



THE JACOB RADER MARCUS CENTER OF THE  
AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES

*Preserving American Jewish History*

MS-603: Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum Collection, 1945-1992.

Series D: International Relations Activities. 1961-1992

Box 69, Folder 11, Palestine Liberation Organization, 1977-1985.

The American Jewish Committee deplors the latest brutal and barbaric act of Arab terrorism which has claimed the lives of innocent civilians at the Rome and Vienna airports. How many more such victims must there be before the international community finally resolves to make a concerted effort to combat the scourge of terrorism, as it has recently pledged to do in a unanimous decision in the United Nations?

The UN resolution "unequivocally condemns, as criminal, all acts, methods and practices of terrorism whenever and by whomever committed," and urges states to cooperate in measures to prevent terrorism and bring its perpetrators to justice. On the other hand, the <sup>irrefutable</sup> ~~undeniable~~ equivocation of that world body, as <sup>evidenced most recently</sup> ~~expressed~~ by the ~~recent~~ passage <sup>last week</sup> of <sup>yet</sup> another resolution calling for the total isolation of Israel from the world community, only serves to encourage terrorists who perpetrate their violence against Israel.

In addition, we call upon those of our European allies who have adopted a policy of appeasement toward Arab-instigated terrorism to end, once and for all, this senseless course of action. These nations must examine their ~~own~~ responsibility for this latest outrage. In the words of Secretary of State George Shultz, "Extremists must be resisted, not appeased. They must be shown that...negotiation is the only possible hope for achievement of legitimate Arab objectives."

~~Furthermore,~~ The civilized world cannot and must not be satisfied with bland denials of this latest heinous crime by official PLO spokesmen. While the PLO <sup>MAY HAVE</sup> ~~has~~ condemned and repudiated those guilty of the crime, it is undeniable that the pattern established over the years by the PLO has once again led to today's <sup>tragedy</sup> ~~terrorism~~.

Finally, although the intent of the terrorists was clearly to obstruct the progress toward Middle East peace negotiations, we ~~are~~ <sup>are</sup> ~~hopeful~~ <sup>hopeful</sup> that reason will prevail and that the peace process will not be deterred by such inhumane acts of violence.



General Assembly

Distr.  
LIMITED

TERRORISM CONSENSUS

A/C.6/40/L.31  
3 December 1985

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Fortieth session  
SIXTH COMMITTEE  
Agenda item 129

AMERICAN JEWISH

MEASURES TO PREVENT INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM WHICH ENDANGERS OR TAKES INNOCENT HUMAN LIVES OR JEOPARDIZES FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS AND STUDY OF THE UNDERLYING CAUSES OF THOSE FORMS OF TERRORISM AND ACTS OF VIOLENCE WHICH LIE IN MISERY, FRUSTRATION, GRIEVANCE AND DESPAIR AND WHICH CAUSE SOME PEOPLE TO SACRIFICE HUMAN LIVES INCLUDING THEIR OWN, IN AN ATTEMPT TO EFFECT RADICAL CHANGES

Draft resolution submitted by the Chairman

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3034 (XXVII) of 18 December 1972, 31/102 of 15 December 1976, 32/147 of 16 December 1977, 34/145 of 17 December 1979, 36/109 of 10 December 1981 and 38/130 of 19 December 1983,

Recalling also the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security, the Definition of Aggression and relevant instruments on international humanitarian law applicable in armed conflict,

Further recalling the existing international conventions relating to various aspects of the problem of international terrorism, inter alia, the Convention on Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft, signed at Tokyo on 14 September 1963, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft, signed at The Hague on 16 December 1970, the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation, signed at Montreal on 23 September 1971, the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents, concluded at New York on 14 December 1973 and the International Convention against the Taking of Hostages, concluded at New York on 17 December 1979,

Deeply concerned about the world-wide escalation of acts of international terrorism in all its forms which endanger or take innocent human lives, jeopardize fundamental freedoms and seriously impair the dignity of human beings,

Taking note of the deep concern and condemnation of all acts of international terrorism expressed by the Security Council and the Secretary-General,

Convinced of the importance of expanding and improving international co-operation among States, on a bilateral and multilateral basis, which will contribute to the elimination of acts of international terrorism and their underlying causes and to the prevention and elimination of this criminal scourge,

Reaffirming the principle of self-determination of peoples as enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations,

Reaffirming also the inalienable right to self-determination and independence of all peoples under colonial and racist régimes and other forms of alien domination, and upholding the legitimacy of their struggle, in particular the struggle of national liberation movements, in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Charter and of the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Co-operation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations,

Mindful of the necessity of maintaining and safeguarding the basic rights of the individual in accordance with the relevant international human rights instruments and generally accepted international standards,

Convinced of the importance of the observance by States of their obligations under the relevant international conventions to ensure that appropriate law enforcement measures are taken in connection with the offences addressed in those conventions,

Expressing its concern that in recent years terrorism has taken on forms that have an increasingly deleterious effect on international relations which may jeopardize the very territorial integrity and security of States,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General (A/40/445 and Add.1-2),

1. Unequivocally condemns, as criminal, all acts, methods and practices of terrorism wherever and by whomever committed, including those which jeopardize friendly relations among States and their security;
2. Deeply deplores the loss of innocent human lives which result from such acts of terrorism;
3. Further deplores the pernicious impact of acts of international terrorism on relations of co-operation among States, including co-operation for development;

4. Appeals to all States that have not yet done so to consider becoming party to the existing international conventions relating to various aspects of international terrorism;

5. Invites all States to take all appropriate measures at the national level with a view to the speedy and final elimination of the problem of international terrorism, such as the harmonization of domestic legislation with existing international conventions, the fulfilment of assumed international obligations, and the prevention of the preparation and organization in their respective territories of acts directed against other States;

6. Calls upon all States to fulfil their obligations under international law to refrain from organizing, instigating, assisting or participating in terrorist acts in other States, or acquiescing in activities within their territory directed towards the commission of such acts;

7. Urges all States not to allow any circumstances to obstruct the application of appropriate law enforcement measures provided for in the relevant conventions to which they are party, to persons who commit acts of international terrorism covered by those conventions;

8. Further urges all States to co-operate with one another more closely, especially through the exchange of relevant information concerning the prevention and combating of terrorism, apprehension and prosecution or extradition of the perpetrators of such acts, the conclusion of special treaties and/or the incorporation into appropriate bilateral treaties of special clauses, in particular regarding the extradition or prosecution of terrorists;

9. Urges all States, unilaterally and in co-operation with other States, as well as relevant United Nations organs to contribute to the progressive elimination of the causes underlying international terrorism and to pay special attention to all situations, including, inter alia, colonialism, racism and situations involving a consistent pattern of gross and reliably attested violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms and those involving alien occupation, that may give rise to international terrorism and may endanger international peace and security;

10. Calls upon all States to observe and implement the recommendations of the Ad Hoc Committee on International Terrorism contained in its report to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session;

11. Calls upon all States to take all appropriate measures as recommended by the International Civil Aviation Organization and as set forth in relevant international conventions to prevent terrorist attacks against civil aviation transport and other forms of public transport;

12. Encourages the International Civil Aviation Organization to continue its efforts aimed at promoting universal acceptance of and strict compliance with the international air security conventions;

13. Requests the International Maritime Organization to study the problem of terrorism aboard or against ships with a view to making recommendations on appropriate measures;

14. Requests the Secretary-General to follow up, as appropriate, the implementation of the present resolution and to submit a report to the General Assembly at its forty-second session;

15. Decides to include the item on the provisional agenda of its forty-second session.



To: MHT  
From: DAH  
Date: December 27, 1 p.m.

ITALY

In two conversations with the ~~xxxxxxx~~Counsellor at the Italian Embassy in Washington, D.C. this morning, I learned the following:

1) There were 5-6 young, Middle Eastern, probably Palestinian, terrorists involved. The incident may have been prematurely set off when a policeman patrolling the airport with a trained dog approached the young men who were at an airport bar. They reportedly began the indiscriminate violence at this point. In the ensuing violence, at least 13 people were killed, including an unspecified number of Greeks, an Algerian, two Americans - a 12-year-old girl and a soldier, a Mexican diplomat stationed in Rome, and three terrorists. Early reports indicated a higher number of dead, as many as 16, including an Israeli El Al guard, but the latest information is the Israeli was badly wounded, together with about 45 others. The injured include at least two Americans, Argentinians, Italians and other, as yet undetermined nationals. Two of the terrorists were captured, one badly injured. There is the possibility of a sixth terrorist whose whereabouts is not known. Roadblocks have been set up.

Prime Minister Crxi condemned the violence and expressed the need for combatting terrorism.

The PLO Office in Rome vigorously condemned the incidents in both Rome and Vienna, denied knowledge of the perpetrators, and voiced the view that these acts were efforts to undermine chances for peace in the Middle East.

Later in the day I will again be speaking with Rome and hope to speak with one of the El Al guards involved in the incident.

**THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE**

**date** December 26, 1985

**to** Marc Tannenbaum

**from** David Geller

**subject** Terrorist Incidents Against El Al

I have been in touch with Wolfgang Petrisch, Information Officer of the Austrian Consulate in NY. He informed me that one terrorist was killed and 2 wounded during a shoot-out at the Wein International Airport. The wounded are in detention, and it is reported that they are Arabs.

Karl Blecha, Minister of Interior, is on his way back to Vienna from his vacation. There will probably be an official statement issued shortly.

cc David Harris

PS - I received a call at 12:30 PM from the Austrian Consulate. Chancellor Sinowatz and Foreign Minister Graetz have issued statements condemning terrorism. They said there is no room for flexibility in the fight against terrorism, and no motive or excuse for such behavior is acceptable.

AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES



**THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE**

**date** July 3, 1985  
**to** Cynthia Green, Howard Kohr, David Harris and Richard Foltin  
**from** Tim Adler  
**subject** Antiterrorism Legislation

The following is a list of antiterrorism legislation currently under consideration in the House and Senate:

I. Airport and Airline Security

H.R. 2781-- Federal Aviation Act of 1958, Amendment. This amendment is to introduce deterrents to terrorism aboard aircraft. Status: The bill was referred to the House Committees of Foreign Affairs, the Judiciary, and Public Works and Transportation.

H.R. 2794-- Anti-Hijacking Amendment of 1985. This act amends the Federal Aviation Act of 1958. It should persuade foreign airports to improve their security. If an American aircraft were hijacked in a foreign location, the U.S. Secretary of Transportation would be entitled to suspend all subsequent American flights scheduled to arrive there. Status: the bill was referred to the House Committee on Public Works and Transportation, Subcommittee on Aviation. Hearings are not yet scheduled.

S. 1321-- Airport and Aircarriers Security Improvement Act of 1985. This bill is the Senate version of H.R. 2794. Status: a hearing took place June 27, 1985. A mark-up is not yet scheduled.

S. 1326-- Air Passenger Security Act of 1985. This bill is the Senate version of H.R. 2781. International airports would be subject to U.S. government inspection. If an airport were deemed insecure, American planes departing from it would carry armed sky marshals. Status: a hearing took place June 27, 1985. A mark-up is not yet scheduled.

S. 1343-- Anti-Hijacking Act of 1985. This bill is for the U.S. Secretary of Transportation to study the use of sky marshals aboard aircraft. The secretary would also be entitled to suspend American flights into any given location at any given time. Status: a hearing took place June 27, 1985. A mark-up is not yet scheduled.

## II. Economic Sanctions

H.R. 169-- Protection of Americans Aboard Act. The bill is intended to reprimand foreign governments that commit acts of terrorism. Under the bill, the President would be free to 1) impose indemnities 2) cut off any aid, and 3) stop transfer of assets to any country that harms U.S. government personnel or property. Status: the bill was referred to the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. A hearing is not yet scheduled.

H.R. 725-- Tarriff Act of 1930, Amendmet. Under this amendment, the United States could suspend trade with a country "aiding or abetting" terrorist acts against U.S. property or citizens. Status: the bill was referred to the House Committee on Way and Means. A hearing is not yet scheduled.

H.R. 1651-- Slave Labor Act of 1985. Under this bill: If a foreign company sold, to communist countries, goods harmful to the United States, the United States would be entitled to boycott all purchases from that company. Status: the bill was referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means. Hearings are not yet scheduled.

S. 811-- Trade With Libya Prohibition. This bill is to end all trade between the United States and Libya. Status: the bill was passed in the Senate; the House version has not yet gone on the floor.

## III. Intelligence Operations

H.R. 2419-- Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985. The bill is to authorize funding of intelligence-related activities of the U.S. Government. Status: The bill was reported out of the House Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence. The bill is not yet scheduled to go on the floor.

H. RES. 168-- Resolution Concerning Central Intelligence Documents about Covert Activities in the Middle East. This bill is for intelligence authorities to reveal to Congress the following: the American counter terrorist activities in the Middle East. Status: the bill was referred to the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence. Hearings are not yet scheduled.

H.RES 171-- Resolution concerning Documents Relating to Counterterrorist Units Receiving Covert Training. This resolution is for the President to supply Congress with certain documents. The information within concerns U.S. maintenance of counterterrorist units. Status: the resolution was referred to the House Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence. A hearing is not yet scheduled.

S. 274-- Anti-Nuclear Terrorism Act of 1985. This bill is to strengthen security at all American Nuclear facilities. The purpose is to combat the threat of nuclear terrorism. Status: the bill was referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. Hearings are not yet scheduled.

S. 276-- Freedom of Information Act Amendment. Under this amendment, the government could withhold details about foreign counter intelligence and terrorism against this country. Status: the bill was referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. Hearings are not yet scheduled. The bill is not expected to pass.

IV. The Crime of Terrorism

H.R. 2814-- Crime Relating to Aircraft, Provision of Death Penalty. This bill is to introduce the death penalty for terrorist acts aboard aircraft. Status: the bill was referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary. Hearings are not yet scheduled.

S. 275-- Antiterrorism Act of 1985. This bill is to define terrorism and to declare it a criminal act. Status: the bill was referred to the Senate Committee on the Judiciary. A hearing is not yet scheduled.

V. Concurrent and/or Nonbinding Resolutions

HC.R. 168-- Resolution Concerning the Lebanon Terrorism. This resolution is to condemn the recent hijacking in Lebanon as against the Law of Nations. Status: the resolution, only a sense of Congress, was referred to the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. No hearing is yet scheduled.

H.C.R. 170-- Resolution Condemning the Hijacking of TWA Flight 847. This resolution is to do the following: 1) to condemn the murder of Robert Stetham 2) to voice unwavering refusal to submit to terrorists' demands 3) to affirm commitment to saving the hostages. Status: the resolution, only a sense of Congress, was referred to the House Committee on Foreign Relations. A hearing is not yet scheduled.

S. Res. 186-- Resolution Concerning a Treaty to Prevent and Respond to Terrorist Attacks. This bill is to call for all democratic nations beset by terrorism to unite against it. The President is asked to negotiate for this end. Status: the resolution, only a sense of the Senate, was referred to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. The resolution will be addressed during the Committee's hearings on terrorism, July 16th and 17th.



**THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE**

**date** Dec. 27, 1985 2:00pm

**to** Marc H. Tanenbaum

**from** Haina

**subject**

Please call Mr. Pat Reap he is in charge of CNN's INTERNATIONAL HOUR from Washington, DC. He would like some background info from you.

He is a good contact and his number is 202 342 7928.

He is expecting your call this afternoon. Thank you!

(BY THE WAY WABC TV LOVES YOU!)





PLO

הקונסוליה הכללית של  
ישראל בניו יורק

CONSULATE GENERAL  
OF ISRAEL IN NEW YORK

800 SECOND AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

OXFORD 7-5500

STATEMENT BY PRIME MINISTER BEGIN IN THE  
KNESSET, 9 JULY 1979, FOLLOWING P.L.O.  
LEADER'S VISIT TO AUSTRIA

Mr. Speaker, Ladies and Gentlemen, Members of the Knesset,

For whom did the Chancellor of Austria arrange a State welcome. With whom did he sign a joint statement. Whom did he embrace. The organization that is headed by the Austrian Chancellor's guest has a fixed aim, but before I explain it, I wish to relate to the unforgettable past.

During the thirties, there were European leaders of great stature who praised the person whom Churchill later called the expression of everything evil in mankind. The first of these was the British Socialist leader, Ramsay MacDonald, and the second, surprisingly enough, was the Liberal leader and Britain's Prime Minister during World War One, Lloyd George.

But in the forties, after the devastation had come to all of Europe and to all of mankind, following the destruction of the Jewish people by the enemy, many leaders had regrets and asked themselves and the public: "Why did we not read 'Mein Kampf' Or why did we read 'Mein Kampf' and not take it seriously Why did we read it and think that this was not the true intention, merely writing and propaganda "

I want to say, though, in advance that we the Jews and we the Zionists, having learnt from experience, will not follow in the footsteps of the European and other world leaders of the thirties. We have read and we have understood.

We plan to take the second 'Mein Kampf' seriously. But we will do everything possible - and, with God's help, we will be able to do this - to prevent the implementation of the horror that has been described to us. For example: Paragraph one of what is called the Palestinian Charter: "Palestine," that means our country, Eretz Israel, "is the homeland of the Palestinian Arab nation and an indivisible part of the greater Arab homeland. The Palestinian nation is part of the Arab nation." (Interjection) If instead of this word (Palestine - Trans.) you say Sudetes, or

Danzic, or Alsace Lorraine, you have said what was said during the thirties. I must add that this Arab nation today has twenty-two sovereign states. This paragraph has only one meaning - the annihilation of the Jewish State.

Paragraph six: "A Jew who lives permanently in Palestine before the beginning of the Zionist invasion will be considered a Palestinian." What do the words "the beginning of the Zionist invasion" mean? They mean November 2, 1979, the Balfour Declaration, as we all know. All the other Jews will no longer be considered citizens of this country, including close to a million Israeli-born Jews.

Paragraph fifteen: "The liberation of Palestine from the Palestinian point of view is a national obligation, to push back the Zionist, imperialist invasion from the great Arab homeland and to do away with the Zionist presence in Palestine." To do away with the Zionist presence. No interpretation is necessary.

Paragraph 20: "The argument for a historical, spiritual connection between the Jews and Palestine is not in accordance with historical reality, nor with the foundations of statehood in their true meaning. Jewry's nature as a religion of revelation is not in accordance with its existence as an independent nation. The Jews are not a single nation with an independent nature. They are citizens of the countries to which they belong.

Mr. Speakers, this is what was written. There is no historical spiritual connection between the Jews and this country. There is no Joshua, there are no judges, no David, Solomon, no two Temples, no Isaiah or Jeremiah, there are no earlier and later Prophets, there is no historical connection, not even a spiritual connection between the Jews and Eretz Israel. This perhaps is the paragraph that brought the Austrian Chancellor close to that murderers' organization. In essence, this is his view, namely: Jewry is a religion, not a nation, and the Jews are not a single nation. But it is surprising that he describes himself as 'agnostic.' What connection does he have to the Jewish religion?

Paragraph 22: "Zionism is a political movement that is organically connected to world imperialism and the enemy of all liberation and progressive movements of the world." This is a racist movement.

Oh, that you were alive today, Hess, Pinsker, Herzl, Nordau, Ahad Ha'am, Jabotinsky, Ussishkin, Borochoy, Weizmann, Katznelson, Ben Gurion, to hear that Zionism is a racist movement. We the Jewish people, the main victim of bloodthirsty racism. Zionism, as we learned it and taught it, is the Jewish liberation movement of the Jewish People. It is pure, sanctifying, loyal, true and sacrificial, and these heinous ones call our liberation movement the impure name of racism. We are witnessing again what Satan's son called 'the big lie.' This is what the organization is striving for. Its head was accorded a State reception by the Austrian Chancellor in the capital city of Vienna.

What is this murderers' organization's method? I will bring but a few of the hundreds of premeditated attacks aimed at murdering men, women and children.

In September 1972, the Olympics were held in Munich. From the very first Olympics held close to 2,500 years ago in ancient Greece, the tradition has passed to all nations that during the Olympics, all hostilities and acts of war cease; it is forbidden to attack its participants. For the first time in human history, this tradition was violated and that same murderers' organization massacred 11 Israeli sportsmen.

In April of 1974, p.m., there was the murderous attack on Kiryat Shmona. Eighteen citizens were killed. Men, women and children. Fifteen were wounded. In May 1974 in Ma'alot, 25 people were killed, 65 were wounded. Among the 25 killed, were 22 children. In May 1970, there was a murderous onslaught on a children's bus at Avivim. A teacher and nine children were killed and twenty nine were wounded. In March 1978 there was an attack on the coastal road, 35 citizens, men, women and children were murdered and 79 were wounded. In April 1979, there was the Nahariya atrocity. Four people were murdered - a father and his two daughters. I will not describe what the atrocity was so as not to add to the pain of the bereaved family. In May 1979, in Petah Tikva, three were killed and 14 wounded. Among the three - a woman aged 24 and her infants. In May 1972 there was an attack at Lod; 28 were killed, including 16 Puerto Rican Pilgrims, 73 were wounded. In February 1970, that same murderers' organization exploded a device on 'Swissair.' Forty seven people, Jews and non-Jews, were murdered.

This then, Mr. Speaker, is the aim of the murderers' organization, and this is its method. And for the head of this organization, the Chancellor of Austria, Mr. Bruno Kreisky, held a State reception in Vienna, and the Chancellor, after the event, dared to liken this murderers' organization to famous



liberation movements, including movements in Zionism, only because he is an agnostic, as he calls himself. I will not belabor this calumny of his.

And what was said during this State reception by the head of this murderers' organization? He said: "The peace treaty between Egypt and Israel is a war treaty." A war treaty. Two nations signed an accord - peace, put an end to the state of war between them, and here the guest of the Austrian Chancellor indulges himself and says that the very same peace treaty is a war treaty. And for this his emissaries wish to assassinate President Sadat, only because he and the Government of Israel signed a peace treaty.

Mr. Kreisky also recounted the wonderful things which his guest spewed forth and he said this: "The head of that murderers' organization doesn't hate Jews. Some of his friends are Jewish." Yes, 'some of my best friends ...' He doesn't hate Jews, he only murders them.

The second host, Mr. Speaker, for the head of the murderers' organization was Mr. Willy Brandt. I will not recount his behavior, because he is a private citizen today. He undertook a gesture once, and I will not deny that it was a moving and honorable gesture. He went to the Warsaw Ghetto, knelt down and asked forgiveness and absolution from the Jewish People and its progeny, slaughtered by his nation during the reign of the National Socialists.

I think that at this time I would tell his successor to kneel and ask indulgence from the creator of his soul and from the Jewish People, in that his nation bears responsibility for the destruction of a third of our people. But Mr. Willy Brandt must know that should the base murderers' organization triumph, an organization whose like has no precedent since the days of the Nazis, that he, Mr. Willy Brandt, would again kneel and ask forgiveness and indulgence for himself and his people.

But he won't have to do it. We'll make sure of it. Not a trace will remain of the Kreisky-Arafat communique apart from its infamy. Even today Mr. Willy Brandt should ask forgiveness for this shame, the indulgence and absolution of the Jewish People.

Mr. Speaker, 32 years ago Ze'ev Binyamin Herzl wrote an article that will live on down the ages of Jewish history. Its shocking, brief but practical title was - "Mouschel" Herzl's soul was dispirited by what was done to our people and its liberation movement by assimilationists who denied their people and spread calumnies and hatred of Israel. This is why Herzl's language is so cutting. I will not repeat all his thoughts from that article before our Knesset today. I chose selected parts and will read them to you.

This is what Herzl wrote in October 1897: "But we're speaking of Mouschel before introducing him properly. And who is this Mouschel? He is an ever-recurring figure in time, the terrible aide-de-camp of the Jews... Wherever a Jew feels pain or exaltation, Mouschel's face turns terrified or satanic. In hard times, the Jews stoops over: Mouschel stoops even lower and becomes vulgar and insulting. Mouschel is the anti-Zionist, and most vociferously and demonstratively. Mouschel scorns and incites. This is the red-tainted politician." Yes, this is what Herzl wrote in 1897, "this is the red-tainted politician who is now taking up Socialism and exuding its odor..."

The Austrian Chancellor called me an Eastern Jew, with the scorn and ridicule endemic to past times. The Eastern Jews, from among whose ranks emerged the greatest of our poets, authors, orators, scholars. They came from there. They are no more. Only ash remains of them. And a person who was born of a Jewish mother and Jewish father and who has a brother in Israel, even today dares to desecrate their sacred memory and says 'ost Jude' with that well-known former connotation. I will also reply to this slander and vulgarity with borrowed words.

Has Mr. Kreisky ever heard of a person called Ahad Ha'am? I am not sure. I suggest that he read today Ahad Ha'am's classic essay, "Slavery Within Freedom," the epilogue of which I shall also read to the members of the Knesset.

In 1891, Ahad Ha'am wrote: "I can say aloud that I love my brothers, the sons of my nation, wherever they are without having to find excuses... I can mention Jerusalem not only when praying, without being asked by anyone what connection I have with Zion and what I mean to it. I have no need to raise my people to the heavens, to make them better than the other nations, in order to obtain 'permission' for their reality.

I know why I shall always remain a Jew, or rather, I cannot understand why this is a question at all, in the same way as I would not be able to understand if I was asked why I will remain my father's son... I have my opinions and feelings and I have no reason whatsoever to hide or deny them, to cheat others or myself... And this spiritual freedom of mine - mock me whosoever wishes - I will not exchange nor change for all the privileges in the world."

Therefore, Mr. Speaker, on this sad day, sad for the entire Jewish People and for free men of good will throughout the world, I will make the following simple statement, in the name of the vast majority of Knesset members. I believe: we the Jews, the Zionists, the people of Eretz Israel, the builders of Eretz Israel, free of all complexes, who are returning the people to their land and the Homeland to its people and owners, will continue to follow our path and to overcome all the Nazi Arafats and their lackeys, be their origin as it may.

Thank you.



THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

**date** July 2, 1979  
**to** Selma Hirsh  
**from** Nancy Merjos  
**subject** Staff Transportation to San Francisco for NEC Meeting

There are three ways we can book staff tickets to San Francisco:

1. For those going directly to San Francisco and directly back to New York there is a new reduced rate of \$125 each way. There are two morning flights a day (with a limited number of seats per flight) that offer this rate: 11 AM from JFK and 9:25 AM from Newark. The only limitation other than the limited number of seats per flight, is that the traveler cannot make any stopovers.

I have already booked 19 people one way at this rate. These bookings can be changed at any time or different names substituted.

2. Super Saver rate of \$294 round trip. This price is a mid-week (Mon.-Thurs.) day-coach price, with no stopovers. If you want to make a stop-over on the way back to New York (and you can only make one), it must be in the western part of the U.S. and adds about 20% to the price. The restrictions are: must book 30 days in advance--any change after that and the fare reverts to the full \$490 rate; you must stay in San Francisco one week--i.e., if you arrive in San Francisco on Wednesday, you can't leave till the following Wednesday; you must fly the same airline the whole trip.

3. Combination fare for those who want to take a trip after the meeting with no restrictions as to time and place and advance booking: use the new reduced rate of \$125 to San Francisco. The cost of the return trip would depend on where the traveler went after San Francisco. If he went to a place vaguely along the route from San Fran. to New York, the return would cost half the full fare one way, or \$245. Thus the whole trip would cost \$370. If the traveler went in an entirely different direction, the return would cost whatever that route would ordinarily cost.

Should I draft a memo to the staff explaining this and setting a limit on what AJC will pay?

NM  
cc: L. Billig



PLO

חקונסוליה הכללית של  
ישראל בניו יורק

CONSULATE GENERAL  
OF ISRAEL IN NEW YORK

800 SECOND AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

OXFORD 7-5500

July 1979

Dear Friend:

AMERICAN JEWISH  
ARCHIVES

The diatribes of Yasir Arafat and his cohorts against President Carter, President Sadat and Prime Minister Begin are rarely reported in the American press.

We are therefore enclosing herewith a collection of threatening and provocative statements by the PLO leader and other PLO terrorists which demonstrate their intentions to subvert the Israeli-Egyptian Peace Treaty by striking down Sadat, and by perpetrating terrorist actions against Israeli civilians and strategic attacks against American interests.

We trust you will use and disseminate this material in appropriate ways.

Sincerely yours,

*A. Arazi*  
Arik Arazi  
Consul of Information

Yassar Arafat, as quoted by AP, Beirut, 12 March 1979:

AND WHAT ARE THE MEANS?

"Carter, Begin and Sadat should understand that we will burn everything. Carter should understand that this area is the area of volcanoes, yes, the area of volcanoes as well as oil.

"The Iranian volcano was the beginning and the Arabs will explode their volcano soon.

"Begin spoke today of what he described as 'Israeli Arabs'. I want to tell Carter and Begin that when the Arabs set off their volcano, there will be only Arabs in this part of the world, Arab Arabs and not Israeli Arabs.

"Carter committed a crime by attending a session of the Zionist Keneset...Carter should understand that our area is not up for auction...

"Sadat should understand that he will be struck down. It is his destiny. Anyone who betrays the Palestinian people will be struck down.

"Our people will continue to fuel the torch of the revolution with rivers of blood until the whole of the occupied homeland is liberated... not just a part."

Terrorist Radio, Lebanon, 13 March 1979:

Speaking in Beirut, Yassar Arafat announced that the people that had sacrificed 85,000 fallen would sweep away the agents who were trying to cut it and the Egyptian army off from the destiny of the Arab nation and from the major campaign to defend imperialist interests in the region. He warned the oil producing countries not to supply Sadat's regime with oil which would then be passed on to the Israelis.

Yassar Arafat, Radio Kuwait, 13 March 1979:

"Volcanoes,, Fires... Rivers of Blood"

"The Palestinian revolution will use every possible means to prevent the signing of the treaty between Egypt and Israel."

Abu Iyad speaking in Beirut, 22 March 1979

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"Sadat's treason is not that he is signing a separate peace treaty with Israel. I say that in the name of the revolution - not because he brings a separate peace, but because he brings peace with Israel and recognition of her. We would be opposed even if the agreement was not separate."

Excerpts from an interview with Hani el-Hassan representative of PLO in Tehran to the Lebanese Daily, Monday Morning:

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Hani el-Hassan attacked the U.S. and threatened that the PLO will undermine American interests in the Middle East and in all other places in the world until the rights of the Palestinians will be settled and that the coming days will be days of hellfire and brimstone, that will bear witness to the true intentions of the PLO.

Hassan stated that the PLO will punish Sadat, Israel and America because of the peace treaty signed between them. The PLO will attack American interests - not by attacks on Arabic property, but rather on American property.

Hassan stressed that Palestinian fighters will strike against American interests in Europe, giving as an example, the blowing up of the computer factory in Hamburg in 1971.

Hani el-Hassan accused Carter of provoking the PLO and stressed that Carter should now understand that he must recognize the PLO, without preconditions because the PLO will never recognize Resolution 242. He accused the U.S. of attempting to estrange the PLO from its Soviet allies, in order to make easier its anti-Palestinian activities at a later time. (A.P. 1 April).

From the PLO - Iraq Baath Party joint statement of 1 April 1979:

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"To boycott the U.S. from a political and economic aspect and to strike against American interests in the area and in everyplace possible." (..Voice of the Arabs 1 April).

Yassar Arafat at the Opening Session of the Arab Foreign Ministers in Baghdad on 27 March 1979

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It is not enough to impose sanctions on Sadat. I call upon you in the name of the Palestinian people, the PLO and the Arab nation, to impose sanctions upon the engineer who prepared this plot. I call upon you to adopt the most violent means against the U.S. and her interests in the region. The sanctions against the U.S. must include the areas of trade and the economy and one must also take from her the petrol dollars. The U.S. must understand that we shall cut off the hands of whoever wishes to cut off my fingers. (Reuters, 27 March)

Yassar Arafat on the occasion of the anniversary of the first action of Fatah:

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"Last year when Brzezinski said bye-bye to the PLO must also say goodbye to his own interests. Carter must understand that the U.S. will have to say goodbye to her interests in this region when she says goodbye to the PLO ... Khomeini says, 'I run with the Palestinian revolution and that means that we and our allies among the Iranian people have told Brzezinski that it is goodbye to his interests in the region'". (Voice of Palestine, Lebanon 8 January 1979)

Yassar Arafat to the Iraqi weekly, "Aleph - Baah".

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Arafat called for a strategic strike against American interests in the Middle East. He stressed that the Arab nation has all the weapons to enable it to face the challenge and the American and Zionist threats. He recalled that the collapse of the American position in Iran and the speedy destruction of CENTO were severe, strategic attacks on American interests. Arafat threatened that every state which withdraws from the Baghdad resolutions will be considered a traitor. (4 April 1979)



EXCERPTS FROM AN INTERVIEW WITH YASSAR ARAFAT IN BEIRUT AT HIS PLO HEADQUARTERS - AIRED ON MARCH 18, 1979 FOR CBS NETWORK 60 MINUTES

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...Chairman Arafat, you say that President Sadat is a traitor to the Arab World. Yes?

Yassar Arafat : Quisling, yes.

Wallace : Quisling, traitor.

Arafat : Yes.

Wallace : In many countries, the penalty for treason is death. So if necessary, kill Sadat.

Arafat (translated): It's up to the Egyptians. It is up to them.

Wallace : In other words, the Palestinians are not going to Sadat. But if the Egyptians want to kill Sadat for being a traitor, you say okay.

Arafat : Yes.

Wallace : And you predicted there will be an explosion in the Middle East as a result of this treaty- What does this explosion mean?

Arafat : Do you think I will explain it for you here in this TV.

Wallace : You won't?

Arafat : Definitely not.

Wallace : Because?

Arafat : But you will feel it, as you have felt it in Iran.

Wallace : In other words, you are, in effect, threatening America and American interests in the Middle East.

Arafat : I am not. I am not threatening anybody, but I am giving you the facts.

Wallace : I have never heard you talk so bitterly before about the United States, Chairman Arafat.

Arafat : Because you have done the fatal mistake against my people.

Wallace : Why would Jimmy Carter want to betray the Palestinians? Because that's what you've said.

Arafat : I think he's -- he's looking for the votes.

Wallace: You will ask for an oil embargo ...  
Arafat: Yes  
Wallace: ... against the United States?  
Arafat: Yes ... I will do my best ...  
Wallace: Final question. Are we going to see war in the Middle East?  
Arafat: In the Mideast?  
Wallace: Yes  
Arafat: It is coming.

Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad), second-in-command of the Fatah wing of the PLO, as quoted by AP, Qatar, 15 May 1979:

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"We Palestinians will perpetuate the war of attrition against Israel until our rights are completely regained. And I am prepared to extend a hand of friendship and alliance to any power, even the devil, to crush Israel and undermine American machinations."

Abu Jihad - Fatah Leader - Voice of Palestine - Lebanon 4/8/79:

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The PLO reaction to the peace agreement will express itself in a large scale struggle and in opening Fighting arenas any place in the world.

Yasser Arafat, as quoted by Reutuers, Iran 2/22/79:

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The two revolutions, the Iranian and the Palestinian will go hand by hand, and their Divisions will be sent to the borders of Palestine.

Muhamad Elsh'aar - PLO representative in the U.S.S.R, interviewed for "New Times", according to "Tass" - April 4 1979:

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The Socialist Countries, in particular the U.S.S.R, have given the PLO human and principal assistance which stems from the Internationalist foreign policy of the winning Socialism. About a thousand of Palestinian youngsters learn in the U.S.S.R alone and we are assisted massively.



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August 5, 1981

THE TRUE PICTURE OF THE PLO

The sudden prominence being given to the PLO and suggestions by newspapers that it be included in the Middle East peace negotiations show a misunderstanding of the basic facts about this organization.

The PLO is a terror organization created in May 1964 by the Arab League, with a single aim -- the elimination of the State of Israel through the use of violence and force.

It is most important to understand that the PLO was brought into being before there were any so-called "occupied territories," and was constituted as an umbrella organization for existing terrorist groups which had been active for ten years prior to its formal establishment. The question must, therefore, be asked: what territory was the PLO attempting to "liberate" in the years before Israel came to administer the territories presently under its control?

As its creation in May 1964, the PLO adopted the "Palestine National Covenant," which is its basic charter and accepted by all its factions. Its main theme is that only the Arabs are entitled to self-determination, and that the State of Israel has no right whatever to exist, as clearly expressed in the following excerpts:

Article 15: The liberation of Palestine ... aims at the elimination of Zionism ...

Article 21: The Arab Palestinian people ... reject all solutions which are substitutes for the total liberation of Palestine ...

Despite the repeated expectations that the PLO would modify its "Covenant," this has never been done. On the contrary, it has been reaffirmed at every meeting of the Palestine National Council, as well as by the spokesmen for the individual factions.

At its meeting in Damascus in May 1980, Yasir Arafat's Al Fatah, the largest and most influential constituent faction of the PLO, re-affirmed the "Covenant" and its "aim to liberate Palestine completely and to liquidate the Zionist entity politically, economically, militarily, culturally and ideologically."

More recently, Farouk Kadoumi, head of the "Political Department" of the PLO, stated unambiguously (Reuters, Beirut, April 9, 1981) that "We can never allow any party to interfere in our affairs, especially in two major matters: our non-recognition of Israel and our refusal to amend our National Covenant in any way. . . We have said over and over again that we refuse to recognize Israel. This is an unchangeable, permanent policy."

Farouk Kadoumi said also in an interview in the West German newspaper "Stern," July 30, 1981: "We shall never allow Israel to live in peace. We shall never allow it total security. Every Israeli will feel that 'behind every wall there might be a guerilla who is aiming at me.' . . . "We shall never recognize Israel . . . I want to destroy the enemy who keeps my homeland occupied. In case all-out war actually broke out, we would be the allies of the Soviet Union for we prefer to be the friends of the Communists, rather than to be the victims of the Zionist and imperialist occupation forces."

George Habash, leader of another constituent faction of the PLO, has also warned grimly that his organization "will not abandon its strategic goal -- the destruction of Israel." Habash is all in favor of a national authority in Judea and Samaria (the West Bank) and Gaza, provided that this is not "seen as an alternative to the strategic goal." (Al Hadaf, Beirut, April 20, 1980).

The PLO is the "umbrella organization" for a number of terrorist groups created by Arab governments and individuals and financed mainly by the Arab states, primarily Saudi Arabia. All the constituent factions are united on two basic issues: they share a common goal -- the destruction of the State of Israel; and employ the same methods -- the use of indiscriminate violence against defenseless civilians.

The contention that the infringements of the current cessation of hostilities between the territories of Israel and Lebanon are to be blamed on "dissidents" cannot be taken seriously, since the factions perpetrating these infringements are full constituent members of the PLO.

For future reference, we list below the principal factions of the PLO:

<u>Faction</u>	<u>Leader</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Al Fatah	Yasir Arafat	
Black September	Abu Iyad	Cover name for Fatah terrorist operations outside Israel.
Al Saiqa		Financed, trained and controlled by Syria.
Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP)	Dr. George Habash	neo-Marxist faction.
Popular Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PDFLP)	Naif Hawatma	Marxist faction, sponsored by Iraq.
Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine - General Command	Ahmad Jibril	Supported by Libya and Syria.
Palestine Liberation Front		A pro-Iraqi group.
Arab Liberation Front		Founded and run by the Iraqi Government.
Popular Struggle		Leftist, with a strong pro-Iraqi tendency.



F - PLO

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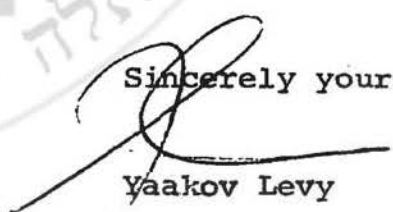
February 24, 1977

Dear Friend,

Enclosed please find several recent statements of leaders of the so-called Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as well as other Arab leaders, which have not been reported by the media.

They demonstrate that the intransigent position which has always been taken by the PLO continues to be their policy.

Sincerely yours,

  
Yaakov Levy

Consul for Information

# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

AS-SAIQA (SYRIAN-BACKED PLO FACTION) :

"LIBERATE PALESTINE...FROM THE GALILEE TO THE NEGEV"

"The first paragraph in the unwritten constitution of the Palestinians will be the demand for a struggle for the return of the Palestinian territories on which Israel exists.

"This paragraph will be used for the restoration and liberation of the Palestinian land from Rosh Hanikra (the northern point of Israel along the sea) to Rafah (the southern point), from Beth Shaan and Jericho to Haifa and Jaffa. That is Palestine - from the Galilee to the Negev, from the river to the Sea."

(Palestine Corner, Radio Damascus,  
quoting from an article from Al-Tala't,  
the As-Saiqa Publication, February 15, 1977)

ARAFAT : 'OUR TASK - STRUGGLE AGAINST ZIONIST FOE...

POPULAR WAR TO LIBERATE THE LAND.....

## AMERICAN JEWISH

While the Western media continue to pass the word that Arab leaders have launched a peace offensive, moderated their position vis-a-vis Israel and, in general, are now favorably disposed towards a peace settlement, PLO leader Yasser Arafat is talking in an entirely different vein - to his own followers.

Speaking at a graduation ceremony of Fatah officers recently, Arafat said :

"We must be prepared for our task, which is the struggle against the Zionist foe and against all the enemies of our Arab nation - without and within... The Popular War of Liberation is the only way to liberate the land."

(Yasser Arafat, quoted by "Voice of Palestine,"  
Lebanon, February 1, 1977)

Question : Is that the language of peace?



# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

PLO Radio Station :

'OUR STRATEGY REMAINS UNCHANGED :  
WE ASPIRE TO THE TOTAL LIBERATION OF PALESTINE'

"From time to time we read reports, in the Arab and foreign press, alleging that the Palestinian Revolution is prepared to make concessions in exchange for the attainment of the rights of the Palestinian people. Some of these reports go so far as to raise doubts as to the firmness of the Palestinian Revolution's strategic positions and aims.

"We wish to emphasize that the Palestinian Revolution continues to adhere to the hopes and aspirations of the Palestinian masses - and, in particular, the aspiration to the total liberation of the Palestinian soil."

("Voice of Palestine," Lebanon,  
February 11, 1977)

PLO Representative in Paris :

'THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PALESTINIAN STATE  
IS BUT A STAGE....'

"Even if a State will be established in the territories to be evacuated, it will be so small that it will not be able to contain the entire Palestinian population. The establishment of a Palestinian State is but a stage that cannot set aside the right of the Palestinians to return to their homeland. There will be no solution without a settlement of the refugees of 1947.

(PLO Paris Representative, Az el-Din Kalak,  
at news conference on January 7, 1977)

# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

IRAQ' VICE PRESIDENT:

FORCE AND OIL TO BE USED FOR

ANNIHILATION OF ISRAEL

An interview by General Sadam Hussain Takriti, Vice President of Iraq's Revolutionary Command Council, to the Egyptian weekly Al-Mussawar (January 27, 1977).

"From an objective viewpoint we very well know that international politics will not, at this stage, permit the Zionist entity to be dismantled... they will allow us to regain the Arab land which was captured in '67; but we do not consider this to be the end of the road. Facts in international politics develop according to the development of circumstances. We will reach this stage (regaining the '67 lands ) and then we will raise the debate on the lands which were captured before '67; and we will not limit ourselves to speaking of the West Bank, Gaza and the Golan as is the case at present....

"The parties involved should know that the Arabs maintain a very strong advantage in being able to use force and oil to increase their international status.

"We envision a Palestinian State where people of all religions, no matter what their citizenship, will live... we say that everyone who immigrated (to Palestine) after '48 must return to his place of origin."

IRAQ AND PLO FACTION FORM ALLIANCE

GOAL - ANNIHILATE ISRAEL

After the Palestinians' defeats and heavy losses in the Lebanese war, Iraq and the Marxist "Popular Front" formed an alliance, with the following common goals :

1. Any future negotiated settlement of the Middle East conflict must be fought. Israel must be annihilated.
2. Any Arab politician or Palestinian leader who recognizes Israel, or declares himself agreeable to a mini-Palestine on the Jordanian West Bank, will be considered a traitor and executed.
3. Terror and subversive actions against Arab governments of the moderate camp - above all the oil producers, such as Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, and the Gulf Emirates - have to be intensified until they are overthrown, in order to gain military and financial bases for the "final struggle against imperialism and Zionism."

(Berliner Morgenpost, January 6, 1977)



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January 1977

From Arab Sources

WHAT P.L.O. LEADERS ARE SAYING - WHEN THEY THINK  
THE WEST ISN'T LISTENING

American and European correspondents in Arab capitals were recently treated to a version of PLO decisions that have little resemblance to the truth. In these reports the PLO supposedly had :

- 1) Given up its declared aim of seeking the dissolution of Israel;
- 2) Accepted a compromise that would satisfy the Palestinian quest for self-determination through the establishment of a Palestinian State in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

The Palestinian (PLO) Central Council met in Damascus on December 12-14, 1976. Its resolutions were broadcast by Radio Damascus and Radio Cairo in Arabic and apparently no authoritative full translation was provided to foreign correspondents. Nowhere in the resolutions is there even a remote signal of any change toward recognition of Israel's existence, which is referred to in the Arabic text not by name, but rather as the "racist-zionist State." There is no mention whatsoever of the alleged adoption by the PLO of the West Bank - Gaza State.

PLO acceptance of an entity that falls short of the desired "liberation" of the entire territory that was once known as Palestine (i.e. including Israel) was formally approved by the Arab heads of state already in the Rabat conference of November 1974. But it has always been considered by them as an interim measure, a phase in the continued struggle against Israel's existence. The establishment of a PLO authority on any piece of territory "liberated" from Israel is openly presented as a stage toward their ultimate goal. Following are a number of recent quotes from PLO and Arab leaders all made in Arabic to Arab listeners that expose this goal in unequivocal terms.

'The Elimination of Israel'

In the joint communique (following the Sadat-Assad talks), we find some very clear expressions that are significant particularly from a long-term point of view. For the language of this communique is directed not at the Israeli conquest of 1967 but beyond that, it being pointed out that the meeting between the two Presidents took place ten years after 1967 and thirty years after the "usurpation of the rights of the Palestinian people."

"The Arabs, in other words, are going to hand Israel an account that will include not only Jerusalem, Nablus, Gaza, Sinai and Golan - but, first of all, Tel-Aviv, Haifa, Jaffa and Nazareth. The Arabs will demand not just the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, but their rights in all their lands occupied since 1948.

"The slogan of the Restoration of the Rights of the Palestinian Arab People and the slogan of the Liberation of Palestine - that is, the elimination of Israel - have one and the same meaning, and not two contradictory meanings."

("Voice of Palestine", Radio Damascus, December 22, 1976)

'Rejection of UN Security Council Resolution 242'

" The leadership of the Revolution emphasizes that it rejects (UN Security Council) Resolution 242, in toto, as a solution of the Palestinian problem."

(From the final communique issued by the Conference of PLO leaders held in Beirut on November 26, as quoted by "Voice of Palestine," Lebanon, November 27, 1976)

'Final Goal : One State'

"The establishment of a Palestinian State in every part of Palestine that will be liberated is of political rather than geographical significance : it will be considered the beginning of the realization of the final goal - which is the establishment of the Democratic Palestinian State."

(Khaled el-Hassan, member of Fatah Central Committee, in interview for Middle East News Agency in Kuwait, quoted by El-kuds, Jerusalem, December 5, 1976)

'The conflict will burn on'

"Those who speak of a settlement indulge in fantasies.... The Arab-Zionist conflict will burn on until the Palestinian right will have been restored to its owners in full."

("Voice of Palestine, " Lebanon, December 10, 1976)

'Liberation' - Step-by-step'

"The PLO's aim is the realization of the national rights by stages, as determined by the Palestinian National Council at its 12th session, in 1974, including the establishment of a National Authority on every piece of Palestinian soil that will be liberated. A committee has been set up in the UN.... that has determined that the right of sovereignty means the establishment of a Palestinian State on the Palestinian soil that has been occupied on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip. Thus there are no negotiations between the PLO and Israel; there is a mediator between them - the UN....The Palestinian struggle is based mainly on the armed struggle, in addition to the political and diplomatic struggle....(such as) Israel's isolation from its friends...."

(PLO political leader Farouk Kaddoumi on Egyptian Television  
December 10, 1976)

No Renunciation of PLO principles'

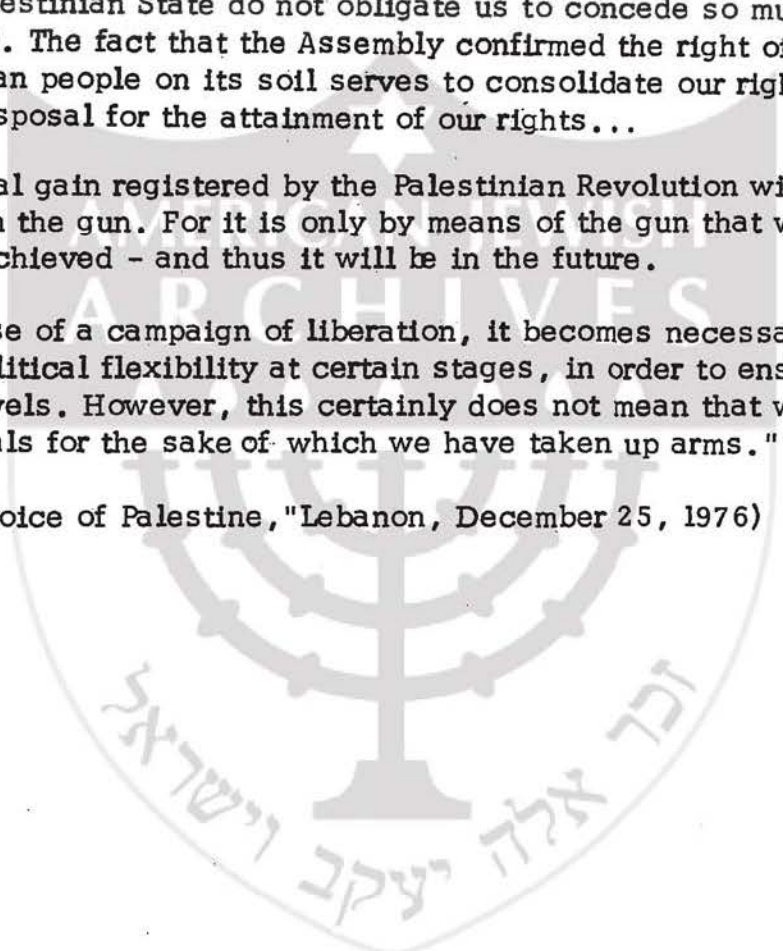
"Our consent to the establishment of a Palestinian State on any piece of land that will be liberated from the occupation does not constitute a renunciation of PLO principles. On the contrary, it is part and parcel of the Ten-Point Program approved by the 12th National Council in 1974...

"The resolutions of the General Assembly concerning the establishment of an independent Palestinian State do not obligate us to concede so much as an inch of Palestinian soil. The fact that the Assembly confirmed the right of self-determination of the Palestinian people on its soil serves to consolidate our right to fight, by every means at our disposal for the attainment of our rights...

"Any political gain registered by the Palestinian Revolution will not loosen our people's grip on the gun. For it is only by means of the gun that we have achieved what we have achieved - and thus it will be in the future.

"In the course of a campaign of liberation, it becomes necessary, on occasion, to exercise political flexibility at certain stages, in order to ensure freedom of action at all levels. However, this certainly does not mean that we will compromise the national goals for the sake of which we have taken up arms."

(Voice of Palestine, "Lebanon, December 25, 1976)





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March 25, 1977


Dear Friend,

The long standing Arab goal of the elimination of Israel has been made public once more in recent weeks.

In statements reported in the press of several Arab countries, most of which have never been reported in the Western media, leaders of all major factions within the so-called Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) have emphasized as their goals the destruction and annihilation of Israel.

Reinforcements of these positions can be found in the enclosed reports and editorials in semi-official newspapers in Syria and Libya rejecting peace and recognition of Israel and calling for the expulsion of the Israelis from the area.

Sincerely yours

  
Yaakov Levy  
Consul for Information



# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

'That's Moderation'

## THE P.L.O. PLAN FOR ISRAEL'S DESTRUCTION IN THREE PHASES

In an interview for the March 14, 1977 issue of Newsweek, the PLO's chief political officer, Farouk Kaddoumi, made it crystal-clear that the PLO's idea of "moderation" and "peace" still mean one thing only: the destruction of the State of Israel.

Among Mr. Kaddoumi's statements in the interview:

QUESTION: Will the Palestine National Council reconsider its covenant?

ANSWER: It is not a possibility. It is impossible.

QUESTION: If a mini-state is indeed created, you will be living side by side with Israel. Doesn't this imply de facto recognition?

ANSWER: No. We don't recognize Israel. Israel is still absorbing and usurping a part of our country. But after the establishment of this independent state, there might be peace in order to deal with the other issues...so that the Palestinians may be returned all their remaining inalienable rights.

QUESTION: In return for the creation of a Palestinian state, would you promise to cease hostilities against Israel?

ANSWER: There are two (initial) phases to our return: the first phase to the 1967 lines, and the second to the 1948 lines... The third stage is the democratic State of Palestine. So we are fighting for these three stages.

QUESTION: Has the PLO become more moderate?

ANSWER: By moderation we mean we are ready...to establish a State on a part of our territory. In the past we said, No, on all of it, immediately, a democratic State of Palestine. Now we say no, this can be implemented in three stages. That's moderation.

Zuheir Mohsein, Head of the Al-Sa'ika wing of the PLO:

PEACE OR RECOGNITION OF ISRAEL IS ILLEGAL

"We are acting politically according to the Ten Points Program (adopted by the PLO in 1974), which absolutely contradicts peace of recognition of the Zionist entity. Therefore, any act that might bring about peace or a recognition of the Zionist entity is illegal, must be condemned from the national point of view, and is a deviation from the PLO policy.

Al-Bairek, Beirut, 19.2.77.

"The only directions fro the PLO are the Ten Points (PLO's political program) which reject clearly and totally any recognition of the Zionist entity."

Lebanese Daily, Sada Lubnan, 19.2.77

# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

George Habbash, Head of the Popular Front wing of  
the PLO:

" A SETTLEMENT CAN ONLY BE FOUNDED ON THE  
DESTRUCTION OF ISRAEL"

"We want our people in 10 or 20 years' time to go back to Lod and Jaffa...The creation of a mini-Palestinian state including the West Bank and the Gaza Strip will solve the problem of only one million Palestinians out of three million...The only solution for these people is to return to their country, and not to the West Bank.

"Der Stern," West Germany, 15.2.77

"It should be noted that any settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict can only be a temporary one. A genuine and durable settlement could only be founded on the destruction of Israel."

"Al-watan, Beirut, 5.3.77

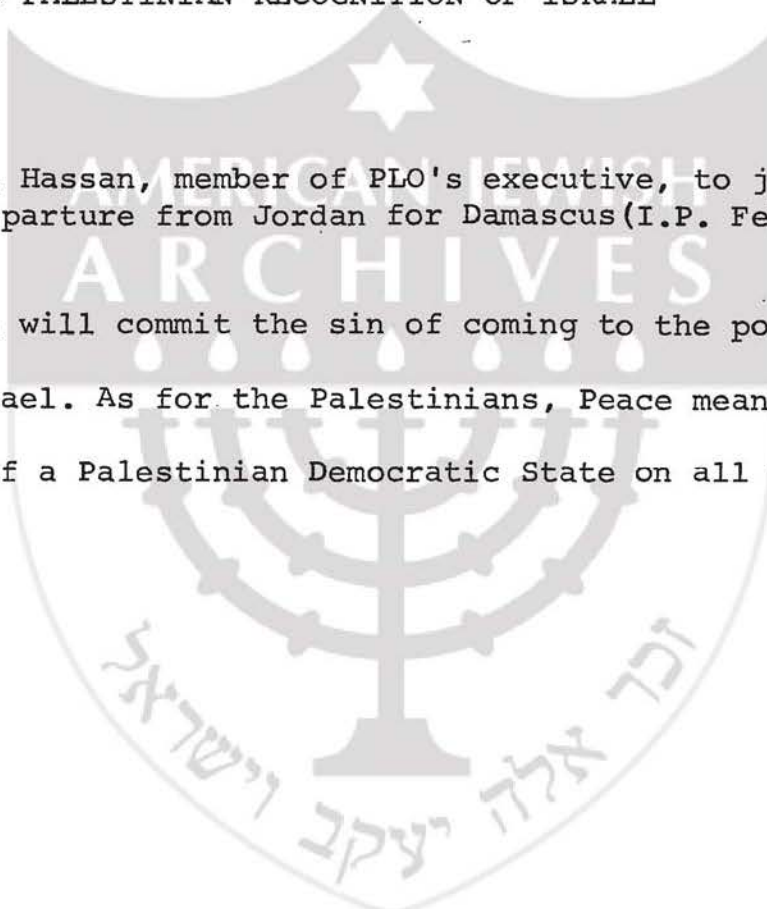
"Even if the Palestinians establish a mini-state we will struggle to to destroy Israel. If the PLO goes to Geneva- we will break the ties with them."

Speaking in Cairo, March 6, 1973 (Reuters)

NO PALESTINIAN RECOGNITION OF ISRAEL

Hani Al Hassan, member of PLO's executive, to journalists,  
upon departure from Jordan for Damascus (I.P. February 24, 1977)

"No Palestinian will commit the sin of coming to the point of recognizing Israel. As for the Palestinians, Peace means the establishment of a Palestinian Democratic State on all the Palestinian lands....."



# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

PLO Observer at the UN:

RETURN TO PALESTINIANS HAIFA, TEL AVIV AND  
JERUSALEM

QUESTION: Could you spell out exactly what are your national aspirations?

ANSWER: Our national aspirations are that we return to our homes and property - Palestine. That's number one. Number two - Once we're there, we will exercise the right to self-determination.

Q.: And when you say your homes you mean Jaffa, Haifa, etc?

A.: Of course.

Q.: Why is the destruction of Israel included still in the PLO charter?

A.: Now your first question was why we still think in our covenant that we should destroy the Zionist structure. For the simple reason that Zionism has been defined as a form of racism and this is a United Nations resolution.

Interviewed on WNYU (the radio station  
of New York University, February 24, 1977)

"P.L.O. CANNOT AGREE TO WEST BANK - GAZA STATE:  
WE MUST HAVE ALL OF PALESTINE"

"The Palestinian people looks to a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian problem on the basis of the establishment of a democratic Palestinian State that will include all of Palestine.

"From the legal point of view, the PLO leadership is not - I repeat: not - authorized to sign an agreement stating that the final solution lies in the establishment of a Palestinian State in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip."

(Khaled el-Hassan, member of the Central Committee of El-Fatah, major faction of PLO, in statement to Kuwaiti newspaper, El\_kabas, quoted by Radio Beirut, March 3, 1977.)

# LET THEM SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES...

Syrian Semi-Official Daily :

## TOTAL REJECTION OF ISRAEL'S EXISTENCE

The semi-official Syrian daily, Al-Baath, devoted a column on January 31, 1977 to a statement by Yussef Al-Khatib. The column appeared in the space devoted daily to editorials. Following are highlights :

"I reject every concept of recognition of the existence of Israel or any reconciliation of the concept of her existence as a fact... I must emphasize once and for all that the number of genuine intransigent Arabs who reject Israel's existence cannot be below 150 million Arabs... We must analyze seriously the meaning of the concept of rejection... expressing our absolute rejection of compromising even one inch of the heart of the Great Arab Homeland (Palestine)."

(January 31, 1977)

Libyan Newspaper:

EXPULSION OF ISRAELIS FROM THE AREA

"Our position regarding the interim and overall agreement in Geneva or elsewhere is stable and unchanging. The only solution to this problem and to bring peace to the area lies in the final expulsion of the Israelis from the area."

Al Fajr Al Jachid,  
Tripoli, Libya, December 12, 1976



Feb. 13, 1982

Dear Marc,

When I was in California last week I heard that the Palestinian Human Rights Organization is planning to have 100 meetings across the U.S.A. aiming to bring together journalists, professors and ministers to support their agenda. While I saw no direct proof of this report, it appeared to be credible. One person at the meeting had a relative who was invited to attend such a meeting. [The meeting I attend was part of the National Christian Leadership Conference for Israel. I share this with you, Marc, confidentially, for your own information.]

Tomorrow morning I leave for Seattle and Portland. Wishing there was better news to send along!

Ss - Ann Gellen