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Taking stock of 1943, 1944.

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TAKING STOCK OF 1943

A Retrospect and a Prospect





Dr. Abba Hillel Silver

At The Temple

On Sunday morning, January 2, 1944 As one looks back at the past year, one is amazed to find so much crowded into a short hear. Momentous events followed each other in rapid succession and jostled each other for front page space. Things moved so swift that great events were quickly forgotten for still greater events.

1943 was a year of war, one which brought the end of the war appreciably nearer. The entire year of 1943 was under the sign of Alloed progress, offensive and mounting might.

The year began with the astounding victories of Stalin. It witnessed a disastrous rout of Nazis and Fascists in Africa, the invasion of Sicily and Italy, the fall of Mussolini and the capitulation of Italy from the war.

The year 1943 also witnessed the/campaign of the Nazis upon which they relied upon as a trump card smashed.

The year also reported the shattering saturation bombing of the principal cities of Germany, and of the invasion of the coast.

The year marked the gathering momentum in the Pacific, altogether, from the military point of view, a good year, a prelude year to victory.

The past year has told the Nazis that they were licked. They knew it.

They no longer talk to their people about world conquest. They now talk

to them about survival, which is a very different thing altogether. They

try to hold them in line by the threat of utter ruin and annihilation at

the hand of the Allies, if Germany quits the war.

Those "military idiots" - that is what Hitler called the Allied Commanders, have beaten them into retreat and defeat. The Nazi armies no longer bestride the world from the ages of Cairo like a colossus.

They have been beaten back into the fortress of Europe, a fortress without a roof, a fortress whose walls are receding in the South and in the East.

They who always maintained that their success depended upon mobile warfare, on striking quickly, on dive-bombers, tanks, swift annihilation of the enemy, now find themselves forced to retreat behind the Maginot Line of their own long wall to defend themselves against the advancing troops of the United Nations. Behind that wall they are watching their own cities bombed out of existence, the initiative wrested from their hands and their industrial plants bombed. They are aware math of the growing might of their enemies and they know that it is growing day by day.

The Nazis know now that they have nothing to fight for. At the end of the war there will be nothing but defeat for them. They cannot win. Their only hope is for a prolonged and ordered defense will wear the enemies down, so that the United Nations will be prepared to consider a negotiated peace. They are hoping, too, for a possible division between the United Nations, which would work to their advantage. The recent Conferences at Cairo, Teheran have for the time being at least, blasted this hope.

Someone recently wrote: "If, before the war, it had been suggested to any well-trained German staff officer that after four years of 'victorious' battles, the armed forces of the Third Reich would have lost the initiative everywhere, that they would be spread out from nothern Finland to the islands of the Aegean awaiting an Allied invasion of Europe from the west and south, that the bulk of the German ground forces would be battling for life on a two-thousand-mile front in Russia, that Germany would be at war with the only important former member of the European Axis, that German troops would be fighting in Yugoslavia to hold territory supposedly 'conquered' two years before, that enemies whose war industries were immune from a counter attack would be slowly bombing Germany's war industries to destruction, that the manufacure of all civilian clothes would be discontinued in the Fatherland and that public morale would be maintained with the headsman's ax — he would

have dismissed such suggestions as too fantastic for serious consideration."

Yet that is exactly what happened.

Some people have been expecting an inner collapse of Germany, Italy mabe following. Discout such an inner collapse at least for the time being. In an iron dictatorship, even when the morale of the people is gone, there still remains terror to keep them in line, to keep them from revolt. In a dictatorship such as exists in Germany there is no public opinion that can make itself vocal at a critical time. Discontent has no way of expressing itself. Public meetings, gatherings of all kinds, gatherings of more than three and four people are prohibited. Every person is spied upon. The terror of the Gestapo is in everyone's heart. No person is permitted to express an opinion, no press is permitted to express an opinion, only government controlled, lying propaganda sheets. Every major defeat is minimized. Every retreat is "according to plan". Vast new plans and mysterious new weapons are promised to bolster up shaken morale. The gangsters are determined to fight to the bitter end, even if it means leaving Germany and Rurope a heap of charred ruins. They know the terrible punishment which awaits them.

Only a major blow-up at the top, only a major military disaster in the West, a sharp rift among leaders in the armies of the Nazi party can bring about a break-up of the present situation within Germany. But that is exactly what the Allied military leaders are girding themselves for — the final show-down. And that is exactly what the Allied military leaders have launched. major A/military attack from the West - the final show-down. The cost of such an invasion of Europe will be high. Many will die on the battlefields, and on the invasion coasts. Think of Salerno and Tarawas! Our military leaders have warned us to brace ourselves for great losses in the battles, wherein the outcome of the 2nd World War will finally be decided. Russia moving in from the East, the armies of the United States and Great Britain moving in

from the West and South, and perhaps from the Southeast will crack the citadel of Nazi shame, crime and terror, and redeem Europe and the world from the curse of Nazism and Fascism.

The year 1944 is also likely to witness a mounting offensive in the Pacific, in the Far East, on land, sea and air to keep Japan occupied until her time of accounting comes. Altogether it will be a hard year, a testing year and a trying year, a year of sacrifice. Prayerfully we hope that it will be a year of victory.

The past year also recorded some very momentous conferences between the leaders, military and diplomatic, between the United Nations at Casablanca, Quebec, Washington, Moscow, Cairo, Teheran. At these conferences presumably not only military unity was reached for and the preparation of plans for the successful prosecution of the war, but also political issues of great moment were discussed. Concerning these political issues we will be informed. Of some we have already been aprrised, and it is of utmost significance.

The four major powers in the world today within the world's far-flung boundaries, representing more than one-half the population of the globe, have resolved to collaborate not only for the duration in the prosecution of the war, but to collaborate now and after the war to establish a just peace and to maintain peace in the years to come. They agreed to recreate a world organization for the maintenance of peace, and to implement that world organization with all the power that it will require to carry out its objectives to maintain law, order and peace in the world. Significant our country also is the fact that our own Congress has officially voted/out of isolation. Congress, after the last war, voted our country into isolation. Now it has voted us out of it and has put the United States of America squarely into a plan for the creation of such machinery, such collective action and organization after the war as will maintain peace in the world. That does

not mean of course that following this war there may not be a powerful isolationist movement again rising among our people to force our Congress to reverse its position. There is that danger. There is the danger of our people becoming so exhausted by war, and so disillusioned at its outcome, that we will do what we did after the last war — wash our hands of the whole thing and retreat behind neutrality and isolation. The cry will go up again: Mind your own business... We hope that will not happen.

And it is also to be hoped that during the coming year/will be an election year, when both major political parties will jockey for positions and seek to exploit each other for partisan purposes, it is devoutly hoped that our foreign policy so vital to the people of our own and the people of the world will not become a shuttlecock or football in the campaign of 1944. The Republicans in their eagerness to defeat the Democrats in 1944, and the Democrats in order to preserve their position should not in all conscience permit themselves to confound and to confuse our own people about our foreign policy. There is definitely the danger of wrecking the peace in the election year of 1944.

On the devit side of the ledger for the past year has been the trend towards inflation. Our people seemingly is not willing to pay enough out of its income for the sacrifice, out of its standard of living to pay its share in the cost of the war. We all want this war to be carried on without undue inconvenience to ourselves. Our people are demanding more money for their services at a time when consumer's goods has sharply decreased, because of defense needs. People are spending more than ever before and prices are accordingly xxxxxx soaring, and as they soar, the demand is still higher and wages and income naturally increase. Thus the dangerous inflation spiral has been set in motion in our country. It is still in its early stages but there doesn't seem to be anything on the horizon to suggest how

it is maintained tostop it. Pressure groups of all kinds, farmer groups, industrialists, manufacturers are plugging away, each group fir itself, through legislative lobbies, through strikes, through threats of strikes to get more money out of this war. That is what the it amounts to. When one group in our population gets more money than other groups at the expense of the others, and forces the cost of living up, the other group, in self-defense demands its share. One group denounces the other, the pot calling the kettle black.

The farmers oppose food subsidies because that puts a ceiling on their farm prices. Business men fight renegotiation of contracts lest they be forced to return to the government excessive profits. The labor group see the cost living mounting and the real value of wages declining, demand increases in wages and launch strikes to bring about a compliance to their demands. So the merry-go-round of group competition within our domestic economy in is going on war time/apace.

Fortunately the danger point has not yet been reached. Our war production has not been seriously affected as yet. The great industrial plant of our country has been producing amazingly — 25 million tons of new shipping within eleven months, 150 thousand air-planes since Pearl Harbor, and similarly in every other field of production. But if this trend of which I speak is unchecked and will gather momentum very quickly, we will find ourselves in a very grave and menacing situation, and our responsible leaders, lay-leaders and political leaders of all sections of our population — labor, manufacturer, merchant, farmer. And responsible leaders should face this difficult situation squarely and try to solve this problem in not in a partisan basis, but on a national basis. This problem is one that concerns everyone. And if our war effort is interfered with, it is the American soldier from every walk of life, from every section who will suffer, not from one.

In this tragic hour the blood of our best men will be poured out without measure in defense of us. It is infamy, it is defilement of spirit for groups

to aggrandize themselves to try to win economic advantages contrary to the best solution to our problem...

Our people ought to be aroused very quickly about the situation. I believe that our public press would do more effective work in arousing the conscience of the American people if they did not concentrate their repugnances and disappointment exclusively on labor when it is wrong, but in the same spirit utter its sharp ciriticism of every other group who similarly guilty. It is not wise nor fair to attack labor and forget the profiteering of industry or the self-seeking lobbying of agriculture. Why is John L. Lewis a self-righteous in the defiance of our government any worse than/James F. Lincoln? Is a miner to pilloried becaue he asks for an extra dollar a day in pay, but an industrialist to be applauded when, asked by his government for some return out of his millions of excessive profits allowed him, he insolently refuses? Are Fifty thousand dollar profits in war-time patriotic? when an extra five or ten dollar bill in the pay envelope is disoloyalty? Where is the line drawn? Why is one permitted to wrap himself in the American flag and act as a patriotize while he is war profiteering shamelessly?...

A quick halt must be called clear down the line to this dangerous trend which might turn into an inflationary stampede, endangering the entire economic structure of our country, now and especially after the war.

On the devit side, too, of 1943 have been the race riots, the increasing intolerances evidenced on many sides in our country - race riots in Los Angeles, in Harlem, in Boston, Detroit -- thirty four men killed, 700 wounded. Those are serious matters. We don't like to think much about them. We don't like to talk much about them. They are festering wounds in our bodies. There are many conditions which have contributed to these international conflicts, nearly all traceable to the war - migration of people into new centers, housing shortages, inadequate recreational facilities. But basically and

fundamentally there is the fact of a potential race intolerance among sections of our people which is capable of being aroused, capitalized upon and incited. That is a dangerous situation. The powder keg is there. There are increasing anti-Semitic flare-ups here and there. It is heading into a form of hoodooism - the children of Boston and New York. These pathological manifestations which call for great concern, quick and decisive action on the part of city authorities, political authorities, public leaders, of those who control agencies, for those who control public opinion - ministers, clergymen... It is an anomoly that while our country is fighting for the four freedoms, sending its armies against other nations which have made racism their doctrine and their program, it sees its own national life from time to time disfigured by these infamous race attacks and race bitterness.

What avail will it be for us to win the war if we ourselves cannot take to our hearts the lessons of brotherhood, good will?

As far as the Jewish people is concerned, the past year - I have spoken of it before -- has been a terrible year of massacre and persecution, organized attempts at annihilating them in the world. It will not wear well in history. There is no use to lacerate our spirit over and over again over a situation which we cannot help. But there have been also manifestations within that dark period in the little countries under the heel of Nazi terrorists.

Denmark which rose so magnificently to the defense of the Jewish population and saved them, helped them get out of the country when the Nazis marched in to destroy them. Sweden which threw her gates wide open and its arms wide open to receive these refugees, xxx show compassion, brotherhood and human sympathy. And in Holland from time to time we hear of the Christian population demonstrating in sympathy for their Jewish fellow citizens.

Evidently the Nazis have not succeeded in poisoning the heart and mind of Europe entirely. Decency, kindness, the spirit of religion are still there and they can be counted on once this evil id destroyed to come to the fore again to recapture and make the world into a decent place for civilized human beings.

On the threshold of the new year we face events of great moment. It will be a year of decision, a turning point in the history of the world.

May God give us all strength to bear whatever burdens will come to us. May God give us the courage to endure with faith...



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1942, were fighting on the Volga and before El Alamein—and which one year later were fighting on the Dnieper and Volturno—were waging a victorious war. With their own eyes, they could see the steady decline of German air power on all fronts.

On September 30, 1942, Hitler spoke at the Sportpalast in Berlin. At that time the position of the Reich seemed so strong, and he was still so blind to the realities of the changing war, that he dismissed the military leadership of the United Nations with typically crude German humor. (That was before Stalingrad, El Alamein, and the Allied landing in North Africa.) He could not tell what the Allied leaders would do next, he said, because they were merely a pack of "military idiots." Yet one year later not even a malignant sorcerer out of the pages of the Nibelungen legend could have drawn up a hypothetical military situation involving much greater disadvantages to the Reich than the one actually con-

fronting it.

If, before the war, it had been suggested to any welltrained German staff officer that after four years of "victorious" battles, the armed forces of the Third Reich would have lost the initiative everywhere, that they would be spread out from northern Finland to the islands of the Aegean awaiting an Allied invasion of Europe from the west and south, that the bulk of the German ground forces would be battling for life on a two thousand-mile front in Russia, that Germany would be at war with the only important former member of the European Axis, that German troops would be fighting in Yugoslavia to hold territory supposedly "conquered" two years before, that enemies whose war industries were immune from a counter attack would be slowly bombing Germany's war industries to destruction, that the manufacture of all civilian clothes would be discontinued in the Fatherland and that public morale would be maintained with the headsman's ax—he would have dismissed such suggestions as too fantastic for serious consideration.

It was inevitable that the declining power of the Third