

Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

Featuring collections from the Western Reserve Historical Society and The Jacob Rader Marcus Center of the American Jewish Archives

MS-4787: Abba Hillel Silver Papers, 1902-1989.

Series IV: Sermons, 1914-1963, undated.

Reel	Box	Folder
167	61	1057

the Ways in Which We Fool Ourselves, 1962.

Western Reserve Historical Society 10825 East Boulevard, Cleveland, Ohio 44106 (216) 721-5722 wrhs.org American Jewish Archives 3101 Clifton Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45220 (513) 487-3000 AmericanJewishArchives.org

THE WAYS IN WHICH WE FOOL OURSELVES

DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER

THE TEMPLE

Today is April first -- also known as April Fool or All-Fools Day. Why the first day of the lovely month of April should be so designated, no one knows. April first is given over to folly. Innocent people are sportively imposed upon. Some are sent on bootless errands. Others, in other ways, are hade to appear ridiculous.

Feasts of Fools, burlesque and quasi-religious festivals, were observed in the Middle Ages, with the connivance and sometimes with the cooperation of the church itself. At such times, sacred rituals and objects were travestied by the populace, and what would otherwise be re-arded as sacrilege, were on these occasions tolerated and condoned. These feasts were probably survivals of the ancient pagan Saturnalia, when the Roman mobs cut loose in high spirits, and indulged in all forms of ribaldry, buffoonery and license. These were explosive days of release from the dull routine, the hard exactions, the cares and disciplines of every-day life.

Professional fools or jesters existed in all times and in all countries. Kings had their official royal fools whose function it was to amuse them and their courts, to cause laughter by their very looks, their dress, their antics or their wit. They operated on the principle of Rosaline in "As You Like It": "I had rather have a fool to make me merry than experience to make me sad".

Sometimes these court fools were deformed human creatures, who by their which very ugliness, their dwarfed and deformed bodies, were dressed up fantastically in motley, with cap, bells and baubles, excited laughter and gayety. There was an active trade in the Middle Ages in these manufactured human monstrosities, just as there was in castrated boys who were trained to become adult soprano singers in church choirs. Even Pope Leo X, we are told, liked to keep at his court in the Vatican a number of jesters and buffoons. This accorded with the custom of his father and of contemporary kings, r "To bring him a person whose wit, deformity or imbecility could refresh his spirit, was an open sesame to his heart".

Why lords and ladies should feel better and be amused on watching stunted, humpbacked dwarfs, freaks and monstrosities, only a psychology can say. To have a taste for such fare is evidently some form of sadism and human depravity. In the Roman Empire, it was customary for wealthy people to keep half-witted and deformed slaves in their houses for purposes of entertainment, and the greater the deformity, the higher was their purchase price.

The professional fool was to be found everywhere, among all cultures, and he has survived to this day in the circus-clown, the slap-stick comedian, and the "dummy" in the ventrifloquist act. He was not always a helpless fool. Sometimes he merely "played" the fool. The "witty" fool is not unknown to good literature.

Enid Welsford, who wrote an interesting book, "The Fool' - His Social and Literary History" -- concludes that these fools served a variety of purposes.

The Fool or clown was primarily the butt or laughing-stock -- "He Who Gets Slapped". He was the safety-valve for the suppressed instincts of the bully in all men.

- 2 -

But he also provided a subtler balm for the fears and wounds of those who are afflicted with an inferiority complex -- which is true of the greater part of humanity, if we may believe our psychologists. Most men are subject to the blows of fate and of people stronger and wiser than themselves. The Fool represents the cause of the stupid against the clever, of the weak against the strong. Every man is prepared to identify himself with the Fool as he turns the tables on his chastisers, defeats the powerful, outwits the wise, and assumes the most effective of all roles, the role of David against Goliath, the role of the pariah triumphant. "It is this note of subtly disguised selfpity," says the author, "that Charlie Chaplin strikes with such genius and with such success."

But, it is not of such professional fools that I wish to speak this morning. These belong to the world of entertainment, where they amuse and delight people by their very appearence, there clumsiness or there stupidity. Nor do I wish to speak of the large element of folly which is to be found in every one of us. "What fools these mortals be," declared Robin Goodfellow, a Puck, in Shakespears's "A Midsummer Night's Dream," but few mortals are prepared to admit it." We beguile ourselves into believing that we know more than we really do. Few of us have the wisdom to say: 152 ifk13 fk k/l "I am ignorant, I do not know." The longings of our hearts flash shimmering mirages before our eyes. Our strong desires feed our proliferating fancies. How often do men deceive themselves into believing that what is bad is really for their good; that what they have obtained they really merited; that they can be happy only when rich; that what really counts are clothes and jewels and care and fine feathers. How often do people persuade themselves that they are admired when they are only flattered; that they can have love without

- 3 -

sacrifice, power without vexation, and that their strength will be inexhaustible, that and time will never run out for them. How many self-deluded pwopla think that they are casting in indestructible bronze when they are only writing in dust! It is out of these self-deceptions that so much of the pathos and tragedy of human existence derive, and so much of its comedy and bitter irony.



It is against such wilful blindness that the Psalmist prave;

"Lighten my eyes, but I sleep the sleep of death".

But not even of this type of folly do I wish to speak this morning, UD any more than of Pierrot, Punch or Harlequin of stage or pantomime. I wish to speak of the fool as the Bible knows him.

In the Bible He is not a deformed person. He is not fantastically accoutered and does not sport a cap and bells. He is not retained by anyone for purposes of entertainment. In fact, he does not amuse at all, and he is Considered always evil. A

The Bible has many names for this kind of a fool. The Book of Proverbs, No -- most often M/(-- probably from the verb (1)-- which means "to grow thick", as of fluids. The Bible is very sharp in condemning him, almost as sharp as it is in condemning the wicked and the sinner. In some fillcand the Strare placed in instances, the two -- the Fool and the wicked, juxtaposition.

What is there about the fool that so arouses Biblical anger? Well, in the first place he is thick-set and will not budge. He is satisfied with things as they are, and with himself. He is content to remain what he is. He is proud and arrogant. He will not consider anything new. When experience would suggest another course, he "digs in"; he simply will not budge. He always knows better. He resents the intrusion of new ideas and abhors the as who teachers f new ideas. He hates instruction and correction. It is not that he is incapable of learning. He simply sets himself against it. There is a Hindu saying: "Though a fool spend all his life with wise men, he will know

>

- 4 -

the truth no more than a spoon knows the taste of soup". He never acknowledges a mistake. He is always right.

Scripture itself is at a loss to know whether to argue with such a fool or not. We read: "Anser not a fool according to his folly, lest you be like him yourself". And again we read: "Answer a fool according to his folly, lest he be wise in his own eyes" (26.4-5).

But the smugness, the stupid obstinacy, the closed, impervious mind, the impudent contempt of learning of such fools are denounced and condemned in the Bible in no uncertain terms.

> "Fools despise wisdom and instruction" (1.7). "A fool takes no pleasure in understanding, but only in expressing his opinion" (18.2). "The way of a fool is (always) right in his own eyes, but a wise man listenes to advice" (12.15). "In the mouth of the fool is a rod of pride" (14.3). "The complacence of fools shall destroy them" - PRON PINO NIFE - (1.32)

But this same stubborn, knowledge-resisting, and truth-rejecting fool will at the same time go completely hay-wire when it comes to accepting evil rumors, hate propoganda, hearsay and scandal-mongering. He will accept them without a moment's reflection or examination. Education he will resist, but not propoganda. He will listen avidly to the bigot, the fire-brand, the sower of discord and suspicion among men. $23 \, \text{GeV}(11.23) \, (14.15) = -$ "The fool believes everything". But he will turn a deaf ear to the sage, the sober scholar, the sound thinker, the friend of man.

- 5 -

Such credulous dolts -- and remember that "ever since Adam, fools have been in the majority" -- are veritable putty in the hands of every crafty political adventurer; Through a skillful exploitation of their easy credulity, -which readily conforms to their innate desire to believe what they are told -every what we wish we generally believe to be true, and the easiest person to deceive is one's self -- free societies have been overthrown by unscrupulous and wicked men and great evil has been wrought in the world. Time and again, fools, moved and incited by crafty knaves, have destroyed the world. Tell these people the simple truth, and they will reject it out of hand. Tell them the big lie, and they will shout"Sieg Heil"in wild acclaim. Give them resounding slogans, give them rousing catch-words, give them things or people to hate and add a touch of intriguing secrecy to your plan of operation, and they are yours body and soul.

And once these men, so cold and unresponsive to truth, are bewitched by half-truths, by distorted facts, by canards and flying rumors, they become terribly belligerent about it. They go on the war-path. They want to destroy and to annihilate. They are not interested in correcting, in improving, in adjusting, in compromising, the employ, the techniques of peaceful progress. They want a show-down! They do not look ahead and consider the possible consequences of their provocative belligerency.

A few weeks ago, eighteen thousand Rightists rallied in Madison Square Garden in New York City to demonstrate for a refurbished neo-conservatism. Among the major speakers was one who called for "new orders" to be given as follows:

- 6 -

"To the Joint Chiefs of Staff: Prepare for an immediate landing in Havana.

"To the Commander in Berlin: Tear down the wall.

"To our chief of mission in the Congo: Change sides.

"To the chief of the C.I.A .: You are to encourage

liberation movements in every nation of the world under Communists!"

Of such irresponsible and prating windbags -- and the word "fool is derived from a Latin word which means "a windbag" -- Scriptures say: $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{T}} \mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{T}} \mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{T}}$

> Over and over again, the Bible speaks of the contentiousness of the fool who is continually sowing discord goes about snarling". "A fool's lips call for strife, and his mouth incites to blows" (18.6). "A stone is heavy, and sand is weighty, but a fool's provocation is heavier than both."

I suspect that such men who go about, swaggering and swash-buckling in perilous times and in a tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, as such, of destructiveness and upheaval for their own sake. They prefer ruin and chaos to orderly progress. They are in favor of all change, provided it is a change backward, not forward. $/2\hbar 2/2000$ "Upheaval is in his heart." They have no constructive program for the future of a democratic society in a revolutionary age which has definitely broken

- 7 -

with much of the past and is resolutely reaching out for a new, and fuller among them way of life for all men. There is no call for vision among them, for moral initiative, for courage, for faith. Because of fear or frustration, or spiritual exhaustion, they choose "to leave the straight and righteous paths and to turn back and walk in the ways of darkness".

Quite recently I read a fine article by Barbara Ward in the Atlantic magazine, titled "In Time of Trial". She writes of men and nations in our Western World who are unwilling to face the radical changes of the New Age. As far as our own country is concerned, she declares:

"The refusal to face change is there, in the tendency to look with nostalgia to a golden past in which America was free of Communists and allies and taxes and unions and "big government", in the exaltation of purely nationalist interests, in economic isolationism and the growth of the protectionist spirit."

And she concludes her article with these words:

"In its roots and aspirations, Western civilization is turned toward the future, not the past; toward experiment, not the status quo; toward creation; toward " a new heaven and a new earth", not a safe and static world. It is precisely this quality of inventiveness, of vision, of courage to dream that has made Western society, for good and evil, the catalyst and prime mover in a world of magnificent but somnolent civilizations. If that quality were lost today, if no vision of the future informed its policies, no lift of hope encouraged its efforts, no faith to go further and do better inspired its aims, then the hulk of its greatness might survive. But the spirit would be dead. The trial of soul we face today is to outdream the Communist visionaries,

- 8 -

outwork the Communist fanatics, and outdare the voices of defeatism and discouragement within our own society. And this is precisely the challenge which Western man, again and again in his millennial record, has met and measured and triumphantly overcome."

It is these fools of God , once mocked, reviled, stoned or consigned to the flames, gave us, because they loved mankind with such stern, unbending purpose, and with such boundless passion for justice, equality and peace, whatever we now possess of truth, goodness and beauty, who discovered new worlds for us and who dispelled the gross darkness which enveloped us.

Every generation spurned its prophets, for they were goads and prods. More and They drove men forward on rugged roads to higher levels and the luminous peaks. Always they demanded the arduous better from men who were content to rest at ease in Zion. Each prophet was a stone which the builders rejected, but which became the chief corner-stone of the new society.

God be praised for those Fools of Faith who were the wisestimen. Would that we had more such fools among the very knowing, practical and worldly-wise statesmen of our day who are driving our world precipitously to the brink of ruin.

SUNDAY MORNING April 1, 1962

. . .

Today is April first -- also known as April Fool or All-Fools Day. Why the first day of the lovely month of April should be so designated, no one knows. April first is given over to fo'ly. Innocent people are sportively imposed upon. Some are sent on bootless errands. Others, in other ways, made to appear ridiculous.

lermon 978

Feasts of Fools, burlesque and quasi-religious festivals, were observed in the Middle Ages, with the connivance and sometimes with the cooperation of the church itself. At such times, secred rituals and objects were travestied by the populace, and what would otherwise be regarded as sacrilege, were on these occasions tolerated and condoned. These feasts were probably survivals of the ancient pagan Saturnalia, when the Roman mobs cut loose in high spirits, and indulged in all forms of ribaldry, buffoonery and license. These were explosive days of release from the dull routine, the hard exactions, the cares and disciplines of every-day life.

Professional fools or jesters existed in all times and in all countries. Kings had their official royal fools whose function it was to amuse them and their courts, to cause laughter by their very looks, their dress, their antics or their wit. They operated on the principle of Rosaline in "As You Like It": "I had rather have a fool to make me merry than experience to make me sad".

Sometimes these court fools were deformed human creatures, who by their very ugliness, their dwarfed and deformed hodies, which were dressed up fantastically in motley, with cap, bells and baubles, excited laughter and gayety. There was an active trade in the Middle Ages in these manufactured human monstrosities, just as there was in castrated boys who were trained to become adult soprano singers in church choirs. Even Pope Leo 2, we are told, liked

- 1 -

Why lords and ladies should feel better and be amused on watching stunted, hump-backed dwarfs, freaks and monstrosities, only a psychoanalyst can say. To have a taste for such fare is evidently some form of sadism and human depravity. In the Roman Empire, it was customary for wealthy people to keep half-witted and deformed slaves in their houses for purposes of entertainment, and the greater the deformity, the higher was their purchase price.

The professional fool was to be found everywhere, among all cultures, and he has survived to this day in the circus-clown, the slap-stick comedian, the "dummy" in the ventriloquist act. He was not always a helpless fool. Sometimes he merely "played" the fool. The "witty" fool is not unknown to good literature.

Enid Welsford, who wrote an interesting book, "The Fool" - His Social and " Literary History - concludes that these fools served a variety of purposes.

The Fool or clown was primariby the butt or laughing-stock -- "He Who Gets Slapped". He was the safety-valve for the suppressed instincts of the bully in all men.

But he also provided a subtler balm for the fears and wounds of those who are afflicted with an inferiority complex -- which is true of the greater part of humanity, if we may believe our psychologists. Most men are subject to the blows of fate and of people stronger and wiser than themselves. The Fool represents the cause of the stupid against the clever, of the weak against the strong.

- 2 -

Every man is prepared to identify himself with the Fool as he turns the tables on his chastisers, defeats the powerful, outwits the wise, and assumes the most effective of all roles, the role of David against Goliath, the role of the pariah triumphant. "It is this note of subtly disguised self-pity" says the author, "that Charlie Chaplin strikes with such genius and with such success".

But, it is not of such professional fools that I wish to speak this morning. -These belong to the world of entertainment, where they amuse and delight people by their very appearance, their clumsiness or their stupidity. I wish to speak not of Pierrot, Punch or Harlequin of stage or pantomime. But of the fool as the Bible knows him.

In the Bible he is not a deformed person. He is not fantastically dressed and does not sport a cap and bells. He is not retained by anyone for purposes of entertainment. In fact, he does not amuse at all, the is the fool whom we identify among our acquaintances. He is the fool whom we refuse to recognizewithin ourselves.

The Bible has many names for this kind of a fool. The Book of Proverbs, especially, abounds in references to him. He is called feld feld for 1.23,

What is there about the fool that so arouses Biblical anger?

Well, in the first place he is thick-set and will not budge. He is satisfied with things as they are and with himself. He is content to remain what he is.

- 3 -

He is proud and arrogant. He will not consider anything new. When experience would suggest another course, he "digs in"; he simply will not budge. He always knows better. He resents the intrusion of new ideas and abhors the teachers of new ideas. He hates instruction and correction. It is not that he is incapable of learning. He simply sets himself against it. There is a Hindu saying: "Though a fool spend all his life with wise men, he will know the truth no more than a spoon knows the taste of soup". He never acknowledges a mistake. He is always right.

Scripture itself is at a loss to know whether to argue with such a fool or not. We read: "Answer not a fool according to his folly, lest you be like him yourself". And again we read: "<u>Answer</u> a fool according to his folly, lest he be wise in his own eyes" (26.4-5).

But the smugness, the stupid obstinacy, the closed, impervious mind, the impudent contempt of learning of such fools are denounced and condemned in the Bible in no uncertain terms.

"Fools despise wisdom and instruction" (1.7)

"A fool takes no pleasure in understanding, but only in expressing his opinion" (18.2).

"The way of a fool is (always) right in his own eyes, but a wise man listens to advice" (12.15)

"In the mouth of the fool is a rod of pride" (14.3).

"The complacence of fools shall destroy them" (1.32)

But this same stubborn knowledge-resisting, and truth-rejecting fool will at the same time go completely hay-wire when it comes to evil rumors, hate propoganda,

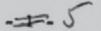
- 4 -

hearsay and scandal-mongering. He will accept them without a moment's reflection or examination. Education he will resist, but not propoganda. He will listen avidly to the bigot, the fire-brand, the sower of discord and suspicion among men.

723 for (1N/c) IND (14.15) "The fool believes everything", But whereas he will turn a deaf ear to the sage, the sober scholar, the sound thinker, the friend of man.

Such credulous dolts -- and remember that "ever since Adam, fools have been in the majority" -- are veritable putty in the hands of crafty political adventurers. Through a skillful exploitation of their easy credulity, which readily conforms to their innate desire to believe what they are told -- and what we wish we generally believe to be true, and the easiest person to deceive is one's self -- **p Free** societies have been overthrown by unscrupulous and wicked men and great evit has been wrought in the world. Time and again, fools, moved and by crafty knaves, have destroyed the world. Tell these people the simple truth, and they will reject it out of hand. Tell them the big lie, and they will shout, $\sum_{i=1}^{i=1}^{i=1}^{i=1}$ in wild aclaim. Give them resounding slogans, give them rousing catch-words, give them things people to hate and add a touch of intriguing secrecy to your plan of operation, and they are yours body and soul.

And once these men, so cold and unresponsive to truth, are bewitched by half-truths, by distorted facts, by canards and flying rumors, they become terriby belligerent about it. At once They are not interested in Exception to destroy and totally, to annihilate. They are not interested in Exception to destroy and totally, to annihilate. They are not interested in Exception to the totally to except the maximum correcting, in improving, in adjusting, in compromising, which have the cuices is the way of peaceful progress. They call for a show-down. They do not look ahead and take into account the possible consequences of their all-out belligerency.



A few weeks ago, eighteen thousand Rightists rallied in Madison Square to Removate on the latest a repurbilled heo- conservation. Garden in New York City. Among the major speakers was a Mr. Pozell, the One editor of the National Review Magazine. He called for "new orders" to be given as follows:

"To the Joint Chiefs of Staff:

Prepare for an immediate landing in Havana.

"To the Commander in Berlin: Tear down the wall.

"To our chief of mission in the Congo: Change sides.

"To the chief of the C.I.A.: You are to encourage liberation movements in every nation of the world under Communist.

Of such irresponsible and prating windbags -- and the word "fool" is derived from a Latin word which means a windbag -- Scriptures say:

האגה קליבה "The mouth of a fool is an imminent ruin." PAIL those who do not see things as they do are, by that very step, scheming and cowardly enemies of all that is sacred, of family, home, country and true religion. They take up the cudges for the Almighty. Without their vigilance, the Lord God of Hosts might easily be defeated by the communists ... Over and over again, Scriptures speaks of the contentiousness of the fool

VERNI FILC 5 who is continually sowing discord about "Every fool goes snarling". "A fool's lips call for strife, and his mouth incites to blows" (18.6). "A stone is heavy, and sand is weighty, but a fool's provocation is heavier than both."

I suspect that these/fools who go about hinstexing swaggering and swashbucking in these perilous times and in our tense and dangerously poised world of ours are really enamored of strife, as such, of destructiveness and upheaval for their own sake. They would rather have ruin and chaos then orderly progress. They favor all change, provided it is a change backward, not forward. (2/2 XD) DX " Upheaval is in his heart." They have no constructive program for the future of and democratic society in a revolutionary age which has definitely broken with so much of the past be and is resolutely reaching out for a new, and fuller way of life for all when. There is no call for vision among them, for experiments, for courage, for faith. They choose that of fear or frustration, or spiritual exhaustion, they down "to leave the straight and righteous paths and to turn back and walk in the ways of darkness,"

Quite recently I read a fine article by Barbara Ward in the Atlantic magazine, called "In Time of Trial". She writes of men and nations in the own Western World who are unwilling to face the radical changes of the New Age. As far as our own country is concerned, she declares:

"The refusal to face change is there, in the tendency to look with nostalgia to a golden past in which America was free of Communists and allies and taxes and unions and "big government," in the exaltation of purely mationalist interests, in economic isolationism and the growth of the protectionist spirit."

And she concludes her article with these words:

"In its roots and aspirations, Western civilization is turned toward the future, not the past; toward experiment, not the status quo; toward creation; toward "a new heaven and a mew earth", not a safe and static world. It is precisely this quality of inventiveness, of vision, of courage to dream that has made Western society, for good and evil, the catalyst and prime mover in a world of magnificent but somnolent civilizations. If that quality were lost today, if no vision of the future informed its policies, no lift of hope encouraged its efforts, no faith to go further and do better inspired its aims, then the hulk of its greatness might survive. But the spirit would be dead. The trial of soul we face today is to outdream the Communist visionaries, outwork the Communist fanatics, and outdare the voices of defeatism and discouragement within our own society. And this is precisely the challenge which Western man, again and again in his millennial record, has met and measured and triumphantly overcome. "

Duite in keeping with the fearless call to build the good society of to-morrow the world of tomorrow in vision and faith, is the one fool whom the Bible greath extolls -- the Fool of Faith -- the fool whom foolish men condemn because he speaks of to them of truth, of justice, of brotherhood, of peace -- the prophet whom men called a fool.

Every generation spurned them, for the they were for and prove from and they drove men on rugged roads to higher levels. Always they elicited the arduous better from men who were content to rest at ease in Zion. Each prophet was a sone which the builders rejected but which became the chief corner stone of the new society.

would that God be praised for those Fools of faith who were the wisest men. matical and worder - wise states were gas day is an anon an under poer for the

brand us

and because they loved weaks and week such when the work work work work when they furface, and they bounders have bounders and the hemiticus feals.

WRHS OCOO OCOO

ha do I with to speak to the lage the particul of folly " when is to be friend in every one I us." What fools there wantals he," detailed Rolling Good felow, a Rock in state for "A hindsommen - Nepte gracen but few montals are prepared to return bother it. We for anisolines into heleway that we know when than we really do. Few gus have the windown to say: Asterlat poster and not ski viji leli - 2 an quorant, 2 do not know How often do all wen decent thunders who believe that what is lad is really for their perd; that they took by happy only when they are with; that they are ad wire ant place they are any flattend; that the can have love without sompice; power without vexation, and there self-will vere run out to the 14 is these self-deceptive that so much g the pathos and trajed of the comedy and irony. It is a numb g to come and irony. It is a gainst such withinkness that the Powerset prop : who IP. IL D und DUKD . " Gighten ing prop: x1x3 18,1 p un 271/25 . " highters my aps, best I sleeps the sleep 9 death." But not this with the type of the do I with to feak ther working any was then

THE WAYS IN WHICH WE FOOL OURSELVES

DR. ABBA HILLEL SILVER

THE TEMPLE

Today is April first -- also known as April Fool or All-Fools Day. Why the first day of the lovely month of April should be so designated, no one knows. April first is given over to folly. Innocent people are sportively imposed upon. Some are sent on bootless errands. Others, in other ways, are made to appear ridiculous.

Feasts of Fools, burlesque and quasi-religious festivals, were observed $p_{\rm religious}$, with the connivance and commetimes with the cooperation of the church itself. At such times, sacred rituals and objects were travestied by the populace, and what would otherwise be reparded as sacrilege, were on these occasions tolerated and condoned. These feasts were probably survivals of the ancient pagan Saturnalia, when the Roman mobs cut loose in high spirits, and indulged in all forms of ribaldry, buffoonery and license. These were explosive days of release from the dull routine, the hard exactions, the cares and disciplines of every-day life.

Professional fools or jesters existed in all times and in all countries. Kings had their official royal fools whose function it was to amuse them and their courts, to cause laughter by their very looks, their dress, their antics or their wit. They operated on the principle of Rosaline in "As You Like It": "I had rather have a fool to make me merry than experience to make me sad".

Sometimes these court fools were deformed human creatures, who by their wery ugliness, their dwarfed and deformed bodies, were dressed up fantastically

in motley, with cap, bells and baubles, excited laughter and gayety. There was an active trade in the Middle Ages in these manufactured human monstrosities, just as there was in castrated boys who were trained to become adult soprano singers in church choirs. Even Pope Leo X, we are told, liked to keep at his court in the Vatican a number of jesters and buffoons. This accorded with the custom of his father and of contemporary kings - "To bring him a person whose wit, deformity or imbecility could refresh his spirit, was an open sesame to his heart".

Why lords and ladies should feel better and be amused on watching stunted, humpbacked dwarfs, freaks and monstrosities, only a psychoanalyst can say. To have a taste for such fare is evidently some form of sadism and human depravity. In the Roman Empire, it was customary for wealthy people to keep half-witted and deformed slaves in their houses for purposes of entertainment, and the greater the deformity, the higher was their purchase price.

The professional fool was to be found everywhere, among all cultures, and he has survived to this day in the circus-clown, the slap-stick comedian, a the "dummy" in the ventri loquist act. He was not always a helpless fool. Sometimes he merely "played" the fool. The "witty" fool is not unknown to good literature.

Enid Welsford, who wrote an interesting book, "The Fool" - His Social and Literary History" -- concludes that these fools served a variety of purposes.

The Fool or clown was primarily the butt or laughing-stock -- "He Who Gets Slapped". He was the safety-valve for the suppressed instincts of the bully in all men.

- 2 -

But he also provided a subtler balm for the fears and wounds of those who are afflicted with an inferiority complex -- which is true of the greater part of humanity, if we may believe our psychologists. Most men are subject to the blows of fate and of people stronger and wiser than themselves. The Fool represents the cause of the stupid against the clever, of the weak against the strong. Every man is prepared to identify himself with the Fool as he turns the tables on his chastisers, defeats the powerful, outwits the wise, and assumes the most effective of all roles, the role of Dawid against Goliath, the role of the pariah triumphant. "It is this note of subtly disguised self-pity," says the author, " that Charlie Chaplin strikes with such genius and with such success."

But, it is not of such professional fools that I wish to speak this morning. These belong to the world of entertainment, where they amuse people by their very looks, slyness, clumsiness or stupidity.

Nor do I wish to speak of the large element of folly which is to be found in every one of us. "What fools these mortals be," declared Robin Goodfellow, a Puck, in Shakespeare's "A Midsummer Night's Dream", but few mortals are really prepared to admit it.

We beguile ourselves into believing that we know more than we really do. Few of us have the wisdom to say: "I am ignorant, I do not know." The lengings of our hearts frequently flash shimmering mirages before our eyes. Our strong desires feed our proliferating fancies. How often do men deceive themselves into believing that what is bad is really for their own good; that what they have obtained they really merited; that they can be happy only when rich; that what really counts are clothes and fine feathers. How often do people persuade themselves that they are admired when they are only flattered; that they can have love without sacrifice, power without vexation, that their strength will forever be inexhaustible, and that time will never run out for them. How many self-deluded people think that they are casting in indestructible bronze when they are only writing in dust! It is out of these self-deceptions that so much of the pathos and tragedy of human existence derive, and so

- 3 -

It is against such wilful blindness that the Psalmist prays:

much of its comedy and titer in

"Lighten my eyes, but I sleep the sleep of death".

But not even of this type of folly do I wish to speak this morning, 7 6 any more than of Pierrot, Punch or Harlequin of stage or pantomime. I wish to orcal for speak of the fool as the Bible knows him.

In the Bible he is not a deformed person. He is not fantastically accoutered and does not sport a cap and bells. He is not retained by anyonc for purposes of entertainment. In fact, he does not amuse at all, and he is concluded always, evil.

The Bible has many names for this kind of a fool. The Book of Proverbs, especially, abounds in references to him. He is called

-- most often -- probably from the verb -- which means "to grow thick", as of fluids. The Bible is very sharp in condemning him, almost as sharp as it is in condemning the wicked, and the sinner. In some instances, the two -- the Fool and the wicked, and the are placed in juxtaposition.

What is there about the fool that so arouses Biblical anger? Well, in the first place he is thick-set and will not budge. He is satisfied with things as they are and with himself. No is content to remain what he is. He is proud and arrogant. He will not consider anything new. When experience would suggest another course, he "digs in"; he simply will not budge. He always knows better. He resents the intrusion of new ideas and abhors the threat teachers of new ideas. He hates instruction and correction. It is not that he is incapable of learning. He simply sets himself against it. There is a Hindu saying: "Though a fool spend all his life with wise men, he will know the truth no more than a spoon knows the taste of soup". He never acknowledges a mistake. He is always right.

Scripture itself is at a loss to know whether to argue with such a fool or not. We read: "Anser not a fool according to his folly, lest you be like him yourself". And again we read: "Answer a fool according to his fooly, lest he be wise in his own eyes" (26.4-5).

But the smugness, the stupid obstinacy, the closed, impervious mind, the impudent contempt of learning of such fools are denounced and condemned in the Bible in no uncertain terms.

> "Fools despise wisdom and instruction" (1.7). A fool takes no pleasure in understanding, but only in expressing his opinion" (18.2). "The way of a fool is (always) right in his own eyes, but a wise man listenes to advice" (12.15). "In the mouth of the fool is a rod of pride" (14.3). "The complacence of fools shall destroy them"

> > - (1.32)

But this same stubborn, knowledge-resisting, and truth-rejecting fool will at the same time go completely hay-wire when it comes to accepting evil rumors, hate propoganda, hearsay and scandal-mongering. He will accept them without a moment's reflection or examination. Education he will resist, but not propoganda. He will listen avidly to the bigot, the fire-brand, the sower of discord and suspicion among men. (14.15) --"The fool believes everything". But he will turn a deaf ear to the sage, the sober scholar, the sound thinker, the friend of man. Such credulous dolts -- and remember that "ever since Adam, fools have been in the majority" -- are veritable putty in the hands of **every** crafty political adventurer. Through a skillful exploitation of their easy credulity, which readily conforms to their innate desire to believe what they are told -what we wish we generally believe to be true, and the easiest person to deceive is one's self -- free societies have been overthrown by unscrupulous and wicked men and great evil has been wrought in the world. Time and again, fools, moved and incited by crafty knaves, have destroyed the world. Tell these people the simple truth, and they will reject it out of hand. Tell them the big lie, and they will shout"Sieg Heil"in wild acclaim. Give them resounding alogans, give them rousing catch-words, give them things or people to hate and add a touch of intriguing secrecy to your plan of operation, and they are yours body and soul.

And once these men, so cold and unresponsive to truth, are hewitched by half-truths, by distorted facts, by canards and flying rumors, they become terribly belligerent about it. They go on the war-path. They want to destroy and to annihilate. They are not interested in correcting, in improving, in adjusting, in compromising, to employ the techniques of peaceful progress. They want a show-down. Theyddo not look ahead and consider the possible consequences of their provocative belligerency.

A few weeks ago, eighteen thousand Rightists rallied in Madison Square Garden in New York City to demonstrate for a refurbished neo-conservatism. Among the major speakers was one who called for "new orders" to be given as follows:

- 6 -

"To the Joint Chiefs of Staff: Prepare for an immediate landing in Havana.

"To the Commander in Berlin: Tear down the wall. "To our chief of mission in the Congo: Change sides. "To the chief of the C.I.A.: You are to encourage liberation movements in every nation of the world under Communist."

"The mount of a fool is an imminent ruin."

Of such irresponsible and prating windbags -- and the word "fool is derived from a Latin word which means "a windbag" -- Scriptures say:

All who do not see things as these windbage do are, by that gery token, toke regarded a scheming and country and religion. These men take up the cudgels for the Almighty. Without their vigilance, the Lord God of Hosts might easily be defeated by the communists...

> Over and over again, the Bible speaks of the contentiousness of the fool who is continually sowing discord "Every fool goes about snarling". "A fool's lips call for strife, and his mouth incites to blows" (18.6). "A stone is heavy, and sand is weighty, but a fool's provocation is heavier than both."

I suspect that such men who go about, swaggering and swash-buckling in perilous times and in a tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really enamored of strife, and the tense and dangerously poised world, are really sake. They prefer ruin and chaos to orderly progress. They are in favor of all change, provided it is a change backward, not forward. "Upheaval is in his heart." They have no constructive program for the future of a democratic society in a revolutionary age which has definitely broken

- 7 -

. . .

with much of the past and is resolutely reaching out for a new, and fuller way of life for all men. There is no call for vision among them, for moral initiative, for courage, for faith. Because of fear or frustration, or spiritual exhaustion, they choose "to leave the straight and righteous paths and to turn back and walk in the ways of darkness".

Quite recently I read a fine article by Barbara Ward in the Atlantic magazine, titled "In Time of Trial". She writes of men and nations in our Western World who are unwilling to face the radical changes of the New Age. As far as our own country is concerned, she declares:

"The refusal to face change is there, in the tendency to look with nostalgia to a golden past in which America was free of Communists and allies and taxes and unions and "big government", in the exaltation of pure" nationalist interests, in economic isolationism and the growth of the protectionist spirit."

1

And she concludes her article with these words:

"In its roots and aspirations, Western civilization is turned toward ghe future, not the past; toward experiment, not the status quo; toward creation; toward " a new heaven and a new earth", not a safe and static world. It is precisely this quality of inventiveness, of vision, of courage to dream that has made Western society, for good and evil, the catalyst and prime mover in a world of magnificent but somnolent civilizations. If that quality were lost today, if no vision of the future informed its policies, no lift of hope encouraged its efforts, no faith to go further and do better inspired its aims, then the hulk of its greatness might survive. But the spirit would be dead. The trial of soul we face today is to outdream the Communist visionaries,

- 8 -

....

outwork the Communist fanatics, and outdare the voices of defeatism and discouragement within our own society. And this is precisely the challenge which Western man, again and again in his millennial record, has met and measured and triumphantly overcome."

Quite in keeping with this fearless call to build, in faith and vision, the good society of tomorrow, is the one single fool whom the Bible greatly extolls -- the Fool of Faith -- the man whom foolish men deem to be a fool because he speaks to them of truth, of justice, of brotherhood, of peace -the prophet whom men call a fool. , the spiritual leader whom people bait and brand as mad:

It is these fools of God **yes**, once mocked, reviled, stoned or consigned to the flames, gave us, because they loved mankind with such stern, unbending purpose, and with such boundless passion for justice, equality and peace, whatever we now possess of truth, goodness and beauty, who discovered new worlds for us and who dispelled the gross darkness which enveloped us.

Every generation spurned its prophets, for they were goads and prods move they drove men forward on rugged roads to higher levels and the luminous peaks. Always they demanded the arduous better from men who were content to rest at ease in Zioh. Each prophet was a stone which the builders rejected, but which became the chief corner-stone of the new society.

God be praised for those Fools of Faith who were the wisest, men. Would that we had more such fools among the very knowing, practical and worldly-wise statesmen of our day who are driving our world precipitously to the brink of ruin.

SUNDAY MORNING April 1, 1952

.....

- 9 -