

#### Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

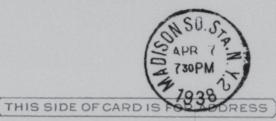
Featuring collections from the Western Reserve Historical Society and The Jacob Rader Marcus Center of the American Jewish Archives

#### MS-4787: Abba Hillel Silver Papers, 1902-1989.

Series I: General Correspondence, 1914-1969, undated. Sub-series A: Alphabetical, 1914-1965, undated.

Reel Box Folder 65 23 1513

United Jewish Appeal, United Palestine Appeal, publicity, 1937-1938.





Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, The Temple, Cleveland, Ohio.

#### United Palestine Appeal Passover Broadcasts

We call your attention to the following Radio Programs arranged under the auspices of the United Palestine Appeal:

#### WABC:-Thursday, April 14th, 10:00 P. M.

DR. STEPHEN S. WISE, Chairman, Executive Committee of the United Palestine Appeal; FRIEDRICH SCHORR, distinguished baritone of the Metropolitan Opera Company; the Free Synagogue Choir.—A. W. Binder, Conductor.

#### WNYC:-Wednesday, April 13th-6:00 P. M.

DR. ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN, National Co-Chairman of United Palestine Appeal; CANTOR JACOB SCHWARTZ and Choir of Congregation B'nai Jeshurun.

#### WEVD:-Sunday, April 17th-8:00 P. M.

LOUIS LIPSKY, National Co-Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal, speaking on "Palestine—The Jewish Hope".

#### WHN:-Thursday, April 14th-8:30 P. M.

ARTHUR M. LAMPORT, Treasurer of the Greater New York Campaign.

#### WOXR:-Thursday, April 14th-5:30 P. M.

DR. ISRAEL GOLDSTEIN, speaking on "The Meaning of Passover".

HAROLD JACOBI, Chairman, Greater New York Campaign

# Yesterday it was Germany



"Give Today and Give Generously; Tomorrow May Be Too Late"
-DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN

# The day before it was Poland

What has the United Palestine Appeal done, for example? Well, the simple facts are these: Since 1933, when the Hitler régime first unleashed its violent assault upon Jewish life in Germany and other countries, more than 175,000 Jews entered



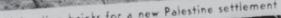
Palestine. Over 40,000 of these came from Germany. Many thousands of others came from Poland; a considerable number came from Rumania and smaller numbers from Austria, Hungary and other lands of oppression. During that period Palestine was the only land where Jews fleeing from

persecution could find not only a temporary refuge but a permanent home—a home in the deepest and truest sense of the word. Home where one can walk on friendly soil with head erect and eyes clear and the sun beating down in a warm and bright light.

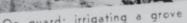
For them, funds raised by the United Palestine Appeal built homes and schools, bought land and made it ready for cultivation, founded agricultural settlements. For them, the funds raised by the United Palestine Appeal made the wheels go around in the dynamic and inspiring work of building a new land on the ruins of the old, of linking the Jewish future with the Jewish past in a glorious revival.

But today you say there is trouble in Palestine. There is trouble. There is un-















# Today it is Rumania & Austria

certainty. Yes, there is all that. But is there any record in history of any people rebuilding a homeland without sacrifice, without hardships, without a supreme test of courage and self-denial? If there is trouble in Palestine, the Jewish community of 430,000 is firmly entrenched. Its economic and cultural structure stands on a firm and unshakable foundation. It is true that some men have had to fight and some men have had to die. But they have fought and they have died on their own land and on their own soil. They have not died in concentration camps, they have not starved to death in the ghettos. They have come to Palestine to reclaim the self-respect of the Jewish people. They have come to Palestine to reconstitute themselves as men and women who believe that Palestine is

but worth dving for. Let us not dwell too long upon the hardships and the obstacles of the moment. There have been hardships and obstacles in the past and they have been overcome and the work has gone forward and settlement has gone forward and immigration

not only worth living for

has gone forward. There are hardships and obstacles today and they are being overcome. There will be hardships and obstacles in the future and they, too, will be overcome, for a new faith has been born in Palestine and a new ideal has risen on



In Palestine Hope Has Replaced Despair, Home Has Replaced Wandering

## Yesterday · Today · Tomorrow Palestine-the Door to a New Life!

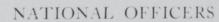
the soil that nurtured our first traditions

and ideals as a people.

These are dark days for the Jewish people. They are dark in Germany, in Poland, in Rumania and in Austria, and they are a deep gray in many other lands. Palestine has demonstrated its permanence. It has demonstrated its capacity to absorb large numbers of homeless Iews. It can continue to do so only if we resolve to give our maximum support to the United Palestine Appeal, to promote immigration, to purchase land, to reclaim land, to build schools, to build homes, to build settlements—to build for the present, to build for the future, to build to the eternal glory and pride of the Jewish name.

The Hebrew University in Jerusalem





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for the Silver S



# SETTLE MENT

#### A WORLD TRAGEDY FOR JEWRY



EUROPE

FIVE MILLION Jews live in the lands of oppression in Eastern and Central Europe.

IN POLAND—one million are starving, and another million on the verge of starvation. All are victims of persecution.

IN ROUMANIA—three quarters of a million Jews face boycott, persecution and hunger.

IN GERMANY—The 360,000 Jews remaining —their civil and legal right already lost —find themselves day by day squeezed out of the few opportunities left to them to earn a living. Their strength is fast ebbing.

IN AUSTRIA—200,000 Jews in this newest land of oppression—hard hit by economic distress in all the years since the War—now suffer the cruelties of racial persecution at its worst.

IN THE REFUGEE LANDS—Thousands of German Jewish exiles wander from country to country in search of a haven.

## IT IS WITHIN YOUR POWER



can do this by contributing generously to the combined campaign of the Joint Distribution Committee and the United Palestine Appeal. Your contribution will enable them to stand their ground against persecution and economic distress in their native lands. It will help thousands of the youth to escape the burden of oppression and to settle in a land of freedom—Palestine!

#### TO THEM YOUR CONTRIBUTION MEANS LIFE!



# JEWS Solution The Head of JEWS



OVERSEAS AND IN PALESTINE

## AID AND RECONSTRUCTION IN POLAND & ROUMANIA

J.D.C. supported summer health colonies care for more than 100,000 Jewish children annually.

J.D.C. supports hospitals, sanatoria, child care clinics, nurses' schools and other public health activities.

J.D.C. supported free loan societies make over 180,000 free loans annually thus keeping one-fifth of the Jewish population gainfully employed.

J.D.C. brings immediate help in pogrom areas rebuilding what has been destroyed, creating new industries, new means of occupation.

J.D.C. enables Jews to resist anti-Semitic efforts to oust them. More than 100 towns have already benefited from this J.D.C. aid.

J.D.C. supports a far-reaching child feeding program whereby more than 100,000 children are fed daily.

J.D.C. supports the various Jewish school systems—orthodox, Yiddishist and Tarbuth, and trade training schools.

#### GERMANY & AUSTRIA

J.D.C. funds provide emigration service for German Jews going to Palestine, and to other overseas and European lands.

J.D.C. funds help provide vocational training possibilities for prospective emigrants both inside and outside Germany. Similar retraining facilities are provided for older people who must find new occupations within Germany.

J.D.C. helped set up an entire Jewish school system in Germany in which 24,000 Jewish children are receiving an education otherwise denied them.

J.D.C. funds help provide free loans, and through credit cooperatives, loans at low interest rates, thus enabling those still in business to withstand the pressure.

#### EASTERN EUROPEAN LANDS

J.D.C., in Latvia, Lithuania and Czecho-Slovakia, supports summer colonies, child care institutions, hospitals and medical units, free loan institutions and cooperative loan societies, schools and trade training institutions—the life giving services.



## SETTLEMENT IN PALESTINE

Since 1933, when the Hitler regime first unleashed its violent assault upon Jewish life in Germany and other countries, more than 175,000 Jews entered Palestine with the aid of the United Palestine Appeal. Over 40,000 of these came from Germany. Many thousands of others came from Poland; a considerable number came from Roumania and smaller numbers from Austria, Hungary and other lands of oppression. During that period Palestine was a land where Jews fleeing from persecution could find not only a temporary refuge but a permanent home—a home in the deepest and truest sense of the word.

The United Palestine Appeal is American Jewry's instrument for the upbuilding of Palestine and the immigration and colonization there of Jews from Central and Eastern Europe.

The United Palestine Appeal, which is composed of the Palestine Foundation Fund and the Jewish National Fund, provides for the establishment of agricultural colonies, the purchase of land for new settlers, the construction of homes, schools and roads, the promotion of industry and training for immigrants and the maintenance of social, educational and health institutions.

The U.P.A. supports a network of 370 schools in Palestine which are attended by 47,000 Jewish children.

With the aid of the U.P.A., 212 agricultural settlements have been founded in Palestine as part of a large scale colonization program.

Palestine, which has been the largest center for Jewish migration in the past five years, can continue to provide a home for many thousands of Jews now crushed by anti-Semitism if maximum support for the United Palestine Appeal is made available by American Jews.

In Palestine the victims of oppression have been given many opportunities for new life. In Palestine hope has replaced despair, home has replaced wandering.

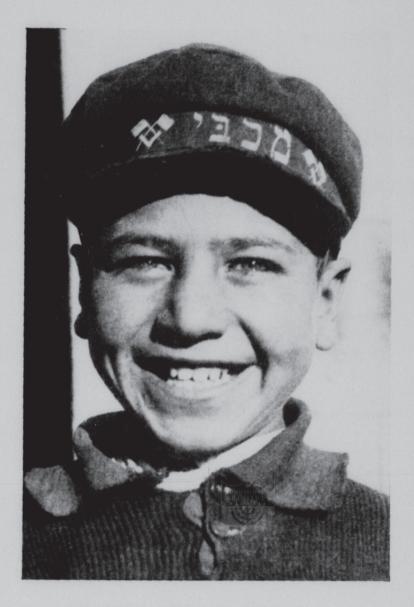
ACT AT ONCE!



The Joint Distribution Committee and the United Palestine Appeal are conducting completely independent national campaigns. Since in our community, leaders expressed a desire to conduct a combined campaign for the two organizations, this combined piece of literature was prepared.

Joint Distribution Committee Campaign 100 East 42nd St., New York, N. Y.

United Palestine Appeal
111 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.



FOR HIM A NEW LIFE THROUGH . .

UNITED
PALESTINE
APPEAL

#### UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

American Jewry's Instrument of Rebuilding and Rehabilitation

THE United Palestine Appeal is the medium through which American Jews provide their support so that national upbuilding activities in Palestine may be maintained. Created as a union of the two great instruments of the Jewish rebuilding program, the United Palestine Appeal represents the Keren Hayesod (Palestine Foundation Fund) and Keren Kayemeth (Jewish National Fund). Upon what these two institutions have built rests the Jewish structure in Palestine which claims the pride of every person with any regard for constructive achievements in the face of mighty obstacles.

As the framework of Jewish Palestine has been enlarged, as it has won the interest of varying groups, there has at times been a tendency to lose sight of what the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth (the United Palestine Appeal) have achieved. But today, more than ever before in the past twenty years, these twin instruments of Jewish national destiny are the forces removing from the pathway of Jewish progress the boulders of economic and political hardship that block the advance.

The Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth are in themselves the symbols of the democratic processes through which the Jewish people seek to rebuild the homeland in Palestine. Both depend on voluntary support. The possessions of both are the property of the entire Jewish people. The operations of both are governed by the most democratic methods known in the modern world. Without yielding to the political implications of the phrase, the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth are, in fact, the state-building instruments of Jewish Palestine. They perform func-

tions and engage in undertakings which, in other lands, are the province of the established government. An understanding of this fact should deepen the pride in what they have accomplished and also remove misconceptions with regard to their obligations.

#### THE JEWISH NATIONAL FUND

HE Keren Kayemeth is the older of the two L institutions. It was founded in 1902 by Dr. Theodor Herzl, Zionist leader who transformed into practical projects his realization of the hazardous status of Jews in many European lands. The Keren Kayemeth purchases land in Palestine which is granted on renewable leaseholds to Jew-Two major purposes, fundamental to the stability and justness of this commonwealth which Jews are creating, are accomplished by this national ownership of land. First, the exploitation of land by private interests is prevented. Second, the lessee is compelled to work the land with his own labor. Thus the exploitation of the worker, whether Jew or Arab, is eliminated. The Keren Kayemeth purchases the land and helps restore it to fertility by afforestation and through grants for water supply installation. It performs a number of other functions designed to improve the soil and protect the cultivator. For thousands of Jews seeking a new relationship to life, their settlement on the land of the Keren Kayemeth has been the basic factor in their rehabilitation.

The Keren Hayesod is the companion institution. For the acquisition of land is neither the beginning nor the end of the colonization process. The Keren Hayesod was founded in 1920 when it was recognized that private initiative might not have the incentive to engage in certain tasks of rebuilding, which might be profitless but which were nevertheless vital for the restoration of a country.

It was also evident that the settlement on the land of the people without means to whom the rebuilding of the Jewish National Home meant most could be done only by a nationally financed

#### ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE KEREN KAYEMETH



Land acquisition: 375,000 dunams



Draining of swamps in 53 areas



Water installations in 57 villages



Afforestation: 2,200,000 trees



100 settlements are established on National Fund land

institution. The Keren Hayesod became the medium for raising funds for every purpose strengthening Jewish settlement in Palestine. Today, the Keren Hayesod engages in virtually every undertaking involving the economic security, the cultural advancement and the agricultural development of the Jewish Homeland. Not only the quantity but the quality of its service has penetrated into every phase of Jewish upbuilding activities, private and public alike.

#### THE PALESTINE FOUNDATION FUND

THE ramifications of the Keren Hayesod can only be indicated. When, early in 1936, it became evident that a Jewish port was essential at Tel Aviv, the Keren Hayesod helped provide

KEREN HAYESOD EXPENDITURES APRIL 1, 1921—MARCH 31, 1937	
Agricu	Iture 34.0% \$10,275,620
Educat	ion17.3% 5,229,575
Immigr	ration11.9% 3,581,890
Public	Works 9.4% 2,823,550
Urban Colo	onization 8.0% 2,405,720
Religio Inst	ous Hitutions 7.7% 2,318,510
Health	1,604,795
Admin	nistration 5.3% 1,598,635
Sundri	es 1.1% 345,165

the funds to make it possible. Today that port is the nucleus for a marine program of vast scope. When employment began to sag because of political uncertainty, the Keren Hayesod stepped into the breach with as substantial funds as it had available to help prevent a slowing-up of the economic machinery. This was done not to save private investments but to assure the continuity of employment for labor and the absorption of immigrants. For whatever concerns the economic health and absorptive capacity of Palestine is the concern of the Keren Hayesod.

Since 1920 the Keren Hayesod has performed greater accomplishments than seemed possible with the meager funds made available to it. With \$31,000,000 in seventeen years, it helped build a magnificent Hebrew school system, a network of scores of agricultural colonies, a variety of essential industrial and economic institutions, such as the Palestine Electric Corporation, the Palestine Potash Company, the General Mortgage Bank, a system of cooperative production and marketing, agricultural experimental stations vital to the improvement of the soil and its products. It has done much else. It helped new industries get on their feet; it enabled workmen to enter new fields of labor; it assisted the promotion of trade between Palestine and other countries; it organizes and systematizes immigration to Palestine from other lands; it provides for immigrants when they arrive in Palestine and helps them gain a foothold; it provides farmers with instructions, equipment, live stock, barns and homes for colonization: it stimulates and finances the finding of new water resources and new colonization areas.

But even this list of activities does not exhaust the functions of the Keren Hayesod, which is the financial instrument of the Jewish Agency for Palestine. The Agency is recognized in the League of Nations Mandate under which Great Britain administers Palestine as the supreme representative of the Jewish people in the rebuilding of Palestine. The Agency is governed by a council composed in equal number of Zionists and non-Zionists and is thus truly representative of the Jewish people.

Whatever the tasks of the Jewish Agency, the financing is done by the Keren Hayesod. If in times of insecurity and danger, defense measures must be strengthened and protection provided, it is to the Keren Hayesod that the colonists look. When political conditions threaten the rights the Jewish people have gained and been pledged in Palestine, it is the Keren Hayesod which enables the Jewish Agency Executive to carry on with these fundamental tasks.

These aims and achievements of the Keren Kayemeth and Keren Hayesod, frequently described before, deserve reiteration at this time when the need for supporting them in greater measure is desperately urgent.

Since the Royal Commission headed by Lord Peel issued its report, emphasis has been given to the fact that economic achievements in Palestine are the surest, though not the only, ground for political reinforcement. The wider the area of land in Jewish national ownership, the more certain the possibilities of sound, large-scale colonization. The larger the list of Jewish colonies, the more sure is the foundation for the demand for a maximum Jewish immigration. Success follows success is as true of national colonization as private business.

#### ONLY INSTRUMENT OF AMERICAN JEWRY

IT SHOULD be emphasized that the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth (the United Palestine Appeal) are the *only* instruments of Palestine upbuilding which are the creation and responsibility of the World Zionist Organization and the Council of the Jewish Agency for Palestine.

The rapid growth of Palestine, stimulated by these two basic institutions, has made room for a number of projects now being supported by public or semi-public fund-raising bodies. But in so far as the Jewish community is subject to the discipline of organized effort and in so far as it realizes the incomparable importance of the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth, it

must make all other fund-raising for Palestine subordinate to these two.

Communities raising funds for Palestine upbuilding through campaigns for the United Palestine Appeal sometimes try to gauge their contributions by a yardstick known as "budget." The Jewish Agency for Palestine, at its biennial and annual meetings, adopts budgets for its operations. But every year these budgets have, in reality, been merely a sad acknowledgment of the fact that only a bare minimum of what must be done is provided for in the funds contributed in America and elsewhere.

The United Palestine Appeal is not the instrument of a static program. It represents an undertaking of illimitable scope, whose achievements are restricted solely by the funds made available.

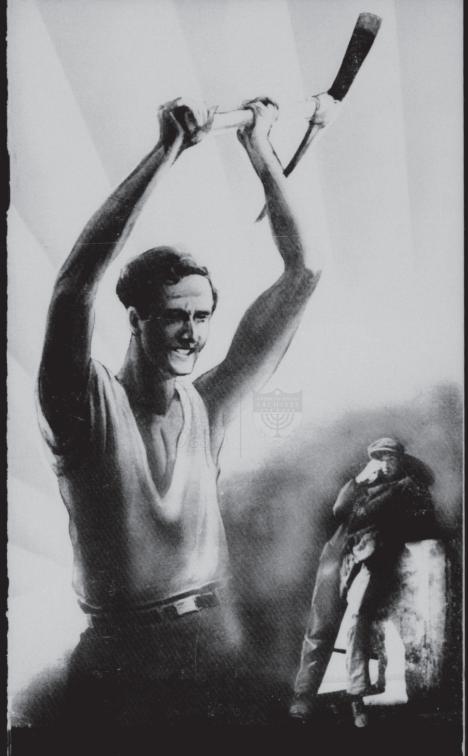
In twenty years the Jewish community of America has given to the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth less than twenty million dollars. It is not an impressive record, even though the fruits of these gifts are awesomely impressive.

The year 1938 introduces a new generation of activity for Palestine. Jewish communities everywhere—judging the rebuilding of Palestine on the broad lines of Jewish necessity and not the narrow tracks of traditional ideologies—can make the United Palestine Appeal a true organ of vast accomplishment.

Issued by

UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

111 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK



NEW LIVES for OLD

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For statistical and other detailed information on the J.D.C. see pages 13 to 16.

#### TWENTY-FOUR YEARS OF HUMAN SALVAGE

HIS, in brief, is the story of the Joint Distribution Committee. In this period the J.D.C. has carried on rehabilitation and relief activities among the Jews of Poland, Germany, Roumania, Russia, Palestine—some 43 countries in all. Its work has been done on so vast a scale that one is inclined to overlook the countless instances of reclamation that the J.D.C. has made possible.

The following pages cite examples typical of the transformation which the Joint Distribution Committee has wrought in the lives of thousands. These relate to but a few aspects of our work. Yet they serve to illustrate what the J.D.C. means in a very personal way to those whom it helps.

Schools, child-care institutions, vocational training centers, clinics, free loan societies, and refugee aid agencies. These are some of the instruments by which the J.D.C. brings NEW LIFE and NEW HOPE to men and women cracking under the strain of ever-increasing poverty and persecution.

#### DISPOSSESSED JEWISH YOUTHS

Here are two young men of the ghetto asleep in the market place. They are skilled in a trade from which Jews are excluded. Fruitless days of job-hunting, sleepless nights in search of shelter have dimmed their spirits. Thousands like them in hostile lands abroad are fast losing hope as each passing day cuts them off from new avenues of opportunity.



Adrift in the Ghetto

#### BECOME SELF-SUPPORTING



These two men have been spared a derelict's fate. They are learning a mechanic's trade in a vocational school supported by the J.D.C. There are hundreds of such schools in Germany, Poland, Roumania and other European lands where young men and women are equipped to earn a livelihood. They are taught carpentry, farming, baking, masonry, pottery and many other trades.

#### FOR THE AGED AND NEEDY

Why must her closing years be spent so sorrowfully? Her husband is dead, her son's family was wiped out in a pogrom. Her daughter has all she can do to look after her children in their one-room hovel. There is no place for her. She eats and sleeps where she can and struggles to keep body and soul together. Surely, her long years of suffering and toil have earned her a kinder fate. Is there no hope, no help for her?



Is there no Help for Her?

#### THERE IS FOOD AND SHELTER



Taking Care of the Aged

It takes so very little to make her happy. She asks so little—a roof over her head, food to sustain her, a minimum of comfort and consideration. The J.D.C. assists institutions for the aged in Poland and Roumania to keep their doors open. These homes are only one of many types of welfare institutions which the J.D.C. aids local Jewish communities to maintain.

#### JEWISH CHILDREN IN GERMANY

These children have reason to be sad. There are 39,000 like them from 6 to 16 in Germany. Most of them have been excluded from the public schools. Some still remain under conditions which bring untold anguish to their youthful hearts. All doors of opportunity are closed to them. Is it any wonder that mothers cry, "We old ones must die, save our children!"



They Have no Future in Germany

#### SEE DAWN OF NEW HOPE



Life Begins Again

Why shouldn't these ldren laugh? Special Jewish schools have been established in Germany with J.D.C. assistance, where some 24,000 children are brought up in a normal, kindly atmosphere. Several hundreds have also been taken out of Germany to overseas lands and elsewhere with J.D.C. aid. Thousands, however, still remain for whom schools, training, guidance are required. Thousands remain to be rescued.



#### FROM GHETTO STREETS

Dismal hovels in narrow winding streets that seldom see the sun. Families packed in single rooms. Tattered clothes and little feet that walk the cobbled pavements bare. Hunger, filth and gloom that seep into youthful lungs and suck them dry. Rickets and tuberculosis stalking endless victims. Are they fated for a life that is no better than death?





These children have been taken from the muck and destitution of the ghetto for a rest period in a summer colony. Clean mountain air, wholesome food, sunlit playgrounds help to check incipient tuberculosis and build up the child's resistance. Thousands of Jewish children in Poland, Roumania, and other parts of Eastern Europe are thus reclaimed for society through the kindly child-care activities supported by the J.D.C.

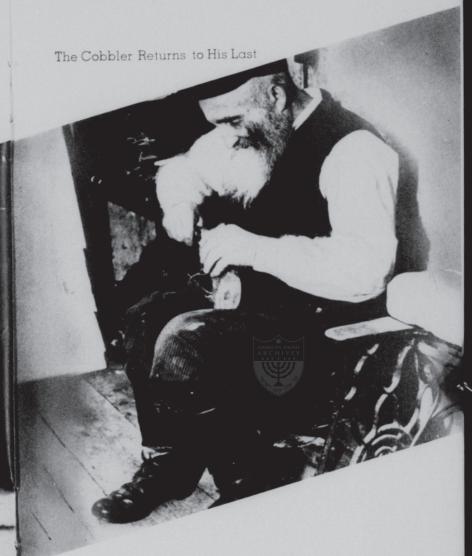


#### ARTISANS RUINED BY BOYCOTT

Too old to work? Nonsense! Unwilling? No! Just nothing to do. He was an artisan in a small Polish town but the boycott ruined him. He was accustomed to working all day. Now, his enforced idleness has demoralized him completely. He just sits around brooding not caring particularly



#### OPEN THEIR SHOPS AGAIN



This old cobbler works with a song in his heart. He is happy because he is now able to work and earn his own living. With a small loan from the free loan society he secured a license, bought equipment and set up a small cobbler's shop. He has already repaid the loan and is now self-supporting. No wonder he looks so happy!

#### REFUGEES START LIFE OVER

Each year thousands of young men and women in Germany, cut off from all means of livelihood, stigmatized as social outcasts, look to emigration as the only way out. Stu-



dents, professionals and business men must cut themselves adrift from family and friends and seek refuge in strange lands overseas.



These young men have been given a new lease on life. Retrained in a farming colony maintained by the J.D.C., they were transported at J.D.C.'s expense to Palestine and overseas lands where they are beginning life all over again as farmers.

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. DOES IN EASTERN & CENTRAL EUROPE

#### **POLAND**

JEWISH POPULATION—3,400,000.

**SITUATION**—One million starving, another million near starvation. All face persecution, discrimination and economic ruin.

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. IS DOING-

Out of 1937 campaign funds, J.D.C. spent \$900,000. Repayments made to J.D.C. in 1937 by free loan societies and reinvested in free loan work amounted to \$80,000. In addition, The American Joint Reconstruction Foundation appropriated for new credits the sum of \$320,000. Foundation also advanced rediscount credits out of \$180,000 special fund.

**REHABILITATION**—Affords vocational training for young and adult, enabling thousands to earn a living; creates new employments and work possibilities.

**CREDIT AID**—Over 1,200 free loan societies and Foundation cooperatives afford aid to one-third of Poland's Jews.

CHILD CARE — Helps send 60,000 undernourished children each year to summer colonies. 70,000 in schools fed daily.

**EDUCATION**—Aids 2,037 Jewish schools with  $\alpha$  total of 216,375 pupils.

**EMERGENCY AID**—Extends immediate aid to pogromized towns beset by emergency, giving first aid, including feeding, clothing, etc., prior to undertaking reconstructive work.

**HEALTH**—Aids 155 medical and sanitary institutions through TOZ. These include tuberculosis and maternity advisory centers, hospitals, sanatoria, dental clinics and childwelfare stations.

#### **ROUMANIA**

JEWISH POPULATION—760,000.

**SITUATION** — Large numbers face daily hunger. Recent developments have placed all Jews in a precarious position. They are being slowly strangled by stringent anti-Jewish measures and boycott.

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. IS DOING-

Out of 1937 campaign funds, J.D.C. spent \$97,000. Foundation appropriations amounted to \$132,600.

REHABILITATION and RELIEF—Carries on an extensive vocational retraining and child-care program. Assists Jewish artisans, farmers and shopkeepers. Subsidizes educational and cultural activities, medical aid, health and recreation camps, and emergency relief. Carries on reconstruction and direct relief in areas where the Jew is persecuted.

#### **GERMANY**

JEWISH POPULATION—360,000.

**SITUATION**—Denied ordinary civil rights, excluded from a growing number of trades and occupations, subject to constant persecution and abuse, tens of thousands must emigrate in order to live.

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. IS DOING-

Out of 1937 campaign funds \$694,000 was spent. New foundation investments totaled \$63,000.

**EMIGRATION**—Helps pay for transporting emigrants to overseas lands and Palestine. Retrains professional and business men and women for new lives as artisans, farmers and manual workers abroad. Cooperates with refugee aid organizations.

**WELFARE**—Sustains and cooperates with welfare organizations of German Jews whose facilities are overtaxed.

**EDUCATION**—Helps pay for the education of 39,000 Jewish children from 6 to 16, most of whom have been barred from the public schools.

**VOCATIONAL AID** — Prepares youth and adults for new occupations.

**ECONOMIC AID**—Sustains 68 local and district loan banks which give timely aid to Jewish business men.



#### REFUGEE LANDS

WHAT THE J.D.C. DOES-

In 1937 the J.D.C. spent \$850,000 in refugee lands (includes the Americas).

**COOPERATION**—Aids and cooperates with the principal refugee service agencies in Holland, France, Czecho-Slovakia, Belgium, and elsewhere.

**EMIGRATION**—Assists these and other agencies to pay emigration expenses of German refugees.

**VOCATIONAL AID**—Helps finance training of Jews for trades and occupations that will enable them to earn a living in new lands. Gives them economic aid.

WELFARE—Contributes to organizations providing medical care and institutional aid for all needy refugees. Aids in providing food, clothing, shelter, and education for refugee children. Makes grants to committees dealing with professional, intellectual and academic persons.

#### **PALESTINE**

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. HAS DONE-

turned over \$1,800,000 to the Palestine Economic Corporation for economic development of Palestine. Through subsidiaries P.E.C. makes credits available; finances housing construction; has developed water and sewer systems; is developing Emek Zebulun; makes small loans to artisans, shopkeepers, etc. It has made substantial investments in many basic industries, given sound business aid to Jewish immigrants, and opened up innumerable employment opportunities.

**HEALTH AND RELIEF**—Since 1914, the J.D.C. has spent \$8,000,000 additional in Palestine in malaria research, orphan and health work and in general constructive activities.

**EDUCATION**—Substantial grants have been made to the Hebrew University and to cultural-religious institutions.

IMMIGRATION—Since 1933 as emigration from Germany constitutes the major program of assistance, J.D.C. has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars on Hachsharah and other training of young people and helped emigrate them to Palestine.

#### **RUSSIA**

#### WHAT THE J.D.C. HAS DONE-

CONSTRUCTIVE AID—The Agro-Joint, first organized by the J.D.C. as an experiment in settling declassed Jews on the land, has developed into a gigantic project stimulating settlement of 3,000,000 fertile acres in the Ukraine and the Crimea by 250,000 Jews. Agro-Joint has also assisted in training urban Jews for trades and has extended credit and medical aid to Russian Jews.

#### How the J.D.C. Will Allot Funds Raised in 1938

#### PURPOSE-

The J.D.C. seeks to develop, wherever possible, programs of constructive service, social planning, economic aid that will enable the Jewish population in areas of oppression to sustain themselves and maintain their position.

#### AID REQUIRED-

To insure continuation of this program among the Jews of Poland, Roumania, Germany and other European lands and among the refugees from Germany, a minimum of \$11,650,000 is needed for 1938.

#### NATIONAL QUOTA-

Of this sum, the J.D.C. has undertaken to raise \$5,100,000 in the U. S. in 1938, leaving the balance to be raised from collections among the oppressed Jews themselves and from other agencies outside the U. S.

#### NEW YORK QUOTA-

The Greater New York Campaign has set itself a quota of \$2,040,000 or 40 percent of the national quota.

#### DISTRIBUTION-

If the entire minimum of \$11,650,000 is raised it will be allocated roughly as follows:

#### EASTERN AND CENTRAL EUROPE-

#### (Including Poland, Roumania and other lands)

#### WITHIN GERMANY-

#### REFUGEE AID WITHIN EUROPE-

#### REFUGEE AID IN AMERICAS-

#### EMERGENCY REQUIREMENTS-

#### COOPERATIVE CREDIT AID-

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CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS
100 East 42nd Street, N. Y.
Room 505

1938 Campaign Quota \$2,040,000