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Series I: General Correspondence, 1914-1969, undated. Sub-series A: Alphabetical, 1914-1965, undated.

Reel Box Folder 11 4 236

American Zionist Emergency Council, Princeton University, 1946-1947. Princeton University Princeton New Jersey

October 31, 1946

Dear Sirs:

In reply to your letter of October 16, the conference to which you refer is entitled Near Eastern Culture and Society and is one of a series of fifteen conferences of scholars from all parts of the world which are being held throughout the year as part of our bicentennial celebration.

This particular conference will be attended by perhaps fifty or sixty scholars carefully selected for their scholarly competence. The program will be concerned with the history and culture of the Near East. The three main topics are: "Islamic Art and Archeology: New Approaches in Research": "Arabic Literature and Religion: New Approaches in Research": "Interaction of Islamic and Western Thought in Retrospect and Prospect."

The subject of Zionism is not to be a part of the program. The purpose is a conference restricted to recognized scholars. To place on the program a speaker to represent the Zionist's point of view would not be in keeping with the character or purpose of the conference.

Incidentally, I may add that no names of speakers or topics of this conference have as yet been announced to anyone anywhere, and I am therefore at a loss to understand the sentence in your letter as follows: "From the names of various speakers who have been invited to address the conference, as well as from the subjects for discussion, it seems that the conference is likely to be used as an anti-Zionist forum". I repeat that this is not the intention, and I can only assume that you have been misled in some way as to its nature.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Harold W. Dodds

Dr. Stephen S. Wise Dr. Abba Hillel Silver American Zionist Emergency Council 342 Madison Avenue New York 17. N. Y.

November 26, 1946

Dear Sirs:

In reply to your letter of November 14, I think you can rely on Primeton University not to become a propaganda agency for either pro- or anti-Zionism.

Of the three gentlemen you name as taking part in the program Professor Prince has been dead for some time and Dr. Kurani has nothing to do with the session to which you refer. I have seen the outline of this session, and it contains no reference to Zionism. The question may of course arise in discussion, but again we are relying on the representative membership of the Conference for a balanced discussion.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Howard W. Dodds

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver American Zionist Emergency Council 342 Madison Avenue New York 17, N. Y.

NEAR EAST EXPERTS RAISE POINT ON O

Whether West Can Exploit the Fields Without Encroaching

Discussed at Princeton

By MORRIS L. KAPLAN

Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 26—
Whether the West can exploit the oil fields of the Near East and develop commerce without encroaching "on the interests of the people" was a question raised today at the second day's sessions of the Princeton University Bicentennial Conference on Near Eastern Cul-

Princeton University Bicentennial Conference on Near Eastern Culture and Society.

Dr. Matta Akrawi, Iraq's director of Education, who posed the question, emphasized that the member states of the Arab League espoused the policy of self-determination. He and Jobra'il Jabbur, Associate Professor of Arabic at the University of Beirut in Lebanon, defended the right of Arabs to govern Palestine.

non, defended the right of Arabs to govern Palestine.

Dr. Akrawi held that "political ambitions of Zionism" and not a religious dispute were the crux of the Jewish-Arab problem. The five hundred and fifty thousand Jews who have entered Palestine in the last twenty-five years are "all the land can hold," he said, noting that the Arab population has a two-to-one majority.

Professor Jabbur urged that the United Nations declare the independence of Palestine immediately, with no consideration of any plan

with no consideration of partition. of any plan At another session representa-tives of countries in the Near East strenuously upheld their claims to independence. Dr. Walter L. strenuously upheld their claims to independence. Dr. Walter L. Wright Jr., former president of Robert College in Istanbul, declared that Turkey was "fiercely determined" to remain an entity.

clared that Turkey was
determined" to remain an entity.
The former chief historian in the
United States War Department asserted that the Turks feel that
America will carry out "an impersonal job" in the administration of
any funds it might lend to that
country. He said he felt that Turkey was our last bulwark against
the encroachments of communism.
With the Communist party illegal in Turkey, the people are experiencing "democracy" through
the functioning of two major
parties, he explained, adding:

the functioning of two major parties, he explained, adding: "East and West have been meeting in Turkey for 200 years."

Dr. Charles Malik, Minister from Lebanon and his country's representative on the United Nations, saw the Arab League as a "modsaw the Arab League as a "mod erating and mediating influence in the Near East.

in the Near East.

Emile Zaidan, newspaper editor from Cairo, Egypt, reiterated his country's claims to the Sudan.

There was no disposition on the part of any conferees to question the necessity of an American loan to Turkey. Dr. Wright said Turkey would use the money to "strengthen its power of resistance."

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
Princeton, New Jersey

President 's Room

April 23, 1947

Dear Mr. Shapiro:

Frankly I don't see much profit in continuing our correspondence, but the delay in replying to your letter of March 27 has been occasioned by my absence from Princeton and the heavy pressure of work.

I may say that it was in a radio interview that Akrawi and Jabbur expressed the views recorded in the New York Times. They with other participants submitted questions in advance which they were willing to answer. Akrawi is director of higher education in Iraq. Jabbur is associate professor of Arabic literature at Beirut. The questions they submitted were mainly cultural and related to their respective countries. At the microphone, however, the moderator who represented the broadcasting company and had nothing to do with the conference asked them impromptu questions relating to Palestine. They had not expected such questions, but they naturally felt bound to answer them when asked rather than to attempt evasion.

In this way the performance was neither anticipated by the university nor was it able to be controlled by it.

In the regular conference sessions the word Zionism was used only once, and that was by Professor Gordon of Dropsie College, who asserted that its advocates could work out a system of collaboration with the Arabs. No one commented on his statement and the question was dropped.

I cannot assert too forcefully that the representations in my letter of November 26 were fully fulfilled, and I protest the implication of your curt note.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Harold W. Dodds

Mr. Harry L. Shapiro American Zionist Emergency Council 342 Madison Avenue New York 17. New York.

MEMORANDUM

To Dr. Abba Hillel Silver

Date

April 29, 1947

From

Harry L. Shapiro

I am forwarding the folder of correspondence with Princeton University for your information.

HLS/ZLB

Encl.

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