



Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

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Series II: Harold P. Manson File (Zionism Files), 1940-1949, undated.

Sub-series A: Main Manson File, 1940-1949.

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Advertisements, 1947.

Franco Seeks To Halt Flight Of Republicans

Border Guards in Hendaye Area Reinforced to Stop Escapes Into France

Sixteen Basques Seized

Accused of Being Guides For Fugitives at Frontier

HENDAYE, French-Spanish Border, May 3.—The government of General Francisco Franco was reported today to be taking strong measures to halt the increasing number of Spanish republicans moving across the frontier into France.

Spanish border patrols along this area of the frontier, where hundreds of Spaniards have slipped into France in recent weeks, have been heavily reinforced. Several companies of the civil guards have been assigned to posts in the zones of Irun and Pamplona to thwart would-be evaders.

It was learned that a crackdown campaign led by Miguel Ibanez, head of the Spanish "Service of Military Information" for the border area, has resulted in the arrest of sixteen Basques suspected of complicity in recent escapes. Seven of those arrested on charges of serving as guides for escaping republicans, were picked up at Irun and the nine others in the neighborhood of Renteria. The sixteen men, following preliminary interrogation, have been interned in the Ondarreta prison at San Sebastian, according to reports.

Marine News

New York
PASSENGER SHIPS
DUE SATURDAY
Vessel Port Agency
Good Hope Castle, from Antwerp, Cunard Funch. Ede.
DUE SUNDAY
General Hershey, from Leghorn, U.S. Army.
DUE MONDAY
Gripsholm, from Gothenburg, Swedish-American.
Noordam, from Rotterdam, Holland-American.
ARRIVED FRIDAY
Mauretania, from Liverpool, Cunard.
No Sailings Saturday, Sunday
FREIGHTERS
DUE SATURDAY
Michael de Kovets, from Rotterdam, Marine Trans.
Alfred Moore, from Bremerhaven, Waterman.
Corrientes, from Glasgow, Cunard.
Thomas W. Bickett, from Rouen, U.S. Lines.
American Leader, from Havre, U.S. Lines.
DUE SUNDAY
Crista Victory, from Gdansk, Luckenbach.
Pass Christian Victory, from Gdansk, Luckenbach.
Lambert Cadwallader, from Bremerhaven, U.S. Army.
Tortugero, from London, Cunard.
Damfront, from Bordeaux, French Line.
Hattiesburg Victory, from Gdansk, American-Hawaiian.
Louis Hennepin, from Cherbourg, U.S. Lines.
Union Victory, from Antwerp, Black Diamond.
ARRIVED FRIDAY
Saginaw Victory, from Antwerp, Black Diamond.
Dothan Victory, from Copenhagen, Moore McCormack.
Horda, from Havre, Cosmopolitan.
Jonathan Groat, from Hamburg, Waterman.

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3 " \$60.00 12 doz. \$230.00
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Group Seeks 'Chutes To Drop Jews in Zion

By the Associated Press

NEW YORK, May 3.—A full-page advertisement in the New York newspaper "PM" announced today that the Political Action Committee for Palestine plans to drop thousands of young Jews by parachute into the Holy Land.

The advertisement said: "Thousands of young Jewish men and women between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five are now undergoing training throughout Europe, and will be parachuted into Palestine. We will give Palestine 1,000 Jews for every Jew hanged by His Majesty's Government."

The program was called "Exodus by Air." The advertisement appealed for funds, saying that one parachute costs \$144. The Political Action Committee for Palestine is an American organization which sponsors the raising of funds for immigration into Palestine.

British Zone to Disband Its German Labor Force

BERLIN, May 3 (A.P.).—The "Dienstgruppen," a German labor force of former soldiers who were being used by the British in essential work for the occupation forces, will be disbanded shortly, a British announcement said today.

The Russians objected to the "Dienstgruppen" at the Foreign Ministers' conference in Moscow, particularly because the Germans were still in uniform. In return for a Soviet promise to destroy former German category "Q" or immobile warships still in their possession by August, the British agreed to disband the "Dienstgruppen" before the end of the year, with the exception of a small number needed for mine-sweeping.

The announcement said that a civilian body to be known as the German civil labor organization will replace the "Dienstgruppen."

Church Services

Colonel Paul J. Maddox, chief of chaplains of the United States Army, will preach at 10:45 a.m. today at the American Cathedral, 65 Quai d'Orsay. Major George W. Almond, chief of chaplains of the American Graves Registration Command, will be the speaker at the American Church's fellowship hour at 8 o'clock tonight.

Major General Luther D. Miller, chief of chaplains of the United States Army, will preach the sermon at 10:45 a.m. today at the American Cathedral, 23 Avenue George V.

Paris Church services in English: American Cathedral Church (for all Protestants), Avenue George V.—Sunday: Holy Communion, 8:30 a.m.; Sunday School, 10 a.m.; Service for forces and civilians, 10:45 a.m.; Thursday: Communion, 10:30 a.m.; Monday: Vespers at 3:45 p.m.

American Church (interdenominational), 65 Quai d'Orsay.—Sunday: Sunday School, 10:45 a.m. to 12 noon. Service for civilians and military, 11 a.m.; Informal Fellowship Hour, 8 p.m.

British Embassy Church, 8 Rue d'Aguesseau.—Sunday: Holy Communion, 2:15 a.m. and 11:30 a.m.; services, 10:30 a.m. and 6 p.m.

St. George's (Church of England), Rue Auguste-Vaquerie.—Sunday: Holy Communion, 8:30 a.m.; Sung Eucharist, 11 a.m.; (Bishop of Fulham); Services, 9:45 p.m. Daily, Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Evensong, 6 p.m.; Friday: Holy Communion, 8:30 a.m.

Church of Scotland, 17 Rue Bayard.—Sunday: 10:30 a.m.

St. Joseph's, 50 Avenue Hoche.—Sunday: Mass hourly from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Confessions daily except noon to 3 p.m.

St. Peter's, 35 Avenue Marceau.—Sunday: Mass half-hourly from 6:30 a.m.; Sermon, 10:15 a.m.

St. Roch Church, corner of Rue Saint-Roch and Rue Saint-Honore.—Mass, Sunday at 11:15 a.m.

Synagogue, 44 Rue de la Victoire.—Friday, 7:30 p.m.; Saturday, 9 a.m.; Sunday, 10:30 a.m.

Church of Christ, Scientist, 10 Avenue d'Jena, 18 Boulevard Maitland, 45 Rue La Boetie.—Sunday, 11:15 a.m.

Latter-Day Saints (Mormon), 8 Place Malesherbes.—Sunday: 10:30 a.m., 7:30 p.m.

Society of Friends (Quakers), 12 Rue Guy-de-la-Brosse.—Sunday: 10:15 a.m.; Thursday, 6 p.m.

Baptist, 48 Rue de Lille.—Sunday: 7 p.m.

Wesleyan Methodist, 4 Rue Roquépine.—Sunday: 10:30 a.m., 8 p.m.

Lutheran Service Center, 10 Rue de Duras.—Sunday: 8 p.m.

General Buress Takes Helm Of U.S. Constabulary Forces

By the Associated Press

HEIDELBERG, May 3.—Major General Withers A. Buress assumed command of the United States Constabulary in Germany Thursday with a warning to his troops that the steady reduction of American occupation forces makes it increasingly necessary for them to maintain high standards of conduct and efficiency.

The armored cars, patrol jeeps and motorcycles with which the constabulary police American-occupied Germany participated in the colorful ceremonies at which General Buress took over command from Major General Ernest N. Harmon, who will return to the United States.

General Buress praised the record of the constabulary under General Harmon, saying it had "demonstrated to the world that military men can administer justice fairly, impartially and with great dignity and good manners."

General Harmon, bidding good-bye to the constabulary he has commanded since its organization last year, told the troops: "No police force in the world is subjected to greater opportunities for misuse of authority, dishonorable dealings and poor personal conduct than the men of the constabulary in Germany."

Round-World Plane Adds Fuel

LOS ANGELES, May 3 (A.P.).—Seven British airmen on a round-the-world flight in a converted Halifax bomber were installing auxiliary gasoline tanks in their plane today preparatory to taking off on Tuesday for San Francisco and Honolulu.

The pilot, Captain Keith Thiele, of New Zealand, said that they had underestimated their fuel requirements. The plane is picking up cargo en route.

U.S. Zone Repatriation Move Is 'Discouraging'

FRANKFURT, May 3 (A.P.).—Results of the current drive to repatriate the 500,000 displaced persons remaining in the American Zone of Germany are "discouraging," American Military Government officials said today.

Not even the offer of sixty days' extra food rations has induced many of them to return to their native countries.

Only 4,345 accepted repatriation in the first two weeks of the drive, bringing to 16,589 the number sent home since the first of the year. The slow rate of repatriation emphasized recent official predictions that large-scale resettlement schemes offer the only ultimate solution to the DP problem.

A large proportion of those remaining in Germany—most of them Poles or Jews—will never agree to go back to the countries from which they came, officials predict.

Pan-African Trade Unions To Organize on CIO Pattern

To achieve "working-class solidarity" throughout the colonial territories of Africa, the Pan-African Trade Union Congress has decided to organize 2,000,000 European and native workers on the Congress of Industrial Organizations, or vertical union, pattern.

This was learned last week end, when resolutions adopted at the first continental gathering of African trade unionists ever held reached the Paris headquarters of the World Federation of Trade Unions. The Pan-African congress opened at Dakar, French West Africa, April 10. Before adjourning, the sixty delegates, representing twenty-five labor organizations in the Belgian, British and French African colonies, asked for the organizational assistance of the WFTU and its 71,000,000 affiliated members.

The congress, considered a historic episode in the colonial history

of Africa by WFTU officials, found that trade union rights were severely hampered by discriminatory local laws. It was, therefore, resolved that restrictions against strikes, against civil servants joining unions of their choice and against organization into territorial and international federations should be abolished immediately.

Organization on the vertical union, or CIO pattern, was the most effective and expeditious manner for crossing colonial frontiers, the Pan-African delegates decided. They resolved that "the ideal form by which, in the near future, complete working class solidarity should be expressed" was the system of grouping "all workers in the same profession or the same industry, both on the national and international plane."

After reports were submitted to the congress on the near-slave labor conditions of some native

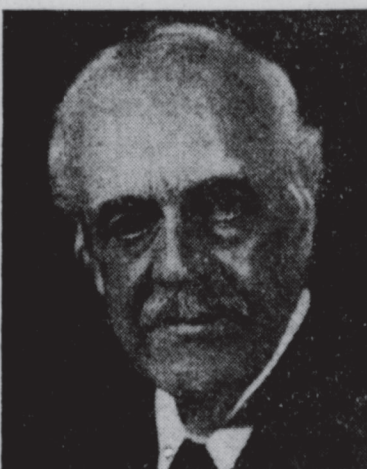
workers, the delegates requested that the WFTU see to it that "constant control" be exercised in all African colonies, "either by means of frequent inquiries or by the establishment of an official inspecting body."

A forty-hour week was also demanded. Application of social security, providing for sickness and injury, family allowances and old-age pensions was recommended "without distinction of race or color." One of the barriers standing in the way of early and effective union of colonial workers was color prejudice, the delegates found. They concluded that it was the duty of every trade unionist to suppress "race, religious or political prejudices."

Dutch Premier Off to Batavia

AMSTERDAM, May 3 (A.P.).—The Netherlands Prime Minister, Dr. L. J. M. Beel, and the Minister of Overseas Territories, Dr. J. A. Jonkman, left today by plane for Batavia with a number of advisers. They are expected to stay two weeks in the Netherlands East Indies.

Testimony of the British Nation



"Dear Lord Rothschild,

"I have much pleasure in conveying to you on behalf of His Majesty's Government the following declaration of sympathy with Jewish Zionist aspirations, which has been submitted to and approved by the Cabinet:

"His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country."

—Arthur James Balbur
(The Then Foreign Secretary)
November 2, 1917



"There has been a good deal of discussion as to the meaning of the words 'Jewish National Home' and whether it involved the setting up of a Jewish National State in Palestine... It was contemplated that when the time arrived for according representative institutions to Palestine, if the Jews had meanwhile responded to the opportunity afforded them by the idea of a National Home and had become a definite majority of the inhabitants, then Palestine would thus become a Jewish Commonwealth. The notion that Jewish immigration would have to be artificially restricted in order to ensure that the Jews should be a permanent minority never entered into the heads of anyone engaged in framing the policy. That would have been regarded as unjust and as a fraud on the people to whom we were appealing."

—David Lloyd George (Former Prime Minister)
The Truth About The Peace Treaties



"If immigration for the next five years is confined to the limits of the White Paper... the position of the Jews is reduced to the status of a permanent minority in a preponderantly Arab State. After all their hopes, they shall return in their National Home to that minority status which has been their lot through long centuries in every part of the world! I venture to think that it was precisely from this permanent minority status that they had hoped to escape."

—The Late Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang,
Archbishop of Canterbury—May 23, 1939

"We regard this White Paper and the policy in it as a cynical breach of pledges given to the Jews and the world, including America... If we do this thing today we shall have done a thing which is dishonorable to our good name, which is discreditable to our capacity to govern and which is dangerous to British security, to peace and to the economic interest of the world in general and of our own country. Moreover, it will not work..."

"I do not know what Government will be in power in ten years, and it would certainly be wrong for me to indicate what such a Government would do in circumstances that we cannot foresee and cannot know, but I think it ought to be known by the House that this breach of faith, which we regret, this breach of British honour, with its policy, with which we have no sympathy, is such that the least that can be said is that the Government must not expect that this is going to be automatically binding upon their successors. They must not expect that I will go no further than that, but they must understand that this document will not be automatically binding upon their successors in office, whatever the circumstances of the time may be."

—Herbert Stanley Morrison
(Now Lord President of the Council)
May 23, 1939

"If, as may well happen, there should be created in our own life-time by the banks of the Jordan a Jewish State under the protection of the British Crown which might comprise three or four millions of Jews, an event which would have occurred in the history of the world which would from every point of view be beneficial, and would be especially in harmony with the truest interests of the British Empire."

—Winston Churchill (Later Prime Minister)
February 8, 1920

"The British Labor Party recalls with pride that in the dark days of the Great War they associated themselves with the ideal of a National Home in Palestine for the Jewish people, and that, ever since, the annual conferences of the Party have repeatedly affirmed their enthusiastic support of the effort toward its realization. They have never faltered, and will never falter, in their active and sympathetic cooperation with the work of political and economic reconstruction now going forward in Palestine."

—Clement R. Attlee (Now Prime Minister)
November, 1935

"There is surely neither hope nor meaning in a Jewish National Home unless we are prepared to let the Jews, if they wish, enter this tiny land in such numbers as to become a majority. There was a strong case for this before the war, and there is an irresistible case for it now, after the unspeakable atrocities of the cold-blooded calculated German-Nazi plan to kill all the Jews of Europe... Let the Arabs be encouraged to move out

as the Jews move in. Let them be compensated handsomely for their land, and their settlement elsewhere be carefully organized and generously financed. The Arabs have many wide territories of their own; they should not seek to exclude the Jews from this small area of Palestine, which is less than the size of Wales."

—Platform of the British Labor Party—December, 1944

American Zionist Emergency Council

342 Madison Avenue, New York 17, New York

CONSTITUENT ORGANIZATIONS: Hadassah, Labor Zionist Organization of America—Poale Zion, Misrahi, United Zionists-Revisionists of America, Zionist Organization of America