



# THE JACOB RADER MARCUS CENTER OF THE AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES

*Preserving American Jewish History*

MS-603: Rabbi Marc H. Tanenbaum Collection, 1945-1992.

Series B: Early Activities. 1945-1972

Box 9, Folder 3, Maryland Religious Freedom, 1953.

*Randall*

marc h tanenbaum

15 July 53

Dear Morris,

OK Thanks very much for the acceptance of the Md. piece.

Are you in a position to pay \$1. 35 each for shots of Etting, Cohen, Kennedy and his monument? That's the cheapest they can be gotten here. (I've written to the Hagerstown, Md., Chamber of Commerce for pictures of Kennedy and his monument and expect to hear from them during the coming week. They might loan us these two shots for free, but if not, the ones mentioned above are what's left.)

If the Hagerstown photos came thru during the week, I'll let you know; if they don't would you want those I can get from the Md. Historical Society for \$1. 35 each? Also, when is the deadline for these photos?

OK I can get a photostat of the Jew Bill from the Annapolis archives, for \$1. 15. It would be a photostat reproduction of the manuscript, in folio size, of the first page of the bill which is entitled, "An Act for the relief of the Jews in Maryland". I haven't seen it myself so I can't tell you how it might look for printing. I'm going to write the archivist for more info on its appearance, and what the cost would be for a glossy photo rather than a photostat. Will let you know about this, too.

Don't imagine you'll have enuf room for the shots of Balto., and these above, but while you're considering your selection, methought you might want to contact the ZOA for a pix if such is available of their first convention in Balto.

Have ~~maxim~~ sent your treasurer bill for 35 moolahs, as you suggested.

Lemme hear from you at your convenience re matters of finance of pixes, etc. Don't you ever go on vacation?

votre,

*Marc*

marc

P.S. a Correction in story: Paragraph 1,  
line 4: should read: "about the  
size of Israel")

mhtanenbaum  
4012 Hilton Rd.  
Baltimore 15, Md.

*Love*

Dear Marc:

This proves I do go on vacation!  
Your letter was forwarded to me at  
home by an over-diligent secy. OK  
as noted on reverse; get bill;  
Also noted correction in 2nd. piece,  
so don't worry.

Will be leaving soon and will  
be in office mid-August.

Best regards; my home  
is our place!

What's new on  
personal side?

Very yours,



HALL OF RECORDS  
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

MORRIS L. RADOFF  
ARCHIVIST

ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE  
AND MAKE PAYMENTS TO  
"HALL OF RECORDS"

July 14, 1953

Mr. Marc H. Tanenbaum  
4012 Hilton Road  
Baltimore 15, Maryland

Dear Mr. Tanenbaum:

I am glad to hear that you have completed your article on religious freedom in Maryland. I hope that when it appears you will let us know.

I am afraid that we cannot furnish you with a photograph of the cover of "The Jew Bill" which you want. The reason is that in those days the acts of assembly were not printed and covered as they are now.

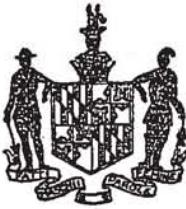
The bill in which you are interested is a two-page manuscript in folio size. One photostatic shot would give you the first page of the manuscript which is entitled "An Act for the relief of the Jews in Maryland." A second shot would give you the endorsements on the back of the bill. These photostatic shots would cost 50 cents each plus 15 cents for postage. They would, of course, be in negative form and if you wanted it in positive for printing, there would be an additional charge of 50 cents for each shot. The reason for this is that by the photostatic process a positive is made by photostating the negative.

We do not have a glossy print of Thomas Kennedy or of his monument in Hagerstown. I imagine that you could find both at the Enoch Pratt Library in Baltimore, and you would surely find them at the Washington County Historical Society in Hagerstown or the Washington County Free Library, also in Hagerstown.

Sincerely yours,

*Morris L. Radoff*  
Morris L. Radoff  
Archivist

MLR/c



HALL OF RECORDS  
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

MORRIS L. RADOFF  
ARCHIVIST

ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE  
AND MAKE PAYMENTS TO  
"HALL OF RECORDS"

July 17, 1953

Mr. Marc H. Tanenbaum  
4012 Hilton Road  
Baltimore 15, Maryland

Dear Mr. Tanenbaum:

There is no place in Baltimore where you could see a facsimile of "The Jew Bill." I cannot tell whether it would make a good illustration or not, although I should think it would.

I believe if I were you, I would order a photostatic copy of it which would cost you 65 cents, including postage. You could then decide whether you wanted it for an illustration, making allowances for the fact that the glossy photograph would enhance its appearance. We do not make photographs but a photographer here in Annapolis who does that kind of work for us charges \$5.00 per print.

If you decide to have the glossy print made I shall be glad to take care of the arrangements for you.

Very sincerely yours,

*Morris S. Radoff*

Morris L. Radoff  
Archivist

MLR/c

*OK - mark - please order & ship to us.  
Morris*



## HALL OF RECORDS

ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND

MORRIS L. RADOFF  
ARCHIVIST

ADDRESS CORRESPONDENCE  
AND MAKE PAYMENTS TO  
"HALL OF RECORDS"

July 29, 1953

Mr. Marc H. Tanenbaum  
4012 Hilton Road  
Baltimore 15, Maryland

Dear Mr. Tanenbaum:

I have your letter of July 27th in which you order a photostatic positive of Chapter 205, Acts of 1824.

Of course, you are welcome to have these photostats; but if you have any idea that ultimately you will want to use the first page of this Act as an illustration, I am sure that the photostat would not be acceptable. You would then have to buy the photograph for \$5.00. Would it not, therefore, be more economical if you got the photograph to begin with and the size that you wanted?

Please be assured that we shall be glad to help you in any way that we can.

Sincerely yours,

*Morris L. Radoff*  
Morris L. Radoff  
Archivist

MLR/c

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK  
IN  
AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS  
STATE OF MARYLAND

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
COOPERATING

EXTENSION SERVICE  
COLLEGE PARK, MD.

February 28, 1953

Mr. Marc H. Tanenbaum  
4012 Hilton Road  
Baltimore 15, Maryland

Dear Sir:

The article by Ray Thompson referred to "Agricultural Maryland," which is published by the state of Maryland's Department of Information. The information for this was supplied in part by the Extension Service.

We have ordered copies, but have not yet received them. I believe your best bet would be to write to them direct and request a copy. The address is:

Earle Poorbaugh, Director  
Department of Information  
P.O. Box 706  
Annapolis, Maryland

I hope that you will be able to get your information in this way.

Sincerely,

*Donald W. Dickson*

Donald W. Dickson  
Information Specialist

DWD/sjd

MARYLAND -- "The Free State"

by Marc H. Tanenbaum

Maryland, one of the original thirteen colonies, is often called "America in Miniature". This Middle Atlantic state is "one of the most typical of the 48 states" in that its small territory (10, 577 square miles, about the size of <sup>Israel</sup> Palestine) includes many of the geographical features of the others: an Atlantic Ocean seacoast on its eastern shores, rolling farm lands in central and southern Maryland, and half-mile high mountains forming its western borders. This varied terrain makes it possible for Marylanders to earn their living ~~in~~ in fishing, farming, mining, manufacturing, lumbering, shipping, trapping - just about every occupation common to the United States.

Founded in 1634 by Catholic and Protestant settlers who fled religious persecution in Europe, Maryland soon became known as "The Free State". This name was derived from the passage of the famous Tolerance Act of 1649 which granted religious freedom to all Christian sects. But the Act denied the same freedom to the Jews (and Unitarians) and this accounted for the very small number of Jews who settled in Maryland during its early days. According to a tradition, in 1658, Dr. Jacob Lumbroso, the first Jewish physician in the state, publicly denounced this intolerance. He was immediately brought to trial and would have been given the death penalty if Lord Baltimore, proprietor of Maryland, had not intervened to pardon him.

Although a number of Jews were scattered throughout Maryland as traders and inn-keepers during the next 100 years, the history of Maryland's Jews actually began around 1780 when the Etting family of York Town, Pa., moved to Baltimore.

already the largest city in the state. Young Solomon Etting, who quickly became prominent in Baltimore's business and civic life, joined in 1797 with Bernard Gratz, his father-in-law, in petitioning Maryland's General Assembly to repeal Article 35 in the state's constitution, which, in the spirit of the Toleration Act, denied Jews the right to hold public office unless they pledged a Christian oath. Etting and Gratz indicated the role Maryland's fifteen Jewish families had played in the American Revolution, pointing out, among other facts, that Jacob Hart of Baltimore, Haym Solomon's father-in-law, had helped raise \$10,000 for General Lafayette's soldiers. Despite their pleas, the petition for equal rights was turned down. But in the very next year, Reuben Etting, Solomon's brother, was appointed by President Jefferson as United States Marshal for Maryland. Strange as it seemed, a Jew could represent his nation, but not his state.

Similar petitions for equal rights were made in 1802, 1803, and 1804, but all were rejected. In 1808, a widow, Mrs. Judith Cohen, and her six sons, came to Baltimore from Richmond, Va. Like the Ettings, the Cohens immediately became involved in the Jewish and civic life of the growing shipping center. The eldest son, Jacob I. Cohen, Jr., developed a national reputation as a trusted banker and was elected a director of America's first railroad system, the Baltimore and Ohio, and became a founder of the Baltimore public school system. His brothers, Mendes and Philip Cohen, were among the Jewish soldiers who fought the British fleet in 1812 off Fort McHenry, where Francis Scott Key wrote "The Star Spangled Banner".

In 1818, Jacob Cohen took up the struggle for Jewish rights in Maryland. He rallied the support of Thomas Kennedy, a Scotch Presbyterian in the state legislature, and other non-Jews. Kennedy introduced the "Jew-Bill" which demanded for "the sect of people professing the Jewish religion the same rights and privileges that are enjoyed by Christians". Despite Kennedy's dedicated crusade, the "Jew-Bill" was repeatedly defeated. Finally, in 1825, after the nation's

newspapers attacked the Maryland Legislature for its "disgraceful" behavior, the "Jew-Bill" was passed. In gratitude to Thomas Kennedy, the Jews of Maryland later created a monument in his honor in Hagerstown, Md.

In 1826, Jacob Cohen and Solomon Etting were elected to the city council of Baltimore. Cohen later became president of its First Branch. Two Baltimore streets still bear the names of Cohen and Etting. Having won their civil rights, Baltimore's 150 Jews now organized themselves as a community. In 1829, they founded their first synagogue, "Nidche Israel" (the "Scattered of Israel"), which later became known as the Baltimore Hebrew Congregation. Their religious services were orthodox and were held in a single room over a grocery. Today, the Baltimore Hebrew Congregation is reformed and boasts one of the largest and most modern Temples in the state. The arrival of large numbers of German Jewish immigrants during this time, and the breaking away of some members from the parent synagogue, led to the formation of new congregations. Today, there are 50 synagogues in Baltimore, most of them orthodox.

To help care for the poor, sick, aged, and orphans among the 300 Jews living in Baltimore around 1840, a series of relief, medical, settlement, loan, and recreational institutions were organized, and many continue to function today under the direction of the ~~Masonic~~ Associated Jewish Charities. Sunday school, congregational schools, and a Hebrew Education Society were also created.

When the Civil War broke out, Maryland, which rests on the Mason-Dixon Line, found its Jews joining both the Confederate and Union armies. Leopold Blumberg of Baltimore was appointed by President Lincoln to be Provost Marshall, and later by President Johnson, <sup>Andrew</sup> Brevet Brigadier-General of the Maryland Infantry. Dr. Benjamin Szold, rabbi of Cheb Shalom congregation and father of Henrietta Szold, interceded with Lincoln to save the life of a Jewish deserter. Rabbi David Einhorn of the radical reform congregation, Har Sinai, was forced to flee Baltimore because he preached the abolition of slavery.

The Russian pogroms of the 1880's brought Baltimore its first Russian Jewish

(MORE)

Jewish

immigrants (the city's earliest settlers having been Dutch and German, and later Polish and Lithuanian). In 1869, Henrietta Szold, who was born in Baltimore in 1860 and who became the foremost Jewish woman of our time, organized the first night school in the U.S. for new immigrants, to teach them English, American history, and their rights and duties as citizens. The city itself took over the night school in 1897, and soon found the project was being rapidly copied all over the country. Henrietta Szold's greatest contribution was made, however, in 1912 when she founded in Baltimore what was to become the largest women's Zionist organization in the world, Hadassah.

In 1900, Baltimore, which now numbered some 40,000 Jews, became the site of the first American Zionist convention. Dr. Harry Friedenwald, a distinguished Baltimore eye doctor, was the first president of the Zionist Organization.

During the next fifty years, the Jewish population more than doubled. Of Maryland's 100,000 Jews, some 80,000 live in Baltimore, a few thousand live in Annapolis, the state's capital which also houses the U. S. Naval Academy, and the remainder are scattered throughout the 23 counties of "the Free State". The Jews have played a vital role in the business and industrial growth of Maryland, and an equally important part in the professional, educational, and cultural growth of the 300-year-old state. Johns Hopkins University with its famous hospital, both located in Baltimore, the University of Maryland in College Park, St. Johns University in Annapolis, among the other educational institutions in Maryland, have counted distinguished Baltimore Jews among their professors and students.

Maryland, and especially its courteous, conservative "Monumental City" of Baltimore (whose trademark is red-brick houses with white marble steps) have deeply affected and have been equally affected by the rich and varied growth of one of the great Jewish communities of this country.

1634 - Rec'd. est. under Lord Becto. [Matthew de Sonis or "Solis"]

1st Rec: 1634.

1649 - Toleration Act - freedom of religion to all Christians, denied to Jews, but Jews to settle in N.Y., Newport, Savannah, Charleston

- A few Jews appear in 1639, 1660-1692 [1658 - Dr. Jacob, physician, first Jewish born & naturalized, for ~~the~~ questioning King, fought for freedom of belief [Jews legally w/o civil rights, denied freedom of residence, liable to punishment by death for profession of faith, actually was permitted undisturbed residence & gradually allowed certain rights]]

1692 - Crown Colony of England (Protestant church)

## AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES

1715 - Act of 1715 - all public offices - holders Xans; excluding Jews  
Judaism prohibited by Chetha(?) till 1775 :. no Jewish Community till 1775

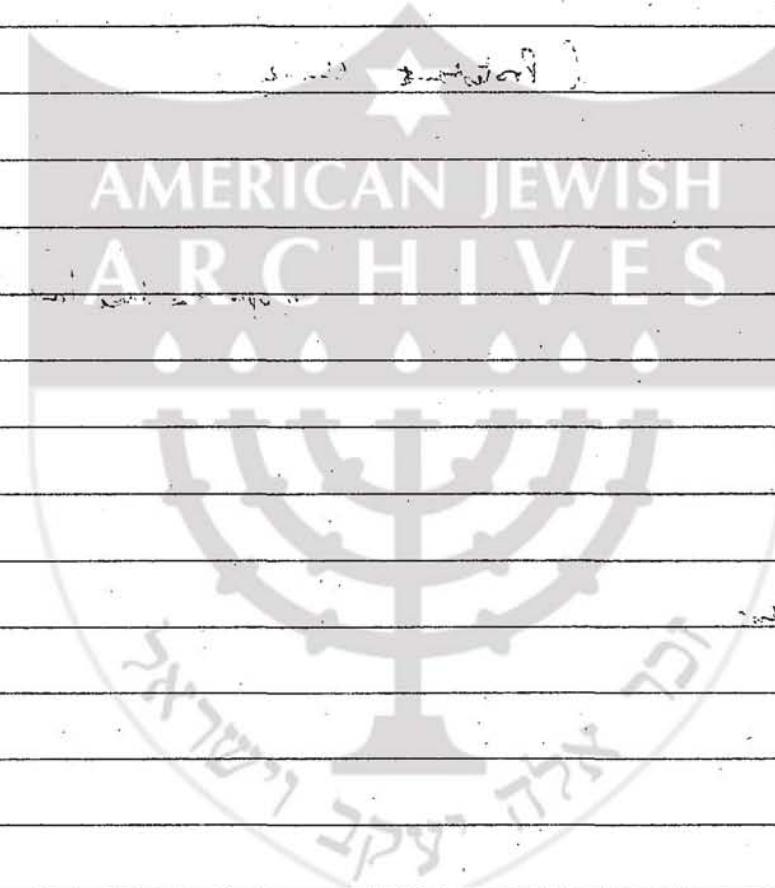
1723 - Decr for non-Xans

1776 - Jews settle Safely in N.Y.; Article 35 of Const. required Xan oath though U.S. Constitution struck it out. [Jew could hold U.S. office, but not State]

Ist Per: 1634 - 1750 (expansion trade, commerce)

II) 1760 - 1826 (removal of post disabilities)

III) 1826 - 1896 (German immigration, long. develop., communal growth)



## I - PROVINCIAL

(A)

- 1) It can't be determined when Jews first settled in B.
- 2) None among buyers of lots when town laid out 1729 but Jews were resident in Md. in mid-1600's.
- quickly growing town attracted some of their descendants early in its history
- 3) Family traditions indicate Jews in Balt. in 1750
- 4) 1773 - Jews settled as traders in W. Indian products - Benjamin Levy { no Jewish comm. in Balt. at time of Revol. - friend of few settlers
- 1781 - Jacob Hart, Haym Solomon's father-in-law, helped raise \$10,000 for Lafayette for relief of Wash. soldiers under his command
- 1786 - Jewish Cemetery (earliest community of some size "Jew Alley" used till 1832, yr. in which oldest Jew. cemetery now in use was est.

[PRAC]

Jewish history really starts w. ETTING family "oldest Jew. family in Md."

1787 - family settled

1789 - Solomon Etting, 25, hardware bus. on Calvert below Loyall Lane [1805 - moves to Market St., now E. Bond; Shopping & Commerce] [1828 - Dov. B80]

1796 - Solomon Etting <sup>1st</sup> <sup>Union</sup> est. Bank (w. under bry. Myer Solomon & Levy)

1796 - yr. of incorporation - 15 Jew. families [a number of families began settling Cohen most prominent] [Jacob, Philip Mendes, David, Joshua, etc.]

(1808) - Israel J. Cohen (prom. in Rockland) & Sons come [Jacob, Judith, Benj., David, Joshua, etc.]

COTTONS & ETTINGS Played prom. part in Balt. Jerry & City

Jacob I Cohen, died, now buried [8 Brs.]

- reput. of integrity & trust; held offices in corporation & in city Govt.

- figure in Emancipation struggle 1818-26, when "Jew Bill" was debated in Md. legislature.

- Bill proposed "to consider the justice & expediency of extending to those persons professing the Jew. religion the same privileges that are enjoyed by Xans." [not clear what this means]

- Dec 9, Committee to consider equal ~~today~~  
 1818 Thos. Kennedy introduces Jew Bill [only "Belief in a future state of rewards & punishment  
 & other prominent non-Sec<sup>ns</sup> [Movement] instead of Xan rel<sup>g</sup>] to consider the question of "protecting the  
 b. Parsley, Scot. 1776; 20 to U.S. to "spend days in freedom's cause" w. the Xans"  
 - 1817- Wash. County delegate to Md. Leg. "caused to find an intolerable situation in Md" by studying Constit.  
 - Jews not understood why anyone deprived of right to offer because of religion [common on first day of those  
 Jan 13, 1819 - Act introd. "to extend to the rest of people professing the Jew. relig. the same rights &  
 privileges now as enjoyed by Xans. (56 to 24 aginst, 1820- 47 to 20 ag.; called 'enemy of Xy'; 1/2 Jew, other  
 1/2 not a Xan; shameful attack on Xan relig.); again elected, reintroduced bill;  
 1822- pushed thru; to be passed by 2 Leg. sessions; 1823. did not pass; Kennedy defeated, bill voted down 44-28  
 elected as independent, newspaper "a disgrace & a shame"; passed 45 to 32 - Mo's stronger on relig. deduction  
 1825-26
- On passage of "Jew Bill" in 1825-26, applied practically  
 to election of Solomon Etting & Jacob I Cohen, Jr. to seats in  
 Balt. City Council. [Cohen later Pres. of First Branch; 5 yrs. successively Commiss. of Finance]
- own private cemetery

- After 1826, history ceases to be hist. of prom. in individuals  
 becomes that of community [1830- Chartered; 1832- 1st electing  
 1826 w. Removal of civil disabilities occurs first of reg. meeting of  
 relig. Services, continued down to today - began in house of  
 Zalma Rehine<sup>[1812 from Richmond]</sup> FIRST SYN IN MD 1829  
 ISRAEL, now known as "Balt. Hebrew Cong." - or as "Stadt. Schol"  
 - 1838 another org. in another section of city "Fell's Point", 2 smaller  
 "Relief" till 1842  
 - no cong before 1830 since Jews were peddlers & away from home  
 - 1837 ISRAEL rented rooms, then 1-story bldg. [58 members]  
 - 1837 bought 3-story brick bldg.  
 - 1845 - moved to Lloyd St, ded. by Rev. S.M. Isaacs of N.Y. & Rev. Isaac  
 lesson of Phila - <sup>Rev. Isaac (Phil)</sup> any goods store  
 moved to handsome bldg. on Madison Ave. <sup>Temple</sup>  
 - 1842 - Has Sinai - radical change in liturgy - <sup>Sunday Service</sup> 1855 David Einhorn / E.C. Hirsch  
 - 1853 - Ahav Shalom - <sup>Conservative</sup> Change - Eutaw St, out of central  
 beautiful bldg. in city - (B'nai Avraham 5 gold) <sup>w. Civil War, appealed to public \$600,000 for debt  
 1856 - Hebrew School built 1858 (1851- Feb. 1852) from Isaac Jacobs - Henry E. 1860  
 - 1865 - 3 orthodox. B'nai Chaim, 1871 - Chizuk Emmanuel (Chasidic Synagogue)  
 - 1878 - Shearith Israel <sup>orda</sup> E. Raynor - elec. Ad. Leg., 1886- Sr. Senator, 1886-3 terms Congress  
 1899 - attorney Gen.; U.S. Senator 1904-11 - U.S. Senator  
 1870. mixed choir, Rabbi  
 un-ordained sermons</sup>

- 20 other (1901)  
1857 - Sephardim

(A)

1773 - (Dec. 9, Bath Advertiser) Bony, bony; whale & retail (Bath & Calais) <sup>Market</sup>

(6)

1758 - Jacob Myers brought an inn, (Cayf Market) ? a few  
1765 - Solomon Etting Bern Gratz (S. Etting father-in-law) & Michael Gratz signed Phila Non-importation Resol. <sup>First</sup>  
1776 - Jacob Cohen in R.W., banker - Richard May St., City Council member <sup>Dock & July</sup>

1780 - Shrook Etting from York Town, Pa., (Cayf Market) leading tanner

Jews in dock of west'ld towns [April 18, 1781 - letter to warden: merchants of West Ind. sent sum

1781 - Nathan Levy worked before the <sup>in</sup> <sup>and</sup> Andrew Etting Brit. prison at Charleston  
in "First Batt. Cavalry."

## AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES

(adv. 1782)

1790 - Shrook's brother, Esq. Solomon, hardware on Marlboro St.; Levi Solomon; 1793 - Myn Solomon

1792 - Solomon Etting app'td to forward resol. to Wash. and app'ren w. G. Br. <sup>by b'ring</sup>

Dec. Sol. Etting & Bern Gratz petition Gov. Mo. that Jews "might be placed on same footing w.

1797 - other good citizens" [as denied in Mo. 1776 constitution]

1798 - Reuben Etting app'td U.S. Marshal for Md. by Pres. Jefferson (of course)  
Independent Blue "regt. in expect of war w. France; Reuben elected Capt. of Co.

- Petition for equal rights denied 1802-3 - 4 [14 yrs later again demand equal rights, 1818] <sup>by Rep. Assembly</sup>
- Struggles led by Thos. Kennedy, Scotch Presbyt;
- obtained nat'l abolition papers urging helping Nat'l & Disarmace

Part A

1812-14 - Defend Free Mchthod - Monroe I & Phillips I Cohen, Samuel Eltinge, Lewis Colman, from Boston  
[not war] - mult from comp. entirety of Jews, West Bay, 1st built.

1812 - Leon Dyer to Balto. - worked in farmer's beef packing, first in Amer.; acting mayor during bread riots  
major in Texas; Seminole war; Col. in Mex War; 1840 - pres of BACay; 1847 - health to SF, medical, 1st long.  
1883 - d. in Louisville  
1846 - pres W.H. Bauer Soc.

1828 = 150 Jws. in Md. (equal rights)

- JACOB COHEN: founder of Balto Pub School System, director of BSO, Colon Egypt, acting to J.A.C.  
1st pres of Phila RR;  
JOSHUA [physician] COL. MENDES collected antiqu in Nile Valley

- Hist of Jews in Md., becomes that of Jews of Balto.

- in a room over a grocery store;

1828 - Sol. Eltinge dir. of BSO  
1832 - Oct 17 - Kennedy dies of Brown Meatra {Irish Chorus - protestant} - immigr GERMAN JEWS  
1834 - rec'd of Hebrew Benevolent Soc. of Balto.

1835 - 300 Jews in Balto.

1840 - less than 200 families

Daughters of David & Macc {Jackets - silent work}

1867 - Art 36  
Mo. Const: relig liberty; witness, prob, belief in existence of God, rewards & punishment; no relig test other than belief in God

- Practically all German immigrants settle in Germany (No Portugal) 1860 - Poles Lithuanians

1860 - Russ

1890 - another

1895 - Union Hts. Zionist Soc.

even Assoc. Jew. Charities

1843 - Hebrew Assistance Soc. (later incorp Hebrew Blind School of Balto,  
& Asylum Society now Sinai & Leavenworth St. Angels Jewish Consolative Home (Art. Pleasant)  
1860 - Poor, now Sinai & Leavenworth St. Angels Jewish Consolative Home (Art. Pleasant)

- Hebrew Hospital Soc. & Aged & Orphan (Art.) Council, Lillian Morris, M.D. (now Seminary) built  
1846 - July 3 - Hebrew - Lillian Morris, M.D. (now Seminary) 1847 - John Cohen - remote date of \$54 - 00 } 1930  
1856 - 1st Sunday School patronized by the Hebrews - Brody in funds

+ 6d - Sinai by Einhorn CIVIL WAR - Confed & Fed arms - 1000000 Black rabbi G. E. Levy, Rev. John  
Linden app't Provost Marshal 3rd Dist. Brevet brig - genl. M. Infantry Reg.

1876 - Long Silvers in Tch, Germany, later Eng.

1876 - JHU opened schools, teachers. Dr. Harry Freedman, eye doctor, degree; Abraham Löbel (1893 - math);  
Jacob H. Hollander (1899 - assoc prof finance, 1904 - prof polit Econ; Abraham Löbel (1893 - math); 1926 - prof) 1889-1899 - Henrietta Gold

1889 - Talmud Torah | MacCabeans - Evening Classes, helps my revision Hebrew Lit. Soc.  
Mrs. Adela Hester, mother of a teacher who taught me to write in print

1889-99. Russian Jew's W. pub School (Ike Weller Szold) founded Hadassah in Baltz. in 1912  
1900. Macmillan Hotel [late 1913] - 1921. <sup>foremost Jew. woman of our time</sup> Ruth from Abyss [1910-100 other. women of last cent. by 1812  
1897. closed, city took over  
1901- first <sup>Am.</sup> Zionist Convention [Dr Harry Friedenwald, first pres.] of immigrants (now) too  
1909- to Pal; 1934 (75) Youth Aliyah from Germany 'Bells of WW I  
1909- in Baltz d. 1945 (84); 1937- Taburessa <sup>WW II</sup> thanks to  
l. 1860; 1893-1895 Amer. Congregation Sp. Israel  
1910, Gen., etc.  
1910- to Pal; 1934 (75) Youth Aliyah from Germany 'Bells of WW I  
1910- in Baltz d. 1945 (84); 1937- Taburessa <sup>WW II</sup> thanks to  
l. 1860; 1893-1895 Amer. Congregation Sp. Israel

1909- in Baltz, part in Cornell, Hague

1901- 35, <sup>Baltz,</sup> 40,000 in pop. 508, 957 (25,000 km)

1902:

## AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES

1906- Federation Jws. Charities (Holland) <sup>Jacob</sup> 1st pres - Gen. Sec

1907. United Kehilah - New York

1909. Hebrew Educ Soc - School for High Teachers - Dr Sander Bendix <sup>natural method Hebrew</sup> Amer. Jw. Ed.

1910. 40-50,000

1913- JEA dedicated by M.S. Levy children, presented to community (Lester Levy)

1914- WWI: Brig. Gen'l Charles Henry Tauchertines of Marine (in 37 yrs.; Navy Disting. Service medal)

915

916

917

1918- Z.B. Shatz lead drive for monument over Theodore Kennedy grave in Hyattstown (Mt.field ad.)

1920- New Y

1920- Steinman - U.S.A.A. - Hebrew; Joseph Shirbod; Sydney Hollander; Moller; Blaustein (Rockwood Kohn)  
1921- Greenstein - U.S.A.A. - Hebrew; Simon Sobeloff; Herman Moller; Abel Wolman (pres American Health Assoc) Tritschler

1944- 76,124 (Berlin 73,000) Simon Sobeloff; Herman Moller; Abel Wolman (pres American Health Assoc) Tritschler

## BUSINESSES

- clothing mfg in own hands; men's wearing apparel, straw hats
- Dept stores,
- Financials - report. of profits
- Sculpture
- ~~engraving~~

RCPA. in All professions [edu & cult finance]

Explorations abroad [headed by Friedmann]

- prof in academic Colleges (Joshua I. Cohen, Friedmanns) Aaron Harry Jacobson
- JHU [Simon Flexner <sup>full prof. Rockfeller Fund. (Part Amer.)</sup>] Cyrus Adler → assoc prof. Jonas S. Friedmann Charles Austin
- Leopold Straus <sup>Strouds</sup> Robbie library
- Senator fellowship - Wm. S. Rainey
- for Henry Sonnenberg - Jew. Ceram objects
- Oriental Sem. - 2 free Jew. profs. Aaron Ender (Egypt) Dr. Wm. Flaman (from Russia)  
Dr. Lyons Adler (assoc in Sem. long: pres. ITS, Drexel coll., AJ Comm., JA Agency)
- PHLO - George Boas; ED: Dr. Florence Bamberger, David Wissler; ALCOA: Prof. David Blandford

## PUBLIC SCHOOLS (60 Jew teachers)

- Jacob I. Cohen, Jr., est. public School system
- His nephews placed "Ottoman Collection of Egypt, Assyria" in JHU

### PITIANTS

- Jacob Epstein (Bach-Bogen House) Assoc Jew Univ., Sonnenberg
- Aaron & Lily Straus (Carnegie Music & Art, David Wissler)

- Two "Jew Alleys" - old burying ground site; west. Entwistle St.
- Mahanay St. ; Cohen Alley in residence of a Cohen brother,
- Eltinge St.

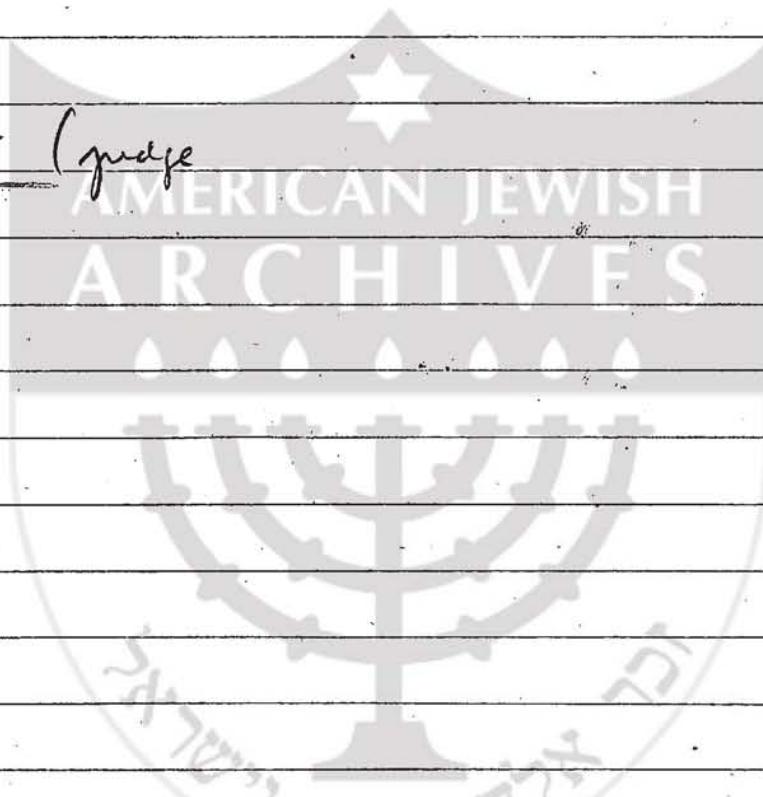
public offices (town, city, state, nation)

- Councilmen, State Senators

Justice of peace

election supervisor

city law dept (judge)



boards

Special Commission

- Jacob A. Hollander, first treas. Porto Rico, Pres Roosevelt in war emergency,  
"Jew" fully named

Congress

- Isidor Rayner (50, 52, 53) often state leg., - etc., genl of state

Pix: 1) View of city; (2) view of Cong.

AAA



1800 words

### 1) Geography - Name? (Hist., Founded? By whom? When?)

- 1 of 13 orig. states { firsts: railroad, telegraph, type, dental college, medical research}
- 300 yrs. since founding; topographic contrasts (Allegheny Mts. to Atlantic Ocean, Chesapeake Bay: Eastern, West Shore)
- First colonists 1634, royal charter had Baltimore, Leonard Calvert laid out St. Marys; 1649, Puritans expelled from Va. for non-conformity est. colony on site of Annapolis (state capital) called Providence; 1649, Toleration Act "protection of Ind's colonial history" guaranteed relig. freedom to all XAP SECTS; Puritans seized control; repealed Toleration, Lord Baltimore recovers 1658.

### 2) Jews played important role

### 3) Towns named after Jews

Etting St., & Mt. Zion  
Jew Alley

### 4) Jews concentrated in Balto, MD?

949, 708

- Founded 1729, incorp. 1797 w. pop. 20,000; port, shipb. center Balto. Cliffs - Spruce, clothing, alcohol
- harbor; 2nd foreign trade tonnage
- factories, airplanes, radio, telephone, ship steel
- situated by land, H2O - Ft. McHenry; First R.R. passenger & freight st.; 1st B.P.O.; 1st telegraph company "Luther H. Hark" (1847)
- JHU, Hopkins Med., Dent., Nursing, Pharmacy, Law; Goucher, (St. Mary's Sem. & Univ., Loyola, College Notre Dame) U. of B., Peabody, Md. Inst.; Mt. Vernon Pl. most hist. sq. in city - 1st man. to Geo Wash (1815-29) machine

### 5) Size of state; products, industry, agric.; attractions

Ft. McHenry; Star Spangled Banner was at 1812

- Pop. 2,448,000 (23rd); 10,577 sq. mi. (49th area 1120); Old-Line, Free State; Black-eyed Susan; Woods - beech, beech
- freedom, agric. { corn, wheat, many crops; livestock, dairying, poultry; Smo. tobacco; fruit
- Mfg., food - chief industry [canning, whole tomatoes - steel, wire, copper, auto, fertilizers, cotton goods, chemicals, shipping]
- Second largest port in U.S.; famous fishing; sea food (largest cannery center of world, oysters)

### 6) State Capital Naval Academy, St. John's? { Hillel?

- Other Cities? 1608 Capt. John Smith visited Annapolis; 1643, 10 Puritan families
- 1694 - named Capital, after Princess Anne - 1708 chartered, one of oldest in country
- 1774 - 1st group of delegates, Association of free men
- 1772 - oldest state capitol still in use

Q

7) First Jews in Md.? Hist. of settlement, immigration

Q

8) First important Jewish personality, settled?, in? Achievement?

AMERICAN JEWISH  
ARCHIVES

Q)

10) Next settlement - <sup>began</sup> 1881 - A leading personality

Q

11) 1881-1913 immigration [FIRST ORGANIZATION, teacher, Rabbi, Synagogue]

(12) Reformed Jews; First Orthodox; Conservative; members, Coop  
②

(13) Balto. Jewish Center (library? no. of Jews in Balto.?)

AMERICAN JEWISH  
ARCHIVES

(14) First Jew. settlers to other communities (pops.? Congs.?)

(15) Orgs. Created in Md.? Hadassah? Szold?

(16) Jews & state (Pop. - play important role) - "Jewish Times"

23 Counties [1,500 - 1902]

1902- Md. - 26,000

1909 - 76,000

22 Bright St. - First.

Near  
Jew Pop Beg

1) Balt. - 950,000 (1902 - 25,000;  
859,000 ('50) - 75,000?

1796 - Balt., 15 families

1835 - Md., 300

1902 - Md. 26,000 (1,500 counties)

1910 - Balt. 40 - 56,000

1944 - Md. (76,124) Balt. 73,000

1953 - 80,000 (Balt.) Md.

100,000

3) Cumberland - 37,600 (165 J. in 1901)

4) Hagerstown - 36,260 (209 - 1902)

5) Frederick - 18,142

6) Salisbury - 15,141 (2nd post)

7) College Park - 11,170

8) Cambridge - 10,351

9) Annapolis - 10,047  
13,000 - 11,000 J. 2nd

10) Washington - 6,140 (Wm. & College)

11) Easton 4,836

12) Laurel 4,482

13) Crisfield 3,688

14) Towson - 2,075

15) Thurmont 1,676 (1825 - marches; Monitor room)

16) Oakland 1,640

17) Taneytown 1,420

18) Princess Anne 1,407 (Md. State. College)

19) Ocean City 1,234

H O W A R D  
D A Y T O N  
H O T E L S

SEABREEZE MANOR  
HOMOSASSA SPRINGS HOTEL - HOMOSASSA SPRINGS  
POWELL HOTEL - LAKE CITY  
SARASOTA ISLANDS  
CASA VIEJA HOTEL  
CHARLESTON, W. VA.  
CLINTON HOTEL - CLINTON, S.C.  
CLIVEDEN, LEXINGTON, VA.  
COLLEGE PARK HOTEL - COLLEGE PARK, MD.  
LORD CALVERT HOTEL - LONDON, ENGLAND  
LORD CALVERT HOTEL - CLIVEDEN, LEX.  
CHERKESSE HOTEL - CHERKESSE, DIVISION  
DAYTON-CHAMBERS - OTHERS

Jews  
PROVINCE

1) Est. provinc. govt at St. Mary's, 1634 - Eng. trade, commerce ~~most~~ 1750's  
- influx of Jews as in N.Y., Newport, Savannah, Charleston  
- Mathias de Sousa (1639 - 25 yrs. before Dixie Island at N. Am.) His record  
in Md. is apprehensible now, from earliest days of Patroonate [No open profession of faith]  
- JACOB or JOHN LOMBARDI, government, first & only Jew whose birth is documented  
(earlier Md. in Md., his arrival distinct event, important b/c. in economic opt.  
1660-92 (outcomes of proprietary govt) Jew names appear, but no community

2) 1765 - 1826 [removal of political disabilities]

3) 1826 - 1896 [German immigration, emigration, development, annual growth]

"FRIENDLY SOUTHERN HOSTS"

Howard Dayton Hotel



LORD CALVERT HOTEL

COLLEGE PARK, MD.

1825 - Full Emancipation in Prussia

1870 -

250,000 Jews in U.S.

1881 - Jews, 1,000,000 (181 - 1900 - 600,000 immigrants) "

63 - 1,500,000 "

1925 - 3,000,000 { N.Y. 1,750,000



BALTIMORE

- greatest industrial development in Free State has centered in and around Balt (new plant investment in 52 was record \$149 million in 37 new industries, 144 exist plants)
- a banking and financial center (given it an ingrown conservatism & sobriety)/increase 78%
- attracts industries wanting cheap & strategic transportation over 51
- Sparrows Pt; Amer Sugar refining Co processes raw sugar shipped; fertilizer & chemical plants find waterside location profitable.
- since late 1800s Balt mfgs been able to ship goods westward at lower rail rates than competitors in Phila, NY and Boston.
- abundant water, gas & electric power & plentiful supply of labor contr to growth
- GROWING COUNTRY WIDE TENDENCY TO SEEK OPEN SPACES; EXPANDING INTO HILL COUNTRY WEST OF CITY WHERE WORKERS CAN FOLLOW TIME HONORED MARYLAND CUSTOM OF HAVING A "LITTLE COUNTRY PLACE" AND STILL HAVE COMFORT OF PAY CHECK (AT HEART WE'RE COUNTRYMEN; NOBODY HAS GIVEN US ONE COMPELLING REASON WHY A COMPANY LIKE OURS HAS TO BE LOCATED IN A CITY)

a-sedate, mature town, founded 1729, its age bred in it a conservatism that rubs off on citizens. City doesn't deal in superlatives...

- 1904 fire, rebuilt modern business district
- 1939, with WW II, flexed industrial muscles
- city mfg products ranging from airplanes and tin cans to chemicals & straw hats
- major distribution center; some of world's largest shipbuilding & repairing facilities
- 70 passenger & cargo steamship lines sail from Balt docks to 175 overseas destinations

-POP, nearly 1 million (nation's 6th largest city) industr employment of 200,000

-organized program to eliminate slums (The Baltimore Plan)

a respectable, one of few large U.S. cities w/o organized underworld

-big names in business: General Motors assembly plant, Glenn L. Martin builds air force bombers, Bethlehem makes steel (409 metal working firms)

-food concerns

-TRADEMARK IS STREET AFTER STREET OF RED BRICK ROW HOUSES EACH WITH ITS WHITE MARBLE STEPS

-BALTIMOREANS ARE SOMEWHAT RESERVED: THEY TREAT NEWCOMERS COURTEOUSLY BUT w. A CERTAIN aloofness. DESPITE SOCIAL FRIGIDITY RESIDENTS TRY TO GIVE AN APPEARANCE OF LIVELINESS.

-Port of entry & principal city of state, situated on estuary of Patapsco River about 12 miles from Chesapeake Bay.

MD

-America in miniature; though its 23 counties & Balto city cover only 10, 577 sq. miles of land and water, Md. boasts a varied terrain: tidewater lowlands along the Atlantic coast, hilly farm country inland from Baltimore,  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile high mts. in the west.

-LITTLE STATE, founded in 1634 by English settlers with basic tenet that every man has a right to his own opinion & duty to defend it. Lord Baltimore, under charter from K. Charles I, was determined to establish a colony w. complete freedom of worship 300 years ago, Md. adopted a religious toleration act. Because it was the only spot in the known world of that day where a man could worship acc to his conscience, "Free State" became a later Md. designation.

-Ches. Bay Bridge, opened summer 52, links eastern part of Md. w. rest of state, replacing 40-minute ferry ride w. 6-minute drive ("The Sho'" eastern peninsulae

-"curious duality", Govl Theo Ross McKeldin, runs thru state's life. "It's half water, half dry land, half the land is field or meadow, and half mt; its original economy was based half on tobacco, half on wheat; orig settlers drawn half from Cavaliers, half from Puritans, part were Catholic, part Protestant; Its present sustenance is derived part from its bays & rivers, part from its soil. Its pop is half urban and half rural. It's a border state w. attributes of both north & south.

-Just about ever way of making a living common to the U.S. can be found here: fishing, trapping, truck gardening, poultry raising, dairying, limbering, mining and mfg., food processing, exporting & importing--and working for U.S. govt.

-U.S. agricultural research center at Beltsville

-Md waters yield \$20 million annual seafood harvest; 20,000 people make a living "farming" the ocean & Chesapeake Bay, supplying gourmets w. oysters, clams, diamond back terrapin, varieties of fish (40-odd species from freshwater catfish & carp, to ocean-dwelling porgies, mackerel, & sea-bass.) Many communities depend wholly on the sea for a livelihood

-MEN'S HATS INC., world's largest maker of men's straw hats (xxxx 2.2 millions dress hats annually, 1.8 million straws (1/3 of total world production) 400,000 felts.

-12,000 work at building & repairing ships in 12 ship construction-repair yards; Biggest is Bethlehem's Sparrows Point yard, producing more than 82,000 gross tons in 52. Md. Drydock overhauls, repairs, converts ships & machinery for every maritime nation in world; big yard berths 32 vessels at a time; 4 floating docks can hoist 18,000 tons [\$.45 million being invested for expansion]

-8 thoroughbred race tracks (Laurel, Pimlico, Bowie; annual classic at Baltim's Pimlico track is the Preakness, second only to Kentucky derby in popularity; goes back to 1695, Talbot county deed filed for "race course"

- ONE BILLIONTH CASE OF FOOD CANNED IN MD SINCE 1836 BEGAN CANNING (Md's rich farmland plus nearness to string of huge consumer markets, NYC, Phila, Balt, Wash) ONE OF NATION'S LEADING CANNING CENTERS. (More than 200 Md canneries packed 240,600 tons of veggies values at \$75 million; tomatoes led, sweet corn, green peas, snap beans, lima beans, asparagus, cucumbers; tuna packing plant at Nanticoke, fish Bro't from S. Amer MAKES OWN CANS AND TIN PLATE (2.5 million tins in 52

FOUR FACETS TO MD PERSONALITY:

- 1) seafaring aspect of life on Eastern Shore & in Baltimore harbor
- 2) humming industrial community that extends for 30 miles from heart of Balto.
- 3) rolling farm area of central & southern Md. (supporting \$60 million dairy industry)
- 4) Mountainous section of western part of state, dotted w. orchards, forests, where farmers grow hay, corn, potatoes & buckwheat.

-As befits area whose roots go back more than 300 years, Free State has dozens of spots to lure tourists and historians. (Frederick boasts home of Barbara Fritchie, and grave of Francis Scott Key, who wrote Star Bangled Banner) Annapolis, state capital is a mecca for yachtsmen & sightseers (w. its U.S. Naval Academy, greatest in world) physical appearance changed little in two centuries, narrow streets, hopeless summer traffic jams as tourists head for Eastern Shore.

-Eastern counties on both sides of Chesapeake Bay are threaded by creeks & estuaries. Area's economy dominated by seafood production, vegt & poultry growing, summer vacation trade.

-counties south of Annapolis are center of Md. tobacco industry, \$20 million annual crop sold to cigarette mfg for blending purposes.

-impressive no govt installations: Naval hospital, Natl Inst of health in Bethesda; Agr dept research center at Beltsville; Census Bureau at Suitland, Fort Meade, Army Chemical Center at Edgewood, Aberdeen Proving Grounds where weapons are tested. Annapolis, U.S. Naval Academy, another naval base on Patuxent (U.S. govt has 215,000 acres in Md.; If this keeps up we'll become a federal reservation instead of a state w. sovereign rights"

MD HAS A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING AND DESPITE ITS LIMITED AREAS - LESS THAN 10,000 SQ. MILES OF LAND - ITS OVERALL DIVERSITY MAY QUALIFY IT AS THE "MOST TYPICAL" OF ALL 48 ST IN TOP 10.  
MD RANKS/THRID IN OF ALL 48 IN PER CAPITA INCOME.

NARRATOR: On the twenty-sixth day of what was hoped to be this last year  
of twilight, the village crier stood in the center of the market square,  
as he had since memory has can recall. His left hand clenched the  
lantern, and in his right hand--no, it was not the bell of the  
village crier. He held the shofar, the ram's horn. He was preparing  
for that day...

(SHOFAR: FEW NOTES, SCOUNDED WITH DIFFICULTY)

VOICE: Try again, Crier, there is little time...try again

NARRATOR: ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ CRIER: (VAGABOND) Well, yes  
(SHOFAR: CLEAR SUSTAINED)

VOICE: Good, Crier, good. All is ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ PREPARED...

NARRATOR: And then the village crier made his announcements

CRIER: ~~xxxx~~ (PROJECTING) By the twilight dial this is the 26<sup>th</sup> twilight

day, four less than thirty, the end of the twilight era. Let the

Valley of Olam repair yet more and hasten the end of our curse...

NARRATOR: There were none of the usual announcements. No announcements of ~~perjury~~  
~~deaths~~ or larceny, no declarations on beatings or bloodshed. No robberies  
~~no mayhem~~, ~~no~~ denunciations...just simple (from this) announcements ~~of~~ ~~about~~ ~~a~~ people

CRIER: Let it be known that ~~at the~~ end of the valley of Olam until the other

~~and~~ ~~against~~ from the first twilight day until this ~~no man~~

has raised his hand against his neighbor, no evil word has passed from  
the lips of an Olamite, and as far as can be determined no rancor can  
be found in the bosom of any who inhabit our valley.

NARRATOR: ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ There was  
none to dispute the claim of the village crier. It was common belief  
among the villagers and they were strengthened by ~~the~~ its truth. They  
had taken the words of Reb Jospeh and in twenty-six days had built ~~ladder~~  
a ladder, its base upon the valley, its uppermost reaches touching  
through the cloud and into the heavens. They had built it rung by rung.  
Yet on the twenty-eighth day, two days less than thirty, the end of  
the twilight era, in the schoolroom lit by lanterns, the teacher and

CUMBERLAND

westernmost city of state, gateway for pioneers who trekked westward across the Alleghany mts.

-second largest mfg center, produces rayon, beer, glassware, bricks



HAGERSTOWN

bit to the east of Cumberland, is home of world-famous Moller pipe organ factory, & Fairchild aircraft works

-Between Cumberland & Hagerstown, one can "walk across Md" from West Va. into Penn by a mere 30 mile walk. At this pt state is squeezed between Potomac River and the Mason-Dixon line marking boundary w. Penn.

REB: his heart there was a prayer...

REB J: (FILTER) Unto thee do I lift up my eyes,  
that  
O thou ~~who~~ dwellest in the heavens  
Behold as the eyes of the servant  
are directed unto the hands of their masters

As the eyes of a maiden unto the hands  
of her mistress;

Thus are our eyes directed unto the Lord, Our God,  
until he be gracious unto us.

Be gracious, O Lord! be gracious unto us

For we are overburdened... (SILENCE, HARP STRING CONTINUES)

NARRATOR: (CLOSE)--ON MIKE) And then Reb Joseph turned his eyes toward his  
congregation, and they looked into him...

REB J.: It is almost time. (PAUSE) During these last twilight moments, let  
us say together from the psalms...

(RABBI CLEAR, CROWD MUMBLING B.G.)

Unto the Lord belongeth the earth with what filleth it,  
the world and they that dwell therein;

For upon the seas hath he founded it  
and upon the rivers hath he established it.

Who shall ascend into the mountain of the Lord  
And who shall be able to stand in his holy place

He that is of clean hands and pure of heart

Who hath not lifted up his soul unto falsehood  
and hath not sworn deceitfully

He shall bear away a blessing from the Lord...

V. CRIER: (QUIET EXCITEMENT) Reb Joseph, Reb Joseph, it is time...

FIRSTS

- 1790's first balloon ascension (site of Methodist church in U.S., first Catholic sem)
- birthplace Odd Fellows lodge, linotype machine, crown cork bottle cap; invention metal writing pens, oilcloth, commercial fertilizer
- 1827, B&O RR organized as nation's first public carrier railway (Mt. Clare station first public passenger depot)
- first city to use gas for lighting a theatre & public street (today 13,000 city gas street lamps operated by Welsbach Corp; another 35,000 are electric)
- telegraph ("what hath God wrought")
- dental college, medical research
- Annapolis State Capital (1772) oldest in use



ANNAPOLIS

The State House, built 1772, is oldest state capitol bldg in U.S. still in use  
\*Naval academy, 3,500 students, 108-year-old institution

