



Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

Featuring collections from the Western Reserve Historical Society and
The Jacob Rader Marcus Center of the American Jewish Archives

MS-4787: Abba Hillel Silver Papers, 1902-1989.

Series I: General Correspondence, 1914-1969, undated.

Sub-series A: Alphabetical, 1914-1965, undated.

Reel
46

Box
17

Folder
1110

League for Human Rights Against Naziism, Cleveland, Ohio,
1935-1936.

October 4, 1935

Miss Mildred Chadsey,
Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I do not know whether you received the enclosed circular letter. The idea is a good one and I would suggest that you contact with the organization in New York.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.





The American Legion
CUYAHOGA COUNTY COUNCIL

*A central co-ordinating body of duly elected
representatives of American Legion
posts in Cuyahoga County*

2121 EUCLID AVENUE
CLEVELAND

OFFICERS

S. H. DEUTSCH, CHAIRMAN
R. L. AMMERMAN, VICE CHAIRMAN
VERNON CHARNLEY, TREASURER
L. L. WHITNEY, HISTORIAN
REV. E. J. GRACEY, CHAPLAIN

J. M. SAUNDERS,
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

DIRECTORS

L. A. DEERING, SERVICE
A. H. WOODLEY, AMERICANISM
DR. R. A. PEASE, JUNIOR ACTIVITIES
L. P. DOYLE, PUBLIC RELATIONS
C. L. SMALL, ATHLETICS
SAM DEUTSCH, MEMBERSHIP
J. B. DOLPHIN, GOOD OF THE LEGION
RICHARD DIGNEY, UNIFORM GROUPS
LLOYD OSTER, INTER-POST RELATIONS

October 9th, 1935.

Rabbi A. H. Silver,
The Temple,
E. 16th & Ansel Rd.,
City

Dear Rabbi:

Enclosed find a copy of the resolution
passed at our last Executive Meeting
which is self-explanatory.

If I can be of any further service please
do not hesitate to call on me. With
kindest personal regards, believe me to be

Sincerely,

Sam Deutsch

SHD:LS

WHEREAS, the German Government through its leader, Adolph Hitler, has persecuted and in many other ways has trodden some of its citizens under the iron heel of Hitlerism, and

WHEREAS, The American Legion composed as it is of peoples of all races, creeds and,

WHEREAS, the Olympic Games of 1936 are scheduled to be held in Germany and the American Legion feels that this stupendous event should be held in a country which deserves it,

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees, of Cuyahoga County Council go on record against the holding of the 1936 Olympics in Germany.



Approved by Board of Trustees in meeting - October 2, 1935.

October 10, 1935

Mr. Sam H. Deutsch, Chairman,
The American Legion - Cuyahoga County Council,
2121 Euclid Ave.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Mr. Deutsch:

Permit me to thank you for your kind letter of October 9 and for the copy of the resolution which was adopted by the Board of Trustees of the Cuyahoga County Council of the American Legion on the subject of the Olympic games. Permit me to congratulate you and through you the members of the Board of Trustees for their fine, courageous and thoroughly American act in demanding the withdrawal of the Olympic games from Germany which has so outraged every sense of decency and sportsmanship in freedom-loving people throughout the world.

Very cordially yours,

AHS: BK

October 10, 1935

Mr. Leon Wiesenfeld,
The Jewish World,
10600 Superior Ave.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Mr. Wiesenfeld:

The Board of Trustees of the Cuyahoga County
Council of The American Legion, on October 2, 1935, passed
the enclosed resolutions on the Olympic games. You may
wish to give it publicity in the Jewish World.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.

October 10, 1935

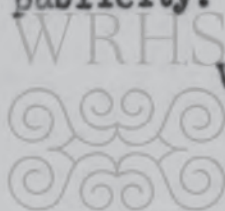
Mr. G. E. Harriman, Executive Secretary,
Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League,
20 West 47th St.,
New York, N.Y.

My dear Mr. Harriman:

The Board of Trustees of the Cuyahoga County
Council of the American Legion, on October 2, 1935, passed
the enclosed resolutions on the Olympic games. You may
wish to give it publicity.

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.



October 10, 1935

Miss Mildred Chadsey, Secretary,
League for Human Rights Against Naziism,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

The Board of Trustees of the Cuyahoga County Council of the American Legion, on October 2, 1935, passed the enclosed resolutions on the Olympic games. You may wish to give it publicity in the daily press and in the Jewish Review and Observer and the Jewish Independent.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.

October 10, 1935

Miss Mildred Chadsey, Secretary,
League for Human Rights Against Naziism,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I am enclosing a letter of inquiry which
I received from Rabbi Leon Fram, of Detroit. Please
send him the information which he asks for, or as much
as you can send him. He is very eager to have it at
the earliest possible moment.

With best wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:EK

Enc.

THE LEAGUE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

invites you to a luncheon meeting

Wednesday, October 16th, at 12:15 p. m.

at

The Chamber of Commerce Club in the Terminal Tower

REVEREND ARTHUR J. CULLER, Cleveland minister who was in Germany
this past summer,

WRHS and



GERHART SEGER, former member of the German Reichstag, author of "A
Nation Terrorized," who was in Austria this past summer, where he
conferred with those directing the opposition to the Hitler regime,
Will Be The Speakers.

Subject:

"WHAT IS THE FUTURE FOR GERMANY"

Price of Luncheon
Eighty-five Cents

Reservations must be made
in advance

Reply to: 608 Ninth-Chester Building, Telephone PProspect 5730

October 17, 1935

Mr. I. R. Morris,
Standard Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Isadore:

I believe that a meeting should be called at the earliest moment of the Committee of Fifteen of our League for Human Rights in order to centralize and properly supervise the Olympic work in the community. There are too many independent bodies at work on this matter, leading to confusion and to failure. I should be free for a noon meeting next week on Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. I would suggest that you invite to this meeting, Mr. George Furth, who is the new chairman of the Anti-Defamation League of the B'nai B'rith. It is important that we persuade Messrs. Kollins and Woldman who are the representatives of the American Jewish Congress in Cleveland not to engage in any independent action which concerns Germany. The purpose of our League was to avoid just such independent action. Both of them, I believe, are members of the League. If they are not, they should be invited into it.

I thought yesterday's meeting was very good.
Are you going to Detroit?

With all good wishes, I remain

Most cordially yours,

AHS:BK

October 21, 1935

Mr. Leo Weidenthal,
Jewish Independent Publishing Co.,
21st and Payne Ave.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Mr. Weidenthal:

At Miss Chadsey's request, I am herewith enclosing a copy of the resolution which was recently passed by the Board of Trustees of the Cuyahoga County Council of the American Legion on the subject of the Olympic games.

Very sincerely yours,

BJK

Secretary to Rabbi Silver.

Friday - Oct. 25

MESSAGE FROM MISS CHADSEY

The Committee on the Olympics is as follows:

George Furth, Chairman
Abraham Killin
Albert Woldman
Edward Liebenthal
Eugene Wolf
Philmore Haber
Elmer Scheuer)
Rabbi Silver) ex-officio members

This Committee will meet in Mr. Furth's office - Leader Bldg. on Monday at four o'clock P.M. Miss Chadsey will be there to take minutes. Though Miss Chadsey left it up to as to whether you ought to come or not, she thought it would be a good idea for you to be there to answer any questions on finances.

They cannot get Mr. Langdon, a former sports reporter as publicity man. They are trying to get someone else.

MEMORANDUM FROM MISS CHADSEY

Mr. Furth informs me that the Jewish Young Conference had a meeting last night at which they voted to send a resolution protesting the holding of the Olympic Games etc. to the national Olympic Games Conference. They also voted to make an effort to bring Mr. Mahoney to a mass meeting in Cleveland. Mr. Furth feels that you should talk with their officers and try to persuade them to work through his Committee. It would seem to me that either I or Mr. Furth should do this for you but I am carrying through Mr. Furth's instructions in giving you this message.



November 5, 1935

November 25, 1935

Miss Mildred Chadsey,
League for Human Rights Against Nazism,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I am enclosing herewith a dodger which
was printed by the Anti-Nazi Boycott Council of
Pittsburgh and which I thought might interest you.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK

Enc.

P.S. I hope that you have sent the telegram to
Sears-Roebuck & Company.

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.

Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

November 26, 1935

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel and E. 105th Street
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

I am enclosing copies of letter sent to the Retail Merchants Board regarding the Higbee Company and copy of letter sent to Mr. Rosenwald.

What would you think of our sending to the Woolworth Company in New York a letter somewhat similar to the one sent to Mr. Rosenwald.

WRHS

Yours sincerely,



DIRECTOR

Michael Chaskey

Encl.

COPY

November 26, 1935

Mr. R. G. Roth
Retail Merchants Board
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Mr. Roth:

We have come to en passe with the Higbee Company on the matter of German made merchandise. We have known that this store has continued to purchase German china and glass under the guise of filling orders for broken lines, and while we have realized this was not fair to the other merchants in the Retail Merchants Board who were conforming to the agreement not to purchase new German goods, we have asked them and individuals who reported to us to let us deal with the Higbee Company regarding this.

Now it is evident, and the manager of the department admits, that new German china and glass and ornaments have been purchased. In addition to this merchandise the Higbee Company has the largest display of German Christmas tree decorations in this city. While this goods amounts to little in dollars and cents in comparison with that in the other department it is so conspicuous that it patently invites attention to the fact that the Higbee Company is not cooperating with the other department stores that are not carrying German goods.

The Federation of Labor has asked us to report to them on this situation, and, the Boycott Chairmen of eighty Jewish organizations including all of the Temples, Lodges, and Women's Clubs, are holding a meeting tomorrow at which we will be asked to make a statement on this situation at the Higbee Company.

I think it is apparent that we can no longer be evasive with these groups, but, since we agreed with the Retail Merchants Board to attempt to avoid publicity and group strife regarding this Boycott, we want to report to you this situation with its impending consequences.

Unless the Higbee Company withdraws this merchandise immediately, we will inform the entire community that they have broken their agreement with us and with you.

Yours sincerely,

Signed: I. R. Morris

IRM:G

112 East 19th Street
Room 605
New York City

National Officers:

HARRY F. WARD
Chairman
ROBERT MORSS LOVETT
Vice-Chairman
LINCOLN STEFFENS
Vice-Chairman
CLARENCE HATHAWAY
Vice-Chairman
ANNA N. DAVIS
Treasurer

 Official Organ "FIGHT"

AMERICAN LEAGUE
AGAINST WAR and FASCISM

Cleveland Chapter
808 Prospect-Fourth Building
MAin 9428


Cleveland Officers:

RABBI BARNETT R. BRICKNER
Honorary Chairman
PROFESSOR PAUL ROGERS
Chairman
WILLIAM BROWN
Vice-Chairman
REV. HORACE WHITE
Vice-Chairman
STEVE LESCO
Vice-Chairman
NATHAN M. BOTWIN
Vice-Chairman
RUTH BENNETT
Secretary
DR. LOUIS ZUKER
Treasurer

December 4, 1935

TO THE RELIGIOUS LEADERS OF CLEVELAND:

TO ALL RELIGIOUS GROUPS IN CLEVELAND:

Dear Friends:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of the Call to Action issued by the Cleveland City Committee of the American League Against War and Fascism. We feel that this Call to the Third United States Congress Against War and Fascism is of primary significance and demands the attention of all of the elements among our people who hold dear peace and liberty.

We, as members of a Religious Committee for the Third Congress, call upon you for the appointment of delegates to the Congress. Announce the Congress from your pulpit, rally your people to attend the opening Mass Meeting Friday Evening, January 3, at the Public Auditorium. Elect your delegates immediately and complete their credentials.

The response to the Call among clergyman throughout the country has been gratifying. Such men as Bishop Francis J. McConnell, Dr. Harry F. Ward, Reverend John Haynes Holmes, and Reverend Herman Reissig, will be among the religious leaders who are lending their support to the work of the Congress.

The religious forces of Cleveland must take their place with all lovers of peace and freedom in this great Congress.

Very truly yours,

RABBI BARNETT R. BRICKNER

DR. ARTHUR J. CULLER

REVEREND NEIL CRAWFORD

REVEREND HAROLD C. PHILLIPS

REVEREND VICTOR OBENHAUS

A movement to unite in common resistance to War and Fascism all organizations and individuals who are opposed to these allied destroyers of mankind.

**OFFICIAL CALL TO ACTION
BY THE CLEVELAND CITY COMMITTEE
AGAINST FASCISM FOR PEACE**



**Third
U. S. Congress
Against
War and Fascism**



**JANUARY 3, 4, 5, 1936
CLEVELAND, OHIO**

TO THE PEOPLE OF CLEVELAND:

ON JANUARY 3, 4, and 5, 1936, the people of Cleveland will demonstrate to America that they are in the forefront of the fight to preserve peace and democracy and to prevent war and fascism. They will demonstrate it by providing a setting for the Third United States Congress Against War and Fascism.

All eyes will be on Cleveland when the Congress convenes and we dare not shirk the tremendous responsibility and privilege which is ours. All friends of peace and freedom must rally behind the Cleveland City Committee of the American League and lend their support in this united work.

There will be four thousand delegates in Cleveland for the Congress. They will gather from all parts of the United States and from far off lands. Many distinguished leaders in social, labor, religious, and educational fields will come together in Cleveland at the Congress in answer to the Call to Action.

The situation facing Americans today is the gravest in recent history. We cannot ignore the evidence of our eyes. . . . It will take strong and vigorous measures to combat the twin evils—war and fascism. . . . We are in a "stretch" run.

People of Cleveland, this work is of, by, and for the American People. We succeed or fail with you. Whether you are a minister, a trade unionist, a professional, business man or woman, youth, Negro, or farmer—whatever your background—we say to you, if you are interested in fighting against war and fascism, if you want to preserve the democracy which has been so dearly won at Valley Forge and Gettysburg, then you belong with us.

There is much work to be done for the Congress. Cleveland will have the tremendous task of providing for over four thousand delegates who will assemble here during the three days of the Congress.

We call upon you immediately to elect delegates to the Congress; second, to bring all your membership and friends to the Opening Mass Meeting at the Public Auditorium, Friday, January 3rd.

We, the undersigned, realizing the extent of these tasks, have pledged ourselves to work for the success of the Third United States Congress Against War and Fascism. We believe in certain rights that are dear to all men everywhere, among which is the right to live a peaceful life in a civilized world. We make this call to you. We know that you will not fail the Cleveland City Committee of the American League Against War and Fascism, in its preparations to make the Third United States Congress Against War and Fascism an historical event in American history.

ENDORSERS

CITY COUNCIL OF CLEVELAND

COURTNEY ANDERSON	MRS. ROYCE DAY FRY	RUDOLPH SCHMIDT
COUNCILMAN JOSEPH A. ARTL	MAX HAYES	PAUL SHOPART
RABBI BARNETT R. BRICKNER	MRS. J. PRESTON IRWIN	FRIEDA SIGWORTH
WILLIAM BROWN	MRS. ESTHER KAY	REV. HOWARD L. TORBET
REV. J. HOWARD CALLAHAN	WYNDHAM MORTIMER	W. O. WALKER
RUSSELL CHASE	REV. VICTOR OBENHAUS	REV. HOWARD M. WELLS
PROFESSOR L. E. COLE	GEORGE PALDA	RALPH WERTHEIMER
WILLIAM DAVY	Professor PAUL ROGERS	REV. HORACE WHITE
GUSTAV DABRINGHAUS	REV. E. ROLPH	HERBERT WRIGHT
	REV. I. D. EWING	

Delegates should be elected from all local groups and organizations opposed to War and Fascism. Every organized group is entitled to one delegate for its organization, plus an additional delegate for every 250 members or major fraction thereof.

OFFICIAL CREDENTIAL

Name of Delegate	Address	City
Organization or group represented	Address	City
Membership of organization or group	Seal of Secretary or other officer of organization	

A registration fee of 50 cents per delegate, payable on arrival, will be charged to help meet the expenses of the Congress. Official credential to be sent to:
A. L. A. W. F. — Room 808 — Prospect-Fourth Bldg. — Cleveland, O.

DUPLICATE CREDENTIAL (TO BE KEPT BY DELEGATE)

Name of Delegate	Address	City
Organization or group represented	Address	City
Membership of organization or group	Seal of Secretary or other officer of organization	

STOP WAR
FOR PEACE

STOP FASCISM
FOR FREEDOM

Hear!

GENERAL SMEDLEY D. BUTLER

World War Hero—Champion of Peace

BISHOP EDGAR F. BLAKE

Resident Bishop Detroit Area, Methodist Episcopal Church

RABBI BARNETT R. BRICKNER

Euclid Avenue Temple

LANGSTON HUGHES

Negro Dramatist and Poet

DR. HARRY F. WARD

National Chairman, American League Against War & Fascism

Public Auditorium Friday, January 3rd, 7:30 P. M.

Opening 3rd U. S. Congress Against War and Fascism

NOT A BOY, NOT A DOLLAR FOR WAR!



THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

December 23, 1935

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel and E. 105th Street
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

I am quoting from a letter received regarding the Earle of Listowel:

"William Francis Hare, Earl of Listowel, Viscount Ennismore, an outstanding member of the House of Lords and a lecturer at the London University and the British Institute of Philosophy, as well as the author of "The Values of Life", which is an original contribution to the philosophy of Value, is also the author of "A Critical History of Modern Aesthetics".

The Earl of Listowel is being scheduled to speak in the larger cities. His subject is "Naziism, A Menace to The World". He is here to lecture in this country for the first time and to enlist financial support to help the persecuted people in Germany. A great part of his time has been given over to this work, and as a result of several trips to Germany he is well informed on the bitter conditions there, and that is why he is so anxious to help."

Do you know anything about the Earl as a speaker? Have you any suggestions to make regarding bringing him to Cleveland?

Yours sincerely,

Muriel Chadsey

DIRECTOR

*He is available for speaking engagement in Cle.
for fee \$1000, and wants to raise funds.*

December 26, 1935

Miss Mildred Chadsey, Director,
League for Human Rights Against Naziism,
608 Ninth Chester Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadseh:

At a meeting in New York yesterday, we decided not to sponsor the coming of the Earl of Listowel. I do not believe that our local organization either ought to sponsor him. He should come here under some other auspices. He is definitely Leftist and he is here in the interest of another organization.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK

INTERNATIONAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION

AMERICAN COMMITTEE

OSWALD GARRISON VILLARD, *Chairman*
FREDA KIRCHWEY, *Treasurer*
STERLING D. SPERO, *Secretary*

20 VESSEY STREET
New York, N. Y.
BARclay 7-5267

Central Emergency Foreign Committee
20 BOITE POSTALE
Montreuil sous Bois (Seine)
PARIS, FRANCE

FOUNDED BY

ALBERT EINSTEIN
KAETHE KOLLWITZ
GRAF G. VON ARCO
EDUARD FUCHS
HELEN STOECKER
H. VOGT

Willard E. Atkins
Roger Baldwin
Charles A. Beard
Howard Becker
Franz Boas
Edgar S. Brightman
Paul F. Brissenden
V. F. Calverton
Adelaide T. Case
Edmund B. Chafetz
Stuart Chase
Morris Raphael Cohen
George S. Counts
Jerome Davis
Edward T. Devine
John Dewey
Emmett E. Dorsey
Corwin D. Edwards
Lewis Gannett
Harry Gideonse
Mary B. Gilson
Louis M. Hacker
Powers Hapgood
Abram L. Harris
Hornell Hart
James G. Heller
Francis A. Henson
Melville J. Herskovits
John Haynes Holmes
B. J. Hovde
William Lloyd Imes
William H. Kilpatrick
Arthur W. Macmahon
J. B. Matthews
Donald W. McConnell
Broadus Mitchell
Wesley C. Mitchell
Paul Muni
Jesse H. Newlon
Reinhold Niebuhr
David K. Niles
Charles C. Noble
William F. Ogburn
H. A. Overstreet
John Dos Passos
William Pickens
Amos R. E. Pinchot
A. Clayton Powell, Jr.
Curtis Reese
Ira De A. Reid
Elmer Rice
Diego Rivera
Harold Rugg
Thorsten Sellin
Abba Hillel Silver
Upton Sinclair
Tucker P. Smith
Benjamin Stolberg
Col. C. A. Tupper
Goodwin Watson
Bertram D. Wolfe
Theresa Wolfson

*To Rabbi
Silver -*

December 26, 1935

Mr. I. R. Morris
League for the Defense of Human Rights
Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Mr. Morris:

Mr. Goldhamer, of the Jewish Welfare Federation, wrote us some time ago, that he had referred our letter regarding Dr. August Thalheimer's lecture tour, to you. Dr. Thalheimer is arriving in this country in January and will be available for lectures in your vicinity the latter half of March or April.

Depending on the size and ability to pay of the local organization, we are charging fees ranging from \$50 to \$100, including his travelling expenses. In some cases, where there is promise of raising considerable money in aid of political refugees, a fee of \$25 will be satisfactory. All of the income from this selected tour is going to the aid of refugees from Hitler Germany.

May we hear from you soon on this matter?

Sincerely yours,

Sterling D. Spero

Sterling D. Spero,
Secretary

sds/ec
enclosure

*Should we consider having a meeting
for Dr. August Thalheimer?
Muriel Chassey.*

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

January 2, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel and E. 105th Street
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

In my absence Rabbi Brickner telephoned our office to say that he had received from the New York office a request for funds to support the Boycott. He stated that he wanted to tell us that, since the Boycott was supported by the Jewish Welfare Fund, solicitation should not be made in Cleveland. I think this brings up a very important question. How can we inform the members of this community that the national office needs their support, or can the Jewish Welfare Fund increase its contribution to us so that we in turn can contribute to the national office? If the latter cannot be done, I think that Rabbi Brickner and other Jewish leaders in the community should be persuaded to participate in raising funds for the national office.

Yours sincerely,

Michael Chadsey.

DIRECTOR

January 2, 1936

Letter to Boycott Chairmen:

First we wish to thank these chairmen who acted upon suggestions given at the last meeting of the Boycott Chairmen and in the letter addressed to them.

Largely due to the pressure brought by those who wrote letters or made protests to the managers, we are glad to make the following report of progress regarding German merchandise in the chain stores:

The Neisner Company has no German merchandise.

The Schulte-United Inc. has agreed not to purchase or offer for sale any German merchandise in any of its stores.

The Woolworth Company has as yet made no statement of policy for its stores in this district. These stores should be shopped, and, if any German goods are found, they should be protested to the store managers and by letter to Mr. W. A. Hover, District Manager, Leader Building.

The Kresge Company has, as yet, made no statement of policy and the same procedure should be followed as that for the Woolworth Company. Letters should be sent to C. B. Van Dusen, S. S. Kresge Company, General Offices, Detroit, Michigan.

The J. J. Newberry Company, has as yet made no definite statement of future policy. However at present they have practically no German goods. These stores should be shopped and letters sent to Mr. N. R. Gerger.

The Sears Roebuck Company has stated that its policy is to carry German goods leaving the choice of buying to the purchaser. Letters protesting this policy should be sent to C. H. Kellstadt, Sears Roebuck and Company, Lorain and West 110th Street, Cleveland; and to Mr. Lessing Rosenwald, Chairman of the Board, Philadelphia, Pa.

If you have not sent the name of your alternate to our office, please do so. May we emphasize the fact that either you or your alternate, or both, should be in attendance at every meeting of the Boycott Chairmen called by the League. May we also urge you to call our office, Prospect 5730, asking for up-to-date information before any meeting at which you will be making a report, in order to secure the latest information on the Boycott.

Finally, we believe we are making steady progress in eliminating German goods from the chain stores. We can continue to make this progress only if we have the active cooperation of the Boycott Chairmen and the membership of the organizations they represent. Yours is indeed a challenging role, for the success of our cause is measured by your success in enlisting the active support of the members of your organizations and in bringing pressure to bear upon the stores as the League asks for such pressure.

Mollie Brudno (Mrs. Emil)

Chairman of
The Boycott Chairmen Committee

Issued from the office of:
The League for Human Rights Against Naziism
608 Ninth-Chester Building
Prospect 5730

January 3, 1936

Miss Mildred Chadsey,
League for Human Rights Against Naziism,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I would suggest that you write to the New York office and get information about Dr. August Thalheimer before we decide to book him here.

You will notice in the December issue of the Economic Bulletin that the name of Kresge's has been omitted from the list. That might help you with the local Kresge stores.

With reference to the national solicitation which is now being made by the League, there is really nothing we can do about it. We have given National headquarters no financial support at all while they have served us on every occasion. Until such time as we can send them an annual contribution ^{for} the community, they are entitled to carry on solicitation here as elsewhere. I would suggest that you have a talk with Mr. Goldhamer about this matter, explaining to him how much we have been using the services of the National organization and sound him out on the possibility of getting, say, \$1000 appropriated for the coming year.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very sincerely yours,

AHS:BK

P.S. It might be well to run in some piece of publicity in the Independent and Review and Observer next week just to keep the Boycott fresh in people's minds.

DR. AUGUST THALHEIMER

Dr. August Thalheimer will be on a lecture tour through the United States during the months of February, March and April, under the auspices of the International Relief Association.

He was born in Germany in 1886. While still in the Gymnasium Dr. Thalheimer showed great interest in economics and sociology, and read widely in world literature. He became a brilliant linguist, speaking several languages fluently.

Dr. Thalheimer became active in the German labor movement and was greatly admired and respected. For some time he was a member of the Reichstag and was also Minister of Finance in Wurttemberg.

Dr. Thalheimer, also, has been engaged in journalism and teaching philosophy. He has lectured at Oxford University and the Far Eastern Institute of the University of Moscow. He has written a number of books and enjoyed some prominence as an author in pre-Hitler Germany. Two of his books are now being translated into English, one of them to be published in February by Covici-Friede.

He is now living, as a political refugee, with his wife and daughter in Paris. The Thalheimer home is a center for refugees. Dr. Thalheimer is in constant contact, by courier, with Germany and has the latest information on the true situation in the Third Reich.

Inquiries about dates for lecture engagements should be addressed to Sterling Spero, Secretary, International Relief Association, 20 Vesey Street, New York City.

LECTURE SUBJECTS

The Jews Under Hitler
Nazism and the Roman Catholic Church
The Church Struggle Against Hitler
The Significance of Fascism
The Nazi World View
What Next in Germany?
The Coming World War?
Labor Under Hitler
The Soviet Union and Hitler's Germany
The Refugees Outside of Germany
Why Hitler Came to Power in Germany
Who are the Nazis?
Women Under the Third Reich
Is France Going Fascist?

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM
608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio
PRospect 5730

January 13, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

I understand that Rabbi Julius Kerman at Lorain would be the person for a representative of our organization to approach regarding the Boycott in Lorain. Would you be good enough to write to him opening the way and say that if he will call together two or three people, including liberal Protestant ministers, a representative of our organization would be glad to confer with them.

You might explain we are convinced our activities in Cleveland have resulted in the dumping of German goods in the chain stores of small near by cities and we are more than willing to work with them on this subject.

I ask you to write because I think a letter from you would be more likely to challenge the interest of Rabbi Kerman.

Yours sincerely,

Muriel Godsey

DIRECTOR

January 15, 1936

Rabbi Julius Kerman,
Congregation Agudath B'nai Israel,
1144-11th St.,
Lorain, Ohio.

My dear Rabbi Kerman:

We have been infomed that the chain stores in Cleveland have been dumping their German merchandise into the smaller near by cities because of their inability to dispose of them here in Cleveland. It would be a distinct service to the cause of boycotting German goods if you would call together a small group of important representatives in your community, including some liberal Protestant ministers at which a spokesman of our Cleveland organization may be present to present the case of the boycott. A maximum of economic pressure on the Nazi regime at this time may lead to important results.

With best wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

January 15, 1936

Rabbi Julius Kerman,
Congregation Agudath B'nai Israel,
1144 -11th St.,
Lorain, Ohio.

My dear Rabbi Kerman:

We have been informed that the chain stores in Cleveland have been dumping their German merchandise into the smaller near by cities because of their inability to dispose of them here in Cleveland.

It would be a distinct service to the cause of boycotting German goods if you would call together a small group of important representatives in your community, including some liberal Protestant ministers, at which a spokesman of our Cleveland organization may be present to present the case of the boycott. A maximum of economic pressure on the Nazi regime at this time may lead to important results.

With best wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

AHS:BK

January 17, 1936

Letter to Boycott Chairmen:

Will you make an attempt to impress upon members of your organization that if they wish to make the Boycott of German goods effective, they must pledge themselves:

First: to make no purchases without looking for the label so as to be sure that they are not buying goods made in Germany.

Second: under no circumstances to buy goods that are made in Germany.

Read the enclosed story taken from the Jewish Review and Observer, January 10th. This story is true, and the incidents therein related have given the Boycott a decided set back. Representatives of the League are frequently told that Jews buy German goods when these goods are marked down. Such statements were never believed, but here is one time, at least, when the statement proved to be true. Use your influence to never let it happen again.

Please inform your members and the public that Sterling and Welch and Kinney and Levan are not carrying German goods. These stores are now working with us and it is very necessary that the public be informed that they are not carrying German goods. If the managers of these stores are not convinced that it is good business for them to continue their present policy of not carrying German goods, we may lose their cooperation.

Ask the president of your organization to give you enough time to make a full report on the subject of the Boycott at the next meeting. Use that time in stressing the fact that we have made marked progress in the Boycott, but that incidents like that reported in the enclosed article can and do happen and that they must not happen again. Stress the fact that when the League asks, through its Boycott Chairmen, that certain things be done or certain actions be taken, that everyone should respond. The Boycott can not be made effective by the few but by the many.

Ask your organization to join with others in having the slogan "Refuse to Trade with Nazi Germany" printed on all material mailed by it.

Call the League office for further and more recent information prior to the day you make your report.

Mollie R. Brudno (Mrs. Emil)

Chairman of
Boycott Chairmen Committee

Issued from the office of:

The League for Human Rights Against Naziism
608 Ninth-Chester Building
Telephone: PRospect 5730

THE LUNTZ IRON & STEEL CO.

MAIN OFFICE GEO. D. HARTER BANK BUILDING

CANTON, OHIO

Jan. 23, 1936.

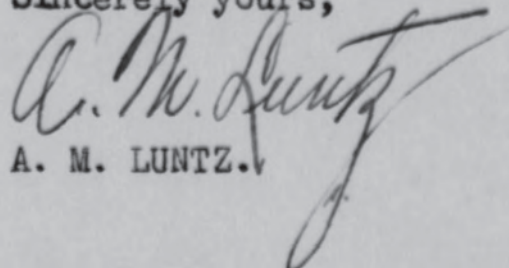
Rabbi Silver,
The Temple,
105th at Ansel Rd.,
Cleveland, O.

Dear Rabbi:

When I received your letter of January 17th, an allotment had already been made for the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League and I am enclosing a circular which contains our beneficiaries. Am sorry that the Budget Committee allotted you but \$50.00 - and I will do my best to see that this is raised in our next year's drive.

Want to again thank you for coming to our Community Fund opening, which was very much appreciated, especially by the Jewry of our community. With best regards from all of us, I am,

Sincerely yours,


A. M. LUNTZ.

AML:OS

BELLEFAIRE JEWISH ORPHAN HOME



Here is one of our boys. We can and must assure his present and future security. Neglect in love and care cannot be corrected in later life. He must not be deprived of family ties and all human essentials.

Bellefaire insures the happiness and security of its dependent and orphaned children. They are placed in a cottage Home with a competent and sympathetic "Mother" at the head of the household. Here they receive every attention.

Canton has for many years enjoyed the benefits of Bellefaire's services, having each year from four to eight children in the Home.

NATIONAL LABOR COMMITTEE FOR PALESTINE (Gewerkschaften)



The Jewish Workers in Palestine, through the National Labor Committee, are making possible the placement of a substantial number of Jewish children from Germany.

The picture above depicts the workingmen building their communal home in "Gevat Brenner."

In the cooperative colony Yarkuna where the children are brought up in a wholesome atmosphere of study and work—the principle of the pioneers in Palestine—there is a kindergarten.

All these activities are supported and encouraged by the Histadrut Haovim, the Federation of Jewish Labor in Palestine, to whom the funds of the American National Labor Committee are forwarded.

JUST A FEW OF THE THIRTY-SIX JEWISH CAUSES & INSTITUTIONS INCLUDED IN THE 1936 BUDGET

Owing to a lack of space, it is impossible to offer here in picture and legend, the work programs of all the beneficiaries.

The Budget Committee was aided in its work by a study of volumes of educational material issued by the constituent organizations.

BUDGET COMMITTEE

D. B. Livingston, Chairman; Ernest H. Cohen, Dr. A. A. Fisher, Isador Krugliak, A. M. Luntz, Mrs. S. A. Rothman

CAMPAIGN PERSONNEL

OFFICERS

DAVID B. LIVINGSTON General Chairman
J. R. FREIFELD, MILTON LEFKOVITS and FISHEL RUDNER Vice-Chairmen
WILLIAM B. ERLANGER Big Gifts Chairman
BEN DREYER and A. M. LUNTZ Vice-Chairmen
HERMAN KATZ Treasurer

BERNARD TRUXTON Records and Publicity

ARMY—LADIES' DIVISION

MRS. A. M. LUNTZ Commander-in-Chief
MRS. S. J. FEINGOLD, MRS. CHAS. S. GREENE and MRS. LEO B. LAVIN Assistants
MRS. A. H. ADLER General

Mrs. Ed. Arenson, Capt.	Mrs. Ernest H. Cohen, Capt.
Mrs. George Hawks	Mrs. Sam Engel
Mrs. William Lavin	Mrs. Isador Krugliak
Mrs. Leon Lazarus	Mrs. Lewis Manheim
Mrs. Leo Primack	Mrs. Sam Weckstein
Mrs. A. Alvin Fisher, Capt.	Mrs. M. Ginsburg, Capt.
Mrs. Irwin E. Cohn	Mrs. Ben M. Dreyer
Mrs. Bernard H. Erlanger	Mrs. A. A. Greene
Mrs. A. S. Kahn	Mrs. Ed. Schuman
Mrs. Louis Kaven	Mrs. David Shulan
MRS. REUBEN F. JACOBSON, General	
Mrs. Joseph Fisher, Capt.	Mrs. R. Jacobson, Capt.
Mrs. Harry S. Berger	Mrs. George Ostrov
Mrs. Sam Newman	Mrs. Sam Rosen
Mrs. Phil Noll	Mrs. Herman Sachs
Mrs. Pearl Oscar	Mrs. Max Young
Mrs. Herman Katz, Capt.	Mrs. Milt Robbins, Capt.
Mrs. Max Bloom	Mrs. Louis Bailey
Mrs. Ben Jacobs	Mrs. Meyer Newman
Mrs. Al Mogul	Mrs. Fishel Rudner
Mrs. Emma Sachs	Mrs. Bob Stein

MRS. CHARLES KATZ General
Mrs. Nathan Botnik, Capt.
Mrs. Jos. R. Freifeld
Mrs. Louis Meyers
Mrs. Jos. Spilman
Mrs. N. Worobitsky
Mrs. Morris Jacobs, Capt.
Mrs. Harry Klausner
Miss Eva Robbins
Mrs. Robert Robbins
Mrs. Isadore Salt
MRS. SAM WILKOF General
Mrs. Nat Brodell, Capt.
Mrs. Maurice Friedman
Mrs. Meyer Manheim
Mrs. A. Slesnick
Mrs. Joseph Wolff
Mrs. Fred Wilkof, Capt.
Mrs. Nathan Meister
Mrs. Max Silver
Mrs. Philip Triger
Mrs. Henry Wilkof
Miss Ravella Kopstein, Captain of Center Clubs

NEW PHILADELPHIA, DOVER, UHRICHSVILLE, AND DENNISON

MRS. JOS. RAPPORT General

ARMY—MEN'S DIVISION

AARON A. COHEN Commander-in-Chief
SAM BERKMAN Assistant
DR. ED. M. BEITMAN General
DR. A. ALVIN FISHER Adj. General
Max Adelman, Capt.
Sol Adelman
Chas. W. Meyers
Harry Neppert
Moses Wilkof
Dr. B. Grossman, Capt.
Allen Cohen
Marvin Gills
Ed. Gottlieb
William Summit
Dr. Ed. Arnold, Capt.
Dr. Edward H. Fox
Milton Heller
Marvin Krugliak
Harry Snader
Joseph Wolff, Capt.
Emil Gluck
Louis C. Miller
Meyer Newman
Sam Newman

A. S. KAHN General
ED. SCHOLNIK Adj. General
Reuben Jacobson, Capt.
Ernest H. Cohen
George Grossman
George Shulman
Bob Stein
David Shulan, Capt.
Ed. Arenson
Sig. Biel
Sanford Lazarus
Lewis Manheim
Ed. Scholnik, Capt.
M. W. Friedman
A. S. Jacobson
Al. Reiter
Carl Shifman
Arch. H. Slesnick, Capt.
I. J. Abramson
Jack Goodman
Harry Klausner
Louis Zeloznick

FISHEL RUDNER General
RICHARD JACOBSON Adj. General
Herman Gordon, Capt.
J. Gershowitz
Arch. Grossman
Max Minkin
Morris Regberg
Leo Primack, Capt.
Irwin E. Cohn
Joe Glaser
Louis C. Meyers
Cy. Shifman
Richard Jacobson, Capt.
Al. Cohen
Joe Spilman
Sam Stanford
Sam Thomas
Berel Willen, Capt.
Max Botnik
Charles Kanfer
Henry Shorr
Ben Willen

LOUIS WEINER General
ED. SCHUMAN Adj. General
Dr. A. A. Greene, Capt.
Sam Primack, Capt.
Arthur Genshaft
Sam Adelman
Harry Ginsburg
Joseph Brodsky
Jack Levine
Ed. Roth
Irving Specter
Ed. Schuman, Capt.
A. Strikowsky, Capt.
Harold Adelman
Norman Gastman
Dr. S. J. Feingold
Louis Jolovitz
Ed. Grossman
Milton Robbins
George Ostrov
Louis Stein

CLEAN-UP SQUAD

SAM BERKMAN General
RICHARD JACOBSON and MORRIS WILKOF Captains

MASSILLON

MANUEL BERGER General
SAM SEGEL and HARRY FEINMAN Captains

HADASSAH'S SPLENDID HEALTH PROGRAM



Besides serving the population already resident in Palestine, Hadassah offers its resources to the new immigrant. Through the Health Welfare Stations families of German refugees are being helped to adjust themselves to new conditions. The health needs of infants and young children are being met. Instruction in proper diet and food values is offered mothers by the Health Welfare nurses.

Hadassah has reduced infant mortality among children cared for in its 22 Health Welfare Stations by 50% in 5 years.



Hadassah's work program includes: Pre-natal and post-natal care for mothers; Infant care to the age of 2; Pre-school care; Anti-tuberculosis care; Anti-trachoma service; Visiting nursing service; Teaching service for prospective mothers: (a) Hygienic care of the home, (b) Nutrition values for mother and child, and (c) The making and use of infants' clothing.

The maternity death rate in Hadassah institutions is the lowest in the world, 2.17 per 1,000.



Your Interest Is Earnestly Encouraged

The following is a list of ways in which you may show that interest:

Inquire for literature at Campaign Headquarters.

Phone 3-4505 for any information which will aid you in making a decision concerning your subscription.

"Share the Burden" of the Contributors by giving.

Aid the workers of the campaign in procuring the cooperation of others.

Attend any or all meetings of the campaign.

Advance Information

THE 1936 CAMPAIGN

CANTON JEWISH WELFARE FUND

Sec. 562 P. L. & R.



JOINT DISTRIBUTION COMMITTEE FOR RECONSTRUCTION OVERSEAS



IN GERMANY 450,000 JEWS FACE DESTRUCTION

More than 80,000 refugees have left since 1933. There are three agencies there dealing with the situation. One is concerned with the emigration to other European and overseas countries. Another is emigrating them to Palestine. The third is offering repatriation to Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, Austria, Hungary, Roumania, Latvia, Lithuania and other countries.

To begin lives anew in foreign lands, adults must be fitted to earn their living in new occupations. 69,000 Jewish young people, 14 to 24 years old in 1935, needed to be trained to earn their livelihood anywhere.

J. D. C. helped organize, and aided with funds, the Zentral Ausschuss in Berlin (Central Committee for Relief and Re-

construction). Through this and affiliated organizations, all aided by the J. D. C., the following activities were undertaken: 80,000 people received advice or aid on problems of emigration. 13,000 Jewish youths were enabled to change their vocation. 53 local and district loan banks in Germany extended credits. 100,000 applications for economic aid were dealt with by the Central Bureau for Jewish Aid through 55 offices. 100,000 free meals were dispensed by Berlin kitchens during 1934. 11,000 food packages were distributed. 31,000 destitute Jews were provided for.

POLAND, ROMANIA, LITHUANIA, LATVIA, AUSTRIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES

1,000,000 Jews out of a total of 3,000,000 in Poland are at the starvation point. The vast majority of the remaining Jews in Poland exist in extreme poverty. Jews are increasingly shut out from professions, business, employment of all kinds. 1,000,000 Jews in Roumania are poverty-stricken. Frequent anti-Jewish outbreaks occur throughout Eastern and Central Europe, student riots, Jewish shops wrecked.

In Russia Agro-Joint (American Jewish Joint Agricultural Corporation) organized in 1924 by J. D. C. has settled thousands of families on the land in Ukraine and Crimea. It has acted as agent for the American Society for Jewish Farm Settlements in Russia, which, with the help of the Soviet Government, has settled over 250,000 Jewish people on over three millions acres of land.

Tens of thousands of young people have received manual and technical training for factories and workshops.



Annual Passover Fund	200.00
Canton Talmud Torah	600.00
Community Jewish Education	900.00
Center DeChit	1,600.00
Hebrew Sheltering Home	325.00
Bellevue Orphan Home, Cleveland	600.00
Jewish Infants Home of Ohio	25.00
Orthodox Old Home (Cleveland)	300.00
Anti-Defamation	250.00
Hillel Foundation	250.00
American Jewish Congress	75.00
Ex-Patients' Tubercular Home	75.00
H. I. A. S. (Denver)	75.00
Hebrew Theological College	200.00
(Chicago)	50.00
Jewish Consumptive Ex-Patients' Home (Los Angeles)	50.00
Jewish Consumptive Relief Society (Denver)	200.00
Jewish Teacher's Seminary (New York)	25.00
Jewish Telegraphic Agencies	25.00
Jewish Institute of Religion (New York)	100.00
Jewish Theological Seminary (New York)	50.00
Jewish National Home (New York)	50.00
Leo N. Levi Memorial Hospital (Hot Springs)	75.00
National Home for Jewish Children (Denver)	100.00
National Jewish Hospital (Denver)	200.00
Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League	50.00
Hebrew Union College (Cincinnati)	100.00
Yeshiva College (New York)	75.00
INTERNATIONAL	
Joint Distribution Committee	3,200.00
American Palestine and Land Purchase Campaign (50-50)	500.00
Hadassah	100.00
Hebrew University (Palestine)	75.00
Mizrachi	400.00
National Labor Committee for Palestine (Goverkschaften)	125.00
Ort	700.00
European and Palestinian Charitable and Educational Institutions	25.00
Other Current-Demands Fund	25.00
GENERAL	
Campaign Expenses	600.00
Administrative Exp., Collections, etc.	600.00
	\$15,375.00

OUR BENEFICIARIES

AMERICAN PALESTINE AND LAND PURCHASE CAMPAIGN

The appropriation for the work of the American Palestine and Land Purchase Campaign, in the 1936 Drive of the Canton Jewish Welfare Fund, make possible the support of the Keren Hayesod (Palestine Foundation Fund) and the Keren Kayemeth (Jewish National Fund).

This is an aid in the rebuilding of Palestine assuring the survival of Jews from many lands. For this work of placing European refugees the Jewish National Fund has purchased one-half million dollars worth of land in the Homeland.

Never before in modern times has it been so apparent to every impartial observer of world affairs that only through the increase of settlement possibilities in Palestine can the unending problem of homelessness for great masses of Jews in Europe be met successfully.



February 7, 1936

Mr. I. R. Morris,
Day & Day,
Standard Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Isadore:

Thank you for sending me the letter about Dr. Bruening. I don't think that Dr. Bruening will accept lectures outside of those scheduled at the Lowell Institute and I am not sure that we would want him to come here under our auspices.

We succeeded in tying up the British Delegation quite effectively and in having resolutions passed both at the Washington and the New York meetings that none of the funds to be raised for German emigration shall be used for any export plan of German merchandise or for any plan which will help German exports.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.

MEMO FROM MISS CHADSEY

- 3-4-36

Did you see the News Release sent from the New York Office yesterday regarding American universities sending delegates to the Heidelberg University's 550th anniversary.¹ It was another of those open defies of Samuel Untermyer. It seems to me a perfect example of the way we do not want to work. Why couldn't the New York Office appeal to Boards of Trustees of the various universities first convincing them and then asking them to use their influence with the universities? One letter such as that published in the London Times (see attached) would be so much more effective. Isn't there some way to persuade the National Office to use the strength that there is throughout the country for influence and persuasion rather than for Samuel Untermyer to continue to use the first method? Is it too late for that policy to be persued now regarding the subject of American universities participating in this Heidelberg celebration?



THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

March 4, 1936

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

Because we know that the Cleveland Press and other Scripps-Howard papers are receiving protests regarding their publishing the Pegler articles on Germany; we are of course interested, as we know you will be, in having these papers receive a large number of letters of commendation for the publication of these articles.

Will you personally write a letter to either Mr. Louis Selzer of the Cleveland Press, the Scripps-Howard Company, or to Mr. Westbrook Pegler, e/o the Scripps-Howard Company? I realize that it is superfluous to ask you to do this for you will of course want to write such a letter when you know that letters of protest are being written; but what I do want to ask you, is to use your influence in having a large number of other people write such letters.

I am asking members of the Sponsoring Committee, Catholic and Protestant clergymen, and others, to write. Hundreds of such letters should be sent from Catholics, Protestants, Jews, and from the ranks of Organized Labor and college professors.

Yours sincerely,

Walden Chadsey
DIRECTOR

Pen hq

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM
608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio
PRospect 5730

March 4, 1936

Members of the Committee of Fifteen:

Have you written to Mr. Louis Selzer of the Cleveland Press or to the Scripps-Howard Company commending them on the publication of the Westbrook Pegler articles on Germany?

At the last meeting of the Committee of Fifteen, it was agreed that each member of the Committee was to write such a letter and to see to it that other people wrote such letters.

Miss Chadsey is asking members of the Sponsoring Committee, Catholic and Protestant clergymen, college professors, and members of organized labor to write.

We know that letters protesting the publication of these articles are being received by the Scripps-Howard papers, so it is very important that we use our influence to have hundreds of letters of commendation sent.

Please write at once and influence others to write.

Elmer Scheuer

Chairman of
Committee of Fifteen

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM
608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio
PRospect 5730

March 26, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

This note is merely a reminder that you, Mr. Morris
and Mrs. Brudno are to be the speakers at the meeting
of the League next Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock,
at the Temple on Ansel Road.

The purpose of the meeting is to arouse a renewed
interest in the Jewish Community in actively working
for the Boycott of German Goods.

Yours sincerely,

Mildred L. Halsey
DIRECTOR

For L. g.

HOTEL WOOSTER

WOOSTER, OHIO

March 29, 1936

The Rev. Dr. A. H. Silver
Rabbi The Temple
Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Dr. Silver:

I saw Mr. R. Gries
at Akron, Ohio and delivered your
message. I also spoke to Mr. Louis
Nohil, the Chairman of the Jewish Wel-
fare Fund about parity for U. P. A
and a \$25000 to the Anti Nazi
fund. Mr. Nohil is much interested in
the Anti-Nazi League. May I suggest
that you write him a letter and
have literature sent to him. Last year
Akron did not include the Anti Nazi fund.
Also write to him re parity of the
U. P. A. fund.

His address is % Nohil Shoe Co.
Akron, Ohio

Sincerely
Samuel A. Halperin

Enclosure

Please Return
to Rabbi Silver

SPECIAL REPORT

CLEVELAND OPERATING #7751

Cleveland, Ohio
Wednesday, April 1, 1936.

CLEVELAND INVESTIGATOR C-34 REPORTS:

Pursuant to instructions of Manager G.S. I left my home at 7:00 PM and proceeded to the Hollenden Hotel, arriving there at 7:30 PM.

Upon entering the lobby I saw there was a Minute Men of 1936 meeting scheduled for 8:00 PM. This notice was posted on the bulletin board.

At 7:45 PM I walked up to the mezzanine floor and to Parlor B. At the entrance to the Parlor a very distinguished looking gentleman who seemed to be the official greeter stepped forward. I gave this man my name and told him that a friend of mine in California who belonged to the organization had written me and told me that if I ever heard of this organization to join up. This gentleman then gave me his name as Mr. Doron and asked me if I knew of their work or what they were trying to do. I answered that I knew very little about it. He said, "You will hear plenty tonight."

I entered Parlor B hung my coat and hat on the rack and proceeded to a chair at the end of row close to a window and at about the center of the room.

I had been seated but a few minutes when two men came in and took chairs beside mine. I introduced myself to one of these men, Mr. Gilbert, who in turn introduced me to a Mr. Diebald. In conversing with Mr. Gilbert I asked him just what the object of the organization was. He replied that he knew very little about it except that it was a movement against the Jews. He said that he had gotten interested in the organization through a friend of his.

At this time a short stocky man came in and I overheard someone behind me say that he was the head of the "Nazi" party in Cleveland. I could not get his name.

At 8:20 a man in a Tuxedo whom I learned was S.J. Warwick, the state chairman and leader in Ohio, took his place at the speaker's table and introduced William Randolph Pelley, the founder of the party as the speaker. Mr. Pelley was the only person in uniform. He had a black military looking coat with a Sam Brown belt. Mr. Pelley started his talk at 8:30 PM.

He told of the founding of his organization in 1928 in California which was now flourishing as the Silver Shirts. He spoke of this government being controlled by international bankers all of whom were Jews. At this point he said that so much wealth and power was in the hands of the Jews that they were becoming more conscious of this power and would begin to fire their hired men, such as Roosevelt, Hoover and Borah, and that they, the Jews, would step in the limelight from behind

the scenes and show the world that they were the power behind the throne.

Mr. Pelley said that the Jews would overthrow the government in June, only three months away, and declare a dictatorship, which Mr. Pelley thinks would only last about ten days. "At the end of those ten days the people will be so aroused and conditions will be such that I'm glad I am a gentile."

Mr. Pelley continued and elaborated on data that he had and said that by 1953 the Jews would be on the run.

He ended his talk at 9:45 PM.

Mr. Warwick then introduced the state treasurer, Mr. Jim B. Kling, 1756 Oak Hill Avenue, Youngstown, Ohio. Mr. Kling passed the hat around and told of the need of finances and that everyone should give liberally, etc.

Mr. Warwick then got up and spoke of the plans he had which were as follows:

Every man in the room to sign up and take the leadership of a group of his own personal friends, 9 in number. After these people are trained they would also get 9 of their friends and the organization would soon pyramid to great heights. Mr. Warwick told of the books and papers for sale, some of which I bought and which are attached. He then closed the meeting.

As I left the room Dr. Doron asked me to come to the meetings of his group that he was going to hold in his office, 424 Truman Building. I told him I would.

The people who attended the meeting seemed to be successful business men and women ranging in age from 27 years to 50 years of age. There were about 25 women and 75 or more men. The larger part of this crowd seemed to be of German extraction. Each individual was very attentive to Mr. Pelley's talk and from all appearances were very sincere in their belief of his policies.

Practically everyone in the meeting gave large bills in currency during the collection and for that reason I thought it best to give two dollars.

I then left the hotel and proceeded to a telephone and called Manager G.S. and reported. I then proceeded to my home, where I arrived at 12:15 AM, wrote this report and discontinued for the day at 2:00 AM.

EXPENSES:	Collection	2.00	
	Book	1.00	
	Papers	.50	
	Carsfare & phone	.25	3.75

TIME:

ONE DAY

10.00 13.75

D.C.L.
DORON
424
TRUMAN
Bldg.

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM
608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio
PRospect 5730

April 13, 1936

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

Enclosed are the letters, one to President Leutner to be signed by me, the other to the Welfare Federation to be signed by Mr. Morris for the Executive Committee. Do you approve of these?

Mr. Eugene Wolf thinks that an interview with Mr. Lynde, Executive Director, or Mr. Griswold, president of the Welfare Federation, would be far more effective than the letter. He feels if this letter is presented to the Board, it will feel obligated to protect Dr. Bolt.

I reminded him that the letter was going to Mr. Griswold because of a motion of the Committee of Fifteen. Nevertheless, he feels that if you and Mr. Scheuer approve of his suggestion, it could be carried out. What is your opinion?

Yours sincerely,

M. C.

DIRECTOR

*Will you call me tomorrow A.M. when
you have read these letters. please?*

W. S. Lutter - Pres W. R. U.

Both as an individual and as a spokesman for a number of the Sponsoring Committee of this League, I am writing to you about what we believe to be a subject that merits the consideration of the President and the Board of Trustees of Western Reserve University, namely, the Nazi propaganda that is being carried on by the German Club of Western Reserve University in the name of the University.

We realize that this club is not a part of the University, but is sponsored by the University, holds its meetings at the University and the head of the German Department is in a large degree responsible for its programs. We understand the purpose of the German Club is not to conduct a forum on controversial subjects but to promote an interest in the German language and in the arts, customs and history of the German people. I might add that every member of this committee is in full sympathy with such a purpose. However, we feel that the club is not only failing in this purpose but that it is actively engaged in presenting only one side of a highly and painfully controversial subject. May I give you the basis for this opinion?

¹⁹³³ In.....year Dr.....^{Scheunemann??} spoke before the German Club and gave a highly biased view of conditions in Germany under the Nazi government. So impressed was the Program Committee that in spite of protests, Dr. S.....was booked for a return engagement, but a few days later when he practically gave the same talk at International House at the University of Chicago, an organization sponsored by that University, just as the German Club is sponsored by Western Reserve, his statements were so resented and questioned by both students and faculty, that he left the platform, and shortly thereafter he left the country because he was proclaimed a Nazi propagandist.

Because of Dr. S.....appearance before the German Club, we offered to the German Club and to the University:
Dr. Paul Hutchinson, Editor of the Christian Century;
Dr. James Yard, Secretary of the Anti-Nazi League of Chicago;
Mr. Lee Franklin, former United States Consul in Berlin.
None of these speakers were accepted, but Dr. Geiser, of the faculty of Oberlin College, was secured and gave a talk to the German Club that was not only an avowed Nazi propaganda speech, but had a German citizen spoken in any German city in such derogatory terms of the German government and institutions as Dr. Geiser, an American citizen, spoke of the United States government and its institutions, he would have been charged with treason.

After Dr. Geiser's speech, we wrote to Dr. Polts asking him to take one or two other speakers from Oberlin, namely, Mrs. Maria Monroe, a niece of Carl Schurz, who had just returned from six months in Germany, or Mrs. Stefan Domanakas, who with her husband had spent the previous year studying in German Universities. Mr. Polts declined on the basis that his program for the year was full. None the less, during this current year, he has made no effort to secure them nor Reverend Arthur Culler who was suggested.

Rabbi Silver - Please give me this information

Scheunemann

We have also offered to the University as speakers: Dr. Gerhart Seger, a prominent former member of the Reich and author of "A Nation Terrorized", and Madame Sonia Branting, daughter of the distinguished former prime minister of Sweden. Dr. Seger was offered on three occasions, so that to our knowledge there have been eleven opportunities to accept speakers who are not sent by the Nazi government to speak on Germany.

There would be no justification for our thinking that some of these speakers should have been given a platform had the stated policy of the University in general, and the German Club in particular, not to present highly controversial questions been adhered to. On the contrary, this year, the German Club has brought two Nazi propagandists that we know of. We refer to Dr. Gotthilf Bronish, Chief Magistrate Council for Berlin and Dr. Erna Von Abendroth, Director of the Women's Work Service; both Nazi government appointees. The one was here to extoll welfare service in Germany under the Nazi government, and the other, according to her statement, to refute the idea that German women are now educated only for "Küche, Kuche, Kinder".

May I add parenthetically that Dr. Von Abendroth impressed me as a fine stalwart woman who has spent her life in selfless service for the poor and oppressed with the result that she actually extolls menial labor and so does little to reassure the women of the world that womanhood in Germany is not debased to that level. I wonder how interested University students are in her account of educational opportunities of women in Germany when we know that by law the number of women permitted to attend German Universities cannot exceed 12,000 at any one time as compared to 120,000 men, and that the percentage of women as compared to men in Universities has dropped from 19.2% during the last year of the Republic, to 10%.

Dr. Von Abendroth, and probably Dr. Bronish, were offered to the University by the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation. Doubtlessly that institution seemed sufficient guarantee. The fact is that the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation is now one of the chief media for Nazi propagandists in the United States. In an open letter published in the New York Times, January 21, 1935, the surviving relatives and friends of Carl Schurz repudiated that organization and asked that the name of the great liberator whose memory it was founded to honor, be disassociated from it. I am enclosing excerpts from that letter.

Finally, since Dr. Von Abendroth was introduced everywhere she spoke as appearing under the sponsorship of the German Club and the School of Applied Social Sciences of W.R.U., I want in the name of the Sponsoring Committee of this League, to ask if you will not request the German Club to present another speaker who will present another opinion on conditions in present day Germany-- an opinion not yet expressed on its platform.

We have confidence that the faculty and students at the School of Applied Social Sciences will meet this subject with fairness. They might rightly question why they should be put in the position of sponsoring a Nazi speaker whom the Chicago Chapter of the American Association of Social Workers and the University of Chicago refused to sponsor or to give an opportunity to speak.

Trusting that this letter is received not as an intrusion but rather as evidence that we believe in the ~~intellectual~~ intellectual integrity of our University and that we wish to see this integrity preserved, I am

Yours sincerely,

Melvin Chodsey



April 13, 1936

Mr. H. H. Griswold, President
The Welfare Federation
1900 Euclid Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Mr. Griswold:

The Executive Committee of this League wishes to raise the following question with the Board of Trustees of the Welfare Federation:

Realizing that the Welfare Federation does not, nor do we believe it should, concern itself with the personal beliefs and opinions of those who hold positions in the social agencies which comprise the Federation, we would none the less like to ask whether or not it sanctions and condones the public expression of opinion and active participation in political issues of a highly controversial nature by a salaried official of one of the social agencies supported by the Community Fund?

R. We refer to the Nazi propaganda activities of Dr. Richard Bolt, Director of Child Health Association. His Pro-Nazi opinions publicly and freely expressed and his public appearances in behalf of the Nazi regime and in introducing Nazi propagandist speakers have frequently been called to the attention of this League. Therefore, we feel that we are justified in raising with you the question of the propriety of a salaried official of a social agency that is the recipient of funds solicited from all classes and groups in this community taking so prominent a part in so controversial an issue. We feel that we are especially justified in raising this question because many people think that Dr. Bolt is using his position as Director of Child Health Association to spread both through his own speeches and those of others that both Child Health, Welfare and Education under the Nazi regime are making marked progress. Those who know of the depravation and cruelty to which the children of Jewish parentage and those of Catholic and labor groups that have protested the Hitler regime, are being subjected, find it difficult to have confidence in the judgment of a man who does not take the suffering of the children of these groups into consideration.

Yours sincerely,

DIRECTOR

Morris

April 14, 1936

Miss Mildred Chadsey,
League for Human Rights Against Nazism,
608 Chester-Ninth Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio.

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I have just received the enclosed circular from Western Reserve University on its Summer Institute. I notice that they have two days set aside for Germany and that the lecturer is Ralph H. Lutz. It would be of interest to find out what attitude he has been taking towards the Nazi Government. Mr. Richard Gudstadt of the Anti-Defamation League in Chicago, may be in a position to supply you with this information.

With best wishes, I remain

Cordially yours,

AHS:BK
Enc.

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

April 15, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

Enclosed is the copy of the letter I am sending to the Cleveland Press. I sent the same to the Cleveland Plain Dealer several days ago but it has not been published.

I am leaving the city to-day to be gone for about a week. I hope that the committee will have an early appointment with President Leutner.

In case you decide not to serve as chairman of this committee, will you refer this matter to Mr. E. Wolf and keep in touch with him until the appointment is made for a conference with President Leutner?

Yours sincerely,

Mildred Chadsey
per g
DIRECTOR

Encl.

Cleveland, Ohio
April 15, 1936

Mr. Louis Seltzer
The Cleveland Press
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Mr. Seltzer:

I listened with interest to the talk of Dr. Erna Von Abendroth, Supervisor of the Women's Work Service of the Nazi government in Germany. She stated that she wished to refute the idea that is current in America that education for girls in Germany is primarily for "Kirche, Kuche, Kinder".

Dr. Abendroth, a fine stalwart woman who gives evidence in her bearing and appearance of a life of selfless service, seemed herself to be so enamored with the idea that woman's work is that of raising children, kneading dough, and hefting the load on the farm, that she did not seem to me to be very successful in refuting the idea - that the position of women in Germany has become completely subservient to that of men.

With all due respect to her as a person, it seems extraordinary that she should be brought to Cleveland and introduced to so many students under the auspices of the German Department and the School of Applied Social Sciences of Western Reserve University, especially so, since out of a total enrollment of one hundred and twenty thousand people in German Universities to-day, the number of women determined by law that can attend the Universities is twelve thousand, or ten percent as compared with 19%, the last year of the Republic. The policy of steadily reducing the number of women who can attend the Universities is in line with the philosophy of the Nazi party. To quote Alfred Rosenberg, official philosopher of the Nazi Party: "It is clear that the steady influence of women in state affairs must be the beginning of an open decadence."

I wonder how much the women of American Universities, and especially those at Western Reserve University are interested in the educational process of a government with such a philosophy of womanhood.

Yours sincerely,

Wade Park Manor
Cleveland, Ohio

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

April 29, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

Please find enclosed copy of letter received from
President Leutner.

Mr. Wolf is calling his committee for a meeting at the
Chamber of Commerce Club, Thursday, April 30th, at
12 o'clock sharp, to consider this letter. I have your
message that you cannot serve as chairman of this committee,
nevertheless, I am notifying you of this meeting thinking
that you may want to attend it.

The letter to the Welfare Federation has not been sent
due to the fact that none of us can agree upon the
advisability of sending any letter I have been able to
concoct thus far. This subject too will be considered
tomorrow and surely one of the letters will be approved
and sent.

Yours sincerely,

Wladimir Thomsen
per G
Director

COPY

WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY

Cleveland, Ohio

Office of the President

April 28, 1936

Miss Mildred Chadsey
608 9th Chester Building
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Miss Chadsey:

I am sorry that there has been delay in my reply to your letter of the 14th. You understand I think that it arrived while I was confined to my house with illness. Since my return I have been at some pains to investigate the various issues raised in your communication.

This is not the first time that some objection has been made to the activities of the German Club and I had a serious conference just about a year ago with a small group of Cleveland citizens who had a feeling akin to that expressed in your letter. My own memory of that conference is that while we all agreed that at least one, if not two of the visiting speakers had been guilty of poor taste in some of their remarks, the Club and especially the members of the German department could scarcely be held responsible for these lapses.

I gave our friends every possible assurance that I could that neither the officers of the University nor the members of the German department were sympathetic with the principles of the present government in Germany or in any way interested in giving hearing to representatives of that government for the purpose of justifying its policies.

My memory further is that we agreed that none of us desired to make it impossible for our German Club to hear speakers from Germany who might give authoritative information about present day Arts, Science, Literature and Institutions. Of course, we realize that no one can be brought to the United States out of Germany today who can give any first-hand information and who is not himself a Nazi.

It should be said that the purpose of the German Club is to give its members an opportunity to practice the German language in conversation with each other and by hearing first-class German speakers. It is not interested in presenting topics from the controversial or propagandist point of view.

In view of the earlier discussion of this matter I think that I need not refer to any events transpiring before this year. With reference to this year's speakers I ought to say that the only one whom I personally heard was Dr. Bronish. In fact, at the invitation of the German Club, I consented to introduce him at luncheon at the Chamber of Commerce for the very purpose of making myself familiar at first-hand with the atmosphere of the meeting and with what the speaker actually had to say.

April 28, 1936

There were in the audience besides myself numbers of people, among them trained observers, who have no sympathy whatever with present German policies or their underlying philosophy. Dr. Bronish's presentation was a most objective exposition, not of the Welfare Work in Germany, as your letter indicates, but of the municipal governments of Germany and their relation to the national government. In private conversation before and after the lunch and in the question period the speaker declined to express any opinions or to answer any questions of a controversial nature. He adhered strictly to his subject and certainly could in no wise be accused of having taken advantage of his hosts.

With reference to Dr. Von Abendroth you are correct in assuming that she was brought here by the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation. As a matter of fact it was Dr. Richard Bolt who brought her to Cleveland. He was, you may remember, one of the exchange fellows and spent a recent year in Germany under the auspices of the Foundation. Dr. Von Abendroth was brought particularly, as I understand it, to speak to professional groups in her field of work. Other engagements made for her by the German Club and at Collinwood High School were, as I understand it, secondary.

I have been at pains to inquire from a great variety of people as to Dr. Von Abendroth's performance here and have been able to find no one thus far who makes the slightest objection either to her speech or to her behavior.

I am informed also in regard to Dr. Von Abendroth that she did speak in Chicago under the auspices of Mrs. Breckenridge and the Misses Abbott before members and friends of the Political Science Department there as before other groups of professional and lay people.

I have had considerable talk with Dean Trautman, who is Head of the Department of German in Adelbert College, and with others of our staff. Dean Trautman, rather than to irritate people who are not interested in German by bringing German visitors here, would be inclined to cancel any further efforts of the sort. Personally, I am not ready to advise him to do that. In the face of your own apparently deep personal conviction that the German Club and members of our German faculty are definitely sympathetic with and interested in propagandizing for the present Nazi Regime, it is probably futile for me to say so, but I want to make it a matter of record that I am convinced after repeated investigation that you are mistaken.

I continue to feel also, especially in the light of a discussion of the subject with Dr. Bolt, that the evidence is not sufficient to warrant the statement that the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation has sold out to the Nazi Regime. Dr. Bolt has been in written communication with Dr. Wilbur K. Thomas, Executive Director of the Carl Schurz Memorial Foundation, and would be able, and I am sure also willing to give you any and all information at his disposal on the attitude of the Foundation towards the Nazi government.

I shall be glad, if at some time you wish to do so, to have further talk with you on this whole subject, but I should prefer not to have this correspondence given to the press.

Sincerely yours,

W. G. Loutner

President (Signed)

THE CLEVELAND NEWS

The Exclusive Evening News of the Associated Press

EDITORIAL ROOMS

June 13, 1936

Rabbi A.H. Silver
The Temple
East 105th & Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio.

Dear Rabbi Silver:

I received the enclosed in the mail yesterday and found it to be rather amusing. I am wondering how many more of our people are on their mailing list, and also, whether they consider that a good way to sell art treasures.

The letter speaks for itself and I thought that you might like to see it.

Cordially,

Carl

CARL S. LIEBENTHAL

May 20, 1936

W.G. Trautman, Art Imports, Cleveland, Ohio

At present:
c/o A. Gräff,
Berlin C 2,
Burgstr. 30/II.

To our Friends and Customers in America:

Since we have decided to remain longer in Germany, we shall not reopen our Show Rooms in Cleveland for the time being. We are visiting various trade exhibits, such as the famous Leipzig Trade Fair, however, and shall be glad to be of service in securing art wares as well as other special German goods which any of our friends and customers might desire.

Before we left Cleveland, many of our friends asked us to keep in touch with them and to let them know what the "terrible Nazi Germany" is like. So here goes--!

Contrary to expectations, on the day we landed we were treated very courteously by customs officials, and Mrs. Trautman was particularly pleased because our little Bulldog "Sonny" was allowed to march right out with us without any red tapé and without a muzzle. Nor did we find the German people wearing muzzles as we had been told. People here express themselves freely enough on the subject of politics, only they are not permitted to hold public meetings to carry on organized protests against the measures of the government. Over a good glass of foaming beer we have met many Germans of all classes and they have been quite frank in expressing their opinions about the Nazis. And - speaking of opinions - the old saying still applies: where there are two Germans together, you are sure to find three different opinions. And that is one of the very good reasons why the Nazis had to take a firm hold in 1933 if they were going to keep their country from debating

till anarchy arrived. One of the things that strongly impressed us in Germany, is that most everyone has the feeling, whether he personally approves of the Nazi methods or not, that something had to be done in 1933 when the Nazis took over the job.

It is hard for us Americans to judge Nazi Germany because we are so far away and do not realize under what trying circumstances the Nazis came to power, and above all, we do not know how the German mind works. Think of Germany with more than half the population of the United States but squeezed into an area one-eighteenth the size of our country - and at that it is a country with relatively unfertile soil and little or no raw materials of her own. This makes it a pressing problem for Germany to feed the population. Impoverished as a result of the War and Reparations payments, the currency and savings wiped out by inflation, Germany was already flat on her back when the depression struck. Millions were out of work and had no prospect of ever finding it, and people were starving. Is it any wonder that the people became desperate and were willing to submit to a severe but orderly dictatorship that promised them bread and work? The stories told us by our German friends - most of them not even belonging to the Nazi party - almost always coincide in this point. They all tell of the atrocious crimes committed by the Communist gangs of hoodlums who made life unsafe on the streets of Germany both by day and night, of crimes and murders borne of hunger and desperation - this was before Hitler came. Hitler put an end to these conditions. He stepped on many peoples' toes in accomplishing it, and however much people disagree on this or that of his policies, the Germans all seem to express admiration for the fact that Hitler put the people to work again - reducing unemployment from 6 million to 2 million, providing food and shelter for everyone (including Jews and former Communists) during the winter, improving the condition of industrial workers, helping agriculture, and putting business on its feet again; in short, most Germans agree that Hitler has

accomplished a great deal and that he has restored the self-respect of the people. Regardless of what may be said against the Nazis or dictatorships in general, the job they are doing in feeding and providing clothing and shelter for everyone, in spite of the handicaps arising from the admitted shortage of foodstuffs and raw materials, is really marvelous. So much for the positive side of Nazi Germany!

There are other things the Germans don't all agree on - and that's what you get to read in the American press. A comparison between our personal observations combined with what we are told by our German friends and that which appears on Germany in the Cleveland and other American papers shows that somebody's wrong and "seein's believin'"! The newspapers cater to American prejudices and feel they must be sensational. To the extent that some of the articles may be true, at best the American newspapers give only a one-sided picture of Nazi Germany. Let's see how the Germans themselves feel on some of the points brought up in the American press.

The Jewish question: Contrary to what we read in the American papers, we find that the Jews are not in hiding in Germany and that they are not being hunted down like rats. We see them every day in the cafes in Berlin and in their stores, going about their business - to outward appearances - as happily as ever. It is of course true that legal discriminations are made against the Jews. Most of our German friends - some of whom lament the fact that no differentiation could be made in the treatment between the good Jews

and the bad and some of whom do not approve of the Nazi methods of dealing with the problem - tell us that the Jews themselves are partly responsible for their present plight. After the War, we are told, the Jews in Germany overplayed their part. They opened Germany wide to the immigration of Polish Galician Jews, and they overran the legal, medical, journalistic and artistic professions and crowded out the native Germans - this when the Jews represented less than 2% of the total population. Even this would not have been serious if there had been enough work and food to go around for the rest of the population. The Jews in Germany also formerly occupied many government offices and made the mistake of identifying themselves too actively with the Communist and radical left wing parties, which gained them no love from their nationalist right wing opponents. Lately we have seen evidence, however, that the so-called "Jews-baiting" in Germany is quieting down and that the Jewish problem is taking on a calmer aspect.

The Nazi attitude toward religion: Germans - and even German Catholics - do not understand why the Catholics of the world are mobilizing against them as a result of the alleged persecution of the Church and for the recent imprisonment of Nuns and other Catholic dignataries for smuggling money and securities out of the country. Under the strict monetary regulations - without which the German economic system would be in danger of immediate collapse - this was a serious criminal offense. Many German Catholics, as sorry as they are for the fate of the people in question, feel that they were given a fair trial and that these stringent measures are necessary to protect the currency of the country. Many German Catholics are so national in their feeling that

they resent any outside church influence coming from Rome. In pre-Hitler times the Catholic Centrist party played a very active part in German politics, and often entered alliances with the more radical left wing parties. The Nazis feel that the church should keep out of politics.

The controversy within the Protestant church is by no means a persecution of the Christian religion, and as the Nazis claim, is only a "squabble" among the pastors themselves. (There are many different brands of Protestantism in Germany - two Germans, three opinions! - and the average German himself is quite at a loss to know what the controversy is all about).

Older church people in Germany fear that the Hitler youth movement will be instrumental in leading the younger generation away from the old established Catholic and Protestant churches. It is true that some of the new religious movements have been sponsored in part by Nazi officials. These groups have held meetings and someday may gain enough supporters to establish a new religion with regular church services and meeting places. So far I have diligently read the church announcements every week in the hope of attending one of such services. The American newspapers have been writing so much about them. Apparently there haven't been any Pagan church services since my arrival, and most of the people I asked didn't even know what I was talking about.

Labor unions in America are active in supporting boycotts and anti-Fascist movements, thinking they are thereby helping their "oppressed" fellow-workers in Germany. Aside from the economic nonsense - Germany formerly imported twice as much goods from America as she exported to America; thus American exporters, manufacturers and workers are hurting themselves as well as the German workers by cutting down their own reciprocal trade with Germany - almost every German

worker will tell you himself that he is much better off now than before Hitler came to power. On this point he is emphatic, and as far as I can tell, if anybody under the Nazi government has benefitted, it has been the German worker. It is so inconsequential to discuss in the American press whether the food index in Germany has risen by so many per cent, etc. The German worker is glad that he can work at all! In Germany the unemployment problem has been practically solved, there are no more costly strikes or "lock-outs", and both workers and employees are included in the new German Labor Front into which all the former trade unions and professional associations have been merged. It is really remarkable the way this organization has created even in the humblest worker a feeling of responsibility and pride in his work. The leisure-time organization "Strength through Joy" has given everyone an opportunity to enjoy the theatres and outings and to have a good vacation at least once a year. It is only the former German labor union officials who had to flee the country who are now out of a job and are agitating abroad! Hitler may have tread on other peoples toes - the upper classes and "intellectuals" - but not on the workers'.

Rearmement and violation of treaties: this is another criticism often made against Nazi Germany. We were somewhat surprised to find that the German people honestly feel that they were not to blame for the War. The post-war treaties aimed to keep Germany down for good - all on the assumption that Germany alone had been responsible for the War. Under the treaties Germany was almost completely disarmed on the understanding that the other powers would gradually disarm also. They did not do so. Therefore, as the Germans here tell us, Germany feels that she has a perfect right to rearm also in self-defence. Where this stubborn race for armaments in Europe will lead to, no one knows!

From all our talks with Germans and from our own personal observations here, we feel that the Germans sincerely want peace. They have enough economic problems to work out at home! Most of us Americans remember the anti-German propaganda carried on in America which led to our being dragged into the World War. Many of us still remember also that the anti-German propagandists admitted after the War was over that most of the so-called "atrocities" stories were based on lies and misinformation and were created only in order to mobilize American public opinion against Germany. History may be repeating itself!

We cannot emphasize enough how different we find things here than we had expected after reading about Germany in our American newspapers. Why don't we hear in America the true story of the social and economic progress that has been accomplished in Germany in the last three years, instead of reading and hearing only distorted versions of political, racial, and religious persecution, evidently prepared by people who have an axe to grind in arousing public sentiment in America against the Nazi regime? The German people themselves voted the Nazis into power. The recent election again confirmed this fact - and if they want to live under a dictatorship, that's their business, not ours! At any rate the Nazis appear vigorous enough to take care of themselves.

Now you've heard our story. We certainly wish that our friends could come over here and see for themselves what's going on. In fact, looking forward to seeing some of our Cleveland friends during the Olympic Games and hoping to hear from you, we greet you with an

Auf Wiedersehen,

Yos and Mabel Quamman

Segman

May 20, 1936

W.G. Trautman, Art Imports, Cleveland, Ohio

At present:
c/o A. Gräff,
Berlin C 2,
Burgstr. 30/II.

To our Friends and Customers in America:

Since we have decided to remain longer in Germany, we shall not reopen our Show Rooms in Cleveland for the time being. We are visiting various trade exhibits, such as the famous Leipzig Trade Fair, however, and shall be glad to be of service in securing art wares as well as other special German goods which any of our friends and customers might desire.

Before we left Cleveland, many of our friends asked us to keep in touch with them and to let them know what the "terrible Nazi Germany" is like. So here goes--!

Contrary to expectations, on the day we landed we were treated very courteously by customs officials, and Mrs. Trautman was particularly pleased because our little Bulldog "Sonny" was allowed to march right out with us without any red tape and without a muzzle. Nor did we find the German people wearing muzzles as we had been told. People here express themselves freely enough on the subject of politics, only they are not permitted to hold public meetings to carry on organized protests against the measures of the government. Over a good glass of foaming beer we have met many Germans of all classes and they have been quite frank in expressing their opinions about the Nazis. And - speaking of opinions - the old saying still applies: where there are two Germans together, you are sure to find three different opinions. And that is one of the very good reasons why the Nazis had to take a firm hold in 1933 if they were going to keep their country from debating

till anarchy arrived. One of the things that strongly impressed us in Germany, is that most everyone has the feeling, whether he personally approves of the Nazi methods or not, that something had to be done in 1933 when the Nazis took over the job.

It is hard for us Americans to judge Nazi Germany because we are so far away and do not realize under what trying circumstances the Nazis came to power, and above all, we do not know how the German mind works. Think of Germany with more than half the population of the United States but squeezed into an area one-eighteenth the size of our country - and at that it is a country with relatively unfertile soil and little or no raw materials of her own. This makes it a pressing problem for Germany to feed the population. Impoverished as a result of the War and Reparations payments, the currency and savings wiped out by inflation, Germany was already flat on her back when the depression struck. Millions were out of work and had no prospect of ever finding it, and people were starving. Is it any wonder that the people became desperate and were willing to submit to a severe but orderly dictatorship that promised them bread and work? The stories told us by our German friends - most of them not even belonging to the Nazi party - almost always coincide in this point. They all tell of the atrocious crimes committed by the Communist gangs of hoodlums who made life unsafe on the streets of Germany both by day and night, of crimes and murders borne of hunger and desperation - this was before Hitler came. Hitler put an end to these conditions. He stepped on many peoples' toes in accomplishing it, and however much people disagree on this or that of his policies, the Germans all seem to express admiration for the fact that Hitler put the people to work again - reducing unemployment from 6 million to 2 million, providing food and shelter for everyone (including Jews and former Communists) during the winter, improving the condition of industrial workers, helping agriculture, and putting business on its feet again; in short, most Germans agree that Hitler has

accomplished a great deal and that he has restored the self-respect of the people. Regardless of what may be said against the Nazis or dictatorships in general, the job they are doing in feeding and providing clothing and shelter for everyone, in spite of the handicaps arising from the admitted shortage of foodstuffs and raw materials, is really marvelous. So much for the positive side of Nazi Germany!

There are other things the Germans don't all agree on - and that's what you get to read in the American press. A comparison between our personal observations combined with what we are told by our German friends and that which appears on Germany in the Cleveland and other American papers shows that somebody's wrong and "seein's believin'"! The newspapers cater to American prejudices and feel they must be sensational. To the extent that some of the articles may be true, at best the American newspapers give only a one-sided picture of Nazi Germany. Let's see how the Germans themselves feel on some of the points brought up in the American press.

The Jewish question: Contrary to what we read in the American papers, we find that the Jews are not in hiding in Germany and that they are not being hunted down like rats. We see them every day in the cafes in Berlin and in their stores, going about their business - to outward appearances - as happily as ever. It is of course true that legal discriminations are made against the Jews. Most of our German friends - some of whom lament the fact that no differentiation could be made in the treatment between the good Jews

and the bad and some of whom do not approve of the Nazi methods of dealing with the problem - tell us that the Jews themselves are partly responsible for their present plight. After the War, we are told, the Jews in Germany overplayed their part. They opened Germany wide to the immigration of Polish Galician Jews, and they overran the legal, medical, journalistic and artistic professions and crowded out the native Germans - this when the Jews represented less than 2% of the total population. Even this would not have been serious if there had been enough work and food to go around for the rest of the population. The Jews in Germany also formerly occupied many government offices and made the mistake of identifying themselves too actively with the Communist and radical left wing parties, which gained them no love from their nationalist right wing opponents. Lately we have seen evidence, however, that the so-called "Jews-baiting" in Germany is quieting down and that the Jewish problem is taking on a calmer aspect.

The Nazi attitude toward religion: Germans - and even German Catholics - do not understand why the Catholics of the world are mobilizing against them as a result of the alleged persecution of the Church and for the recent imprisonment of Nuns and other Catholic dignataries for smuggling money and securities out of the country. Under the strict monetary regulations - without which the German economic system would be in danger of immediate collapse - this was a serious criminal offense. Many German Catholics, as sorry as they are for the fate of the people in question, feel that they were given a fair trial and that these stringent measures are necessary to protect the currency of the country. Many German Catholics are so national in their feeling that

they resent any outside church influence coming from Rome. In pre-Hitler times the Catholic Centrist party played a very active part in German politics, and often entered alliances with the more radical left wing parties. The Nazis feel that the church should keep out of politics.

The controversy within the Protestant church is by no means a persecution of the Christian religion, and as the Nazis claim, is only a "squabble" among the pastors themselves. (There are many different brands of Protestantism in Germany - two Germans, three opinions! - and the average German himself is quite at a loss to know what the controversy is all about).

Older church people in Germany fear that the Hitler youth movement will be instrumental in leading the younger generation away from the old established Catholic and Protestant churches. It is true that some of the new religious movements have been sponsored in part by Nazi officials. These groups have held meetings and someday may gain enough supporters to establish a new religion with regular church services and meeting places. So far I have diligently read the church announcements every week in the hope of attending one of such services. The American newspapers have been writing so much about them. Apparently there haven't been any Pagan church services since my arrival, and most of the people I asked didn't even know what I was talking about.

Labor unions in America are active in supporting boycotts and anti-Fascist movements, thinking they are thereby helping their "oppressed" fellow-workers in Germany. Aside from the economic nonsense - Germany formerly imported twice as much goods from America as she exported to America; thus American exporters, manufacturers and workers are hurting themselves as well as the German workers by cutting down their own reciprocal trade with Germany - almost every German

worker will tell you himself that he is much better off now than before Hitler came to power. On this point he is emphatic, and as far as I can tell, if anybody under the Nazi government has benefitted, it has been the German worker. It is so inconsequential to discuss in the American press whether the food index in Germany has risen by so many per cent, etc. The German worker is glad that he can work at all! In Germany the unemployment problem has been practically solved, there are no more costly strikes or "lock-outs", and both workers and employees are included in the new German Labor Front into which all the former trade unions and professional associations have been merged. It is really remarkable the way this organization has created even in the humblest worker a feeling of responsibility and pride in his work. The leisure-time organization "Strength through Joy" has given everyone an opportunity to enjoy the theatres and outings and to have a good vacation at least once a year. It is only the former German labor union officials who had to flee the country who are now out of a job and are agitating abroad! Hitler may have tread on other peoples toes - the upper classes and "intellectuals" - but not on the workers'.

Rearmament and violation of treaties: this is another criticism often made against Nazi Germany. We were somewhat surprised to find that the German people honestly feel that they were not to blame for the War. The post-war treaties aimed to keep Germany down for good - all on the assumption that Germany alone had been responsible for the War. Under the treaties Germany was almost completely disarmed on the understanding that the other powers would gradually disarm also. They did not do so. Therefore, as the Germans here tell us, Germany feels that she has a perfect right to rearm also in self-defence. Where this stubborn race for armaments in Europe will lead to, no one knows!

From all our talks with Germans and from our own personal observations here, we feel that the Germans sincerely want peace. They have enough economic problems to work out at home! Most of us Americans remember the anti-German propaganda carried on in America which led to our being dragged into the World War. Many of us still remember also that the anti-German propagandists admitted after the War was over that most of the so-called "atrocities" stories were based on lies and misinformation and were created only in order to mobilize American public opinion against Germany. History may be repeating itself!

We cannot emphasize enough how different we find things here than we had expected after reading about Germany in our American newspapers. Why don't we hear in America the true story of the social and economic progress that has been accomplished in Germany in the last three years, instead of reading and hearing only distorted versions of political, racial, and religious persecution, evidently prepared by people who have an axe to grind in arousing public sentiment in America against the Nazi regime? The German people themselves voted the Nazis into power. The recent election again confirmed this fact - and if they want to live under a dictatorship, that's their business, not ours! At any rate the Nazis appear vigorous enough to take care of themselves.

Now you've heard our story. We certainly wish that our friends could come over here and see for themselves what's going on. In fact, looking forward to seeing some of our Cleveland friends during the Olympic Games and hoping to hear from you, we greet you with an

Auf Wiedersehen,

Yola and Wald Jonathan

THE LEAGUE
FOR
HUMAN RIGHTS AGAINST NAZIISM

608 Ninth Chester Bldg.
Cleveland, Ohio

PRospect 5730

May 26, 1936

Rabbi A. H. Silver
The Temple
Ansel Road
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Rabbi Silver:

I am enclosing a copy of a letter I have to-day received from
Mr. Harriman.

I think this matter should have immediate attention. Shall
I take this question up with Mr. Goldhamer? I wish that we
might help Mr. Harriman raise funds for the national office.
Have you any suggestions as to how I might help?



Yours sincerely,

Mildred Chadsey
per g
DIRECTOR

Encl. - 1

COPY

Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League
to Champion Human Rights, Inc.
20 West 47th Street
New York

May 25, 1936

Miss Mildred Chadsey, Director
League for Human Rights Against Naziism
608 Ninth Chester Building
Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Miss Chadsey:

Several weeks ago I wrote to Doctor Silver regarding several matters and mentioned that our financial position was rather precarious and we were therefore interested in knowing whether an allocation would be made to us from the Community drive then going on.

I understand that this Community drive began on May 7th and was to continue for a period of ten days. It is therefore over by now and the results should be known. Are we included and if so to what extent.

The cancellation of the proposed Dinner to Mr. Untermeyer was a serious blow to us for instead of making some thousands of dollars, we were put to an appreciable expense.

We received today a letter from Mr. Joseph E. Cole, copy of which is herewith enclosed. Do you know this group and can they do anything for us? Are you in a position to give them a thousand copies of the pamphlet or shall we send the pamphlets to them? The reason I ask is that we have now distributed almost half a million of these pamphlets and have had no financial gain thereby whatever. We are now beginning to contact the people who have applied for them voluntarily in the hope that they will support our work. But this, I am afraid, is a long chance.

With cordial thanks for your cooperation and with kindest personal regards,

Very truly yours,

G. E. Harriman (Signed)

G. E. Harriman
Executive Secretary

GEH:BZ

June 4, 1936

Mr. Edward A. Liebenthal
801 Citizens Building
Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Mr. Liebenthal:

I am arranging to have your name placed on our mailing list as Secretary of the Anti-Defamation Committee of Cleveland Lodge.

Pursuant to your request, we are sending you additional copies of the article "I Was an Editor in Germany."

You are correct in your assumption that we have on many occasions been confronted with the problem of Jewish lack of ethics which, of course, is no different essentially from the problem of non-Jewish lack of ethics. Jewish people have no monopoly of unethical procedure, but of course, I don't have to "sell" you on this idea. We are, of course, highly sensitized to the wrong-doings of individuals of our group because it has been our unfortunate experience to have suffered as a people because of the proneness of the non-Jewish world to attack all of us for the derelictions of the few.

I think there is a very definite matter for consideration in the cases which you present to me. There have been set up in other communities Conciliation Committees who have had important people approach Jews who have adopted un-Jewish or un-American methods and have endeavored to convince them of the wrong they do, not only to our own people but to the general welfare. Employers who oppress their help, who flagrantly underpay them and who menace them with discharge in the event of protest, are a menace to the economic system as well as to the Jewish people, and I believe that a committee of reputation and of dignity could perhaps seriously impress the mind of such an employer with the need for comporting himself more in line with those ideals held in common by Jews and Americans. The implication, of course, that the Jewish and general community might be made cognizant of his shortcomings, might dispose him to give very serious consideration to the representations made.

Your second problem is against a firm of real estate brokers who take unfair advantage of all their employees. The further charge is made that when girls employed by them refused their advances, they were dismissed a few days following their employment. You recognize, of course, that there is a very delicate problem involved. Personal libel may easily be read into any action which is not based upon a very definite and incontrovertible array of facts. The charge itself is one which, if it becomes public, will reflect very seriously against the Jewish community of Cleveland. It is one of those instances where effort should be made to check the evil before it grows to alarming proportions and becomes the basis for opprobrium in the community.

I would suggest here that the effort be made to secure all available facts. Let it be approached very objectively because it is altogether likely that in the effort to run down the facts, there will be none of them uncovered. We have met many situations comparable to this, and it is easy at times for an incompetent woman employee to justify her loss of position upon the basis of outraged virtue. I believe, therefore, that you should first attempt to assemble all data. If then, in the judgment of a group of level-headed men, there appears to be sufficient substance to justify, I believe representations ought to be made to the principals of the firm. It should not be difficult to carry the conviction that these are sad times for the Jewish people and that no Jewish business men have the right to jeopardize the interests of all by violating the canons of decency as construed both by Americans and by Jews or for that matter, by right-minded people everywhere.

For the reasons above mentioned, therefore, I suggest that the utmost care be exercised and discreet investigation made. The results will perhaps dictate more effectively what the future course of action should be. Your reference to the experience of other communities is understandable, of course. Such experience, however, could hardly be cited, since in instances of action taken this has been predicated upon an absolute knowledge and not on more or less vague report.

With fraternal greetings, I am

Very sincerely yours,

Richard E. Gutstadt
Director

REG:EF

cc: Alfred W. Cohen
George Furth

Return to office of
League For Human Rights
608 North-Chester Bldg

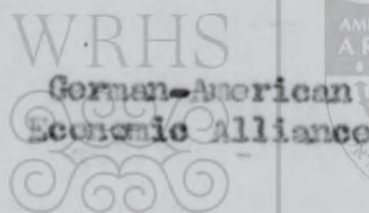
Deutsch-Amerikanischer
Wirtschafts-Ausschuss
Cleveland, Ohio

TRADE GUIDE

WIRTSCHAFTSFUEHRER

1st Edition

1. Ausgabe



DAWA, INC.

Buro 2337 West 14th St.

Tel.: Prospect 6236

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

TRAGT DIE DAWA-NADEL

Wear the DAWA-Button

WRHS

Zeigt die DAWA-Schilder

Show the DAWA-Signs



UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA

The most useful kind of patriotism is the one which finds its expression in efforts to further and keep alive friendly relations between homeland and foreign nations.

Die nützlichste Form des Patriotismus ist die, welche ihren Ausdruck in Bestrebungen zur Förderung und Erhaltung freundschaftlicher Beziehungen zwischen Heimatland und fremden Nationen findet.

Former President W. H. Taft.

Berichtigung.

Seite 8: Dussings Home Bakery
Tel. Glenville 5263

Seite 19: Aerzte, Prospect 6236

INTRODUCTION

DAWA, INC.

German-American Economic Alliance of Cleveland

herewith, presents its first "DAWA" TRADE
Guide to its friends.

The present edition of the TRADE GUIDE
(Wirtschaftsführer) is a preliminary one. More
comprehensive ones will follow with in a short
time.

In the following are given the aims and
purposes of the "DAWA" -Movement:

The DAWA IS DETERMINED TO ACCOMPLISH:

- 1.) Organization of the Americans of Ger-
man extraction in a community of
economic interests.
- 2.) Improvement of the trade relations be-
tween the United States of America
and Germany.

The DAWA WILL ACCOMPLISH ITS PURPOSE:

- 1.) By proper distribution of the "DAWA"
TRADE GUIDE, thereby directing the
purchasing power of its consumer-mem-
bers towards its trade-members;
- 2.) By organizing a "DAWA" SERVICE IN
order to bring together its trade mem-
bers and the wholesalers and importers
organized in the DAWA.
- 3.) Through its NATIONAL DAWA-COMMITTEE,
especially qualified to organize the
"DAWA" on a national basis and to
represent the economic interests of
the DAWA-Members and their friends.
- 4.) Through a NATIONAL DAWA-CONGRESS,
to be called every year.
- 5.) Through regular EXHIBITIONS OF
German import and American export
articles.

The DAWA is independent
politically, financially, etc., and is not con-
trolled or influenced by any party, society,
or other interests. The DAWA is strictly an
American organization, its object being the
furtherance of the social, economic and

business interests of its members and friends thereof.

The DAWA is an Alliance of Americans of German extraction and their friends, to better defend and safeguard their economic status notwithstanding their other social affiliations.

The DAWA is financed solely by contributions made by its members and their friends in the United States without any obligation whatsoever.

THE DAWA UTILIZES ALL SUCH CONTRIBUTIONS MADE BY ITS FOLLOWERS

exclusively in the interest of the "DAWA"-Movement. Memberships in the "DAWA" Committee are honorary only. Not one single member of the "DAWA" Committee receives a salary or compensation of any kind.

THE DAWA IS NOT A PASSING BUT A LASTING MOVEMENT.

The growing success of the "DAWA" movement during the six months of its existence is sufficient proof of its pressing need and indisputable value in these times of economic unrest as well as in future more or less prosperous years. The DAWA has only begun its co-operative economic movement and will for ever be the center of such movement long since desired by progressive German-American businessmen, proud of their German origin and willing to lend their efforts to bring such a community of economic interests about.

THE DAWA EARNESTLY URGES ITS FOLLOWERS:

- 1.) to always wear their "DAWA"-button;
- 2.) to patronize when ever possible the "DAWA" trade members, always referring to the DAWA;
- 3.) to send in names and addresses of such stores, shops, etc., qualified to become DAWA - trade-members.

THE DAWA EARNESTLY URGES ITS TRADE-MEMBERS:

- 1.) to co-operate in every way with the wholesalers and importers organized in the DAWA;
- 2.) to prove themselves worthy of the con-

fidence reposed in them by giving the best of service at prices in line with the co-operative motives of the DAWA;

- 3.) to always observe the golden rule of polite and fair dealing;
- 4.) in display the "DAWA"-Signs.

The DAWA serves the Americans of German origin and their friends, in loyalty to the land of our adoption and in sympathy with the land of our ancestors.

JOIN THE DAWA! UNITE!

WEAR THE DAWA BUTTON!

Our DAWA-Representatives carry identification-cards (with photo).

* * *

All those who are willing to join this community of interests and who are anxious to have the name and address of their firm appear in the next "DAWA" - Trade-Guide will please write us without delay and our representative will be glad to give you all further information you may desire.

We invite constructive criticism and suggestions.

DAWA
Join the DAWA!

2337 W. 14th St.

Cleveland, Ohio.

Tel. Prospect 6236

EINLEITUNG

DAWA.

Deutsch-Amerikanischer Wirtschafts-Ausschuss
von Cleveland, Ohio

"überreicht hiermit seinen Freunden den ersten
"DAWA" Wirtschafts-Führer.

Diese erste Ausgabe des Wirtschaftsführers ist eine vorläufige. Die zweite umfangreichere wird in Kürze folgen.

Die Ziele und Bestrebungen der "DAWA"-Bewegung sind wie folgt:
Der DAWA bezweckt:

- 1.) Wirtschaftlichen Zusammenschluss der

Amerikaner deutschen Stammes.

- 2.) Stärkung der Handelsbeziehungen zwischen den Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika und Deutschland.

Der DAWA wird seine Zwecke erreichen:

- 1.) Durch Ausgabe von "D A W A" - WIRTSCHAFTS-FUEHRERN", vermittels welcher die Konsumenten mit den angeschlossenen Geschäftsleuten, Handwerkern, usw. in Verbindung gebracht werden.
- 2.) Durch Herausgabe des DAWA-SERVICE welcher die Brücke zwischen den DAWA-Geschäftsleuten und den angeschlossenen Grosshändlern und Importeuren sein wird.
- 3.) Durch den NATIONALEN DAWA-AUSSCHUSS, dem der landweite Ausbau der DAWA-Organisation und die Vertretung der wirtschaftlichen Belange des deutschstämmigen Amerikanertums obliegt.
- 4.) Durch alljährliche Veranstaltung eines NATIONALEN DAWA-KONGRESSES.
- 5.) Durch regelmässige Ausstellungen deutscher Import- und amerikanischer Export-Artikel.

Der DAWA ist in keiner Weise gebunden, weder politisch noch vereinsmässig, noch finanziell. Der DAWA ist eine rein amerikanische Organisation, die unberührt von parteilichen Interessen lediglich wirtschaftliche Ziele verfolgt.

Der DAWA umfasst das gesamte, der Einigung entgegenstrebende Amerikanertum deutschen Stammes, ohne Rücksicht auf Vereinsangehörigkeit.

Finanziell stützt sich der DAWA lediglich auf die freiwilligen Beiträge seiner angeschlossenen Mitglieder und Freunde in den Vereinigten Staaten, ohne dadurch in irgendeiner Weise gebunden zu sein.

Der DAWA verwendet die Beiträge seiner Anhänger, einzig und allein im Interesse der DAWA-Bewegung. Alle Aemter im DAWA-Ausschuss sind ehrenamtlich. Nicht eins der Ausschuss-Mitglieder bezieht eine

igendwie geartete Inschädlung oder
Besoldung.

Der DAWA ist keine verübergende, sondern
eine auf lange Sicht berechnete Bewegung.

Für die Notwendigkeit des wirtschaftlichen
Zusammenschlusses des Amerikanertums
deutschen Stammes hat der DAWA in den
ersten sechs Monaten seines Bestehens
den Beweis erbracht. Aus dem Verstehenden
erheilt, dass der DAWA erst im Beginn
seiner Arbeit steht, und dass er für immer -
in wirtschaftlicher Hinsicht - das Sammelbecken
eines aufbauwilligen, auf seine Abstammung
stolzen Amerikanertums bleiben wird.

Der DAWA erwartet von seinen Anhängern:

- 1.) Andauerndes Tragen der DAWA-Nadel.
- 2.) Weitgehendste Unterstützung der
DAWA-Geschäfte unter ständiger Be-
zugnahme auf den DAWA.
- 3.) Angabe von solchen Geschäften, die dem
DAWA noch nicht angeschlossen sind,
und die für die Aufnahme in Frage
kommen.

Der DAWA erwartet von den DAWA-Geschäftsleuten:

- 1.) Weitgehendste Zusammenarbeit mit den
dem DAWA angeschlossenen Grossisten
und Importeuren deutscher Waren.
- 2.) Erstklassige und konkurrenzfähige
Waren oder Dienste.
- 3.) Erstklassige und höfliche Bedienung.
- 4.) Aushängen der DAWA-Schilder.

Der DAWA dient dem Amerikanertum deut-
schen Stammes und dessen Freunden, und
damit der neuen wie der alten Heimat!
Tretet dem DAWA bei! Seid einig! Tragt
die DAWA-Nadel!

Unsere DAWA-Vertreter führen einen DAWA
Ausweis (mit Lichtbild) mit sich.

* * *

Alle diejenigen Geschäftsleute, die sich der
DAWA Interessen-Gemeinschaft anschliessen wollen
und ihre Firma im nächsten DAWA Wirtschaftsführer
empfohlen sehen möchten, werden gebeten, sich
umgehend anzumelden. Einer unserer DAWA-Vertreter
wird Ihnen dann gerne jede weitere gewünschte

Auskunft erteilen.

Aufbauende Kritik und Anregungen sind
immer willkommen.

DAWA

2337 West 14th Str....

Tel.: Prospect 6236

Cleveland, Ohio.

ZEIGT DEN DAWA KNOPF

SHOW THE DAWA BUTTON

ACCOUNTANTS

AUDITORS.

BUECHER-REVISOREN

Breyer, E. W.

1306 Terminal Tower

Certified Public Accountant

Tel.: Main 5068

Fleischer, Julius

1836 Euclid Avenue

Tel.: Cherry 0631

AUTOMOBILE DEALERS

AUTOMOBIL-VERTRETUNGEN

Steuvel Motors, Inc.

8004-18 Lorain Ave.

Tel.: Melrose 6290

Dodge Cars

Dodge Trucks

Plymouth Cars

Used Cars and Trucks

All Makes and Models

Zahner Motor Company

2947 Lorain Avenue

Walter C. Nagel, Representative.

Tel.: Melrose 0610

Ford V 8

Ford Trucks

Ford Cars

Used Cars and Trucks

All Makes and Models

AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORIES

AUTOMOBIL-ZUBEHOERTEILE.

Loesch's Auto Supply

4488 West 25th Street

Tel.: Shadyside 1937

Steuvel Motors, Inc.

8004-18 Lorain Avenue

Dodge and Plymouth Parts

Tel.: Melrose 6290

State Road Garage	4541 West 35th Street
Tel.: Melrose 0810	
Inh.: Georg Krause	
Tel.: Shadyside 0120	
Steudel Motors, Inc.	8004-18 Lorain Avenue
Dodge and Plymouth Service	
Tel.: Melrose 6290	
Zahner Motor Company	2947 Lorain Avenue
Ford Service	
Tel.: Melrose 0610	
State Road Garage	4041 West 35th Street
Inh.: Georg Krause	
Tel.: Shadyside 0120	
Zahner Motor Company	2947 Lorain Avenue
Ford Parts	

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRS

AUTOMOBIL-REPARATUREN.

State Road Garage	4541 West 35th Street
Georg Krause, Eigentümer	
Tel.: Glenville 5263	
Steudel Motors, Inc.	8004-18 Lorain Avenue
Dodge and Plymouth Service	
Tel.: Melrose 6290	
Zahner Motor Company	2947 Lorain Avenue
Ford Service	
Tel.: Melrose 0610	



State Road Garage	4541 W. 35th Street
Owner: Georg Krause	
Tel.: Shadyside 0120	

AUTO-WRECKING

St. Clair Auto Wrecking	2445 St. Clair Avenue
Gustav Pretzlav	
Tel.: Prospect 1266	
Tel.: Potomac 5049	
Used Cars and Parts	

BAECKEREIEN

BAKERIES.

Dussings Home Bakery
 Bakery and Pastry Shop
 12403 Superior Avenue
 1139 Hayden Avenue
 Tel.: Shadyside 0120
 Home Delivery.

Hermann Michaelis' Bakery 2806 West 25th Street
Tel.: Shadyside 4192
Speciality: Pumpernickel und Deutsches
Roggenbrot.

Home Delivery.

Muellers Bakery 4439 State Road

Tel.: Shadyside 1752
Bread, Rolls, Pastries.

The Jacob Laub Baking Company
Store 4919 Lorain Avenue
Wholesale and Retail
Complete Line of Baking Goods
Tel.: Melrose 4530

BARBER SHOPS

Hammerle's Hair Shop 13733 Madison Avenue
Tel.: Boulevard 0776

BATTERY

AUTOMOBIL-BATTERIEN

BATTERY SERVICE

Hugo L. Stange 4732 State Road

Canfield Gas & Oil Company
Tel.: Shadyside 3174

State Road Garage 4541 W. 35th Street
Inh.: Georg Krause
Tel.: Shadyside 0120

BARBER SUPPLIES

The Herold Bros. Company 1017 Euclid Avenue
Tel.: Main 2210

BEAUTY PARLORS

FRISEURE FÜR DAMEN

Hammerle's Hair Shop 13733 Madison Avenue
Tel.: Boulevard 0776

Mary Ann Beauty Parlor 10219 St. Clair Ave.
Anne Horn

Tel.: Glenville 2137
Speciality: All Kind of Waves

BEAUTY PARLOR EQUIPMENT

EINRICHTUNGEN FÜR DAMEN-

SALONS.

The Herold Bros. Co. 1017 Euclid Avenue
Tel.: Main 2210

BEER (RETAIL)

BIER-KLEINVERKAUF

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.

2936 Lorain Avenue

Tel.: Woodbine 9631

Reeb's Drug Store

Euclid Corner E. 90th St.

Tel.: Garfield 8086

Joe Shoppe

10814 Cedar Avenue

BOOKS-MAGAZINES

DEUTSCHE BUECHER UND ZEIT -

SCHRIFTEN

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.

2936 Lorain Avenue

Tel.: Woodbine 9631

Pdende

2337 West 14th Street

Tel.: Prospect 6236

BUTTER, CHEESE

BUTTER UND KAESE

Schuster's Inc.

10705 Parkhurst Dr.

Home Delivery

Tel.: Clearwater 2262

WRHS

BUERSTEN

BRUSHES.



HAIR-SHAVING-CLOTH-BRUSHES

The Herold Bros. Co.

1017 Euclid Avenue

Tel.: Main 2210

BUILDING MATERIAL

BAUMATERIALIEN.

Clifton Coal & Supply Company

Hird Ave. & Nickel
Platte R.R.

Tel.: Boulevard 2828-2829

CARDS

GRATULATIONS KARTEN

Greetings - Birthday u. s. w..

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.

2936 Lorain Avenue

Tel.: Woodbine 9631

Yantschik's Bookshop

4142 Lorain Avenue

KAFFEE AND THEESTUBEN
CAFES AND TEA ROOMS.

Alt Heidelberg Restaurant 4250 Pearl Road
In.: Rudi Wagner
Tel.: Shadyside 2958

CANDY

SUESSIGKEITEN

Reeb's Drug Store Euclid Corner E.90th St.
Tel.: Garfield 8086
Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.
2936 Lorain Avenue

Imported and Domestic

Tel.: Woodbine 9631
Frank Herzog 13042-46 Lorain Ave.
Tel.: Clearwater 4189
Ivie Shoppe 10814 Cedar Avenue

CEMENT

Clifton Coal & Supply Company
Hird Ave. & Nickel Plate R.R.
Tel.: Boulevard 2829

CHIROPRACTORS

W. A. Collinson - Mary Jane Gast
222-24-26 Colonial Arcade
Doctors of Chiropractic
Tel.: Main 3961 - Cherry 3410
Dr. Agnes H. Weinterich 7503 Superior Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 1775

CLEANERS AND DYERS

FAERBEREIN UND REINIGUNGS INSTITUT

The Hejna Cleaning Co. Clard & Scranton Road
Tel.: Shadyside 4600

COSMETICS

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.
Imported and Domestic 2936 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9631
The Herold Bros. Company 1017 Euclid Avenue
Tel.: Main 2210

COAL, COKE AND WOOD
KOHLEN, KOKS UND HOLZ

Clifton Coal & Supply Company
Hird Ave. and Nickel Platte R.R.
Tel.: Boulevard 2829
The R. A. Miller Coal Co. 4107 West 25th Street
"Coals of Character"
Tel.: Shadyside 3844-3845
"Trey Coal" Carl Schultz 12609 Elmwood Avenue
Dustless Coal and Coke
Tel.: Lakewood 2389

COFFEE

KAFFEE

Schuster's Inc. 10705 Parkhurst Dr.
Home Delivery
Tel.: Clearwater 2262

CUTLERY

MESSER, SCHEREN

STAHLWAREN.

The Herold Brothers Co. 1017 Euclid Avenue

DAIRIES

MOLKEREIEN.

Milk, Cream, Dairy Products

The Glenville Dairy Company 832 East 100th Street
Wholesale, Retail and Home Delivery
Tel.: Mulberry 6384
Hodge Dairy - E. J. Missig 1096 E. 74th Street
Wholesale, Retail and Home Delivery
Tel.: Endicott 2857
John Smetana - Avon Dairy 11116 Avon Avenue
Wholesale, Retail and Home Delivery
Tel.: Diamond 1112.
H. Schieve 3211 W. 41st Street
Wholesale, Retail and Home Delivery
Tel.: Melrose 1010
Wilmerink Dairies 3776 W. 152nd Street
Tel.: Clearwater 1610
Dairy Products, Wholesale, Retail
Peter's Grocery 2635 West 14th St.
Dairy Products
Tel.: Prospect 1560

DANCING

TANZ-LOKALE

Blue Bird Tavern 3203 Lorain Avenue
Inh.: Lawrence Distel
Tel.: Evergreen 4780

DELICATESSEN

(Imported and Domestic)

Cleveland Import and Specialty Co.
2936 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9631
Frank Herzog 13042-46 Lorain Ave.
Tel.: Clearwater 4189
Peter's Grocery 2635 W. 14th Street
Tel.: Prospect 1360
Sam Abers 3617 Detroit Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 4563
R. Schrader's Grocery 10328 Miles Avenue

DENTISTS

ZAHNÄRZTE

ZAHNARZT

Dr. Stephan Graefinger 4307 W. 35th Street
Zahncliniak
Tel.: Shadyside 0213

DINE & DANCE

SPEISE- UND TANZ-LOKALE

Alt Heidelberg Restaurant 4250 Pearl Road
Inh.: Rudi Wagner
Tel.: Shadyside 2958
Blue Bird Tavern 3203 Lorain Avenue
Inh.: Lawrence Distel
Tel.: Evergreen 4780

DRUG STORES & PHARMACIES

DROGERIEN UND APOTHEKEN.

Reeb's Drug Store Euclid Corner E. 90th
Tel.: Garfield 8086

EGGS

EIER

Schuster's Inc. 10706 Parkhurst Dr.
Home Delivery
Tel.: Clearwater 2262

FOOT CORRECTION
FUSSKORREKTUR

Alfred Kluth 2337 W. 14th Street
Tel.: Prospect 6236
German Invention

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES
FRUCHT UND GEMUESE

Sam Abers 3617 Detroit Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 4563
Iverson Meat Market 8015 Detroit Avenue
R. Schrader's Grocery 10328 Miles Avenue
Peter's Grocery 2635 West 14th Street
Tel.: Prospect 1360

FUNERAL PARLORS
BEERDIGUNGS-INSTITUTE

Geo. C. Lange 9437 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Melrose 3030
Edw. H. Lindhorst 1610 Clark Avenue
Tel.: Shadyside 2100

FURNITURE
HOEBELGESCHAFT

Geo. C. Lange 9437 Lorain Avenue
Geo. C. Lange 12225 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Melrose 3030

GAS STATIONS
TANKSTELLEN.

Hugo L. Stange 4732 State Road
Canfield Gas & Oil Station
Tel.: Shadyside 3174

GERMAN CHOCOLATES
DEUTSCHE SCHOKOLADEN

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.
2936 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9631

GIFT SHOP
GESCHAFT FUER GESCHENKE

W. K. Trautmann 10010 Carnegie Ave.
Tel.: Garfield 3846 W.

GROCERIES

KOLONIALWARENGESCHAFT

E. Speizhausen	844 E. 100rd Street
Tel.: Potomac 9005	
Peter's Grocery	2635 W. 14th Street
Tel.: Prospect 1360	
Sam Abers	3617 Detroit Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 4563	
Iverson Meat Market	8015 Detroit Avenue
Gustav Pretzlav	2445 St. Clair Ave.
Tel.: Prospect 1266	
R. Schrade's Grocery	10328 Miles Avenue

HABERDASHERS

HERRENARTIKEL.

Charley Geiger's Haberdashery	14724 Detroit Avenue
Men's Wear	
Tel.: Lakewood 1154	

HARDWARE AND HOUSEHOLD

EISENWARENHANDLUNG

Waibel Hardware	5304 Clark Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9833	

HATS AND CAPS FOR MEN

HERRENUSTE UND WESTZEN

Frank Basch	2154 E. 4th Street
Between Prospect and Huron Road	
Charley Geiger's Haberdashery	14724 Detroit Avenue
Tel.: Lakewood 1154	

HAT CLEANING, RENOVATING

HUT REINIGUNG-

RENOVIERUNGS-GESCHAFT.

Frank Basch	2154 E. 4th Street
Between Prospect and Huron Road	

HEALTH SHOES

GESUNDHEITSSCHUHE

Clarence R. Faflik	9711 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Melrose 4218	

HOSIERY

STRUMPFE

Clarence R. Faflik	9711 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Melrose 4218	

IMPORTER
IMPORTEURE

Cleveland Import & Specialty Company

2936 Lorain Avenue

Tel.: Woodbine 9631

Theodor Hofherr

2337 West 14th St.

Smoker's Pipes

Tel.: Prospect 6236

W. G. Trautmann

10010 Carnegie Avenue

German Art Ware

German Art China

Alfred Kluth

2337 W. 14th Street

Tel.: Prospect 6236

Foot Correction System

German Invention

Patent All the World Over.

ICE CREAM
SPEISE-EIS.

Reeb's Drug Store

Euclid Corner E. 90th Street

Tel.: Garfield 8086

INSURANCE

VERSICHERUNGEN

The Jarmusch Realty Company

4329 Pearl Road

All Kind of Insurance

Tel.: Shadyside 0319

Arthur H. Struck

2100 Guarantee Title Bldg.

1.) Annuities (Leibrenten)

2.) Life

3.) General

) Insurance

Tel.: Main 2412

INTERIOR DECORATORS

INNEN DEKORATEURE

William Mueller Co.

3083 W. 111th Street

Tel.: Clearwater 4443

JEWELRY, WATCHES, WATCH

REPAIRING

UHREN UND GOLDWAREN

J. Konnerth

9203 Kinsman Road

LAWYERS
ANWAELTE.

Julius Fleischer	1836 Euclid Avenue
Tel.: Cherry 0631	
Otto L. Fricke	830 Williamson Bldg.
Tel.: Cherry 1403	
Hans G. Hoffmeister	1104 Hanna Building
Tel.: Cherry 7483	
Moses Roberts	911 Park Building
Tel.: Main 5858	

MEAT MARKET
FLEISCH- UND WURSTWAREN

Sam Abers	3617 Detroit Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 4563	
Iversen Met Market	8015 Detroit Avenue
Gustav Pretzlav	2445 St. Clair Avenue

MEN'S CLOTHING
HERRENKLEIDUNG

The Bartunek Bros. Co.	
"All Wool Clothes"	
Factory and Salesroom:	6529 Union Avenue
Branch Stores:	833 Prospect Avenue
	13811 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Michigan 3400	
Piper Brother's Inc.	
Factory and Store	3253 W. 61st Street
Tel.: Melrose 1172	

MEETING HALL
Halls for Private Parties

VERSAMMLUNGSRÄUME

Blue Bird Tavern	3203 Lorain Avenue
Inh.: Lawrence Distel	
Tel.: Evergreen 4780	
Alt Heidelberg Restaurant	4250 Pearl Road
Inh.: Rudi Wagner	
Tel.: Shadyside 2958	

MOVING & TRUCKING
SPEDITEURE

A. R. Sullivan	3461 West 129th Street
----------------	------------------------

MUSICIANS

MUSIKORCHESTER

"Basch" Musik Kapelle 6611 Wekefield Avenue

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

MUSIKINSTRUMENTE.

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENT
REPAIRING**

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139

MUSIC NOTES

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139

MUSIC TEACHER

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139

NATURHEILKUNDE

Dr. Agnes H. Winterich 7503 Superior Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 1775

NOTARY PUBLIC

Otto L. Fricke 830 Williamson Bldg.
Tel.: Cherry 1403
Hans G. Hoffmeister 1104 Hanna Building
Tel.: Cherry 7483

PAINTERS

MALER

William Mueller Company 3083 West 111th St.
Tel.: Clearwater 4443

PARPERSHAENGER

TAPEZIERER.

William Mueller Company 3083 West 111th St.
Tel.: Clearwater 4443

PATENT ATTORNEYS

PATENT ANWAELTE

Robb & Robb 1104 Hanna Building
(Hans G. Hoffmeister)
Tel.: Cherry 7483

PIANO SERVICE

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139

PHYSICIANS

AERZTE

Our Physicians prefer not to be listed. When
in need of medical aid call the DAWA
office: Prospect 2337.

PRINTERS

DRUCKEREIEN

West Side Printing House 2329-31 Abbey Avenue
Elmer J. Wilhelm, Arnold Wilhelm
Tel.: Prospect 5237
Yantschik Printery 4142 Lorain Avenue

RADIOS

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139
Waibel Hardware 5304 Clark Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9833
Glenville Radio & Music Co. 10111 St. Clair Ave.
Established 1918
E. J. Hamm
Tel.: Glenville 1611

RADIO SERVICE AND TUBES

Glenville Radio & Music Co. 10111 St. Clair Ave.
Established 1918
E. J. Hamm
Tel.: Glenville 1611

REAL ESTATE AND RENTEL

GRUNDSTUECKS-MAKLER UND

VERMIETUNGEN

The Jarmusch Realty Company 4329 Pearl Road
Tel.: Shadyside 0319

REFRIGERATORS

ELEC. REFRIGERATORS

Hoedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Avenue
Tel.: Henderson 0139
Loesch's Auto Supply 4488 West 35th Street
Tel.: Shadyside 1937

Waibel Hardware 5304 Clark Avenue
 Tel.: Woodbine 9833
 Glenville Radio & Music Company 10111 St. Clair Ave.
 Established 1918
 E. J. Hamm
 Tel.: Glenville 1611

RESTAURANTS & LUNCHROOMS

Blue Bird Tavern 3203 Lorain Avenue
 Inh.: Lorenz Distel
 Jeden Abend Unterhaltungsmusik
 Tel.: Evergreen 4780
 Alt Heidelberg Restaurant 4250 Pearl Road
 Inh.: Rudi Wagner
 Unterhaltungen und Konzert
 Tel.: Shadyside 2958
 Frank Herzog 13042-13046 Lorain Avenue
 Deutsches Familien Lokal
 Tel.: Clearwater 4189
 "Braustübl" 2936 Lorain Avenue
 Inh.: Karl Grafe
 Deutsche Weinstube und Bier Restaurant
 Norddeutsche Küche
 Tel.: Woodbine 9631
 "Rathskeller" 2052 East 4th Street
 Inh.: Oscar Gross
 Altes deutsches Unternehmen
 Sonntags geschlossen
 Tel.: Cherry 9074
 Deutsche Weinstube & Bier Restaurant
 Joe Schoppe 10814 Cedar Avenue
 Gute Bedienung

SAUSAGES

FLEISCH- UND WURSTWAREN

The Buechler & Jaeger Sausage Co.
 3675 Fulton Road
 West Side Markethaus: Stand E 2
 Manufacturer of "Strictly Pure Sausage"
 Tel.: Shadyside 3143
 Hendrick Home Made Sausage Shop
 1814 Fulton Road
 Deutsche Specialitaeten "Kasseler Rippenspeer"
 U. S. W.
 The Hildebrandt Provision Company
 3619 Walton Avenue
 "Sylvana Products"
 West Side Markethouse: Stand D 3 und G 8
 Tel.: Shadyside 5200

Cleveland Import & Specialty Co.

2936 Lorain Avenue

Importierte und domestic Wurstwaren

Tel.: Woodbine 9631

SHOE STORES
SCHUHGESCHAEFTE

Clarence R. Faflik

9711 Lorain Avenue

Tel.: Melrose 4218

SPORT'S WEAR

Charley Geiger's Haberdashery

14724 Detroit Avenue

Tel.: Lakewood 1154

SHEET METAL WORK
KLEMPNER

Waibel Hardware

5304 Clark Avenue

Tel.: Woodbine 9833

SAVINGSBOOKS BUYER
SPARBUCH-AUFKAUFER.

Jarmusch Realty Company

4329 Pearl Road

Tel.: Shadyside 0319

SMOKERS PIPES

DEUTSCHE TABACKS-PFEIFEN

Theodor Hofherr

Importer

Tel.: Prospect 6236

2337 W. 14th Street

STORAGE

AUFBEWAHRUNG

A. R. Sullivan

3461 W. 129th St.

Tel.: Clearwater 4430

TIRE SERVICE
AUTOMOBIL REIFEN UND
REPARATUREN

Loesch's Auto Supply

4488 West 35th St.

Tel.: Shadyside 1937

Hugo L. Stange

4732 State Road

Canfield Gasolin & Oil Station

Tel.: Shadyside 3174

VACUUM CLEANER, REPAIRING
STAUBSAUGER, REPARATUREN.

Glenville Radio & Music Co. 10111 St. Clair Ave.
Est. 1918
E. J. Hamm
Tel.: Glenville 1611

WASHING MACHINES
ELEKTR. WASCHMASCHINEN

Heedl's Musik House 7412 St. Clair Ave.
Tel.: Henderson 0139
All Kind of Insurance
Glenville Radio & Music Co 10111 St. Clair Ave.
Established 1918
E. J. Hamm
Tel.: Glenville 1611

WEINE UND LIKOERE

Cleveland Import & Specialty Company
2936 Lorain Avenue
Tel.: Woodbine 9631
Reeb's Drug Store Euclid Corner E. 90th Street
Tel.: Garfield 8086

WRHS X-RAYS
ROENTGEN BEHANDLUNG UND
AUFNAHMEN

W. A. Collinson, Mary Jane Gast
Roentgenologist
222-24-26 Colonial Arcade

Dieser Führer würde seinen Zweck verfehlen,
wenn diejenigen, in deren Händen er ist,
ihn nicht ständig benutzen.

Der Gedanke des wirtschaftlichen Selbstschutzes,
welcher die Männer leitete, die diesen Führer
schufen, setzt voraus, dass die Hausfrau sowohl,
als auch der Hausvater und jedes andere Mitglied
der Familie den Führer bei jedem Einkauf zu Rate
ziehen.

**DAWA-AUSSCHUSS
CLEVELAND, OHIO**

Dr. F. W. Walz, President

Alfred Kluth, Secretary

Albert Kleinert, Treasurer

**Walter C. Nagel, Representative for Trade-
Members**



Office: 2337 W. 114th Street Tel.: PRospect 6236.

file
Letters sent to some selected firms listed in the DAWA

My dear

We note your firm is listed in the Trade Guide "DAWA"
Incorporated. Our understanding and belief is that
this Trade Guide is for the purpose of
influencing German-Americans and their friends to
give preference in their business dealings to
these firms. This organization, the Retail Merchant's
Board and the leading organizations of Cleveland have
been especially desirous that such a list should not be
published because they believe that:

- a. It is incompatible with the
business interests of this
city and community
- b. Organized Labor, Catholics,
Jews, Free Masons, Christian
Scientists, and the ever increasing
number of Protestants and Lieberals
who resent the treatment of their groups
in Germany under the Nazi Regime, will in
all likelihood unite to publicise
this fact with the result that the
people represented by these groups will
withdraw their patronage from the firms
listed.

We, therefore, urge you to withdraw your name from this
list and so use your influence to have its publication
discontinued. If this is not done, it seems only fair to
expect that the groups ^{above mentioned} ~~so concerned~~ will take action.

BESUCHT DEUTSCHLAND!

REIST MIT

DEUTSCHEN SCHIFFEN!

KOMMT ZUR

LEIPZIGER MESSE!

Frühjahrsmesse Anfang März

Herbstmesse Ende August

Kauft Deutsche Waren!

Information bei allen Vertretern
und Reisebüros oder

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD

1119 Euclid Ave.

Cleveland, Ohio

WRHS
Tel: Main 6780

AMERICAN JEWISH
ARCHIVES

Waren-Nachweis und Messe-Information:

LEIPZIG TRADE FAIR

Carl O. Ahrendt, Representative

1119 Euclid Avenue

Cleveland, Ohio

Tel: Main 6780

Reises Auskunft über Deutschland:

GERMAN TOURIST INFORMATION

665 FIFTH AVENUE

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Tel.: Wickersham 2-0224

Waren-Nachweis und Messe-Information:

THE BOYCOTT OF GERMAN GOODS AND SERVICES

The Plain Dealer commenting upon Hitler's appointment of Herman Goering as special commissar of the economic and financial policies of the Reich in an editorial dated April 29th, entitled "Portends Nothing Good," stated in conclusion:

"It is a threat at the peace of the world and one that will be broken if it is broken at all, only through the combined efforts of Great Britain and the United States."

What effort can these countries make other than to break the power of Nazi Germany, and how can they break this power that has refused to yield to the opinions of the civilized world? There are only two ways—that of war, or the use of the boycott of German goods and services as a moral substitute for war.

1935/1
Soon after the ascension of the Nazi to power, there sprang up in many parts of the world, especially in Great Britain, United States, and France, a spontaneous boycott against German goods and services as a protest against the inhuman treatment of Germans who are not Nazis and against the efforts to spread the Nazi principles to other countries, and above all else, against Hitler's defiance of all other nations' efforts toward world peace.

Now, with the appointment of Gen. Goering as dictator of the Reich finances, with the devaluation of the mark, with the continued heavy expenditure for armaments, it becomes increasingly manifest that the only means, except that of war, to hasten the collapse of the Nazi power is the extension of the boycott.

What has been the effect of the boycott to date? Its American supporters were warned by Nazi propagandists that the boycott of German goods would have a detrimental effect upon American industries and exports. They pointed out that the cotton, petroleum, and fruit growing industries in this country would suffer as a result. These industries, however, are now enjoying a new wave of prosperity. Despite Germany's threats to switch her purchases of cotton to countries buying from her, she is forced to import huge amounts of cotton and other raw materials from us. Whereas, in America, the boycott has progressively crippled German trade with the United States to the point where at the end of 1935, it was 43 percent less than it was in 1932. Whereas in 1932, we imported from the Reich goods and services in the

sum of 281,202,000 Reichsmarks, by the end of 1935, that sum had been reduced to 169,522,000 Reichsmarks.

In recent months, Germany's trade balance has appeared to be improving. However, this apparent revival in German industry, which is often referred to by the German government as proof of the benefits of Hitlerism, is in fact due to Germany recent remilitarization program, and is not productive in a true sense. While it has given employment to many Germans who had formerly been out of work, the unsoundness of the program is shown by the present rise of unemployment, which is openly admitted by the Government. It is also due to the fact that the German government has been heavily subsidizing her exports at the expense of her foreign creditors, and of home industries. This dumping of goods manufactured under government subsidy has constituted such a threat to our American industry that the so-called Ce'lars Bill, which provides for the levying of an import duty equal to the government subsidy, is now pending in Congress.

AMERICAN JEWISH ARCHIVES
To say that the boycott is a Jewish movement is a serious understatement. The Jews represent a mere handful of the world's population and the merest minority in a movement of vast international strength and solidarity. It is not a movement of Jews nor Catholics nor Protestants nor Masons nor Trade Unionists nor Pacifists, but of all these and others who believe that world peace is endangered as long as Hitler remains in power.

These people, who are exercising the boycott as a moral substitute for war, are not unmindful of its effect on the great masses of German people, but they do not think that the hardships entailed in hastening the collapse of the Nazi regime are as great as those imposed by increasingly lower wages and lower standards of living that the German people are now enduring, and by the ever present threat of another war. Most Germans, who are not Nazis, have faith in the boycott as a means of putting an end to their present plight, and see that it is the only measure that can save them from being hurled into another war.

War is the only alternative to the boycott. Hence, as a peace measure, it is spreading and must continue to spread until the Nazi regime suffers an economic collapse.

DELEGATES TO A.A.U. CONVENTION - NEW YORK

Sam Otis - Cleveland Plain Dealer - Sports Editor
Floyd Rowe - Cleveland Board of Education
Jimmy Lee - Cleveland Athletic Club

ALTERNATES

L. N. Blume - 6545 Carnegie Ave.
Claude Sharer - Case School of Applied Science
Dick Krosen - Cleveland Sports Goods Company
E. 13th and Euclid Ave.



Delegates

: Sam Otis

JPD 6/2/20

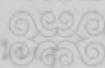
Floyd Rowe

J School Bd

Kos

James Lee
J. Lee

WRHS



c

~~et~~ L. N. Blume

6545 Carnegie Ave

O. Hymen

Landes Shaver

Case ~ v Co Edens

Dick Kroser

Y 66 ml

7

213

WRHS
6666
6666



- Mc Kee -

names
WRHS
17



meeting

Dec. 7th

aau. ~ 2 athletic

Organized labor will not
help us distribute this "dodger".
nor would the Federation of
Labor sign it - along with
our League. So, we think
it better not to have many
printed. We are writing
to Woolworth Headquarters
in N.Y. So far, so good.

MC.

For Humanity's Sake **BOYCOTT NAZI GERMANY!**

Christmas is the festival which commemorated the birth of Christ, the Prince of Peace and Good Will among men.

DON'T DESECRATE THIS FESTIVAL by buying toys and other things made in present day Nazi-Germany.

Upon the swastika of Naziism the very teachings of Jesus Christ are being crucified.

Every Christmas tree bearing toys coming from Nazi-Germany finds its branches laden with exports from factories subsidized and directed by a national policy of racial and religious hatred---a mockery to the teachings of the Prince of Peace and Good Will.

Every cent you spend on goods made in Germany at this time is strengthening the hands of the Nazis, the enemies of the Church, the enemies of Christ and His teachings.

If you buy foreign made goods, look carefully for the stamp of the country in which it is made. **DO NOT BUY** the articles bearing the stamp "Made in Germany."

For the sake of all that is dear to you, for the sake of humanity, **DO NOT BUY** Christmas toys or any other products made in Nazi-Germany.

League For Human Rights Against Naziism

608 Chester-Ninth Building

Telephone PRospect 5730

Cleveland, Ohio