Preserving American Jewish History

MS-603: Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum Collection, 1945-1992.

Series F: General Chronological Files. 1960-1992

Box 96, Folder 4, General correspondence, memos & working papers, July-December 1974.

July 1, 1974

Dr. A. E. P. Wall

National Catholic News Service
1312 Massachusetts Ave., N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20005

Dear Ed:

Quick reply. I'd be glad to write review. How soon do you need it?

The later the better, since I've got two previous writing commitments.

Would like very much to see you again and soon. Will you be in New York shortly?

All the best!

Cordially,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT; MSB



A. E. P. WALL DIRECTOR and EDITOR -IN-CHIEF

June 19, 1974

Dear Marc:

I've just received a copy of a paperback that I hope I may be able to persuade you to review for NC News Service. It is HOW CATHOLICS LOOK AT JEWS, by Claire Huchet Bishop! I'll rush a copy to you if you will consider writing 500 words about it.

I hope you may get down to Washington again soon with time free for lunch or dinner.

Shalom,

A. E. P. Wall

Director and Editor-in-Chief

Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs The American Jewish Committee 165 East 56 Street New York, N.Y. 10022

Encs.

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NATIONAL CATHOLIC NEWS SERVICE

A. E. P. WALL DIRECTOR

TO:

All NC Book Reviewers

FROM:

A. E. P. Wall

Book reviews written for NC News Service should be typed and double spaced. Reviews should not exceed 500 words. The rate of payment is 3 cents a word.

Each review should begin with the title, author, publisher, number of pages, price and reviewer's byline. Example:

LET US PRAISE, by E. Judson Cornwall. Logos International (Plainfield, N.J., 1973). 150 pp., \$1.50.

Reviewed by John Jones

At the end of the review, there should be a brief identification of the reviewer, as in the following example:

(Jones is a professor of history at Woodstock College and author of several books on the Mass).

It works hard to present **News** objectively, fully, honestly. It scores high in professional journalistic excellence.

It emphasizes **Service** in rapid distribution of news, photos and features-utilizing its own teletype network in the continental U.S., mail delivery elsewhere. It also provides direct service to Catholic newspapers requesting counsel in solving business problems, to bishops seeking help in establishing new periodicals, to the U.S. Catholic Conference in obtaining reference information from the NC library.

NC News Service is the front-runner in its field. Operating without a subsidy, emphasizing professionalism, it serves some

200 periodicals. Most of them are Catholic, many are weekly newspapers.

It responds to the fact that Americans are reading more than ever. Daily newspaper circulation is on the rise in the U.S. Book publishers report the highest sales in history. The circulation of Catholic periodicals in the U.S. and Canada is, according to the current directory of the Catholic Press Association, a staggering 22,767,256.

NC News Service is the server of modern society, which wants to see everything in black and white print, which wants to read and ponder and reflect on the events of the day and on what they mean. NC serves a growing press.

NC News Service A. E. P. Wall Director and Editor-in-Chief 1312 Massachusetts Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005, U.S.A. (202) 659-6722



National Catholic News Service

For half a century, NC News Service in Washington has been the primary source of national and world news appearing in the U.S. Catholic press.

NC News Service provides domestic and foreign news daily by wire throughout the continental U.S., and by mail throughout the world.

In addition, it provides a photo service four times a week.

And it offers a feature service, including columns, and the popular Know Your Faith series of religious education articles and illustrations.

NC News Service publishes a major

NC bureau in Rome, providing what many regard as the best Vatican coverage available from any news agency. Rome staff members are alert to developing news wherever it occurs, and are ready at a moment's notice to fly to Warsaw or Belfast, Tel Aviv or Munich.

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The NC office in Washington is staffed by news professionals. Many are members of the Newspaper Guild, AFL-ClO, with which NC has a union contract.

There's an equal emphasis on each part of NC's name: National Catholic News

Service.

It is National in its essential concern with providing news of the Church to the Catholic press of the United States--and it has an equal concern to provide coverage for the Canadian Catholic press. (It is international also, not only in gathering news from all parts of the world but in serving major clients in some 40 countries and in serving Vatican Radio.)

It is **Catholic** in its ownership and in its educational programs, such as the Know Your Faith series, but it operates with a broad ecumenical outlook. Its material is available to Protestant, Jewish and other periodicals.

documentary service, called Origins, 48 times a year. And it publishes a successful institutional newsletter, Catholic Trends.

NC also is publisher of the American Catholic Who's Who. A new volume appears once every two years.

NC News Service is an editorially independent news agency sponsored by the Catholic bishops of the United States. Its principal offices are in the headquarters building of the United States Catholic Conference in Washington, D.C.

NC News is not subsidized. It pays its own way. It charges clients for its service, and pays its own salaries and its share of office space costs in Washington.

Three full-time correspondents staff the





Post and the second July 3, 1974 Dr. J. Rupert Picott Executive Director The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life & History, Inc. 1401 Fourteenth Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20005 Dear Dr. Picott: I appreciate very much your warm and thoughtful letter of June 27th. I am particularly grateful to Mr. Erwin A. Salk for bringing my name to your attention. Your invitation to attend the annual convention of your association in Philadelphia October 23-27 is very appealing. I will check my schedule carefully and will let you know shortly whether or not it will be possible for me and my colleagues to attend. Also I appreciate your invitation to join your association. do not know how qualified I am on a professional basis to become a member but in terms of my interests and commitments I am certainly sympathetic to the idea. It would help me make a decision if you could share with me a sample copy of your "Journal of Negro History" and your "Negro History Bulletin". Aside from such procedural matters, I would welcome an opportunity to meet with you at an early date to discuss the possibility of some joint study and research projects that may be of mutual interest. You may find some of the suggestions in the enchosed radio script of interest. I would certainly appreciate any comments-that you might have on these suggestions. With warmest personal good wishes, I am Sincerely yours, Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director MHT: MSB Interreligious Affairs Encl. CC: Mr. Erwin A. Salk



THE ASSOCIATION FOR THE STUDY OF AFRO-AMERICAN LIFE AND HISTORY, INC.
The Association for the Study of Negro Life and History, Inc., Division
The Associated Publishers, Inc., Division
1401 Fourteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C., 20005 202-667-2822

June 27, 1974

Mr. Rabbi Marc H. Tannenbaum
National Director
Interreligious Affairs
American Jewish Committee
165 East 56th Street
New York, New York 10022

Dear Mr. Tanenbaum:

Mr./Erwin A. Salk, President, Salk, Ward & Salk, Inc., of Chicago and I have talked. We are anxious that you be informed about The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History.

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History was founded in 1915 and has been in continuous existence since that time. The organization, the most prestigious academic association in its field in America, is composed of most of the scholars of black history, most of the directors of Afro-American Studies in colleges, universities and public schools and many other individuals interested in the black experience.

The Association is dedicated to improvement of ethnic understanding in America, promotion of appreciation of the life and history of the Afro-American, and enrichment of the promise of the future. A membership invitation is attached which lists the beginnings, programs and some of the publications of the organization.

We are especially interested in having you and members of your staff attend our forthcoming Fifty-ninth Annual Convention which will be held in the Benjamin Franklin Hotel, Philadelphia beginning on Wednesday evening, October 23 and extending through Sunday noon, October 27. Our convention at the Hotel Commodore in New York in 1973 was attended by three thousand and eleven delegates, visitors and others. We hope for an equally large number in Philadelphia.

The convention program this year includes six major General Session Speakers and one hundred and nine persons who will deliver papers on numerous subjects involving history, historical pursuits and life in America and abroad generally.

It will be a pleasure to hear from you.

Cordially,

Executive Director

upert Ricott (se)

JRP:slc

Incl: Membership Invitation

-\$20.00	\$15.00
INCLUDES:	INCLUDES:
JOURNAL OF NEGRO HISTORY ASNLH NOW (Newsletter) SPECIAL RELEASES NEGRO HISTORY BULLETIN	ASNLH NOW (Newsletter) SPECIAL RELEASES NEGRO HISTORY BULLETIN
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ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP_

C SUSTAINING MEMBERSHIP

The General Officers and Members of the Executive Council

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History* cordially invite you to become a member of the ASALH

the organization dedicated to improvement of ethnic understanding in America, appreciation of the life and history of the Afro-American, and enrichment of promise of the future.

R.S.V.P.

* Divisions:

The Association for the Study of Negro Life and History, Inc.
The Associated Publishers, Inc.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE IDEA

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History was conceived by Dr. Carter G. Woodson as an instrument to promote appreciation of the life and history of the Black American, to encourage an understanding of present status, and to enrich the promise of the future.

In 1915, there was, as now, tremendous neglect of the study of the Negro and most other racial groups. Out of this lack of understanding, misinformation about race and color flourished. The founding of The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History provided needed reconstruction of thought based on historical truth about African heritage of black people, ancient history and worthwhile contributions to the founding and the continuation of the United States of America.

BEGINNINGS

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History was:

- Organized by Carter G. Woodson in Chicago, September 9, 1915, with the participation of George Cleveland Hall, W. B. Hartgrove, J. E. Stamps, and Alexander L. Jackson.
- Incorporated under the laws of the District of Columbia, October 2, 1915, with Carter G. Woodson, J. E. Moorland, and J. A. Bigham as trustees.

The Association:

- Published the first number of THE JOURNAL OF NEGRO HISTORY, January 1, 1916, and since that date has published this historical magazine regularly each quarter.
- Originated African-American History Week on February 7, 1926, and has continued the celebration annually.
- Brought out The Negro History Bulletin, October 1, 1937 and has published the magazine monthly (October through May) since that date.

PROGRAMS

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History:

- 1. Promotes historical research and writing.
- 2. Publishes books on Afro-American life and history.
- Sponsors the study of black history through schools, colleges, churches, homes, fraternal groups, and clubs.
- Collects historical manuscripts and materials relating to black people and makes findings available throughout the world.

- Seeks harmony between peoples, and acceptance, by interpreting the history of one to the other.
- Directs the attention of scientific investigators and serious scholars to the neglected field of Black History.
- Organizes and stimulates the studies by state and local groups, which have done much to change the attitude of communities toward the Afro-American, and vice versa.
- Encourages the training at accredited universities of young men and women in acceptable methods of research in the social sciences, history and other disciplines.
- Serves as a principal proponent in the nation of the concept of "I Am Somebody. With proper training, desire to achieve, and opportunity, I Can Do" so vital for minorities for participation in the American establishment.
- Operates as the pioneer and accepted—by militants and nonmilitants alike—as the core organization of the Black Civil Rights movement.
- 11. Serves through Headquarters Office in Washington and branches in major cities as a focus for scholarship, relevance and planning for improvement in Afro-American living.
- 12. Cooperates with governmental agencies, foundations, peoples and nations in projects designed to further the study of ethnic history, with particular emphasis on the black heritage and programs for the future.
- 13. Sponsors an annual convention attended by upwards of 5,000 persons---delegates, representatives, visitors--which is a prenier national venture of discussion, decision and projection in Afro-American life and history. The annual convention is held each year in October. Announcements of dates will be made in time for you to make your plans to attend.
- 14. Merits and is respected by leaders and lay citizens alike for truthfulness in interpretation of research on race, for publications designed to close the information gap about race, and for historical relevance in the United States and abroad.

JOIN NOW

The Association for the Study of Afro-American Life and History, a major national organization in the twin fields of life and history, is composed of members of all racial groups in America. We welcome your membership, and offer full participation in meetings, conferences and conventions and in other activities.

SEND YOUR CHECK TODAY

To help promote improvement of ethnic understanding in America, appreciation of the life and history of the Afro-American, and enrichment of the promise of the future, I wish to enroll in the category checked and receive the benefits of membership:

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Victor Reuther Lerold K. Schulz November 18,1974

Dear Director:

You will note the enclosed item from the New York Times reporting the election, by an a stounding 2 - I margin, of Ed Sadlowski as director of Steelworkers District 31. As we reported in Union Democracy Review , an earlier election had been challenged by the 1. S. Lebor Department because it was arrantly contaminated by fraud. It is fairly clear by now that Sadlowski, an insurgent, had probably won that first election only to have it stolen from him.

Judith Schneider, our Legal Director, was responsible for most of the legal work, under the direction of Joe Rauh and Leon Despres, in connection with the federal suit that led to a new election. In the whole preelection period, she remained in Chicago to deal with the Labor Department in a continuing effort to make sure that the new election would actually be a fair election.

We can all be proud of the contribution of our Association in helping steel workers to get a fair and honest election and to choose the officer they really wanted.

H. W. Benson

STEEL WORKERS **ELECT REFORMER**

Abel's Candidate Loses in Union's Largest Unit

By WILLIAM E. FARRELL

CHICAGO, Nov. 17-Edward Sadlowski, a reform candidate, defeated Samuel C. Evett today by nearly 2 to 1 in a rerun election for the directorship of District 31 of the United Steelworkers of America.

trict 31 of the United Steel-workers of America.

According to unofficial results tallied by the Department of Labor after four days of tightly supervised balloting, Mr. Sadlowski had 39,637 votes to 20,158 for Mr. Evett, the incumbent.

The results, which must still be certified by the Labor Department, appear to end a 21 month struggle for control of District 31, which represents steel workers in 500 plants throughout Chicago and northern Indiana.

District 31, with 130,000 members, is the largest unit in the 1.4-million-member union.

Mr. Sadlowski, who is 36, conducted an intense campaign for the post. He contended that the District 31 leadership had become estranged from the members.

His candidacy was strongly on the labor Department invested that the District 31 leadership had become estranged from the members.

His candidacy was strongly on the labor movement here as sults showed that the rank and Mr. Sadlowski opposed each other and Mr. Evett was credited with the victory by 1,536 votes. Mr. Sadlowski immediately filed charges of fraud. The Labor Department invested that votes had been thrown out, that electioneering had year term.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1974

July 11, 1974

Dr. Kenneth L. Hansen Executive Vice President Religious Heritage of America 1000 Connecticut Ave., N.W. Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Dr. Hansen:

I want to express to you and your associates my gratitude for the privilege of having been selected to receive the special Award of Religious Heritage of America.

One of the great challenges that faces our country is how to preserve the unity of our nation while recognizing the great enrichment that is to be derived from the pluralistic religious and ethnic heritage of all of our people. Religious Heritage of America performs a very special role in holding up that dialectic between unity and diversity and you are to be congratulated for that distinctive contribution.

I am confident that as we approach the bicentennial year of the birth of our nation that your function in our society will become even more richly appreciated by people in every corner of the land.

I look forward to our further collaboration in pursuit of the common objectives which we share both in terms of strengthening the democratic fibre of America as well as the deepening of the religious commitments of our people and our society.

May God bless you and the work of your hands.

Cordially,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: DS

Bcc: Hyman Bookbinder

June 27, 1974

Dr. Kenneth L. Hansen Executive Vice President Religious Heritage of America 1000 Connecticut Ave., N. W. Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Dr. Hansen:

Thank you for the gracious award that you presented to me at the Religious Heritage of America dinner last Thursday night.

It was a genuinely lovely occasion and I feel privileged to have been invited to take part.

I hope we have an opportunity to be in touch with each other in the near future.

With warmest personal good wishes, and my prayers for God's blessings over you and your lovely wife and over the work of your hands.

Cordially,

MHT:MSB (Dictated but not read) Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

March 26, 1974

Dr. Kenneth Hansen Religious Heritage of America 1000 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Dr. Hansen: WER CAN EWSE

Thank you very much for sending me the list of Religious Heritage Award recipients. That is a very prestigious group to be associated with, and I am flattered that you include me in that company.

Once correction, please: my title and identification should be as follows:

National Director, Interreligious Affairs The American Jewish Committee New York, New York

I hope that you would make this correction in any future public announcements.

With warm good wishes, I am'

Cordially yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT:eak

February 14, 1974

Dr. Kenneth L. Hansen Executive Vice-President Religious Heritage of America 1000 Connecticut Ave., N. W. Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Dr. Hansen:

Thank you for your warm and thoughtful letter of February 11th. I feel deeply honored by your decision to confer upon me your Religious Heritage of America award.

I shall be happy to accept and look forward to being present on June 20th.

Of course I shall abide by your request that no public announcement be made by us in relation to the award.

With much appreciation and warmest personal good wishes, I am

Faithfully,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT:MSB

July 19, 1974

Mr. Jerome M. Vogel
Executive Director
Operation Crossreads Africa, Inc.
150 Fifth Avenue
New York, N. Y. 10011

Dear Mr. Vogel:

Thank you for your letter of July 5th and the enclosed brochure on your East African tours.

I am very much interested in arranging to go to Africa in the near future but I am afraid that my present commitments will prevent my doing so this year.

When I am ready, I will certainly be in touch with you and Rabbi Mowshowitz.

With warmest good wishes, Idam,

Cordially yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: MSB

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Jerome M. Vogel

July 5, 1974

Rabbi Mark Tanenbaum
The American Jewish Committee
165 East 56th Street
New York, New York 10021

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum:

Rabbi Israel Mowshowitz, a long-time associate of Operation Crossroads Africa, has suggested that you might be interested in joining our adult tour to East Africa this summer.

I am pleased, therefore, to enclose a brochure describing the tour. We should be glad to supply any additional information which you might want.

Sincerely,

Jerome M. Vogel Executive Director

JMV/1b

Mr. and Mrs. Johnny Cash Box 508 Hendersonville, Tenn. 37075

Dear June and Johnny:

It was a genuine treat to have an opportunity to meet both of you in person. That Religious Heritage dinner was a very rich experience and the best part of it was coming to know both of you, even for a few minutes.

I simply want to thank you for your thoughtfulness in sending us those lovely records. It will give my family and myself many hours of much pleasure and I wanted you to know of my deep appreciation.

I hope we have an opportunity to be together in the near future.

With warmest personal good wishes and my grapers for God's blessing over you, I am,

Cordially yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tamenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: as

Encs.

Shatal Justi:

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July 29, 1974

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum 165 East 56 th Street New York, N. Y.

Dear Marc:

.

I'm writing to you as a concerned board member to ask your urgent attention to WDL's present financial crisis. We need the most generous contribution that you can give, immediately.

On a shoestring budget, our staff has done an outstanding job of carrying out the principles of WDL.

WDL's Employee Protection Program and our Military Justice Program offer urgently needed services provided by no other organization in New York City to those minority and underprivileged people who have nowhere else to turn. Because of the overwhelming need for these types of representation each program is expanding to train lay advocates in order to reach more people.

Long-range plans for fund raising have been drawn up, with the possibility of modest foundation support later in the year. Meanwhile we have no money to pay the staff's unusually low salaries and to meet pressing bills. Board Members to come to the rescue now.

Our Employee Protection Program provides representation. information and counseling to unemployed persons who desperately need their benefits and related services. Through our many years of commitment to the labor movement, we are able to assist in other labor-related matters.

Our Military Justice Program is the only program providing representation on a massive scale to both active duty G.I.'s and veterans with other-than-honorable discharges A veteran with an other-than-honorable discharge is unable to collect educational benefits from the Veterans Administration and finds himself arbitrarily excluded from the job market.

James E. Youngdahl

Our small staff is highly competent, dedicated, enthusiastic, and underpaid.

Rowland Watts and I both urge you to send as large a contribution as possible today, in the enclosed envelope. The financial crisis is real.

With appreciation, I am

Cordially yours,

Harry Fleischman

P.S. If each Board Member could give at least \$100.00, the immediate problems would be solved and a promising future guaranteed.

csae/1707



8020 Charlotte St. Kansas City, Mo. 64131 July 30, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 E. 56th Street New York, New York 10022

Dear Rabbi Tannenbaum:

First may I thank you for the time you gave me a couple of weeks ago when I was in your office. It was indeed a pleasure to meet with you. I hope you had a pleasant vacation.

I was unsuccessful in reaching all of the people you suggested I contacted, however, I did speak to a couple of them. I did speak with Mr. Howard Katz, at the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, since Rabbi Trainen is out of the city until August 4th. Mr. Katz informed me of some of the problems the Federation is experiencing and I certainly hope things will improve soon.

Thank you for your willingness to circulate my resume. I would be very grateful if you would let me know if any prospective positions might arise and I would certainly be willing to return to New York to interview for them. I can be located at the above address.

With every good wish and sincere appreciation for your efforts, I remain

Yours truly.

July 30, 1974.

Dr. Georges Deroy Editorial Secretary World Christian Handbook Vlamingenstraat, 116 3000 Louvain, BELGIUM

Bear Dr. Deroy:

Enclosed please find my article on <u>Judaism</u> in the <u>United</u>
States for publication in the 1970-80 edition of the World Christian Handbobk.

The article runs a little longer than the word count you suggested. I leave it to your judgment to edit it in terms of your needs.

If you have any questions about any aspect of the article, please feel free to write to me.

I would appreciate if the stipend could be at least \$100 in order to help cover expenses involved in researching and preparing it. Also, I would like to have two copies of the Handbook when it is published, if that is at all possible.

Sincerely,

Rabbi Marc H. Tammbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT:as Enc. Mrs. Lynne H. Keating 411 Sunnyside Drive Nashville, Tenn. 37205

Dear Mrs. Keating:

Rabbi Tanenbaum has asked me to acknowledge receipt of your kind letter of July 18th.

Rabbi Tanenbaum is presently away from the office on vacation and will not reply until after Labor Day.

Cordially,

Adeline Singerman Secretary

AS:ss

DID NOT send Bid

July 18,1974 Dear Rabbi Tamenbaum, I know your lectures have as well as Jaws. You spoke socioquently thoughts that needed to be said. What Dappreciated most was your ability to relate your Dewichners and to cito the Dewish point of view" as well as the Christian (Roman Carhalia, Protestant) weekout being theatening I am a Reform Jew who married a practiony batholi (and candidate, for Catholic griethood no 2 no such elle (case y suit of who is Jamish. Though your words and Thoughts were elevated to mor groups of people and to raise a conciousness toward worlds understanding and human suffering, your words had deep meaning me personally. They clambied so ma muddled thoughts. Thank you STA CHAUTAUQUA CENTENNIA

AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES



POSTAGE DUE, 2 CENTS

Rabbi Marc Tanen baum

The Generican Jewish Committee

New York

New York





8/6 Copy בייל או אי די די ארבנים באמריקה בית המדרש לרבנים באמריקה

The Jewish Theological Seminary of America The Schocken Institute

6, Balfour Street, Jerusalem טלי 1288 Tel. 31288

Office of the Vice-Chancellor

לשכת סגן הנגיד

מכון שוקן

July 31st., 1974

Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum Inter-Religious Affairs Dept. The American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th St., New York, N.Y. 10022 U.S.A.

AMERICAN JEWISH

Dear Marc,

I was glad to note in a recent R.A. "News", that you were the recipient of a Special Award from Religious Heritage of America, Inc.

You surely deserve it, you are unquestionably one of the most significant voices in the religious life of America and whenever I have the occasion to hear you I am grateful that you are a spokesman for Judaism.

Sincerely,

Simon Greenberg

[start]

Original documents

faded and/or illegible

S/7 Capy purp MHT

July 31, 1974

MEMORANDUM '

To: Bert Gold

From: Zachariah Shuster

Subj: Louvain Projects

We have an urgent request from Canon Houtard for another installment of our share of the two Louvain studies which have been carried on by the Center of Socio-religious Research at Louvain University under his direction.

As you recall, we agreed in July, 1972, to co-sponsor two research studies, one on religious liturgy and the other on attitudes towards Jews on the part of the working population in Belgium. The first study has been completed, and a draft has been made available to us. After Canon Houtard's return to Louvain in the month of October, we intend to get together with him to discuss this text for preparation in final form.

The aim of the second study is to analyze the correlation beless the activudes towards Jews from a religious angle and
the professional and social position of the workers. This
study is based on the hypothesis that from a political and
ideological point of view the working class is differentiated
according to the position that each working group occupies
in the totality of the production process.

I have no doubt that both of these studies are pioneering efforts in areas where no such research has been done in the fast.

With regard to the budget of both of these two studies, the accentance foresees a total expenditure of \$19,175, of which the limitance forester and committee contributes the sum of \$11,200, and the Center of Socio-religious Research, the sum of \$7,975. In August, 1973, you transmitted directly from New York the first installment of \$5,000. We have now the urgent request for the second payment of \$3,500 to enable the continuation of the final stages of both studies and to bring about their completion by the end of the year.

I suggest that you transmit this amount at your earliest convenience.

ZS/JD

cc: Tavanbam, FINE

[end]

Original documents faded and/or illegible



Mitt plo, see P.S. - and advise - shall I send copies to BS-SH-PH??

Mitt

MORTON K. BLAUSTEIN

BLAUSTEIN BUILDING BALTIMORE, MD. 21203

August 9, 1974

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum, Director Department of Interreligious Affairs The American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, New York 10022

Dear Marc:

AMERICAN IEWISH

As my secretary advised you, she forwarded your letter to me in Maine.

I am presently back in Baltimore for just 24 hours to visit my mother - - and I thought I would take this occasion to respond to your letter.

First let me say that it was good of you to have written me as you did and to tell me the full (no expletives deleted) and complete story. I entirely understand what happened, and how it happened, and I feel confident that as our study proceeds we will gradually be able to clear up the rumors and establish the facts firmly in the minds of our own AJC members and, just as importantly, in the minds of the American Jewish Community at large.

I do want to comment on one specific sentence in your letter. Bert Gold and I saw a good deal of Will Maslow at the meetings of the Claims Conference and the Memorial Foundation in Geneva shortly after the World Jewish Congress meetings there. In fact, we even had lunch with Will one day - - and the matter of the pending discussions between the two organizations wasn't even mentioned. Based on what I know of Bert's discussions with Will and with Naomi Levine, it is simply inconceivable to me that he could have made any such statement as "the merger is all but accomplished". I just feel certain in my own mind that that statement is the result of several embellishments as whatever Will did say got passed on from one person to another.

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum August 9, 1974 Page Two

The fact is, Marc, as you know, that not only is there no such thing as a nearly accomplished merger, but we in AJC are only in the early phases of our fact gathering and study process. At this time, there is absolutely no way of knowing what may emerge from the study - - and all that I know at this time is that we have a lot to do to "learn" our subject, before we can begin to even talk with the Congress people.

I know that I will have further opportunities to discuss this matter with you - - and I will look forward to them.

MERICAN IEWISH

Sincerely,

Sincerery,

Morton K. Blanten frenck

Morton K. Blaustein

MKB: 1k

This letter was typed after Dr. Blaustein had returned to Maine, and therefore is not signed by him personally.

P.S. Marc, I cannot tell from your letter whether you had any feeling that it should or should not be seen by Bert Gold, Selma Hirsh, etc.

My own feeling is that your letter and my response should be seen by Bert, by Selma, and by Phil Hoffman, and with that in mind, I am herewith enclosing three copies of your letter and mine, one for each of those people. Naturally, this P.S. note does not appear on the other copies.

Please let me know whether you do or don't decide to distribute the enclosed copy to Bart, Selma and Phil - - and, if I may make one other request, could you send me photocopies of the several articles you refer to in your letter - The Boris Smolar column, the JTA News Report, and the pertinent page from "The Jewish Week".

Thanks.

August 16, 1974

Dr. Simon Greenberg
The Jewish Theological Seminary
of America
6, Balfour Street
Jerusalem, Israel

Dear Dr. Greenberg:

Thank you for your gracious note to Rabbi Tanenbaum which arrived while he is away on vacation. Your note will be brought to his attention when he returns to the office after Labor Day.

Sincerely,

Miriam S. Binder Secretary to Rabbi Tanenbaum

MSB:mm



HE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

PAHIS OFFICE, St., Ruo La Boetie, Poris By France . Elysees 69-11, 83-63 . Cable: Wishcom, Paris

Abraham Karlikow, European Director

August 29, 1974

To: Morris Fine From: A. Karlikow

Subject: Report on The Jews in Poland

Dear Morris:

Enclosed please find my report on the situation in Poland, following my trip there last month. This was written before the announcement, today, of the forthcoming trip of Polish premier Edward Gierek to the United States in October; but I think you will find it pertinent to this.

Bookie's good friend, now Ambassador to Poland, Richard T. Davies was most warm and cooperative when I was in Warsaw, giving me an hour of his time and that of the Political Affaors Counselor, Mr. John Scanlon, and Bookie may want to drop him a word. (I've already written thanking them both.) You will find certain of his views and comments reported herein, and naturally they should be treated as confidential as, too, obviously, other material like the possibility that Joint may be going in to may visit Hungary or, so as not to embarrass him, the urgings of Folksstimme editor Tenenblatt.

I would suggest that AJC try to see Gierek when he comes to the United States, and there are some concrete suggestions in the report as to matters that usefully could be taken up with him. I also should suggest that our people in the cities where there are name major Polish-origin populations should speak to the leaders of these groups so that our sentiments and requests could come to the Polish authorities through other, non-Jewish channels as weel. (Poland has actively been cultivating Polish-American groups in the past two years.)

I presume that if AJC does meet with Gierek it will be conferring beforehand with the Israelis on their objectives. I have dealt only in the most summary fashion with Poland and Israel because the public record on this score, and on Polish anti-Zionism along Russian lines, is too well known to need repeating. It should perhaps be mentioned, though, that the level of Polish anti-Israel outcry this last war was far below that of 1967; and there is some feeling that presently Poland is only about as anti-Zionist as it politically has to be.

With all best regards,

ELMER L. WINTER, President

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BERTRAM H. GOLD, Executive Vice-President

report

from: european office american jewish committee

a. karlikow, director

AMERICAN JEWISH

Two harsh demographic facts sum up Jewish life in Poland today and portend the demise of this community in little over a decade: population and age structure.

How many Jews in the country? No one can say for sure. To pose the question of a Jew in Warsaw, Cracow or Lodz is almost inevitably to bring a half-humorous, half-sorrowful query in return, "Do we count half-Jews and those who have married out?" followed by estimates that range from five to no more than 15,000 even then.

(Plus guesses on all sides that there exist several new-style "Marranos," persons of Jewish origin who assiduously hide the fact and long since have melted into the Polish mass.)

What is the structure of this Jewish population? You see no Jewish infants in Poland. There is no mohl in the country and he would have no business anyway. To meet a Jewish youngster is a rare event. The last par-mitzvah, it is vaguely remembered, took place some seven or eight years ago. Where should children come from? Virtually all active Jewish adults have by now quit Poland. The president of the Union of Religious Communities estimates that the average age of those with whom this body is in contact is in the neighborhood of sixty.

Those who remain comprise an impoverished population by and large, though there are a handful of well-to-do entrepreneurs in the private sector and some scores who get by in the liberal professions. Most must eke out an existence on sorely inadequate government old age pensions. "Remember the Sholem

Aleichem sketch about the two Jews who decided they would have enough groschen to live on it only the week ended on Thursday. That's how it is with me. My pension would be enough if only the month had two weeks."

For the bulk of Jaws in Poland, therefore, assistance coming from outside the country is critical, vital.

To visit Poland is sad indeed for any Jew.

How visualize that before the Nazi holocaust this was the second largest Jewish community in the world with well over three million Jews and a history in Poland dating back a thousand years; a land where the existence of Yiddish as a spoken tongue virtually was contemporary with Polish itself; where, in the 1930s, one could find some 2,000 rabbis, 10,000 yeshivah students, innumerable synagogues and prayer houses; where one of every three persons met on a major city street was likely to be a Jew and Jews made up the majority of small shopkeepers, craftsmen and the Polish middle class?

So little evidence of anything Jewish remains, and so much of this remainder is shabby and even derelict.

Small and shrinking as it is -- ever and above mortality, about 300 Jews emigrated last year -- yet Jewish life in Poland is divided, and turns on two focal points. One can walk in three minutes across an open Warsaw lot from the head-quarters of the Cultural and Social Association of the Jews in Poland, the organization for Jewish activity sponsored by the Communist regime, to that of the Union of Religious Communities -- but this is a walk that the respective leaders of these two bodies never take.

Much and passionate post-war Jewish history in Poland lies behind this division, profound differences among Jews in attitudes and ideologies, in concepts as to what Jewish life ought and could consist of (and, for some, how be controlled) if its existence were to be assured in this Communist land.

There is little point now, though, in tracing how an impressive network of Jewish religious, cultural, educational and economic institutions was re-created for the nearly quarter million Jews to be found in post-war Poland by 1946 (a truly remarkable achievement) only to be taken over, first, by Communist elements in the community and then "unified" -- that is, eliminated -- in 1950 by the Polish government. After this, only the Cultural and Social Association was to remain for circumscribed cultural

and propaganda purposes, as the Communist arm; while the much buffeted Union managed to survive almost by bureaucratic accident.

Nor is there much sense in now reviewing the Polish popular post-war anti-Semitism and the strong desire among Jews to go to Israel and other lands; or the internal Polish government anti-Jewish infighting and open anti-Jewish policies that led to four great Jewish waves of emigration over the years.

Suffice it to say that almost any conversation with a Jew still in Poland quickly reverts "to what happened in 1968." Polish government treatment of its Jews at that time -- in the aftermath of the Israel-Arab 1967 war, Poland's breaking relations with Israel and a vicious anti-Zionist, anti-Semitic campaign -- was such as to make mock of any concept that a fully Communist orientation and devotion would protect the individual Jew or a Jewish institution.

In those 67-68 years even the most stalwart Communists were cast out of any post of influence and often into exile if of Jewish origin; Jews at every level were dismissed from jobs. The Cultural and Social Association was not spared, being forced to relinquish various of its assets and seeing its activities even further curtailed.

Given the little that is left, differences of concept on how to promote Jewish life in Poland presently are meaningless. The organizational division of the community would be pathetically ridiculous (and is ignored by many Jews, especially in the smaller communities) were it not, in fact, quite significant functionally.

--- Such financial resources as come for anything Jewish from the Polish government come essentially through the Cultural and Social Association and the Jewish Theater associated with it.

--- Such resources as come from the outside on behalf of Jews in Poland comes through the Union, or directly to individual Jews on its recommendation.

The Cultural and Social Association dearly would love to see a merger with the Union and its representatives talk to the visitor from the outside of the benefits of unity, of one-ness. The motive is all too patent.

* * *

The handsome little Jewish theater in Warsaw was packed, all four hundred seats occupied. On the stage, a pleasantly

nostalgic, colorful musical comedy, This Was Life in My Shtetl, the light plot of boy and girl overcoming parents' objections and getting married serving as the vehicle for familiar Yiddish folk tunes and character roles, to the delight of an appreciative audience.

What a curious sensation, though, to be one of only about half a dozen persons in the theater understanding Yiddish. All the rest were non-Jewish Polish schoolchildren listening through earphones to translation, watching some strange, exotic world unroll before them.

The Yiddish theater troupe, directed by energetic, obviously thoroughly professional Szymon Szurmiey since its quondam star, Ida Kaminska, emigrated, certainly is the liveliest manifestation of Jewish activity in Poland today. The troupe bounces constantly around the country, giving performances in the 17 center clubs attached to the Cultural and Social Association.

The clubs, the theater and publication in Yiddish and Polish of a fortnightly newspaper, Folksstimme, constitute the Cultural and Social Association's contribution to Jewish life in Poland. In each of the clubs one finds a small library and, periodically, every month or so, some cultural soirée: usually a literary reading session gathering a score or two people in the "larger" communities like Lodz or Wroclaw (Breslau); or a talk based on some Polish Socialist occasion such as the recent 30th celebration of the founding of the state; or an event like the ghetto uprising of April 19.

Folksstimme's major articles naturally set forth the political direction to be expected in a Communist press organ and a vaunting of the regime. But, at the same time, one finds some small scattering of local and general non-controversial Jewish news, and quite competent cultural and literary essays (though digging up the latter in Yiddish becomes progressively more and more difficult, according to the paper's editor, Samuel Tenenblatt). The reader in or outside the country accustomed to Communist Aesopian language, moreover, can get a whiff of problems or issues facing Jews.

To visit one of the Jewish clubs is, for the unwitting arrival, to receive a new shock -- most of the people taking advantage of the recreational facilities are not Jewish at all. "This is a democratic country, we're not allowed to discriminate," is the obviously embarrassed explanation offered. In visits in two different cities, however, one found a few Jews sitting in the back room near the kitchen, while many more non-Jews were playing cards or watching television in the main rooms.

Similarly, the Association-owned Srowdboru rest home some 15 miles in the countryside "up the line" from Warsaw (a villa of small hotel proportions able to sleep over 50, owned by a rich Jewish merchant who managed to recuperate his property immediately after the war and turned it over for Jewish communal use) serves as a rest home for somewhat better off Jews only during the summer months, being used for general Polish conference purposes most of the year.

So, too, with the ghost of the once mighty Jewish cooperative movement in Poland. Three cooperatives nominally are bound up with the Association. Two of them are located in the quite handsome, modern three-story building that houses the theater and serves as headquarters for the Association. But only about 15-20% of the workers in these plastic and toy product cooperatives are Jewish.

Jews, then, largely have been edged out even from those non-religious institutions the Communist regime still permits them. It would be a serious error, however, because of this, not to recognize that such possibility and pleasure that Jews in Poland still have of hearing a Jewish word, of finding a place open daily to meet another Jew or two and where they can read a Jewish book or paper, comes via the Association, virtually the only "producer" in Poland of anything Jewish.

There are indications that some new Yiddish-language publications will again be permitted after a hiatus of several years. For, according to editor Tenenblatt, a new Yiddish song book is to appear shortly and, in the not too distant future, a Yiddish-Polish word-book. And the one Jewish class in all Poland is part of the Jewish theater's two-year acting studio course. Here 16 young people, in addition to the rudiments of their art, learn or perfect Yiddish so as to perform in a language that soon no one in Poland will understand -- and as part of this receive a few hours instruction in the history and contribution of Jews to Poland.

* * *

There is no rabbi in Poland.

Walk around the one synagogue left standing in all Warsaw and you can count over 30 holes in the windows, one or two stones thrown by anti-Semitic hooligans still lodged up against wooden boards put up back of some of the panes. After 1968, windows on one whole side had to be walled up, presumably for technical construction reasons, actually because it simply was the more exposed side. Structurally sound, it is spiritually depressing, with its paint peeling inside and out, its tattered prayer books

literally falling apart, and the score or so of elderly and oft acrimoniously squabbling men who (together with one American and one Warsaw-born Australian) made up the Saturday morning congregation. Friday nights the synagogue doesn't open, there is no minyan.

Yet the Warsaw synagogue is in excellent shape compared to that of Wroclaw, where the police simply turned a blind eye in 1968 when serious damage was done.

The Union of Religious Communities gets no aid from the state and certainly cannot call on its members for resources for making any repairs. In a major effort just lately it found 27,000 zlotys to brick up five large gaps broken in the wall of Warsaw's famed Gesia Street cemetery for pleasure by vandals or by thieves who raid valuable stone and marble headstones.

Not so much religion as welfare is the main business of the Union. In Warsaw, a typical Friday noon, some 30 aged and tired men and women drag themselves up three flights of the shappy Union headquarters building alongside the synagogue to get their one substantial hot meal of the day: a watery chicken soup liberally ladled, with noodles, boiled meat and potatoes and prune compote. No trays, just plates handed out at the kitchen window. Tin forks and spoons but no knives which, it appears, had vanished within a few weeks after being purchased for a Passover seder and not been replaced.

Last year, nearly 70,000 such meals were served in some dozen canteens throughout the country, funds coming from a Swiss-based welfare agency but which -- it is an open secret in Poland -- originate with the Joint Distribution Committee. The Polish government allows 80% of the funds sent in for this purpose to be exchanged, at the rate of 60 zloty to the dollar with 20% at only 24 to the dollar. The Polish government recently has been intimating it wishes to reduce the 80% proportion of welfare funds sent to the Union at the 60 zloty preferential rate, for its canteens.

Sixty zloty is also the rate at which, in effect, the Polish government exchanges dollars sent in to individuals through what is called the PKO system. Thanks to this, the recipient also can buy articles like Scotch or perfumes or food delicacies not otherwise available on the Polish market. This way the Polish government gets the dollars it seeks and the recipient can gain a few additional zloty by re-selling the special much-sought items in a practice tolerated by the Polish authorities.

Sending dollar allocations several times a year to individuals is the other major form of welfare aid from the outside. It has been estimated that four out of every five Jews in the land get one form of help or the other or both.

In contrast with the intimation of Polish hardening on incoming welfare funds there have been other signs indicating possible greater flexibility by the government regarding some things Jewish.

There is the problem of the Gesia Street cemetery. This is a vast 58 acre plot in the center of Warsaw, only two small corners of which are tended. One such section holds the graves of Jews who died fighting as soldiers in the Polish army and boasts a small memorial to them, desecrated a few weeks ago. The other, graves of Jews recently deceased.

As for the rest, nature and time have taken a toll even where vandals have not been at work in still continuing anti-Semitic desecration. Weeds higher than a man's head cover great tracts. The Germans (who destroyed all records) dug a huge now overrun pit as a mass grave. Tilted, tumbled stones, all awry, everywhere meet the eye.

The Polish authorities plan to cut major road through one edge of the cemetery, with the graves to be evacuated for this purpose already marked. According to one version, this was decided in conjunction with the former head of the Union of Religious Communities, Jozef Frenkel, who now lives in Israel, the Polish authorities agreeing to pay for reburials and clean up the rest of the cemetery in return. According to a Union functionary in Warsaw, no one else ever saw hide or hair of such an agreement. In any event, knowledge of the road plan stirred up considerable outside protest.

Prominent in this has been Dr. Isaac Lewin of Agudas Israel. Over a year ago he managed to arrange to have himself invited by the Polish government, and was able then to voice objections. This year he was invited at the initiative of the Polish authorities and -- as was greatly marked and remarked upon by Jews in Poland -- given a place at the official ceremonies of Communist Poland's thirtieth anniversary.

Dr. Lewin, in conversations with representatives of both the Polish Foreign Office and of the Office for Matters of Religious Denominations, was given to understand that action on cutting a street through the Gesia street cemetery would be postponed until 1980. He, however, has been pressing for a much wider objective, arguing with the Polish authorities that it is their responsibility and duty to tend for the several hundred Jewish cemeteries in the country.

It is his belief that Jewish groups outside Poland should press vigorously for this goal and that it is one possible of attainment; that Jewish institutions on the outside should bring in funds to pay some small part, but that the rest of the cost ought to be borne by the Polish government; and is encouraged that this view was listened to in Poland.

New York Rabbi Arthur Schneier (likewese received by Polish government representatives in Warsaw a couple of months ago) also came away with the impression -- so far as Gesia is concerned, at any rate -- that if an outside organization could come in with some money, the government would hire people to clean up the grounds on a fairly regular basis.

As with Warsaw, so, too, there are plans to utilize part of Jewish cemetery grounds in Lodz for a road. These also are being held in abeyance, the Union having expressed formal objection.

Another area of government shift has been in connection with the Warsaw synagogue. Repairs finally were promised by the municipality a year ago, in April, 1973. It was only early this July, however, that an examining team showed up. The city -- should the decree it has adopted be implemented -- will clean up the building on the outside. Repairs on the inside, however, will devolve on the Union. A new housing development is to be thrown up on the lots around the synagogue. In the course of this, the scabby headquarters building of the Union is to be demolished. What kind of quarters it subsequently will be allocated is a moot point, but Union president Mozes Finkelstein affects confidence on this score. He has none, though, that anything will be done about the synagogue in his native Wroclaw for "this would cost millions of zlotys."

Warsaw and Wroclaw apart, only Lodz still has a synagogue standing (saved because the Nazis used it as a storehouse) and Krakow, untouched by the war. Here, in the span of a few streets, one can see three synagogues, two of them famous. One, Rema, squatly solid, looking like some truncated fortress tower, going back hundreds of years, yet still in use. The other is a proud renaissance brick building now used as a Polish state museum, incorporating a prayer room that is a sheer delight, with graceful Florentine-style open wrought iron work rising high above the binah, floral decorations on the walls carefully being restored, and Jewish ceremonial items in elegant display, the whole creating a sense of beauty and uplift.

For the rest, steiblich, not synagogues, is where Jews pray in Poland. A special arrangement whereby two young American rabbis came in for a short while last year was much appreciated by religious Jews in Poland, though difficult and expensive to set up because of requirements of orthodoxy on the visitors' part.

* * *

Why some small softening by the Polish authorities on Jewish religious matters, these few small concessions and some apparently greater openness to discussion?

While one can only guess at Polish motivation the answer probably is rooted in economics. The regime of Wladislaw Gomulka fell and that of Edward Gierek came into power in December, 1970, as a result of workers strikes of great magnitude, and even violence, calling for a more decent standard of daily living. Today's Pole is far less interested in ideology by all reports than in a better consumer society. Gierek has sought to meet this demand, and things definitely have improved in the past few years (the swirl skirts that were last year's Paris fashion could be seen in provincial Polish villages this summer) but at the cost of great deficit financing. To continue along these lines, however, Poland badly needs to overcome its negative trade balance and needs new credits. Hence, long-time efforts for a major West German loan and trips of leading Polish emissaries to many Western lands including, last May, that to the United States by the highest Polish official to visit the U.S. in a decade, Deputy Premier Mitrega.

In view of such needs the Poles may well have concluded that it would be stupid to tarnish their outside image for what, after all, is now quite a minor matter in the Polish scheme of things. The Poles doubtless are well aware of Jewish protests in the United States on Soviet treatment of its Jews and the impact this had on Soviet efforts to improve trade with the U.S., and surely want none of this. Moreover, as Poland seeks to come to terms with the Catholic Church (a new round of Polish-Vatican talks just a couple of months ago provided for "permanent work contacts" to improve Church-State relations) there is a context for easing rapport with other religions, too, despite official Communist opposition to religion.

Gierek's tactic always has been to pretend that there was and is no Jewish problem in Poland. Queried at length about this by the French newspaper Le Monde during a visit to France in October, 1972, he took the position that "there never has been racial discrimination in Poland" and that with liberation "all differences due to race or nationality disappeared." (Traditionally, Jews were considered as something of a "nationality" in

Poland, a tradition reflected in the fact that the Cultural and Social Association today comes under the aegis of the Polish ministry dealing with minority affairs.) He then went on, in <u>Le Monde</u> interview:

"You will then ask me: 'But what happened in 1967-68?' Well, what we least expected happened. The decisions that our government took after the Israeli aggression against the Arab countries were criticized by a large part of the population of Jewish origin. This attitude was disapproved of by the population, including a number of Poles of Jewish orgin; one can then say that in 1967-68 there was a question of political divergence with regard to the attitude toward Israeli aggression."

"If we look at matters now, in 1972, we realize that all this animosity has calmed down. A part of those who committed themselves most aggressively politically left Poland of their own accord. Others thought things over. At present there is nothing disquieting to note. The problem you have evoked does not pose itself."

This, of course, is to re-write history quite blandly. One need but inquire, for example, of the Jewish army major with a meritorious service record dating back to liberation days forced out of the service and presently earning some zloty as an occasional short-order cook. Or of long-time Communist functionaries of Jewish origin virtually expelled and now refugees in Denmark or Sweden. Or read the anti-Jewish diatribes of the time of Polish Party ideologist Kazimierz Sidor, later appointed as Polish ambassador to Italy.

Be this as it may, after coming to power Gierek afforded Jews in Poland relief simply by ignoring them. Thus, there were no more excesses even if virtually no reparation was made, or even acknowledgement of wrongs done then. None of the Jews chucked out of office got their jobs back. Only, in some instances, pensions were restored to Jews who had been deprived of them.

For religious or other issues affecting Jews in Poland currently to become a matter for international attention would damage the Gierek approach to the Jewish problem. A recent New York Times story by Henry Kamm describing the dilapidated condition of the Wroclaw synagogue and the anti-Semitic inscriptions on it did -- one learns in Poland -- have definite impact on the authorities, causing not just irritation and discomfort but a greater wariness there too.

* * *

It is rather ironic that the slight improvements noted in the religious field should be taking place shortly after the Office for Matters of Religious Denominations was put under the direction of Kazimierz Kakol. Kakol always has been known as a hard-line Communist; he was a follower of General Mieczyslaw Moczar who was a leading protagonist of the anti-Semitic, anti-Zionist line, even setting up a special section for anti-Jewish propaganda; and publications unker Kakol's direction made a point of reproducing the worst Soviet attacks on Israel and Zionism. Speculation that his appointment this past spring foreshadowed a hardening Polish anti-religious line has given way to the belief that Kakol was, rather, kicked upstairs.

In any event, the climate has altered enough that both a qualified outside observer, United States Ambassador to Poland, Richard Davies, and one sensitive to change from inside, Folks-stimme editor Tenenblath, each volunteered that the time was appropriate for further approaches by outside Jewish organizations. The Polish ambassador to the United States, Mr. Davies suggested, certainly would be cooperative; and central Polish officialdom might wish to "talk to a reasonable Jewish organization like the American Jewish Committee."

Tenenblath urged that contacts again be attempted, that invitations come from the outside, and that appropriate material be sent in. He was careful to state that he did not think "that the Joint would be welcomed" at this stage but felt that, perhaps, an approach by the Memorial Foundation might be successful. The editor admitted that he was not certain that the heads of the Cultural and Social Association, Edouard Reiber and Ruta Gutkovska shared his views; yet certainly he would not have expressed them without some reason to believe they were founded. Reiber, it should be noted, had a paralytic attack this past July, and it is not certain when he will be able to resume effective leadership of the Association, a cause of obvious concern to certain of his associates.

Tenenblatt's views with regard to the JDC would seem to be borne out by the rebuffal and, indeed, hostility of Polish officialdom when Rabbi Lewin sought to discuss the Joint with them during his recent meetings.

The JDC, of course, played the primordial role in the remarkable post-war reconstruction of Jewish life in Poland, setting up a cooperative system that not only provided employment to Jews but was also one of the principal pillars of the Polish

economy at the time and a major source of Polish foreign exchange. Ousted in 1949 along with ORT as part of the Stalinist anti-Jewish drive throughout the Communist world and accused of being an imperialist spy organization, Joint was able to return and again establish a widespread cooperative and assistance program after Gomulka's coming in 1956, only to be driven out once more because of Communist political considerations following the Arab-Israel conflict of 1967.

Neither the JDC nor the Polish government have, now, the kind of reasons to seek relations that prompted them in the past. JDC aid in Poland now would be a mere pittance compared to the requirements of the Polish state for all that it is strapped economically. And Joint, twice burned, and with the Jewish population in Poland so reduced, can give and prefers a system of direct assistance to individuals.

Given the nature of the Jewish population in Poland, old-age homes and programs for the aged doubtless will become increasingly useful. But one may wager with fair certainty that even should JDC still again be permitted to operate in the country, there will be no more Joint building of old-age homes like that of Lodz (now used as a lamp factory) or that on the edge of the loveliest quarter of Warsaw, presently a general Polish institution though about two-score of its 150 elderly are Jews.

* * *

What might be subjects for treatment, in the event of a broadening Polish-Jewish discussion and AJC involvement therein?

*** Backing up of approaches already made with regard to the cemeteries and improvement of the Warsaw synagogue, plus a demand for at least some repair to the Wroclaw synagogue and increased government protection against anti-Semitic hooliganism.

*** A request for fuller restitution of pensions due Jews in the country who suffered loss in 1967-68, and for payment of pensions and return of social security contributions due to Jews who had to quit Poland.

This is a matter that the Association of Polish Jews in Sweden and Denmark, and Jews from Poland in Israel and other lands have taken up in the past, but without any results.

The answer of the Polish government has been that these Jews renounced their Polish citizenship before leaving the country, conveniently overlooking the fact that this was obligatory for emigration and even forced upon some made to leave. Nor do

those Jews who managed to leave Poland on a national passport without renunciation fare any better when it comes to getting such restitution.

*** Maintenance of a favorable rate of exchange for all funds coming in for welfare purposes; and, also, of a similar favorable rate for that coming in for religious purposes.

The latter point might be of particular consequence should any Jewish organizations decide to go along with the concept of sending in some seed money for beginning cemetery or other restoration since the Union of Religious Congregations officially was informed early in 1972 that funds sent in for cemeteries and synagogue renovation would be 22.02 zlotys for the dollar.

You doubtless would want to discuss this and other aspects of the situation not only with Sam Haber of the Joint but, also, with Dr. Akiva Kohane of the JDC -- presently in the U.S. on home leave -- who certainly is the best informed person on the situation of Jews in Poland.

Such reactions as I got and heard about in Poland do not lead me to think it feasible to ask for any JDC re-entry at the present time or even conversations about a JDC visit such as currently is contemplated, for example, in Hungary, after a recent meeting between Joint and a Hungarian official; but perhaps some background for this could be broached, if it is deemed advisable on the JDC side.

*** Oswiecim -- Two dozen brick barrack buildings stand stolidly, for all the world like those of some British factory town, and nearby plants along the railroad send their smoke curling up to the sky, seen from far in the bucolic countryside.

Tourist busses come by the dozens on holidays, and guides carefully explain: here the Fascist murderers brought their victims for immolation, from all over Europe. Yes, there is the occasional inscription to show that Jews were among the victims, and one display of nought but prayer shawls.

Nowhere, though, will the visitor to Auschwitz get any sense of the magnitude of Jewish loss. The half hour museum film depicting the horrors of Auschwitz does not (so far as this untutored ear could discern) even mention the word Jew; the one burial scene of victims, after liberation, is that of Polish Catholics. Barrack building number 27, originally set out to show what happened to Jews in particular, is closed down (leading a group of American Jewish visitors, recently, to stage a small demonstration). All this in keeping with what clearly is Polish policy, as shown at the last official Auschwitz ceremony, at which Jews were not even mentioned.

Poland should be made to know that such a situation is not an acceptable one.

It is in keeping with this approach, too, that Poland, without the slightest sense of shame or compunction, is asking for compensation of West Germany today on the basis that six million of its citizens were killed -- without having the decency even to mention (as even Gierek did in his 1972 interview with Le Monde) that over half of these were Jews.

(I am not aware to what extent the Claims Conference, incidentally, is keeping an eye on these Polish demands vis-a-vis West Germany, but this would seem a point worth looking into more closely, given the nature of the Polish presentation.)

Finally, over and above any talks with Polish officialdom, the time would seem appropriate for Jewish institutions to seek quietly to step up relations with the Jewish Historical Institute in Warsaw which, with quite limited means, does do valuable work, regularly publishing a bulletin describing research and housing an ewhibit of Jewish life under the Nazi occupation. Here, behind closed doors, one finds not waxw only such material as the famous Ringelblum diary of Warsaw ghetto days but, also, invaluable Jewish incunabula---with only a single typewritten list, without copy, recording their existence. It is not certain how much of this incunabula ever has been photographed or photocopied---YIVO could be checked on this---though it seems permission was given some Canadian Jew to do this a couple of years ago. Generally, in the past, such permission has not been granted for more than one or two occasional documents.

We shall be suggesting one or two approaches in this connection in the next week or so.

And, mistrustful though one may be of the Jewish Cultural and Social Association and the motivations of its leadership, still if one can arrange to send in any cultural material through it of use to the newspaper or for club programs, this, too, would seem to be indicated.

What of Poland and Israel?

On this, there appears to be general agreement. There were murings well over a year ago, before the last Israel-Arab conflict, that Poland was moving toward renewal of diplomatic relations with Israel; and an occasional subterranean tinkle in that sense not too long ago, according to some rumors. But nothing is expected to

happen in this sphere until the Soviet Union gives some clear lead, possibily after an Arab-Israel settlement in Geneva to which it would give its approxal.





August 26, 1974

Dear Marc,

I am in the process of preparing a new book for publication on the subject, "The Rabbi's Experience". Every one of us has encountered the unusual in our daily activities. Undoubtedly you, like I, have vivid recollections of out of the ordinary personalities or episodes that have become part of our repertoire of favorite anecdotes. Some may have been touching, even tragic, while others were hilariously funny. I am asking you to share some of your own experiences for inclusion in this volume. A rabbi's career touches on every aspect of life, and I hope to reflect this rich lode of human interest in this volume.

A collection of such experiences should provide a valuable insight into the nature of the American rabbinate. Your particular anecdote can be as long or as brief as you wish and you may include as many as you desire. In order to maintain some uniformity I do request editorial privileges which will be subject to your review and approval. I intend to give full credit to each contribution but will respect anonymity if you prefer.

A partial listing of the kinds of experiences that I have in mind include:

- Life Cycle events birth through Bar Mitavah, wedding, funerals, unveilings.
- Hospital visitations and other pastoral calls.
- Personal counselling
- 4. Rabbi Staff relations Rabbi Board relations
- 5. Conversions
- 6. Visitors to Synagogue
- 7. Church and Civic groups
- Jewish community activities Federation, B'nai Brith, Hadassah, etc.
- Adult Education
- Religious & Hebrew School

I know how busy your schedule is but I would be most appreciative indeed if you could possibly take time to share with the larger public some of your own unforgettable moments.

I look forward eagerly to your response. Your unique activitées should be JOSHUA STAMPFER RABBI MARC DINKIN Cantor DR. GERALD COGAN President MRS. VICTOR MENASHE Principal Religious Subsci Sincerely yours, oshua Stampfer

MRS. MARK RUBIN Foundation School Director

ABBY RUDER Beverly Road Ryz New York 10380 September 6, 1974. Dear Labbi Tanentaum, Thank you for your time and advice.

I have followed-up on your suggestions
and have been in touch with J.A.S.A. and J. A. C. Y. With a little luck, I am sure Something will happen! IEWISH It was a pleasure to meet you and I Sincerely appreciate your concern. Juish you much success with your new project idea, it is a wonderful effort. Thanks again - Soncerely yours, Abby Ruder.

August 1, 1974

Hy Bookbinder

Adi Singerman

Your Memo of July 18 re: A. Ruder

Dear Bookie:

Mrc is away on vacation after a very hectic last two weeks in the office.

He has asked me to acknowledge receiving your note regarding Abby Ruder and no doubt will be in touch with you concerning this matter when he returns to the office after Labor Day.

If in the meantime I can be of help, do call me.

AS:ss

From ...

HYMAN BOOKBINDER

7/18/74

To: Marc Tannenbaum

Re: Abby Ruder

As you know, I am always extremely wary about forwarding job inquiries from people I know personally. If anything, I think I am unfiar to people I know, lest I be accused of furthering the interests of friends, or children of friends.

Despite this normal reluctance, I send you the the enclosed with unrestrained enthusiasm. It pleases me so much that Abby wants so much to work in the Jewish community. She is the daughter of William Ruder, president of Ruder and Finn and a member of our Board of Governors -- but she is not asking him to intervene on her behalf. I have come to know her over the last 12 years or so -- and consider her one of the most intelligent, charming, poised young ladies I've ever known. And from her resume, you can see she's done mighty well both in her academic and her extra-curricular work. And from that resume you can also sense her basic attitudes.

I; veesent a resume to Estelle Goodman, but because of Abby's rabbinical plans, I wonder what advice and help you can offer for this next year. She can be contacted wither at her parents Rye Address -- or at Box 2088, Beloit College, Beloit, Wisc.

Barkie

Washington Representative. American Jewish Committee 818 18th St., NW -- Washington, D.C. 20006 Tel: AC 202 -- 298-8787 September 9, 1974

Mr. Robert D. Jolton
Executive Director
The Jewish Federation of Allentown
22nd & Tilghman Streets
Allentown, Pa. 18104

Dear Mr. Jolton:

Thank you for your thoughtful letter of July 31st. It arrived during my vacation and this has been the first opportunity for me to respond.

In looking over my calendar I regret very much to have to tell you that I will be out of the country for most of the month of January. This is the period of our meetings with the Vatican, the World Council of Churches, an addition to my responsibilities for heading up an interreligious delegation to Jerusalem and Rome.

I wish you, however, much success in your meeting and trust that we will have another opportunity to be together in the future.

Sincerely,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: MSB

August 23, 1974 Mr. Robert D. Jolton Executive Director The Jewish Federation of Allentown 22nd and Tilghman Sts. Allentown, Pa. 18104 Dear Mr. Bolton: I have just returned from vacation and am responding to your letter of July 31st to Rabbi Tanenbaum. Rabbi Tanenbaum is on vacation and is expected to return to his office after Labor Day. Your letter will be brought to his attention at that time and I am sure you will be hearing from him. Sincerely, Miriam S. Binder Secretary to Rabbi Tanenbaum MSB: mm



8/5 Copy sent mHT ??

HONORARY PRESIDENT
Morris Senderowitz, Jr.
HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS
Samuel Smith
Bernard Kobrovsky

July 31, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, New York

Dear Rabbi Tannenbaum:

On behalf of the combined Jewish women's organizations of Allentown, I would like to invite you to be our guest speaker on Monday, January 13, 1975.

Last year, for the first time in the Jewish community's history, the membership of all the Jewish women's organizations in Allentown embarked on an educational program aimed at developing new insights into the role of the Jewish community in our society.

It is our feeling that you, more than anyone else in American Jewry today can develop a presentation on this subject that would be meaningful, informative and comprehensive. As a result, I have been asked to request that you come to Allentown for this program.

The expected attendance is somewhere between 450 and 650 persons.

If our date of January 13th is not convenient for you, we can re-schedule the meeting for either January 20, 21, 22 or 27.

I would appreciate hearing from you as soon as possible, so that we can start developing our publicity, invitations, etc.

Sincerely,

Executive Director

OFFICERS PRESIDENT Charles L. Fletcher VICE-PRESIDENTS Arnan Finkelstein Murray Goodman RDJ:pb Robert Margolis TREASURER Fabian Fraenkel ASSISTANT TREASURER Jack Schobel RECORDING SECRETARY Martin Zales CORRESPONDING SECRETARY Martin Krasnov FINANCIAL SECRETARY Alvin Mishkin EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Robert D. Jolton EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR EMERITUS George Feldman



Auspices of THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF TEMPLE BROTHERHOODS An affiliate of THE UNION OF AMERICAN HEBREW CONGREGATIONS

Founded 1893 by Rabbi Henry Berkowitz

838 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y. 10021

Telephone: (212) 249-0100



September 9, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, N.Y. 10021

Dear Marc:

Several of our constituents called my attention to a quotation attributed to you in an article in the September 2nd issue of Newsweek on "Chautauqua at 100" in which you were reported as saying that "I only wish the Jewish community would develop its own version of Chautauqua."

Certainly, Marc, I would hope that you are aware the Jewish Chautauqua Society is observing its 81st anniversary this year.

To update our article for you, I am enclosing a copy of our 72-73 catalogue. Our current copy for 74-76 is on the press and a copy will be forwarded to you under separate cover as soon as it is received.

With best wishes for a very happy New Year.

Sylvan Lebow

Executive Director

SL:tm enc.

cc: Aliya Cheskis-Cotel Morton L. Kemper

Bernard Hirsh

President: MORTON L. KEMPER, Baltimore . Chancellor: BERNARD HIRSH, Dallas . Honorary President: S. HERBERT KAUFMAN, Baltimore • Honorary Chancellor: CHARLES FRIEDMAN, Pound Ridge, N.Y. • Honorary Life Member Chairman, SOLON MYLES CHADABE, New York • Vice Presidents: LEWIS GREENWOOD, Scarsdale • MAURICE HAHN, Philadelphia • BERNARD R. HOLLANDER, Cleveland • ROBERT E. KATZ, Canton • MELVIN SINYKIN, Milwaukee • Secretary, HERBERT PANOFF, Boston • Treasurer, ARTHUR D. PLOTNICK, Brooklyn • Asst. Secretary, IRVING RICHMAN, Los Angeles • Asst. Treasurer, ALBERT RAIZMAN, Pittsburgh • Exec. Director, SYLVAN LEBOW, New York • Assoc. Executive Director, AV BONDARIN, New York



United Synagogue - ק"ק כנסת ישראל

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All communications to be addressed to the Secretary:

MR. S. GOLDSTEIN

Office Hours:

Monday - Wednesday 10 a.m. - 4 p.m Thursday - Friday 10 a.m. - 1 p.m. Sunday: 10.30 a.m. - 12.30 p.m. Wednesdays 8 - 9.30 p.m.

> Telephones: Office: 01-907 8959 Hall: 01-907 8778

SG/AJ

9th September, 1974

AMERICAN IEWISH

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum,
American Jewish Committee,
16a, East 56th Street,
New York
N.Y.10022
U.S.A.

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum,

I have recently acquired a copy of your records BN 26172, which I find most enjoyable. Apparently there should be a booklet "Informative guide to Jewish Traditions", which I do not appear to have in my record sleeve.

Do you think you could possibly let me have a copy of this?

I look forward to hearing from you.

Wishing you

Yours sincerely,

S. GOLDSTEIN

Secretary

Knoly let we know the east when I shall veril the many

9

From the desk of: M. Bernard Resnikoff

September 10th, 1974.

To: Marc Tanenbaum

Did you know that you thunder like an Old Testament prophet? (See June 26th issue of the Christian Century, page 661).

You've been called many things in your day but I suppose lots of people (but not Saul Lieberman) would agree with this judgement.

I hope you keep thundering into the New Year and that 5735 become a witness to your infectious vigour to the greater glory of the AJC, the Jewish people and mankind.

MBR/sad

MARIA

Mr. Roy J. Cates
Executive Director
Texas Conference of Churches
2704 Rio Grande #9
Austin. Texas 78705

Dear Roy:

Thanks so much for the invitation to participate in the Faith and Order Conference in October. Unfortunately I will be in the Midwest at the time and will be unable to attend. I deeply regret this especially since I know what a fine program you are always able to put together each year.

I hope that you will have a good turnout and if there is any printed material that is available, please send it to me.

With warmest regards, I am,

Cordially yours,

Rabbi A. James Rudin Assistant Director Interreligious Affairs

AJR:FM

P.S. I hope you enjoy the enclosed article. Enclosure:

A Jewish View of Jesus



Texas conference of churches

Telephone 512 / 478-7491, 2704 Rio Grande #9, Austin, Texas 78705

August 12, 1974

Memorandum

TO:

Participants, Prior Texas Faith and Order Conferences

FROM:

Roy J. Cates

SUBJECT:

10th annual Texas Faith and Order Conference: "THE HOLY SPIRIT AS

LIBERATOR...when? where?"

That's the subject; the dates are October 21-23; the place, Presbyterian Mo-Ranch. Our guest leaders are introduced on the enclosed brochure.

We want you to be with us again this year. We sincerely hope you can attend. A registration application is enclosed for your use. Please complete it, attach your check (or one from your judicatory) and send both to us as soon as possible.

NOTE: To assure fullest possible participation and good interpersonal relationships, the planning committee has set a maximum attendance of 120 participants. Registration applications will be accepted on a first-received basis. As you are aware, however, registrations in recent years have fallen short of the desired number. If there is someone you would particularly like to have invited to attend this year's Conference, please send their name(s), address(es) and denomination(s) to this office.

Do plan to be with us...and register right away. Mo-Ranch Monday afternoon, October 21. Peace.

lie want to see you at

/g

Enclosures



division of overseas ministries

national council of the churches of christ in the u.s.a.

475 RIVERSIDE DRIVE · new york, n. y. 10027 · WUI telex 62977 · Cable: dominicus

September 16, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 E. 56th St. New York, N.Y., 10022

Dear Marc:

Let me take this opportunity to extend my best wishes to you and your colleagues at the time of your High Holy Days. I think that the symbolism of these Holy Days in seeking reconciliation as a part of the beginning of a new year is one which can have meaning and bring hope to us all. May your celebrations and meditations bring you peace and joy.

With sincere best wishes,

J. Richard Butler
Director, Office for the Middle
East/Europe

JRB/acs







NATIONAL COUNCIL OF THE CHURCHES OF CHRISTIN THE U.S.A.

475 Riverside Drive, New York, N.Y. 10027 (212) 870-2141
Rev. W. Sterling Cary, President Claire Randall, General Secretary

September 18, 1974

Rabbi Marc H. Tannenbaum
The American Jewish Committee
165 East 56th Street
New York, NY 10022

Dear Marc:

As the New Year begins I wish to convey to you and your family the very warmest wishes for good health, joy and success during the coming year. I hope that our association together will provide opportunities to foster reconciliation and good will among the members of both our communities.

I join my hope with yours that the New Year 3735 may be a year of peace--for Israel and for the world,

Most sincerely,

Claire Randall

CR:wt

JEWISH CENTER OF JACKSON HEIGHTS

34-25 82nd Street • Jackson Heights, N.Y. 11372 • HAvemeyer 9-1150

September 19, 1974

MORTON J. WALDMAN Rabbi

WILLIAM Z. GLUECK Cantor

RABBI MILTON J. GOLDBERG Educational Director

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JULES NEUMAN 1st Vice President

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P. MAX WEBER

SAMUEL B. SCHAEFFER

HERBERT STRAUSS Men's Club President Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum 33-15 80th St. Jackson Heights, N.Y. 11372

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum:

We felt you would like to know that Project 73 — the Men's Club program to help needy Jews in New York City — won 2nd Prize as the Best Social Action by a Men's Club (1973-74) at the annual convention of the National Federation of Jewish Men's Clubs. This was in competition with Clubs from all over the U.S., Canada and Mexico.

Formal presentation of the award will be made to us at the Men's Club breakfast to be held at the Center on Sunday, October 27th. At that time, we will be honoring Sol and Sadie Freirich for their wonderful work with our Senior Citizens.

We hope you will be able to join us at the breakfast.

Sincerely,

Ben Kingoff

President - Men's Club

P.S. The Men's Club also won First Prize in the Best Israeli Program category for the week-end in which we hosted the Israeli National Basket-ball team. Formal presentation of that award will also be made on the 27th.





September 20, 1974

Ms. Carole U. Canino Chairperson Ecumenical Lecture Series 920 North Spruce Little Rock, Arkansas 72205

Dear Ms. Canino:

Thank you for your letter of August 19th which arrived during my macation.

I shall be happy to consider the possibility of addressing your 1975 Lecture Series. The problem will be one of dates. The only time available to me would be in May 1975 or in the Fall of that year since I have overseas travel and lecture commitments during good parts of the remaining months.

If you would suggest some dates, I would be happy to give them favorable consideration.

Sincerely yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: MSB

September 20, 1974

Dr. Rodger Van Allen Villanova University Religious Studies Department Villanova, Penna. 19085

Dear Dr. Van Allen:

Thank you for your letter of August 15th which arrived during my vacation.

The date of November 6, 1975 works fine for me.

As I get to work on the material for my paper I will be in touch with you about further clarifications.

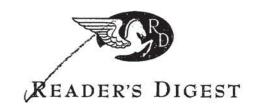
With warmest good wishes, I am

Sincerely,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: MSB

Rob Hackana 51/35 September 23, 1974 Rev. Edward H. Flannery Secretariat for Catholic-Jewish Relations National Conference of Catholic Bishops 1312 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20005 Dear Ed: I appreciate very much your thoughtfulness in sending me greetings for the Jewish New Year period. I reciprocate heartily your good wishes and hope and pray that the coming year will witness for all the children of God an end to bloodshed and conflict, famine and poverty. In that common struggle to try to make this a more humane and civilized babitation for all members of the human family I hope that we will find opportunities to collaborate together in the advancement of the Biblical ideas and values that we haare together. With warmest personal good wishes, I am Cordially as ever, Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director MHT: MSB Interreligious Affairs



380 Madison Avenue • New York, N.Y. 10017
Telephone: 972-4000

September 27, 1974

Dear Marc:

I hope that by now you've received your copy of GREAT PEOPLE OF THE BIBLE AND HOW THEY LIVED. The book has been a great success, and we're grateful for your important contribution to it. I'd be very interested in any comments you'd care to make about it.

Best regards,

Peter Lacey, Senior Editor

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum, National Director The American Jewish Committee Institute of Human Relations 165 East 56 Street New York, N. Y. 10022

September 11, 1974

Mrs. Elsie Pritchett Reader's Digest 380 Madison Avenue New York, N.Y. 10017

Dear Mrs. Pritchett:

I have just returned from vacation and found your letter of July 31st. Would you please send me a copy of GREAT PEOPLE OF THE BIBLE AND HOW THEY LIVED. Many thanks.

Sincerely,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum NMtional Director Interreligious Affairs.

MHT: MSB



380 Madison Avenue . New York, N.Y. 10017 Telephone: 972-4000

July 31, 1974

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum The American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, N. Y. 10022

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum,

Because of a mix-up in records during a personnel changeover, I've been unable to find out whether a copy of GREAT PEOPLE OF THE BIBLE AND HOW THEY LIVED was sent to you. If you haven't received a copy, please let me know.

Thank you.

Cordially,

(Mrs.) Elsie Pritchett

Secretary to Mr. Lacey

19 Please pend me one

COPY

THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

Institute of Human Relations
165 EAST 56 TH STREET NEW YORK 22, N.Y.

PARIS OFFICE 30, rue La Boétie Paris VIII*

FO-Eur October 10, 1974

MEMORANDUM

To: Morris Fine AMERICAN JEWISH

From: A. S. Karlikow

Subj: Visit Ulemas in Europe

You'll be interested in seeing the enclosed full translation of the program in Europe of the Saudi Arabia Ulemas.

As you can see, this program includes a visit with the Pope and with Cardinal Pignedoli, a colloquium with the World Council of Churches, and meetings with the Council of Europe, the International Red Cross and the International Labor Organization.

cc: Liskofsky Tanenbaum

Enclosure

Toursen Gramme

PROGRAM - VISIT OF CHIEF ULEMAS OF SAUDI ARABIA IN EUROPE (Organized by the France-Saudi Arabia Association under the auspices of the Saudi Arabia Embassies in Rome, Geneva and Paris)

October 22 to November 7, 1974

PARIS

Tuesday, October 22

Arrival

Dinner tendered by the France-Saudi Arabia Association

Wednesday, October 23

10:00 a.m. First session Paris Colloquium (International Confe-

rence Center, Avenue Klaber)

"I. A Historical View of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia;

II. Objectives and Bases of Moslem Law, Particularly

in Saudi Arabia."

(Report of the Saudi Delegation, followed by discussion).

Afternoon

Visit with Minister of Justice

Evening

Reception tendered by Rector Mallet, Chancellor

University of Paris

ROME

Thursday, October 24

Arrival Welcome by Sergio Cardinal Pignedoli, President

Secretariat for Non-Christians

Evening

Reception by Cardinal Pignedoli at his home, Vatican

Friday, October 25

10:00 a.m.

First session of Colloquium between Saudi Delegation and Holy See Delegation: "Culture as the Means of Broadening Man; The Contribution of Moslems and Christians to Feace and the Respect for the Rights of Man."

Working Luncheon at Vatican

3:00 p.m.

Second session of Colloquium between Saudi and Holy

See Delegations

Evening

Reception Rome Islamic Center

Saturday, October 26

Morning

Audience Holy Father, Pope Paul VI

Afternoon

Free

Sunday, October 27

Morning

Free

Afternoon

Visit of city

Evening

Reception by Saudi Arabia Ambassador to Italy

Rome (cont'd)

Monday, October 28

Morning Meeting with Italian Society for International

Organization - Visit Italian Ministry of Justice

Afternoon Departure for Geneva

GENEVA

Tuesday, October 29

Morning Visit International Labor Organization

Luncheon tendered by Mr. Francis Blanchard, Director

General of ILO

Afternoon Visit to International Red Cross (International

Committee Red Cross and League of National Red Cross

Societies, Red Crescent and Red Lion)

Evening Reception by Saudi Arabia Ambassador to European

office of United Nations

Wednesday, October 30

10:00 a.m. First session Colloquium with Ecumenical Council of

Churches on "The Conception of Man in Revealed Religions and the Aspiration of Men Toward Peace."

Luncheon at Ecumenical Council of Churches

3:00 p.m. Second session of Colloquium with Ecumenical Council

of Churches

Thursday, October 31

Morning Visit city and boat trip on Lake Leman (Geneva)

Afternoon Free

Friday, November 1

Morning Departure for Paris

PARIS

Friday cont'd

Morning Arrival in Paris

Afternoon Visit to Versailles

Evening Dinner in Versailles

Saturday, November 2

10:00 a.m. Second session Paris Colloquium:

"I. The Rights of Man in Moslem Legislation and, Notably, in Saudi Arabia; II. The Status of Woman."

(Report of Saudi Delegation followed by discussion)

Afternoon Free

October 11, 1974

Mr. Sylvan Lebow
The National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods
Sponsors of The Jewish Chautauqua Society
838 Fifth Avenue
New York, N. Y. 10021

Dear Sylvan:

Thank you for your recent note regarding my comment on a "Jewish version of Chautauqua."

Of course, I am very much aware of the Jewish Chautauqua Society and its program of lectures and related activities throughout the country. In fact, I have been invited by your group on a number of occasions to be one of your lecturers at various universities and seminaries.

I think that you and others who reacted critically to my comment missed the point that I was making. The entire story was devoted to a description of the 100 years of the existence of "The Chautauqua city-state." To my knowledge the Chautauqua village, which combines such a diverse blend of recreation, culture, and religion, is unique and does not have its counterpart in the Jewish community. I do know of the existence of Jewish summer camps, including those sponsored by UAHC. To my knowledge, however, these are not constructed on the same order of magnitude of programming, nor do they involve so many thousands of people as does the Chautauqua in upstate New York.

If I am wrong about this point, I would certainly welcome your enlightening me.

With warmest personal good wishes, I am

Cordially as ever,

MHT: MSB

CC: Ms. Madeline Edmondson NEWSWEEK Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

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412/344-9449

October 22 1974

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum American Jewish Committee Institute of Human Relations 165 East 56 Street New York, NY 10022

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum:

Under separate cover I am sending you two complimentary copies of our October cassette which contains some of your material. I have also requested an honorarium of \$125.00 (\$5.00 for each minute of material used on the master tape) from our Los Angeles office. There may be some delay in getting this money to you, but I assure you I will forward it as soon as it arrives here.

We are grateful for your cooperation with our program and anticipate that our listeners will find your material challenging and helpful.

Sincerely,

ohn E. Mehl

JEM: kaw

139-09 28 road #2B Flushing N.Y. 11354 Oct. 24 1974

Dear Marc:

Sorry to have to report that the boom was dropped on Joel's job at Transworld Publications in Manhattan. The Geneva-based operation will be shutting down permanently at the end of this coming January.

I recall your asking me some time ago what information I had in connection with that likely termination, in reference to your generous offer to approach a source at the Ford Foundation on Joel's behalf. In view of the recent news that Ford Foundation assets had dropped 50 percent in the current market, I assume that the prospects of staff additions are now slight but you may feel it is still worth pursuing.

Joel is now preparing a job-hunting package consisting of (a) a letter from the president of Transworld Publications, praising Joel's work and recommending him for a related job; (b) a revised resume which stresses his performance record at Transworld Publications, in which he went from a clerical typist at \$140 a week to an editorial assistant at \$170 a week in eight months; and (c) duplicates—of articles he wrote which will appear in "Distributione2000," a new type of high school-level encyclopedia, originally published in Europe, for which an English-language edition of 18 volumes is being prepared here. The Geneva firm set up Transworld Publications here to prepare that edition.

Joel is working up this package for his job hunting and I think you may find it helpful too, On the possibly chutzpadick assumption you might wish to check out other job possibilities in various public service agencies in Manhattan, I would appreciate your letting me know how many of these job-hunt packages you might feel it useful to have.

Since I lack adequate words to convey my (and Ray's and Joel's) appreciation for your consistent helpfulness, I will only add that it is truly comfortining to know of your unfailing willingness to help.

Cordially

Ben

P.S. Just for your information: Ray and I are leaving tomorrow (Friday) for a weekend visit to friends upstate. We expect to be back Sunday.

October 24, 1974

Dr. Carl Balcerak, Editor

Momentum
Mational Catholic Educational Association
One Dupont Circle - Suite 550
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Dr. Balcerak:

Thank you for your warm and thoughtful letter of October 9th.

I shall be happy to prepare an article for your journal, Momentum in the terms that you set forth in your letter.

I will make every effort to try to meet the December 15th deadline although I must confess that my other writing commitments will make it a little tight. But in any case I will try very hard.

With warmest personal good wishes, I am

Cordially yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: MSB

October 28, 1974

Ms. J Debby Gale
Collier's
866 Third Avenue
New York, N. Y.

Dear Ms. Gale:

Enclosed find my article. It's about 7/8th done. I'll have the rest in a couple of days.

Please tell your editors that I think this will be the last time I will do the article. It takes too much time researching and writing it for the little money that is involved. And I have all kinds of writing and other articles commitments.

Cordially,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs (Dictated but not read)

MHT: MSB Encl.



November 6, 1974

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum
Interreligious Affairs Department
The American Jewish Committee
165 East 56th Street
New York, New York 10022

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum:

I know that my daughter, Abby Ruder, has talked to you herself -- as properly she should. But I also wanted to add my thanks to hers for your willingness to listen to her and to spend some time with her. You really gave her a lift -- and as you know, I think it's important for us "oldsters" to take the time and trouble to let young people know that we care. As you may know, Abby is working on a special project with Irving Levine and is as happy as a clam.

The end of the story is simply marvelous. Abby has put together a group of five part-time jobs that she can handle concurrently and which give her an insight into the whole range of social and community action service. She's working very hard. She's having an absolutely marvelous time of it, and she's learning great things.

Again, many thanks.

William Ruder

From....

HYMAN BOOKBINDE

11/8/74

To: Muc Tanenham

really approvated!

ARCH Sulvis

کر:

Washington Representative, American Jewish Committee 818 18th St., NW -- Washington, D.C. 20006 Tel: AC 202 -- 298-8787

RUDER & FINN

November 6, 1974

Mr. Hyman H. Bookbinder American Jewish Committee 818 18th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20006

Dear Bookie:

I just wanted to drop you a note to let you know that both Rabbi Tanenbaum and Irving Levine were absolutely marvelous to Abby. Abby is working on a special three-month project with Irving Levine. She's knocking her brains out and having an absolute ball with it.

Somehow, through all of the contacts that she has made she has put together a collection of five part-time assignments (including Irving's), all of which are in the social action and community service field.

In fact, she's getting a liberal education in the whole field -- and getting modestly paid for it all while she is doing it. She's working with old folks, young folks, people with emotional difficulties, college campuses, and very young children. So, she's into the whole kaleidoscope of community activity up to her eyeballs -- and having an absolute ball.

I wanted you to know the end of the story because that's part of the fun of helping young people and part of what makes the world go 'round.

I hope you and Boshie are in good shape. And I wanted to let you know also how much I appreciate your introducing Abby to the AJC folks.

Best wishes. William Ruder

1f

November 19, 1974

Mr. Joe Mulligan, President
Theological Student Association
Department of Theology
The Catholic University of America
Washington, D. C. 20064

Dear Mr. Mulligan:

Thanks very much for your good letter of November 8th.

I shall be happy to accept your invitation to speak on the theme of "Ethics of Scarcity" under the sponsorship of your Theological Student Association and the CU Department of Theology on February 13th at 8 p.m.

As for the honorarium, I would prefer if you would enable me to contribute it to a world hunger program. We can work that out when I see you.

With warmest personal good wishes, I am

Cordially,

MHT: MSB

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs Ms. Carole U. Canio Chairperson Ecumenical Lecture Series 920 North Spruce Street Little Rock, Arkansss 72205

Dear Ms. Canio:

Thanks very much for your good letter of October 24th.

Regarding honorarium, my arrangements with the Lecture Bureau here is that my out of town fees call for \$500.00 plus expenses. I would be prepared to make whatever adjustments that your budget requires.

As for subject, pick one of the following that you think will suit your needs:

"What Does It Mean to be a Jew and a Christian In Our Global Society?"

"Judaism and Christianity in the World of Tomorrow."

"Jews and Christians: the Unfinished Agenda."

"Holy Year and Its Origins in the Jewish Jubilee Year."

With warmest good wishes, I am,

Cordially yours,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT: FM

Sisterhood of Temple Beth-El

1373 Bellmore Road, North Bellmore, N.Y. 11710

November 24, 1974

Mr. Marc Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York. New York 10022

Dear Mr. Tannenbaum:

On Thursday, February 27, 1975 the Sisterhood of Temple Beth-El, in conjunction with other Sisterhoods in our area, will be holding our Day of Learning. This is an annual event attended by approximately 250 women.

The Planning Committee for this event would very much like to know if you are available to speak before our group on the topic of The New Anti-Semitism. The Day of Learning is an all-day event as the program begins at 10:00 and continues until approximately 2:30 with luncheon served at about noon. If you are available to speak before our group the committee would appreciate knowing the fee that is involved for your talk.

In order that I may receive your reply without unnecessary delay I would appreciate it if you would write to me directly. My home address is 149 Margaret Boulevard, Merrick, New York 11566.

Cordially,

Natalie Kerner-Kent

Chairman

Program Committee

Temple Beth-El Sisterhood

temple 516-781-2650 None 516-FR8-6796



39A Saratoga Court Latham, New York 12110 November 25, 1974.

Rabbi Marc Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, New York 10022.

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A file 5055MAN

Dear Rabbi Tannenbaum:

Three weeks ago, I spoke with you by telephone from Albany of my intention to marry a lady who is not Jewish. I asked if you would marry us. You declined, but offered to advise and help us and asked me to write to you about ourselves and our problem.

I am 53 years old, and have just been divorced. I have two grown sons. Shirley is 35 years old, and this would be her first marriage. Both of us are professional State government managers and college graduates.

I met Shirley 15 months ago at a picnic of government employees. We were attracted to each other at once, and fell deeply in love within two months. We have lived together for a year. We are unusually compatible, having almost (90%) the total span of similar interests and attitudes; almost telepathic communication exists between us.

Shirley was born a Catholic. She abandoned her Raith many years before I met her. She wants us to be married by a Rabbi, partly because she knows I prefer to, but also because she is searching for a faith to believe in. She has read "Basic Judaism", attended a Service at Temple Beth Emeth, to which I had belonged for 18 years, and participated in my maternal family's Seder earlier this year, in New York.

My mother, brothers and their families have accepted Shirley, although my mother still regrets my divorce; it is shameful for a son to be divorced. Shirley's father and my father died in 1969. Shirley's family reside in Granville, New York. They have accepted me as a person and Shirley' fiance, although her mother, we are sure, is uneasy that I am Jewish. She is pleasant at all times, and she has me call her "mother", but I have detected mild Anti-Semitism and anti-minorities generally in her attitudes. Shirley firmly told her mother nine months ago that she will marry me.

Shirley is exceptionally mature and has a strong character, although she is a singularly considerate and sensitive human being and non-aggressive toward others. I have a strong character and personality and am somewhat aggressive. Both of us have had hard knocks, and have had to struggle for recognition and acceptance. For example, I have had condiderable infirmities resulting from Polio since the age of two.

Shirley has an open mind about the possibility of conversion to Judaism. But I would not attempt to influence her decision, and I don't care much whether or not she does convert. She agrees that any children would b raised in the Reform tradition.

My mother, of course, would love to have us married by a Rabbi, but Shirley's mother would probably resent it; which does not bother Shirdey at all-they are not close. I must say in candor that if this issue becomes too sticky, I will insist on a civil ceremony and drop the religious marriage.

Our problem is to find a sympathetic Rabbi to marry us, whether or not Shirdey converts, and one who will be able to establish rapport with and counsel Shirley. I am hesitant about approaching any local Rabbis on the problem, because of the tight Jewish community here; my former wife is well known.

Please advise and help us. We would very much appreciate your assistance.

AMERICAN JEW Sincerely yours,

AMERICAN JEW Sussman

Arthur Sussman

P.S. We are considering the possibility of marriage by a Dutch Rabbi in Amsterdam next Spring, within the context of a European honeymoon. Would that be practicable? I have the name of the Secretary of the Jewish Community in that city.

[start]

Original documents

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F - CCAR

Hovember 27, 1974

Robbi Educid Elect 30 West 68th Street New York, NY 10023

Peer Md.

Thank you very much for your undertaking the immidible task of chairing the epocial CGAR countries to study the work of the GCAR-RANG Joint Countries on Enterfaith Activities, and to make recommendations regarding the future of interfaith work by the Refere Houseast.

By wirths of their copies of this letter, I as inviting those senters listed to be as receiving cortes copies to be atchors of this consittee. Also Schiefler's sed Methor Reso's appear are, of course, for information and I will leave it to Balfour to decide whether or not be wants to be a number of the consittee or a consultant to it. In is colours, and extremely appearancy, in althor capacity.

I understand that you have colouted the date of January 21, 1975, at 10:40 c.m. through the effection at the COM office, for your first meeting. I an asking the unders to return the enclosed east indicating their attendance.

Briefly, the problem is as follows: Last June, Relieur made a presentation to the Resentive Beard of the COM resementing the discription of the Joint Commission so interfeith Activities for a variety of reasons which he will again present at the mosting. Frier to this, the COM delegation to the Cannission had been policed by inter out the sejectly of these who respected want along with Inifers's recommendation. There was commission apposition to the idea sepressed at the June Seard mosting of the COM and a vate was taken to continue amploring the antter. Shortly after that, the BRIC Beard of Trustons would continue amploring to sampet the recommendation to discussive the Granisation. At our October Beard mosting, we had mostlar discussion in the utility and decided to appoint your special countities to do a thorough exploration of the issue and, hopefully, to make a report to our larch Seard mosting for a final determination magnifies the Granisation specifically, but generally, to try to work out that the place of the Summent and the COM is particular ought to be in the field of interfaith sotivity. If you find that the items deadline is too carry, we can have a final report by the June convention.

As things stand now, the Consisting in not legally and officially dissolved, but it certainly is hanging in links, and a department of interfaith activities has been out up at the UASS with Saliner directing it. I think that's enough back-ground indepention for now and more will be filled in at the entiting on January 21.

(Continued)

Robbi Shuand Rinin Moramber 27, 1974

Thunks egain for taking on this responsibility. dest paramet wishes.

Sincerely,

Bolant I. Lake

RIE LOS

EIK:es

GC: Rebbi Richard J. Lebrum
Rebbi Roseld B. Achel

Enbid Alfred Well

Robbi Armeld J. Rebin

Robbi Roseld J. Rebin

Robbi Roseld J. Rebin

Robbi Rolfour Brichmar

Robbi Joseph B. Glause

Robbi Aldunadur M. Schindler

itr. Hetther Rose





[end]

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wilshipe Boulevard temple

3003 Hilshin Benlingel, Las Stagetes California 90010 (213) 388.2401

January 25, 1974

Rabbi Randall Falk The Temple 5015 Harding Road Nashville, Tenn 37205

Dear Randy:

I read the report of the Committee on Interfaith Activities with great interest and I am in full agreement with the spirit of the three resolutions. In the implementation of resolutions II and III you and the Committee may find the Los Angeles experience helpful. Joe Glaser and especially .Balfour Brickner have received some information about the techniques which we have used successfully over the past several years, which paid off in terms of our particular agenda at the time of the Yom Kippur war and which are continuing to bear fruit in terms of expanding Jewish-Christian relationships. My own involvement has been in the functions of chairman of interfaith activities for the Board of Rabbis of Southern California, of executive board member of the American Jewish Committee as well as NCCJ and of founding president of the Interreligious Council of Southern California.

The Interreligious Council has been the key to most interfaith activities here in the past four years. (By-laws and descriptive material enclosed.) Its strength has been in the fact that it is not a voluntary organization of enthusiastic ecumenists but the official co-ordinating agency for the major religious bodies - the Board of Rabbis of Southern California, the Roman Catholic Archdiocese, two Protestant Church Councils, the Islamic Foundation of Southern California, the Buddhist Federation of Southern California, the Vedanta Society (Hindu), the Greek Orthodox Church, and the Sikh Dharma Brotherhood. Designated representatives meet monthly. Heads of denominations meet periodically. Special projects bring

RAGDI EDGAR F. MAGMIN D.D., L.M.D., B.T.D., LL D. RABBI ALFRED WOLF M.H.L., PH.D., D.D. RABBI LAWRENCE J. GOLDWAR B.A., W.H. L.

RABBI MAXWELL H. DUBIN LL. B., D.D. — ENERYVS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
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MONCOARY MENSER
GERALD WM BURG
GERALD WM BURG
GERALD WM BURG
GERCUTIVE OFCESTARY

CHARLES FELDMAN

STEPHEN E SHEUTR EDUCATION AND CAMPING together religious and lay leaders whenever necessary.

Regular meetings and joint efforts on matters of <u>mutual</u> interest have created an atmosphere of reciprocal trust. Results have been to our distinct benefit in many ways. During the recent war, the leading Protestant churchmen immediately published a pro-Israel statement; the Catholic Archbishop issued a pastoral letter requesting prayers for peace and direct negotiations between the parties while two of the best-known Jesuit priests sent a strong pro-Israel letter to the L.A. Times.

A most encouraging outcome of the contacts through the Council has been the initiation of bi-lateral relationships with Jews by non-Jewish parties:

In September, the Roman Catholic Archbishop, Cardinal Manning, invited ten priests and ten rabbis (designated by the Board of Rabbis, including Reform, Conservative and Orthodox) for dinner (kosher) and an evening of discussion. In December, the Board of Rabbis reciprocated and in February, the same group will meet again as guests of the Cardinal.

The Archdiocese is bringing Rabbi Marc Tannenbaum from New York at its own expense to address a conference of 11,000 priests and lay teachers.

When the leadership of the Protestant Church Council was informed of Tannenbaum's coming, they arranged for him to address a ministers' convocation. The heads of all mainline Protestant denominations, e.g. the Episcopal, Methodist and Lutheran Bishops, are serving as sponsors and hosts. Membership of the Board of Rabbis has been invited as guests. Incidentally, Marc will speak on "The Impact of the Mideast War on Jewish-Christian Relations". Finally, for over a year, half a dozen rabbinic and lay leaders, including the President of the Jewish Federation Council and the Chairman of the Community Relations Committee have been meeting at irregular intervals with a similar number of leaders of the Islamic Foundation.

My point: In the old days of the "good will movement" all the "will" was usually on the Jewish side. Dialogue is likely to be more effective when the majority group feels that it is taking the initiative. -- a good probability where there are ongoing, long-range mutual or multi-lateral relationships.

If you wish further information on local activities, please let me know.

Cordially,

RABBI ALFRED WOLF

OLF Perfect

cc. Rabbi Joseph Glaser, Rabbi Balfour Brickner, Rabbi Harry Essrig, Rabbi Meyer Heller

INTERRELIGIOUS COUNCIL OF SOUT ERN CALIFORNIA BYLANS

Article I.

NAME

The name of this organization shall be "Interreligious Council of Southern California."

Article II.

PURPOSES

The purposes of the Interreligious Council of Southern California shall be to provide an opportunity at the inter-faith level to deal with issues which affect the total religious community; to share our common concern for the problems of our community, the nation and the world; to voice this concern when by common consent the members feel that moral leadership is needed by the people of our community; to earn the respect of the community as leaders by understanding and respect shown toward each other.

Article III.

MEMBERSHIP

Membership shall be open to organizations officially representing historic religious groupings, including as founding organizations the Board of Rabbis of Southern California, the Los Angeles Council of Churches, the Roman Catholic Archdiogese of Los Angeles and the Council of Churches in Southern California.

Article IV.

ASSOCIATES

Associate members shall be the local National Conference of Christians and Jews and the local American Jewish Committee. Two staff representatives of each of these organizations shall have seat and voice.

Article V.

REPRESENTATIVES

Each member organization shall be represented wherever possible by the head of the organization, its executive officer, and two representatives appointed for terms at the discretion of the appointing organization, but for not less than one year.

Article VI.

OFFICERS

The officers of this organization shall be the president, the vice president, the secretary-treasurer. They shall be elected at the engual meeting.

Article VII.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS

Section 1. The duties of the President shall be:

 a. to call all meetings of the Council except as provided in Article IX;

- to prepare the agenda for meetings of the Council;
- to preside at all meetings of the Council; and
- d. to be the official spokesman of the Council either personally or through his delegate.
- Section 2. The duties of the <u>Vice President</u> shall be to perform the duties of the <u>President</u> in his absence or at his request.
- Section 3. The duties of the Secretary-Treasurer shall be:
 - to notify all representatives of the time, place, and agenda of all regular meetings of the Council;
 - to record the proceedings of all meetings of the Council;
 - to keep a roster of representatives and attendance;
 - to send to each representative in advance of each meeting the minutes of the previous meeting;
 - e. to receive and deposit all moneys received for the conduct of the Council's affairs;
 - f. to submit a financial report annually to the Council and at such other times as may be requested by the President; and
 - g. to supervise the preparation of an annual budget.

Article VIII. COMMITTEES

The president with the consent of the representatives shall appoint committees and task forces as necessary.

Article IX. MEETINGS

Meetings shall be held monthly. The annual meeting shall be held in February. Special meetings may be

Interreligious Council of Southern California Bylaws Page 3

> called by the president or by five representatives. Notice of special meetings shall be given at least five days in advance of the meeting.

Article X.

RULES OF CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

Meetings shall be conducted according to Robert's Rules of Order unless otherwise provided in the bylaws. Decisions shall be by a majority of the representatives present; however any action not previously approved by the member organizations shall be subject to ratifica-

tion by the member organizations.

Article XI.

QUORUM

The presence of one-third of the representatives shall constitute a quorum at any meeting; but a quorum shall be presumed unless questioned.

Article XII.

AMENDMENTS TO THE EYLAWS

The bylaws may be amended by a majority of the representatives, subject to ratification by the member organizations.

6/17/71

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON INTERFAITH ACTIVITIES

- I. WHEREAS, many Christian Seminaries have in recent years invited Rabbis to offer courses on Contemporary Jewish Thought for their seminarians, AND WHEREAS, we recognize the importance of our own Rabbinical students understanding Christian theology, interpreted by a competent Christian theologian,
 THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Central Conference of American Rabbis request the President of the Hebrew Union College-Jewish Institute of Religion to invite a qualified Christian theologian to present a course on Christian theology each year at our New York and Cincinnati schools.
- II. WHEREAS, we recognize that many of our colleagues have not had the opportunity in recent years to keep abreast of the constantly evolving Christian theological concepts

 AND WHEREAS, our understanding of the traditional and contemporary theological stances of Christianity is important if we are to discuss similarities and differences between Judaism and Christianity on a sound basis,

 THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Central Conference of American Rabbinendorses the convening of regional conference on contemporary Christian theologies for interested Jews and Christians to be sponsored by our Commission on Interfaith Activities, together with appropriate Christian counterparts.
- III. WHEREAS, we have noted a steady decline in Rabbinic interest and leadership in interfaith activities, while at the same time many Christian denominations and their clergy have evinced heightened interest in pursuing more intensified interfaith programming and closer relationships. AND WHEREAS, we believe that in the pursuit of the basic ethical principles of the Jewish and Christian heritages we should establish sturdy foundations upon which we may pursue our common goals together, THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Central Conference of American Rabbis encourages the renewed emphasis on Dialogues on Judaism for Christian Clergy under the sponsorship of the Rabbinate, and BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Reform Rabbinate, together with our lay leadership, encourage participation by our congregations in local inter-religious councils and report the experience in these activities to our Committee on Interfaith Activities of the Central Conference of American Rabbis.

In addition to these resolutions, our Committee, as a part of the Commission on Interfaith Activities, has requested the Director of the Commission, Balfour Brickner, to proceed with publication of a Handbook on Interfaith Relationships that might be distributed to our Rabbis as guidelines for interfaith programming in their congregations and in their communities. We have also requested that Rabbi Brickner confer with our colleague, Rabbi Leon Jick, to determine whether it might be possible, in the program that he is heading under the sponsorship of the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds, to conduct an in-depth questionnaire on: "What is Happening in Christian-Jewish Relations?".

Respectfully submitted, Randall M. Falk

RICHARD LEHRMAN BEN WALKER Director of Education MRS. HAROLD KAM **Executive Secretary**

29 May 1974

THIS LETTER REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE

TO: Joseph Asher Bernard Baskin Murray Blackman Jerome Gurland

Lawrence Jackofsky

Minard Klein Theodore Levy A. James Rudin Samuel Stahl Alfred Wolf

Ex-offico

Joseph Glaser Robert Kahn Balfour Brickner

FROM: Richard Lehrman, CCAR Chairman, Joint Commission on Interfaith Activities

Since my letter to you of 3 April 1974, there has been considerable activity generated by the UAHC's Commission on Interfaith Activities. That activity has taken time to crystallize, but now is ready for your consideration. For reasons both ideological and economic, the UAHC has proposed to the CCAR that after 13 years, the Commission on Interfaith Activities be phased out as of this June.

The reasons are as follows:

Interfaith relations have fallen in our movement.

Few congregations ever had a congregational Interfaith committee.

Only a few of the rabbis ever gave the Joint Commission much cooperation.

The regions of the UAHC had very little success promoting interfaith activities with our colleagues or the congregations.

Despite Balfour's serious efforts to generate interest and activity, interreligious relations has simply not caught on with our people. It is today even lower on our table of priorities than it ever was before. This may not be a good situation, but it is the fact of life. That, plus the fact that the UAHC is in difficult financial straits, has caused them to take a fresh look at the realities of life.

Ending the CIA would save the movement a considerable amount of money at a time when financial conservation is much needed. The UAHC estimates that a saving of as much as \$15-20 thousand dollars per year could be affected.



If the Commission is terminated, Balfour, in addition to his work as Director of NY Federation of Reform Synagogues, will become officially a co-director with Al Vorspan of the Social Action Commission. As you know, he has been the associate Director of that Commission since he joined the UAHC years ago. The UAHC might establish a Department of Interreligious Affairs and Balfour would have special responsibilities in this field. The Department would be answerable to the President of the UAHC and the Chairman of the Board. The CCAR could, if it wished to, continue its own Committee on Interfaith Activities working either independently or in concert with the UAHC's Department.

This is a constructive and realistic proposal which the UAHC has brought to us. However, before agreeing, and as a prerequisite to the CCAR Board discussion of this question, we need your opinion as a member of the CCAR delegation to the Joint Commission.

The CCAR Board meets on June 2-3-4. I know this is late and I know you are busy, but the CCAR Board must know your position so that they resolve this issue. Therefore, please send your reaction - immediately - to Bob Kahn at the CCAR Office, 790 Madison Avenue, New York 10022, with copies to Joe Glaser, Balfour Brickner and me. The delay in corresponding was simply unavoidable - but please don't delay your immediate response.

Thank you for your cooperation.



The Biantennial Commission of the District of Columbia, Suc.

BICENTENNIAL ETHNIC/RACIAL COALITION

ARCHIVES

Summary of Activities

December 3, 1974 Washington, D. C.



The Biantennial Commission of the District of Columbia, Suc.

Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition

Summary of Activities

BACKGROUND

JEWISH

June Consultation

The American Revolution Bicentennial Administration (ARBA), under the leadership of John W. Warner, convened over 75 ethnic and racial leaders on June 27-28 in Washington, D. C. to initiate racial and ethnic participation in planning for the Nation's Bicentennial celebration. The two day conference resulted in the formation of the Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition (BERC). The June consultation affirmed the willingness of citizens to work in partnership with ARBA. It also affirmed ARBA's willingness to assist in mobilizing broader awareness and participation in planning and resource development for Bicentennial programs. The June consultation determined that:

- it would expand its membership to be more representative of ethnic and racial organizations and constituencies;
- it would prepare a second convening to deal with key issues, policies and programs for ethnic and racial participation in the upcoming Bicentennial;
- it would become an ethnic/racial coalition which would be an autonomous body;
- the cochairpersons would select and convene a steering committee drawn from the original participants.

D. C. Bicentennial Commission as Host

In January 1972 in a Bicentennial message to the nation, the President expressed the necessity for Washington to become a model to the nation in terms of community improvement and social development programs. Because the D. C. Bicentennial Commission and Assembly has indeed become a model to the nation with broad scale citizen involvement, it was asked by ARBA to provide a temporary administrative framework for the planning of a second convening of the ethnic and racial coalition. ARBA issued a contract to the D. C. Bicentennial Commission and its citizen Assembly on September 23 for this purpose.

The Interim Steering Committee

The Interim Steering Committee of the Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition of the American Revolution Bicentennial Administration met twice (Oct. 8-9 and Nov. 6-7) to continue planning for the second national meeting of the Ethnic/Racial Coalition. The Interim Steering Committee, named by Co-chairmen Geno Baroni and James Gibson, is made up of the three moderators of the workshops at the June convening, and 13 members and 13 alternates representing the many ethnic and racial constituencies of the Coalition.

Attendance was excellent at both meetings. Elevenmembers and alternates attended the October meeting at DCBC headquarters; and 12 members and alternates attended the November meeting which was held at the American Institute of Architects.

PREPARING FOR A NATIONAL CONFERENCE

The Steering Committee was charged with several procedural and programmatic tasks. The four major issues addressed by the Steering Committee were

- Delegate Selection and Expansion
- Program Model Development
- Conference Format and Planning
- Ongoing Structure and Leadership.

Delegate Selection and Expansion of BERC

One of the Interim Steering Committee's major tasks was to expand the number of delegates to the conference and to achieve the broadest possible representation of ethnic and racial groups in the United States. ARBA indicated a budgetary limitation of up to 130 delegates, so the Steering Committee's task was to approximately double the number of delegates for the second national meeting.

Seeding Local Action--Because of the necessary limitation of delegates in the national Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition and the desire to allow for full representation and participation, the Steering Committee began thinking in terms of a national resource conference of ethnically and regionally representative delegates who would be able to translate the information on programs and resources into ethnic and racial Bicentennial projects at the state and local level.

Ethnic Diversity--Following the June consultation, ARBA received a number of inquiries regarding the selection of the conference participants. Roughly 50 percent of these inquiries were initiated by the ethnic affairs staffs of the two major political parties, thus intensifying the concern for as broadly representative a forum as possible. Considerable discussion was held with the two Co-chairmen, with ARBA's Administrator and in both Steering Committee meetings regarding the appropriateness of participation by political parties in the selection of BERC delegates. The Steering Committee, while utilizing the special knowledge of the ethnic staffs of the two parties, affirmed the necessity for the BERC to remain nonpartisan.

Racial Representation—Another issue regarding delegate selection was the need to increase racial participation in the ethnic/racial coalition and in Bicentennial planning. The Steering Committee decided that more effective representation of racial groups should be a priority in the expansion of the Coalition.

Selection Criteria -- The Steering Committee developed four criteria for the selection of additional Coalition delegates. These criteria will contribute to the representative nature of the Coalition and to the follow-through capability of Coalition delegates at the regional level regarding ethnic and racial Bicentennial activities. The criteria will aid the Coalition to:

- be widely representative of active racial and ethnic groups in the United States.
- have a national communications capability.
- contribute to the functional areas of the Coalition (Arts, Culture and Heritage, or Social and Economic Neighborhood Revitalization).
- contribute to fuller regional and state representation.

Steering Committee Action-BERC staff compiled over 16,000 names of racial and ethnic individuals for consideration by the Steering Committee. At the second Steering Committee meeting a selection process was devised to meet the four criteria, and because of the funding and time constraints, a Participant Review Subcommittee was named to review staff recommendations.

Program Model Development

A major task of the second national BERC conference will be the dissemination of as much information as possible concerning programs and resources by ARBA and other federal agencies. The information exchanged at the conference will lay the basis for citizen/federal cooperation to substantiate the ethnic and racial agenda with regard to regional, state and local Bicentennial planning.

Information on state and local program models is also being developed for presentation at the national BERC conference. A number of programs will be presented which may be used as models to illustrate ethnic and racial Bicentennial programming at the regional, state and local levels. BERC staff traveled to various regions of the nation to accumulate program data for consideration by the BERC participants.

During the course of its planning the Steering Committee's concern for program models also addressed ARBA's need for assistance in developing national Bicentennial programs to be administered and supported by ARBA which will give national visibility to racial and ethnic participation in the Bicentennial.

Conference Format and Planning

The logistics of conference planning rest primarily with the resident ARBA and BERC staffs. However, the Steering Committee deliberated about specific procedural and organizational questions pertinent to an expanded number of conference delegates and nondelegate participants.

Planning for Regional Follow-through--The Steering Committee concerned itself with the planning of a resource and informative conference which would facilitate local At its second meeting the Steering follow-through. Committee determined that the national conference should be a forum for dissemination of information about programs and techniques with regard to resources and issues for the prrpose of spurring Bicentennial initiative taking in the community. Conference format questions discussed included types of workshops, major speakers and organization of participants by federal regions to effect regional follow-through. The Steering Committee discussed interaction with or presentations by representatives of federal agencies, corporations and foundations.

Workshop Format--The workshops will continue to focus on the three main areas of interest established at the June consultation--the arts, culture and heritage, and social and economic revitalization of neighborhoods. These categories correlate with ARBA's major functional program areas--Festival, Heritage 76 and Horizons 76.

A Procedures Subcommittee was named to develop voting procedures and rules for the day. The Steering Committee will meet prior to the conference to receive the Subcommittee's report.

Ongoing Structuk and Leadership

One of the major issues of concern since the June consultation has been how to identify the structure and configuration for an ongoing citizen body to advise ARBA on ethnic and racial priorities and participation in the Bicentennial. The Steering Committee discussed alternative structural, organizational and financial arrangements for the continuation of BERC beyond the second national conference.

Although no consensus was reached on the precise structural configuration, the Steering Committee did agree that the Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition should continue after the second conference and that it should be an independent advisory group.

Mr. Warner reiterated to the Steering Committee ARBA's commitment to the ethnic and racial coalition in terms of programmatic and financial support: "We propose clearly to continue this group and make available funds to give the staffing--for the Steering Committee in particular--and periodically to hold the general sessions." He also announced that a member of the BERC would be named to sit on the Advisory Council of ARBA.

A Continuity Subcommittee was named to explore and refine alternative administrative and structural arrangements. This Subcommittee will report to the Steering Committee prior to the national conference and the Steering Committee will make recommendations to the Coalition.

Subcommittees

Delegate Review Subcommittee

Dorothy Height
Martin Matsudaira
Joan Harte
Roberto Olivas
Anna Chennault
George Leber
Casimir Lenard (staff)
James Gibson (Co-chairman)
Geno Baroni (Co-chairman)

Conference Procedure Subcommittee

Gail Cincotta Charilaos Lagoudakis Taras Szmalaga

Continuity Subcommittee

Roberto Clivas Robert Coles Philip Guarino

Schedule Delays

The June consultation mandated that the second national Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition conference be held in October, 1974. Development of contract specifications and negotiation caused some delay, and funding the administrative arrangements for BERC activities was not concluded until September 23. Accordingly it was not possible to initiate planning efforts in time to schedule the meeting in October.

The Steering Committee initially sought to hold the conference in early December. However, its two planning sessions were not completed until mid November. It was also discovered that hotel preparations and other logistical arrangements required more lead time for conference preparation.

The second Bicentennial Ethnic/Racial Coalition conference will be held January 20-22, 1975, at the Shorehame Americana Hotel in Washington, D. C.

Contacts

BERC delegate's and interested parties may contact the Ethnic/Racial Coalition staff by calling or writing the following persons.

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Ethnic/Racial Program Officer
American Revolution Bicentennial Administration
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Jose Gutierrez
Program Director
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Washington, D. C. 20009
(202) 393-1976

Casimir Lenard
Deputy Director
D. C. Bicentennial Commission
1025 15th Street, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20009
(202) 393-1976

A copy of the members and alternates of the Interim Steering Committee and their addresses is attached.

INTERIM STEERING COMMITTEE

Co-Chairmen:

Monsignor Geno Baroni James O. Gibson

Moderators:

Ms. Gail Cincotta, Director Nousing, Training and Information Center 4207 Division Street Chicago, Illinois 60651

Ms. Elma Lewis Elma Lewis School 122 Elm Hill Avenue Roxbury, Massachusetts 02121

Dr. Seth Scheiner 135 North 7th Avenue Highland Park, New Jersey

MEMBER:

ALTERNATE:

Mrs. Anna Chennault The Flying Tiger Line 1511 K Street, N.W. Suite 1020 Washington, D.C. 20005 Mr. Thomas Chinn
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17 Alden Place
San Francisco, Calif. 94133

Mr. Seymour Cohen
B'nai B'rith
17th & Rhode Island Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036

Dr. Otto Feinstein 111 East Kirby Street Detroit, Nichigan 48202

Mr. Roberto Olivas Director National Council of LaRasa 1025 15th Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 Mr. Victor Alicia, Chancelle Universidad Boriqua 1766 Church St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20036 MEMBER:

ALTERNATE:

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Dr. Francis Gannon
Executive Director
Irish American Cultural Institute
320 Stonegate Drive
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Dr. William Griffin American Irish Historical Society 991 5th Avenue New York, New York 10028

Mrs. Joan Keshna Hart 4744 Horth Mulden Chicago, Illinois 60640

Ms. LaDonna Harris
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Miss Dorothy Height President, National Council of Negro Women 815 2nd Avenue New York, New York 10017 Mr. Robert Coles
Vice President
American Institute
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1735 New York Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20066

Dr. George L. Leber Order of Ahepa 1422 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20 US Mr. Charilaos Lagoudakis 3606 Kanawha Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20615

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Dr. Archangel D'Amore American-Italian Historical Association 2939 Albermarle St., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20008 Mr. Edward Marginiak President Institute of Urban Life 14 East Chestrut Street Chicago, 111inois 60611 Dr. John Kromkowski
Human Resources and Human
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e/o Notre Dame University
South Bend, Indiana 40801

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Executive Director
National Japanese-American
Citizens League
Japan Center
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San Francisco, Calif. 94115

Mr. Pondo Pappas 143 South Berlin Oregon, Ohio 43616

Dr. Preston Kronkosky
Southwestern Educational
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125 EAST 85TH STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10028 . 427-1000

RABBI HASKEL LOOKSTEIN

MARTIN LILKER
HEADMASTER, GENERAL STUDIES

RABBI JOSHUA S. BAKSTI HEADMASTER, JUDAIC STUDIES

December 5, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum 165 East 56th Street New York, N.Y. 10022

Dear Rabbi Tanenbaum:

We are looking forward to December 17 and we want to thank you for your generosity in sharing the evening with us.

The problem of Israel's new global perspective is indeed most important and we are sure that we all will gain from your knowledge.

Thank you!

Dina Mark

Sincerely yours,

Dina Markson, chrmn. General Affairs Com. Ira Rosenbloom, chrmn. Jewish Affairs Com.

THE RAMAZ PARENTS COUNCIL

invites you to attend its next meeting on December 17, 1974

8 p.m.

STUDENT-LED

SEMINARS

RAMAZ AUDITORIUM





parent-student dialogue

on the P.L.O.

FEATURING:

RABBI MARC TANENBAUM

NATIONAL INTER-RELIGIOUS DIRECTOR

OF THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

SOCIETY OF BIBLICAL LITERATURE

Constituent Member of the American Council of Learned Societies



GEORGE W. MACRAE Executive Secretary HARVARD DIVINITY SCHOOL
45 Francis Avenue • Cambridge, Mass. 02138 • Phone (617) 495-2041

December 13, 1974

Rabbi Marc Tanenbaum 165 East 56th Street New York, NY 10022

Dear Marc:

It was a pleasure to meet you in New York last Wednesday, and I thoroughly enjoyed our seminar.

I am delighted to learn of your interest in the Society of Biblical Literature. We should be honored to welcome you as a member. I enclose a membership application form. Elections to membership take place at the fall Annual Meeting, but this is largely a formality. Pending it, applicants receive the regular publications and are regarded virtually as members.

Cordial good wishes for the holiday season.

George MacRae

GM/dr (signed in absence)

Chairman, Theodor Herzl Foundation

DR. EMIL LEHMAN

SIDNEY ROSENFELD

Director, Theodor Herzl Institute

Program Coordinator

Program Administrator

DR. EMANUEL NEUMANN



THEODOR HERZL INSTITUTE

515 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10022

December 17, 1974

PHILIP S. GUTRIDE

Rabbi Mark Tannenbaum American Jewish Committee 165 East 56th Street New York, N. Y.

Dear Rabbi Tannenbaum:

Every year since the passing of Dr. Abba Hillel Silver, of blessed memory, the Herzl Institute has been presenting a special lecture in tribute to his memory.

This year's Abba Hillel Silver lecture will be held on Sunday, March 9th at 3:30 P. M.

It gives me great pleasure indeed to extend to you a most cordial invitation to be our honored guest on the platform on this very special occasion. The topic we would like to suggest would be "Israel and the Christian World Today."

We shall be highly honored by your acceptance.

With warm personal regards,

EL:dg

Called + advised & Rosenfeld's secretary Jabove + requested that she also I Convey message to Emil Leliman. Mol

th (1/21)

December 23, 1974

Horris Fine, Irving Levine, Yehuda Rosenman, Seymour Samet,
Phyllis Sherman, Harc Tanenbaum, Hort Yarmon

Will Ratz

Department Heads Coordinating Committee -- Hailing Lists

Since the discussion at our December 17th meeting regarding the use of mailing lists, I have learned (remembered?) that last April Isafah Terman did a compilation of all mailing lists extant in the agency. A copy is attached.

Please review this compilation to advise me of any changes to be made regarding the size and composition of individual lists, old lists to be eliminated or new ones to be added. This up-dated listing can then be kept in your permanent files. Also, it will serve as the basis for further discussion on the use of mailing lists at our next meeting on January 21.

WK: fd

Attachment

cc: Bert Gold Selma Hirsh

Isafah Terman



nce

1505 Race Street, Phila., Pa. 19102

telephone: LO 8-5750

no manifered

December 26, 1974

Rebbi Marc H. Tanenbaum 33-15 80th St. Jackson Heights, NY 11372

Dear Dr. Tanenbaum:

The stewardship leaders with whom you met at Miami Beach two weeks ago were very enthusiastic in appreciation of the way you led us in learning and reflection.

I am very grateful to you for the way you informed and stirred us up!

A richly satisfying New Year to you!

Cordially yours,

Deorgl S. A

Secretary for Stewardship Education

GS/ns

December 31, 1974

Rabbi Abraham I. Zigelman Temple Beth Abraham 8410 Fourth Avenue North Bergen, N. J. 07047

Dear Rabbi Zigelman:

This will confirm my acceptance of your kind invitation to address your Jewish Education Institute on March 9th, 1975, at 10:30 A.M.

Enclosed please find the bio and photo you requested. I look forward to seeing you.

Cordially,

Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum National Director Interreligious Affairs

MHT:ps Enc.