

Abba Hillel Silver Collection Digitization Project

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MS-4787: Abba Hillel Silver Papers, 1902-1989.

Series V: Writings, 1909-1963, undated.

Reel Box Folder 185 69 906

Music, handmaiden of religion, 1955.

1) Religion which is itself the supreme and most difficult art of mankind has employed through the ages all the other arts to assist it in conveying its message.

It called to its aid painting, sculpture, architecture, drama and the dance, and of course music. Most especially music!

Music was not only an aid to worship, but a very wehicle of worship - almost as stirring and exalted as the spoken word. Music can speak without words - and its speech is universal.

"How many of us ever stop to think

Of music as a wondrous magic link

With God; taking sometimes the place of prayer,

When words have failed us 'neath the weight of care?

Music, that knows no country, race or creed;

But gives to each according to his need."

Music was frequently combined with the spoken word - to express more adequately and eloquently what was in the heart and mind of men when they contemplated creation and when they thought of Him who is the Master of all creation.

Music is the subtlest medium, and the most direct and pliant for the utterances of the emotions and aspirations of man. Hence for its very beginning religion turned to music and allied itself with it in what has turned out to be an unbroken and seemingly an unbreakable covenant. There were times, especially in periods of religions reformations, when elaborate ritualism came under strong attack, that all other forms of arts were disparaged - painting, sculpture, ornamentation - but seldom, if ever, the art of music.

The first artist-artizan mentioned in the Bible - next to God the Creator-Artist
Himself - is Jubal - "he was the father of all those who play the lyre and the pipe."
The Kinnor and the Ugav - the two most prominent musical instruments mentioned in the
Bible in connection with religious worship. In the Biblical narrative Jubal comes

before Tubal-cain who was the forger of all instruments of bronze and iron. The musical instruments came before the mechanical utilitarian instruments.

- 2) All religions of mankind from the most primitive to the most advanced and sophisticated combined music with worship. In the presence of the glory of life and the dark mystery of death - in moments of adoration, devotion, or supplication, or when the heart is filled with sorrow and overflowing with the joy of thanksgiving - the soul of man naturally seeks in song. At times he will employ a simple instrument of wood, or brass or string or horn further to amplify and channel the emotions and tumult, the longing and aspirations of his heart. As man developed, his music and its techniques developed with him. His instruments became more varied, his musical expression more refined, more elaborate, and more profound. Orchestras and choruses of trained singers became part of the ritual But the great passions of the religious life remained fairly constant, and they accordingly found themselves into less adventurous forms than secular music did through and harmonies which retained much of the past and the the ages, into choral traditional, into strong, stately, simple and beautiful modes and melodies.
- in religion on song, vocal and instrumental, as an essential way of worshipping God as in the Bible. Becase we revere it so much, we are in danger of regarding our Bible as solemn and bleak beyond all love of song and joy. This is of course the very reverse of the truth. Not only is the Bible replete in so much that is dramatically and exaltingly human that it has inspired great art and the greatest artists to their most creative and important works, and especially musical artists and musical compositions oratorios operas and symphonies one need but mention Palestrina, Bach, Hayden, Mendelssohn, Liszt the Bible brought out great music in man, struck deep chords and evoked profound resonances but the Bible itself sings Song of Songs. It sings because it is a book of supreme faith in a living God of

justice and of love - Who created a good world for man to dwell in;

(minued)

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It called to its aid painting, sculpture, architecture, drama and the dance, and of course music. Most especially music:

Music was not only an aid to worship, but a very vehicle of worship - almost as stirring and exalted as the spoken word. Music can speak without words - and its speech is universal.

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- 3) But in no religious literature of mankind is there such emphasis on music in religion on song, vocal and instrumental, as an essential way of worshipping God as in the Bible. Becase we revere it so much, we are in danger of regarding our Bible as solemn and bleak beyond all love of song and joy. This is of course the very reverse of the truth. Not only is the Bible replete in so much that it dramatically and exaltingly human that it has inspired great art and the greatest artists to their most creative and important works, and especially musical artists and musical compositions oratorios operas and symphonies one need but mention Palestrina, Bach, Hayden, Mendelssohn, Liszt The Bible brought out great music in man, struck deep chords and evoked profound resonances But the Bible itself sings Song of Songs. It sings because it is a book of supreme faith in a living God of justice and of love Who created a good world for man to dwell in;

trees and plants to delight the heart of man'". (Ber. 43b; Tos. Ber. 7.4) Everything in God's world of which man partakes for sustenance and for the satisfaction of his needs is holy, and therefore it is forbidden to a man to enjoy anything of this world without a benediction. (Ber. 35a)

God's world ds unutterably beautiful. "The heavens declare the glory of God and the firmament proclaims His handiwork." (Ps. 19.1) No literature of any people of antiquity is so rich in the awareness and appreciation of the majestic grandeur of nature as the literature The beauty of the natural world is seldom made, in itself and directly, an object of praise in the ancient world" . (Edwyn Bevan, "Jerusalem Under the High Priests" (1948) p. 60) There is strange dearth of exalted nature poetry in the ancient world, even among the Greeks. Greek culture was a product of city life. Architecture, sculpture, drama and philosophy were its supreme expressions. The Greeks saw many things clearly. They looked deep into the troubled heart of man. They speculated much about the true way to human happiness. They thought profoundly about the structure of their city states and the obligations of citizenship. In their literature they celebrated the great deeds of heroes, gods, and men. Their superb poetry, however, shares with the rest of their literature, the quality of being "to a peculiar degree anthropocentric in substance and secular in outlook." (Moses Hadas, "The Greek Poets" (1953) p. XIV) Schiller noted that "the impatient imagination of the Greeks traverses nature to pass beyond it to the drama of human life." Somehow, the Greeks did not lift up their eyes to the mountains -- the mountains which were all around them. They worshipped many nature deities, sky and earth, sun and moon, river and sea, and the elemental forces of nature. But

things and flying birds! Let them all praise the name of the Lord!
Hallelujah!"

Worship in Hereel was song-the song of a confident and joyous heart. The darkness of life, of course, was there, too, and the shadow of death, the vast sorrows and tribulations, the tears, the wrongs, the anguish, and the many broken hopes of mortal man. But the spirit of man was taught not to be utterly cast down. "Hope in God"! (Ps. 42.5) The human heart should deeply feel that God will at last wipe away all tears. "Weeping may tarry for the night but joy comes in the morning." (Ps. 30.5)

Let man therefore enjoy his life on earth, and him and the second not thyself of the good day, and let not the part of a good desire was thee by, for there is no seeking of the dainties in the grave." (Ecclus. 14.14) There is much of sweetness in life—the joy of children. who continue one's name on earth, the love of one's wife, the companionship of friends, the pride of craftsmanship, and the seilled work of our hands, the quest of knowledge, the sine and pository which make sweet melody, wine and beauty which lift up the heart of man, the sight of the "corn while it is yet green" and deeds of loving kindness. (Ecclus. 40,19f) All these are God's beauties within the reach of man.

Rab who together with Samuel, established the leading academy in Babylon and made it a center of Rabbinic studies. Illimately to eclipse the academies of Pelestine, is quoted as saying: "A man will some day have to give an account to God for all the good things which his eyes beheld and of which he refused to partake". (J. Kid.2.65d) Rab also said to his disciple R. Hawwww. "My son, according to

on Philipping & thereon alone Lithagues surings. want Templer the went thouses I textes in the awards Templer in Jewe about and a great a charles. He book I tralus wenter to name they David Islathler an academy for introl unsie - white hundreds of The there the but with converted, hours and yours. But Proties wenters by nam many unimed instructs. Keading Jai ha un always intrud - and diff. from [Cantratum were employed for diff. parts to Ruffling Sycarges took over the wise the Tenfle. - Church they work to how the to again player a the content of the content Jane Total to enter mother of the line of sony to high and hity follow places.

A FESTIVAL

OF RELIGIOUS MUSIC



PRESENTED BY
CHURCHES OF OUR COMMUNITY
IN COOPERATION WITH
THE LAKEWOOD CIVIC CHORUS
T.R. EVANS—CONDUCTOR

THE LAKEWOOD HIGH SCHOOL CIVIC AUDITORIUM MAY 8, 1955 — 3:30 P.M.

A FESTIVAL OF RELIGIOUS MUSIC Handel-

ORGAN PRELUDE Dale D. Hutson	REMARKS AND INTRODUCTION Louis B. Seltzer Editor, the Cleveland Press
Cantabile Cesar Franck Improvisation on "St. Agnes" Maurice Whitney Adagio in E Major Frank Bridge Marche des Rois Frederick Candlyn	MUSIC, HANDMAIDEN OF RELIGION
INVOCATION	SEARCH ME, O GOD
	BLESSED Robert Gomer Jones
GREETINGS Charley Geiger, Chairman,	J. C. McCollum, Conductor
Executive Committee,	Graham Marsh, Organist
Pride of Progress	
HOW LOVELY IS THY DWELLING PLACE Nelson M. Harper, Conductor Raymond M. Schneider, Organist HEAVENLY LIGHT Kopyloff-Wilhowsky	The concluding group conducted by T. R. Evans LAUDAMUS Daniel Protheroe John Corina, Organist KING OF GLORY, KING OF PEACE Cyril Chinn, Organist
PRAISE MY SOUL, THE KING OF HEAVEN	HOLY, HOLY, HOLY Joy Lawrence, Organist BENEDICTION Rev. Irving Chase

THE LAKEWOOD CIVIC CHORUS is an activity of the Recreation Department, a function of Lakewood's Board of Education. Organized in 1936, it has been under the continuous direction of Mr. T. R. Evans, Supervisor of Music, Lakewood Public Schools.

The Chorus annually presents Handel's Messiah during the Christmas Season.

Your interest is invited. Auditions and rehearsals will continue in the early Fall. The Chorus meets Tuesday evenings.

PARTICIPATING CHURCH CHOIRS AND CHORUSES

Brooklyn Memorial Methodist Rev. Franklin G. Markley Mrs. Chas. Harding, Director of Music Lakewood Mother Singers Mrs. John Bloker, Director

Church of the Ascension Rev. Stuart G. Cole Dale D. Hutson, Director of Music

Lakewood Presbyterian Rev. L. Wilson Kilgore Graham Marsh, Director of Music

Detroit Avenue Methodist Rev. S. J. Shoemaker Ulah Gilmore, Director of Music Rockport Methodist Rev. Wilbur Goist Mrs. B. Vixseboxse, Director of Music

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St. Clement's Rt. Rev. Msgr. Joseph J. Schmit Sister Ann Francis

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Trinity Lutheran Rev. J. Louis Wolf John Corina, Director of Music

Lakewood Methodist Dr. George A. Fallon T. R. Evans, Director of Music

West Park Congregational Rev. Oliver H. Cowles Stanley Flack, Director of Music

The committee wishes to express appreciation to the Young Women's Christian Association and Young Men's Christian Association for providing ushers.

A free will collection received at the exits will defray Festival expenses.

Ralph L. Anderson Robert F. Beck T. R. Evans Nelson N. Harper Del Jay Kinney