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ANNUAL REPORT 1949



PALESTINE ECONOMIC CORPORATION 400 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

BOARD DIRECTORS

Jacob M. Alkow Secretary-Treasurer, Filmtone Motion Picture Television Studios, Inc.

AARON BAROWAY Vice-President, Palestine Economic Corporation

OSCAR BERMAN President, Crown Overall Mfg. Co.

JACOB BILLIKOPF Social Work

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President, Exchange Trading Corporation

ISRAEL B. BRODIE Chairman, Board of Directors, Reliable Stores, Inc.

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SAMUEL H. DAROFF Treasurer, H. Daroff & Sons, Inc.

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Philip M. Klutznick President, America Community Builders, Inc.

Moses A. Leavitt Executive Vice Chairman, American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Inc.

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JOSEPH LUBIN Eisner & Lubin, Accountants

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YOLAND D. MARKSON President, Markson Bros.

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President, Rosenbloom Finance Corp., Inc.

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ALBERT SEIFFER Secretary, Palestine Economic Corporation

JOSEPH SHULMAN President, Shulman Abrash, Inc. HERBIRT M. SINGER Director, Pepsi Cola Co.

RUBOLPH G. SONNENBORN Vreasurer, I. Sympenburn Sons, Inc.

Natura Singus, III) Fire Bresident, Nathan Straus-Duparquet, Inc

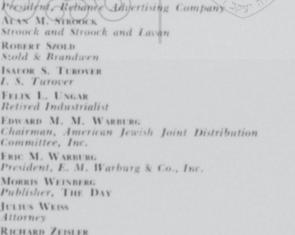
MEREN A. STREETS Advertising Company 200 ALAN M. STROOCK

ROBERT SZOLD Szold & Brandwen ISACOR S. TUROVER S. Turover FELIX L. UNGAR Retired Industrialist

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JULIUS WEISS Attorney RICHARD ZEISLER Investment Analyst SAMUEL ZEMURRAY



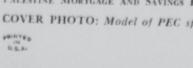
AUDITOR JOSEPH KALAFA, C.P.A. GENERAL COUNSEL JULIUS WEISS

TRANSFER AGENT Corporation Trust Co., 120 Broadway, New York 5, N. Y.

ISRAEL SUBSIDIARIES

BAYSIDE LAND CORPORATION, LTD.: Lee Harris, General Manager CENTRAL BANK OF COOPERATIVE INSTITUTIONS IN PALESTINE, LTD.: I. M. Rabinowitz, General Manager LOAN CORPORATION, LTD.: Paul Singer, General Manager PALESTINE MORTGAGE AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.: Lee Harris, General Manager

COVER PHOTO: Model of PEC sponsored business center in Tel Aviv, now under construction









Annual Report

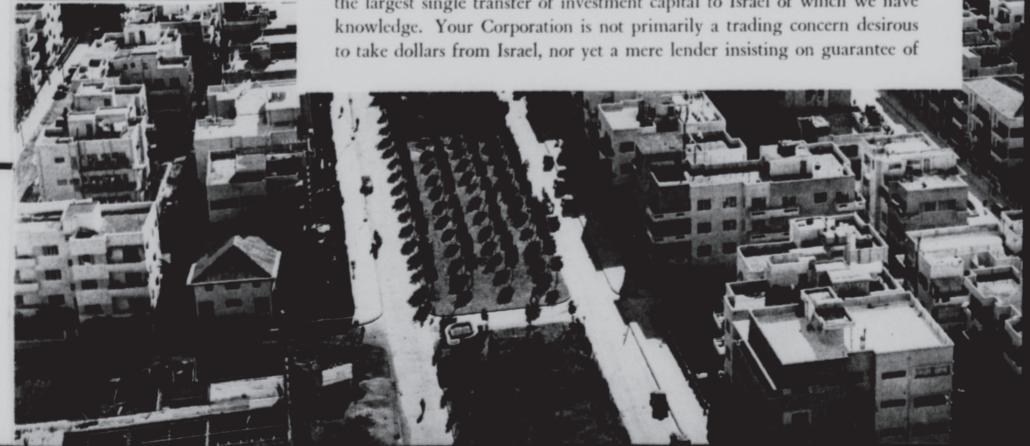
To the Stockholders:

During the year 1949, the State of Israel had its first anniversary. Proclaimed on May 14, 1948, the new State has found acceptance in the family of nations. Despite the opposition of neighboring Arab States, Israel exists. Its economy is expanding dynamically. Its industrial and agricultural capacity and production have increased continuously. So have its communications and other services.

The Jewish population of Israel greatly increased during 1949, from 759,000 at the beginning of the year to 1,017,727 at the end. The unparalleled immigration, together with the military requirement to maintain armed forces, has borne an accompaniment of serious economic problems. This immigration, based on most generous interpretation of the moral obligation of the new State, has not been an unmixed economic blessing.

Immigration and war bring inflation and economic dislocation. These are deterrents to the establishment of that sound economic base which is indispensable to Israel if it is to survive among the nations.

The policy of the Board of Directors of Palestine Economic Corporation is based upon a business estimate that the difficulties that confront the economy of Israel will be overcome, that the State of Israel will not only continue but will develop and grow strong, and indeed that the country is on the threshold of large and sound expansion. The activities of the Corporation have not only shown no halt, but have greatly increased. The Board has shown its confidence in Israel's future by increasing the Corporation's investments, directly in its own subsidiaries and in new industries. A single remittance by the Corporation last year amounted to \$1,200,000—the largest single transfer of investment capital to Israel of which we have knowledge. Your Corporation is not primarily a trading concern desirous to take dollars from Israel, nor yet a mere lender insisting on guarantee of



dollar repayments, but is a direct investor by way of Israel pounds in the industrial and financial structure of Israel and a deliberate participant in the risks of upbuilding the country.

The year has served to emphasize three propositions with which our stockholders are familiar:

- (a) The economy of Israel looks to American support for its future. Without hopeful prospects from that source, the outlook for the future would indeed be dim.
- (b) The huge untapped American resources can best be made available by private capital. This, to be effective, must be accompanied by American initiative and American know-how and by Israel experience and proven resource-fulness.
- (c) The approved instrument for American private capital—reliable in reputation, tested by experience, and foremost in pioneering—is Palestine Economic Corporation.

During the year 1949 the Corporation:

- (1) Acquired all the assets and business of Israel
 Corporation of America, and thus merged
 the constructive forces of the two companies;
- (2) Secured the endorsement of the Zionist Organization of America, and thus became the only Israel investment medium approved by that body;
- (3) Negotiated for acquisition of approximately 900,000 shares of Palestine Corporation, Limited, and the consequent merger in 1950 of that company's banking activities with those of Palestine Economic Corporation;

- (4) Doubled the deposits of the Central Bank of Co-operative Institutions in Palestine, Ltd;
- (5) Began construction in Tel Aviv of the Miriam Levy Finn building, which upon completion will be the most modern office bulding in the Near East;
- (6) Authorized issue of debentures by Mortgage and Savings Bank, Ltd., and sold IL 100,000, thereof within four months; and
- (7) Initiated jointly with the Israel Government construction of factory buildings in the Corporation's Haifa Bay industrial zone.

The net profit of the Corporation for the year 1949, as shown in the accompanying financial statement, amounted to \$307,465. The corresponding result for 1948 was \$301,291 (adjusted.)

The number of shares of common stock of \$25 par value outstanding in the hands of the public on December 31, 1949, was 179,334; as compared with 107,048 on December 31, 1948.

Dividends were paid regularly and quarterly at the rate of \$1 per annum on the \$25-par value stock. This has been the regular rate since January 1946.

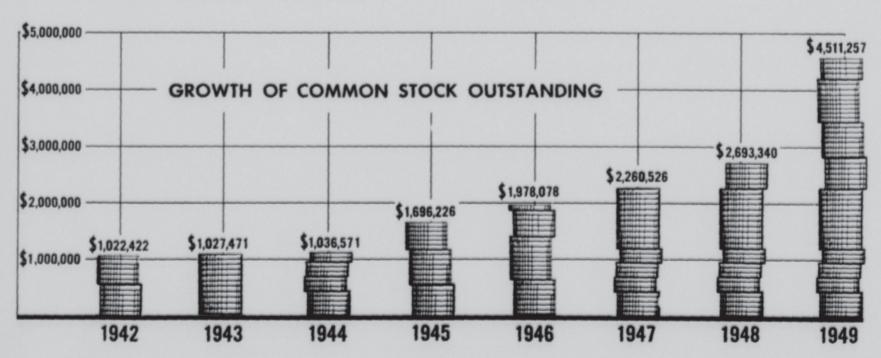
On December 31, 1949, the Corporation had 4,774 stockholders, as compared with 2,622 stockholders on December 31, 1948.

Capital, surplus and reserves aggregated \$6,846,235 on December 31, 1949, as compared with \$5,890,769 on December 31, 1948.

ROBERT SZOLD JULIUS SIMON

Chairman, President

Board of Directors



Israel Subsidiaries

BAYSIDE LAND CORPORATION, LTD.

Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of PEC, realized a net profit during 1949 of IL 32,419 as compared with IL 35,019 in 1948. It paid a 5% dividend on its preferred stock, and a 10% dividend on its common stock.

Increase in manufacturing enterprises in Israel is indicated by the widely diversified types of industries which acquired sites from Bayside during the year under report. These include plants for motor car bodies, concrete bricks, cardboard boxes and various other packaging materials. Also established in 1949 on Bayside land sites were an automobile and metal material paint workshop, a repair shop, garages, a steam laundry, a plant for storage and reconditioning of goods and a wood-working factory.

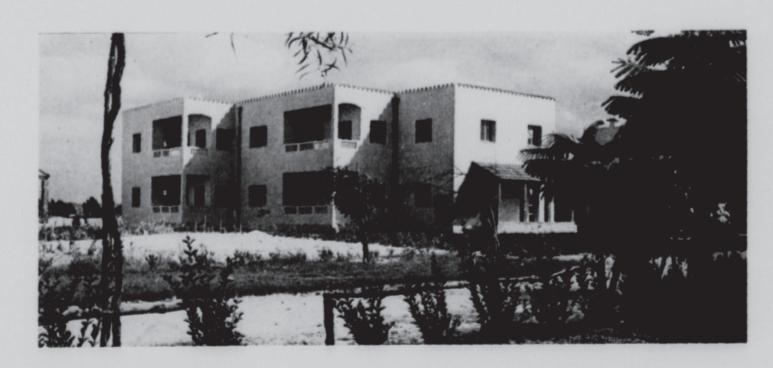
One of the State's most critical needs is for adequate building space for the establishment of small industries. To meet this need, the Israel Government joined with Bayside in financing a compound of factory buildings. This marks the Government's first joint venture with a private enterprise. The project will occupy 86,000 square feet. Bayside is investing two-thirds of the required capital. On completion of this project, new manufacturing enterprises may be established without investment of

capital in land and buildings.

In all, during 1949, Bayside leased about 20 acres of land in the industrial zone. In the residential zone, the erection of multiple-dwelling apartment houses continued. Twenty-one acres of land in the residential zones were leased during 1949.

Bayside's present aggregate capital and surplus at the end of the year amounted to IL 438,005. This sum does not include a new investment by PEC in the amount of IL 127,056. The value of the corporation's capital assets is believed to be in excess of their book value.

Bayside is a large land owner in the Haifa Bay area. The land is located immediately north of the port of Haifa, where, in conjunction with the Jewish National Fund, Bayside bought 2,000 acres of land more than 20 years ago. Bayside is developing its portion of the property under a well-conceived plan that includes both industrial and residential zones. In the former are located a wide variety of industries: oil refineries, chemical and glass works, foundries, railway and machine shops, flour mills, canneries and others. In the latter are four residential communities, Kiriat Yam, Kiriat Motzkin, Kiriat Chaim and Kiriat Bialik.



Apartment House at Kiriat Yam, Haifa

The CENTRAL BANK OF COOPERATIVE INSTITUTIONS in PALESTINE, LTD.

After 27 years of constructive influence in the agricultural development of Palestine, Central Bank in 1949 enjoyed the best earnings of its history. Net profits before taxes were IL 46,872 which constitutes a 16.7% return on the total capital outstanding. In 1948, the net profit was IL 29,225, a return of 12%. In 1949 the Bank paid "B" shareholders a stock dividend of IL 33,525, in addition to the usual 4% dividend on its "A" and "B" stock.

Since it was founded in 1922, the Bank has pioneered in making loans to cooperatives. Last year commercial banking activities were inaugurated, and approximately 45% of the Bank's total loans was devoted to industrial and commercial enterprises.

Aware of the young State's ever-increasing needs, Central Bank found many areas in which to be of service. Citriculture, of prime importance to Israel's economy, was hard hit by the recent Jewish War of Independence. Loans from the Bank are once again helping to revive this essential activity. One of these loans is aiding a group of eight canning factories to build a new plant to increase the production of citrus concentrates.

In its strides toward a strong economy, Israel needs hard currency. To obtain it, she must continually increase exports while reducing imports. By financing the expansion of export industries, the Bank was responsible for bringing hard currency into the country; and by making it possible for producers of food for local consumption to increase acreage and yield, the Bank helped retain foreign exchange for Israel that might otherwise have been spent for imports.

In addition to its other functions, Central Bank is acting as one of the guarantors to the Israel Government for part of the American Export-Import Bank loan to be granted to both agricultural and indusrial enterprises.

The Bank continued cooperative agricultural financing to small holders and communal settlements, which included assistance to dairy and poul-



try farming, advances on crops, agricultural machinery and trucks. Total loans issued during 1949 amounted to IL 2,055,000, as compared with IL 1,104,000 in 1948. Of these loans, IL 1,535,000 or about 75% were short term, repayable within 12 months; the balance comprised intermediate and long term loans.

Deposits almost doubled during 1949, as follows:

Demand Deposits		Dec. 31, 1949 IL 953,000
Time deposits repayal within 12 months Time deposits repayal	433,000	800,000
after 12 months		318,000
	IL 1,043,000	IL 2.071.000



MORTGAGE and SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Recognizing that Israel's pressing need is for housing to accommodate the increasing numbers of immigrants as well as the settled population, MSB, a wholly-owned subsidiary of PEC, concentrated its activities toward supplying mortgages. The Bank, which has been granting first mortgages to settlers for 27 years, in 1949 increased its paid-up capital, issued debentures for the first time in its history and expanded its savings department. The immediate result of these efforts was the financing of the construction of 1,100 new rooms, largely for new arrivals. Even so, there were at least ten credit-worthy applicants for each available mortgage during the year, an indication that the Bank's activities must be further extended.

PEC, during the fiscal year ending June 30, subscribed to an increase of paid-up share capital for MSB from IL 120,000 to IL 200,000.

The Bank's first issue of 5% debentures started modestly with IL 100,000 and has been subscribed almost in its entirety. The Board of Directors has authorized a second issue. Savings accounts in the Bank increased more than 20% during the year.

Net profit before taxes during 1948 amounted to IL 10,428, an 8.7% return on capital outstanding of IL 120,000. 1949 profits were IL 20,911 on capital outstanding of IL 200,000 or a return of 10.4%.

A view of the Haifa installations of Fertilizers and Chemicals, Ltd.





North Tel Aviv residential section—first hundred houses financed by Mortgage and Savings Bank, Ltd.

LOAN CORPORATION, LTD.

Loan Corporation is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PEC and acts as the fiscal agent for PEC in Israel. By investing in young, growing industries in Israel, the corporation—and PEC—share in the establishment or expansion of a number of key enterprises. The corporation's major investments follow:

(1) Fertilizers and Chemicals, Ltd. Currently producing sulphuric acid and superphosphates on a commercial scale in its two factories completed during 1949, the company is engaged in expansion plans that will slice millions of dollars annually from Israel's import bills. Eventually, it is hoped, the company will supply much of Israel's demand for chemical fertilizers and, in addition, will produce a margin for export. Earnings thus far have been unsatisfactory.



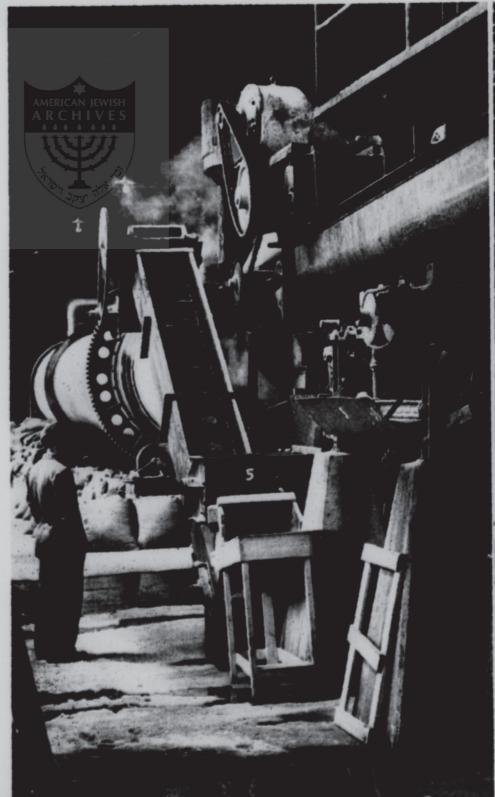
(2) Enterprises of Assis and Bejarano Bros., Ltd. These enterprises engage in a variety of activities, which continue to show progress and profit. A slight drop in the export of citrus concentrates was caused by a shortage of citrus fruits after the recent Israeli-Arab war. The Assis Canning Plant, however, increased its production of fruits and vegetables for local consumption in 1949.

As will be remembered, PEC enabled Assis to acquire a peel drying plant from America. Starting operations in March of last year, the Distilleries of Assis, Ltd., was able to process half of the press liquor available in their plant. In addition, the distillery produced alcohol from imported molasses. Quality, sales and earnings proved satisfactory during this initial period of operation. The production and sales of Bejarano cigarettes also continued to increase. Some additional machinery was bought with the assistance of dollar exchange provided by PEC toward the close of the year.

(3) Ata Textile Company, Ltd. This, the leading cotton-spinning, weaving, dyeing and garment manufacturing concern in Israel, increased its turn-over and efficiency in 1949. Highlighting the year was the inauguration of "Kurdaneh," Ata's modern finishing subsidiary representing a capital investment of more than a million and a half dollars.

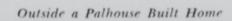
(4) Goldberg Instruments, Ltd. The United States photographic firm of Bell & Howell purchased manufacturing rights to the portable microfilm camera invented by Dr. Emanuel Goldberg of Tel Aviv, outstanding expert in optics and head of the company bearing his name. Royalties from the sale of the new camera will revert to the Israel company. The camera, about the size of a portable typewriter, will facilitate research by scientists who will be able to take it into libraries for copying on

Portion of American Citrus Peel Drying Plant at Assis



microfilms. At present the only cameras that do this work are stationary and cumbersome. Goldberg Instruments, Ltd., is currently manufacturing for export three other inventions of Dr. Goldberg—a refractometer, to be used in measuring the concentration of citrus juices, a colorimeter, used in making chemical analyses, and a pyrometer for measuring extremely high temperatures.

(5) Serafon Resinous Chemicals Corporation, Ltd. Developed by the cooperation between a group of New England plastics manufacturers, PEC, and the American Porcelain Tooth Company, Ltd., of Tel Aviv, Serafon represents part of PEC's program to furnish American know-how to Israel industry. Commercial operation of the plant to coat fabrics for upholstery, bookbinding and other purposes was begun in March, 1950. It is intended to develop







Laboratory worker at Goldberg Instruments, Ltd.

from this nucleus the production of molding powders and other raw and semi-manufactured materials for other Israel manufacturers. A substantial part of the products are to be exported.

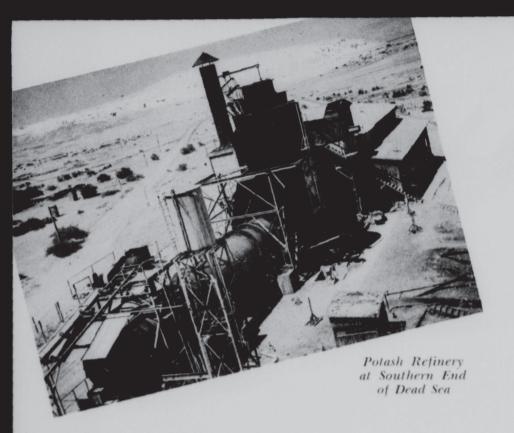
The PALESTINE HOUSING (Palhouse) CORPORATION, LTD.

PEC and the Bayside Land Corporation own IL 105,000 shares, or 36% of Palhouse's IL 288,092 paid-up capital.

Profits of the year just past amounted to IL 21,602 as compared with IL 8,962 for the preceding twelve months. The Corporation declared a dividend of 6%, subject to income taxes, against 3% in 1948.

All housing units and commercial buildings erected by Palhouse in previous years were successfully sold in 1949; and, in addition, construction neared completion on 56 new dwellings containing 185 rooms.

The Corporation's history has been one of constant progress in hitherto undeveloped lands. A sectional sewage disposal plant has been completed; water and electric mains are being laid, trees and gardens are being planted, and roads are under construction.



PALESTINE POTASH, LTD.

Efforts are under way to resume operations at the Southern end of the Dead Sea to enable Palestine Potash, Ltd. to produce an estimated 135,000 tons of potash per year. The company's property at the Northern end of the Sea was evacuated and was demolished during Israel's War of Independence. In consequence of the havoc caused by the war, operations have been at a standstill and the Company did not pay dividends on its preferred stock in 1948-49.

PALESTINE HOTELS, LTD.

The year 1949 saw the restoration of the King David Hotel in Jerusalem, one of the most famous hostelries in the Middle East. The hotel has been completely redecorated. A hundred and sixty beds are now available for occupancy. The company owns a site on Hadar Hacarmel, on the slopes of the City of Haifa, which awaits construction of a first-class hotel.



American Subsidiaries

ISRAEL COMMERCIAL CORPORATION

This is a comparatively new corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of PEC, which began operations in August of 1949. Prior to the formation of ICC, the PEC owned 50% of Palestine Purchasing Service, Inc. ICC was founded after PEC sold its 50% interest in PPS.

ICC is a purchasing agency whose purpose is to make available to Israel importers of American merchandise and machinery an experienced staff in the United States competently equipped to purchase goods for export to Israel. The agency attempts to procure for its clients the most suitable products at the best possible prices, with the quickest delivery.



AMERICAN-ISRAELI SHIPPING CO., INC.

The first merchant marine vessels to sail under the flag of Israel were launched last year by one of the world's youngest steamship companies—the Israel-America Line, Ltd. Three 10,000 ton freighters were purchased by the line and renamed the "S.S. Haifa," the "S.S. Tel Aviv" and the "S.S. Yaffo." The three ships made 29 sailings, carrying passengers and cargo. PEC owns one-half of the capital of the American-Israeli Shipping Company, Inc. which, in turn, holds a one-third interest in the Israel-America Line, Ltd. During 1949, the American-Israeli Shipping Co. acted as General Agents for the Israel-America Line, Ltd.

Balance Sheet as of December 31, 1949

(Adjusted to Nearest Dollar)

ASSETS:			
ASSETS ABROAD: Investments and Loans: Wholly-owned companies Majority-owned companies Other companies Notes, Debentures and Receivables		\$3,118,424 598,940 809,572 263,215	
Total Assets Abroad			\$4,790,151
DOMESTIC ASSETS: Investment and Loans to Subsidiaries Cash U. S. Government and Other Marketable Securities held in New York for temporary investment (Market value (\$1,602,418)	\$ 368,836 1,582,487	\$ 63.342	
Less: Funds held for Others	\$1,951,323 334,186	1,617,137	
Sundry Receivables Cash and U.S.A. Treasury Bonds—Funds for Dividends Unpaid (see contra)	CHIVES	39,534 13,982 1,029 \$ 340,489	2,075,513 \$6,865,664
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL: Miscellaneous Taxes Dividends Payable on Common stock (see contra)		\$ 5,447 13,982	
Total Liabilities			\$ 19,429
Capital Stock and Surplus: Common stock—Issued (Authorized \$25,000,000.— Par Value \$25) "B" Stock—Issued (Authorized \$30,000.— Par Value \$1.)	\$4,483,358 19,473		
Total Capital Stock-Issued Payments on subscriptions to Common Stock Surplus and Reserves: Contributed surplus Reserve for contingencies Earned Surplus	\$706,023 264,772 1,344,730	\$4,502,831 27,879	
Total Surplus and Reserves		2,315,525	
Total Capital, Surplus and Reserves			6,846,235
Total Liabilities and Capital			\$6,865,664

Statement of Income, Profit and Loss for the Year Ended December 31, 1949

(Adjusted to Nearest Dollar)

INCOME:	
Interest: Wholly-owned companies:	
Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd.	\$ 3,676
Palestine Mortgage & Savings Bank, Ltd.	2,081
Palestine Water Company, Ltd.	2,152
Loan Corporation, Ltd.	24,934 11,903
Palestine Economic Corporation of New York	17,325
Marketable Securities Notes and other Securities	4,830
Dividends:	
Wholly-owned companies:	
Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd.	85,094
Palestine Mortgage & Savings Bank, Ltd.	30,499
Other Companies:	10.919
Central Bank of Cooperative Institutions in Palestine, Ltd.	19,348 1,663
Sharon Water Company, Ltd.	13,723
Palestine Housing Corporation (Palhouse), Ltd. Palestine Electric Corporation, Ltd.	8,377
Enterprises of Assis & Bejarano Brothers, Ltd.	6,720
Miscellaneous (4 Israel companies)	3,586
Palestine Purchasing Service, Inc. (liquidated)	20,000
Marketable Securities	5,526
Miscellaneous Income	1,902
Profit on Sales and Redemption of Securities AMERICAN JEWISH	6,437
Non-recurring Income: Stock-dividend—Central Bank of Cooperative Institutions in Palestine, Ltd.	86,831
CURRENT EXPENSES: New York General and Administrative Expenses Israel Administrative Expenses 15,833	\$356,607
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENSES	\$114,781
Net Operating Income before other deductions	\$241,826
OTHER DEDUCTIONS:	
Pro-rata write-off—Stock-selling Expenses \$ 27,456	
Foreign Income Taxes Deducted and Withheld 44,074	
TOTAL OTHER DEDUCTIONS	71,530
TOTAL OTHER DEDUCTIONS	
	\$170,296
EARNINGS OF WHOLLY-OWNED COMPANIES:	
Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd. \$202,967	
Less: Dividends received 85,094	117,873
Mortgage & Savings Banks, Ltd. \$ 40,527	10.000
Less: Dividends received 30,499	10,028
Palestine Water Company Ltd	5.183
Palestine Water Company, Ltd. Loan Corporation, Ltd.	6,559
Palestine Economic Corporation of New York	1,667
Israel Commercial Corporation	(4,141)
	6307 445
Net Profit for the Year Carried to Earned Surplus	\$307,465

TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

- 1. All foreign assets, except the investment in shares of Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary, have been reflected at the devalued rate of \$2.80 to the Pound. The investment in Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd., to the extent of \$341,250 represents historic cost in terms of dollars, whereas its undistributed earnings have been devalued and converted at the \$2.80 rate. This devaluation of the foreign assets required a total write-down of \$1,220,706, of which \$955,351 was charged to Contributed Surplus and \$265,355 to Earned Surplus in accordance with resolution adopted by the Board of Directors and subsequently ratified by the holders of the Common Stock.
- 2. In May, 1949, the par value of the Common Stock was reduced from \$100 per share to \$25 per share. The new stock is offered at \$28 per share. The premium of \$3 per share is transferred to Capital Surplus. As of December 31, 1949, the Capital Surplus totalled \$163,211, and was credited to Stock-selling Expenses.
- 3. In the event of liquidation or dissolution, the holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive \$31 1/4 per share and then "B" stockholders receive \$125 per share. Thereafter the assets remaining are to be distributed ratably among the Common stockholders. As of December 31, 1949, there would be available to the Common stockholders \$31 1/4 per share and to the "B" stockholders \$62 1/4 per share.
- 4. The Earned Surplus included \$861,328 of undistributed earnings of wholly-owned foreign and domestic companies and \$178,968 of stock-dividends received from a majority-owned foreign company in 1945 and 1949.
- 5. The Corporation is contingently liable in the amount of \$595,555.

CERTIFICATE OF AUDITOR

I have audited the books and records of the PALESTINE ECONOMIC CORPORATION for the year ended December 31, 1949. My examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and other auditing procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I have accepted, after review, the financial statements of the wholly-owned Israel companies, as certified by independent Israel auditors, for the purpose of including such subsidiaries current and undistributed earnings in the accompanying statements. The earnings for the year 1949 have been reflected at the rate of \$2.80 to the Israel pound.

All foreign assets, except the investment in shares of Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd., a wholly-owned company, have been reflected at the devalued rate of \$2.80 to the Pound. The investment in Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd., to the extent of \$341,250, represents historic cost in terms of dollars, whereas its undistributed earnings have been devalued and converted at the \$2.80 rate.

The aggregate write-down of the foreign assets amounted to \$1,220,706, of which \$955,351 was charged to Contributed Surplus and \$264,355 to Earned Surplus.

In my opinion, the accompanying BALANCE SHEET as of December 31, 1949, and the STATEMENT OF INCOME PROFIT AND LOSS for the year ended December 31, 1949 present fairly the financial condition and operations of PALESTINE ECONOMIC CORPORATION, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding years.

Respectfully submitted

JOSEPH KALAFA
Certified Public Accountant

Stockholdings and Investments

	Shares Issued	Shares Owned by PEC	(Per- entage Owned by PEC	Total Invest- ments & Loans (x)
srael Subsidiaries:					
HOLLY-OWNED ISRAEL COMPANIES:					#1 FOT 90
Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd. Voting Ordinary Shares of LPI Par Value	250,000	250,000		100%	\$1,527,380
5% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of LPI Par Value	100,000				
Mortgage and Savings Bank, Ltd. Voting Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value	200,000	200,000		100%	600,669
Palestine Water Company, Ltd.		20		100%	61,25
Voting Ordinary Shares of LPI. Par Value Loan Corporation, Ltd.	20				929,11
Voting Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value	20	20		100%	69 110 49
					\$3,118,42
IAJORITY-OWNED ISRAEL COMPANIES: Central Bank of Cooperative Institutions in Palestine, Ltd.				5504	\$ 543,50
Voting Ordinary Shares of LP1. Par Value Non-Voting "A" Shares of LP1. Par Value	101 112,875	76 38,974		75% 35%	
Non-Voting "B" Shares of LP1. Par Value	167,630	155,057	(a)	93%	55,44
Sharon Water Company, Ltd. Voting Ordinary Shares of I.Pl. Par Value	32,393	19,800		61%	55,11
					\$ 598,94
Other Israel Investments:					
Palestine Potash, Ltd.	000 000	FO 004		9001	\$ 216,38
Voting Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value Non-Voting "A" Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value	258,205 351,795	52,824 3,845		20%	
6% Cumulative Preference Shares of £1. Par Value	390,000	20,610		5%	228,72
Voting Ordinary Shares of LP1 and JL1. Par Value	288,093	V E 81,687	(b)	28%	
Palestine Electric Corporation, Ltd. Voting Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value	937.625.	7 7 730,518		3%	92,14
Non-Voting "A" Ordinary Shares of Al Par Value	800,000	2,390		0%	
41/2% Redeemable Cumulative Prescrence Shares of £1. Par Value	386,941	27 -			
41/2% Second Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of £1. Par Value	500,000	_			
Agricultural Mortgage Company of Palestine, Ltd.	335,000	25,000		7%	70,00
Voting Ordinary Shares of LP1. Par Value Enterprises of Assis and Bejarano Brothers, Ltd.		20,000		* 70	112,00
Voting Ordinary Shares of LP1. Par Value 51/2% Cumulative Preference Shares	250,000 49,999	39,999	(c)	80%	
Special Share	1	1		100%	23.94
Palestine Hotels, Ltd. Voting Ordinary Shares of £1. Par Value	325,000	8,552		3%	
A.P.B. Investment Company, Ltd. Voting "A" Ordinary Shares of ILI. Par Value	100,000	-		-	48,44
Non-Voting "B" Ordinary Shares of IL1. Par Value	70,000 30,000	1,730		1%	
41/2% Cumulative "A" Preference Shares of IL10. Par Value Ata Textile Company, Ltd.	30,000	1,750		* /0	9,12
Voting "A" Ordinary Shares of IL1. Par Value Voting "B" Ordinary Shares of IL1. Par Value	220,000 234,500	20	(d)	0%	
4% "B" Preference Shares of IL1. Par Value	100,000 225,899	3,060	(e)	1%	
4% "C" Preference Shares of 1L1. Par Value Sundry Investments (5 companies)	223,033	3,000	(f)	1/0	8,81
					\$ 809,57
American Subsidiaries:					e 97.40
Palestine Economic Corporation of New York Voting Capital Stock of No-Par Value	170	170		100%	\$ 37,48
Israel Commercial Corporation Voting Capital Stock of \$100. Par Value	10	10		100%	20,85
American-Israeli Shipping Co., Inc.	100	50		50%	5,00
Voting Common Stock of \$100. Par Value	100	30		30 /6	\$ 63,34
n addition to the above, the following are held by Wholly-O	wned Subsi	diaries			
Shares Held By (f)		Corporation	Ltd.	shares are	held by Loa
	(x) The amount for loans included above, is as follows:				
b) 23,313 Bayside Land Corporation, Ltd. c) 1,200 Loan Corporation, Ltd.	Bayside Lan Palestine Wa	d Corporation iter Company	n, Ltd		\$364,00 53,80
vi simos and horporation, and	Loan Corpor	ation, Ltd.			921,30

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$6,846,235 NET PROFIT IN 1949 \$307,465

ISRAEL SUBSIDIARIES

BAYSIDE LAND CORPORATION, LTD.



THE CENTRAL BANK OF CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTIONS IN PALESTINE, LTD.



SUPPLIES BANKING SERVICES FOR COOPERATIVE INSTITUTIONS

MORTGAGE AND SAVINGS BANK, LTD.



GRANTS MORTGAGES AND MANAGES
REAL ESTATE

LOAN CORPORATION, LTD.



INVESTS IN DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRIES

OTHER ISRAEL INVESTMENTS

PALESTINE POTASH, LTD.



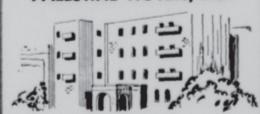
PRODUCES POTASH FROM THE DEAD SEA

PALESTINE HOUSING CORPORATION (PALHOUSE) LTD.



CONSTRUCTS HOMES AND FACTORIES

PALESTINE HOTELS, LTD.



OPERATES KING DAVID HOTEL

AMERICAN SUBSIDIARIES

ISRAEL COMMERCIAL CORPORATION



PURCHASES IN U.S. FOR ISRAEL

AMERICAN-ISRAELI SHIPPING CO., INC.



PART OWNER ISRAEL-AMERICA LINE, LTD.; OPERATES ITS SHIPS

HIGHLIGHTS OF 1949



INCREASED capital, surplus and reserves to \$6,846,235

EARNED net profits of \$307,465

PAID \$1 per share dividend

ACQUIRED assets and business of Israel Corporation of America

STARTED construction on Tel Aviv business center

JOINED with Israel Government in factory building project

SUBSIDIARY Central Bank for Cooperatives doubled deposits over 1948

KEREN HAYESOD

PALESTINE FOUNDATION FUND, Inc.

President
CHARLES RESS

Chairman, Board of Directors HERMAN L. WEISMAN

Honorary Chairmen

MRS. MOSES P. EPSTEIN

LEON GELLMAN

ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN

MRS. EDWARD JACOBS

LOUIS LIPSKY

ISAAC NAIDITCH

EMANUEL NEUMANN

BERNARD A. ROSENBLATT

MORRIS ROTHENBERG

ABBA HILLEL SILVER

BARUCH ZUCKERMAN

Vice-Chairmen

DANIEL FRISCH
ABRAHAM GOODMAN
MRS. S. HALPRIN
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HARRY A. PINE
ELIHU STONE
DAVID WERTHEIM

Treasurer
ABRAHAM KRUMBEIN

Associate Treasurers
JACOB H. COHEN
JACOB GOODMAN
CHARLES WOLF

Secretary LOUIS J. SCHWEFEL

Administrative Committee BENJAMIN DOFT LOUIS FALK BERL FRYMER RAPHAEL GOLD MRS. BENJ. GOTTESMAN JOSEPH GREENLEAF EDMUND A. KOBLENZ JACOB LUKASHOK JOSEPH MAZER MILTON POLLACK A. A. REDELHEIM S. I. ROSENBERG B. G. RUDOLPH RUDOLF G. SONNEBORN JACQUES TORCZYNER RALPH WECHSLER MORRIS WEINBERG

Executive Director
SARAH BEHRMAN

January 10, 1950

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver The Temple Oleveland, Ohio

Dear Dr. Silver:

It is my privilege to advise you that at the Annual Meeting held on January 3, you were unanimously designated as one of the Honorary Chairmen of the Keren Hayesod (Palestine Foundation Fund, Inc.).

It is my hope to have the benefit of your cooperation and advice in the important task that lies ahead of us. We are all concerned in wishing to strengthen the Keren Hayesod, which must play such an important part in the work of upbuilding Israel.

Sincerely yours,

Benjamin G. Browdy

President

BGB/h