showed that in Berlin alone between 1932 and 1934 the proportion of Jewish suicides was 50 per cent above that of the rest of the population. It was written by Dr. Franz Goldman, a former official of the Reich Ministry of the Interior, and Dr. Georg Wolff, former statistician of the Berlin health department.

In that period 334 Jews, including 122 women, took their lives, of whom 63 men and 38 women were over the age of 60. Forty-six per cent of the men and 38 per cent of the women suicides were married.

Systematic Hate Campaign Intensified

A two-days' conference was recently held in the Castle of Celle for the leaders of the Hitler Youth Organization (the members of which are under the age of sixteen). A number of addresses were delivered on the Jewish problem, and at the conclusion of the proceedings, a play was produced demonstrating the alleged secret activities of the Jews as described in the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion." The play, according to the Nazi Press, had a convincing effect on the Hitlerist youth.

The Nazi educational authorities have lately been making a special drive in Berlin trade schools to implant Jew-hatred among the children of the German working class. Among the subjects set to them for composition, the following were given much prominence: "Who is Julius Streicher and what is his Importance to the German People?"; "What is my attitude towards the Jews?"; "Why does Hitler hate the Jews?"

In Weimar, the Nazi leader, Dr. Zierfuss, informed Jews abroad that every Jewish move against Germany proved injurious not to Nazi Germany, but to the Jews in Germany. Germany possessed strong powers of endurance and would not abandon an anti-Jewish policy. A similar statement was made by Governor-General Sprenger in Magdeburg. In Stuttgart, Governor-General Murr advocated a policy of complete economic boycott of the Jews, in order to break their alleged power completely.

And who was it that declared the Boycott a "Jewish weapon"?!

Editors 'Must Listen!'

Editors have no business trying to be free in matters of aesthetic criticism or anything else without deference to political necessities, according to a doctrine laid down by Capt. Wilhelm Weiss, head of the Reich Press Federation, the Havas News Agency reported.

In a speech yesterday, Capt. Weiss said the new Nazi journalism received inspiration directly from the State, as compared to former times when journalists submitted "to Jewish influence." The new regime has enabled, the Reich to re-establish its military sovereignty, continued Capt. Weiss, to reoccupy the Rhineland, and to construct roads and gigantic monuments.

"Je Maintiendrai"

(From *The New Statesman and Nation*, London)

To Herr Hitler's offer to make Holland inviolable and neutral for all time, the Dutch government have replied that the inviolability of Dutch territory is axiomatic in their national policy and that they are not prepared to make it a matter of discussion with any other country.

While our hearts of oak are smitten

With the utmost trepidation
Lest the attitude of Britain
Should estrange the Nazi nation,
While our hand we vainly proffer
With most affable exertion,
Holland spurns the Nazi offer
With peculiar aversion.

She remembers how aforesaid
She withstood the might of Spain
once,

And the British fleet in wartime
Chivvied on the bounding main
once,

And may yet raise sons to keep her
Like a Statthalter new-risen
Or van Tromp, the Channel-
sweeper,

With a broom lashed to the mizzen.

And if Nazi souls are straining
With the Third Reich to combine
land

All the sacred mouth containing
Of the river of the Rhineland,
Rather fighting, undefeated,
Let the flooded sea secure her,
Than by Nazi treaties cheated
Live by favour of the Fuhrer.

SAGITTARIUS.

Hitler Promotes Hitler

Adolf Hitler has ordered all German consuls abroad to refuse to perform or certify marriages of German citizens, unless the couple agrees to purchase a copy of Hitler's book, "Mein Kampf."

Interesting to note that Hitler receives 200 marks from every sale of "Mein Kampf." Almost 1,350,000 copies have been sold—giving Hitler a profit of 2,700,000. Marks. Yes indeed, Hitler promotes—Hitler!

Hitler Pushes Anti- Christian Spirit

BERLIN—The Nazi Church in Germany has adopted for the election of a General Protestant Synod on April 11 the slogan: "For Christ and against the Jewish spirit . . . for church peace and against racially foreign teachings."

Dr. Alfred Rosenberg, bitter critic of Christianity, has centralized the training of all Nazi-functionaries and Hitler youth-leaders by the foundation of an "Academy for Weltanschauung" (World Outlook).

Meanwhile, racial propaganda in the public schools has now reached the point where in common and grammar schools the only reading books used are a series in which, according to an official statement, the central theme is race.

Nazi Readings For Babes

German public school children are now required to read a basic list of 120 books ordered by the Nazi Ministry of Education. The books include such titles as:

"In the Mists of Antiquity," "Nordic Heroes," "German Battles," "German Greatness in Sacrifice and Leadership," "Memorials of the World War," "Our Unforgotten Colonies," "Germans in All the World," "Nature and the Homeland" and "Youth Marches in the New Germany."

Labor Camps Are Soldier Camps

How thoroughly military an affair Labor Service has become, German fathers and mothers first realize when their sons return on leave. The tales told more or less freely by the young men leave no doubt that the main purpose of Labor Service is to make of the young German a soldier in all but the mastery of the complicated weapons of modern warfare. This is left for the following two years of military training.

"Masked" Soldiering
"Ordnungsdienst," order service, is the euphemistic title given to actual military drill, a regular feature of life in the labor camps usually four times a week for periods of one to two and a half hours. "Gelaendespiele," terrain games, is the equally euphemistic title given to exercise which consist of learning to approach an enemy position, learning to take advantage of every bit of cover.

Discipline and Obedience
The primary virtue of a soldier, however, is immediate and unquestioning obedience, and the primary characteristic of a good army, discipline. Accordingly, the labor camps are devoted twenty-four hours a day to the inculcation of discipline. The routine of a labor camp is the routine of military barracks. Labor Service men must leap from bed, rush out for inspection and exercises, eat breakfast in minutes and march off in military formation for their six-hour stint of hard labor.

Nazi's Punish—tool
Punishments for oversight or disobedience are military punishments. The most severe is for intentional disobedience. The culprit is locked in a dark room without furniture for three to four days, and wakened every hour. Then his Labor Service uniform is ripped from his back in the presence of his comrades. The flag of the camp is lowered. The whole body of some 120 men is disgraced and all privileges removed. The disobedient one is taken away by guards to another camp.

For minor offenses the Labor Service soldier must stand guard with shouldered spade unmoving for three hours, loses his free time, is drilled an extra hour or so on.

"Germany Backs Me!" —Hitler

Herr Hitler always has three strong-arm men for his bodyguard. And there is an agreement among them that they'll all commit suicide if anything happens to Adolf.

Ford "Pays" Hitler

LEEDS, England—The name of Henry Ford was mentioned here as a possible contributor to German Nazi funds, the Havas News Agency reported. During a political speech, Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Laborite Member of Parliament, said: "I would be interested to know how much money Henry Ford has contributed to Nazi funds." She said she considers Chancellor Hitler's masters are capitalists of Germany and other countries.

Continue Persecution Of Catholicism

While Goebbels is staging Easter-fires and rolling huge fire-wheels, Nazi Germany must worship the Nordic ram and honor Wotan's red-haired paladin, Donar, of some thousand years ago. The Pope's recent encyclical had been suppressed in the Nazi controlled press, but nevertheless has found widest circulation and made a deep impression on non-Catholic Germans as well. Hitler has always treated the Concordat as non-existent, and the Pope's warning, if strong, came late enough. Despite these facts, Nazis today brazenly call the Pope's justified complaint "tantamount to direct interference in German domestic affairs." Writes The New York Post (March 23) editorially: "If Jesus were in Germany today he would be in a concentration camp . . . The Pope's encyclical virtually gives his blessing to the fight against Nazism."

Nazi-"Prosperity"

Willson Woodside, writing on "Germany's Hidden Crisis," in the February 1937 issue of *Harper's*—

"The Frankfurter Zeitung published this year, uncontradicted, a statement that 90 per cent of the German workers now earned on an average only 25 marks (say \$10) a week. Forbidden to strike, with no way of protesting his wages or conditions, the industrial worker can now by Goering's latest order be conscripted out of his present occupation, put back in the trade he originally learned, and sent anywhere in Germany. For agricultural workers something very like serfdom is being prepared. Darre proposes to have them established in house and garden on the farmer's land, bound to him for so many days' free labor per year. . ."

DEPORT AFRICAN NAZIS

The South African government today moved to enforce summary deportation for any persons seeking to spread Nazi influence in former German colonial territory in southwest Africa. There will be no appeal against the deportation orders. A proclamation to this effect now is being drafted it is reported.

May this serve as a lesson to America!!

League Surveys Nazi Influence In U. S.

While only 5% of the entire German-American population in the United States are pro-Nazi, approximately 95% of the German language newspapers printed here are pro-Nazi.

This was disclosed by The League following a nation-wide survey made under the League's auspices. The League's findings throw additional light on the political inclinations of the vast German-American population in America. The 5% who are pro-Hitler are well organized in Nazi organizations which are directed from Berlin. Most of the German-Americans and those of German descent are anti-Nazi in their sentiments, but are afraid to take an active part in the movement against Hitlerism for fear of reprisals leveled against friends and relatives in the Fatherland.

The survey further reveals that the reason for the tremendous support of Hitler found in the German language press in this country is due directly to subsidy received by these papers particularly in the form of paid advertisements from the German shipping companies.

Upon completing its survey the League announced that it would soon begin to issue a regular news service to the German language press and that it would take steps to increase the influence of the few anti-Nazi German papers now published in various parts of the country.

More Wage Slashings!

The report which deals with conditions in the metallurgical plants of Saxony points out that at the end of 1932—at the height of the world economic crisis—the hourly wages in this district amounted to 1.08 marks. (26 American gold cents). In September 1933 Nazi officials reduced the wage to 0.76 marks or about 30%, and this reduction was followed in the summer of 1934 by a further reduction of 13 pfennig. Finally in December 1935, with Germany's factories going full blast, the wages were reduced to 54 pfennig an hour, or exactly one-half of the pre-Hitler wages.

The general downward trend has not been altered to an appreciable extent. It should be kept in mind that the figures given are maximum wages for highly qualified metal workers. Of an average weekly wage of 35 marks (\$14) for a 63 hour work week approximately 6 marks are deducted for Nazi contributions.

This is generally referred to as "Hitler-prosperity!"

Wagner: Non-Aryan

A new and authoritative biography of Richard Wagner has just come off of the press in Czechoslovakia, where it is disclosed that Wagner, in some of his own letters, had designated himself as a Jew.

This fact, that Wagner himself had admitted his Jewishness, has created a lot of commotion in Nazi circles. Hitler is known to be a great admirer of Wagner's music and Wagner's music is always played at official Nazi gatherings. Whether or not the new evidence about Wagner's Jewishness will dampen Hitler's ardor for 'Siegfried' remains to be seen.

"German Woman—National Strength"

This brochure by LORE REINHARDT (published by Adolf Klein, Leipzig) bears the sub-title: "A contribution towards the formation of a new type of German woman," and is an attack on the morals of pre-Hitler Germany. It deals with the unhealthy moral relations between man and woman in pre-Hitler days, and exalts the new moral standard of the National Socialist revolution.

The foreword says: "The intensive struggle for decent and clean morals is now directed against a vast number of non-Nordic, confused and demoralized people who will submit only to standardised pressure . . ."

The following quotations indicate the drift of the book:

Woman's Work

"The man defends his people against danger from outside, he organises State and industry and stakes his own life in defence of his people . . . Just as man in war and work, so woman risks her life for the people and the race when she gives birth . . . Thus the birth-giving of the healthy, strong and racially sound mother becomes as well a sublime, State-preserving duty and virtue. It was the will of God who created the races and prominently among them the magnificent Nordic race."

"The Ideal Woman"

"We want to bring into her own the German girl who bears predominantly Nordic features. She is to become the prototype. In her lies the best guarantee for the Nordification of our

Streicher Instructs Italian "Aryans"

"Italy's five foremost anti-Semitic fighters" are to visit Nuremberg for ten days as guests of honor of Nazi Germany. The invitation, which was made by Julius Streicher last week, was accepted by Signor Cianetti, Mussolini's Labor Chief for Industries, who has been touring Germany. The invitation was given at a conclave in Nuremberg of Italian and German Labor leaders, headed by Signor Cianetti and by Dr. Ley, Chief of the Labor Front.

In a high-flown speech, Julius Streicher greeted the Italians as "brothers of the same race and blood." "The Jewish question must come in Italy, too," he said. "We are fellow-soldiers in this greatest of all wars . . . Either we stand together or perish."

In reply, Signor Cianetti is said to have declared: "Italy, too, will manage to subdue the Jews"; whereupon he was presented with a "Nordic Eagle" in bronze by the Nazi leaders.

people, as she will give birth to Nordic children only and thus for generations to come will ensure German-kind and German greatness. We therefore know only one ideal German girl: the beautiful, blossoming, healthy Nordic type. Being of Nordic race, she is mentally different and superior to the women of other races."

This self-divinization is the sign by which you shall know them: NAZI-MANIACS!

THE ENEMY OF MANKIND



Nazi Germany is the Enemy of Civilization

REFUSE TO TRADE WITH THE ENEMY

The Boycott is the Moral Substitute for War

Nazi-Reprisals As 'International Justice'

BERLIN—A move to impose German sovereignty upon other countries was seen today in the new Nazi law empowering the Reich to take reprisals against foreign residents in Germany for measures taken against German citizens or property abroad.

Interior Minister Wilhelm Frick was accorded sweeping authority of highly elastic nature under the law. Observers regarded the measure as a more or less direct attempt to force German law upon countries which might have reason to fear the threatening retaliation.

These same circles were inclined to view the move also as permitting the Reich to mete out international "justice" without recourse to the Hague World Court of other accepted mediums.

The inclusion of the phrase "or against their property" in the reprisal law was interpreted in some quarters as proof that the edict may be aimed against the expropriatory measures taken in Poland against German nationals.

In any event, the law was expected to raise international difficulties when brought into play, inasmuch as its enforcement would impose German sovereignty upon the country affected, or result in a substantial loss for foreigners in the Reich.

Nazi Civil Service Bans Peace Society Members

BERLIN.—This time it is the Postal and Civil Service employees of Germany who have been singled out by the Nazi regime for special discriminatory treatment.

Following instructions from the Reich Minister of the Interior, Postal Service applicants and those on the waiting list of the Civil Service have been informed that they will not be appointed if they had been members of the German Peace Society prior to Hitler's rise to power in January, 1933. Postal employees already in the service for many years and who resigned their membership in the German Peace Society only after the establishment of the Nazi regime, are excluded from promotion.

Pure Aryan—Rags!

BERLIN (Havas)—The profession of rag-picking was closed to all non-Nazis in Germany today. Only the pure-blooded Aryans will be permitted henceforth to nose about the streets and alley-ways retrieving junk for which the administrators of the four-year plan may find use, Arthur Goerlitz, assistant Nazi leader of the Berlin district, ruled.

All the rag-pickers in the capital are to be mobilized under the four-year plan and will be obliged to wear little green armbands and badges.

Brown rags are to be handled with an extra long, special pick and glove, both being marked with the Swastika—we humbly suggest!

The

ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

VOL. IV—No. 4.

— CONCERT ISSUE —

APRIL, 1937

LEAGUE SPONSORS CONCERT IN CARNEGIE HALL ON APRIL 27th



REINALD WERREN RATH
Baritone

WITH Governor Herbert H. Lehman and Mayor Fiorello H. LaGuardia acting as honorary sponsors, and outstanding stars of the concert and opera stage volunteering their services, the League's Benefit Concert on April 27th in New York promises to be a stinging 'musical' rebuke to the Nazis for their ruthless destruction of all art and culture in the Third Reich.

Among the many artists who will appear during the Concert, planned by the League in "an effort to dramatize to the people of America the extent to which the Nazis have gone in applying their various racial bans to the music of great composers" are Reinald Werrenrath, baritone; Harry Braun, violinist and protege' of Governor Lehman; Katherine Bacon, pianist; Goeta Ljungberg, soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company; Luboshutz and Nemenoff, duo-pianists; and the Maganini Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Quinto Maganini. The musical arrangements for the concert are in charge of Leopold Godowsky, renowned pianist, and chairman of the League's Concert Committee.

By participating in the League's event, the artists—contributing their talents—have automatically and knowingly added their names to Hitler's list of "indexed people" and will probably be prohibited from entering Germany as long as the Nazis are in power. And as Reinald Werrenrath said in a recent interview at the League's headquarters: "If Arturo

RENOWNED ARTISTS OF CONCERT AND OPERA FAME WILL PARTICIPATE

GOVERNOR LEHMAN and MAYOR LaGUARDIA
AMONG HONORARY SPONSORS

Toscanini, an Italian Catholic can boycott Nazi Germany so can Reinald Werrenrath, an American gentile. Moreover, Ossip Gabrilowitch, the director of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra died last year from overwork in aiding refugees from Nazi Germany. Certainly, any artist, in the face of that great sacrifice, can afford to do his bit."

Mr. Werrenrath's sentiment reflects the feelings of the other cooperating artists who are eager to protest under the League's auspices Hitler's savage attack on all music composed by non-Aryan and non-Nazi composers, living and dead.

In the same interview Werrenrath said: "Germany is too fine a place to be cluttered with a lot of assinine ideas. When I was there in 1924, it was a peaceful and beautiful country and I had a gorgeous time. Now things are so very different. Friends have come back and told me, there is no hope for that country while the Nazis reign." He said that he did not care if the Nazis prevented him from going to Germany. "There won't

be any good music there anyway," he declared "as long as they are there!"

Mr. Werrenrath will fly to New York especially for the Concert from White Sulphur, West Virginia, where he is going to sing before a bankers' convention. "Nothing can stop me from appearing at this Concert!"

When the League announced its plans for the concert it was stated:

"Few people realize how far the Nazis have gone in applying the Aryan and other paragraphs to music. The works of such great composers as Mendelssohn, Max Bruch, Schoenberg, Stravinsky, Kurt Weill and many others have been prohibited by official decrees of the Nazi Ministry for Propaganda and Public Enlightenment. Arturo Toscanini, the world's greatest symphonic conductor, has already scored Hitler's nazification of music by refusing to appear anywhere in Germany during the Nazi regime."

Tickets for the concert are still available. They may be purchased at the League headquarters or at the box-office at Carnegie Hall, 57th Street and 7th Avenue, New York.



KATHERINE BACON
Pianist

LEOPOLD GODOWSKY Heads Program Committee

Plans for the Concert, in which a number of great artists will participate, and which will offer in its program music which has been barred in Nazi-Germany, are supervised by Leopold Godowsky, renowned pianists and composer, who declared when accepting the chairmanship of the event:

"I am only too happy to engage in any event which can serve as an effective protest against what has happened to my German and Jewish colleagues in the Reich of Adolf Hitler."

CONCERT PROGRAM

The concert program includes a variety of the best music, from operatic arias to Lieder and from etudes to oratoriors, and offers a true treat to every music lover. Some of the numbers on the program are: Excerpts from "Elijah" by Felix Mendelssohn by the Maganini Orchestra; Katherine Bacon will play several Chopin compositions—Miss Bacon is a recognized authority on the interpretation of Chopin's music; Mr. Werrenrath will sing "Oh God of Abraham" from Mendelssohn's Oratorio "Elijah"; Madame Ljungberg will sing an aria from "Cavalleria Rusticana"; Luboshutz & Nemenoff will offer Stravinsky's "Russian Dance" and Harry Braun will play a movement from Mendelssohn's famous Violin Concerto.



GOETA LJUNGBERG
Soprano

BOYCOTT BREVITIES

FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

Fountain Pens

SALZ BROS., Inc., 44 West 28th Street, New York City, manufacturers of fountain pens, have been using Nazi-made machinery during the past few years in the making of their fountain pens. The excuse was that the German product is a distinct improvement over previously made machinery. The company promises, however, that American machinery will be used in the future, since "equally improved equipment is also now being made here."

German made machinery is also being used by the L. E. Waterman Company for the engraving of customers' names on fountain pens. In this case a similar excuse was given, that non-German machines are not available. This supposed fact was contradicted by the League who supplied the Waterman Company with the names of American manufacturers of suitable engraving machines.

Metal Foil Products

THE Lewis Display Materials Inc., of 480 Lexington Avenue in New York City, is supplying German metal foil and metal foil products to display jobbers and department stores. The foil is used in both plain and corrugated form and made into various specialties including artificial flowers. Most of the customers of this firm do not seem to be aware of the German origin of the material. However, as soon as they become aware of this fact, they should make use of the numerous American sources

Do you know of any frauds or subterfuges used in offering Nazi-German Goods? If you do, let The League know at once!

of supply. The League is in a position to furnish complete information on the subject.

Filtermass

ABELGIAN manufacturer of filtermass, which is used for the filtering of beer, desires to place his product on the American market. This item was formerly imported entirely from Germany. For further information, communicate with the League.

Canaries

MANY American canary breeders are finding it difficult to compete with the low priced birds dumped into this country by Germany. The League has been flooded with complaints from canary breeding associations against the subterfuges used by the German importers and the unfair competition. They are planning to submit a petition to the Tariff Commission signed by thousands of their members requesting an increase in the duty on imported canaries. Once again it must be emphasized that not more than a very limited quantity of canaries are imported to the U. S. from countries other than Germany every year, despite the numerous false labels which would indicate otherwise.

Nazi-Spanish Oil

Much of the olive oil coming to this country and labeled as a Spanish product has been shipped from Germany. According to a recent investigation by the League, which has been confirmed by the Spanish Embassy in Washington, olive oil produced in rebel controlled sections of Spain are purchased by the rebel authorities at prices dictated by Nazi officials and then shipped to Germany from whence they are reshipped to the U. S., Brazil, and other countries. The Nazis have been making a heavy profit by the transaction and at the same time have an opportunity to export their arms and ammunitions and troops to Spain in exchange.

One of the excuses offered by the American importers involved was that Spanish ports have been blocked and that steamship companies have not been operating there. However, this is denied by the steamship concerns. Among the firms which have been offering Spanish oil which has passed through German hands are Albert N. Cory and Schroeder Bros.

Re-Routing Around Germany

NOT only German ships, but German ports and railroads as well, can be avoided by routing shipments through other countries. Numerous American importers, exporters, and travelers who formerly used the German ports of Bremen and Hamburg during recent years have switched their routes to and through non-German countries, finding other courses to be equally if not more advantageous. The League's information service on ports and railroad facilities have often proved of benefit. This service is offered free of charge.

German Paints

THE Association of Master Painters of New York has recently formed a committee for the purpose of keeping in touch with the Anti-Nazi League and keeping the painting trade aware of all German merchandise offered on the market. Various ingredients in the making of paints and colors, also aluminum leaf, imitation gold leaf, and wall papers are often of German origin. The difficulty in most cases is the absence of markings on imported raw materials.

Duplicating Machinery

MOST machines for mimeographing and duplicating purposes are manufactured in the U. S. The following two, however, are imported from Germany: Rotaprint Machines, Inc., 141 Broadway, N. Y., and Ormig Corporation, 373 Fourth Ave., N. Y.

Buttons

DO you know that the leather buttons you are wearing are apt to be of German origin? Although leather covered buttons are manufactured in the United States to a large extent, the imported ones are practically all German. Many of these are sold by the importers with a fraudulent English marking. Although England is manufacturing various kinds of buttons, she is not at present exporting this type of buttons to the U. S. Purchasers or distributors who are doubtful about supplies offered them should communicate with the League in order to determine the facts.

Lumber Transport

ONE of the commodities which is still being imported into the United States through Germany on a large scale is lumber produced in various countries of Europe such as Yugoslavia, Poland, and Rumania. It is the duty of builders and construction companies to demand that all imported lumber supplied to them do not come by way of Germany.

Fertilizers

AMERICAN farmers and horticulturists are urged to demand American or other non-German fertilizer, particularly potash. If non-German supplies cannot be obtained, consumers are requested to communicate immediately with the League, as we have complete information on American, French and other sources of supply. Other items used by farmers that are often of German origin are barbed wire, agricultural tools, and peat moss.

Firms Not Mentioned . . .

in the Boycott list on page 5 are not necessarily cooperating with the boycott. It is endeavored to include the names of only such firms as are of nation-wide importance and persist in using goods of German origin or German materials without making efforts to make replacements.

PROTECT AMERICAN PRODUCTS

The laws requiring the marking of the country of origin upon articles for sale apply only to merchandise entering the country from abroad. When the products of a certain country do not enjoy very much popularity, as is the present case with German goods, there is a tendency to place the country of origin in such a position that it is not easily noticed, although this is not in compliance with the spirit of the marking law.

To make certain that purchasers will not suspect that an article hails from Germany, it is important that the American manufacturers place the words "Made in the United States" in a prominent position.

Food Scarce In Nazi Germany

Mr. John Dickson, Chicago Tribune correspondent cabled on April 4 from Paris: "The food situation in Germany" this "is rapidly becoming serious. Here are some facts, gathered by this correspondent on a trip through Germany—facts which the Nazi censors do not permit newspaper writers, stationed in Berlin, to send out of the country:

"Because of the shortage of certain foods, particularly fresh meats, Germans frequently are compelled to eat the famous 'Kohlruben' of World War days. While the German people grumble when the little butter they get is of very inferior grade, if not adulterated, they still hope that the next harvest will be good. Foreigners living in Germany are more skeptical. Most of them have asked their friends or relatives to send them eleven-pound packages of foodstuffs, which may be imported into Germany, provided one pays prohibitive duty. Duty on butter is 30 cents a pound. The foreigner cannot simply order food from the outside, because he is not allowed to send money out of Germany, even if it is foreign money. Arrangements must be made to make all payments abroad."

Rationing Raw Materials

Beginning on May 3 factories using iron must not accept orders for more than six months ahead. All orders

If you need a substitute for a Nazi-made product, communicate with The League; we will send you all information!

for goods wholly or partly made of iron must be approved by the Four Year Plan Administration. Iron will be assigned to factories only on the basis of approved orders. One may be sure that the big works and particularly those manufacturing arms will not be made to suffer. Iron girders, for instance, may be secured only with special Government permission.

To conserve labor power, ornamental designs on coffee and tea cans and similar articles are no longer permitted. Manufacturers are forbidden to persuade customers to purchase goods they do not need immediately.—("Behind the Cables" by Ludwig Lore, The New York Post).

No Gold—No Silver

Hitler forbade the manufacture of silver cigar cutters and restricted the gilt content of cups and saucers. New decrees banned the complete gilding of ornamental cups, and limited the width of gilt borderings on table services to from about 1/25 to 6/25 of an inch.

The quantity of silver permitted in forks and spoons was curtailed, and manufacture of fine silver table services, women's handbags, toilet articles, umbrella handles and cigar cutters was forbidden.

Third Reich Is Barrier To Trade Accord

By FREDERICK T. BIRCHALL

HJALMAR Schacht's Brussels conferences during a visit some days ago have been followed with the greatest attention both here and in Europe, because they mark the beginning of Premier Van Zeeland's attempt to explore the possibilities of an international conference to revive foreign trade. France and, to a lesser extent, Britain are greatly interested in such a conference if it promises success. The United States is scarcely less interested, as apparently from her point of view trade revival would be the surest means of promoting world peace.

At this writing the outcome of Dr. Schacht's conversations in a political sense is far from clear. The little that is known presages no keen desire on Germany's part to participate in such a conference, unless it follows the principles she has laid down as tending to her own advantage.

"Red Russia" Invited By Schacht

Only one concession is discernible from what Dr. Schacht himself told the Belgian and foreign news writers before his departure. This is that Germany would not seek to exclude Russia from any general trade agreement. "Not at all," replied Dr. Schacht to a direct question on this point. "Why should we?" *We have very active trade with Russia and hope to increase it materially in the near future.*

Schacht Evades True Issue

This seems to exclude the possibility of Germany's refusing to participate with Russia in a conference to bring about a general lowering of trade barriers, and it will be welcomed.

Nevertheless, in quarters best calculated to appraise correctly the chances of producing a general amelioration of trade difficulties through the medium of a new economic conference, the feeling is by no means hopeful.

A general solution of this problem must include Germany. Unless she agrees to relinquish her rigid control of foreign exchange, half the problem will meet a negative answer at the outset.

Isolation or Inflation

Such relinquishment would involve the mark's devaluation. But even if Germany were willing to abandon her present financial and economic isolation by cooperating in an Anglo-French-American stabilization agreement, she could not afford to do so without financial assistance from the

**BOYCOTTEZ LES PRODUITS
HITLERIENS. ACHETER AL-
LEMAND, C'EST CONSOLIDER
HITLER.**

**Boycott Hitler Products. To
Buy German is to consolidate
Hitler.—Thus reads the most
popular boycott slogan in
France.**

Goering to Fly Kites

BERLIN—Colonel General Goering informed German children tonight, in an official decree, that they must obtain permission from his Air Ministry to fly kites attached to string or wire more than 300 feet long.

The ruling was designed to protect airplanes which might become tangled in kite lines.

"Pure Aryan" Prize?

The *German High School for Politics* has announced a prize of 3,000 marks for the best work on racial theory. The competition is open not only to German citizens, but to citizens of all States, but Jews will not be allowed to compete. All competitors must prove that they are pure "Aryans," and, if married, that their wives are also pure "Aryans."

other governments. No loan can be offered her without the consent of Hitler to set a reasonable limit to his rearmament and to give serious guarantees for peace to all Germany's neighbors, including Russia. There is no indication as yet of such a possibility.

"Vicious Circle"

Hence, a new economic conference would find itself again confronted with a vicious circle that there is no breaking under present conditions and would quickly meet the fate of the last abortive effort. No European government, except perhaps Italy, desires any lowering of trade barriers which would remove Germany's rearmament difficulties and hasten the day, when her air force and army might give her military domination of the Continent.

Hitler and His Armored Dove of Peace

There were various rumors (over several week-ends) of German suggestions for a new series of non-aggressive pacts, but none so far with any semblance of authority behind it. To make such pacts acceptable to France they must take cognizance of the Franco-Russian treaty, which means in effect the inclusion of Russia in the general scheme of non-aggression.

German willingness to include Russia in such a political arrangement would be, indeed, a reversal of her former position.

British opinion is divided on this point. There is considerable sentiment in the empire which would favor an agreement with Germany, even if it gave her a free hand to the east, but it is not official opinion. Government policy is to stick by France in the matter.

Hitler Courts Belgium

There is no doubt that Germany would like to begin in the west with a bilateral non-aggression pact with Belgium and within certain limits she would be equally willing to guarantee Belgian neutrality and territorial independence. She has already offered Holland such a guarantee, but the sturdy Dutch replied that it was not necessary, their territorial integrity being taken for granted.

Rumors that Dr. Schacht carried a similar offer from Hitler to King Leopold and Premier Van Zeeland may be discounted. Dr. Schacht himself tartly reminded Belgian journalists that he was an economist, not a politician, and Hitler himself always has refused to couple political considerations with economic bargaining. Yet an offer may be made through other channels at any time.

When it does come, Belgians, ardently as they desire all-around guarantees of their neutrality without commitments of their own, will certainly scrutinize its terms most carefully before signing on the dotted line.—*Wireless to the New York Times from Brussels, April 18, 1937.*

— THE CLAY- "FURORE" —



—(Editorial, *Daily Mirror* (New York), February 25, 1937)

SEVERAL things are happening in Germany which make you wonder if Mr. Hitler's feet are made of clay—maybe the idol is slipping. First: Field Marshal Werner von Blomberg, boss of the German Army, made a speech the other day in which he said many nice things about Adolf Hitler: "We honor Adolf Hitler by saluting him"—(here the speaker gave the Nazi salute instead of the military salute)—"and serving him."

Blomberg, as boss of the army, doesn't have to knuckle down to Hitler. In effect, he was saying to Germany: "The Army stands behind Hitler. We find him O. K."

Blomberg has served all his life in the army—but he is a "junkie," one of the landed aristocrats of Germany. Probably he was speaking for other "junkies" when he patronizingly approved of Hitler. You begin to sus-

pect that the army and the "junkies" are playing the tune, and Hitler is dancing to the tune they select. Probably Hitler will bow to their will, calm down, forget his war plans.

Probably the present movement to make a sort of "god" out of Hitler is part of that plan.

Read this new "creed" that thousands of young Germans in the Nazi Youth Movement are made to learn by heart:

"We believe on this earth solely in Adolf Hitler. We believe that National Socialism is the sole faith and salvation of our people. Adolf Hitler, victory hail!"

Once Mr. Hitler is successfully deified, the industrialists will probably prop him up on a pedestal, keep him quiet, and hang a big bright sign on Germany's front door: "Open for business during alterations."

The ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

Published monthly, except July and August, at 16 Hudson Place, Hoboken, New Jersey, by the ECONOMIC BULLETIN PUBLISHING COMPANY

591 SUMMIT AVENUE, JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

Subscription \$1.00 per Year

10c per Copy

Vol. IV—No. 4

APRIL, 1937

Entered as Second Class Matter at Hoboken, New Jersey, Post Office

Hitler Inaugurates A New Bluff Campaign

A miracle has happened; The most uncompromising pacifist of Europe, George Lansbury, ex-leader of the British Labor Party, and the most uncompromising militarist, Adolf Hitler, have met, spoken and conquered to the extent of issuing a statement signifying the willingness of Hitler to attend a conference and "participate in a united effort to establish economic co-operation." This very statement bears proof of the complete collapse of the Nazi dream of Germany's self-sufficiency; it furthermore bears witness to the fact that Hitler cannot barricade Germany behind the walls of paper on which his decrees are written: Trade is necessary, so that Germany may eat; and goodwill is necessary, so that Germany may engage in trade!

Dr. Schacht's economic rabbit-out-of-hat curios fooled Yugoslavia, Greece, Hungary, Albania, Argentine, Brazil, and of late Canada—but not for long. Already the Balkan nations, which for reasons of financial gain or political aspirations had made barter agreements with Schacht's Germany, have become aware of the fact that they are left holding the bag and no compliment in the bargain. Schacht's attempts to obtain money in the United States through the intervention of English bankers were too obvious and have failed. Schacht's latest "Schach(t)zug", his conversations with Belgium, resulted in the unsolicited acceptance of an unextended invitation to a not-yet-called economic conference. Belgium's Van Zeeland is to visit our shores in the near future to borrow, to beg, and to threaten no doubt, just as the others before him with the same mission have done—unsuccessfully so! And even if a World Conference should be called, would Hitler be willing to make concessions, or would he simply state his demands and walk out, trying once more to blackmail and bluff as he has done for the past four years? Is there anything—either in his interference in the Spanish war or in his maniac persecution of Jews and Christians or in his attitude towards his "own" (?) people or in his expenditures and preparations for war or in his relentless fight against culture—is there anything which might point towards a change in policy or towards a humanizing of Nazism? And if granted certain concessions, and if he in turn has made reasonable concessions himself, would his signature on a piece of paper mean any more than all the other signatures and paperpacts which he has burnt at his will and whim?

Hitler today faces a starving nation, with rebellious objection ripening rapidly, with but two outlets for carrying on: (1) Economic aid or (2) War. Despite gigantic gains in war paraphernalia, Hitler's "totalitarian armies" are weak in training, arms and most important, in spirit and morale. At first opportunity, Nazi soldiers desert the swastika, often to fight against it! Hitler must either come to terms—the terms of a stiff-backed France and England, a self-centered Italy, a careful America, or he must fight a desperate, suicidal war. The choice lies with Hitler and Hitler alone! Today the world must watch and resolutely puncture the hollow bubble of bluff that Hitler has released. Watch his action and compare it with his language; which speaks more convincingly—the empty promise of a proven liar or the iron-gloved knifing of a ruthless sadist?!

Nazis Invite "The Learned World" To Goettingen University's Burial

Excelling in the art of iron-gloved diplomacy and tactless exhibition of bravura, the Hitler Government staged a celebration last year which was presumably in honor of Heidelberg University. What happened on this momentous occasion, when learning for learning's sake was abolished, is now fully recognized even by those doubters and optimists who sow in the celebration an opportunity to soft-word and minimize Germany's return to barbarism. Goettingen University, revered and honored, is the victim chosen for this year's anniversary of Hitler's dervish-dance, to be known to history as the "purge" of June 30th, no doubt to the accompaniment of Danse Macabre, oh! were it but written by a Nazi Aryan!

In reply to inquiries sent out by The League to gauge American Universities' attitude towards accepting the Nazi-invitation, a majority of American educational institutions rejected the bid. There are, however, a few of the major Universities—ten in all—who have accepted despite the curtailment of free research, the subordination of the arts and sciences, the militarization of the free student, the elimination of

independent and individual search for truth, and the destruction of all the features which were so characteristic of the great cultural training ground of the German University. Among the acceptors we find Harvard, whose President Conant states in quasi-excuse (in part): "In my opinion it was never more urgent than at the present moment to emphasize the unity of the learned world . . . We must endeavor to forge new links to connect the professors of those centuries with the international fellowship of scholars. . ."

Let us humbly point out to President Conant and all other glass-house optimists that the German Universities and schools in general are no longer under the auspices or control of representatives of "the learned world", but that they have been subdued, wrecked, annihilated by the very same "heiling" unscrupulous egomaniacs who exiled a Thomas Mann, a Thomas Mann whom Harvard chose to honor but a few months ago. How does Harvard, who not too long ago rejected Hanfstaengel's (Hitler's exiled pet pianist of the non-Aryan Wagner's music) offer of a scholarship to be established by the Nazi government on the grounds that the Nazi regime has suppressed freedom of thought in the universities, feel justified to offer such a flimsy excuse for its complete turn-about in accepting the Nazi bid? No British University has accepted the ill-timed and ill-authorized invitation; the Universities of Amsterdam, Utrecht and Leyden in Holland have declined; dozens of American Universities have politely but definitely rejected the bid by the Nazi rulers.

The tribute we feel compelled and privileged to pay to the Goettingen of old has become under these abnormal circumstances a tragic satire. Not an academic birthday, but an academic funeral, organized and celebrated by a self-seeking regime of unbalanced fanatics, who have turned the campus into a military training ground, the "purged" and nazified libraries into barracks, the laboratories into ghastly war-units. Are we to stand by and actually bow our heads in affirmation to the exportation of such preposterous perversion of the true ideal of such self-divining fanaticism? 53 American educational institutions were represented at last year's Nazi-funeral of Heidelberg; this year there will be only ten—the reduced representation points to the awakening of cultural officialdom, but yet—there are exactly ten acceptances too many!

Thomas Mann

" . . . We are glad that you are here, Thomas Mann. No nation can exile you. Yours is a larger citizenship, in no mean country. Wherever men love reason, hate obscurantism, shun darkness, turn toward light, know gratitude, praise virtue, despise meanness, kinde to sheer beauty; wherever minds are sensitive, hearts generous and spirits free—there is your home. In welcoming you, a country but honors itself . . ."

—ON THE RECORD by Dorothy Thompson, April 14, '37.

Some days ago "The Magic Mountain" opened its eternal portals—a draft of strongly scented air penetrated the murky, shadowy sea about it that gurgled inarticulately and spluttered in boiling, puffing bubbles. The scent had become vaguely familiar, for it was of a sweet, clean freshness—it was the scent of freedom. In it there sounded music—the eternal music of the language of Wagner, Schiller and Goethe—spoken by one of their patrician brothers: Thomas Mann. He spoke of the dewy morning sun, the mysterious woodlands, the fairy-carved castles, the hazy streams, the beds of bright flowers—"his" Germany; he spoke of the Geist that in lifelong search for truth had given "his" land and people that vibrantly free and wholesome air; he spoke of God, of Man and his fellow-man, of his children and of those to come; and with voice trembling with anger he loathed the enemies of humanity, his outstretched hand, that same hand that has perpetuated civilization, pointed accusingly, condemningly at the ruthless fanatic that had sought to expatriate and dishonor him.

With language as concise as the science of gravity, and as pure as the gold that stirs the human heart to live and strive for freedom and justice, Thomas Mann has sped across the cultural horizon of the world like a comet leaving behind him a trail of fire that burns into the minds and hearts of those who have not yet heard the cry of millions who die in their own land by the hand of those who dream of having the world, their world! And far beyond in the great unknown, Schiller smiles and Goethe approvingly nods his head. Not yet is all hope lost for the liberation of the human race, not yet may we fatalistically bow our head and await the end of day. No, we must in true idealism double and triple our own individual efforts in behalf of those truer things in life and defend them—and by them ourselves—willingly against all those who are waging war to pervert and destroy them. Thomas Mann—a living criterion of intellectual freedom and responsibility! Following the truth wherever it leads, regardless of personal consequences, Thomas Mann serves well the noblest art of all: the art of being true to himself and true to his ideals. A model to follow and if possible to emulate for generations to come!

May his short sojourn in this free land at this time be but an introductory one, and may he remember it as one great and sincere tribute which America wanted to pay to him and which he so liberally returned by letting America share in his wisdom and personality.

"Torch that flames from Marathon to Concord, its dangerous beauty binding three ages

Into one time; the waves of civilization and of barbarism have eclipsed but never quenched it."

—Robinson Jeffers.

THE ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

Published monthly except July and August at 16 Hudson Place, Hoboken, N. J., by the Economic Bulletin Publishing Company, 591 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, N. J., is the official publication of the

**NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.**

20 West 47th Street MEdallion 3-2720 New York City
O F F I C E R S

Samuel Untermyer	President
Dr. Abba Hillel Silver	Vice-President
Hon. Fiorello H. LaGuardia	Vice-President
Hon. James W. Gerard	Vice-President
Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins	Vice-President
Mrs. Mark Harris	Acting-Chairman Executive Committee
J. David Stern	Treasurer
Louis Myers	Acting-Treasurer
Charles A. Klein, C.P.A.	Auditor

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SAMUEL UNTERMYER, Chairman

George Gordon Battle	J. George Fredman	Bishop Francis J. McConnell
Hon. Richard J. Beamish	Hon. James W. Gerard	Louis Myers
Abraham Caban	Mrs. Mark Harris	Hon. Leopold Prince
Dr. A. Coralnik	Siegfried F. Hartman	Ezekiel Rabinowitz
Jacob de Haas	Rev. John Haynes Holmes	Dr. Abba Hillel Silver
Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky	Rev. Edward L. Hunt	J. David Stern
Hon. M. Maldwin Fertig	E. N. Kleinbaum	Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins
Jacob Fishman	Joseph Kraemer	Oswald Garrison Villard
Dr. Harry Lee Franklin	Clarence H. Low	Frank P. Walsh

MARSHALL FIELD & Co., 121 North State Street, Chicago, Ill. and 222 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
MONTGOMERY-WARD & Co., Dept. Store & Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
SEARS-ROEBUCK & Co., Mail Order House and Dept. Stores, Chicago and branches throughout United States.
JOHN WANAMAKER, Broadway at Ninth Street, New York City.
JOHN WANAMAKER, Philadelphia, Pa.

GENERAL IMPORTERS

ADAM BERNHARD, 45 East 17th Street, New York City.
GEO. BORGFELDT CORP., 46 East 23rd Street, New York City.
STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.

GLASS

FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., Optical & Laboratory Glass, 230 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.

GLOVES

HYMAN HASPEL, "Well Known" Gloves, 468 Fourth Ave., New York City.
WIMELBACHER & RICE, "Wear Right" Gloves, 1150 Broadway, New York City.

HARDWARE

STRAUSS-ECHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.
D. P. HARRIS HARDWARE MFG. Co., 99 Chambers Street, New York City.

LEATHER

J. EINSTEIN, INC., Shoe Leather, 1 Park Avenue, New York City.
HERMANN LOEWENSTEIN, 26 Ferry Street, New York City.

MACHINERY & PARTS

ADLANCO X-RAY CORP., X-ray apparatus, 54 Lafayette Street, New York City.
C. & C. SALES CORP., Ball Bearings, 1775 Broadway, New York City.
H. H. HEINRICH, INC., "Matador" Bag Machinery, Aniline Printing Presses 200 Varick Street, New York City.
ROBERT REINER, Embroidery Machines, 556 Gregory Ave., Weehawken, N. J.
ROTARY TOOL & MACHINERY COMPANY, 217 E. 38th Street, New York City.
ROTAPRINT—made by Rotaprint Machines, Inc., 141 Broadway, N. Y. C.
ORMIG—made by Ormig Corporation, 373 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

C. BRUNO & SON, INC., 460 West 34th Street, New York City.
HARMONICA DISTRIBUTION CORP. OF AMERICA, 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
M. HOHNER, INC., Harmonicas & Accordions, 351-4th Avenue, N. Y. C.
PROGRESSIVE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CORP., 404 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.

PEAT MOSS

ATKINS & DUBROW, INC., ("G.P.M.," "Pioneer," "O.K.," "Sorbex"), 165 John Street, New York City.
PEAT MOSS SALES CORP., ("Justrite"), 165 John Street, New York City.
PEAT IMPORT CORP., ("P.I.C."), 155 John Street, New York City.

PENCILS

J. S. STAEDTLER, INC., ("Mars," "Luna"), 55 Worth Street, N. Y. C.
SWAN PENCIL COMPANY, 221 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
A. W. FABER, INC., 41 Dickerson Street, Newark, N. J.

THUMBTRACKS

ROBERT E. MILLER, INC., Tacks & Nails ("Remco"), 35 Pearl Street, N. Y. C.
WATERBURY TACK CO., INC., Waterbury, Conn.

TOYS, NOTIONS & FAVORS

F. A. O. SCHWARZ, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
B. SCHACKMAN & Co., 180 Madison Avenue, New York City.
STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City.

YEAST

COMPRESSED YEAST CORP., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast, 363 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.
VULCAN YEAST CO., 339 Greenwich Street, New York City.

MISCELLANEOUS

GEO. F. BASSETT & Co., Gifts, Miniature Porcelain Figures, 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City.
JULIUS BLUM, Iron, 532 West 22nd Street, New York City.
CASTLE & OVERTON, INC., Wood Pulp & Pulpwood, 630 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
M. H. GREENBAUM, INC., Food Importers, 165 Chambers St., New York City
HENRY R. HOPKINSON, Linens, 40 White Street, New York City.
KARL PAULI CORP., Fancy Metal Papers, 454 Broome Street, New York City.
LEWIS DISPLAY MATERIALS, Window Displays, 480 Lexington Avenue, N. Y. C.
LEWIS & CONGER, House Furnishings, 6th Ave. and 45th St., New York City.
LUCHOW IMPORTING CORPORATION, Beer, 101 East 13th Street, New York City.
MANHATTAN STENCIL CORP., Typewriter Stencils ("Pelican Brand"), 401 Broadway, New York City.
N. S. MEYER, INC., Army and Navy Equipment, 419 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
ERNST TOEPFFER, Cement, 2 Broadway, New York City.

**WHY DO THESE FIRMS CONTINUE TO
HANDLE GERMAN MERCHANDISE?**

CAMERAS & PHOTO SUPPLIES

ABE COHEN EXCHANGE, INC., 120 Fulton Street, N. Y. C. (Owned by Davega-City Radio, Inc.)
WILLOUGHBY CAMERA STORES, Inc., 110 West 32nd Street, New York City.

CANARIES (Importers)

ODENWALD BIRD COMPANY, 32 Cooper Square, New York, N. Y.
WM. BARTELS COMPANY, 45 Cortlandt Street, New York, N. Y.
MAX GEISLER BIRD COMPANY, 50 Cooper Square, New York, N. Y.
LOUIS RUEHE, INC., 853-BROADWAY, New York, N. Y.

CHEMICALS & DRUGS

AKATOS, INC., Chemicals, 5 Van Dam Street, New York City.
GENERAL DYESTUFFS CORP., Chemicals & Dyes, 435 Hudson St., N. Y. C.
S. B. PENICK & Co., Crude Drugs, 130 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
PFALTZ & BAUER, Chemicals & Glues, 300 Pearl Street, New York City.
WINTHROP CHEMICAL Co., Chemicals & Drugs, 170 Varick Street, N. Y. C. (Combined with H. A. Metz Laboratories, Inc.)

CHINAWARE

ROSENTHAL CHINA CORP., 149 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
PAUL A. STRAUB, 105 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

COKE

COLONIAL FUEL CORP., 37 Commercial Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
KOKANCOAL Co., INC., 21 West Street, New York City.
BEN RAFFE & SONS, INC., 129 Varick Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CUTLERY, BARBERS' & BEAUTY SUPPLIES

H. BOKER & Co., Steel & Cutlery, "Tree Brand," "Valley Forge," "Silver Steel," 101 Duane Street, New York City.
BRESDUCK, INC., Razors, Shears & Combs, ("Dubl Duck"), 224 Canal Street, New York City.
GIBBS & Co., 43 West 43rd Street, New York City.
J. A. HENCKELS, INC., ("Twin Brand"), 456-4th Avenue, New York City.
PETER J. MICHELS, Barbers' Supplies, 1857 Catalpa Avenue, Ridgewood, N. Y.
MOLLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES, Beauty Culture Schools, 177 North State Street, Chicago, Ill., & branches throughout the U. S.
SCHRADER & EHLERS, 239 Fourth Avenue, New York City.
WESTER BROS., Razors, Shears and Manicuring Implements, "Anchor Brand," 250 West Broadway, New York City.
WILFRED ACADEMY OF BEAUTY CULTURE, 1659 Broadway, New York City.

MEDICAL & DENTAL SUPPLIES

AMERICAN HECOLITE DENTURE CORPORATION, "Hecolite" Dentures, 536 S.E. 6th Avenue, Portland Ore., 460 West 34th Street, New York City.
AMERICAN HEXOLINE CORPORATION, "Hexolene" Dentures, 1819 Broadway, New York City.
AMERICAN MEDICAL SPECIALTIES Co., 131 E. 23rd St., New York City.
ADAM BERNEARD, Importer of dental plastic materials, 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
INJECTA COMPANY, "Meisinger" Dental Supplies, 112 E. 19th St., N. Y. C.
F. W. MASSELL & COMPANY, 120 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.
A. PFINGST, "Busch" Dental Supplies, 309 Bible House, New York City.
PREMIER DENTAL MFG. Co., 900 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
GUSTAV SCHARMANN, "Meisinger," "Scharmman" Burs and Instruments, 1181 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
L. SILVERMAN, 1033 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
STERLING PRODUCTS CORP., 118 E. 25th Street, New York City.
TIP-TOP INSTRUMENTS, INC., 15 East 26th Street, New York City.

DEPARTMENT STORES

GENUNG'S DEPT. STORES, Office, 10 East 40th Street, New York City.
S. H. KRESS & Co., 5, 10, 25c Stores throughout United States. Office, 114-5th Avenue, New York City.

**NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.**

20 WEST 47th STREET NEW YORK

General Membership	\$2.00	Associate Membership	25.00
Contributing Membership	5.00	Sustaining Membership	50.00
Active Membership	10.00	Donors	100.00
	Honorary Membership		500.00

Name

Address

CityState



HARRY BRAUN
Violinist

WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES

MRS. Lewis I. Miller, of Denver, Colorado, a member of the Women's Council, attended the Interstate Conference, and reported that all Denver merchants have assisted in cleaning up Denver of German merchandise.

MRS. Mark Harris, Chairman of the Women's Division, addressed a group of women on the boycott at the home of Mrs. A. P. Kaplan.

AN Executive Meeting of the Women's Division was held on April 7, Mrs. Mark Harris, Chairman, presiding. Plans for furthering the boycott during the summer were discussed and a new membership drive inaugurated.

MRS. Louis Dlugasch, our Chairman of Lower Manhattan, is busily engaged in a membership drive. At a recent meeting, she enrolled 18 new members and is continuing her efforts.

THE Jewish War Veterans Women's Auxiliary is displaying keen interest and co-operative spirit with our Women's Division. At our recent Executive Meeting, Mrs. Dorothy Kurman, National President, and Mrs. R. Lazarus, National Boycott Chairman, were in attendance, together with a fine representation of their Presidents and boycott chairmen of various posts.

MRS. M. Freeman, N. Y. State President, recently advised us that our literature is being distributed throughout N. Y. State.

\$250,000 FUR BOYCOTT UPHELD IN LONDON

By LEO WEINSCHENKER, Secretary
Fur Trade Boycott Committee

ON April 16, 1937, the Fur Trade Boycott Committee, acting under the auspices of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, received a letter from the Hudson's Bay Company in London, the largest and oldest Fur Auction Sale in Great Britain. This letter reads: "We were glad to have the opportunity of reading Mr. Untermeyer's letter, and we are writing to inform you that we have decided not to include in our forth-coming sale consignments of those skins to which the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League have taken exception."

Little would the uniformed suspect that this short sentence represents the concluding chapter of one of the most persistent campaigns waged by the Anti-Nazi League against three brazen violators of the boycott. So fierce, indeed, was the excitement caused by this particular incident, and so varied was the mode of attack adopted by the various boycott organizations, that the repercussions of this affair will be felt within the movement-at-large for a long time to come. Besides, it served to clarify the policies which the various boycott organizations intend to follow in their prosecution. The Anti-Nazi League can be very proud indeed that the final outcome of this much publicized case means a complete vindication of the policies it has been following in the past and intends to follow in the future.

Let me repeat what happened: In January 1937 three of the largest New York fur importers sent their representatives to Leipzig, Germany, and bought there from the Ravag Auction Sale \$250,000.00 worth of South West African Lamb skins. Each one of the three firms had given in 1933 to the Anti-Nazi League a pledge, whereby they solemnly promised not to buy

any furs in Germany as long as the Hitler government would be in power.

When the news of this violation reached the Fur Trade Boycott Committee, the League through its Committee immediately advised the violators that their businesses would be boycotted and that the furs bought in Germany must be returned. We stated emphatically that we were not willing to listen to any excuses or promises, and that we would not entertain any compromise as far as our policy is concerned. Other organizations, however, decided in favor of street demonstrations and by aligning themselves with radical organizations threatened to lead the boycott movement into the dangerous path of radical politics. The outcome of this demonstration was an agreement whereby the violators agreed to our original demand of returning the purchases to Europe and were promised the discontinuance of the boycott in consideration of a few thousand dollars of "hush money." Our League refused to be a party to these negotiations, but decided in favor of a continued and relentless boycott of the merchandise bought in Germany. The letter from the Hudson's Bay Company, as quoted above shows and proves the wisdom of our methods, and besides accomplishing our aims, we are very happy indeed to see a company of the importance of the Hudson's Bay and completely controlled by Christians, joining the ever increasing forces of the boycott movement.

We are fighting injustice, suppression and cruelty in accordance with American traditions; i.e., not by violence but by persuasion, and we are confident that the boycott eventually will be the weapon that will hasten the end of Hitlerism.



LUBOSHUTZ & NEMENOFF
Duo-Pianists

Branch Activities

THE Embroidery Industry in New Jersey organized a branch of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League at Union City on April 16th, 1937. One hundred and fifty manufacturers were present. Mr. Morris Walter was elected Chairman.

A BRANCH of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League was organized at Paterson, N. J., on April 5, 1937. Mr. Savage was elected Chairman.

THE New Jersey division of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League will clear all research on boycott for the State through the office at 11 Hill Street, Newark, N. J.

SPEAKERS have been sent to the following organizations: Northside Ladies' Auxiliary, Corona, L.I.; The Educational Committee; Brooklyn Jewish Consumptives' Relief Soc.; Mother's Welfare League of the Bronx.

Swastikas "Not Wanted"

Pressing its drive against Nazi, Fascist and anti-Semitic organizations, the Rumanian government published a decree prohibiting all political demonstrations and banning the wearing of foreign flags. This latter prohibition is expected to outlaw the public display of the swastika.

A Nazi-Fish (!) Tale

A Jewish fish-vendor in the delectable third Reich trundled his barrow along, and as he trundled, he sang out "Fish, Fish: Fine fish, Fat fish—as fat as Goering!" A Nazi overheard him, and reported his blasphemy to the police. He was tried for the offense, and sent to six weeks' imprisonment. Having served his sentence, he resumed his vending: "Fish, fish, fine fish, fat fish"—and there he stopped. Another Nazi noticed him, and, thinking to catch him again, asked "How fat?" "How fat?" answered the vendor, wary but determined not to give in, "as fat as it was six weeks ago!" and he continued on his rounds.

Maganini
Chamber
Symphony



Quinto
Maganini,
Conductor

Protestants Rebel Against Nazi Creed

COLOGNE—The latent church struggle in Nazi Germany is having deep reverberations throughout the governmental departments and ministries. The Evangelical Church fighting the totalitarian claims of the Nazis and their German Christian Church followers, deploras in a public statement that public servants of the German nation are required to change their religious convictions, "like a chameleon its colors." The circular sent to the members of the Evangelical Church in the Rhineland and dated December 31, 1936, states: "The words used by leaders of the Nazi party in attacking the Gospel and the Church could hardly be more cutting or more calculated to wound. Our members are being encouraged to leave the Church. Public servants who were told three years ago that they could no longer continue in government service without being members of a church congregation are now being given to understand that the opposite holds true."

Nazis "Take" Nobel Prize Money

"Behind the Cables" (by LUDWIG LORR, *New York Post*) reported some time ago that the Peace Prize award was sent to Germany on request of a lawyer who allegedly acted in the interest and under instruction from the official recipient. The Nobel Prize Committee is still waiting for a receipt and several of its inquiries sent to the bank have remained unanswered.

A visiting Englishman had a chance to see the martyred pacifist about a week ago. The accompanying guard warned him before entering Ossietzky's room that no reference to the Nobel Prize money would be tolerated. What other conclusion is possible than that the 162,000 kroners were never given to Von Ossietzky, but are in the hands of his Nazi torturers!"

Nazis Lose — The World Gains!

BERLIN—The *Rundschau* reports that 996 teachers and professors who have left Germany since the Nazi accession to power and whose present whereabouts are known are scattered in 46 nations, with 239 of them settled in the United States.

The study shows 270 in England, 64 in France, 64 in Turkey, 52 in Palestine, 46 in Switzerland, 38 in the Netherlands, 13 in Russia and others in various other countries. Only a few of them are Jews.

In the United States, there are emigre scholars in 26 states, the report says, including 68 in New York, 20 in California, 16 in Pennsylvania, 21 at Harvard University and 12 at Yale.

Heil Spring!

"The trees are clothed anew, for they threw aside in time their old Red symbols of degeneration."—*The Voelkischer Beobachter*, Adolf Hitler's personal paper.

"Adolf Hitler — Degenerate"

(From an Editorial by John G. Thompson in the *San Diego Herald*, April 1, 1937)

... "ADOLF HITLER is a MADMAN, an insane blood-thirsty menace to the peace of the world. He has broken treaties with nonchalant arrogance: he has actively interfered in the affairs of other nations, as in Austria and Spain: he has rattled the saber and defied the world to fight on numerous occasions: he has strutted and bluffed his way across the world's stage, intimidating and browbeating all who stand in the way of his mad ambitions. He has wished for war so that he could satisfy his sadistic lust by bathing the world, including Germany in blood. Only the forbearance and will to peace of other nations has thwarted his desires. They have given in to the madman to preserve the peace of the world. Some day he will start something without even a shred of an excuse—and when he does we predict he will get the everlasting hell kicked out of him!"



Adolf Hitler—drunk with power—has set himself up as a god. Seeking for ways to show his power and divinity, he has placed himself at the head of a new pagan church whose creed is the worship of Nazism and Saint Adolf Hitler. He has abolished religious freedom in Germany: he has abolished freedom of speech, freedom of thought, and freedom of the press: he has disfranchised the Germans by making a farce of elections: he has made parliamentary government a hilarious Nazi joke: he has issued decrees and laid down laws so repulsive, so ridiculous, and so oppressive as to make the whole world wonder at the sheep-like docility of the German people in their obedience to the lunatic's commands.

Adolf Hitler is a vain upstart, ignorant, brutal and vile; a vicious man (?) of no principle; a fiend incarnate, the very spirit of evil; a blackguardly cad without manners or breeding, so low in his moral concepts that he isn't fit to associate with normal men and women—or with the innocent beasts of the field; a man (?) whose very name is anathema among decent people the world over . . ."

**Nazi Germany is the Enemy of Civilization
REFUSE TO TRADE WITH THE ENEMY**

The Boycott is the Moral Substitute for War

Hungary Turns Against Nazi-Reich

BUDAPEST—Rejection of anti-Semitism by a Catholic notable and a public denunciation of Germany's attitude toward the Christian religion by a Protestant Bishop today indicated how far the recent papal encyclical against Germany has swung Hungarian public opinion.

The Rev. Father Jusztin Baranyai, a leading figure in the Hungarian Catholic world, told an interviewer that the church "wants justice for all and condemns all excesses and therefore cannot approve anti-Semitism." He recommended extreme prudence to those of his flock who belonged to the right-wing extremist parties.

Bishop Alexander Raffay said that Germany "has profoundly deceived us," and deplored the fact that "Germany has taken a position against Christianity."

Nazi Envoy Must "Activate"

Discussing the appointment of Dr. Hans Dieckhoff to Washington, the diplomatic correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* writes today that one of the duties of a German Ambassador to the United States is to "activate" the German-speaking population of that country.

"It is the hope of the new Germany," he declares, ". . . that this population will exercise pressure on the United States Government in favor of a pro-German policy. Whether this effort on the part of a foreign power to activate United States citizens will improve German-American relations remains to be seen."

Quoting Hearst's *New York American*: "Deport our Alien Propagandists" (Editorial, March 26, 1937), what are you going to do about it?

"No More Real Jews!"

The "early and sure end of the Jewish problem" in Germany was prophesied in Munich last week by Dr. Wagner, the Reich Medical Leader. "We have to-day 500,000 Jews, 200,000 half-Jews and 100,000 quarter-Jews," he said. "In the next generation we shall have no more half-Jews. Many of these will die childless, but all others must produce quarter-Jews, who will have to have a special permit to wed. We will never let them marry so as to breed real Jews again."

"Mein Kampf" Honors Itself!

The German Government presented the Institute of Historical Research of the University of London with a collection of 2,600 volumes. Needless to say, they include a copy of Hitler's "Mein Kampf." When the presentation was made by von Ribbentrop, a large number of students gathered outside the Institute and raised cries of "Fascism destroys culture. Down with Fascism." Banners and posters bore inscriptions such as "German students are in concentration camps" and "Demand freedom for persecuted writers and intellectuals in Germany."



Wearing . . .

"Dictatorships today have passed the climax; people ruled by dictators are getting tired of false prophets."—*Thomas Mann.*

Nazis Increase Air War Fleet

According to reliable British estimates and substantiated by Aircraft Year Book for 1937 (published by Aero-nautical Chamber of Commerce), the German military air fleet has been increased from 750 first line planes at the beginning of 1936 (1,600 planes in total) to about 3,000 first line aircraft in January, 1937. The same informations indicate that German airplane production has passed 200 new airplanes a month.

Two Weaknesses

"Germany's amazing air force development has increased the power and influence of the Hitler government in the chancelleries of Europe and Asia," Editor Mingos says, "but it has brought into prominence two weak points, the influence of which only time will show. *First*, Germany's air force program has aroused Europe to the dangers of unpreparedness in aviation. The result has been that England, France and Russia have expanded their programs in an effort to maintain parity. *Secondly*, all the secrecy of which German military leaders are capable cannot conceal the fact that the Reich lacks many of the raw materials necessary to continued and prolonged production and operation of aircraft after a declaration of war."

POPE DENOUNCES NAZI "RACE-STATE"

"Whoever detaches race, or the nation, or the State, or the form of State, or the Government from the temporal scale of values and raises them to be the supreme model and defies them with idolatrous worship, falsifies the Divinely created order of things." (*From the recent Encyclical*).

Polygamy By Nazi Command

Hens First . . .

Germany's "Aryan" hens are under orders to lay between 130 and 140 eggs a year. The Nazi party news agency asked farmers to increase production and advised them to get "Aryan" hens because "the increase cannot be achieved by mongrel hens which now populate German farmyards."

Women Next . . .

Germany won a victory in the "battle of the stork." According to an official announcement the total number of births was 1,312,345 in 1936. Furthermore, the increase was entirely in second, third and fourth children. The number of first-borns dropped slightly in relation with the drop in marriages, which followed the artificial promotion during the first years of the National Socialist regime.

Despite the birth increase, however, official statisticians reckon the birth rate is still 11% below the figure necessary to maintain the nation's productive capacity.

Summa Summarum

Germany establishes homes for the alarmingly increasing number of unwed mothers and their children.—Headlines in the Press.

Nazi-Propaganda Flooding World

One of the channels highly favored by Nazi disseminators of propaganda literature in Great Britain and South America is the Press. German language newspapers regularly contain advertisements by German organizations announcing that "German literature in English may be obtained on request." inserted on behalf of notorious centers for Nazi agitation abroad. They are: the German Fichte-Bund, stationed in Hamburg; the Anti-Comintern of Berlin; and the Welt-Dienst ("World Service") of Erfurt.

A letter to the advertisers elicits three large packages of Nazi literature, all sent post free. From the Fichte-Bund, which expresses its eagerness to supply facts relating to "Germany's desire for Peace and General Recovery," a typical package received includes batches of leaflets on "The Truth about the Jews in Germany" (purporting to "prove" how the Jews dominated Germany); "Jewry and Penal Punishment" (a wild attack on alleged "Jewish criminality"); "Bolsheviks as World-War mongers" (hailing Germany as "the bulwark against Jewish world revolution"); and similar leaflets. Also included are pamphlets containing speeches by Hitler and Goebbels, and a swastika badge.

The Erfurt center works on more specifically anti-Jewish lines. "World Service" is run by Colonel Fleischauer, the Nazi "expert" on Jewish affairs. It issues a bi-monthly bulletin

Nazis Recruit War Invalids

BERLIN—Dr. Martin Brustmann, insurance specialist, invited invalids to throw away their wheel chairs today and prepare to join the army for the next war. Explaining that all hands will be needed in the presumably approaching conflict, Dr. Brustmann outlined in a pamphlet, published by one of the most important health insurance companies, plans to get the invalids ready, especially those suffering from deficiency or weakness of the heart, lungs or nervous system.

Dr. Brustmann would start with exercises and work up to road marches with full size army packs. Also he recommends target practice always at a representation of the human form. This practice he calls an "important character building agency."

"FOR THE GLORY OF WAR"

Chancellor Adolf Hitler dissolved the German Air Sport Federation and replaced it with a National Socialist flying corps. Hitler described the purpose of the new organization as "to keep awake and deepen the aviation idea among the German people, to carry out aviation training before military service begins and to unify Germany's numerous activities in the realm of aviation sport."



On Guard . . .

"Today, when the winds of Nazism are blowing from across the waters, we must guard freedom with eternal vigilance lest it be swept away."—*The Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick.*

APRIL HONOR ROLL

Thomas Mann—for his honesty, sincerity, democracy, idealism and consummate courage in inaugurating a cultural boycott against Nazi Germany;

Arthur Crispian, former president of the German Social Democratic party, deprived of German citizenship by the Nazis;

Hugo Sinzheimer, former Reichstag deputy and Socialist professor of economics at the University of Frankfurt-on-Main, (under "protective arrest" in 1933). He once hinted that the German "war guilt" anger at America was largely artificial; deprived of German citizenship by the Nazis;

Arnold Vieth von Goissenau, who wrote Nazi-blacklisted World War books under the pen name of *Ludwig Renn*. Jailed in 1933 and sentenced to 30 months' imprisonment in 1934, after declaring himself for a force for peace, deprived of German citizenship by the Nazis;

Hugo Graef and Walter Ulbricht, former Communist Reichstag members, deprived of German citizenship by the Nazis.

Thirty-six other non-Nazi Germans—also deprived of German citizenship by the Nazis.

NAZI "PRIVACY"

All house owners of Berlin and the metropolitan area have been ordered by the Gestapo, the state secret police, to furnish police headquarters with a complete set of their house and apartment keys.

This is commonly referred to as "liberation from decadent democracy"!!

Benefit Concert, Tuesday, April 27, 8:45 p.m. Carnegie Hall

THE ANTI-NAZI BULLETIN

VOL. V—No. 1

ISSUED BY THE NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

JANUARY, 1938

World Anti-Nazi Leaders Threaten Rumanian Boycott

To Act If Government Does Not Abandon Nazi and
Anti-Semitic Policies

In a cablegram to Premier Octavian Goga of Rumania emphatically declaring that a widespread boycott threatens all goods exported from that country unless its program of Nazification and anti-Semitism is abandoned, Samuel Untermyer, president of the League, early this month voiced the plans of his organization and organizations in other countries to extend the anti-Nazi boycott to the Balkan State if its "published inhuman, anti-Semitic threats are translated into action."

"If the published inhuman, anti-Semitic threats are translated into action," Mr. Untermyer's wife said, "we shall feel forced to extend immediately our German anti-Nazi boycott against Rumanian imports.

"Our boycott is not distinctly Jewish. It includes Catholics, Protestants, Labor Unions and others. Britain and other countries would join the boycott. We could substitute other countries' oils, furs and products for yours.

"Your action would, I fear, cripple if not destroy Rumanian exports to America. I hope it will prove as unnecessary as it would be barbarous. You can hardly expect reciprocal trade agreements whilst thus persecuting your minorities on racial grounds. I respectfully suggest your studying the effect of the boycott on Germany's export trade before acting."

Organizations affiliated with the League in other countries have served similar notification upon Premier Goga. Notably, the League's affiliates in the United Kingdom have already cabled to Mr. Untermyer their full readiness to enforce a Rumanian boycott. One British anti-Nazi group has taken steps to rewrite its constitution so that the Goga Rumanian Government can be condemned by its by-laws.

Subsequent to Mr. Untermyer's cable to Goga, the League roundly praised and supported Representative Hamilton Fish's condemnation of the repressive measures contemplated by the Rumanian Government.

The League also joined Mr. Fish in urging the passage of a resolution now before the House of Representatives requesting President Roosevelt to lodge a formal protest to the Rumanian

Government against the anti-Jewish measures of Rumania's new Premier.

In a wire to the Congressman, the League stated:

"On behalf of our many members and supporters permit us to thank and congratulate you on your forthright support of the resolution before Congress urging the President to protest to the

(Continued on page 10)

DANGER IN THE BALKANS

by JOHANNES STEEL

With the appointment of Octavian Goga as Premier of Rumania, fascism has won another battle. The appointment was the climax to a long struggle between two groups of foreign powers that intended to dominate Rumania and its foreign policy. Rumania formally is still a member of the Little Entente and therefore belonged up till now, generally speaking, in the orbit of French foreign policy. The elements supporting the present government have of course long received financial and moral support from Germany. It is not necessary to elaborate on the

Nazi German policy to create within foreign countries pressure groups which will eventually take over the government in those countries, and bring about a co-ordination of the foreign policies of those respective countries with the foreign policy of Germany, in order to understand what has happened.

The pattern of German foreign policy thus becomes clearer every day. First it was the militarization of the Rhineland, then it was Danzig and now it is the break-up of the Little Entente which, of course, puts increased pressure upon the last democratic republic in Central Europe—Czechoslovakia.

The visit of Milan Stoyadinovitch, the premier of Yugoslavia on January 17th to Berlin was a direct result of the reorientation of Rumania towards Germany instead of France. The Yugoslav prime minister on his visit to Berlin probably wanted to find out how deep the friendship between Rumania and Germany really is. In addition to that he probably wanted to know what kind of a bargain he could make with the powers that be in Berlin in exchange for a pro-German and fascist Yugoslav foreign policy. Thus out of the maze of criss-cross intrigues the new alignment of powers is slowly taking shape. England and France will soon be faced with the alternative of either losing their status as first class powers as well as their influence over European politics generally, or of opposing the Italo-German fascist alliance and its satellites, Rumania and Hungary, with an active foreign policy that counters the aggressive designs of the fascists in Europe.

As far as the situation in Rumania itself is concerned, anti-Semitism will be one of the chief weapons of the Government, and with it the Cabinet hopes to take the wind from the sails of the even more anti-Semitic Iron Guard. But it seems that, while the Government will imitate in many things the policy of the Iron Guard, that party itself will be persecuted by the present government.

For the minorities generally the outlook is dark. The attitude of the Government is that all power and all positions should go only to Rumanians, whether in the Administration, army, police, or in business. But the persecution of Hungarians and of Germans living in Rumania would

(Continued on page 11)



Duffy in The Baltimore Sun

FRESH FIELDS FOR HIS ENDEAVORS

A DOG'S LIFE IN GERMANY

Dog trainers in Nazi Germany, most recent victims of Nazi restrictions, in the future will have to keep the paws of their canine pets closer to the ground.

This was the essence of a Berlin cable credited to Havas, the European news service. Havas states:

"It is not 'tactful' in Nazi Germany to teach your dog the Heil Hitler salute.

"The organ of the Storm Troopers, *Der S. A. Mann*, rapped the over-zealousness and 'lack of tact' of some Nazis, especially of the feminine gender who have been teaching their pets to raise their right paws in a semblance of the Hitlerite salute.

"That salute," said the paper, "is a 'profession of faith and of gratitude to the Fuehrer and it must not be degraded into a dog's trick.'"

BOYCOTT BREVITIES

FROM THE RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

ROLLFAST BICYCLES

Most of the people who buy "Rollfast" Bicycles in this country are unaware that parts of these bicycles are imported from Nazi Germany. Manufacturer and distributor of these bicycles is D. P. Harris & Co., 29 Warren Street, New York City, who distribute their products through jobbers and wholesalers throughout the United States. Only last month D. P. Harris & Co. received a shipment of 500 cases of merchandise from Germany. The imported goods consisted of "Champion" Pedals and Hubs, "Rollfast" Chains and "Shamrock" Spokes.

How close D. P. Harris & Company's business ties are with Nazi firms is not known. Mr. Harris, himself, and another member of his firm, however, were in Germany last year, and one of the Directors of the Berg Union of Frodenberg, Westphalia, visited the Harris company here in October.

TRADE OBSTACLE

Handicapped by the financial dealings of German shippers competing with them for markets in Brazil and other South American countries, American export concerns have made a plea to the State Department for a provision in reciprocal trade agreements to meet the problem.

One large concern is understood to have stated that it is unable to overcome a twenty-five per cent advantage gained by German competitors through the use of blocked marks and the suggestion was made that negotiating countries should be asked to accord a compensating reduction in duties on American goods to overcome such obstacles.

GLOVES

While the importation of leather and kid gloves from the entire world to the United States showed a marked increase during the first nine months of 1937, importations of these commodities from Germany continued to decrease.

During the first nine months of 1937, the United States imported only 490,572 single pairs of leather gloves from Germany, while during the same time of the preceding year our importations were 647,168 single pairs.

The decrease in the imports of cotton gloves from Germany indicated a still sharper decline. While during the first nine months of 1936 we imported 866,958 dozen pairs, during the same period in 1937 these imports fell to 285,330 dozen pairs.

"BANKRUPTCY" IN A FASCIST STATE

Germany and Italy will not go "bankrupt" no matter how serious their difficulties may be; the German and Italian workers will not rise in protest against their masters, no matter how low their wages may be or how hard it becomes to get sufficient food.

The reason for this is not always realized, but as described by Douglas Jay, financial expert of the London *Daily Herald*, conditions in those countries are such that "bankruptcy" can only come at a time of real starvation.

Said Mr. Jay: "Under the Hitler and Mussolini tyrannies there are no trade unions, and all unemployment, pay and savings agencies are in the hands of the Government. In these conditions no man can strike against the Government without facing the certain prospect of starvation *within a few days* for both himself and his wife and children.

"That is the fundamental reality of a Fascist regime, standing behind a facade of paper propaganda. Add to it the continual threat of spying and terrorism, and you will understand why workers in Germany and Italy are slow to strike, and why a Fascist State can hardly go 'bankrupt' until its people are literally starving."

LINCOLN TUNNEL

The recently opened Lincoln Tunnel contains no German-made glass in any part of its construction.

This can be regarded as a signal victory of boycott forces over Nazi glass manufacturers; for in the early history of the tunnel, contractors were offered price inducements by German exporters. As a result of strong protests from the League, however, the Port of New York Authority prohibited the use of German-made glass in the building of the tunnel.

AMITY

Nazi Germany has just made a deal with France and tentative arrangements with Great Britain and other countries to avoid future international incidents arising from expulsion of foreign correspondents from the Reich or of German correspondents from abroad.

In the future, according to the new agreement, instead of public expulsion, the governments involved will quietly seek to agree on an arrangement to have the newspaper men "recalled."

BOYCOTT RESULT

As a result of the boycott movement against merchandise made with Japanese and German products, various American hosiery manufacturers are offering in their new Spring lines numbers made of cotton lisle.

COLLECTED IN ADVANCE

So hard up is the Reich that, in effect, it has now quietly taken to collecting taxes in advance. The roundabout system is this: The Government ordered German companies with foreign branches to acquire as much foreign currency as possible, in order to provide Germany with more foreign exchange. Now the Reich is buying up the currency—paying for it with "tax bonds" which are to be used in paying future taxes.

ANOTHER NAZI TREATY VIOLATION

Once again Nazi Germany has violated a treaty—this time without the usual fanfare.

Although they will take no official cognizance of it, British officials have information that Germany has gone far beyond the intent of the Anglo-German naval treaty in submarine construction. Allowed up to 45 percent of British submarine tonnage, the Germans have actually quadrupled the number of submarines they were permitted to build under the agreement.

Just as the Nazis kept within the limitation of the Versailles treaty by building "pocket battle-ships", so again they have taken advantage of technicalities to keep within the letter of the British treaty and have exceeded the limitation on submarine construction. As far as Britain is concerned, she will be forced to retain all old destroyers and increase the speed of new ones.

CREDIT SITUATION

Conducting business in Nazi Germany is becoming increasingly hazardous. According to a recent report of the United States Department of Commerce, internal collections have grown more difficult. Merchant banks in Germany continue being reluctant in granting new internal credits. In an effort to reorient business on a cash basis, the Chamber of Industry and Commerce of Pforzheim has just issued a circular letter pointing out that prices of retailers and professionals are calculated on a basis of cash payments and that it is unfair for buyers to delay payments or to deduct discounts for cash.

NAZI FILM NOTE

A newly-issued decree of the Reich Film Chamber urges the production of super-films to batter down world resistance to German-made motion pictures.

The decree stipulates that: "Film producers are entitled to increase the distribution rates beyond the present rates if the costs of the film are especially high. This increase, however, is subject to the approval of the Price Commissioner who checks the calculation. By this means it is hoped that producers or distributors may be induced to undertake the production of super-films and so remedy the situation of German film business abroad which has been consistently disappointing."

PROFITS FALL

According to well-authenticated reports published in the *New York Times* and other papers, the profits of German industrial corporations in the twelve months ending in September, 1937, amounted to 391,000,000 marks as against 637,000,000 for the same period of the preceding year.

THE BOYCOTT IS THE MORAL SUBSTITUTE FOR WAR

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.

20 WEST 47th STREET

NEW YORK

Honorary Membership.....	\$500.00	Associate Membership	\$ 25.00
General Membership	\$ 2.00	Contributing Membership	5.00
Contributing Membership	5.00	Sustaining Membership	50.00
Active Membership	10.00	Donors	100.00

Name.....

Address.....

City..... State.....

"Hitler Must Not Succeed"

Impressions of A Nazi Meeting

by M. YARMON

(Mr. Yarmon is a New York newspaper man who frequently covers Nazi meetings.)

"All the sins of the world come from the Jews."

I look about me, expecting that the magic carpet of some nightmare has transplanted me in darkest Germany. But no—slightly craning the neck assures me that the taxis remain on the corner, that the large sign on the movie house across the way is still blinking.

Perhaps you think I didn't quote these American Nazis correctly. They wouldn't dare say that. Maybe I'm a bit rusty on my German, and the peculiar sentence order has me baffled. But these speakers don't use German, except among themselves after the meeting.

I admit that I may not really have heard that particular sentence. But it remains in my mind as a composite of everything I have ever heard there.

To the Jews are attributed everything wrong with the world. We are responsible for the depression, for the C. I. O., for the electrocution of Hauptmann, for President Roosevelt, for Moscow—for everything, real or imaginary, that besets us today.

The first time I ever went to one of these Nazi meetings it was almost a lark. Unbelievable, was my first reaction. This is the sort of stuff that we read as reprints from *Der Steurmer*. Only here it was all burlesqued. These people were a sorry lot.

Further meetings have hardened me. Speakers come in what seems to be an endless procession. Heroes to the perverted mind, crackpots of every sort find willing ears where otherwise they speak to blank walls. And they put on a good show for the 25 cents admission. Twenty-five cents from people for whom "sorry" is the best word. Occasionally, though, I get a chill when I recall that maybe the same sort of sorry people put Hitler over in Germany.

It's funny how you get used to anything, even insults. Yet I wonder if these really are insults. To hear yourself defiled by people for whom you feel at first only the basest contempt, then only pity, is not insulting.

There is something mechanical about it all. With the slightest imagination, you can see the speaker-robot saying "dirty Jew" every so often, and the robots in front grinning and yelling in answer.

It all has its valuable side. Reading about the concentration camps, the burning of books, gets under only one layer of skin. Hearing about these things from relatives and friends who recount tales of horror sinks a bit deeper.

But hearing that "all the sins of the world come from the

The Disadvantages of Trade Agreements With Nazi Germany

by DR. MAX WINKLER

While GERMAN-AMERICAN commerce has decreased very substantially in recent years, those charged with guiding the economic destinies of the Reich consoled themselves by pointing to the gains registered in German trade with Latin American Republics which, to a very appreciable extent, offset the losses registered elsewhere.

It will be recalled that Germany has concluded a series of compensation and barter agreements with virtually all of the Latin American republics. While these agreements appear to work fairly smoothly in the early stages, the countries affected discover sooner or later the disadvantages which reside in their trade agreements with the Reich. The Republic of Chile, where German influences have made themselves felt for many years,

illustrates this point. According to statistics furnished by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Chilean imports from all countries showed an increase for the first ten months of 1937 of 38.30% over the figures in the corresponding period of 1936. Chile's imports from the United States during the same period showed a gain of 66% while her purchases from Great Britain showed an increase of 37.30% and from France a gain of 34.60%. Chilean imports from Germany, on the other hand, showed a rather sharp decline, amounting to 20.90%.

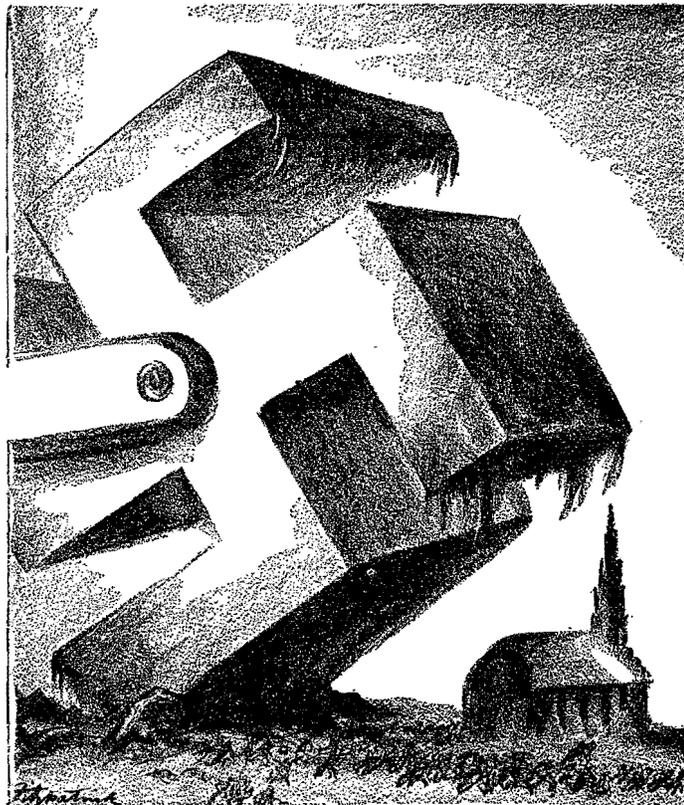
It is also of interest to call attention to the value of the so-called Aski mark in some of the Latin American countries with which Germany has trade agreements. It will be recalled that Germany attempted to effect an

increase in American commerce through the introduction of Aski or compensation marks. This, however, was promptly stopped.

In the Republic of Ecuador the Aski mark has a value of about 27 1/4c; in the Republic of Guatemala it is worth 29c; in Salvador 31c; in Peru 31 1/4c; in Brazil 30c; and in Nicaragua as much as 40c. The value of the mark in the countries under review was determined by computing the value of the respective currencies in terms of dollars and Aski marks as given in official statistics.

A careful examination of all the circumstances surrounding German trade agreements with other countries reveals conclusively that sooner or later those deals are bound to be repudiated. Immediately following the arrangement the country affected is in a position to bring about a marked expansion in its sales to Germany which, because of the peculiar monetary situation in the country, is in a position to offer higher prices for the products of the country in question than is offered by any other country. The more Germany buys the higher prices will rise in the country affected, and the country's exports to other countries will tend to decrease. As a result of this situation, other countries will also restrict their sales to the country in question. Germany, in her turn, takes advantage of this situation by raising the prices of goods which she sells to the country affected. Thus the latter is compelled to sell her goods to Germany and to pay the high prices which Germany asks for her finished products.

In this way the claims of exporters in the country upon Germany register an increase, and they realize sooner or later that this system is bound to isolate their country economically from practically the rest of the world. Higher prices mean higher cost of production, detrimental to the country's economy. It also happens that German claims upon the country with which an agreement may have been signed reach a point where they exceed claims upon Germany, which in turn make the latter reverse her trade policy. As a consequence of such change, prices in the country in question will decline, affecting seriously and adversely the entire economic structure of the nation. Those countries which have realized the ultimate results of barter agreements with Germany are convinced that what the Reich has to offer by way of foreign commerce are merely Greek gifts which, for the sake of self-preservation, must be shunned.



Fitzpatrick in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch
NO SANCTUARY

Jews" makes it all so vivid that you can't help but want to increase a thousand times your efforts to curb them. Only in that way will this same horror be kept from these shores.

Industrial Accidents

According to the official figures of the Reich Professional League, during the year 1932 there were

52 accidents per 1,000 workers. In the year 1936, however, the figure had risen to 82 accidents per 1,000 workers. This means that among the additional 78 per cent people who have gotten jobs, at a greatly decreased wage rate, the rise in accidents was 184 per cent.

The ANTI-NAZI ECONOMIC BULLETIN

Published monthly, except July and August, at 20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y., by the NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year 10c Per Copy

VOL. V  No. 1

Entered as second class matter, New York Post Office.

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.

20 West 47th Street New York City

MEdallion 3-2720

OFFICERS

SAMUEL UNTERMYER	President
DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER	Vice-President
HON. FIORELLO H. LAGUARDIA	Vice-President
HON. ARTHUR S. TOMPKINS	Vice-President
MRS. MARK HARRIS	Acting-Chairman Executive Committee
J. DAVID STERN	Treasurer
LOUIS MYERS	Acting-Treasurer

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

SAMUEL UNTERMYER, *Chairman*

George Gordon Battle	E. N. Kleinbaum
Hon. Richard J. Beamish	Joseph Kraemer
Abraham Cahan	Clarence H. Low
Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky	Bishop Francis J. McConnell
Hon. M. Maldwin Fertig	Louis Myers
Jacob Fishman	Hon. Leopold Prince
J. George Fredman	Ezekiel Rabinowitz
Mrs. Mark Harris	Dr. Abba Hillel Silver
Rev. John Haynes Holmes	J. David Stern
Rev. Edward L. Hunt	Hon. Arthur S. Tompkins
	Frank P. Walsh

POPE PIUS XI vs. NAZI GERMANY

Pope Pius XI, emerging from the decorum of his holy office and, with apparent effort, conquering the pain of a severe asthmatic affection, finally named Nazi Germany as the great enemy of God and Church.

Speaking on Christmas Eve, struggling against illness and age, the Pope responded to the greeting of the Sacred College of Cardinals with a long-awaited declaration against the anti-Christian policies of the Third Reich. At an age when most rulers are ready to retire, the Pope showed by his speech that he was still prepared to fight in the battle for authority between the established church and the totalitarian ideology of Adolph Hitler.

Said Pope Pius, in making his most vigorous and outspoken protest against the treatment of the Catholic Church in Germany: "In Germany there is persecution. It is a persecution that lacks neither brutality of violence nor the pressure of threats nor the deceits of cunning and falsehood."

Those who accused the church of mixing in politics did so only as a pretext to justify persecution, he said, and "it will not escape our beloved children that this is the same accusation made against Jesus Christ."

Banned in Germany and Italy (except for the Vatican's own publication, *Osservatore Romano*), the Pope's address was widely reprinted in the world's press. For Jew and gentile alike, for anyone interested in the preservation and freedom of religion, the picture of the aged prelate accusing the Nazis of destroying and distorting the church must serve as an inspiration for concerted action against "those enemies of God."

There can be no excuse anymore for refusing to boycott goods and services of Nazi Germany. The boycott is the only weapon in the common cause of Jew and gentile against those who would destroy religion everywhere.

CENSURE BY AMERICAN BOOK PUBLISHERS

The forty-eight American publishers who signed the statement that they will not attend this year's meeting of the International Congress of Book Publishers at Leipzig, Germany, deserve the highest commendation for their act of censure against the Nazi Government—an act by way which should be copied by all others who are ever invited to attend similar Nazi-controlled affairs. Had the American publishers accepted the invitation, they would have, as they must have known, become unwitting collaborators in Herr Goebbels' propaganda scheme.

As stated by the New York Times: "They (the American publishers) are not boycotting German literature, German art, German science, German economics, German sociology, German history or German poetry. The boycott has already been imposed by the present masters of the German State. American readers will welcome the splendid Germany which speaks through books banned in their homeland, often written by authors who have been driven into exile. Through those books they know that German culture is not dead. It is only on their own native soil that the best that Germans have thought, said and done, and the best that they are now thinking, saying and doing, are condemned as treasonable."

As stated by the publishers' statement: "No German publisher will dare at Leipzig to express an opinion other than those dictated by National Socialist officials . . . It will be a display of ventriloquism; the publishing trade will be the puppet, but the voice will be the voice of the German Bureaucracy."

By rejecting the invitation the American publishers have become a meaningful addition to the great and illustrious company of enlightened opinion in which Nazism engenders only contempt and indignation. Let us hope that somehow the German people learn of their act.

THE NAZIS AND WILLIAM E. DODD

(Reprinted from *THE NATION* of January 22nd.)

THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT IS SELDOM MORE grotesque than in its periodic protests against "foreign criticism." So abundant is Germany's export trade of violent propaganda that these outcries are as arrogant as they are transparent. William E. Dodd, retiring American ambassador to Germany, has once more wounded Nazi sensibility, an offense rendered especially significant by his having had so outstanding an opportunity to observe the new Germany at first hand. He saw, as he recalled in his New York address last week, how men were "denied religious, personal, and press freedom, how universities and schools were put under party control, and how almost as many personal opponents were killed in five years as Charles II had executed in twenty years of the seventeenth century." It was an impressive indictment. Even more damaging was Mr. Dodd's reminder of the reckless attacks against the democracies delivered by high Nazi officials at Nurnberg and elsewhere. Needless to say, these attacks on the United States were never suppressed in American journals, as Mr. Roosevelt's speeches are now being banned in Germany, or condensed into three lines, as the German papers have done with Mr. Dodd's remarks. The Nazis will do well to drop the subject. Their most recent outcry comes appropriately at the moment when the propaganda they have subsidized in Yugoslavia has succeeded in driving the last Jewish representative out of the parliament at Belgrad.

Foes of Nazis Meet in Berlin

Report Secretly Distributed

A report secretly distributed to the representatives in Berlin of foreign newspapers and news services and which was recently reported in the press outside Germany, contains the startling and encouraging information that "the first Reich Congress of the German Opposition has taken place in Berlin."

Attended by thirty-seven delegates from all sections of Germany, except East Prussia, the meeting lasted for two days and succeeded in mapping a campaign against the Hitler regime. That the meeting occurred at all, in the face of the present terror and the ingenuity of the Gestapo, must be regarded as a minor miracle of courage and concealment.

The report which was secretly circulated to the newspapermen in Berlin was in the form of a letter and contains little to reveal the real strength of the "Opposition Movement" or to throw any light on the men behind it.

"The decisions reached," the report states, "clearly demonstrated that there is no underestimation in our ranks of the magnitude of our task. The present system has, however, found an organized opponent. We will awaken Germany."

Opening with an announcement that the meeting had taken place, the report says:

"The German Opposition has the honor to inform you that the First Reich Congress has recently taken place in Berlin for the purpose of rallying all those who oppose the National Socialist dictatorship. Thirty-seven dele-

gates from all classes and all parts of the Reich, with the exception of East Prussia, have for the first time met in Berlin to discuss measures for conducting the fight for freedom.

"The resolutions passed here show clearly that in our ranks the difficulties and risks of this great task are not underestimated. The present system in Germany is now confronted by the unbroken ranks of its adversaries.

"National Socialism is challenged by us to fight for its position. National Socialism and public world opinion will in the future have to reckon with us. We will wake up Germany. For the first time the real opinion of the German majority on German soil has been made public. Independent of foreign support tens of thousands of pamphlets have gone into the tyrannized land."

The movement's literature, judging from two pamphlets available to observers in Berlin, challenges the regime's major claims. The group undertakes with statistics and generally serious arguments to prove that most of National Socialism's supposed accomplishments are imaginary or the result of policies that will eventually prove disastrous.

A long list of specific expenditures of leading government and party members is presented that it is asserted they could not handle honestly. In particular, reference is made to the recent purchases of luxurious residences costing as much as 3,000,000 to 4,000,000 marks by party chiefs.

NAZIS AND ITALIANS ABROAD EXTEND THE ROME-BERLIN AXIS

A report in the Oeuvre of Paris declares that recently a meeting of the leaders of 600 organizations of Germans who are residing abroad had been held in Berlin at which two leaders of Italian foreign organizations were also present. Gauleiter Bohle, a short time ago accorded ministerial powers, presided.

Plans were worked out, says the report in the Paris paper, for collaboration between the Italian and German organizations, and it was agreed that there would be an exchange of information, especially military information. A secret circular was drawn up for transmission to the principal agents in foreign countries calling for a doubling of activities.

It may be recalled that at Stuttgart, last August, Baron von Neurath, during the rally of the Nazi Foreign Organization, referring to the objections of some foreign governments to Herr Bohle's activities, said:

"The appointment in the Fore-

ign Office of a Chief of the Foreign Organizations is a guarantee that the principles and the guiding lines adopted by the authorities in Germany responsible for the supervision of Germans abroad are kept within the limits laid down by me and are vigorously observed by the Foreign Organization itself."

Reich Churchman Can't Be Nazis

Pastors and candidates for ordination in Germany have been forbidden membership in the Nazi Party according to the last decree of Rudolf Hess, deputy party leader. It was asserted that the decree was intended to keep church strife from reaching the party ranks.

Hess declared the measure is to be applied not only to adherents at the confessional (opposition) movement in the Evangelical Church but to other pastors as well.

Murder and the Hitler Youth

A Story of Crime Without Punishment

The recent funeral of a 12-year-old boy in Leipzig has succeeded in dramatizing more than any other single event the utter cruelty and callousness developing among the growing youth of Nazi Germany.

The funeral attracted unusual attention because it was attended not only by the entire local Hitler Youth, but also by an unusually large number of other persons. Most of these attended because of a rather conspicuous death notice inserted by the grieved parents in the *Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten*.

The facts of the funeral and the events leading up to it are as follows:

Some time ago the Leipzig Hitler Youth held one of their regular "evening parades" (so designated to reassure parents). They are really semi-military drills. Boys from 12 years up participate. Among the children on this occasion were two young sons of an official of the German Supreme Court. The Group was under the charge of a 17 year old leader. During a rest period the children were lying in tents. One of the two brothers went outside and was seen by the "leader" who shouted:

"Stop . . . Who goes there? The password!"

The boy thought it was a joke and did not stop. Thereupon the leader drew a revolver and fired, striking the boy in the head.

Camp was struck in great haste and the children were led away. No attention was paid to the injured boy, who was attended only by his brother and soon bled to death. The news quickly reached the police in Grimma, near which the drills were held; they pursued the column and examined all the boys. Apart from the prescribed daggers they found ten loaded revolvers.

The 17 year old murderer declared in his defense that he thought a spy had gotten into camp and for that reason he had fired. The father of the victim, an old Nazi, ventured in his bereavement to give the *Leipziger Neueste Nachrichten* a death notice in which he reported that the boy "had met with an accident at a nightly Hitler Youth exercise." He also preferred charges against the murderer for "unlawful possession of a weapon." He did not dare charge him with murder.

The father was summoned before the Party Court of the District of Leipzig, which declared that by his notice in the press he had endangered not only the reputation of the Hitler Youth but also that of the National Socialist State. "In consideration of his long membership in the Party" he was merely reprimanded, but he was forced to withdraw his charges against the Hitler Youth Leader.

DIGEST OF OTHER SOURCES

President Roosevelt in his message to Congress:

"It would seem, therefore, that world peace through international agreements is safest in the hands of the democratic representative governments—in other words, peace is most greatly jeopardized in and by those nations where democracy has been discarded or never developed."

Dean Ackerman before the class of journalism at Columbia University:

"Today the Italian and German Governments directly are invading all South American countries by the propaganda route. The official Italian and German news agencies offer all newspapers daily cable news from Europe and regular photographic and feature service free of all expense." Congressman Hamilton Fish, Jr.:

"If this Rumanian outrageous and intolerant program goes through, it will mean that 8 per cent of the population will be outlawed, will be declassified, will have no rights. Their property will be confiscated and they will be practically driven out of the country . . . I hope the Congress will ask the president to protest to the Rumanian Government in the interest of humanity, justice, peace and friendly relations between nations and urge that the civic and economic rights of their citizens of Jewish origin be protected and that racial and religious persecution be stopped."

Waldemar Gurian in *Foreign Affairs*:

" . . . one must conclude that the future of the Catholic Church in Germany depends above all upon the unknown believers who defend themselves against the totalitarian claims and obscurantist tactics of the National Socialist state. On the success of their attitude depends the answer to a question of the utmost importance, the question whether there will ever again be a humane culture in Germany, one in which the rights of free individuals are fully recognized."

THE TRUTH ABOUT NAZI GERMANY IN PICTURES

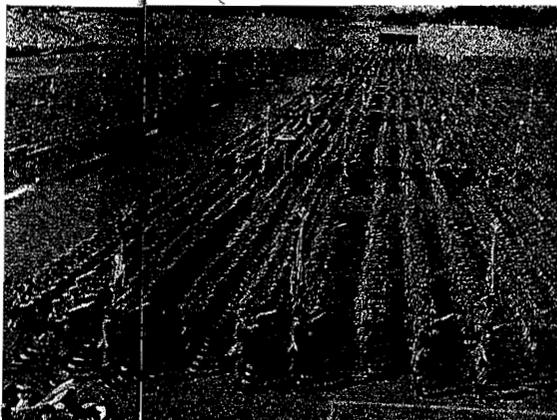


Young and old are being taught by Nazi leaders what they should hate or revere. Especially concentrated on the young is the full power of the Nazi propaganda machine controlled by Joseph Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda and Enlightenment. The glory of war to avenge German honor and the hatred of the Jews are part of the never-ending Nazi refrain.

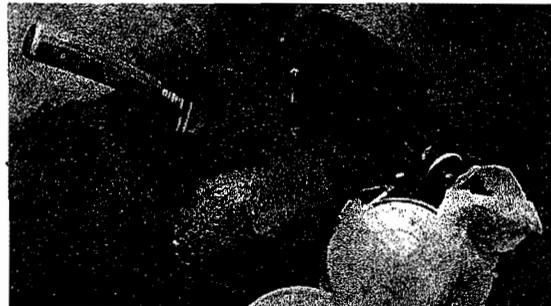


Still suffering under the indignities of the Treaty of Versailles, Germany is constantly reminded by her Nazi rulers that she must expand, that her "lost colonies" must be returned by her conquerors of 1918. MARCH OF TIME shows how large a part geography plays in whipping up national pride to fever pitch.

The pictures shown here are scenes from the new production of the March Of Time, "Inside Nazi Germany". A thoroughly objective, documentary film, "Inside Nazi Germany" is a photographic indictment of Nazism. Its impact derives from truth and its effect on the beholder is to evoke protest and indignation against the forces of Nazism, in Germany and elsewhere in the world, for their fanatic determination to destroy human dignity.



The real meaning of Nazism: final regimentation of the entire population into a totalitarian army in preparation for Hitler's "totalitarian war".



ERSATZ. Bread made out of anything but good flour and other synthetic foods are forced upon the German people while the Reich exports its real foodstuffs to acquire foreign exchange for the Nazi war machine.



Former Ambassador William E. Dodd telling newspaper men on his return from Germany that the Reich is intolerable to anyone who believes in peace and democracy.

Why Do These Firms Continue to Handle German Goods?

BEVERAGES

HANS HOLTERBOSCH, INC., 341 East 79th Street, New York City
 JAEGER IMPORTING CO., LTD., 106 Gansvoort Street, New York City
 M. KEMPINSKY & Co., INC., 1819 Broadway, New York City
 H. LEHMAN, INC., 734 Park Avenue, New York City
 LUCHOW IMPORTING CO., 101 East 13th Street, New York City
 REIDENMEISTER & ULRICH'S CORP., 23 East 26th Street, New York City
 RHINEMO IMPORT, INC., 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 CHAS. VON DER BRUCK, INC., 61 Park Place, New York City
 JULIUS WILE SONS & Co., 8 Bridge Street, New York City

CAMERAS AND PHOTO SUPPLIES

ABE COHEN EXCHANGE, INC., 120 Fulton Street, New York City
 AGFA ANSCO CORP., Binghamton, N. Y.
 BURLEIGH BROOKS, INC., 127 West 42nd Street, New York City
 E. LEITZ, INC., 730 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 E. B. MEYEROWITZ, INC., 520 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 PHOTO SHOP, INC., 136 West 32nd Street, New York City
 WILLOUGHBY CAMERA STORES, INC., 110 West 32nd Street, N. Y. C.
 CARL ZEISS, INC., 485 Fifth Avenue, New York City

CANARIES

MAX GEISLER BIRD Co., 50 Cooper Square, New York City
 ODENWALD BIRD COMPANY, 32 Cooper Square, New York City
 WM. BARTELS COMPANY, 45 Cortlandt Street, New York City
 LOUIS RUHE, INC., 853 Broadway, New York City

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS

ADVANCE SOLVENTS & CHEM. CORP., 245 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 AKATOS, INC., Chemicals, 5 Vandam Street, New York City
 GENERAL DYE STUFFS CORP., Chemicals & Dyes, 435 Hudson St., N. Y. C.
 S. B. PENICK & Co., Crude Drugs, 130 Nassau Street, New York City
 PFALTZ & BAUER, Chemicals & Glues, 300 Pearl Street, New York City
 N. V. POTASH EXPORT, My., 19 West 44th Street, New York City
 STATE CHEMICAL Co., 80 West Houston Street, New York City
 WINTHROP CHEMICAL Co., Chemicals & Drugs, 170 Varick St., N. Y. C.
 (Combined with H. A. METZ LABORATORIES, INC.)

CHINAWARE AND GLASSWARE

S. A. BENDHEIM, INC., 16 Horatio Street, New York City
 BUDE & WESTERMAN, 104 Worth Street, New York City
 FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., 230 East 45th Street, New York City
 HEINRICH & WINTERLING CORP., 49 West 23rd Street, New York City
 HENROE Co., 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 H. G. MCFADDIN & Co., 324 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 ROSENTHAL CHINA CORPORATION, 149 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 PAUL A. STRAUB, 105 Fifth Avenue, New York City

COKE

COLONIAL FUEL CORP., 37 Commercial Street Brooklyn, N. Y.
 DOMESTIC FUEL CORP., 39 Broadway, New York City
 KOKANCOAL Co., INC., 37 Commercial Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 BEN RAFFE & SONS, INC., 129 Varick Street, New York City

CUTLERY, BARBERS' AND BEAUTY SUPPLIES

Watch for Trade Marks: "Tree Brand"; "Valley Forge"; "Silver Steel"; "Dubl Duck"; "Twin Brand"; "Anchor Brand"
 H. BOKER & Co., 101 Duane Street, New York City
 BRESDUCK, INC., Razors, Shears and Combs, 224 Canal Street, N. Y. C.
 R. H. FORSCHNER & Co., Cutlery, 230 Third Avenue, New York City
 GIBBS & Co., 43 West 43rd Street, New York City

HENRY KAYSER & FILLS, Barber & Beauty Supplies, 41 Union Sq. N.Y.C.
 J. A. HENCKELS, INC., 456 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 PETER J. MICHELS, Barbers' Supp., 1857 Catalpa Ave., Ridgewood, N.Y.
 MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES, Beauty Culture Schools, 177 North State Street, Chicago, Ill., and branches throughout the United States
 SCHRADER & EHLERS, 239 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 WESTER BROS., Razors, Shears and Manicuring Implements, 250 West Broadway, New York City
 WILFRED ACADEMY OF BEAUTY CULTURE, 1659 Broadway, N. Y. C.

MEDICAL AND DENTAL SUPPLIES

AMERICAN HECOLITE DENTURE CORP., "Hecolite" Denture, 536 S. E. 6th Ave., Portland, Ore. 460 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
 AMERICAN MEDICAL SPECIALTIES CO., 131 East 23rd Street, N. Y. C.
 ADAM BERNHARD, Importer of Dental Plastic Materials, 45 East 17th Street, New York City
 DEPENDABLE DENTAL SUPPLY Co., 1923 Germantown Ave., Phila., Pa.
 DURO TEST CORP., 583 Broadway, New York City
 INJECTA Co., 112 East 19th Street, New York City
 F. W. MASSEL & Co., 120 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.
 ADOLF PFINGST, "Busch" Dental Supplies, 309 Bible House, N. Y. C.
 PREMIER DENTAL MAN. Co., 900 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
 GUSTAVE SCHARMAN, 1181 Broadway, New York City
 L. SILVERMAN, 1033 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
 STERLING PRODUCTS CORP., 118 East 25th Street, New York City
 TIP-TOP INSTRUMENTS, INC., 15 East 26th Street, New York City

DEPARTMENT STORES

S. S. KRESGE Co., Stores throughout the United States
 S. H. KRESS & Co., 5c, 10c, 25c Stores throughout United States, Office 114 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 W. T. GRANT, Stores throughout the United States, Office 1441 Broadway, New York City
 S. S. KRESGE, stores throughout country
 MARSHALL FIELD & Co., 121 N. State Street, Chicago, Ill., and 22 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
 MONTGOMERY WARD & Co., Dept. Store and Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
 SEARS ROEBUCK & Co., Mail Order House and Dept. Stores, Chicago and branches throughout the United States

FOODS

BENEDICT LUST HEALTH FOODS, 343 Lexington Avenue, New York City
 WM. FAEHNDRICH, Cheese, 13 Harrison Street, New York City
 M. H. GREENBAUM, INC., 165 Chambers Street, New York City
 ROMANOFF CAVIAR Co., 480 Lexington Avenue, New York City

GENERAL IMPORTERS

ARISTO IMPORT Co., INC., 630 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 ADAM BERNHARD, 45 East 17th Street, New York City
 GEORGE BORGFELDT CORP., 46 East 23rd Street, New York City
 BUTLER BROS., Chicago and New York

Firms not mentioned in this list are not necessarily cooperating with the boycott. It is endeavored to include here the names of only such firms as are of nation-wide importance and persist in using goods of German origin or German materials without making much of an effort to make replacements.

J. CHEIN & Co., Harrison, N. J.
 MILLS SALES Co., 901 Broadway and 85 Orchard Street, New York City
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City
 SPIEGEL BROS., 33 East 17th Street, New York City

GLASS

FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., Optical & Laboratory Glass,
 230 East 45th Street, New York City

GLOVES

Trade Marks: "Well Known"; "Wear Right"
 ARCADE GLOVE Co., 112 East 23rd Street, New York City
 EMPIRE GLOVE Co., INC., 467 Broadway, New York City
 HYMAN HASPEL, Gloves, 468 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 WELL KNOWN GLOVE Co., 468 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 WIMELBACHER & RICE, 1150 Broadway, New York City

HARDWARE

D. P. HARRIS HARDWARE MFG. Co., 99 Chambers Street, New York City
 ROBERT EL. MILLER, INC., Tacks and Nails ("Remco"),
 35 Pearl Street, New York City
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City
 WATERBURY TACK Co., INC., Waterbury, Conn.
 ERIC WEDEMYER, 162 Fifth Avenue, New York City

LEATHER

J. EINSTEIN, INC., Shoe Leather, 1 Park Avenue, New York City
 HERMANN LOWENSTEIN, 26 Perry Street, New York City
 LEATHER DE LUXE, 1 Park Avenue, New York City

MACHINERY AND PARTS

ADLANCO X-RAY CORP., X-Ray Apparatus, 54 Lafayette St., N. Y. C.
 C. & C. SALES CORP., Ball Bearings, 1775 Broadway, New York City
 H. H. HEINRICH, INC., "Matador" Bag Machinery, Aniline Printing
 Presses, 200 Varick Street, New York City
 MARBURG BROS., 90 West Street, New York City
 ORMIG CORPORATION, 373 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 ROBERT REINER, Embroidery Machines,
 556 Gregory Avenue, Weehawken, N. J.
 RITTER CARLTON Co., 527 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 ROTARY TOOL & MACHINERY Co., 217 East 38th Street, New York City
 ROTAPRINT MACHINES, INC., 141 Broadway, New York City
 SANITAX ELECTRIC Co., 303 Fourth Avenue, New York City

METAL PAPERS

KARL PAULI CORP., 454 Broome Street, New York City
 LEWIS DISPLAY MATERIALS (Window Displays),
 480 Lexington Avenue, New York City

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

C. BRUNO & SON, INC., 460 West 34th Street, New York City
 W. R. GRATZ IMPORT Co., 251 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 GRETSCH & BRENNER, 42 East 20th Street, New York City
 HARMONICA DISTRIBUTION CORP. OF AMERICA, 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 M. HOHNER, INC., Harmonicas & Accordions, 351 Fourth Ave., N.Y.C.
 IMPERIAL MUSIC & SPORT SHOP, 101 East 14th Street, New York City
 PROGRESSIVE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CORP., 404 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 SORKIN MUSIC Co., 251 Fourth Avenue, New York City

PEAT MOSS

Watch for Trade Marks: "G.P.M."; "Pioneer"; "O. K.";
 "Sorbex"; "Justrite"; "P. I. C."
 ATKINS & DURBROW, INC., 165 John Street, New York City
 PEAR MOSS SALES CORP., 165 John Street, New York City
 PEAT IMPORT CORP., 155 John Street, New York City

PRINTING TYPES

BAUER TYPE FOUNDRY, INC., 235 East 45th Street, New York City
 CONTINENTAL TYPE FOUNDERS ASSN., INC.,
 228 East 45th Street, New York City
 EUROPEAN TYPE FOUNDERS, INC., 710 Broadway, New York City

STATIONERY SUPPLIES

A. W. FABER, INC., 41 Dickerson Street, Newark, N. J.
 MANHATTAN STENCIL Co., 410 Broadway, New York City
 J. S. STAEDTLER, INC. ("Mars", "Luna"), 55 Worth Street, N. Y. C.
 SWAN PENCIL Co., 221 Fourth Avenue, New York City

TOYS, NOTIONS AND FAVORS

B. SCHACKMAN & Co., 180 Madison Avenue, New York City
 F. A. O. SCHWARTZ, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & Co., 45 East 17th Street, New York City

YEAST

COMPRESSED YEAST CORP., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast,
 363 Greenwich Street, New York City
 PHOENIX YEAST COMPANY, 359 Greenwich Street, New York City
 VULKAN YEAST CORPORATION, 339 Greenwich Street, New York City

MISCELLANEOUS

JULIUS BLUM, Iron, 532 West 22nd Street, New York City
 CASTLE & OVERTON, INC., 630 Fifth Avenue, New York City
 DURO TEST CORP., Glass Bulbs, 583 Broadway, New York City
 GENERAL BOTTLECAP Co., 6 East 45th Street, New York City
 HENRY R. HOPKINSON, Linens, 40 White Street, New York City
 LEWIS & CONGER, House Furnishings, Sixth Ave. and 45th St., N. Y. C.
 N. S. MEYER, INC., Army and Navy Equipment,
 419 Fourth Avenue, New York City
 H. REIFENBERG, 205 West 19th Street, New York City
 ERNST TOEPFER, 2 Broadway, New York City

Let the League know of any frauds or
 subterfuges used in offering Nazi-Ger-
 man Goods?
 If you need a substitute for a Nazi-made
 product, communicate with The League;
 we will send you all information.
NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League
 20 West 47th Street
 New York, N. Y.
 Gentlemen:
 I enclose \$1.00 for an annual subscription to
 the Anti-Nazi Bulletin.
 Name.....
 Address.....
 City.....State.....

What We Do Not Like to Hear Is

That in a burst of post-Christ-mast nastiness the Nazis have once again reduced the butter ration of the German people—this time by 15 per cent . . . that the Nazi authorities have started an energetic drive against the Christian Science Movement . . . that the published speeches of President Roosevelt have been prohibited as undesirable literature by the Joseph Goebbels office . . . that the Nazis in Vienna are continuing in their effort to smash 1,000 windows in Jewish-owned shops in retaliation for the breaking of one window in a German propaganda center . . . that the issue of the *New York Times* containing the Christmas Eve message of Pope Pius on the church persecutions in the Reich has been suppressed . . . that Adrian Arcand, "Fuehrer" of the Canadian Fascists has announced his intention to destroy the Parliamentary system in Canada . . .

What we do not like to hear is that according to a well-detailed report which has reached London the Nazi Government is spending \$100,000,000 annually on propaganda . . . that there are 25,000 agents and 2,450 Gestapo (secret police) operating from 548 branches in 45 different countries, crowding the woods and interfering with everybody's business but their own . . . that the Nazis are subsidizing more than 300 foreign newspapers . . . that Leo Blech, renowned orchestral conductor, has been denied permission to leave the Reich to conduct a performance of "Carmen" in Prague and that, because he is a Jew, he is also forbidden to conduct in Germany . . . that the Nazi Government has banned the use of eggs and livestock by magicians and that now the sleight-of-hand artists in Germany will have to pull *ersatz* instead of rabbits out of hats . . .

ANTI-CHRISTIAN PROPAGANDA

The anti-Christian propaganda of the Nazis continues to meet the opposition of the German Army.

Recently Dr. Alfred Rosenberg, chief exponent of anti-Christian teaching in Germany, addressed an audience of army officers and asked them to support the idea of a "Germanic" national Church. During the discussion which followed several generals rejected the idea.

General von Reichenau, who is a member of the Nazi Party, has issued an order to the Seventh Army Corps making attendance at church compulsory for all ranks. In his order he declares, "The Christian religion is the soldier's strongest support in the world war and the army of today cannot do without this religion."

Nazism Denounced At Fifth Anniversary

As we go to press announcements reach us of mass meetings held and about to be held in all parts of the world in protest of the fifth anniversary of the Nazi regime.

The anniversary, which will enjoy a forced celebration in the Reich, will be greeted by the Anti-Nazi League by a monster protest meeting at Carnegie Hall, New York, Sunday Evening, January 30th.

Featured in the League's demonstration will be a presentation by members of the Labor Stage of some sketches from their current hit revue "Pins and Needles."

Addressing the meeting via telephone from Washington, D. C., former Ambassador William E. Dodd will be but one of many notables expected to join the demonstration. Among those who have already consented to address the conclave are: Hamilton Fish, Jr.; Oswald Garrison Villard; George Gordon Battle; Judge Jeremiah T. Mahoney; Vito Marcantonio; Professor Franz Boas; Heinz Liepmaun; William E. Taylor, Dean of the Howard Law School; Ernest Meyer, newspaper columnist; Johannes Steel; and Isadore Gennett, the Jewish War Veteran who placed a wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier in Berlin.

The League's meeting is to be but one of many scheduled by League branches and affiliates in other cities. Announcements have also reached the League that similar meetings have occurred and will occur in Great Britain and other countries under the sponsorship of organizations connected with the World-Non-Sectarian Council, of which the League is the American branch. Organizations of twenty-two nations constitute the membership of the Council.

Use Waste Water For Raw Material

During the course of the tremendous campaign to use all rubbish to fulfill the so-called Goering Four Year Plan, an organ of the National Socialist Party in Mannheim, "*Das Hakenkreuz-Banner*," in its issue of December 11th makes an appeal to all housewives not to throw away old bread and waste-water.

Statisticians have issued figures to show that if in each one of the 17,500,000 German households one piece of bread is thrown away, there would be a waste of one-quarter of the rye harvest of the Province of Oldenburg; that through the throwing away of waste-water an annual loss of fats of 800 million marks results.

Hitler To Be Deified For Nazi Children

The fifth anniversary of the Nazi assumption of power will see the introduction of a new, mystical ritual to be performed henceforth by children in Nazi schools.

In the future mystical ceremonies are to be performed before busts or pictures of Hitler in the schools of the Reich. The rite, to symbolize the "resurrection of Germany" under Der Fuehrer, was proposed by the Saxony section of the Nazi Teachers' Association.

Phrases with semi-religious connotations such as "Der Fuehrer experiences his revelation," occur in the proposed ritual. A Nazi hymn to be sung is entitled "We Lift Up Our Hands". Another chorus includes the line "From the midst of the people Der Fuehrer emerges." The solemnity of the ceremony is to be enhanced by interpolating trumpet calls.

An alternative ritual includes a chant to be repeated by the children. In condensed form it says, in part: "We don't want rest. We loathe the quiet. Waiting is death. He who is unfaithful and leaves the flag of Der Fuehrer shall lose honor forever, Unfaithful, be accursed! Fuehrer, we salute thee!"

Each room employed for the ceremony is to be specially prepared. Unsightly objects are to be removed. A picture or bust of Hitler is to have a central position in the room.

Roumanian Boycott

(Continued from page 1)

Rumanian Government the outrageous and intolerant program contemplated by Rumanian Premier Octavian Goga against the Jews and other minorities. We join you in the interest of peace and humanity in urging other members of Congress to vote in favor of the resolution."

MOVIE ACTRESS SHUNS SWASTIKA

Claudette Colbert, noted screen actress, refused to be photographed with a floral wreath presented to her before sailing for Europe until a swastika flag attached to the wreath was removed. When Miss Colbert was given the wreath she noticed that it was decorated with many flags, among them the swastika. When the photographers tried to get her to pose with the floral decoration she angrily refused until the swastika was removed. In private life Miss Colbert is the wife of Dr. Joel Pressman, noted Jewish physician.

WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES

Denver, Colorado, reports through Mrs. Lewis I. Miller, local chairman of the League's Women's Division that all stores have been cleared of German-made merchandise and that promises have been elicited from store owners of future boycott cooperation.

* * *

The huge membership drive conducted in New York by the Women's Division under the leadership of Mrs. Mark Harris shows, according to Mrs. Harris, splendid results. Although women, not only in New York, but in other cities where the Division has branches, have been very cooperative, Mrs. Harris urges all readers of the Bulletin to double their efforts in enrolling members in the Women's Division.

* * *

The Women's Division plans extensive picketing actions against chain stores which persist in selling German-made merchandise. All women who can cooperate are asked to communicate with the League so that committees can be organized.

NAZI VIEW OF THE ENGLISH— NOT PURE WHITE

The war of the future will be a racial war, declares Nazi Dr. J. Paulsen, a physician and biologist, who in "Germany's Renaissance" makes a remarkable classification of the peoples, in which the English, he says, are not really pure white as the Germans are.

Dr. Paulsen is not even greatly impressed with Germany's allies. The Italians, it appears, although the inheritors of one of the older Mediterranean civilizations, are a very mixed race, while the other treaty partner, Japan, is yellow and Asiatic. At any rate, however, Dr. Paulsen regards alliances between people who are not of the same race as transitory.

STEEL'S NEW BOOK

Announcement is made of the publication of Johannes Steel's new book, "Herr Doctor Schacht: The Life of the Man Behind Hitler." Orders for the book can be placed with the League. Price \$2.00.

New Jersey Reports

Boycott information sent out by the League's New Jersey Division has created a surprising boycott-consciousness among Jews and Gentiles alike. Our appeal circular which was received by 20,000 residents of New Jersey acquainted these individuals with the purposes for which we exist and the dangers we are trying to avert.

So great has been our response, that individual organizations have come to our assistance by conducting boycott mass meetings. Other organizations have appointed boycott committees, whose duties are to visit numerous stores to discover if merchandise made in Germany is being sold. These committees have been instructed to warn merchants who are selling Nazi-made merchandise that they will be placed on the boycott list if they refuse to cooperate with the League.

The Young Men's Hebrew Club of Newark conducted a protest mass meeting recently for the New Jersey Division with Joseph Degnan, a former high official of the Knights of Columbus, as the chief speaker. Harry Rinsky, vice president, acted as chairman. Julius Botansky arranged the meeting.

The Plain Talk Club, another Newark organization, has appointed a group of women known as the Shoppers Committee, who visit numerous stores to ascertain where Nazi-made merchandise is being distributed. If they discover a merchant handling and distributing Nazi-made merchandise, they immediately assure him that if he does not discontinue such practices, he will be placed on our New Jersey list of violators.

Our units in Paterson, Union City, Union County and Jersey City, are reporting numerous successes in eliminating German-made merchandise. Mr. Morris

Savage, chairman of the Paterson unit, reported that his committee succeeded in eliminating German-made merchandise from the leading department stores and from the smaller business firms.

The Union County division, although it is still in the throes of organization, has already completed plans for a gigantic mass meeting to extend the boycott. Under the leadership of such able and spirited individuals as Judge Henry P. Nelson, who is chairman, Miss Vivian Grossman, Secretary, Mrs. Leslie M. Lifson, Mrs. Samuel Koestler, Mr. Saul Lehr, Rabbi Morris Baicofsky, Mrs. Vivian Kaufman, Rabbi Nathan Zuber and Mr. F. Zeitchik, we expect Union County to become one of our most forceful units in our campaign against the Nazis.

"It is encouraging to note," said Dr. S. William Kalb, President of our New Jersey Division, "that we have been able to arouse a large mass of the population of our state to take notice of the inherent dangers that lie in wait for us if we do not make a determined stand against the encroachments of the Nazis. New Jersey is a strong-hold for them, and we living in New Jersey who cherish the rights that are granted us by our constitution, must ever be on our guard against the spreading of the poisonous racial and religious prejudices which the Nazis are pouring into our state by their insidious methods. They have become so bold as to criticize publicly members of our judiciary who refuse to agree with them on their narrow bigoted stand built upon persecuting and torturing minorities who refuse to accede to their creed.

"We, in New Jersey, shall continue to counteract all German propaganda by educating the people to understand the dire dangers we are facing from the

FIVE YEARS OF HITLER

We have just finished reading advance proofs of the fifty page pamphlet "Five Years of Hitler" about to be published here by the American Council on Public Affairs.

The pamphlet, composed of seven significant studies, is an authoritative analysis of what has occurred in Germany under Nazi rule, and it should become an immediate addition to the library of anyone interested in world affairs.

NAZI EDITOR JAILED ON WOMAN'S COMPLAINT

Severin Winterscheidt, 34 years old, one of the editors of the *Deutsche Weckeruf und Beibachter*, official Nazi organ in this country, was found guilty of disorderly conduct in the Jefferson Market Court in New York and sentenced to 30 days in the workhouse by Magistrate Peter Abeles.

The complainant was Miss Helen White of Silver Springs, Maryland, who had Winterscheidt arrested in the waiting room of the Pennsylvania Station on January 10th for indecent exposure. Winterscheidt, who is married, has been in this country seven years and has applied for his first citizenship.

After receiving the sentence, Winterscheidt, denied further clemency by Judge Abeles, who had reduced the sentence from six months to thirty days, fainted. Before being taken to the pen, the Nazi editor was told by the Judge "not to try to teach the American people to act, before learning how to behave yourself first."

numerous Nazi organizations which are springing up in our state. Even our colleges are not free from Nazi propaganda. Recently we sent a protest to the dean of the Montclair State Teachers' College, to stop the German Club of that institution from distributing Nazi propaganda. Our work continually calls for such watchfulness on our part and we are doing everything in our power to stem the tide of the Nazi invasion."

The titles of six of the studies and the names of the authors follow, together with some of their conclusions:

"History of a Lie," by Professor Frederick L. Schumann—"National Socialism is built on a lie . . . the Leader and his subservience to Junkers and industrialists.

"The Plight of Religion," by Dr. Henry Smith Leiper—"The power of a modern totalitarian state over the minds of youth is so great that in due time a generation may very well rise up which 'knows not Joseph'."

"The Coordination of Labor," by Professor Robert A. Brady—"The coordination of labor in Germany is part of the process of transferring to the State the function heretofore performed by the profit and loss accounts of many business enterprises."

"Women in Harness," by Dr. Alice Hamilton—"The picture so movingly painted of women restored to their homes, able to devote themselves solely to the care of husband and children, has faded away, and women are now back in factories, working in large numbers and for meager wages."

"Regimentation of Education," by Professor Charles Beard—"As the years pass this iron discipline gains in effect. If the Hitler regime continues, the German people will be a people almost totally ignorant of the outside world and indifferent to all ideas and interests not contained in the Nazi creed."

"A Nation in Arms," by H. C. Engelbrecht—"Up to the present, reactionary governments in the democracies have tried to make concessions to the Nazis in order to appease them, but such a policy has only encouraged the Fascists in their blustering. The first step, therefore, is for democracies to elect determined anti-fascist governments. Only then will it be possible to end the fascist menace without recourse to war."

The last study, "American Nazis," by Ludwig Lore, is a competent survey of activities of Fascist organizations in the United States.

DANGER IN THE BALKANS

(Continued from page 1)

prevent any improvement in relations with Hungary, and would by no means please Berlin. Moreover, Premier Goga belongs to those Transylvanian Rumanians who were opposed to the pre-war Hungarian regime, and in his opposition came into close contact with the present Czech Premier, Dr. Hodza. The French hope that these ties will affect Czechoslovak-Rumanian relations

in a way that Berlin does not expect or wish.

On the other hand, the Government is undoubtedly sympathetic to Berlin and Rome. But even if these sympathies are reflected in foreign policy the extremely Nationalist character of the Goga Government may still force it into cooperation with the non-revisionist powers led by France.

WHY DO THESE NEW JERSEY FIRMS CONTINUE TO HANDLE NAZI GOODS?

- Kresge Five and Ten Cent Store, 157 Market St., Newark, N. J. (Toys and Novelties)
- W. T. Grant, 777 Broad St., 85 Market St., 575 Orange St., Newark, N. J.
- S. N. Thomson, 219 Washington St., Newark, 1178 Elizabeth Ave., Elizabeth, N. J. (Typewriters)
- Douglas Hotel, 13-15 Hill St., Newark (Liquors-Wines)
- Kar Kniep, Inc., 71 Springfield Ave., Newark (Toys-Novelties)
- Newark Athletic Club, Inc., 14 Park Pl. (Wines-Liquors)
- J. Chein & Co., 310 Passaic Ave., Harrison, N. J. (Novelties-Toys)
- Abe Cohen's Exchange (owned by Davega-City Radio, Inc.) 60 Park Pl., Newark (Cameras)
- Wilfred Academy of Hair and Beauty Culture, 833 Broad St., Newark (Manicuring Implements)
- Rhine-Bavarian Corp., 12 Hill St., Newark, N. J. (Wines-Liquors)
- Essex House, 1048 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
- S. H. Kress & Co., Store No. 160, Elizabeth, N. J.
- Newark Scale Works, 10-14 Hobson St., Newark, N. J.
- Hahne's Department Store, Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FOR PEACE

FREEDOM

DEMOCRACY



Boycott German Goods

THE ANTI-NAZI BULLETIN

VOL. V

May, 1938

No. 5



Dr. Sam: — I'm warnin' ya' now! This is a Permanent Cure.

NAZIS OPEN BRAZIL-PERU AIR ROUTES

Lufthansa Starts Direct Berlin-Lima Service; Danger to U. S.

The danger of air attacks from organized Nazi bases in South America is evidenced by two news stories published in the aviation sections of New York newspapers on May 1.

The Lufthansa Airline, already operating mail planes from Berlin to Rio de Janeiro, has completed plans to open a weekly mail and passenger service across South America from Rio to Lima, Peru, late this month. The 2,812 miles will be covered in a two day flight.

The service will cut mail time between Berlin and Lima to five days. Passengers will be carried only over the land section, west from Natal, Brazil. The Germans feel that it wouldn't be safe to take passengers over the Atlantic. . . . **PERHAPS THEY HAVE THEIR OWN REASONS FOR NOT WANTING PASSENGERS TO SEE WHAT'S GOING ON ALONG THE ROUTE.**

The planes used will be Junkers JU-52, each with three German "Hornet" engines of 750 h.p. Each plane can carry from 13 to 17 passengers and a load, including fuel, of 10,000 pounds (bombs, machine guns or poison gas missiles?).

In charge of the service will be Captain Berthold Alisch, former pilot of the Berlin-London night mail and a veteran of the South Atlantic service.

5,200 Mile Hop

Coincidentally, the Nazis announced that a plane outfitted with two Junkers diesel engines recently shattered seaplane records by making a non-stop flight of 5,200 miles to Caravelas, Brazil. The plane was catapulted from a German steamship, off the English coast.

The two stories tie in rather nicely. A new Nazi airline just below our southern border; Diesel motors that will carry those planes for 5,200 miles; take-offs

"Eternal Jew" Sold On N.Y.C. Newsstand

New York:—"The Eternal Jew," one of the most vituperous publications of the Nazi propaganda bureau, was placed on sale at a newsstand in the New York Times Building during the week of May 1.

The publication, researchers of the League learned, is being imported to the United States by the International News Company, a subsidiary of the American News Company of 131 Varick Street, New York City.

The German catalogue of International News lists approximately 100 Nazi books and publications being imported by the company.

N. Y. Methodists Favor "Aggressors" Boycott

New York:—Condemnation of the Neutrality Act, coupled with a call to Americans to boycott the goods of aggressor nations were among the recommendations adopted on April 22 by the united lay and ministerial session of the annual New York Conference of Methodist Episcopal Church meeting here.

Nazis Heavy Losers In Colombian Market

Nazi Germany was the greatest loser in the Colombian markets during 1937, according to figures just released by the United States Department of Commerce.

While imports from the United States rose from 49,559 tons in 1936 to 81,450 tons in 1937, German tonnage for the same period dropped from 26,704 to 22,731.

Colombian exports to the United States increased from 74,320 tons in 1936 to 85,082 tons in 1937. Exports to Germany dropped from 22,679 to 18,901 tons.

at sea; no passengers on the South Atlantic crossing.

It would be a comparatively simple job to carry a fleet of German bombers out to the middle of the South Atlantic route, and send them off, piloted by veterans from the South American lines, to bomb American coastal cities.

One more reason to create a militant front for Americanism. One more reason to cut off Nazi supplies, and squelch the Nazi organizations in the United States.

FIND LARGE POTASH BEDS IN N. MEXICO

Supply Will Make U.S. Independent of Nazi Exports

Discovery of four rich potash areas in New Mexico promises to rescue the American market from domination by the French and Nazi fields, W. I. Smith of the United States Geological Survey revealed at a meeting of the American Chemical Society in Dallas, Texas, late in April.

Ninety-seven core tests have already been drilled in the New Mexico area, Mr. Smith said, and the extent of the beds has been established.

The American potash, to be placed on the market late this year, will be another stiff blow to Nazi industry. Potash is one of the few natural surpluses in Germany and its exportation has been a major item in the trade balance.

A description of the potash industry at Searles Lake, California, was also given at the convention. This plant, recovering the element from lake brine, last year supplied 40 per cent of the total U. S. production and 40 per cent of the world's consumption of borax and boric acid.

Seek Indictment of 17 as Nazi Spies

New York:—Indictment of 17 Nazi sympathizers as members of an international spy ring that stole U. S. military secrets was to be asked by the Federal Grand Jury during the second week in May.

Although only four of the suspected agents were then in custody, the United States District Attorney's office here had gathered evidence to show that at least thirteen others were involved in the theft of the United States' Air Corps secret code.

Mats'n'Clips

Mats of all cartoons used in The Bulletin are available at cost. Credit lines are requested in re-prints.

Clip The Bulletin all you want to, but we're rather egocentric about having our name used.

Special rates for group subscriptions too.

Nazi Subterfuge Seen In Fair Move

Hagenbeck Dickering For Show; Berlin to Back Individuals

New York:—Evidence that the formal announcement of Nazi Germany's withdrawal from the 1939 World's Fair was a cover-up move to escape public boycotting was uncovered by the League's research committee during the week of May 1.

The Hagenbeck Circus and Zoo of Hamburg, Germany is dickering with a Mr. Krimly of the fair's amusement division for a large exhibit in the Midway section, the League learned.

Other reports re. leases at the fair by individual Nazi firms are being tracked down by League investigators.

The Hagenbecks are known to be ardent supporters of the Hitler regime. The trick, presumably, is to throw a dozen or more low bids in for the fair concessions, under the name of individual Nazi firms but with active support from the Berlin government.

It seems particularly strange that Hagenbeck's offer should be considered in a year when American circuses are making a comeback with one of the largest shows ever seen on the continent. Even beyond this, there are a dozen zoos in the United States with larger animal exhibits than the Hagenbecks possess.

A second possibility is offered by New York newsmen who recall that Nazidom pleaded poverty until the French government offered to pay for construction of a German building at the Paris Exposition. This offer was accepted with alacrity.

Astor Slaps Anschluss

New York:—The Austrian Anschluss failed to convert the family of Vincent Astor, wealthy New York realtor and close friend of President Roosevelt. A week after Hitler marched into Vienna, Astor quietly changed the name of the top-floor restaurant in his Hotel St. Regis from "Viennese Roof" to "St. Regis Roof."

Pelham Supper

The Pelham Parkway division of The League will hold a card party and Dutch supper at the rooms of the Jewish War Veterans, 2050 Wallace Avenue on the night of May 23 at 8 o'clock.

Write for Pamphlets

LEAGUE CALLS NATIONAL RALLY MAY 22

1,000 Organizations to Join Struggle Against Nazism in U. S. A.

One thousand national organizations, representing every walk in American life, have been invited to send delegates to the national "Save America" convention called by The League for May 22 in the Hotel Paramount, 235 West 46th Street.

Since 1933, The League has carried on its fight against Nazi Germany in the form of a boycott of German goods. Meanwhile, the Nazis have set up their own organizations in the United States. The Volksbund, the Silver Shirts and a half dozen similar groups backed by Nazi money, conduct between forty and fifty military camps, operate a chain of eight newspapers, hold meetings in every large city of the United States. Their slogan, displayed in a dozen evasive forms, is "Make America German."

During the first week of May, Fritz Kuhn, the Fuehrer of the American organizations, blatantly announced that his group is not like the National Socialist movement but merely seeks to establish a German bloc in Congress, in State Legislatures, in city governments, possibly in the Army and Navy. In other words, Mr. Kuhn proposes to skid America along the same Nazi path used in the Austrian, Ruhr and Prague campaigns.

Early this month, Nazi activities at Camp Siegfried in Suffolk County, L. I., came under the scrutiny of a New York newspaper. The resultant furore has brought the Nazi threat still more to public attention. The American Legion and finally, town and county officers combined, with the newspapers, to stir up public action. The town of Babylon passed a local ordinance that forbids the display of all flags opposed to organized government and bans signs of a sacreligious or immoral nature.

In Washington, Representatives Dies, Dickstein and Scott have been trying for months to pass bills that would bring about an open Congressional investigation of American Nazi activities. Taking advantage of the Long Island publicity and with the added backing of a strong resolution adopted by the Executive Committee of the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League, Dickstein and Dies moved their measure into the open again, and on May 12 stood a splendid chance of pushing it through both Houses of Congress before the end of the month.

The bill according to Representative Dickstein, will seek a \$200,000 appropriation for a committee of seven Congressmen who will conduct investigations first in New York, then in alleged Nazi centers in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan and on the West Coast. The voluminous report prepared by the U. S. Department of Justice following a two-year study of American Nazis will be turned over to this committee.

This part of the picture is encouraging except for one thing. And that one thing is all-important. It happens to be Public Opinion.

Congressional investigation about to get under way, can come only through unified expression.

With this end in view, The League has called the May 22 convention. It will seek to formulate a united program to:—

1. Consolidate national forces against the spread of Nazism in the United States.
2. Consolidation of American forces engaged in the boycott of Nazi goods.
3. Revive national pride in the American system of living.

Tactics of Volksbund Demand Action Now By True Americans

Among the nationally known figures who will attend the convention or send messages of greeting are: Bishop Francis J. McConnell of the Methodist Episcopal Church; William L. Green, president of the American Federation of Labor; Mayor Fiorella H. LaGuardia of New York; Representative Dickstein; Senator William E. Borah of Idaho; officials of The Catholic University of Washington, D. C.; officials of Bnai Brith and various other Jewish organizations.

The opening session will be called to order at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 22nd and will probably last until one o'clock in the afternoon. The afternoon session will meet at three o'clock and will last until supper time. The evening session will be called between six and seven o'clock.

Simultaneously, a nomination committee will be elected from the floor and will spend part of the day in executive discussion. Late in the afternoon or at the opening of the night session they will bring in their recommendations for new directors and officers of the League.

Admission to the convention will be by ticket only. The tickets may be obtained through executives of the Convention Committee at The League's offices, 20 West 47th Street, New York City.



ACH, COULD I JUST GET DOT JOB!!

Dozens of organizations have come into being for the sole purpose of opposing some form of Nazism. Larger societies have appointed sub-committees for the same purpose. But each group has gone along a separate path. Each group, in a sense, combated the others in order to place its ideas before the public.

THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY COORDINATION OF ACTIVITY. Public demand, and assurances of success for the

Outstanding among the organizations invited are:—The Emergency Peace Campaign, headed by Harry Emerson Fosdick and Admiral Richard Byrd; Catholic, Protestant and Jewish church organizations; the American Legion; the Veterans of Foreign Wars; the Daughters of the American Revolution; the American Society for Race Tolerance; the Federation of Women's Clubs; the C.I.O.; the A.F.L. and the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

Mann Sees Collapse of Nazidom by 1943

Toronto, Ont.: — The collapse of Nazi Germany within the next five years was forecast by Thomas Mann, exiled German author, during a reception given him by the University of Toronto on May 3. However, he warned, Democracy must learn to go armed.

Dr. Mann late in April announced his intention of becoming an American citizen.

NAZI TRADE BALANCE STILL A DEEP RED

Daily Report Shows Slump Continuing in All March Figures

Despite appearances to the contrary, the shrinking process that befell German foreign trade with the turn of the year, to the extent of causing concern in Berlin business circles, continued through March.

Exports, of course, rose to 477,700,000 marks, a ten per cent increase over February, while imports mounted to 461,800,000 marks, an increase of two per cent. This left a favorable balance of 15,900,000 marks for March, compared with a deficit of 17,000,000 marks in February. But the expansion is due entirely to the greater number of working days in March, compared with February.

Figured per working day, exports decreased 2.7 per cent and imports decreased 9.5 per cent. Since world-wide export prices were showing an improvement, the quantitative drop for Germany was even larger.

Nazi Credit Lagging In Ecuador Market

Guayaquil:—A lack of demand for Aski marks, the Nazi controlled exchange credits, is reported here by the Government Bank and the commercial houses of Ecuador. Exports to Germany are paid only in Askis; exporters don't like the idea. Newspapers are suggesting a reduction in the price of Aski marks from a maximum of 4.35 to 4.20 sucres.

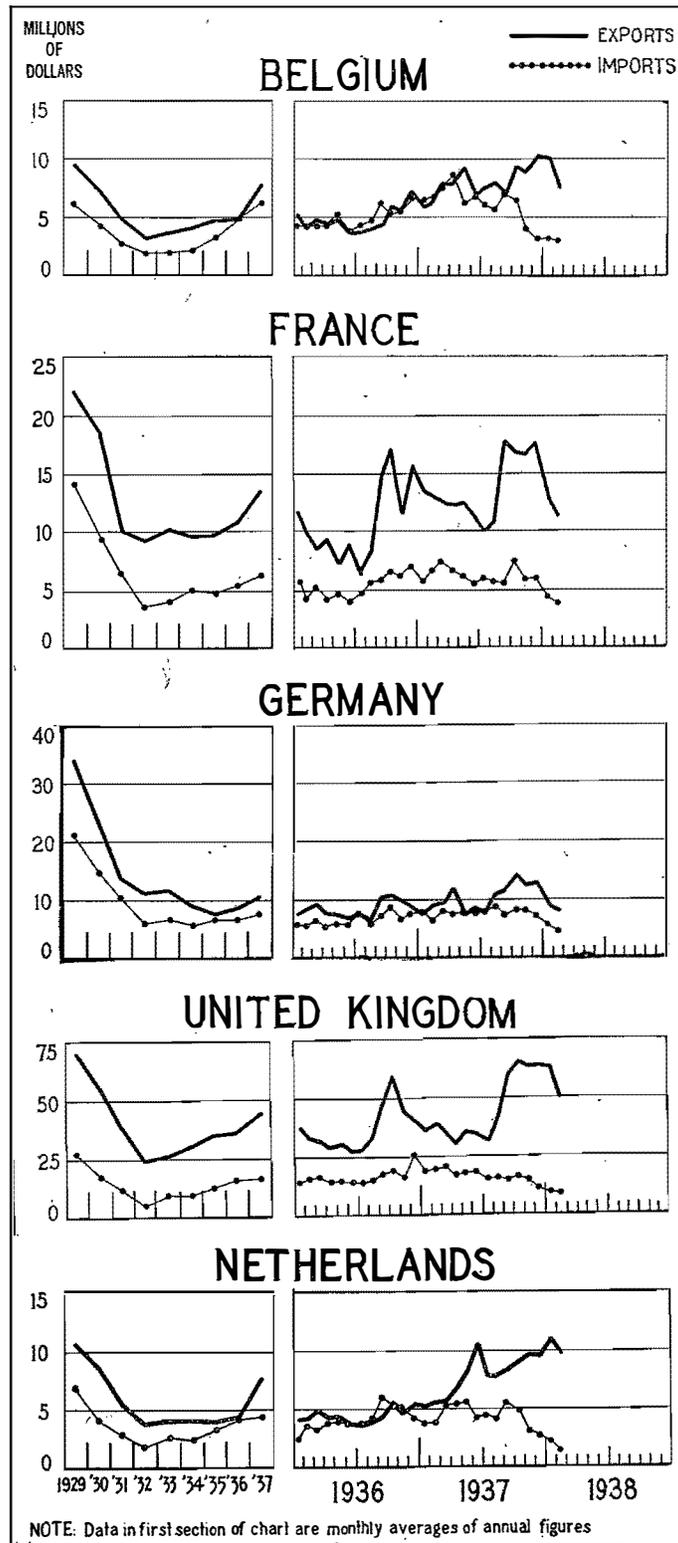
Nazi Rails in Flatbush

New York: — German-made rails are being used on the Flatbush Avenue line of the Brooklyn and Queens Transit Corporation here. No Nazi rails have been purchased by the company since 1937, however. Recent orders have been placed with Bethlehem Steel.

Heidt Buys Nazi Glass

Complaints are still reaching the League that the Heidt Glass Works of 1609 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., are continuing their importation of colored glass from Germany for the manufacture of sun glasses.

THE PROOF



—U. S. Department of Commerce, April, 1938.

U.S. Germans Ordered To Sign for Nazi Army

New York: — Instructions to register by May 31 for labor and military service in the home country have been issued by the German Consulate General here to all German nationals residing in the United States who were born in the years 1918 or 1919. The call also includes Austrians. Army conscription plus labor services for young men as an army preliminary were among the measures restored by the Hitler government. It is a necessary preliminary for entrance to a Nazi university or government employment.

Ohio D.A.R. Denounces American Volksbund

Columbus, O.:—A resolution denouncing the Volksbund for "corrupting our youth, undermining our government, working against the national defense of the United States and against religious freedom and fostering class hatred" was unanimously adopted at the annual convention of the Ohio Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution held there.

Y.W.C.A. Fears Nazism

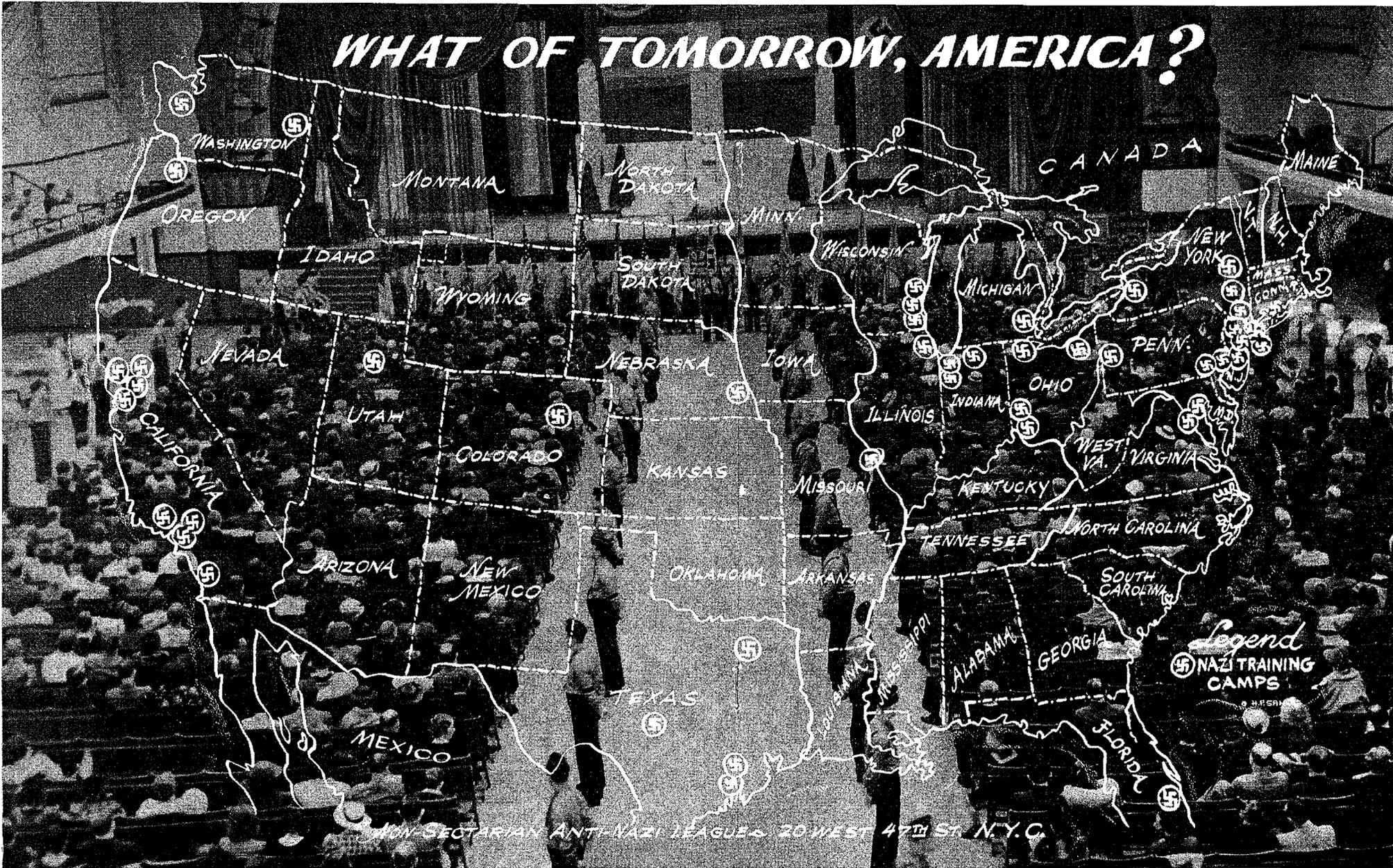
Columbus, O.:—The necessity of making democracy a working ideal as a means of averting Nazi-Fascist domination in the United States was emphasized by Mrs. A. L. Kimball, national president of the Y.W.C.A., at the national convention of the organization opening here on April 22, 1938.

Vallee Aids Refugees

Rudy Vallee, The Ritz Brothers, Lillian Roth and other stage and screen notables were guests at the benefit to aid refugees from Nazi Germany held in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Merl, 6 East 56th Street, New York City, on the afternoon of May 1, 1938.

Nazi Censorship Sweeps into Spain

Burgos, Spain:—The Insurgent Government, backed by Hitler and Mussolini, has cracked down on the public press. A law announced on April 23 authorizes Franco's government to "organize and watch over the press, regulate the number and importance of periodicals, intervene in the designation of editorial directors, regulate the newspaper profession, establish and maintain censorship."



From the Atlantic to the Pacific, Nazi propagandists rally the unthinking to Bund meetings like this one, held in The Westchester Civic Auditorium White Plains, N. Y. Their purpose is to make the Hitler ideology a dominant force in the U. S. A. Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of democracy. The map shows the location of active Nazi organizations in the U. S.

(c) Acme

YOU ARE YOUR BROTHER'S KEEPER!

By RUTH M. GOLD

The time has long since passed for honeyed words. At the very beginning of Hitler's sadistic activities, a great many of us felt that Nazism would sting itself and die of its own venom. We thought it couldn't last.

Our religious teachings: Catholicism, Protestantism, or Judaism subconsciously imbued us with the philosophy that because of the satanic elements of Hitlerism, it couldn't survive, that "right was might," and that we could all sit back, complacently or with suspense, and await the last act of a two-act play, known as the "Rise and Fall of Adolph Hitler and His Henchmen"; at which time, when the final curtain dropped, Evil would have destroyed itself.

Instead, as the play unfolded, and as we viewed the acts from the loge seats, across the ocean, the unpleasant suspicion began to penetrate, that we were in for a play which goes on hour after hour, day after day, week after week, year after year. There is no indication of the last scene.

When it was realized that our passivity, with all its optimism, would accomplish naught, many persons saw the effectiveness of a boycott, as a peaceful means of defeat. They became pioneers. They realized the necessity of fighting scourges of mental depravity and prejudice, just as their forefathers fought disease and insect plagues. The goal would be "Unified Tolerance and Understanding."

One of the most deadly of self inflicting poisons is "Inertia"; and too many people, though their sympathies were Anti-Nazi, were INERT and INACTIVE. For convenience, they assumed that the "little purchase" of German-made merchandise, would make no difference. They did not have the foresight to visualize that the success of this boycott would come only by concentrated and united efforts.

The boycott of German goods is not alone the duty of those who believe in religious toleration. The boycott of Nazi goods is the duty of every liberty loving American who pledges allegiance to the American flag and

what it stands for. It is the duty of every humanitarian who believes in the Brotherhood of Man. It is the privilege of every civilized human being, who looks to progress and civilization, and who realizes that Nazi Germany is a relapse into the Dark Ages.

The Spanish Inquisition held no greater terrors than the Nazi concentration camps of today. The slave galleys of ancient Rome differ but in era from the regimentation of young men in

thought to practice witch-craft, and those who practice free speech share similar fates.

The Christians who were thrown to the lions in the Roman arenas were no more abused by their keepers, than men and women who are incarcerated today in German prisons because of political and religious differences, without benefit of trial.

If you support such a country as this, morally or financially, you wear the shadow of a scarlet letter.



Nazi Germany. Like cannons they wait to be exploded by the hands of a man who holds no respect for human life.

There is little difference between Socrates who was forced to drink the hemlock because he dared to speak the truth, Galileo who had to recant his theories, under pressure of being burned at the stake, and Albert Einstein, who must spend the autumn of his life exiled from the land he loves. Those who were

—SO, when you are about to make a purchase, you owe it to all that is decent and fine within you to turn the product over and if you see "MADE IN GERMANY," be it printed in type ever so small, remember—a dollar spent for a German made article is one more breath for Nazism. It means the prolongation of Nazi principles; added life to its corroding power, and every day that Nazism is prolonged, is a blot on the "Escutcheon of Civilization," and a threat to our own freedom.

UNTERMYER RESIGNS AS LEAGUEHEAD

Age and Health Force Beloved Leader to Give up Offices

Fearless leader in the fight against the Nazi invasion, Samuel Untermyer resigned as president and board chairman of The League on April 24. He has been in ill health for some time and is, at present, devoting his energies to the New York State Constitutional Convention to which he is a delegate-at-large.

"While I regret the necessity of this step," his letter of resignation read, "I am consoled by the reflection that after more than five years of arduous and continuous service, the objects of The League have become so well known that it should from now on go forward under its own momentum.

"I consider the League a great humanitarian public work, in no sense sectarian, that under rightful guidance should have the support of every civilized human being, regardless of race, class or creed, and I hope to see it maintained under that basis."

Mr. Untermyer had been a father to the League since 1933 when it was formed from The American League for the Defense of Jewish Rights. And now, firm in its determination to uphold the pride of the parent, the organization steps out on its own.

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, automatically became president of The League. New officers will be elected during the national convention to be held at the Hotel Paramount, 235 West 46th Street, on May 22.

League of Nations to Aid World's Refugees

Geneva:—Final agreement was reached among League of Nations members on May 10 for the establishment of a single autonomous office to aid refugees of all nationalities and creeds. The United States will be asked to cooperate.

The agreement was reached, League officials said, after Russia withdrew objections to the inclusion of White Russians among those to be aided. Under the agreement, a High Commissioner will be named by the League to head the office.

THE ANTI-NAZI BULLETIN

Published monthly, at 20 West 47th Street, New York, N. Y.,
by the NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE
TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, INC.

Subscription \$3.00 Per Year

VOL. V

450

No. 5

Entered as second class matter, New York Post Office.

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE TO CHAMPION HUMAN RIGHTS, Inc.

20 West 47th Street New York City
MEdallion 3-2720

OFFICERS

DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER *Acting President*
HON. FIORELLO H. LAGUARDIA *Vice-President*
MRS. MARK HARRIS *Acting-Chairman Executive Committee*
J. DAVID STERN *Treasurer*
LOUIS MYERS *Acting-Treasurer*

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

George Gordon Battle	E. N. Kleinbaum
Hon. Richard J. Beamish	Joseph Kraemer
Abraham Cahan	Clarence H. Low
Dr. Benjamin Dubovsky	Bishop Francis J. McConnell
Hon. M. Maldwin Fertig	Louis Myers
Jacob Fishman	Hon. Leopold Prince
J. George Fredman	Ezekiel Rabinowitz
Mrs. Mark Harris	Dr. Abba Hillel Silver
Rev. John Haynes Holmes	J. David Stern
Rev. Edward L. Hunt	Frank P. Walsh

WRONG AGAIN, DARN IT!

We've just finished reading the last issue of *Deutscher Weckruf und Beobachter*, the Bund's New York newspaper and, as usual, discover that most of the stories in last month's Bulletin were just so many bourgeois lies.

We learned, for instance, that the April 20 riot in Yorkville was incited by the Dickstein Committee with a little off-stage help from the New York Police Department. The 1,000 Bundsmen, when spoken to by 100 Americans, were forced to defend themselves with knives and belt buckles.

We learned, also, that David Weiss, editor of an Anti-Nazi magazine in Brooklyn, deliberately beat himself over the head with a flag staff, scratched swastikas into the small of his back and kicked himself in the groin, all for the privilege of being photoed in his undershirt by news cameramen.

We discover that the Jews in Germany are dying, not from pogroms, but from overdoses of joy at being able to live under the Hitler regime. They haven't known such happiness for a thousand years; their hearts just go "blop" under the strain.

We learn that Germany is a country rivaled only by Paradise, teeming with fat, smiling peasants, happy workers, and legions of Storm Troopers kneeling in the middle of the road praying for World Peace.

We learn that members of the Bund carry six inch knives because they want to be like Boy Scouts.

So, with all sort of humility, we should apologize for the nasty, horrid things we've said. We've been in the wrong before. We always believed, for instance, that Burgoyne was defeated

at Saratoga, that "free speech" was a swell emetic for the thoughts that breed War, that America knew where it was going.

But . . . no, it's all wrong. Fritz Kuhn is the only guy in step.

Guess we'll have to . . . SAY JUST WHAT WE'VE SAID IN THE PAST, BUT WITH MORE ASSURANCE THAT WE'RE RIGHT.

“AU!”

— R. W. H.

The best news that Democracy has had in four years came, strangely enough, from barrel-bellied Marshal Wilhelm Goering in a statement published by the Nazi press on April 29.

Hands on paunch, glycerine tears dripping from his chops, the Marshal said:

"We are hoping to be able to provide means for these poor Jews to emigrate. But then, FOREIGN COUNTRIES MUST PROVIDE AN OPPORTUNITY FOR ACQUIRING FOREIGN EXCHANGE BY WHICH EMIGRATION OF THESE JEWS MAY BE MADE POSSIBLE.

"In other words, other countries must open their doors to German goods, then we can transfer the money to take care of impecunious Jews and ease them out of the country."

In other words, dear Marshal Beer-belly, the Nazi boycott by democratic peoples is hurting like the very devil, so you're trying another stunt to break it down.

In between your wagging ears has come the idea that perhaps Democracy would call off its boycott and buy oodles of Nazi tinware in the hope that you, in turn, would let the Jews escape unharmed from the Reich.

That may be brilliance in Nazidom, but it's kindergarten stuff over here. We call five-year-old Junior "cute" when he thinks up a stunt just twice as bright as that.

American imports from Belgium, France, Netherlands and the United Kingdom have gone up and up since 1929. The only downward trend on the graphs of the United States Department of Commerce is in imports from Germany. The same situation holds in England, in France, in most of South America, in Canada, in Australia and China.

Democracy is winning its fight in the PEACEFUL way. It's tough on the starving German peasants . . . but hunger should give them courage to act against their real oppressors, the Hitler-Goering gang in Berlin.

America, in the meantime, must stand firm. Keep a firm grip on the Nazi boycott. Write Congress to move against the threat of Nazi military units in the United States. Join our League in the fight to save Democracy.

And the proof that we're right is on the record. Marshal Goering, in his roundabout way, has merely yelled a fat, terrified "Au!".

We in America wonder how safe we are. We read of the propaganda that goes into South America from Germany and Italy—as it went into Austria, Czechoslovakia, and the Free City of Danzig. We read of the co-operation between the German, Italian and Japanese agents in the Panama Canal zone, South America, Central America and Mexico and we see no denial of the existence of these things by any branch of our own government. We know of the ambition of Hitler, Mussolini, the Japanese militarists, the Nazis and the Fascists, and we wonder what part we play in those ambitions.—Congressman Byron N. Scott.

* * *

Our sending helium to Germany might be the sowing of the seeds of our own destruction. Hitler would not hesitate one moment to use that helium to inflate dirigibles that could hover above our cities and bomb and slaughter innocent people. And particularly be it remembered that under the circumstances, our Panama Canal would be most vulnerable.

—Congressman Emanuel Celler.

INSIDE GERMANY TODAY

German living standards have fallen 10 per cent among the working class and 20 per cent among the middle classes during the past five years, W. G. Knop reports in the April 1938 issue of *The Living Age*.

"If the increase in working hours is taken into consideration," he says, "the average gross income of the working man since 1933 has increased by about 15 per cent. Against that, the official indices for foodstuffs have risen by 12 per cent, those for clothing by 21 per cent, while rents are officially reported to have remained unchanged. These figures, however, are apt to be misleading unless one takes into account their method of compilation.

"In the first place, all price indices are based on the official maximum prices fixed by the authorities in their endeavor to keep prices down. In actual fact, as the German press itself admits, the maximum prices are generally exceeded. Secondly, there is a serious decline in quality. Thirdly, the shortage of foodstuffs and consumption goods automatically forces the consumer to resort to more expensive qualities. The cost of living has consequently risen very much more than is apparent from the official index figures.

"Furthermore, the burden of taxation and of special 'voluntary' contributions has become a great deal heavier than it was five years ago. If all these factors are taken into account, it becomes obvious that the standard of living must have fallen remarkably. But the fall has been so evenly spread out over half a decade that it has been almost imperceptible to the individual.

"A skillful propaganda, which suggests that security of employment is equal to a satisfactory standard of living, is contributing its share. A continued decline in the standard of living must, however, be felt more acutely, no matter what steps are taken to veil it.

"Germany . . . enters her sixth year of National Socialist rule in a condition that is anything but reassuring. The more the country draws on its economic stamina, the more it succumbs to autarchy and State Socialism. A year or two ago, it might still have been possible for foreign assistance to have restored Germany to a sound economic basis. Even this slender chance has now been destroyed by Germany's own actions."

* * *

An unbiased observer must come to the conclusion that to the bulk of German entrepreneurs and capitalists only one business function is left unimpaired . . . risk-bearing. And they do not even earn the net profits to compensate them for the burden of the present and the ungrowing uncertainty as to the future. Even the low wage level has hardly made up for the increase in taxation, the export levy, and the innumerable "voluntary" contributions to party and welfare organizations. The average rate of profits in 1936 was five per cent, compared with 6.5 per cent during the boom of 1928-29.

There is a handful of big industrialists who, for the time being, enjoy vast monopoly benefits. But where are they going to find a safe investment for them? "We are all in the same boat," said Dr. Schacht some time ago. To all appearances, it is not drifting toward blessed shores.

Even in its most perfect organization, National Socialism has so far shown itself a tragic parody of Socialism proper. But if it enslaves labor and destroys capital whom is it going to benefit? . . . The Manchester Guardian, April 29, 1938.

Hitler need not wait long in Austria before sweeping to the east. Neither France nor England will be in a position any longer to say as much as "Tut, Tut". The very most that Chamberlain can claim in accounting to the voters is to tell them that through his great diplomatic skill, the aggressive nations have promised not to include English democracy as a hors d'oeuvre but to wait until it comes time for the demi-tasse.—Heywood Broun.

Nazi Cruise Ships Seen As Possible Airplane Carriers

London: — Aerial photographs of Germany's \$5,000,000 "Strength Through Joy" cruise ship, the Wilhelm Gustloff, forerunner of a fleet of twenty similar ships, have aroused considerable speculation here whether these craft with their long upper deck, obstructed only by a funnel, could quickly be converted into aircraft carriers.

The Wilhelm Gustloff, of 25,000 tons gross, is about 700 feet long and has a deck area of 53,800 square feet, claimed to be larger than any vessels of this size. The deck could easily be lengthened to form a flying deck and the vessel's speed, now stated to be 15½ knots could be readily increased. Thus modified, she could accommodate thirty-five aircraft.

Meet at Greystone

Dr. Mitchell S. Fisher will speak at the meeting of the Metropolitan Group of the League meeting in the Greystone Hotel, Tuesday afternoon, May 24. Tea will be served. Admission is limited to Group members.

Prospect Program Full

A series of parlor meetings is being held by the women of the Prospect Park division in order to strengthen its membership and create activity against Nazism in that section of Brooklyn.

New Student's Oath Pledges Anti-Fascism

The new oath of the American Students' Union swings its 750,000 members in the United States directly into the fight against the European dictatorships.

The oath, first used during the last week of April, reads: "Because we want to keep America out of war, we pledge ourselves to make our government a force for peace; because Fascism would destroy our generation, we rededicate ourselves to the struggle for Democracy."



Fritz Kuhn spent six weeks in the Reich and didn't see a thing out of the way anywhere. Those European fogs are terrific.

* * *

The Nazis, according to The Bund, beat up the Jews because they love'm. Now, if they'll just start loving one another!!!

* * *

California's Silver Shirts are rushing to the defense of the Old Age Pension plan. Their motto is "A machine gun in every pot".

* * *

The Bund has changed its flag from the swastika in a white lozenge to a swastika on a red-white and black maltese cross. And now, in the name of fair play, they think we ought to change our flag, too.

* * *

Matter of fact, it might be a good idea to revive the emblem of the Green Mountain Boys. Remember? A coiled rattlesnake with the motto "Don't Tread on Me".

* * *

Hitler is putting all Nazi diplomats in uniform. The outfit for formal occasions puts gold buttons and stripes on evening clothes. American diplomats have been warned to mooch around and look the butler over carefully before turning in their hats and rubbers. The guy just might be a German ambassador.

* * *

"Nazis Will Scale Austrian Music to Their Level" . . . N. Y. Herald-Tribune. They'll give'm a choice between "Horst Wessel" on the harmonica or "Heil Nonny Nonny" on the accordion.

* * *

Our bouquet of the month goes to Ruth Gold, originator of the employment agency of the air over WINS. After the Bund fight in Yorkville last month, she barged into Nazi strongholds there, preached Americanism at a mile-a-minute clip, and converted ten of them.

* * *

News photos taken of the Bund's May Day rally at Camp Andover, N. J., show Fritz Kuhn wearing a German Iron Cross. Fritz may be trying to save America now, but what was he trying to save in 1918?

* * *

Hitler thinks Max Schmeling is simply divine. Max has made \$2,000,000 so far. Hitler's crazy about anybody who can take that much out of the United States.

NAZI BALLYHOO FORCES BAN ON SCHMELING FIGHT

Hitler Making Bout a Political Issue, so The League Acts

The first step in The League's boycott of the Schmeling-Louis fight, scheduled for the Yankee Stadium, New York, on the night of June 22, was taken by women of the Metropolitan Division on the morning of May 6 when they picketed the offices of Mike Jacobs, promoter, at 225 West 49th Street and the Hippodrome.

Two weeks before, the League had offered to withdraw its boycott if Schmeling would agree to turn his share of the purse over to a fund for the relief of refugees from Nazi Germany. No official answer was received either from Mike Jacobs or from Schmeling's management.

The May 6 picketing was merely a gesture to show that The League means business. The organization will move all its forces against the fight about May 20 when the ticket sale opens.

In the meantime, wide distribution is being given to a four page pamphlet, entitled "I Never Played Politics . . ." The cover consists of two pictures taken at a reception given the fighter by Hitler.

The League's boycott is based on two premises:—

1. Prize fighting, despite all the charges ever brought against it, has never before been a medium for international politics. Schmeling and Hitler are using the match with Louis for this purpose, and this purpose alone. Der Maxie has been promised the Nazi post of Director of Athletics . . . if he wins. The very fact that he is fighting the world's champion is being used, by the Nazis, as another proof of "Aryan" superiority.
2. Schmeling is worth \$2,000,000 today and most of the money has come as a direct result of his American appearances. He will be in a position to take anywhere from \$100,000 to \$400,000 more back into Germany if this fight is allowed to continue unharassed. EVERY DOLLAR FOR A SCHMELING FIGHT TICKET MEANS ADDED LIFE FOR HITLER.

U. S. FACTORY PRODUCING SYN. RUBBER

American Products to Replace Nazi Imports From May 1

Mass production of synthetic rubber under the trade name of "Thiokol" was started on May 1 by the Dow Chemical Company of Midland, Mich. The plant expects to be able to turn out 2,000,000 pounds annually.

In America, the progress of synthetic rubber has been steady rather than spectacular and "Thiokol" has been produced in small quantities at Yardville, N. J. since 1931.

The artificial product, superior in the resistance of oils, is being imported in large quantities from Germany by the Advance Solvents and Chemicals Corporation of N. Y., which we have continually listed as one of the more important violators of the boycott. The Nazi rubber is known as "Buna."

Total European production, including Germany, is only 15,000 tons a year. The Dow output, in its first year in the new plant, will result in the fabrication of over 3,000 tons of finished products.

"Militant Church"

New York:—The rising tide of anti-Semitism in Europe today which has deprived more than 6,000,000 Jews and non-Aryans of a birthright, may some day sweep across the United States if Christian America does not aggressively challenge the menace, Dr. Conrad Hoffman, Jr., assistant secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Missions said in a May Day sermon here.

THE DEAD COME HOME

It has become usual that every ship of the Neptune Line on its return from Spain brings home to Bremen some dozens of zinc coffins with Reichswehr officers killed in the war. Because of the shortage of raw material, wooden boxes have taken the place of zinc coffins. The Neptune Line ship "Gaus" carried a number of such boxes, the contents of which were decomposed already to a degree that the terrible smell drove the workers out of the room where the boxes stood. The dockers declined to unload the boxes in spite of threats from the foreman. Thereupon the management of the line compelled the crew to unload the boxes. The boxes left behind a disgusting fluid. No wonder that under these circumstances twenty-four members of the crew of another ship, "Hansa," which also carried such boxes, got typhoid fever . . .

—Germany Today, London, April, 1938.

Austrian Tariff

New York:—Austrian goods are now subject to tariff rates without the benefit of concessions under existing trade agreements. Effective from June 14, articles from Austria entered for consumption will have to be marked to indicate Germany as the country of origin.

Hitler Is Akin to Mad Ludwig, McCormick Says

"Hitler is essentially the frustrated artist reveling at last in limitless opportunity," Anne O'Hare McCormick said in a recent article for the New York Times Magazine. "Think what the power to rebuild great cities must mean to a would-be architect who never had the chance to build so much as a traffic shelter or a bandstand.

"Hitler is in many respects akin to Ludwig II, the mad king who built his beautiful fantasies into palaces in the curiously mythological setting of Bavaria, the only place except the equally romantic landscape of the Rhine-gold where the creator of the new German mythology feels at home.

" . . . All Hitler's projects, in short, reflect the narrow experience, expresses the likes and dislikes, realize the dreams, magnify the ideas, impose the tastes of an uneducated man who failed in everything he undertook until he became the absolute ruler of one of the greatest countries in the world."

REAL U. S. A. IS UNKNOWN TO GERMANY

Nazi Propaganda Has Changed Us, Times Writer Says

"America still remains in the Teutonic mind the land of Whoopee, but National Socialist propaganda has added something to the picture," Albion Ross said in an article sent from Berlin to the New York Times Magazine for May 8. "To National Socialism, the United States represents a combination of liberalism and materialism. Both are inimical to its own ideology and therefore to be attacked in the bitterest terms conceivable. Propagandists accordingly emphasize poverty and unemployment.

"Between the two conceptions the real America never has a chance in the German mentality. Intelligent Germans know well that there is an America quite different from the caricature drawn in the worst type of movies we send over to Europe and equally different from the poverty and degradation pictured in popular National Socialist literature. But knowing and believing are different.

"The average German seems to prefer his preconception to his knowledge. If he is a convinced National Socialist, having himself taken the straight-and-narrow path of totalitarianism, he extracts a certain satisfaction from his fancied spectacle of a nation going gayly down the broad and joyous path that leads to destruction.

"The natural habitat of the American about whom most Germans choose to think is the marble lobby of a skyscraper hotel or the lounge of a luxury liner. The American male is held to be rather out of place in either because of his cowboy manners, but the wife is very much at home. The United States is a female paradise. The male of the species performs the useful, if not very ornamental, function of the pack horse. Germans will inform you that during the pioneer epoch of our history a scarcity of women caused them to be much in demand. They then got the whip hand and have held it since. Few Germans have ever heard of Jiggs of the comic strips, but their idea of American domestic arrangements corresponds roughly to the life of Mr. and Mrs. Jiggs.

"Otherwise the American man is summed up with a dollar sign. (Continued on Page 12)

THESE FIRMS BUY NAZI GOODS. NAZI GOODS BUY NAZI GUNS

BEVERAGES

HANS HOLTERBOSCH, INC., 341 E. 79th St., N. Y. C.
 JAEGER IMPORTING CO., LTD.,
 106 Gansvoort St., N. Y. C.
 M. KEMPINSKI & CO., INC., 1819 B'way, N. Y. C.
 H. LEHMAN, INC., 734 Park Avenue, N. Y. C.
 LUCHOW IMPORTING CO., 101 E. 13th St., N. Y. C.
 REIDEMEISTER & ULRICH CORP., 23 E. 26th St.,
 N. Y. C.
 RHINEMO IMPORT, INC., 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 CHAS. VON DER BRUCK, INC., 61 Park Pl., N. Y. C.
 JULIUS WILE SONS & CO., 8 Bridge St., N. Y. C.
 WILHELM WILD & CO., 745 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

CAMERAS AND PHOTO SUPPLIES

ABE COHEN EXCHANGE, INC., 120 Fulton St., N. Y. C.
 BURLEIGH BROOKS, INC., 127 W. 42nd St., N. Y. C.
 E. LEITZ, INC., 730 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 E. B. MEYROWITZ, INC., 520 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PHOTO SHOP, INC., 136 W. 32nd St., N. Y. C.
 WILLOUGHBY CAMERA STORES, INC.,
 110 W. 32nd St., N. Y. C.
 CARL ZEISS, INC., 485 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

CANARIES

MAX GEISLER BIRD CO., 50 Cooper Square, N. Y. C.
 ODENWALD BIRD CO., 32 Cooper Square, N. Y. C.
 WM. BARTELS CO., 45 Cortlandt St., N. Y. C.
 LOUIS RUHE, INC., 853 Broadway, N. Y. C.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS

ADVANCE SOLVENTS & CHEMICAL CORP.,
 245 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 AKATOS, INC., Chemicals, 5 Vandam St., N. Y. C.
 GENERAL DYESTUFFS CORP., Chemical & Dyes,
 435 Hudson St., N. Y. C.
 S. B. PENICK & CO., Crude Drugs,
 130 Nassaus Street, N. Y. C.
 PFALTZ & BAUER, Chemical & Glues,
 300 Pearl St., N. Y. C.
 N. V. POTASH EXPORT, My., 19 W. 44th St., N. Y. C.
 STATE CHEMICAL CO., 80 W. Hudson St., N. Y. C.
 WINTHROP CHEMICAL CO., Chemicals & Drugs,
 170 Varick St., N. Y. C.
 (Combined with H. A. METZ LABORATORIES, INC.)

CHINAWARE AND GLASSWARE

S. A. BENDHAIM, INC., 16 Horatio St., N. Y. C.
 BUDD & WESTERMAN, 104 Worth St., N. Y. C.
 FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., 230 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 HEINRICH & WINTERLING CORP.,
 49 West 32nd Street, N. Y. C.
 HENROE CO., 225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 H. G. McFADDIN & CO., 324 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROSENTHAL CHINA CORP., 149 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PAUL A. STRAUB, 105 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

COKE

COLONIAL FUEL CORP., 37 Commercial St.,
 Brooklyn, N. Y.
 DOMESTIC FUEL CORP., 39 B'way, N. Y. C.
 KOKANCOAL CO., INC., 37 Commercial St.,
 Brooklyn, N. Y.
 BEN RAFFE & SONS, INC., 129 Varick St., N. Y. C.

CUTLERY, BARBERS' AND BEAUTY SUPPLIES

Watch for Trade Marks: "Tree Brand"; "Valley
 Forge"; "Silver Steel"; "Dubl Duck";
 "Twin Brand"; "Anchor Brand"
 H. BOKER & CO., 101 Duane St., N. Y. C.
 BRESDUCK, INC., Razors, Shears and Combs,
 224 Canal St., N. Y. C.
 GIBBS & CO., 43 W. 43rd St., N. Y. C.
 HENRY KAYSER & FILS, Barber & Beauty Supplies,
 41 Union Square, N. Y. C.
 J. A. HENCKELS, INC., 456 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PETER J. MICHELS, Barbers' Supp., 1857 Catalpa Ave.,
 Ridgewood, N. Y.
 MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES, Beauty Culture
 Schools, 177 North State Street, Chicago Ill.,
 and branches throughout the United States
 SCHRADER & EHLERS, 239 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WESTER BROS., Razors, Shears and Manicuring
 Implements, 250 West Broadway, N. Y. C.
 WILFRED ACADEMY OF BEAUTY CULTURE,
 1659 Broadway, N. Y. C.

MEDICAL AND DENTAL SUPPLIES

AMERICAN HECOLITE DENTURE CORP., "Hecolite"
 Denture, 536 S. E. 6th Ave., Portland, Ore.
 460 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
 AMERICAN MEDICAL SPECIALTIES CO.,
 131 East 23rd Street, N. Y. C.
 ADAM BERNHARD DENTAL PROD. CO.,
 1923 Germantown Ave., Phila., Pa.
 DURO TEST CORP., 583 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 INJECTA CO., 112 East 19th Street, N. Y. C.
 F. W. MASSEL & CO., 120 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.
 ADOLF PFINGST, "Busch" Dental Supplies,
 309 Bible House, N. Y. C.
 PREMIER DENTAL PRODUCTS CO.,
 900 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
 GUSTAVE SCHARMAN, 1181 B'way, N. Y. C.
 L. SILVERMAN, 1033 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.
 STERLING PRODUCTS CORP., 36 E. 22nd St., N. Y. C.
 TIP-TOP INSTRUMENTS, INC., 15 E. 26th St., N. Y. C.

DEPARTMENT AND VARIETY STORES

S. S. KRESGE CO., Stores throughout the United States
 S. H. KRESS & CO., 5c, 10c, 25c Stores throughout
 United States, Office 114 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 W. T. GRANT, Stores throughout the United States,
 Office 1441 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 MARSHALL FIELD & CO., 121 N. State Street,
 Chicago, Ill., and 22 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
 MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Dept. Store and
 Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
 F. W. WOOLWORTH CO., 5 and 10c Stores
 throughout the United States

FOODS

BENEDICT LUST HEALTH FOODS,
 343 Lexington Ave., N. Y. C.
 WM. FAEHNDRICH, Cheese, 13 Harrison St., N. Y. C.
 M. H. GREENBAUM, INC., 165 Chambers St., N. Y. C.
 ROMANOFF CAVIAR CO., 480 Lexington Ave., N. Y. C.

GENERAL IMPORTERS

ARISTO IMPORT CO., INC., 630 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ADAM BERNHARD, 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 GEORGE BORGFELD CORP., 46 E. 23rd St., N. Y. C.
 J. CHEIN & CO., Harrison, N. J.
 MILLS SALES CO., 901 B'way and
 85 Orchard St., N. Y. C.
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 SPIEGEL BROS., 33 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.

GLASS

FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., Optical & Laboratory Glass,
 230 East 45th Street, N. Y. C.

GLOVES

Trade Marks: "Well Known"; "Wear Right"
 ARCADE GLOVE CO., 112 E. 23rd St., N. Y. C.
 EMPIRE GLOVE CO., INC., 467 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 HYMAN HASEL GLOVES, 48 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WELL KNOWN GLOVE CO., 468 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WIMELBACHER & RICE, 1150 B'way, N. Y. C.

HARDWARE

D. P. HARRIS HARDWARE MFG. CO.,
 29 Warren St., N. Y. C.
 ROBERT E. MILLER, INC., Tacks and Nails ("Remco"),
 35 Pearl Street, N. Y. C.
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 WATERBURY TACK CO., INC., Waterbury, Conn.
 ERIC WEDEMAYER, 162 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

Let the League know of any frauds or
 subterfuges used in offering Nazi-German
 Goods?

If you need a substitute for a Nazi-made
 product, communicate with The League;
 we will send you all information.

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

20 W. 47th Street N. Y. C.

LEATHER

J. EINSTEIN, INC., Shoe Leather, 1 Park Ave., N. Y. C.
 HERMANN LOWENSTEIN, 26 Perry St., N. Y. C.
 LEATHER DE LUXE, 1 Park Ave., N. Y. C.

MACHINERY AND PARTS

ADLANCO X-RAY CORP., X-Ray Apparatus,
 54 Lafayette St., N. Y. C.
 C. & C. SALES CORP., Ball Bearings,
 1775 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 H. H. HEINRICH, INC., "Matador" Bag Machinery,
 Aniline Printing Presses, 200 Varick St., N. Y. C.
 MARBURG BROS., 90 West Street, N. Y. C.
 ORMIG CORPORATION, 373 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROBERT REINER, Embroidery Machines,
 556 Gregory Avenue, Weehawken, N. J.
 RITTER CARLTON CO., 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROTARY TOOL & MACHINERY CO.,
 217 E. 38th St., N. Y. C.
 ROTAPRINT MACHINES, INC., 141 B'way, N. Y. C.
 SANITAX ELECTRIC CO., 303 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

METAL PAPERS

KARL PAULI CORP., 454 Broome St., N. Y. C.
 LEWIS DISPLAY MATERIALS (Window Displays),
 480 Lexington Avenue, N. Y. C.

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

C. BRUNO & SON, INC., 460 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
 W. R. GRATZ IMPORT CO., 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 GRETSCH & BRENNER, 42 E. 20th St., N. Y. C.
 HARMONICA DISTRIBUTION CORP. OF AMERICA,
 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 M. HOHNER, INC., Harmonicas & Accordions,
 351 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 IMPERIAL MUSIC & SPORT SHOP,
 101 E. 14th St., N. Y. C.
 PROGRESSIVE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CORP.,
 404 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 SORKIN MUSIC CO., 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

PEAT MOSS

Watch for Trade Marks: "G.P.M."; "Pioneer";
 "O. K."; "Sorbox"; "Justrite"; "P. I. C."
 ATKINS & DURBROW, INC., 165 John St., N. Y. C.
 PEAT MOSS SALES CORP., 165 John St., N. Y. C.
 PEAT IMPORT CORP., 155 John St., N. Y. C.

PRINTING TYPES

BAUER TYPE FOUNDRY, INC., 235 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 CONTINENTAL TYPE FOUNDERS ASSN., INC.,
 228 East 45th Street, N. Y. C.
 EUROPEAN TYPE FOUNDERS, INC.,
 710 Broadway, N. Y. C.

STATIONERY SUPPLIES

A. W. FABER, INC., 41 Dickerson St., Newark, N. J.
 MANHATTAN STENCIL CO., 410 B'way, N. Y. C.
 J. S. STEADTLER, INC., ("Mars", "Luna"),
 55 Worth St., N. Y. C.
 SWAN PENCIL CO., 221 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

TOYS, NOTIONS AND FAVORS

WOLVERINE SUPPLY & MFG. CO., Pittsburg, Pa.
 B. SCHACKMAN & CO., 180 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.
 F. A. O. SCHWARTZ, 745 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.

YEAST

COMPRESSED YEAST CORP., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast,
 363 Greenwich Street, N. Y. C.
 PHOENIX YEAST CO., 339 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.
 VULKAN YEAST CORP., 339 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

JULIUS BLUM, Iron, 532 W. 22nd St., N. Y. C.
 CASTLE & OVERTON, INC., 630 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 DURO TEST CORP., Glass Bulbs, 583 B'way, N. Y. C.
 GENERAL BOTTLECAP CO., 6 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 HENRY R. HOPKINSON, Linens, 40 White St., N. Y. C.
 LEWIS & CONGER, HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
 Sixth Ave. and 45th St., N. Y. C.
 N. S. MEYER, INC., Army and Navy Equipment,
 419 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 H. REIFENBERG, 205 W. 19th St., N. Y. C.
 ERNST TOEPFER, 2 Broadway, N. Y. C.

REAL U. S. A. -

(Continued from Page 10)

We are, from the German viewpoint, undoubtedly the most materialistic of all peoples—our sole interest in any international or other affair is our hope of profit or our fear of losing our investment. Therefore, though the man may be courteous enough to listen to you, attempting to discuss American ideals with most Germans is quite useless.

"Professor Otto E. Lessing, a German who taught for several years at Williams College before returning to this country, wrote thus: 'One encounters often in Germany the idea that the United States has a high degree of technical civilization but no real culture.' And he was really rather mild about it from the German viewpoint.

"Some time ago a Berlin newspaper, criticizing Harvard for placing former Reich Chancellor Heinrich Bruening on the faculty, remarked that 'nothing better can be expected from an institution whose reputation depends chiefly on its athletic prowess.'

"An afternoon newspaper reproduced a picture of the University of Oregon football team. The caption said: 'Who knows where they found these stars? Many a student football player in the American universities cannot even write his own name.'

"Incidentally, on the subject of American education the great majority of Germans are adamant. They are convinced that our educational system is superficial and quite unfit to be compared with German school and university arrangements. Accordingly, the typical American is held to have a smattering of many things and real knowledge of none."

WESTCHESTER TO BAN BUND MEETS IN CO. BUILDINGS

White Plains:—The Commission in charge of Westchester county's swank Community Center has learned its lesson re. Volksbund promises. Resultantly, they have banned the organization from future meetings in county buildings.

Connecticut and Westchester Bundsmen leased the Community Center for a "dance and entertainment" on the night of April 24. Approximately 500 people attended, guarded by a strong-arm squad of 60 Nazi guards in uniform. Mrs. Paul Revere Reynolds, the county's recreation Commissioner in charge of leases, went too . . . with a German interpreter.

"Seven men made propaganda speeches," Mrs. Reynolds told the press the next day. "One speaker advised all German-Americans to clean up America the way Germany was cleaned up."

That afternoon, the commission announced its own Nazi boycott.

Iron Fences for Gnu

Pronouncing iron fences "superfluous" and "ugly," the Nazi Minister of the Interior has ordered their replacement by "pretty hedges." The iron will be turned over to industries to meet the acute shortage of ore and scrap.

Nazi Trade Off

Germany slipped into second place in the import-export figures of Nicaragua during the first quarter of 1938. The United States purchased two-thirds of the country's exports, sold two-thirds of the imports.

Essay Contest Nets Many Eye-Openers

The scores of manuscripts already received in The League's essay contest on "The Nazi Menace in the United States" are giving Bulletin editors reason to believe that a series of articles should be projected from the result, with credit given to the individual writers.

We offer one \$50 prize for the best 3,000 word essay. It would be a tough job to pick the winner right now, and gosh knows how many more we'll receive before the closing date, June 15. But by all means, send your entry in. Every manuscript is read carefully by the board of judges.

Helium Sale

Ban Must Stand, President Says

Washington:—Nazi chances to buy American helium vanished on May 11 when President Roosevelt decided that under the language of the law he was powerless to override any objections to such a sale that Secretary Ickes or members of the Munitions Control Board might have.

The subject was brought to the President for review following repeated queries by German emissaries in Washington, and a special trip to the United States by the aged airman, Dr. Hugo Eckener.

"The matter is entirely up to the six Cabinet members," the White House decided, "and objections by any one of the six prevents the sale."

SOLICITING FOR VIENNA MEDICAL CRUISE COURSE

League Feels Classes Are Below Par This Year

The League has found it necessary to write American physicians and object to the summer course in Ophthalmology and Oto-laryngology to be given in Vienna, Germany under the direction of George W. Mackenzie, M.D. of Philadelphia, Pa.

A circular now being sent to physicians by Dr. Mackenzie's office states that "conditions in Vienna have improved in the last two weeks" and that "accommodations are at a premium."

"Every branch of the subject is covered by teachers of international reputation," the circular says on its first page. But at the top of page two, it admits, that "owing to certain changes in the teaching faculty at the University of Vienna, it will be necessary to adjust the courses accordingly."

It's fairly simply to guess just what those certain changes are. News reports of the past two months prove that the best teaching and medical minds in Vienna went out on the day that Hitler came in.

Dr. Mackenzie is asking \$1,150 per person for a two-month trip and also offers \$800 courses in "languages, arts, dancing and other activities" for the wives and daughters of physicians. The latter are arranged through the "Austro-American Institution of Education."

Write for Pamphlets

OUT-TALK THE NAZI SPELLBINDERS

During the past month, the League has prepared a series of pamphlets comparing the true foundations of the American and Hitler philosophies. It's up to you to read them, talk about them and pass them on to your friends. Copies will be mailed upon request.

WRITE FOR:

"What of Tomorrow, America?"

"I Never Played Politics' . . . Max Schmeling"

"Let's Look at the Record"

"Der Fuehrer Speaks!!!"

THE NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

20 West 47th Street

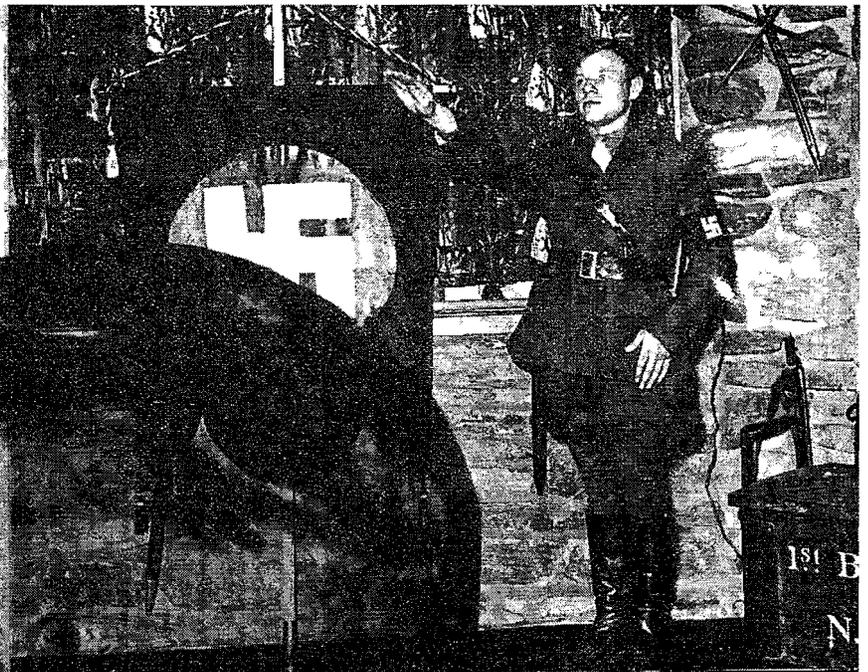
New York City

THE
ANTI NAZI
Bulletin

JULY-AUGUST, 1938

Vol. 5

No. 7



(Photos by Acme)

ALONG THE AMERICAN FRONT—Nazism in the Connecticut National Guard; Kuhn meets Adolf; Yaphank bosses on trial, and over all, the leering, arrogant shadow of Hitler.

ALONG THE AMERICAN FRONT

Florida Stickers

During the first week of July, rabble-rouser Edgar Dudley met with Nazi leaders in Miami, called for a boycott of Jewish merchants in Florida, confided that John L. Lewis of CIO and William Green of AFL are "both Jews", but got only \$5.95 when he passed the collection plate. Next week, Anti-Semitic stickers, bearing likenesses of cartoons from Julius Streicher's "newspaper" *Der Sturmer* appeared on windows of Jewish stores along Miami's Sixth Street. Brazenly, Nazis continued to hold meetings in a house on Northwest Fifth Street, continued to wind up their sessions by singing "The Star Spangled Banner". Result:—Miamians grew hot under the collar, promised a house-cleaning within the month. On July 19, Raymond J. Healy, alleged boss of the smear campaign, was sentenced to 30 days in Miami City Jail, so was Edgar Dudley. Rod Krenson, acknowledged disciple of the mob, was given five days.

Yaphank Yanked

(See Front Cover)

Tophead news in all American dailies was the trial in Riverhead, Long Island, during the first week of July of officials of the German-American Settlement League, Inc., operators of the Nazi summer colony, Camp Siegfried at Yaphank. On July 12, six officers were found guilty of violating New York's Civil Rights Law which obliges oath-bound organizations to file membership lists with the state. The organization was given the maximum fine of \$10,000; Ernst Mueller, the president, was sentenced to one year in the Nassau County jail and fined \$500. Henry Hauck, manager of the camp, Herman Schwarzman, Bruno Haehne, Henry Wolfgang and Addo Bielefeld were given suspended sentences and fined \$500 each.

But unmentioned in the press were the facts that the jury obtained its verdict in one minute and 40 seconds flat, spent the next 13 minutes waiting for the court and attorneys to come back to the courtroom.

... That one Bundsman when asked to demonstrate the American salute during the trial gave the Nazi salute, yipped: "If that isn't the salute now, it will be soon."

... That Hauck when arrested, exclaimed: "I didn't sell any real estate" and aroused suspicions along another line.

... That Nazi-paid lawyers hoped to prove that the trial was instigated by The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League but couldn't get any evidence for the simple reason that there wasn't any.

... That the pro-Nazi Caroline Meade, who was introduced to the court as daughter of a colonial American family, is legally Mrs. Gustav Kunz, wife of one of the New Jersey leaders of the Bund.

Syracuse Letter

For ten years, Rolland B. Marvin, mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., has cherished the dream of being a Republican governor of New York State. During the first week of July, "Rolly" was invited to make the dream come true by organizing an "Aryan American" movement among the 3,000,000 people living between the Catskills and Lake Erie.

Alleged writer of the invitation was a person who signed himself Lieutenant General Count Tzerp-Spidowitch, founder of an organization known as The American Tribunal. The avowed purpose of The American Tribunal is to protect America from "Jews and other foreigners". Self-styled-American Lieutenant General Count Tzerp-Spidowitch also honored Mayor Marvin with the title of "Sir", appointed him to the Advisory Committee of his Tribunal's New York Division. Sputtering, red-faced, Mayor Marvin called in Syracuse newshawks, turned over the letter and membership blanks, made remarks concerning Lieutenant General Count Tzerp-Spidowitch and The American Tribunal that no editor would ever publish. Result:—If Rolly Marvin ever becomes governor of New York State, he'll do it on the same Republican platform that sent his grandfather into the Union army in '61.

Yankee Action

The special commission of the Massachusetts Legislature concluded a nine months investigation into un-American activities last month. Overlooking the headquarters of the Massachusetts Bund in Roxbury, a Boston suburb, the group reported no basis for charges that Nazi camps are operated in the Bay State. They did agree, however, that thousands of the State's citizens are on the mailing lists of Nazi newspapers and periodicals. The report also slapped out at Jew-baiter Edward H. Hunter, leader of The Industrial Defense

Association, Inc. Recommended:—Legislation to provide punishment for any person attempting to "incite race hatred"; regulation of foreign fraternal societies through laws requiring all groups to make public records of their membership and officers.

Social Note

A sign painter dribbled gold leaf across the door of an office in Vienna, Austria, during the first week of July. Finished, the sign read "Ignaz Griebel, M.D." WANTED by the United States government for certain espionage acts, Ignaz Griebel, M.D., former U. S. Army Reserve officer, former president of The Friends of New Germany.

Boycott

American importers of beads and spangles met in New York last week, pledged themselves not to handle German goods, created a central store room for all German goods now on hand, with control placed in the hands of an impartial committee. . . . Chicago park officials cracked down on a meeting of The German-American Business League on July 16, denied them the use of Chi's Riverview Park. . . . Police in Spokane, Wash., arrested 11 of 700 pickets outside the Silver Shirt meeting being addressed by Roy Zachary, Jew-baiter, on July 19; next day Police Justice Frank Yuse granted a continuance of the hearing until July 28. His reason: Investigation of reports that Silver Shirt doctrines are in opposition to the American governmental system.

To-Adolf-For-Orders

Out of Cleveland, Ohio, three weeks ago slipped Martin Kessler, ex-draftsman for the Cleveland Graphite Bronze Company and "Fuehrer" of the local Bund. Two days later friends revealed that he was bound for Germany, might be going to visit friends, might be going to bow at the Swastika throne. His followers bellowed that same week when the owner of Manz Hall, East 69th Street and St. Clair Avenue, refused to lease his auditorium to the Cleveland Bund again.

Hon. Picket

Up and down and up again in front of the German consulate at Los Angeles, Cal., last week weaved a line of 1,000 pickets, arms propped beneath signs that read "Hitler persecutes the Catholics in Germany and murders Jews and Catholics". Twenty-five strong California organizations were represented. Shuffling along with the others, unnoticed

by the majority, were David Gill, state president of the Young Democratic Club; Frank Scully, screen writer, and Superior Court Judge Robert W. Kenny.

Nutmeg Ouster

Hartford, Connecticut doesn't want Bund meetings. Late in June, directors of the Polish National Home turned down the request of Gustave Buckel, local "Fuehrer", to use their hall as a meeting place for Hitlerites. On June 21, Buckel sidled into the meeting of the Hartford Board of Education, asked the use of a public school for a rally at which Fritz Kuhn was to speak. Result:—A unanimous "No".

Negroes Alert

"Nazis are attempting to reach into the Negro trade unions and share-cropper groups throughout the South," Dr. Claude Williams, president of Commonwealth College, Mena, Ark., charged last week. "They preach non-cooperation with whites and ironically promise freedom for Negroes through cooperation with the Japanese and German governments. They're trying to make the black man swallow the slogan 'Unite Against the White Minority'." Dr. Williams is bringing out the truth about Nazism during speeches in his trans-continental tour this summer. Ninety per cent of the Negroes, he reported, detest Nazism; he is struggling to convert the other 10 per cent.

Shirt Parade Ban

A taboo on "shirt parades" was ordered by officials of Minneapolis, Minn., recently when they issued orders to the Police Department to prevent parades by "uniformed political organizations". The order was prompted, they admitted, by the desire to prevent Silver Shirts, Bundsman or any other un-American organization from gaining a foothold in the city.

Meanwhile, The American Civil Liberties Union announced that it would test in the courts any revocation of a tavern license in Milwaukee, Minn., if the revocation came as a result of the Milwaukee ordinance banning Silver Shirt and Bund meetings in local taverns. The ordinance violates, the Union charges, the rights of free speech and assemblage. Under the ordinance, licensed taverns renting their premises to groups which "foment racial and religious hatred" would be classed as public nuisances and their licenses cancelled.

Along the American Front (continued)

Crack-of-the-Month

Alderman William Croft of Toronto, Can., went on an inspection trip of the Toronto Zoo last week, said the Zoo's beaver pool was so dirty that "the only thing I'd put in there would be Hitler". C. G. Kroop, German consul, made protests to Mayor Ralph Day. Barked Croft in response:—"As far as I am concerned, the German consul can go to hell. The people of Canada are not going to do the goose-step for him or anyone else."

Call-All-Losers! !

All Americans who have lost money in German banks through Hitler's confiscation policies are requested to get in touch with The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League immediately. We may be able to help you.

Slobber

In 1934, little more than a year after Adolf Hitler assumed control in the German Reich, anti-Semitic literature began to appear in the United States. Since then there have been sporadic outbursts in the form of pamphlets, mysterious letters, vituperative articles in crack-pot periodicals and newspapers. The assertions were similar in their flabbiness, mouthiness, stupidity. Typical were the yelps "Communism is Jewish"; "The U. S. Government is controlled by Jews"; "Ben Franklin opposed Jewish immigration". Bell-wethers for the bleats have been the German-American Volsbund, with national headquarters on New York's 85th Street; the Nationalist Publishing Company, East 116th Street, Manhattan and The Pelley Printers of Greensville, N. C.

In 1935, Prof. Charles Beard disproved the Franklin assertions, proved point-blank that Benjamin Franklin fraternized with, received advice from Jewish Americans.

Last month, the baiting began again, coincided perfectly with the pogroms in Germany and Austria. The Nationalist Publishing Company came out into the open, issued leaflets above its own signature: Addepated Fritz Kuhn went on the stand before the Un-American Activities investigation conducted by State Senator James J. McNaboe bumbled that Thomas Lamont, J. P. Morgan and other financial leaders are of Jewish descent, therefor Communist. In New York City, 10,000 leaflets were sent through the mails, bearing the name of a German-American society which immediately denied

authorship and threatened to ask for an investigation of the matter by the district attorney's office. Leaflets were handed out in Colonial Village, a suburb of Washington, D. C. Stickers bearing reproductions of cartoons from Julius Streicher's "Der Sturmer" were pasted during the night on store fronts in Los Angeles, Seattle, Miami.

Yankee editors growled, rolled up their sleeves. The Franklin Institute of Philadelphia let loose with a second blast in defense of their namesake. Editors of The New Republic, The Nation, Life and other national magazines came out with a barrage of Yankee curses against the literature. (See Page 4 for the action taken by The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League.) Across the country, aroused churchmen, Catholics, Protestants, Jews are forming committees, organizing speaker and press campaigns to tell the truth about the whole business. Catholic prelates took note that anti-Catholic cartoons are beginning to appear in "Der Sturmer", expressed belief that an anti-Catholic campaign will be the next slobber to issue from the Naznutsy houses.

THINKERS

NORRIS: Newshawks went to the home of the senior senator from Nebraska two weeks ago. The occasion: his 77th birthday. Said white-haired George W. Norris to the newsreel microphones:

"Although I could never favor voting to put this country to war again on a foreign field, twenty or thirty years from now when a younger generation of Americans is . . . resisting a Fascist wave of aggression against us, those Americans of that day may wish we had defeated Fascism in its infancy."

SIMMS: Few news-interpreters write with the pungent clarity of Scripps-Howard's foreign editor, William Philip Simms. No U. S. news-interpreter is less of an alarmist. But last month, Simms had this to say about the Nazi spy-ring:

"German agents have reported to Berlin that in case of war between the democracies and the totalitarian bloc, America's industrial and economic might will be on the

side of the former. This report forms the basis of Nazi espionage, is both widespread and dangerous. Its object is to wreck the nation's economic and industrial machine, by sabotage from within and without, when the need arises."

"THE NATION": Nine times out of ten, when something of extreme importance comes on the American scene, the historian can turn to the files of the weekly news-interpreter "The Nation", find the event was prophesied from one to ten years ahead of time. On July 2, editors of The Nation wrote:

"Curiously, one of the dangers of the present situation is that Americans will not sufficiently recognize the serious nature of Nazi activities in this country . . . This insolent anti-Semitism, this blatant assumption of the Bund-men that they can establish a Nazi America are even more dangerous than the activities of a network of blundering spies. But they are part of the same picture. The aim, both of spies and of Bund-men, is to establish the hegemony of a greater Germany, with a Nazi America as one of its tributaries. It is a fantastic aim, but we live in a fantastic world."

OTTO STRASSER: Of all his German enemies, he whom Adolf Hitler most fears is Otto Strasser. For seven years, between 1923 and 1930, Otto Strasser was in close collaboration with him and knows intimately both Hitler himself and his circle of advisers. In 1930, he left the party because it was insufficiently Socialist; after 1933, his life was no longer safe. He fled to Czechoslovakia where he has maintained a constant opposition to the Hitler regime. On June 30, 1933, his brother, Gregor, was murdered by Nazis. Last month, the English magazine "Time and Tide" sent a writer to Prague to interview Otto Strasser. Strasser said this:

"In his methods, Hitler is far more elastic than a dictator usually is. His secret is the secret of the Finnish bath which runs so cold at one moment and so hot the next, that finally the patient is unable to tell whether it is running hot or cold. This is the method he has used with such success

on his own people and is the method he is using today . . . I think that war is inevitable. Hitler will not renounce his aims on the one hand, nor can I imagine on the other, that the Czechoslovak people will surrender its freedom without a fight nor France stand by while its European significance is destroyed; nor England leave undefended, the road to Baghdad. If, on the other hand, these last three conditions were to be fulfilled, Hitler would stand six months from now on the shores of the Black Sea. Some people, I suppose, would call that peace."

VATICAN: For years critics of the Catholic church have contended that a tacit understanding existed between The Vatican and the leaders of Nazism and Fascism. But in June the Vatican made caustic statements regarding Hitler's visit to Rome. Statements by The Observatore Romano and from Pope Pius himself since then indicate that the Roman Catholic church was bidding its time only in the hope that the issues could be settled without church participation. Speaking before 200 ecclesiastical assistants of Catholic Action Associations on July 21, kindly, clear-thinking Pope Pius said:

The spirit of faith must fight against the spirit of separatism and against the spirit of exaggerated nationalism, which are detestable and which, because they are not Christian, end by not being even human."

MANCHESTER GUARDIAN: Old man with a telescope, The Manchester (Eng.) Weekly Guardian is, to millions, the philosopher of world newsdom. On July 15, in its sedate pages of "Comment and Criticism", The Manchester Weekly Guardian said:

"There is no form of Christianity which can preach a philosophy of race and nation that finds neighbors to love only within the narrow limits of the German race. No Catholic priest or Protestant minister can sincerely submit his ancient beliefs to the emending hand of the Storm Trooper, nor can he stay silent while the youth is brought up to worship the ephemeral gods of the present German hierarchy."

THE LEAGUE IN THE MONTH

Leagues usually go "bloop" in the summer-time. The cow-slips, the tiger-lilies and the tangy smell of a bathing suit just out of moth balls drives away the desire to fight anything or anybody. BUT NOT SO with The Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League. Since June, your League has done this:

1. Trailed airplane banners, 175 feet long and 10 feet high, across the skies of New York and New Jersey beaches. The signs read "You pay for Nazi Spies if you buy Nazi Goods," were hailed as "Slogan-of-the-week" by TIME magazine on July 18.

2. Dumped leaflets from airplanes on camps of the Nazi Bund. The leaflets pointed out the basic rules of citizenship in America, drove home the fact that tolerance, enlightenment, fair play are essential parts of the American code. Bund leaders snorted and pawed, but attendance at their camps dropped on successive week-ends.

3. Sent cablegrams of protest to Neville Chamberlain, British prime minister, and other British officials warning them that an agreement between Hitler and Great Britain would bring the world to the threshold of the Second World War.

Ford Hat Out

4. Stepped on the neck of a Nazi movement to draft Henry Ford for the Presidency in 1940. Our officials asked Mr. Ford if he would run on a Nazi platform. W. J. Cameron, Mr. Ford's personal secretary, replied: "This use of Mr. Ford's name entirely unauthorized. He is not in politics and has no sympathy with any un-American movement." The activities of the Bund-financed Ford-for-President League ended immediately after we had released this reply to the press.

5. Late in June, we went to work on the anti-Semitic lies being circulated by The Bund, Silver Shirts and other Nazi groups. Alfred Rigling, librarian of The Franklin Institute, Philadelphia,

Pa., informed us that Benjamin Franklin never made an anti-Semitic statement, that the "journal of Charles Pinckney" alleged source of the Franklin statement never existed, that Franklin was co-operative and friendly with Jewish-Americans. Other research revealed that Nazi quotations from The Talmud are spurious, that Samuel Roth was more or less of a crack-pot, anyway. So the facts lined up against the Nazi statements — anti-Semitic, anti-Catholic, and anti-Negro. Result: The League broadcast its findings to newspapers and magazines from coast to coast, is building up a library of photostats on subversive Nazi literature to be used in a campaign that will swing into action late this summer. (*Nazis reading this are invited to send in their latest slobber.*)

Cartoons

6. By letter, personal agents and through friends, the League is building up a trans-continental system of news-correspondents in order to furnish you with the latest, most accurate news on Nazi and Anti-Nazi activities from coast to coast. This group will conduct investigations in their sectors to determine just what is being done by, and against, the Hitlerites.

7. Matrixes have been prepared of 25 outstanding anti-Nazi cartoons, either drawn for The League or appearing in large newspapers and magazines. These matrixes are being syndicated, at cost, to American, English and Canadian newspapers. Inaugurated three weeks ago, the service has already met the approval of 50 editors. League cartoons will help to awaken the American public to the dangers of Nazism.

8. Contact has been established with various world leaders on the subject of Nazism. Official protests were made to President Cardenas of Mexico regarding the sale of oil to the Nazi Reich. Messages of congratulation were sent to Catholic leaders follow-

ing the statement made by Pope Pius on July 20 (see Thinkers, page 3).

Governors Co-op.

9. An appeal to the governor of each state for immediate investigation of the pro-Nazi units in the National Guard was made by the League on June 25. To date, promises of co-operation have been received from the governors and adjutant generals of Virginia, Kentucky, Montana, Arizona, Idaho, Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Texas, Alabama, New York, Maryland, Kansas, Florida and Wisconsin.

Typical is the letter of Adjutant General John E. Stoddard of Georgia:

"Your telegram of June 25 with reference to the American Nazis training in the National Guard of the various states to Governor E. D. Rivers has been forwarded to this office for action.

"This office has issued definite orders that no aliens will be enlisted in the National Guard, and that aliens now in the Guard are to be discharged immediately.

"I wish to assure you that this Department is co-operating in this matter."

Italy Quizzed

10. On July 20, alarmed by press insinuations that Italy too might become officially "Aryan", the League sent the following telegram to Fulvie de Suvich, Italian Ambassador to the United States: "Our League eager to learn whether Italy will officially imitate racial terrorism and prejudice of Hitler government." Result: Silence by the Ambassador, investigation by League agents here and abroad, on the entire situation.

11. Organization is being perfected of a six months radio campaign. To date, two broadcasts have been held. Speakers: Dr. Max Winkler, nationally known economist, and Congressman Emanuel Celler. In prospect: League-sponsored radio speeches by civic, church and state leaders coast-to-coast.

12. Finished early in July, now being distributed is a new leaflet "Boycott Nazi Goods. Why and How." It is considered the first concrete summary of the movement, with both pro and con viewpoints. Copies are free.

Under preparation, a leaflet showing the campaign against Catholicism now being conducted in Germany and scheduled soon for appearance in the United States under auspices of The Bund.

* * *

Backslap Dept.

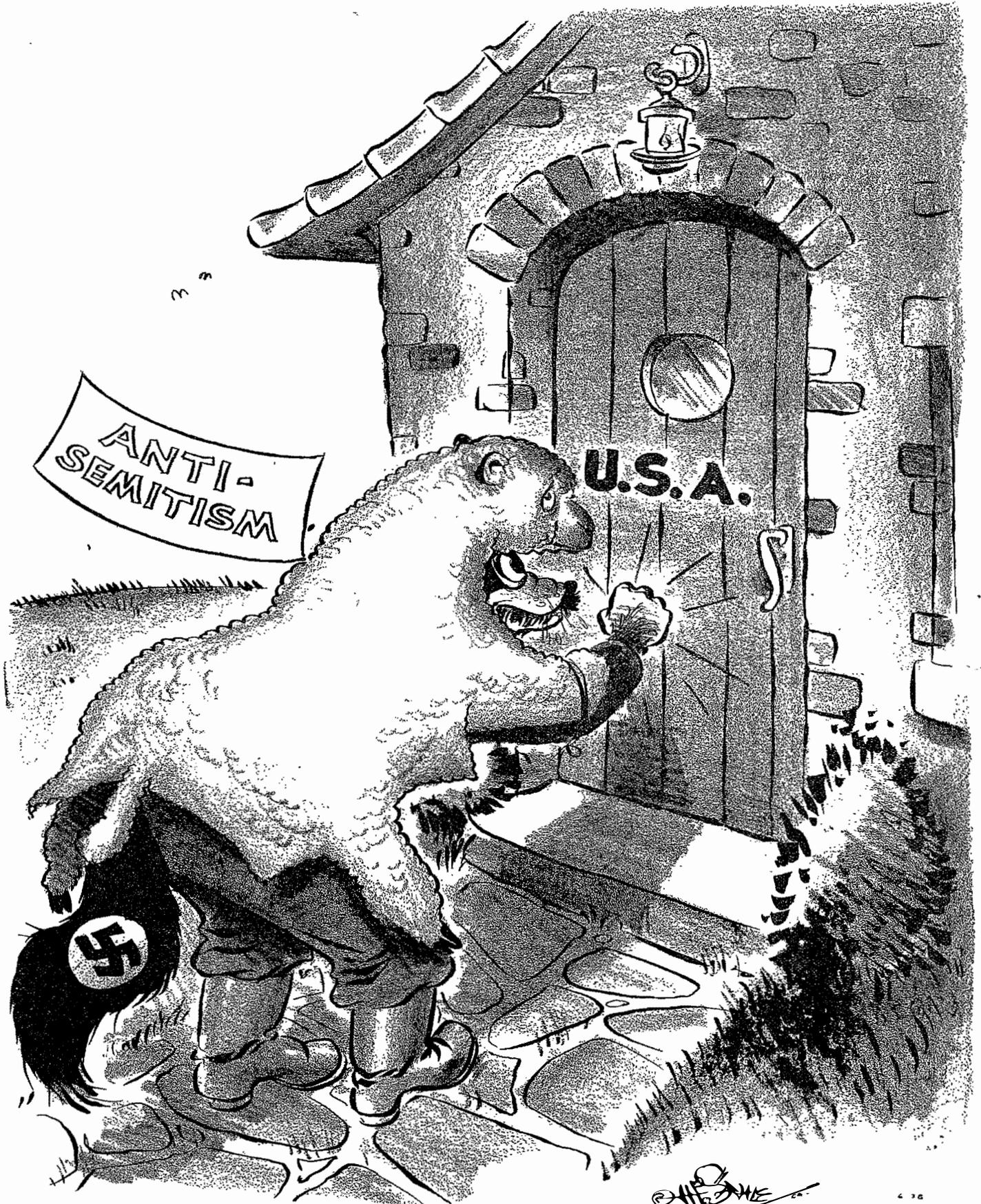
Blushing, but without comment, we present an editorial from The Jewish Post of Indianapolis, Ind., for July 22. We hope we can live up to it. The Post said:

"The new air 'attack' on the Nazis by The Anti-Nazi League should be a great deal more successful than many of its heretofore abortive attempts, if for no other reason than its spectacular aspect.

"As the first attack in their new campaign, the League over the Fourth of July week-end, sent up a plane bearing a long trailing sign with the message 'You Pay For Nazi Spies If You Buy Nazi Goods'. Then last Sunday the League carried the war into the enemies own territory when they dropped 25,000 American leaflets on the Nazi camp at Yaphank, L. I.

"Admitting they borrowed the idea from the Chinese pamphlet raid on Japan when Chinese ships flew to Japan and dropped propaganda bulletins over Japan's cities, the League announced the successful raid and gave promise of newer and more surprising tactics.

"For years now The League has been tolerated by newspapermen who were plagued with a multitude of releases based less on accomplishment than on actual results. But now The League is giving the newspapers real stories. Whoever is responsible deserves much credit and if the activities of the past few weeks continue, newspapers will soon be sending reporters to the League's office to cover that valuable news source."



"Won't they be surprised when they find out who I really am."

PLAYING WITH FEAR

Nazi Germany could not last one week without the financial acrobatics designed by Mr. Schacht, director of financial stuntism.

The pity of it is that here in the U. S. we have the machinery to counteract his trade schemes, but that machinery (Sec. 303 of the Tarriff Act of 1930) has been rendered ineffectual by the Bureau of Customs.

We start with the well known fact that foreigners cannot take any money out of Germany. We usually think of this in terms of tourists. Think of it now in terms of commerce.

Easy Marks

Mr. X., an American business man is in the market for toys. He receives a letter from a cotton brokerage concern, usually with a German name, with offices in the downtown section of New York. The letter speaks of an attractive, "discreet" way of acquiring toys through a transaction with Germany. No trouble, and everything will be handled by them, etc., etc.

He goes to see them, just to inquire. He tells himself that he certainly would not deal with Nazi Germany, unless, of course, it were made very attractive.

First, he is told, he must buy American cotton. He says he doesn't want cotton. No matter! He must buy cotton nevertheless. Well, he figures, this is certainly screwy. "How much cotton will I have to buy?" he asks.

That is answered by—"How much German toys do you wish to buy?"

"\$100 worth."

"\$100 please. Thank you. You are the owner of \$100 worth of cotton. Would you like to sell it?"

"Certainly," says the American business man, "I didn't want the damn stuff in the first place."

"Well, our firm has a contract with a German cotton buyer who hereby offers you 400 controlled marks for your cotton."

"400 marks. Let's see . . . That's fine, just fine. That's about \$160. I make \$60 right there. This is certainly a wonderful system."

"You misunderstand, sir. I said 400 controlled marks."

"Well, I'll take 400 of the one that's worth most."

"Sorry, sir, you will have to take the controlled marks. Surely you knew of the German law that prohibits you from taking any money out of Germany. Your \$100 is in Germany now. It's in a special fund called aski, restricted, blocked, or controlled

marks, about equal in value to your \$100 or perhaps somewhat less."

"You mean I can't get my money out?"

"That's right."

"But what if Hitler decided to confiscate my money? What if I need my money? What can I do?"

"It's true that your controlled marks are subject to special treatment, sir. That's why they are worth less than uncontrolled. People like you are willing to sell their credit in controlled marks for less, and the market value is much lower than the uncontrolled marks."

"Where's my \$100, before I call a cop!"

"Don't be hasty sir. I have a German toy manufacturer on my list who would gladly sell you his toys—and cheap. Will you buy 400 marks worth?"

"Will I? Say, lead me to him!—but wait, is that 400 controlled or uncontrolled marks?"

"That's exactly the point sir. If you will buy German goods, your controlled marks can be used as uncontrolled marks. Then your 400 marks will be worth \$160 instead of \$100 or less, and you will make at least \$60. You can pay duty, and still undersell American manufacturers."

The Fear System

Clever, subtle Schacht! He uses Germany's crutches as a weapon. He manoeuvres, knowing full well that without the support of the crutches that he uses as a bludgeon, Germany must inevitably crumble to the ground.

This writer now wishes to point out why this practice continues in the U. S. and how easily it can be prevented.

Sec. 303 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (USCA, Title 19, Sec. 1303) is also known as the Countervailing Duties Law. In plain language, it specifies: If Germany or any other country is going to subsidize, directly or indirectly, its exporters, and thus enable its exporters to undersell our manufacturers, we are going to put a duty on the goods coming from that foreign country which will be equal to that subsidy.

Forgotten Step

Before June, 1936, the transaction described in the example above was being practiced by Germany, except that the first step was left out. Instead of selling cotton to Germany, the American business man would merely buy up a credit in blocked

marks from some person anxious to cash in on his credit in blocked marks. Having bought up this credit, he would negotiate for the buying of German goods and his blocked or controlled marks would then, in the same manner, be converted into uncontrolled marks for the purpose of buying German goods, and he would thereby make a neat profit.

On July 2, 1936, the Attorney General of the U. S. rendered his opinion that the practice of the German government in permitting controlled marks to become uncontrolled marks for the purpose of buying German goods was a bounty or grant within the meaning of Sec. 303 of the Tariff Act of 1930. Therefore on June 4, 1936, the Treasury Department, Bureau of Customs, ordered that countervailing duties were to be placed on the following imports from Germany, as follows:

Article	Percentage of Invoice Value
Cameras	45%
China Tableware	22½%
Cotton and rayon gloves	39%
Leather gloves	47%
Surgical instruments	56%
Calf and kid leather	25%
Glass tree ornaments	52%
Metal-covered paper	48%
Thumb tacks	31%
Toys, dolls and toy figures	45%

On August 4, 1936 the Treasury Department rendered another decision which stated that as a result of "official advice" the decision of June 4th, 1936 should not apply to cameras, calf and kid leather and surgical instruments, if the contract of purchase or other agreement, pursuant to which there were exported from Germany, was entered into after July 25, 1936.

On August 14, 1936 another decision was rendered by the Treasury Department which stated that as a result of "official advice" the decision of June 4th, 1936 should not apply to all the other articles listed in the decision of June 4th, 1936 if the contract of purchase or other agreement pursuant to which they were exported from Germany was entered into after August 2, 1936.

So that we have this situation: In return for Germany's promise "not to do it any more" the effect of the decision of June 4th, 1936 was entirely negated. With these actions, we possibly have no quarrel.

But with the next action of the Treasury Department we definitely have a quarrel, for by its press release on Dec. 23, 1936, the Treasury Department set the framework for the cotton man-

ipulation between the American business man and the cotton brokerage concern described above.

On December 23, 1936 the Treasury Department issued a press release—not an order or any other mandate binding upon anybody, but a press release which attempts to set forth certain procedures in connection with imports from Germany which would not involve a payment or bestowal of any bounty or grant within the purview of Section 303.

"Inlands Konto"

The sole distinguishing characteristic of these permitted procedures is that the credits are now continuously owned by the person for whose actual account the merchandise is purchased.

Instead of buying "controlled" as a reduced value and then using them at the market value of "uncontrolled" marks, the American importer from Germany becomes first an exporter from America into Germany of cotton or some other merchandise. This he does by negotiating with a cotton brokerage concern in America. In other words, he buys cotton in America, sells it to a German concern, creates a credit for himself in "controlled" marks, and then is permitted to use those "controlled" marks as "uncontrolled" marks in buying the product which he seeks to import from Germany into the United States.

It is apparent, therefore, that again, by mandate of the German government in permitting "controlled" marks to become "uncontrolled" marks, there is a bounty or grant bestowed upon the German importer within the purview of the statute.

In my opinion, the procedures set forth in the press release of December 23, 1936 do come within the purview of the statute, and the said press release is without authority to say otherwise. The "inlands konto" method which either caused or was the immediate result of the press release of December 23, 1936, is, in my opinion, fully within the statute.

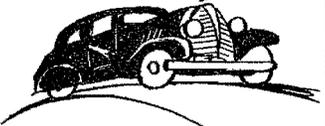
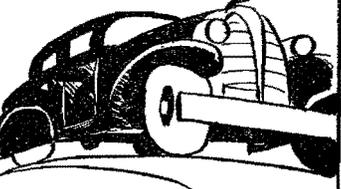
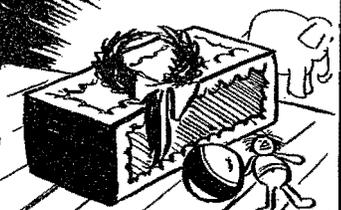
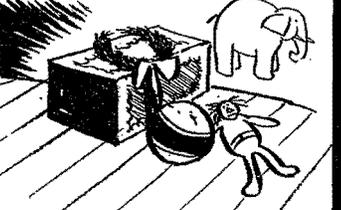
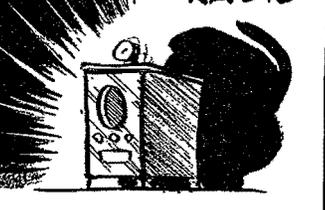
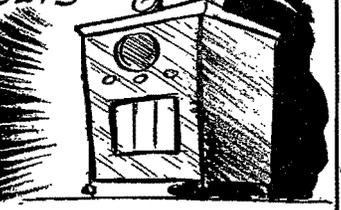
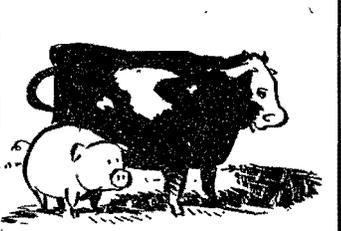
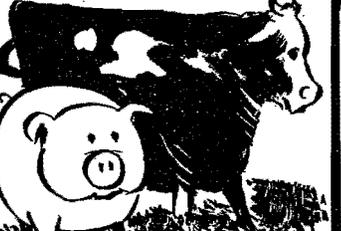
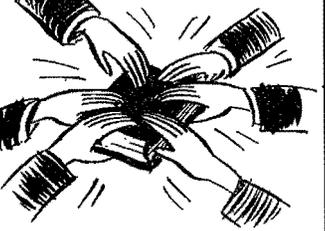
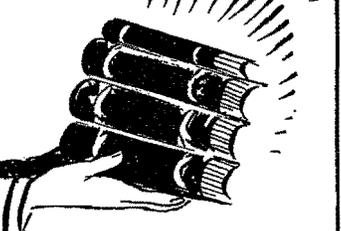
This writer wants to know:

1. What was the reason for that press release of Dec. 23, 1936?

2. Why should the procedure set forth in that press release be permitted to continue?

3. Why isn't the general policy of the U. S. towards Germany (there is no trade agreement with Germany) carried out by positive action on the part of the Treasury Department?

—Bernard Krosncy.

GERMANY		UNITED STATES	
KWH PER INHABITANT		MOTOR VEHICLES	
 550,000	 900,000	 1 IN 11	 1 FOR EVERYONE
INFANT DEATHS		ROADS	
 1 IN 13	 1 IN 17	 1 MILE TO 300 INHAB.	 1 MILE TO 50 INHAB.
GRAIN PER INHABITANT		RADIO SETS	
 15 BUSHELS	 24.4 BUSHELS	 1 FOR 9 PEOPLE	 1 FOR 5 PEOPLE
LIVESTOCK KILLED PER 100 INHABITANTS		UNDER GRADS IN UNIVERSITIES	
 41	 98	 75,000	 1,250,000
GOLD RESERVE		PUBLIC LIBRARIES	
 \$ 120,000,000	 \$ 12,300,000,000	 1 BOOK FOR 6 PEOPLE	 3.6 BOOKS PER PERSON
BANK DEPOSITS		ILLITERACY	
 \$ 89 PER CAPITA	 \$ 423 PER CAPITA	 5%	 3%

Germany leads the way, according to Hitler. But factual statistics, as shown in "Our Country, Our People and Theirs" by M. E. Tracy (McMillan, New York 1938) prove that Americans today are a hell of a lot better off than Nazi subjects.

You Pay for Nazi Spies if you Buy Nazi Goods

BEVERAGES

HANS HOLTERBOSCH, INC., 341 E. 79th St., N. Y. C.
 JAEGER IMPORTING CO., LTD.,
 106 Gansvoort St., N. Y. C.
 H. LEHMAN, INC., 734 Park Avenue, N. Y. C.
 LUCHOW IMPORTING CO., 101 E. 13th St., N. Y. C.
 REIDEMEISTER & ULRICHS CORP., 23 E. 26th St., N. Y. C.
 RHINEMO IMPORT, INC., 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 CHAS. VON DER BRUCKE, INC., 81 Park Pl., N. Y. C.
 JULIUS WILE SONS & CO., 8 Bridge St., N. Y. C.
 WILHELM WILD & CO., 745 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.

BREWERY SUPPLIES

H. REIFENBERG, 205 W. 19th St., N. Y. C.
 MAGER BROS., INC., 332 W. 21st St., N. Y. C.
 A. GUSMER, INC., 816 Clinton St., Hoboken, N.J.

CAMERAS AND PHOTO SUPPLIES

ABE COHEN EXCHANGE, INC., 120 Fulton St., N. Y. C.
 BURLEIGH BROOKS, INC., 127 W. 42nd St., N. Y. C.
 E. LEITZ, INC., 730 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 E. B. MEYROWITZ, INC., 520 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PHOTO SHOP, INC., 138 W. 32nd St., N. Y. C.
 WILLOUGHBY CAMERA STORES, INC.,
 110 W. 32nd St., N. Y. C.
 CARL ZEISS, INC., 485 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

CANARIES

MAX GEISLER BIRD CO., 50 Cooper Square, N. Y. C.
 ODENWALD BIRD CO., 32 Cooper Square, N. Y. C.
 WM. BARTELS CO., 45 Cortlandt St., N. Y. C.
 LOUIS RUHE, INC., 853 Broadway, N. Y. C.

CHEMICALS AND DRUGS

ADVANCE SOLVENTS & CHEMICAL CORP.,
 245 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 AKATOS, INC., Chemicals, 5 Vandam St., N. Y. C.
 GENERAL DYESTUFFS CORP., Chemical & Dyes,
 435 Hudson St., N. Y. C.
 KLIPSTEIN & CO., 30 Rockefeller Plaza, N. Y. C.
 S. B. PENICK & CO., Crude Drugs,
 130 Nassau Street, N. Y. C.
 FALTZ & BAUER, Chemical & Glues,
 300 Pearl St., N. Y. C.
 CRASH EXPORT, My., 19 W. 44th St., N. Y. C.
 CHEMICAL CO., 80 W. Hudson St., N. Y. C.
 ANTHROP CHEMICAL CO., Chemicals & Drugs,
 170 Varick St., N. Y. C.
 (Combined with H. A. METZ LABORATORIES, INC.)

CHINAWARE AND GLASSWARE

S. A. BENDHAIM, INC., 16 Horatio St., N. Y. C.
 BUDDE & WESTERMAN, 104 Worth St., N. Y. C.
 FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., 230 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 HEINRICH & WINTERLING CORP.,
 48 West 32rd Street, N. Y. C.
 HENROE CO., 225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 H. G. McFADDIN & CO., 324 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROSENTHAL CHINA CORP., 149 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PAUL A. STRAUB, 105 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

COKE

COLONIAL FUEL CORP., 37 Commercial St.,
 Brooklyn, N. Y.
 DOMESTIC FUEL CORP., 39 E'way, N. Y. C.
 KOKANCOAL CO., INC., 37 Commercial St.,
 Brooklyn, N. Y.
 BEN RAFFE & SONS, INC., 129 Varick St., N. Y. C.

CUTLERY, BARBERS' AND BEAUTY SUPPLIES

Watch for Trade Marks: "Tree Brand"; "Valley Forge"; "Silver Steel"; "Dubi Duck"; "Twin Brand"; "Anchor Brand"
 H. BOKER & CO., 101 Duane St., N. Y. C.
 BRESDUCK, INC., Razors, Shears and Combs,
 224 Canal St., N. Y. C.
 GIBBS & CO., 43 W. 43rd St., N. Y. C.
 HENRY KAYSER & FILS, Barber & Beauty Supplies,
 41 Union Square, N. Y. C.
 J. A. HENCKELS, INC., 456 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 PETER J. MICHELS, Barbers' Supp., 1857 Catalpa Ave.,
 Ridgewood, N. Y.
 MOLER SYSTEM OF COLLEGES, Beauty Culture
 Schools, 177 North State Street, Chicago Ill.,
 and branches throughout the United States
 SCHRAEDER & EHLEBS, 238 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WESTER BROS., Razors, Shears and Manicuring
 Implements, 250 West Broadway, N. Y. C.
 WILFRED ACADEMY OF BEAUTY CULTURE,
 1659 Broadway, N. Y. C.

MEDICAL AND DENTAL SUPPLIES

AMERICAN HECOLITE DENTURE CORP., "Hecolite"
 Denture, 536 S. E. 6th Ave., Portland, Ore.
 460 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
 AMERICAN MEDICAL SPECIALTIES CO.,
 131 East 23rd Street, N. Y. C.
 ADAM BERNHARD DENTAL PROD. CO.,
 45 East 17th St., N. Y. C.
 DEPENDABLE DENTAL PRODUCT CO., 1923 German-
 town Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
 DUBO TEST CORP., 583 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 INJECTA CO., 112 East 19th Street, N. Y. C.
 F. W. MASSEL & CO., 120 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.
 ADOLF PFINGST, "Busch" Dental Supplies,
 309 Bible House, N. Y. C.
 PREMIER DENTAL PRODUCTS CO.,
 900 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.
 GUSTAVE SCHARMAN, 1181 B'way, N. Y. C.
 L. SILVERMAN, 1033 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.
 STERLING PRODUCTS CORP., 36 E. 22nd St., N. Y. C.
 TIP-TOP INSTRUMENTS, INC., 15 E. 26th St., N. Y. C.

DEPARTMENT AND VARIETY STORES

S. S. KRESGE CO., Stores throughout the United States
 S. H. KRESS & CO., 5c, 10c, 25c Stores throughout
 United States, Office 114 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 W. T. GRANT, Stores throughout the United States,
 Office 1441 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 MARSHALL FIELD & CO., 121 N. State Street,
 Chicago, Ill., and 22 North Bank Drive, Chicago, Ill.
 MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Dept. Store and
 Mail Order House, Chicago, Ill.
 F. W. WOOLWORTH CO., 5 and 10c Stores
 throughout the United States

FOODS

BENEDICT LUST HEALTH FOODS,
 343 Lexington Ave., N. Y. C.
 WM. FAEHNDRICH, Cheese, 13 Harrison St., N. Y. C.
 M. H. GREENBAUM, INC., 165 Chambers St., N. Y. C.
 ROMANOFF CAVIAR CO., 480 Lexington Ave., N. Y. C.

GENERAL IMPORTERS

ABISTO IMPORT CO., INC., 630 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ADAM BERNHARD, 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 GEORGE BORGFELDT CORP., 45 E. 23rd St., N. Y. C.
 J. CHEIN & CO., Harrison, N. J.
 MILLS SALES CO., 901 B'way and
 85 Orchard St., N. Y. C.
 STRAUS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 SPIEGEL BROS., 33 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.

GLASS

FISH-SCHURMAN CORP., Optical & Laboratory Glass,
 230 East 45th Street, N. Y. C.

GLOVES

Trade Marks: "Well Known"; "Wear Right"
 ARCADE GLOVE CO., 112 E. 23rd St., N. Y. C.
 EMPIRE GLOVE CO., INC., 487 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 HYMAN HASEL, GLOVES, 48 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WELL KNOWN GLOVE CO., 468 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 WIMFLBACHER & RICE, 1150 B'way, N. Y. C.

HARDWARE

D. P. HARRIS HARDWARE MFG. CO.,
 29 Warren St., N. Y. C.
 ROBERT E. MILLER, INC., Tacks and Nails ("Remco"),
 35 Pearl Street, N. Y. C.
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.
 WATERBURY TACK CO., INC., Waterbury, Conn.
 ERIC WEDEMEYER, 162 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

Let the League know of any frauds or
 subterfuges used in offering Nazi-German
 Goods?

If you need a substitute for a Nazi-made
 product, communicate with The League;
 we will send you all information.

NON-SECTARIAN ANTI-NAZI LEAGUE

20 W. 47th Street N. Y. C.
 MEDallion 3-2720

LEATHER

J. EINSTEIN, INC., Shoe Leather, 1 Park Ave., N. Y. C.
 HERMANN LOWENSTEIN, 26 Perry St., N. Y. C.
 LEATHER DE LUXE, 1 Park Ave., N. Y. C.

MACHINERY AND PARTS

ADLANCO X-RAY CORP., X-Ray Apparatus,
 54 Lafayette St., N. Y. C.
 C. & C. SALES CORP., Ball Bearings,
 1775 Broadway, N. Y. C.
 H. H. HEINRICH, INC., "Matador" Bag Machinery,
 Aniline Printing Presses, 200 Varick St., N. Y. C.
 MARBURG BROS., 90 West Street, N. Y. C.
 ORMIG CORPORATION, 373 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROBERT REINER, Embroidery Machines,
 558 Gregory Avenue, Weehawken, N. J.
 RITTER CARLTON CO., 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 ROTARY TOOL & MACHINERY CO.,
 217 E. 38th St., N. Y. C.
 ROTAPRINT MACHINES, INC., 141 E'way, N. Y. C.
 SANITAX ELECTRIC CO., 303 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

METAL PAPERS

KARL PAULI CORP., 454 Broome St., N. Y. C.
 LEWIS DISPLAY MATERIALS (Window Displays),
 480 Lexington Avenue, N. Y. C.

MUSICAL SUPPLIES

C. BRUNO & SON, INC., 460 W. 34th St., N. Y. C.
 W. R. GRATZ IMPORT CO., 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 GRETSCH & BRENNER, 42 E. 20th St., N. Y. C.
 HARMONICA DISTRIBUTION CORP. OF AMERICA,
 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.
 M. HOHNER, INC., Harmonicas & Accordions,
 351 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 IMPERIAL MUSIC & SPORT SHOP,
 101 E. 14th St., N. Y. C.
 PROGRESSIVE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT CORP.,
 404 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 SORKIN MUSIC CO., 251 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

PEAT MOSS

Watch for Trade Marks: "G.P.M."; "Pioneer";
 "O. K."; "Sorbex"; "Justrite"; "P. I. C."
 ATKINS & DURBROW, INC., 165 John St., N. Y. C.
 PEAT MOSS SALES CORP., 165 John St., N. Y. C.
 PEAT IMPORT CORP., 155 John St., N. Y. C.

PRINTING TYPES

BAUER TYPE FOUNDRY, INC., 235 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 CONTINENTAL TYPE FOUNDERS ASSN., INC.,
 228 East 45th Street, N. Y. C.
 EUROPEAN TYPE FOUNDERS, INC.,
 710 Broadway, N. Y. C.

STATIONERY SUPPLIES

EUGENE DIETZGEN CO., 218 E. 23rd St., N.Y.C.
 A. W. FABER, INC., 41 Dickerson St., Newark, N. J.
 KEUFEL & ESSER CO., 127 Fulton St., N. Y. C.
 MANHATTAN STENCIL CO., 410 B'way, N. Y. C.
 J. S. STEADTLER, INC., ("Mars", "Luna"),
 55 Worth St., N. Y. C.
 SWAN PENCIL CO., 221 Fourth Ave., N. Y. C.

TOYS, NOTIONS AND FAVORS

WOLVERINE SUPPLY & MFG. CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
 B. SCHACKMAN & CO., 180 Madison Ave., N. Y. C.
 F. A. O. SCHWARTZ, 745 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 STRAUSS-ECKHARDT & CO., 45 E. 17th St., N. Y. C.

YEAST

COMPRESSED YEAST CORP., "Blue Ribbon" Yeast,
 353 Greenwich Street, N. Y. C.
 PHOENIX YEAST CO., 339 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.
 VOLKAN YEAST CORP., 339 Greenwich St., N. Y. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

JULIUS BLUM, Iron, 532 W. 22nd St., N. Y. C.
 CASTLE & OVERTON, INC., 630 Fifth Ave., N. Y. C.
 DURO TEST CORP., Glass Bulbs, 533 E'way, N. Y. C.
 GENERAL BOTTLECLIP CO., 5 E. 45th St., N. Y. C.
 HENRY R. HOPKINSON, Lenses, 40 White St., N. Y. C.
 LEWIS & CONGER, HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
 Sixth Ave. and 45th St., N. Y. C.
 N. S. MEYER, INC., Army and Navy Equipment,
 419 Fourth Avenue, N. Y. C.
 H. REIFENBERG, 205 W. 19th St., N. Y. C.
 STANOLIND OIL & GAS COMPANY, Tulsa, Oklahoma.
 ERNST TOEPFER, 2 Broadway, N. Y. C.