

Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

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Series II: Harold P. Manson File (Zionism Files), 1940-1949, undated. Sub-series A: Main Manson File, 1940-1949.

Reel	Box	Folder
101	35	58

American Zionist Emergency Council, general, 1943.

Western Reserve Historical Society 10825 East Boulevard, Cleveland, Ohio 44106 (216) 721-5722 wrhs.org Copy sent to Mr. Montor - bw

MUrray Hill 2-1160

American Emergency Committee for Zionist Affairs

CONSTITUENT ORGANIZATIONS Hadassah, Women's Zionist Organization of America Mizrachi Organization of America Poale Zion-Zeire Zion of America Zionist Organization of America

February 1, 1943

4 I EAST 42 nd STREET ROOM 1121 NEW YORK CITY

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Rabbi Silver:

The Office Committee of the Emergency Committee met last "hursday to discuss questions arising from the fact that 6,000 children may arrive in Palestine before the end of this fiscal year. Hadassah has already launched an Emergency campaign of \$500,000 for this purpose and all of us felt that for the time being this was the best way of meeting the emergency situation. We are not at all sure that the whole 6,000 children will be able to travel and reach their destination. But, in the meantime, the best fund-raising agency for the purpose is Hadassah for many reasons.

In the first place, it is the only Zionist body completely free to go ahead with an emergency campaign of this kind. Secondly, it has carried the work of Youth Aliyah for seven years and is associated in the public mind with this project. We also discussed the possibility of the whole 6,000 children reaching Palestine, in which case the \$500,000 raised by Hadassah would certainly not be sufficient. All of us agree that the UPA should then approach the Allocations Committee directly and that it would not be advisable to approach the JDC and have them request it of the same Allocations Committee. But all these problems will not become real until the end of the year.

The UPA could not approach the Allocations Committee of the UJA for a special allocation for the children before the first nine million dollars has been raised and distributed. As was pointed out by Judge Rothenberg, this means that no new allocations can be accepted by the committee before October.

I am sure that you will agree with the line taken by us. We both have the same purpose of getting as much money for Palestine and the children as possible. Since Hadassah is the only organization which can start a special campaign now, we believe it is to our common interest not to interfere with their campaign and to leave the publicity to them. If the UPA will have to come into the picture when the UJA will have money to allocate beyond the nine million dollars and the 6,000 children have actually arrived in Palestine, we will all back up the UPA in its request for further money.

We did not pass any formal motion at the Office Committee as you were not present and we did not want to take formal action without discussing the matter with you. I am therefore writing to convey to you our unanimous opinion and I am sure that you will agree with us.

With kind regards, Core ajan , hearty

thal.

February the fourth 1943

My dear Judge Levinthal:

Thank you for your letter of February first informing me of the discussion which took place at the Office Committee of the Emergency Committee with reference to the 6,000 children for whom visas have been obtained. I am glad to be informed of your discussions. As a matter of procedure, however, it is highly desirable that such discussions should first be undertaken with the officers of the UPA, either by the Emergency Committee or by the Hadassah, and in their presence, to have the whole situation canvassed.

It is not wise for the Office Committee of the Emergency Committee, which has no specific responsibilities in the matter of raising funds for Palestine, to decide, (even without a formal vote) which Zionist instrumentality is to raise money in the Unived States for such a project.

Mr. Eliezer Kaplan of the Jewish Agency directed an inquiry to the UPA about the financing of this 6,000 children-project. The matter will be discussed at the forthcoming meeting of the UPA next Wednesday. Until such time, both the Office Committee and the Hadassah might hold themselves in check. The matter is not quite as simple as your letter seems to suggest.

I trust that you will be able to attend the UPA meeting next Wednesday. With best wishes, I remain

Most cordially yours,

AHS: bw

Judge Louis E. Levinthål American Emergency Committee for Zionist Affairs New York, N.Y.

THE EXECUTIVE OF THE ZIONIST ORCANISATION

143/7502

No. 328

- auterbroch

Jerusalem, July 18th, 1943

The Secretary Emergency Committee for Zionist Affairs, 41 East 42nd Street, NEW YORK

Dear Sir,

You have been informed by cable of the decision of the Executive to hold in Palestine, in the late autumn of this year, a session of the Zionist General Council (Actions Committee) combined with a representative conference of Zionists from all parts of the world for the purpose of joint consultation and coordination of Zionist activities.

The need for a personal exchange of views between the representatives of the movement and an authoritative consultation on the problems of the hour has been felt for a long time past. The Executive has come to the conclusion that the moment for such a reunion has arrived and hopes that by dist of determined efforts most of the technical obstacles that have stood in the way of such a venture can now be overcome.

It will soon be four years from the time when our last pre-war Congress was held, and some time will still elapse before we can convene it again. The General Council (A.G.) elected by the Congress has, fortunately, in transferring its powers to the Inner A.C. in Palestine, enabled us to preserve constitutional propriety by providing us with a deliberative body with unchallenged authority to whom vital decisions could be and have been submitted for valid confirmation. In addition, every endeavour has been made to maintain contacts with the movement and its leaders in all parts of the world that have remained intact, by all means available, including occasional personal visits by members and delegates of the Executive.. There was also a singular inter-communication between the various parts of the movement, resulting, as it did, in an identical formulation of immediate aims by practically all Zionist conventions held over the globe during last year.

None the less, it is felt that cogent reasons, set forth in the Executive's cable, require the holding of a more direct and more comprehensive and authoritative meeting. The Executive thinks that a session of the Zionist General Council (Greater A.C.) enlarged by representative delegates from the principal countries can be held some time in October or November next and that Palestine is the natural and most suitable venue for this gathering.

Cables to this effect have been sent to England, USA, Canada, South Africa, Australia and Argentine, and it is hoped that, after securing the necessary facilities, the attendance of delegations fully representative of Zionists in those countries can be assured.

As far as the USA, the country that occupies at present the foremost place in our movement and in Jewry generally, is concerned, we expect you to assure the fully representative character of the Conference by securing the attendance of the leading members of your committee, of the heads of the Zionist Funds and, above all, of those of the principal Zionist Organizations (Z.C.A., Hadassah, Mizrachi, Poale-Zion-Zeire-Zion).

We request you particularly to extend on behalf of the Executive invitations to members of the General Council residing in USA of whom a list is enclosed herewith. The Executive expects from you and all concerned supreme efforts necessary to make the Conference both possible and fully representative. We shall be glad if, after communicating with all concerned and ascertaining the position as it presents itself from the general and practical point of view, you will inform us by cable of the names of all delegates whose presence can be assured and, in the case of members of the General Cauncil, indicate which of them are able to attend and which prefer to be represented by elected substitutes resident in Palestine.

We are awaiting your telegraphic reply and shall keep you informed of of the progress made in this important matter. Detailed instructions will be issued as soon as, on the strength of the replies received, more definite docisions can be taken on the further course of action.

With Zion's greetings,

Tours faithfully, (signed) Leo Lauterbach EXECUTIVE OF THE ZIONIST ORGANISATION Organisation Department.

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LIST OF MEMBERS of the ZIONIST GENERAL COUNCIL RESIDENT IN U.S.A.

Non-Party Members

Isaac Naiditsch Judge Julian Mack Dr. Stephan Wise

Labour Party

4.10 3

Haym Greenberg Isreal Mereminsky Dr. Arjeh Tartakower David Wertheim Boruch Zuckermann

Confederation of General Zionists Kurt Blumenfeld Rabbi Barnett Brickner Dr. Solomon Goldman Dr. Isreal Goldstein Mrs. S.W. Halprin Salman Schocken Mrs. Albert P. Schoolman Mrs. Samuel Schulsinger Mrs. Tamar de Sola Pool

Mizrachi

Rabbi Mayer Berlin Isidore Epstein Leon Gellmann Rabbi Wolf Gold Zerach Wahrhaftig Jacob Grynberg Dr. Abraham Weiss

Jowish State Party Meir Grossmann

Members of the Zionist Executive Dr. Nahum Goldman Louis Lipsky September 14, 1943

Miss Bertha Willig 205 East Tenth Street New York, N.Y.

My dear Miss Willig:

Thank you for your thoughtfulness in writing to me. I have as yet hardly familiarised myself with the organizational set-up of the Emergency Committee for Zionist Affairs. As soon as I do, and if I discover a post in the organization where your experience and ability would fit in, I shall be most happy to communicate with you.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

AHS: BK

SZOLD, BRANDWEN & SHUBERT

FILE COPY

September 16, 1943

Dear Felix:

and to Dr. film

As you doubtless know, Dr. Abba Hillel Silver has been elected co-Chairman with Dr. Wise of the American Emergency Committee for Zionist Affairs and he has also been elected Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Emergency Committee. He will thus carry heavy responsibility in the conduct of the affairs of the Committee; and in the course of the next few months may be faced with problems which require decision. I am sure he shall want to consult you as problems may arise and that you will give him the benefit of counsel and advice.

Faithfully yours,

Roh Azort

Honorable Felix Frankfurter, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, Washington, D.C.

9.20.43

In a preliminary way I should like to submit to you the results of a survey I have been making of the organizational set-up of the Emergency Committee and its Executive. It goes without saying, of course, that any modifications that may be made in methods of operation designed to promote more efficiency have no bearing on the essential nature of the Emergency Committee. I think it important to emphasize, as we start, that major questions of policy remain the province of the whole Emergency Committee. It is for that Committee to map out our long-range political objectives. It is the function of the Executive to create the best methods for attaining those objectives. The Emergency Committee will receive regular reports from the Executive Committeeof the progress of the work being done. At the regular meetings of the whole Emergency Committee once a month we may expect to give our full attention to the basic issues and the major political questions. It will be for the Executive Committee to see to it that the discussion of these great political problems is not obscured by consideration of details, which should be disposed of in the day-by-day work.

In the meantime, I offer these suggestions for the machinery of the Emergency Committee. They represent the result of discussions I have had with members of the Committee and with the staff. I have also had the benefit of some proposals for the re-organization of our work which were previously submitted but not acted upon. Everyone with whom I have spoken is agreed on three things which require correction:

(1) Excessive duplication and delay.

(2) Lack of definition of scope and authority of members of the committees, sub-committees and professional staff.

(3) A serious undermanning in the professional staff

It is my suggestion that the Executive Committee from now on function through a number of committee whose scope and authority shall be clearly defined. Each of these committees shall be headed by a member of the Executive. Each should contain at least one member of each of the parties, to be drawn, if necessary, from the larger Emergency Committee, or from the alternates. Each committee shall have the right to coopt other members of the kind and to the number best suited to the purposes of the particular committee. In several instances, it would be desirable for the Emergency Committee itself to coopt members who may serve a specially valuable purpose in one or another of the committees.

Each committee would meet at regular stated intervals and regularly report to the Executive Committee at its bi-weekly meetings. Each committee would be encouraged to exercise initiative and authority consistent with the over-all authority and direction of the Executive Committee.

The members, particularly the chairman, of each committee shall be required to devote themselves, as far as possible, exclusively to the work of that committee, exploring all its possibilities, evolving new projects and enlisting new people and new sources of support. They should not involve themselves in the work of the other committees except as they are members of the Executive Committee and can express judgment as to the work of all committees at the meetings.

To ensure active functioning, it is intended that each committee shall have adequate professional assistance. Some committees will require full-time executives, others part-time; still others, none at all.

For the time being, it is suggested that the following committees be constituted:

- (1) Press and Radio Committee
- PR (2) Community Relations Committee

PR

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- (3) Christian Friends of Falestine Committee (a tenative revision for the name of the American Falestine Committee]. There will have to be and if for for the formation between the work of the general committee and Warking for
- PR (4) The Christian Council on Palestine, which deals exclusively with the clergy.
- PR (5) Committee for Academic and Literary Contacts

(6) Research and Library Committee, to include Arab-Jewish abates research

PK (7) Special Functions and Events Committee - Was Octor

PA (8) Publications Committee

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(9) Finance Committee

- Ex. cm, is the pol. Com-

A number of details that relate to the workings of these committees I leave for discussion at a forthcoming meeting. Among them is the question of the Washington Office and the relationship between the Political Eureau which the Agency has already established in Washington and the Emergency Committee

1 Post- Was Plann

Your chairman asks for the authority to appoint the chairmen of the abovenamed committees and, in consultation with the appointed chairmen, to appoint the members of these committees. A report of these committee appointments will be made at the next meeting of the Executive.

To **supervise** the work of all these committees in an administrative sense and to supervise their efficient functioning as well as to administer the program laid out by the Emergency Committee, it is important to have a competent and experienced executive director who not only has technical ability, but who is thoroughly acquainted with our movement, its problems and its needs. I recommend that the Emergency Committee elect Mr.Henry ontor to this post, we would ask the United Palestine Appeal, of which he is Executive Director, to givehim a leaveof absence for this purpose.

There are on the present staff of the Emergency Committee men who merit our appreciation and it is intended that they shall continue to serve in their posts. I should like especially to mention Mr.Arthur Lourie who has given faithful service as Secretary of the Emergency Committee and of the ExecutiveCommittee. I am sure that Mr.Montor will count heavily on Mr.Lourie's services in the fields in which he has been accustomed to function and in other duties which he may be calledupon to perform. We also count on Mr.I. Kenen as Director of Information. There are others whom I do not now have the opportunity to mention.

It is intended that these and other men to be engaged shall serve the various committees in such a way as to ensure their maximum usefulness.

. . . .

I should like to make a few general observations. We are an Emergency Committee. In our work time is of the essence. It will, therefore, not be possible frequently to postpone vital decisions from one meeting to another, or to await the decisions of the boards of the respective parties and groups whose representatives make up the Emergency Committee and its Executive. It is suggested that these representatives be allowed to assume responsibility and exercise the authority normally vested in representatives of a democratically elected legislative body to the best of their judgment. In such legislative bodies, representatives act for their constituency. They do not refer every decision to their constituency before they vote. Conceivably certain very important issues will arise which involve the political ideologies of the respective parties. In that case, of course, the representatives on the Emergency Committee will wish to receive direction from their organizations.

But certainly matters of a purely administrative character and programs of activities whose purpose is to carry out the political program on which the parties have already expressed themselves should not be hampered by the unwillingness of members of this committee to act. I shall have to be very insistent on this. I shall regard this as a democratically constituted body in which a majority vote will be adequate sanction for action.

I am not yet ready to present a total budget for our work. I feel that the various committees should share in formulating a program and that the budget for each should be considered on its erits. In the interim, I understand that we have up to \$250,000 with which to operate for the next twelve months. Whether this amount is adequate or not it is impossible to say at this moment. For the time being we shall plan on that **unimum**-basis. A situation may arise and arise quickly involving the need for much larger sums of money. In that case I hope that they will be forthcoming from the funds of the UFA. I am confident that the responsible leaders of the Keren Kayemeth and Keren Hayesod will see to it that such funds are made available.

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United Temple

Terre Haute, Ind.

J. Marshall Taxay, Rabbi (Litt. D.)

nulon

October 19, 1943

Dr. A. H. Silver c/o Temple East 105th Street and Ansel Rd. Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Friend:

Undoubtedly the finest form of congratulating you is to pledge unequivocally that we are at your command. Many of us have spent so much time and energy on diverse causes that we note it is high time to give oneself unstintedly to the noblest cause and promise in world Jewish life. You certainly could not have done better than taking Henry Montor and Leon Feuer with you. They are splendid men and will do a magnificent job.

AZEC

If there is anything we can do at any time, we await your orders. Incidentally, is there any chance of your being in the neighborhood within the next few months? Maybe you could speak here when you are near by.

Every kind and good wish to you, your delightful wife and children. Rest certain all of us know the sacrifice you are making in assuming the leadership in these days of testing.

(Dr. J. Mapshall Taxay)

JMT:af



A Consolidation of Temple Israel and B'nai Abraham

RABBI SAMUEL WOHL CINCINNATI, OHIO

October 20, 1943

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver The Temple E. 105th St. and Ansel Road Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Dr. Silver:

First, let me place myself at your service. If there is anything that you feel that I can do I shall do my utmost to stand by you and to serve during the emergency.

I have written to Henry Montor and I told him that you have made an excellent selection, and I hope that he will do a great job.

I have made a few suggestions which I believe can be handled now. I understand that the first work to be undertaken by the Emergency Council will be to mobilize all efforts for the absogation of the White Paper. Since the American Jewish Conference has been held its delegates in the various communities have not been as igned any task to perform. This should be the first and most important one and they ought to be used in their respective communities.

I would, therefore, suggest that it would be well if the interim committee of the Conference would associate itself with the Emergency Council and instruct its communual delegates to proceed with the work.

It may be well to interest various political leaders, not necessarily Congressmen and Senators, but local and state leaders of the Republical and Democratic parties, to call for action by addressing themselves to the various Representatives and Senators who hold office and who need the help of their local and state organizations. Such an approach, coming with the persuasiveness of political organizations, would certainly stir up tremendous interest, and would be more valuable than any approach which our public relations efforts or leaders could do.

Parties and

We might also ask the American Federation of Labor and the C. 1. 0. to communicate with their State Federations, who in turn might present the A. F. of L. resolution to the state Governors and to the authorities in Washington.

It may be well to send out to influential and key people through-

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver

out the country, such as Bishops, University Presidents and labor leaders, copies of the "White Paper" issue of the Jewish Frontier, but they should not be sent out from a national office. It would be better if someone designated their own particular territories and sent it out with a personal letter, asking for a statement of comment and urging that immediate action be taken by our Government on this matter. I have had experience in doing things in this way and have always received favorable reactions from newspaper editors, Bishops, city and state officials.

It would be well, if it is possible, for the Emergency Council to designate in every community, particularly in the larger ones, someone to act as their particular representative, appointed by the Emergency Council, for such purposes and for all other work which the Emergency Council would wish him to do.

There are other matters which I should like to deal with but I shall defer this for another time.

I should be glad to have your enswer to this letter.

With all good wishes from house to house,

O gours as ever,

SW:AS

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October 22, 1943

Mr. Matthew Woll, Vice-President American Federation of Labor 507 Lexington Avenue New York, N.Y.

My dear Mr. Woll:

May I, as Chairman of the American Zionist Emergency Council, express to you the profound appreciation of all the Zionist bodies represented on our Council for the truly noble resolution which the American Federation of Labor adopted at its recent convention in Boston protesting against the persecution of the Jewish people in Nazi Europe and calling for measures of immediate rescue and for the reconstruction of the Jewish Commonwealth in Palestine. Not only Zionists, but all the Jews of American who recently expressed themselves on these vital subjects at the great conclave of its democratically elected representatives in New York share with me, I am sure, these sentiments of gratitude and appreciation for the great heartening and helpfulness which you have given to us in this critical hour. All lovers of justice and freedom have come to look to your great organization for the kind of defense and championing which you are now giving us, and they have never been disappointed.

Our people, as you know, has been terribly ravaged by this war. Millions of them have been foully done to death. We are trying to rescue as many of the survivors of Nazi terrorism as possible. We are also trying to establish at long last the National Home for our people in Palestine which statesmen visioned so hopefully after the last war, which has witnessed a gratifying development since that time, but which unfortunately is now being threatened by the White Paper which in March of next year would put an end to all Jewish immigration into that country. Your assistance in helping us fight the White Paper and keeping the doors of Palestine open for our hounded and persecuted brethren will mean much to us.

With all good wishes, I remain

Most cordially yours,

AHS: BK

WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

October 28, 1943.

Dear Mrs. Goldstein:

I am not well up on this White Paper but I know that immigration to all lands must be restricted by how many people the land can support and that will have to be the determining factor in Palestine.

The Jewish people can live in other lands and the future will be open to them as to all others, I am sure.

Very sincerely yours,

(sgd) ELEANORE ROCSEVELT

American Zionist Emergency Council

CONSTITUENT ORGANIZATIONS Hadassah, Women's Zionist Organization of America Mizrachi Organization of America Poale Zion-Zeire Zion of America Zionist Organization of America 41 EAST 42nd STREET NEW YORK 17, N. Y. MUrray Hill 2-1160

October 30, 1943

Miss Bessie Kline The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Miss Kline:

Dr. Silver actually did get transportation back from Washington for Cleveland after a great deal of effort and telephoning, even though the transportation was not the happiest.

In talking about the situation which prevails in transportation today, Dr. Silver said that you were in the habit of obtaining all of his transportation out of Cleveland, except in those cases where extraordinary circumstances demand his purchase of fare in New York.

It occurred to me that if we could devise a system whereby there could be a double check on long-term engagements, we might prevent last minute changes in appointment schedules for Dr. Silver. For example, if I were to have a list of the appointments which he has in the regular course of his work for the coming month, I might be able to arrange for reservations from this end if you were unable to do so. It might involve a constant telephone double check, but I think in order to get for Dr. Silver the best possible transportation this might be worthwhile.

At the same time would you be good enough to send me some of Dr. Silver's clergy certificates in order that we might obtain the reduction which he receives.

I will be very glad to receive your comments on an arrangement of this type.

Sincerely yours, Is they reback

Esther Trebach Office Manager

ET/SP

ranz j. katz axxxxxxxxxxx

61 East 95th St. New York, 28, N.Y. October 31, 1943.

A.Z.E.C.

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Dr. Silver:

Last week, during a conference with Mr. Masaryk, shortly upon his arrival in this country, I took the opportunity to make some inquiries on the state of Zionist affairs in London. Please find below the information thus elicited. It may be of some interest to you.

Opinion prevailing here is divided on Churchill's ul -My question: timate reliability in matters of Palestine. Some in cline toward the view that he, too, will sell the Zionists down the river. "hat do you think? Well, if Churchill hasn't sold the Zionists down the river,

Masaryk:

My question: There are rumors current to the effect that the Soviets have developed a sudden interest in Jewish Palestine. Some ascribe this turn to their desire to support what they regard the only substantial spearhead against the Colonial Office in the Near East. Is that so?

he may be engaged in lending them out or leasing them out!

Masaryk:

Well, you know that Maisky spent five days in Palestine, touring the Jewish settlements. This is a noteworthy fact. I know very definitely that he reported favorably on what he saw. I also know that Stalin is sympathetically interested. I have no further knowledge which would enable me to draw any other conclusions.

I may add that I saw Smuts after his arrival in London. Zionism is on his schedule. Smuts promised to arrange a meeting between Churchill, Weizmann and himself. Weizmann makes the impression of a very sad and disappointed man, poor Weizmann. As to Churchill, he is the same as he was throughout the entire war, pre-occupied with the Germans and letting everything and everybody go to hell meanwhile, you and us alike.

The above was also communicated to Mr. Emanuel Neumann, whom I saw yesterday and who expects to be in Cleveland early this week.

Very truke yours

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CC: Mr. Emanuel Neumann fjk:sw

November 1, 1943

Rabbi Samuel Wohl Isaac M. Wise Center Reading Rd. and Crescent Ave. Cincinnati, Ohio

My dear Wohl:

Thank you so much for your kind letterof October 20. I have passed on your suggestions to Mr. Montor. Most of them are being worked on already. As you undoubtedly know, Rabbi Leon Feuer has taken a leave of absence from his congregation to head off the Department on Community Contacts under the Zionist Emergency Council. His task will be to establish contact groups in every important center in the country, and he has been busily at work already.

I am sorry that I did not get to see you in Cincinnati last Tuesday, but I was only there a few hours attending the Executive Board meeting of the Central Conference of American Rabbis.

Please write to me often with any suggestions which you may have for our work. You have been tremendously helpful in the past and your counsel and advice are deeply appreciated.

With all good wishes, I remain

most cordially yours,

AHS: BK

Movember 1, 1943

Dr. Israel Goldstein, President Jewish National Fund 41 East 42nd Street New York City

Dear Dr. Goldstein:

I should like to convey to you the results of a meeting of the Finance and Personnel Committee of the American Zionist Emergency Council, held on Monday morning, November 1st. Those present, in addition to myself, were Abraham Goodman, Archibald Silverman, Abraham L. Liebovitz, Samuel Berson, Mark Sugarman, I. M. Kowalsky, Jacob Sincoff and Henry Montor.

In compliance with the directive of the Executive Committee of the American Zionist Emergency Council at its meeting on October 18th, our Committee revised its original budget of \$604,000 to \$509,382, this budget to finance the operations of the American Zionist Emergency Council for the period from October 15, 1943 to October 15, 1944. After a thorough analysis of the items which had been submitted in detail, the Finance and Personnel Committee voted to send a communication through me to the Keren Hayesod and Keren Kayemeth to make the following recommendations:

(1) that the Keren Hayesod and Keren Kayemeth agree to finance the budget to the amount of \$509,382, and that each provide \$254,691 for the period from October 15, 1943 to October 15, 1944;

(2) that at least half the sum, or more if possible, be paid out immediately to the American Zionist Emergency Council by each of the two organizations, and that the balance be made available in 1944 up to October 15 as sums are requisitioned by the American Zionist Emergency Council. It is considered advisable to pay out as substantial an amount as possible before the end of 1943 inasmuch as the Allotment Committee of the United Jewish Appeal for 1943 has already completed its findings with respect to the amount to be allotted to the Joint Distribution Committee and the United Palestine Appeal for 1943;

(3) It should be called to the attention of the Keren Hayesod and Keren Kayemeth that certain items, which were included in the original budget of \$604,000, have been eliminated in the revised budget not because it is felt that these activities are unessential, but because the budget had to be drawn up in accordance with the amount which it was stated would become available. We are calling this to the attention of the Keren Hayesod and Keren Kayemeth and of the American Zionist Emergency Council in view of the possibility that subsequently the situation may compel us to submit requests for additional sums.

Dr. Israel Goldstein

The members of the Finance and Personnel Committee would appreciate the earliest possible assurance of final action taken with regard to the above matters so that they may direct the financial activities of the Emergency Council accordingly.

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May I add that I or other members of the Finance and Personnel Committee would be available for any session of your body which wishes to inquire into the nature and details of the budget of \$509,382 which was adopted at our meeting at the Sherry Netherland Hotel on Monday morning, November 1st.

With kindest regards. I am

Cordially yours.

CJR: MFR

Charles J. Rosenbloom Chairman of Finance and Personnel Committee November 2, 1943

Mr. Franz J. Katz 61 East 95th St. New York, N.Y.

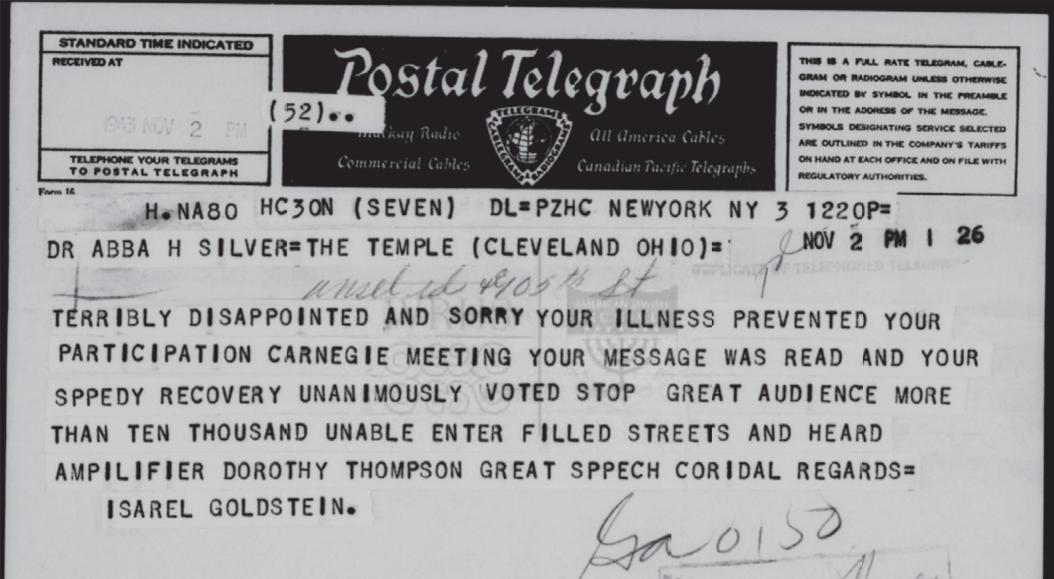
My dear Mr. Katz:

Permit me to thank you very much for your thoughtfulness in writing to me and in conveying the conversation which you had with Masaryk. The information is indeed very helpful.

With all good wishes, I remain

Most cordially yours,

AHS: BK



November 4, 1943

Miss Esther Trebach American Zionist Emergency Council 41 East 42nd St. New York, N.Y.

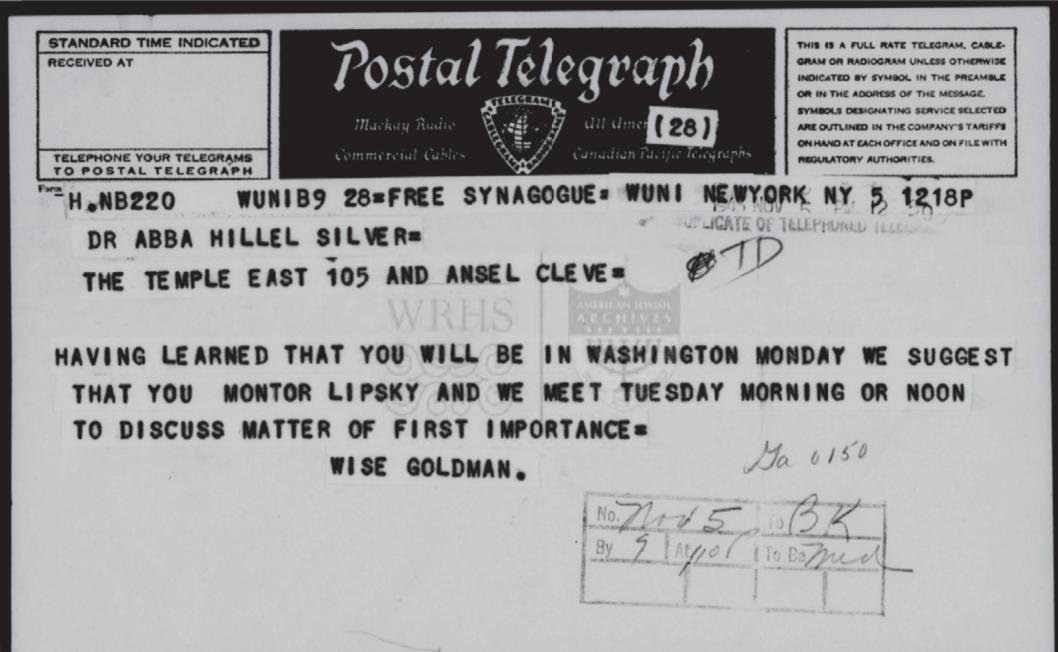
Dear Miss Trebach:

Following through on our conversation this morning, I am enclosing herewith four clergy certificates. One certificate is used for each fare bought. All you have to do is write in the destination where the certificate is marked "To". These certificates are good only to the first of the year when new clergy books are issued. Also, the certificates are supposed to be left in the book, but if you know the railroad agent I don't think you'll have any trouble. I never do.

Thanks again for your proffer of help. If I have difficulty getting reservations at this end, I'll feel perfectly free to call on you for help, and if you find you need cooperation from our end, please don't hesitate to call on me.

Most cordially yours,

Secretary to Rabbi Silver.



The Land of Israel, for the People of Israel, according to the Torah of Israel. ארץ ישראל, לעם ישראל, על פי תורת ישראל

הסתדרות המזרחי באמריקה

Mizrachi Organization of America

1133 BROADWAY NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

WATKINS 9-4686-7-8 CABLE ADDRESS "MIZORIENT"

November 5, 1943

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

My Dear Dr. Silver:

I was dreadfully sorry to hear of your illness. I hope and pray that by now you are fully recovered, and will soon return to your great work for our land and people.

I wish to bring to your attention a letter, a copy of which I am enclosing, that the Ladies Mizrachi received from Mrs. Roosevelt in reply to an invitation extended to her by them, to send a message to their convention. As you will no doubt agree with me, her reply is most distressing and perhaps reflects an opinion of the White House.

I brought it to the attention of Dr. Goldman and Mr. Lourie and I suggested to both of them that in addition to a proper reply by the Ladies Mizrachi, which should be carefully prepared by the secretary of the Emergency Committee, another letter ought to be sent to the first lady of the land, by the Emergency, Committee saying that her letter was brought to the Committee and to ask for an interview with her.

It is the opinion of Dr. Goldman that some one of influence ought to see her in a friendly capacity. I talked it over with Rabbi Berlin and other members of the Mizrachi and all are of the opinion that the Emergency Committee ought to approach Mrs. Roosevelt directly and officially. I am very eager to get your opinion on the matter.

I also wish to call to your attenion that I had a conference with Mr. Montor in reference to my work as Chairman of the Special Committee.

Honorary Presidents RABBI MEYER BERLIN GEDALIA BUBLICK RABBI WOLF GOLD

Honorary Vice-President RABBI A. M. ASHINSKY

President LEON GELLMAN

Vice-Presidents SAMUEL L. SAR JOSEPH ROLNICK

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Rehabilitation Fund HENRY L. KRAUSHAR Chairman

ANDREW N. MILLER Co-Chairman

Finance and Budget ROBERT G. HOROWITZ Chairman

IS. EICHLER Co-Chairman

Field Secretary RABBI LAZAR EICHENSTEIN I also had a first meeting of the committee which proposed an outline of national activities. I am now waiting impatiently for the facilities which Mr. Montor promised me: a room and secretary to be able to start my work without further delay.

I am looking forward to the opportunity of seeing you and discussing with you the different important matters.

May I ask of you to be kind enough to let me know when and where I may see you.

Wishing you good health and courage. With Sabbath blessings and Torah and Zion's greetings, I am

WG:fb

Sincerely yours,

Wolf fold Rabbi Wolf Gold The Land of Israel, for the People of Israel, according to the Torah of Israel. ארץ ישראל, לעם ישראל, על פי תורת ישראל

הסתדרות המזרחי באמריקה

MIZRACHI ORGANIZATION OF AMERICA

1133 BROADWAY NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

WATKINS 9-4686-7-8 CABLE ADDRESS "MIZORIENT"

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ANDREW N. MILLER Co-Chairman

Finance and Budget ROBERT G. HOROWITZ Chairman

15. EICHLER Co-Chairman

Field Secretary RABBI LAZAR EICHENSTEIN

Mor. 5. 1943.

my dear Robh siever

I have sent a copy of Mrs. Rooveti letter totu Womens migrochi to Mr. Lurie You the purpor of Lending it to you. It is my opinion that Aept thould be Kaken in the part of the Emergency council to the Wirs. Roosevelt and explain to her that the White paper reacy is. It seems that her wrong at xitude is the one that prevaies in that in gron in oppicial circles. the did to little to put them right about the

Many Barriers Stand in Path **Of Arab Union**

With Hill Sees Conflict **Rulers' Vested Interests** and Plans of Zionists

By Russell Hill

By Wireless to the Herald Tribune Copyright, 1943, New York Tribune Inc.

CAIRO, Oct. 18 (Delayed) .- In a previous article I discussed the chances for realization of complete independence on the part of the Arab states of Syria and Lebanon. Many Arab leaders do not regard this independence as the final goal, but are looking beyond that to the possibilities of some kind of union or confederation of several Arab countries.

The whole question of Arab unity must be considered against the background of Foreign Secre-st in maintaining independent tary Anthony Eden's promise that status in their kingdoms, though Great Britain will not stand in the last named because of his evtoward unity, but that the Arabs treme youth, can hardly be rethemselves must work out their garded as an important political own plan.

The chief British interest in the Middle East after the war will probably be to insure the tran-quillity and security of the region, any one but himself. In every which lies athwart what traditionally is regarded as the lifeline of are a part of a governing and the empire. The British do not administrative apparatus have a stake in the status quo. as were inherent in the Vichy betrayal and the Rachid Ali coup Casablanca to Bagdad, down to in Irak. Ther also want access to Aden and over to the Indian the raw material markets of the Ocean. There are few roads and Middle East. They might find it fewer railways. As a political eneasier to co-operate with repre- tity it would be an unwieldy emsentatives of an Arab confedera- pire, or rather it would never betion which enjoyed their support come an empire, except in name. than to deal with a multitude of small states which felt they were being prevented from uniting.

Several Obstacles to Union

the way of any kind of Arab union, of Algeria is practically incompre- ists favor the Greater Syria idea able and favors less emphasis on even a loose one, which have noth- hensible to the Egyptians, still on the ground that whereas an- religious differences. ing to do with British policy, more so to the Irakis, or the tribes- other million Jews in Palestine These include vested political in- men of Arabia. There exists uni- would give them a majority in can help being struck by the tre-terests of rulers and officials in versal classical Arabic. In Egypt that country they would still be a mendous vitality and force of small Arab states, difficulties of 90 per cent of the people can minority in a larger political en- Arab aspirations toward independ-communication in the sprawling meither read it nor write it, and tity and this, they argue, should ence and some kind of closer Arab world, different economic they have difficulty even under-quiet Arab fears. and cultural levels, striving of standing it. Zionists to found a Jewish state and foster a Jewish immigration, differences. and fears of Christian groups, Christian Arabs of modern Beirut lem of Arab-Jewish relations and political comfederation or union. particularly in Lebanon, that in have more in common with other they hold out hope that a satis- He is also likely to conclude that any large Moslem state they people of the Mediterranean than factory solution is possible. would become an insignificant with the wandering tribesmen of Here is their argument: After pathetically to these aspirations minority.

Abdullah, in Transjordania; Fa- ferences. There is no such thing ing that war, permitted Jewish area after the war than has ever rouk, in Egypt, and the boy Kingas a pure Arab race, yet many immigration into Palestin



the last named, because of his exfactor. At any rate, none of the first three would be likely to agree to let his country become part of a larger political unit ruled by country, moreover, all those who

The Arab world extends from

Language Is Only Link

cept language-a language spoken of the Near East.

The the

central Ibn Saud, in Saudi-Arabia; Emir Facially, also, there are great dif- a promise made to Zionists dur- stable political situation in this

NOV 7 1943

NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE.

Syrians whose skin is practically considerable scale. They thereby white do not regard as true Arabs embittered the Arabs, already disthe much darker inhabitants of appointed that they had not been the Nile Valley, who have a given independence. A huge new large admixture of Nubian and minority problem was thus arti-Sudanese blood and claim descent ficially created and it developed from the Egyptians of the into a crisis with the riots and Pharaphs' time.

For all these reasons there are few if any Arab leaders who visual- gration policy and the Jewish imize even a loose confederation migration came to a virtual standwhich would embrace all those still, unfortunately just at the who call themselves Arabs. More time when refugees from Europe popular is the notion that the were region which used to be known as asylum. Greater Syria-Syria proper, Lebanon, Palestine and Transjor- prospect that when Nazi tyranny dania-might become a single has been liquidated in Europe this political unit, probably with its need for a Jewish refuge may capital at Damascus.

by Syrian and Palestinian Arabs brought to live peacefully side by but also by Irak Premier Nuri Es- side with the Jewish population Said. Nuri regards unification of already in Palestine, provided they Greater Syria as a necessary pre- receive guaranties against further liminary to a larger union which Zionist expansion. On the other might include Irak.

Zionist Opposition Seen

other important obstacles in its persecution. path are the attitude of Zionists in Palestine and the Christian Arabs in Lebanon.

crease by 2,000,000 the Jewish they mistakenly believe that Zionpopulation of Palestine, which now ist groups in America are represtands at approximately half a sentative of all Jews there and million, largely as a result of im- that the sympathy expressed for migration in the inter-war period. these groups by some politicians tine, which is about 1,000,000, policy.

fears that further immigration Jewish minority into a majority, from Christian Arabs who form a because they reason that Palestine would be a small minority if Lebpopulation of 2,000,000. The Great- political unit. er Syria scheme might then become a boomerang, since it could Syria, Faris Bey el Khoury, who The peoples who live in this provide opportunity for Jewish has been elected president of the vast area are united by little ex- immigrants to settle in other parts Chamber of Deputies in Damas-

There are several obstacles in in so many ways that the Arabic On the other hand, some Zion- union of all Syrians are surmount-

civil war of 1938.

The British changed their immidesperately looking for

Now, however, there is every cease to exist. It also appears This scheme is favored not only likely that the Arabs can be hand, the Jews might continue to live in peace even in the frame-The chief political opponent of work of a Greater Syria, if they, in this union among Moslems might turn, were given a guaranty by be Transjordania's aging ruler, the United Nations that their Emir Abdullah, unless he himself minority status would be respected were chosen to head it. But two and they would not have to fear

Some Anti-American Feeling

There has been a considerable amount of anti-American feeling Extreme Zionists hope to in- among the Arabs lately because The Arab population of Pales- represents American opinion and

Opposition to the Greater Syria would result in transforming the idea in Lebanon comes largely Arabs in other, parts of the Near slight majority of that country's East also fear Zionist expansion population of one million, but itself could not hold an added anon were absorbed into a larger

The leading Christian Arab in cus, believes obstacles to the

No observer in the Near East ties among themselves, whether I have talked with American ob- these ties gc no farther than eco-Again, there are great cultural servers who have passed years in nomic and cultural co-operation Westernized the Near East studying the prob- or whether they take the form of a if the United Nations react sym-Arabian desert. the last war the British, fulfilling there is every chance for a more on a existed.

November 8, 1943.

ason File

The Editor New York Herald Tribune 280 West 41st Street New York City

Dear Sir:

Your Cairo correspondent in his dispatch to the Herald Tribune of November 7th discusses the possibilities of a union of the Arab countries. He rightly points out that in view not only of vested interests, but also of the great diversities of culture and race and language which distinguish these countries from one another, the possibility of even a tenuous union which would comprise them all is extremely remote. It is suggested, however, that a single political unit might be created of the four countries, Syria, Lebanon, Falestine and Transjordan. That two of these countries, Lebanon and Palestine, are by no means purely Arab, and that in the case of Palestine, Great Britain, with the support of the fifty-two nations of the League as well as of the Congress of the United States, has solemnly covenanted to re-establish there the Jewish National Home, is apparently not regarded as an insuperable objection.

It is true that shortly before the outbreak of the war, the Chamberlain Government resolved to abandon its obligations to the Jewish people under the Mandate. In terms of the Palestine White Paper Jewish immigration is to cease entirely as of next April and eventually the Jewish National Home is to be subjected to Arab domination. This decision, however, was part and parcel of the policy of expediency which governed the Munich settlement. It reflected the same crisis in world statesmanship and international morality which gave Nazism its opportunity to prepare its assault on civilization. Unprincipled in its origins, like Munich it failed in its purposes. Appeasement succeeded no better in the Arab world than elsewhere. In Iraq, in 1941, there was a pro-Axis revolt. Egypt moved no finger to aid the Allies in the defense of Egyptian soil; and as long as the German war machine was in the ascendant the Arabs of Palestine and Syria seethed with pro-Axis sentiment - fomented amongst others by the Mufti of Jerusalem, at present in Berlin. The one completely dependable and loyal element of all the populations of the Near East were the Jews of Palestine, of whom some 30,000 (equivalent to a voluntary enlistment of 8,000,000 in this country) joined the forces of the United Nations. That the promises to the Jewish people to facilitate Jewish immigration into Palestine and to re-establish the Jewish National Home there should now be forgotten and the Jaws of Palestine subjected ultimately to Arab domination seems a strange recompense.

Mr. Hill suggests that guarantees might be given to the Jews by the United Nations that their minority status would be respected and they would not have to fear persecution. It is perhaps worth recalling that a major Arab country, Iraq, was accorded its independence in 1952 after solemn assurances had been given to the League of Nations in regard to the protection of its minorities. Within a year was written the disgraceful chapter of the slaughter, with the active support of the Iraqi government and army, of 70,000 law-abiding Assyrians living in that country; while in 1941 the Jews of Baghdad were the victims of a Nazi inspired outbreak of murder and rape. One may be forgiven for viewing with some skepticism proposals for a sovereign Arab State which would leave the Jews a helpless minority.

The promise of the Jewish National Home was not born of Hitlerism. It pre-dated Hitler and its justification will survive him. Indeed the orgy of hatred, of destruction and massacre indulged in by the Nazis will leave behind a grimly aggravated situation. The problem of what is to be done with the hundreds of thousands of the uprocted, homeless and destitute Jews of Europe is one which will face the statesmen of the world at the end of the war in all its stark misery. It will be primarily a problem of emigration, despite the hope expressed by your correspondent that the destruction of Nazism will mean an end to the Jewish problem in Europe. Neither the United States nor the South American countries, nor indeed any other country of significance from this point of view is ready and willing to receive a great influx of refugees. As the late Lord Tweedsmuir once put it, "if the Jewish National Home had not existed, it would have had to be invented".

Your correspondent talks of the disappointment of the Arabs at not having been granted their independence. It is perhaps not generally realized here to what extent the Arabs, as a result primarily of the sacrifices and losses of the Allies in the last war, rather than of their own exertions, have in fact achieved or are about to achieve the full measure of their aims in this respect. Leaving aside Egypt, the Arab countries of the Middle East - Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Transjordan and Syria - cover an area of approximately a million square miles. Every one of these either has or is about to acquire complete independence. Palestine, which is not and never has been a purely Arab country, covers an area of only 10,000 square miles, one per cent of the whole. There are not many countries, or many Empires, which can boast of having achieved fulfillment of 99 per cent of their territorial demands!

No, the solution does not lie in conceding to Arab desires this little notch of land and in perpetuating also in Palestine the position of the Jews as a minority group. Emir Feisal, the first King of Iraq, and offe of the few statesmen produced by the Arab world since the last war, had the vision to see that in the return of the Jews to Palestine and their cooperation with the Arabs lay a great challenge and a great opportunity. Writing in Versailles in 1919 shortly after his famous but abortive agreement with Dr. Weizmann, he said:

"We are working together for a reformed and revived Near East, and our two moments complete one another. The Jewish movement is national and not imperialist. Our movement is national and not imperialist, and there is room in Syria for us both. Indeed I think that neither can be a real success without the other."

We believe that the prospect which fired the imagination of these two leaders was not an idle dream. The Jews are coming to Palestine and will continue to come there because for them there is no other way. Palestine alone is the answer to their ags-old problem; but in coming they bring gifts of organization, technical skill and scientific knowledge whose effects are already being felt far beyond the borders of Palestine and which, whether today the Arabs admit it or not, are and will be a source of hope for the future of the whole of that part of the world. Once the Arabs will understand and accept the call that is made upon them to help in the solution of a problem which humanity is deeply interested to solve, a basis will be laid for close Arab-Jewish cooperation not only in Palestine but throughout the Near East, with results which may yet be of no small significance for the future of civilization.

Sincerely yours,

Abba Hillel Silver Chairman, Executive Committee

November 9, 1943

Rabbi Wolf Gold Mizrachi Organization of America 1133 Broadway New York, N.Y.

My dear Rabbi Gold:

Permit me to thank you for your letter of November 5. I shall be in New York next Monday and Tuesday, and if you will telephone me at the Commodore Hotel, we will arrange for a time when we can meet.

I was of course disturbed about the letter of Mrs.Roosevelt. It is a symptom of the thinking in the higher circles in Washington and indicative also of how remiss we have been in educating these people about the true situation. We shall take the matter up at the meeting of the Emergency next Monday.

Mr. Gedalia Bublick has also written to me about this letter. Please tell him that the letter will receive attention at the Emergency Meeting.

"ith all good wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

COPY

NATIONAL LABOR COMMITTEE FOR PALESTINE

45 East 17 Street, New York 3, N.Y.

November 9, 1943

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver Chairman of Executive Committee American Zionist Emergency Council 41 East 42nd Street New York 17, N. Y.

Dear Rabbi Silver:-

I have your communication of November 1st. I agree with you that the matter of the White Paper in its fullest cruelty, must be presented to the American people in order to mobilize public opinion for its withdrawal. The coming convention of the National Labor Committee for Palestine will deal with this situation. An appropriate resolution will be adopted, and the affiliated bodies will be asked to cooperate.

In connection with this, I am herewith extending to you, Dr. Silver, our most cordial invitation to address the opening session of the convention on Saturday evening, November 27th, at Manhattan Center, 34th Street at 8th Avenue. You will have a very appreciative audience. This convention will mark twenty years of National Labor Committee activities.

If, however, you are for some reason unable to attend, may we ask you to send us your written message. We do hope you will be with us.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed)

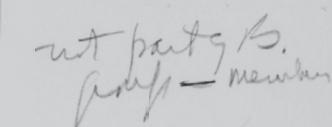
JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG National Chairman

JS/ew

COPY OF CABLE RECEIVED FROM MOSHE SHERTOK - DECEMBER 6th, 1943 JERUSALEM DECEMBER 1, 1943

REGARDING REVISIONIS/ AFFILIATION WOULD APPRECIATE KNOWING FIRST ATTITUDE CONSTITUENT PARTS EMERGENCY COUNCIL SECOND WHETHER THEY PREPARED QUIT BERGSON GROUP THIRD WHETHER IN JOINING EMERGENCY COUNCIL THEY REALISE COUNCIL ACCEPTS

AGENCYS AUTHORITY,



NZOA

American Zionist Emergency Council

CONSTITUENT ORGANIZATIONS Hadassah, Women's Zionist Organization of America Mizrachi Organization of America Poale Zion-Zeire Zion of America Zionist Organization of America 342 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK 17, N. Y. MUrray Hill 2-1160

December 9, 1943

Miss Bessie Kline The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Miss Kline:

Mr. Montor has asked that I send to Dr. Silver 500 letter-heads and envelopes for Dr. Silver's personal use. These have gone forward today by parcel post.

Sincerely yours, hetach bother. Esther Trebach

ET:BR

SUGGESTED CABLE BY HENRY MONTOR TO BE SENT TO JERUSALEM

my alls.

1. ples

MOSHE SHERTCK JEWISH AGENCY JERUSALEM

REVISIONIST ORGANIZATION AMERICA HAS SUBMITTED REQUEST TO JOIN AMERICAN ZIONIST EMERGENCY COUNCIL UNDER CONDITIONS OF ACCEPTING FULL DISCIPLINE OF EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND PARTICIPATION ITS VARIOUS ACTIVITIES AS PRELUDE TO FULLER UNITY LATER stop REVISIONISTS WOULD RETAIN AFFILIATION WITH THEIR INTERNATIONAL BODY NOT WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION stop IN VIEW NECESSITY CREATING BROADEST POSSIBLE ZIONIST FRONTIER AND DESIRABILITY CHECKMATING BERGSON GROUP EARNESTLY RECOMMEND YOUR ACQUIESCENCE OUR ACCEPTANCE REVISIONIST GROUP INTO EMERGENCY COUNCIL FEEL GREAT SERVICE WOULD BE RENDERED ZIONIST CAUSE IN AMERICA stop THIS INQUIRY BEING SUBMITTED YOU IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE WOULD APPRICIATE REPLY REACHING US BEFORE PUELIC DISCUSSION YOUR END

> STEPHEN S. WISE ABBA HILLEL SILVER LOUIS LIPSKY NAHUM GOLDMANN

(c' Lourie

Received December 16, 1943

JERUSALEM DECEMBER 10, 1943 NLT NAHUM GOLDMANN 41 EAST 42ND NEWYORK

C O P Y

ORIGINALLY DECIDED LEIB FISHMAN EMIL SCHMORAK MOSHE SHERTOK JERUSALEM SHOULD PROCEED LONDON SUBSEQUENTLY CERTAIN INTERNAL COMPLICATIONS AROSE PENDING THEIR CLARIFICATION DECIDED MYSELF SHOULD GO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE OTHERS MIGHT FOLLOW THEREAFTER STOP COMPLICATIONS LIQUIDATED ORIGINAL DECISION NOW STANDS MYSELF HOPE LEAVE EARLY JANUARY APPLIED PRIORITIES OTHERS



MOSHE SHERTOK

SHEFTLES

LOG CONTENT

December 24, 1943

Please reply to: The Temple Cleveland, Ohio

My dear Mr. Wertheim:

I am wondering whether you have proceeded with the organization of the Labor Committee of the Emergency Council. I should very much like to have Mr. Zaritsky attend the next meeting of the Emergency Council which will be on January 3rd, and present the names of the Committee. Mr. Nillman said that he would help in getting up the membership of the Committee although he himself, for reasons which I have explained to you, would prefer not to be officially connected with the Committee.

With all good wishes, I remain

Very cordially yours,

AHS: BK

Mr. David Wertheim National Labor Committee for Palestine 45 East 17th St. New York, N.Y.

הטתררות המזרחי באמריקה MIZRACFI ORGANIZATION OF AMERICA

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December 24, 1943TED BY

DATE

Ali

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver, Chairman Exec. Comm. American Zionist Emergency Council 342 Madison Ave. New York City

Dear Dr. Silver:

Several days ago I, as well as many other members of our administration, have received an excerpt from an address delivered by Mr. Emanuel Neuman before the National Convention of Junior Hadassah at Cleveland, according to which he stated:--

"The state or nation which is thus to arise in Palestine need not necessarily be known officially as the Jewish Commonwealth, and it is possible or probable that it won't. It may be known as the Republic of Judaea or Jordania, or what name you please. A name is important, but not decisive. It will be a free and democratic and preponderantly Jewish state composed of Jews, Moslems, Christians and, if there are any, Budhists as well - compatriots all! All shall be eligible to public office, even to the highest. Personally, I would look forward to a time - some time in the future - when the Jewish Commonwealth, or the Republic of Judaea, may on occasion have a Jewish president and an Arab prime minister, or even an Arab president and Jewish prime minister serving the State with equal loyalty and devotion."

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mizrachi Organization of America, at which the above was discussed, great resentment was registered <u>against</u> the expression of such sentiments, which in the opinion of Mizrachi stand in complete contrast to the historical and basic principles of Zionism, as they are in utter violation and disregard of the fundamental principles of historic and Torah-true Judaism. Coming from a very responsible and loyal Zionist like Mr. Neuman, such a statement is most shocking, to say the least.

HONORARY PRESIDENTS RABBI MEYER BERLIN GEDALIA BUBLICK

RABBI WOLF GOLD

OUR GOAL

 $\mathbf{o}\mathbf{o}$

943-1944

EMBERSinT

RABBI A. M. ASHINSKY

LEON GELLMAN

SAMUEL L. SAR

RABBI HARRY I. WOHLBERG

RABBI MAX KIRSHBLUM

MAX NADLER

CHAIRMAN, VAAD L'CHIZUK HATORAH VEHAYAADUT RABBI JACOB LEVINSON

CHAIRMAN, BETH DIN HACOVOD RABBI DR. JACOB HOFFMAN

CHAIRMAN, VAAD HAPOEL HERMAN HOLLANDER

CHAIRMAN, VAAD HAROSHI RABBI DR. J. B. SOLOVEITCHIK

HENRY L. KRAUSHAR

ANDREW N. MILLER

ROBERT G. HOROWITZ

IS. EICHLER

FIELD SECRETARY RABBI LAZAR EICHENSTEIN

> HELP BUILD PALESTINE AS A JEWISH COMMONWEALTH IN THE SPIRIT OF TORAH! שאיפת המזרהי – מדינה יהודית כארץ ישראל כרוח התורה והמסורה

Dr. Abba Hillel Silver

December 24, 1943

....

In view of the above, it is the desire of the Mizrachi Executive Board to impress the Zionist Emergency Council with the need of imposing a certain discipline, at least upon those who are officially connected with its activities, and forbid all such articulations which represent political views that have not been previously discussed by the Emergency Council.

At a time when we are attempting to place the matter of a Jewish Commonwealth on the agenda of the United Nations, we surely must be careful about discussing such issues as may frustrate the very fundamentals that a majority of Jews, as we are convinced is the fact, wish to see realized and implemented in the Jewish Commonwealth that is to be.

erely yoors 1 man President

LG: HD

GMZSTGBW29 Jerusalem 53 5 Via Rea NLT ABA SILVER 41 East 42nd New York REGRET DELAY IN ANSWERING YOU CAELE STOP THOUGH FOR TIME BEING ONLY MY GOING LONDON BEEN DECIDED IT IS QUITE POSSIBLE EXECUTIVE JERUSALEM WILL SOON DECIDE SEND TWO OTHER MEMBERS STOP REGARDING AMERICAN DELEGATION EXECUTIVE JERUSALEM INCLINED DEFER DECISION FENDING ARRIVAL ITS MEMBERS LONDON

MOSHE SHERTOK

WRHS

Eundated 7

Time



Send the following message, subject to the Company's rules, regulations and rates set forth in its tariffs and on file with regulatory authorities

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DR ABBA HILLEL SILVER THE TEMPLE

(CLEVELAND OHIO)



CONFIDENTIAL AT LAST EMERGENCY OFFICE COMMITTEE MEETING DR CHAIM AND DR NACHUM ADVOCATED A MENTAL RETREAT FROM BILTMORE RESOLUTATION IN FAVOR SUBSTANTIAL IMMIGRATION STOP DISCUSSION THEIR VIEWS SCHEDULED THIS SUNDAY URGE YOU DO UTMOST ATTEND MEETING OR REQUEST POSTPONEMENT WHEN YOUR ABLE ATTEND STOP SITUATION MOST ALARMING OUR LEADERSHIP READY CAPITULATE TO APPARENTLY DISCOURAGING DEVELOPMENTS

MEYER BERLIN LEON GELLMAN