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NOV. 30, 1917

WHAT CAPTURE OF JERUSALEM WILL BRING TO WORLD

By Rev. Charles Stelzle

When they built a 40-mile railroad from Jerusalem, the Holy City, to Joppa, and the call of the conductors supplanted the command of the camel-driver, Jerusalem took on a modern air which was the beginning of the end for much of its picturesque and peculiar religious significance.

It has been the battleground of Hebrew, Christian and Mohammedan—of Jew and Greek, of Roman and Turk. Five times it has been taken and retaken, and twice destroyed. For at least a thousand years—with brief intervals—it has been in the hands of the Mohammedans.

And now, if Jerusalem should fall into the hands of the allies, as recent war developments indicate, what would happen?

There would probably be a revival of "crusades," but they would be sanitary crusades. An attempt would be made to secure better drinking water. They would introduce a better form of government. Jerusalem would no doubt soon become a modern city in every respect.

Large numbers of Mohammedans would move out and a considerable number of Jews would move in—but it probably would be a long time before the Jews could control their ancient capital—New York and the United States have become the "New Jerusalem" to great hosts of forward-looking Jews.

The influence of Jerusalem in history has been largely sentimental. It is not likely that its capture by the allies will revive much of this feeling, nor will it influence to any unusual degree the action of the church.

Small bodies of religious enthusiasts may start "movements" with Jerusalem as their "Mecca," but the great body of the church will be unaffected—not because the church has become indifferent to sentiment and religion, but because these are no longer localized—the church is truly trying to spread the fine old spirit of Jerusalem thro'out the entire world.

Here are views of some ministers and others on developments likely to follow the allies capture of Jerusalem:

REV. CHARLES A. EATON, pastor Madison-st Baptist Church, New York: The conquest of Palestine by Britain is one of the romantic events of the war which may lead to historic results. It will satisfy the conscience of Christendom to see the Turk ousted. Mastery of Palestine by England means the end of the Prussian dream of empire in the east.

RABBI A. H. SILVER of the Temple: Great Britain's occupation

of Jerusalem is of special significance to the Jewish people when connected with the statement of Sir Arthur Balfour that England will strive to establish Palestine as a cultural and spiritual center for Jews. There are scattered Jewish colonies in Palestine now. It seems that the Jews' dream of a great national and spiritual center in Palestine is about to be realized.

REV. WILLIAM T. MANNING, rector Trinity Episcopal Church, New York: The freeing of Jerusalem from the Turk will have great military value and in the moral and

אנדרטת
רבי אבא הילל סילווער האם אין א
פראיאמטענע רעדע, פארזעטשעלט שעה
נע ביטער פון רעם ניינס אידישען
לעגען אין ארץ ישראל. ער רעדענעלעם
ווי ער האט פאנענעט אין דער קאלאר
ניע רנויה אידישע ארבייטער וואס
האפען געוואונדערט איבער אלע לענדער.
און ווען ער האט ווי געפרעגט, פארזאגט
האט איהר איינער לעגען געשטעלט אין
סוף אום אנגעוויסן אין ארץ ישראל.
האנדלן ווי איהם געענטפערט, ס'זיך האר
פון שוין לענגער ניס געקענט דילדען
רעם גלות, ס'זיך האפען ס'הער ניס נע
קעגן זעהן ווי די פאליאטען אפזויערען
זיך פיס'ן צופען די בערד פון אינווערע
אידישן, ס'זיך ווילען ווין ס'זיך און דארט
וויינען ס'זיך געטוישן אין ארץ ישראל.
רבי סילווער האט אנגעטלאגט די יע
נינט וואס האפען אויסגעטראכט, דאס
ס'זיך קען ניס ווין ס'זיך נוסע אפזויערען
נער און צו זען רעדער צייט צווייטענע.
רעדער שריטער וואס האט דאס געזאגט
איז א שטרעמער און א ליבער, ווער
וואנט צו זאגען אז ס'זיך וויינען ס'פאליסען
צווייטע וועלכע לאר אין דער וועלט אין
אויסגעצויסן געווארען אהן אונזער גלוס,
ש'זייט, געזעצטע און סארך, איבער און
איבעראל וויינען ס'זיך די סתנים און
ניס די ספאליסען, רבי סילווערס רעדע
האט געזאכט רעם געוויינטען איינברעך
און געזענליכע פיווערער דאלאר אין
געזאכטען געווארען איהר רבי סילווערס
אויס.

TOWN MEETING CROWDED Rabbi Silver addresses biggest meeting of winter season.

Western civilization, which was left on the brink of destruction by the last war, will surely be overwhelmed by the colored races unless the madness of racial superiority and dominance gives way to co-operation and a recognition of the fact that all races have something necessary to contribute to the higher civilization," said Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, speaking last night at the open forum conducted by the Town Meeting in Lafayette Community house.

Rabbi Silver spoke to the largest audience that has attended any of this winter's series of open forums conducted by the Town Meeting, many persons standing. John McP. Howie, who presided, announced that the closing meeting next Sunday evening will be addressed by E. T. Whiter, vice president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company. His subject will be the plan of employees' co-operation maintained by that company—an inside union.

רבי סילווער ווערט דעקארירט פון דער פראנצויזישער רעגירונג

באדייטסטער קלויזלאנדער רבי קינג אן ערדענאסט און דעקארציע פאר זיינע לייסטונגען פאר פראנצויז און פאר דער פראנצויזישער ארמעע

רבי אבא הלל סילווער פון דער תפארת ישראל ישיבה איסט 555 סט. האט נעסטערן געזאגט אן אפיציעלע פארמאסטאנט פון דירעקטאר דויער בעראל פון די פראנצויזישע אנטפלענער הייטע אין אנטווערפן, דאס אנטווערפן געבויט זיינע טעם לייסטונגען פאר פראנצויז און פאר דער פראנצויזישער ארמעע אין דער הייט פון סלחמא האט די פראנצויזישע דעגערונג איהם פאר ערשט מיט דער דעקארציען אלס אפיצער דע "אונטערזאן פונליע" (מאסטער פון פאלק ביורונג).

דער בריעה פון דירעקטאר דויער (אן) לעבט זיך ווי פאלקס (סוף סילווער רשבי: - ערליכע מיט אייך צו אינפארמירען און די פראנצויזישע רעגירונג האט דורך א דערשט פון 1890 דערשטער 1919 אייך באשרט מיט דער דעקארציען אלס אפיצער דע לייסטונגען (אונטערזאן פונליע) (מאסטער פון פאלק ביורונג).

איר ווינטש אייך אנוועסען סייע הערליכסטע נאמיאציען און פאר בלייבן דער פראנצויזישע אפיצער, מאסטערזאן.

אין א צווייטן בריעה וואס רבי סילווער האט געשריבן פון דער אפיציעלע בירא פון פראנצויזישע אנטפלענער הייטע אין פארוק, ווערט באדייט טעם אז די דעקארציען איז נעמטן אויף דער ספעציעלער אויפמארקונג פון הייטע סינטער סעראן און אנדער פארוק וועלכע האבן מיט באוואוינט

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Danville, Ill. Feb 3-4/20

RABBI SILVER TALKS AT ST. JAMES CHURCH

Young Leader in Jewish Church to Speak Before Crowd Tuesday Night on Advancement

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, said to be one of the most eloquent speakers and lecturers in the middle west, will speak at the St. James M. E. church Tuesday evening, Feb. 3.

Rabbi Silver is 27 years old, but has already won a brilliant reputation in the cities where he has appeared. His subject Tuesday night will be "Master of the New Day." The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock.

It was through the influence of the Temple Beth-El that the speaker was secured for Danville. He delivered the same lecture in Cleveland, O., a short time ago and the congregation is said to have been composed of as many Gentiles as Jews.

RABBI SILVER AT ST. JAMES Danville, Ill.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, noted Jewish lecturer, gave an address at the St. James Methodist church last night. He was greeted by an appreciative audience who were inspired by his vibrant eloquence. Rabbi Silver is only 27 years old, but he has already won a reputation as a platform orator. He spoke last night on the subject "Master of the New Day," and the audience was impressed with his message. It was a message calculated to inspire useful, high thinking citizenship in everyday affairs. Blending the optimism of youth with the conservatism born of hard knocks, he is a most effective speaker, and no one who heard his lecture last night could not help going forth in some measure a better citizen. He was brought to this city under the auspices of the congregation of the Temple Beth-El.

Feb. 4-1920

THE FORT WAYNE NEWS

NOTED LEADER LAUDS SILVER

Wise Says He Is Greatest Speaker He Ever Heard.

In speaking of the wonderful powers of Rabbi A. H. Silver, who speaks at the Jewish temple tomorrow afternoon and evening, Rabbi Stephen Wise, known to hundreds of Fort Wayne admirers and himself one of the leaders and teachers of the hour, has declared that the young man who comes to this city Wednesday "is the finest orator he has ever heard." This tribute, from one who himself has stirred millions of auditors by the power of his eloquence, indicates that the people of Fort Wayne are in for a treat. Both these meetings will be held in the Jewish temple, corner of Wayne and Fairfield avenue, the afternoon session at 3 o'clock and the evening meeting at 8 o'clock. There will be no admission charged, and the interest aroused gives assurance of two great gatherings which will be inspiring in character. Those who can should attend the afternoon gathering, in order to relieve the congestion in the evening, and in any event, the slogan "come early and make sure of a seat," is particularly applicable, for the crowds everywhere have been so great that the meeting places have been thronged in other cities to hear Rabbi Silver.

This Paper is for Elks only, and you are responsible for the care of this copy

CERVUS ALCES

Published Monthly by Wheeling Lodge of Elks. Everything of interest pertaining to Lodge and Club

NOVEMBER, 1919



RABBI A. H. SILVER

of Wheeling Lodge No. 28

CERVUS ALCES

Published to keep **Pep** in our Membership

Issued Monthly by

Wheeling Lodge No. 28, E. P. O. Elks

Under Direction of

BRD. GEO. C. BENEKE, Exalted Ruler

Editorial Staff

Officers of Wheeling Lodge

Associate Editors

YOU and Every Brother in Good Standing

All Editorial Matter must reach the Club by the 15th day of the month, addressed to Editor, Cervus Alces.

Brother Rabbi A. H. Silver of Wheeling Lodge No. 28, is at present officiating at "The Temple," Cleveland, Ohio.

In discussing his accomplishments, it is very hard not to rhapsodize. He will be his own best press agent, as he will deliver the Memorial Address to our brothers and their friends on December 7, 1919.

If you want to hear the tenets of Elkdom expounded so that you may deepen your own gratification in being a member of our order, if you have a friend who is wavering and who would make good Elk material, don't miss the opportunity of bringing him to the Memorial Service.

Rabbi Silver's logic is so keen, his intellect so massive, his humanitarianism so manifest, that even the most skeptical must be convinced that to be an Elk in good standing, is one of the grandest privileges of life.

Rabbi Silver's services are in demand all over the country, as he is a repetitive spell-binder and to hear him is always an inspiration and an uplift.

He has twice been sent abroad as the representative of the government to use his magic powers to alleviate distress, as far as the spoken word and his earnestness and knowledge could accomplish it.

Seats will be reserved for members of the Lodge, and the services will be open to the general public. It is the duty of every member of No. 28 to be in their places on this day and pay their respects to Our Absent Brothers as well as to take advantage of hearing one of the really great speakers of the country and a member of Wheeling Lodge No. 28, E. P. O. Elks.

begging me to take back with me to husbands or sons, and I took 500 with me, and never in my life was I so happy as last Ros Hashonah, an old man with gray hair, came to my door and he put his hands on my head and he blessed me and he said, 'I have a daughter and I had not heard from her in three years and you have brought me a letter from her and I have traveled many miles to thank you.'

And Rabbi Kras continued: "And I tell you what I saw there across the seas I shall remember to the end of my days.

"I traveled through Poland and the money that you gave last year was used to help these people. Your money has been spent judiciously and wisely and to me the great wonder is how do these people live. I was with them morning, noon and night, and I don't see how they continue to live. I traveled with vermin on my clothes, without a bath for fourteen days, without food for days, and when I felt I had to eat to keep up my strength, I went into a restaurant and ate, and as I came out they stood there—the women and children—and begged for a penny, for a match, and for a moment I lost my head. I wanted to give them all I had and starve with them, but soon I found myself and I realized that if I starved with them it would only mean one more Jew starving and it would not help them; but if I lived and came back with a message to you, in America, I might help some of these people. Some will have to die, but others we can save.

"On the 10th of January we sent a picked group of workers and I spoke to each one of them and I asked them questions to see if their souls were in the work. And I visited Talmud Torahs, Bresla—Tots is 75 per cent. in ruins and the people last summer lived in holes in the walls. And the morgue was crammed full.

"And in Warsaw, I visited the insane asylums. Gifts of 10, 20, 30, through the psychic horror of the war, not through hunger, not through thirst, but through the fear of their honor.

"Who are these people? Bolsheviki? No baser accusation was ever made. And when I saw these people with no food, studying the Torah, that their souls might be saved.

"It is a lie to say that the Jews over there are Bolsheviki. They are honest, loving, God-fearing people and your money goes to relieve their suffering.

"As I saw them, bent, worried and palsied, and I feel that you see it with me, and that the call will be answered here as it has been elsewhere, and good people, may your powers increase that votes of gratitude may come to you from those whose your hearts are going to uplift."

RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER

The speaker at the opening of the Jewish War Relief Campaign was Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver. Owing to lack of space I am giving but a few crumbs of the Rabbi's touching appeal.

If I were to sound the keynote of

Eastern Europe, I could find no better phrase than that intoned by the sweet-voiced singer of the evening, "Eli, Eli—Lamah azafanar." "Lord, Lord—Why hast Thou forsaken us?"

It is a strange commentary upon our career as a people that at a time when the world is consummating a peace in a spirit of joy, that our people, who contributed so wholeheartedly, are compelled to go begging.

We contributed so much to the cause of this war. Not only in men, in effort, in devotion and sacrificial valor, but also in ideals. For I have always maintained, I still do, that the ideals which actuated and motivated the struggle were essentially and basically Jewish ideals.

During the great days of the war, when all of us were in a state of exaltation and consecrated enthusiasm, we spoke earnestly and devoutly of democracy and liberty, essentially Jewish contributions to civilization.

Who was it that first said: "B mi adam avodim lo avdah avodim." "The children of men are my servants, and not servants unto servants." It was a Jew. Who was it that first said: "Proclaim Freedom throughout the land unto all the inhabitants thereof?" It was a Jew. Who first proclaimed the gospel of human brotherhood? It was a Jew.

And who, out of all-embracing love of his soul, visioned that day when people shall turn their instruments of destruction into tools of construction and production? The Jew!

During those inspiring days of the war when we spoke hopefully of a league of nations founded on the abiding and eternal principles of justice, who was it who projected the ideal of a league of peoples? It was a Jew.

The war placed the seal of blood upon the ideals which your people and mine have for centuries carried in the sanctuary of their souls. The war placed its terrible seal of universal suffering upon the inherent truth of the ideals which Israel has preached throughout the ages.

And so, when the war ended and victory was achieved, the Jew, more than any other people, had occasion to rejoice and to celebrate. But instead of that, in the ruined synagogues of Vilna, Warsaw, Kiev and Proskuroff you can hear a tragic refrain: "Eli, Eli, lamah azafanar." And why? Because the world in its supreme moment of achievement failed.

And what has happened? I need not repeat here the tragic details of a people, living in poverty and privation and persecution during the frightful days of the war.

Since the Armistice, the curtain was lifted a bit, and our eyes beheld a tragedy so ghastly that we would rather shut our eyes again. And when the people of the earth began to rejoice in their new found liberty, the Jew suffered more than during the war.

On top of hunger and starvation came a miserable cholera and typhoid that has swept rampant in Eastern Europe, and the cry has gone up: "Poland for the Poles; and Hungary for the Hungarians; and Servia for the Serbs; and Roumania for the

Roumanians. And the Jew is an outcast, a foreigner!

And that invidious, unspeakable boycott against the Jew's goods has been re-established in "free Poland."

And on top of the boycott came starvation. Boycotts hurt us, but massacres—ah, those things hurt to the quick! Think of it! We hoped. We prayed. We visioned the glorious day when freedom would be enthroned throughout the lands of Europe. And now that victory was proclaimed, the sons and brothers and sisters of these same champions are being butchered.

Pogroms came—not singly, but in tidal waves—in Poland, in Galicia, in Ukraina. Pogroms that made the massacres of 1904 and 1905 look like petty riots. Since the beginning of last year one hundred thousand Jews have been butchered in Southern Russia alone.

And it was the money and the munitions sent to Deniken and Kolchak that were used to shoot down our brothers in Southern Russia.

I sometimes hear of Poland and Ukraina asking of the United States to send armies there in order to consolidate their new-found liberties. I would have an army of the United States sent into Poland, and into Galicia, and into Roumania, and into the Ukraine—an army of one hundred and twenty-five thousand Jewish lads who fought in France. And I would have these lads answer every pogrom with their machine guns.

Our spirit is not broken. The Jew never succumbed. And the Jew, standing upon the graves of his own brothers—tormented, crushed—is yet able to proclaim everywhere: "Shema Yisrael, Adonoi Elohenu Adonoi Echod." We shall survive the persecutions of autocracy.

What must you and I do, friends, to enable these people to endure until the dawn of a new day.

For the great day of emancipation will come. I am not bewailing a dying cause. I am celebrating, rather a cause that is going into a new battle. Israel is coming into its own. Israel has given splendid evidence of its readiness and its willingness to lay down its life for every sacred cause. Israel marched out of this war triumphant and victorious. This is but a temporary phase of our remarkable career.

We must stimulate the morale of our brothers in Eastern Europe, so that they will endure until our cause is vindicated. We have been, and we are the privileged members of the household of Israel. We have been favored by God to live in a land that which none is finer and nobler. America shall continue to welcome every persecuted and oppressed exile. America—whose spirit is one of service, of humanitarianism. America—our home and our land.

When I was overseas I was not privileged to enter Poland, but I skirted Poland and went to a distant land, Palestine. In one of Palestine's little colonies I learned that four lads left Warsaw because they could not endure the sight of the horrible tragedies,

No one of us has suffered during the war. Many of us have succeeded in increasing our substance, and that increase will be blessed if a tithe of it will be dedicated to the alleviation of suffering.

After all one of the finest traditions of our people is that we are "Rachamonim bnai rachamonim." "Merciful children of merciful fathers." We are still in the midst of a war, a holy war, a war against the starvation of little ones.

Here Rabbi Silver made an eloquent appeal for generous giving and closed his address with this beautiful story of Rabindranath Tagore, a beggar, hearing a great King was to pass through the city determined that he would talk to him. He forced his way through the crowd, threw himself in front of the chariot, said: "I am old, I am poor, give me something, merciful and mighty King"; and the great King descended from his chariot and said to the beggar: "Give ME something," and the beggar gave the King his last one dry crust of bread. And that night the beggar found a solid lump of gold in the wallet where the dry crust of bread had been.

RABBI LOUIS J. KOPALD

Rabbi Louis J. Kopald, who has as chairman of the Jewish War Relief Campaign carried on and put over the top five campaigns in Buffalo, has had an unusually successful and interesting career, for so young a Rabbi. He has the distinction of being the only Rabbi who has shouldered the responsibility of chairman of a War Relief Campaign.

Born in 1885, he has served on more committees and in more capacities than he has years. He received his B. A. degree at the University of Cincinnati in 1906; his M. A. degree in 1908; became a Rabbi at the Hebrew Union College, also at Cincinnati in 1909. He studied at the University of California 1909-12, while occupying his first pulpit at the Temple Israel of Stockton, California. He served in Stockton for three years, from whence he came to Buffalo in 1912 as Rabbi of Temple Beth Zion.

Rabbi Kopald was founder of the First Interdenominational Community Thanksgiving Celebration in Buffalo in 1916. And we might here mention, the Jewish War Relief in Buffalo was the only city who carried on a sectarian drive, asking only Jews for contributions and the wonderful spirit shown by the non-Jews, backed up by their substantial unso-solicited contributions shows the good feeling amongst Jews and non-Jews in Buffalo.

Rabbi Kopald was made a member of the council of the Charity Organization Society in 1915, a director of the Social Welfare Conference in 1915, and in the same year was made a member of the Advisory Book Committee.

The following year he was made a member of the National Committee of 100 for Americanization of Immigrants and a member of the American Blind Relief Committee. He was a member of the Buffalo Board of Education in 1916-17. In 1917 Rabbi Ko-

subscriptions had been doubled and, in some instances, tripled, the Jewish war relief fund campaign for \$150,000 went "over the top." The total subscriptions were \$150,443.50, when Eugene Warner, executive secretary, closed the campaign.

Besides the Rabbis, the speakers of the week were: Rev. Holmes, Eugene Warner, secretary of the drive; Theodore Hofeller, Simon Fleischmann, J. L. Davis, Mrs. Henry Nathan, chairman of the Women's Division; Miss Cecil Wiener.

The names of the following team captains of the women's division were Mrs. I. E. Harris, Mrs. Harry Victor, Mrs. Eugene Warner, Mrs. S. Kavinoky, Mrs. N. H. Ebin, Annette Hartzburg and Martha Morris. Mrs. J. G. Joseph, vice-chairman, and Mrs. Max Lewis, executive secretary of the division.

The following were captains of the men's division: Walter W. Cohn, Louis Greenstein, Nathan Satuloff, Dr. L. Kauffman, Charles Jacobowitz, Benjamin Freedman, Michael Cohea, David Rodenberg, Michael M. Cohn, Milton C. Guggenheimer.

Rabbi Ebbin of Buffalo, in addressing the workers of the Jewish War Relief, said: "I consider it a great pleasure and a privilege to be with you tonight to give voice and expression to the happiness that we have met with in our campaign for the war sufferers. Last Sunday we came with a spirit of self-sacrifice; tonight we come with pleasure that your work has met with success."

Rabbi Ebbin paid a beautiful tribute to Mr. Eugene Warner and his co-workers and congratulated all upon their work, saying: "This is the day the Lord has made; let us rejoice and be glad in it."

"Every beginning is hard and 'all is well that ends well.'"

"The very spirit that we have done our best to help the unfortunates in Europe; to know that Buffalo has done its best, is cause for great joy and happiness—the fact that we have helped is the cause for the greatest joy and happiness."

"Let us hope for the day when joy, peace and plenty shall reign the world over."

RABBI CURRICK

Rabbi Currick of Erie, in talking to the campaign workers, spoke of our working in a cause to which our hearts are deeply set. He said: "This is a thrift campaign, intended to curb the extravagance that is beginning to show itself in America."

"The contrast that I see between you and those you are trying to help is a bit of irony. Look at this picture and imagine that. Call to mind our wonderful country, with its vast industry, having more funds than ever before, and more discontent than ever before, and look across the ocean and think of them."

"My friends we are not paying, because the war is over. Who will say that at this time and day that the outlook is bright, as we thought it would be quite sunshiny by now. That there is, instead of the brightness, a shade of gloom, there is now doubt, but we live with a hope and a promise of a tomorrow."

"The fact that we men and women of the United States of America—not Jews alone—but America, all good people, are concerning ourselves with those over there created by the same God."

"I do not believe it is necessary to bring arguments, because I can't believe that when there is a great need for bread and shoes that anyone will analyze for reasons, or questions, or specifications."

"In spite of all that we can do, some of them will die. If we let the Jews die, Judaism will die. The treasures of Judaism reside in the warm hearts, in the spirit of our fellow Jews. That we are trying to save."

"This is the first reconstruction of civilization. Now we know that we must build, not for our own satisfaction, but so that men may move forward to the heights. Imagine men going forward, their hopes high, their spirits jubilant, and suddenly we stop—the road is ended, there is an abrupt activity. Then we say, let us go back to simplicity. Some are wise, some imprudent; say we abridge that chasm, and so in every story in human progress. To bring them across, from unbelief, from greed, from selfishness; something will bring them across."

"We are building a bridge of yesterday, of tomorrow, that humanity might live and have a chance and those who sacrifice the most, those build the most."

"I saw what you had done. I think it is wonderful how you have come together to help. This is the one life promise of the day 'The Hope of the Hour,' a more beautiful, serene, peaceful, happy future."

"God speed your work, that in your hearts may remain some of the seeds of love that have been planted there."

RABBI NATHAN KRASS

Rabbi Nathan Krass recently returned from Europe, where he investigated at first hand conditions, said: "It is a pleasure to speak to Buffalo Jewry, as it stands among the foremost of Jewries, showing itself to be loyal, with fine spirit and of conservative progress, the forging of a golden link that fastens across the ages."

"I shall not attempt to weave upon the fancy or to leave to your imagination. In Job's words: 'Before heretofore I have heard of thee with a hearing of the ear, but now I can see.' I had read of massacres, of pogroms, but never until my own eyes saw, never could I have believed that women and children could exist under such conditions."

"My first real stop was Vienna, and when I saw and remembered how it

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offers convenient terms of payment

The Wm. Hengerer Co.
"A Store of Specialty Shops"

had been—joyous, beautiful, musical, happy, with a musical air and fine amusements, cultured, everything possible to make it charming—and compared it to now, with its streets deserted, stores empty, people lined up by the thousands trying to purchase a bit of meat! Thousands were exiled and driven to Vienna, and there they lived in subterranean cellars.

"There are cellars in Buffalo and New York have at least a little cellars in Vienna the cellars are dark, no window, no light, women and children huddled together with germin on them, rats eating the children unattended by medical care. My heart bled, and as I walked through one of those places, I saw a shack and I asked, 'What is this?' and they took and showed me. It was a poor, old crippled woman and I tried to persuade them to take her to the hospital, and they took me to the hospital and showed me the horrible suffering, and I knew then why they had not taken her there. I wanted to go home. I had seen enough, I had to go on, as my work took me farther."

"And I went to Slavia and Checo and through Roumania and they said: 'Why do you always come on of Jewish suffering?' And I answered, 'Because there is such horrible anti-semitism.' They are driven from their homes just because they are Jews. It is hard for you in America to realize. You may talk of a new age among your children and of an age of democracy, but over there is like a different world."

"In riding on a train, I picked up a newspaper. A grand rabbi had died, and on the front page of this newspaper the editor remarked that he was glad and he hoped that all of the Jews would follow his example. If that had happened in America, that editor would have killed his own paper. Anyone would be ashamed to read his paper after such a statement. But that's America—absolutely different."

"Some say the pogroms were exaggerated. Palsky denies it. I found Lemberg on foot. I saw the houses where Jews lived in the ruins. It is the psychic horror. Bendair is a small town and when my presence was realized in the city, I traveled in a soldier's uniform with the Hoover commission, and when they realized that I was a Jew and that I would speak in the temple they came and like the Pied Piper of Hamelin, the children came and the women came and the beggars stopped begging and they also came, and they pulled at my coat and begged me to speak to them, but I was afraid. I feared that some Roumanian officer might interpret some word that I might utter and the wrath of some Roumanian officer might fall upon them and annihilate them or worse."

"And they took me and showed me a cellar. A mother and three little children were without food and she risked her life to get them some bread and while she risked her life half of the cellar caved in and one of them was killed."

"And one of them asked me to take a letter to a relative and others heard

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 qualified) — a cruel aftermath of the war, burning misery of peoples, the wretchedness, the devastating typhus, the starvation of little children.

FURIOUS HATREDS RANKLE.

"I am not unfamiliar with the furious hatreds that are still rankling in the souls of many nations. I know that in the whole of Central and Eastern Europe, from tip to toe, there is not a sound spot that may not at any moment become a festering wound. And I know furthermore that the foreign offices of Europe, like the Houbens of '48, have forgotten nothing and learned nothing. They are just as busily engaged in scheming, plotting, in playing with the destinies of peoples, as they were before the war.

"All these facts are very clear in my mind, and yet withal I am bold enough to speak today hopefully and in the true Thanksgiving spirit of a world growing better in spite of its many lapses, of a society growing stronger because of its many tribulations, and of men standing, as it were, out of the very welter of strife and hate and suffering, a new glory and a new consecration.

"We are as yet too near the struggle to appraise it. Some day, when the mists shall have rolled away, we shall be able to discern more accurately the vast and significant contours of this colossal episode in human history, and the mighty transformation in human life which it wrought.

"It is well to remember that no war achieves anything positive. It only clears the way for constructive achievements.

WAR ONLY CLEARS WAY.

"The Civil war did not end slavery. Only in a very narrow and limited sense did the Civil war emancipate the slaves. Generations will elapse before the Negro in the United States will obtain real political and economic freedom. The Civil war only cleared the jungle and paved the way for the patient, heartbreaking labor in behalf of real emancipation.

"This war, likewise, has not achieved universal peace, nor has it established democracy on earth. But it has cleared the jungle of the noxious and strangling growths which made such ideals incapable of realization. It paved the way for future generations to achieve by dint of painstaking effort. So that, while it is true that the war has not been an unmitigated blessing, while it is true that the treaty of Versailles did not usher in the millennium, we would be unjustified in saying that the war has therefore been fought in vain, and that the untold sacrifices of men have brought us no commensurate gains.

"Prussianism has been crushed and the ruthless and arrogant spirit of militarism which devastated the soul of Europe for a generation has, to my mind, received its death blow. It will never again rise in all its former viciousness to threaten mankind.

"The war has not destroyed civilization as men feared and prophesied. On the contrary, it has dramatically revealed its remarkable strength, its quick recuperative powers.

"We recall, too, that the year 1920 marks the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrim fathers upon these shores. We are offering especially thanksgiving for this significant event in our history, and for the precious legacy of religious toleration, freedom and idealism which the Pilgrim fathers have bequeathed unto us."

WRHS

THURSDAY, JUNE 12,

RABBI SILVER IS TO SPEAK HERE

Noted Jewish Orator Will Deliver Sermon at Temple Israel Friday Night

An event of extraordinary importance in the affairs of Temple Israel will be the visit to the temple of Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, Cleveland, one of the foremost rabbis and orators in the Jewish world. Rabbi Silver is what might be called a prodigy, having reached the very pinnacle of eminence although only 26 years of age. Five years ago Rabbi Silver was still a student at the Hebrew Union college in Cincinnati. For the last two years he has been the rabbi of the temple at Cleveland, the successor of the late Moses Glick. Rabbi Silver, at once shot into prominence for his marvelous oratorical ability. He is excelled by no one and is equalled by very few. It is expected that an immense audience will be present at Temple Israel Friday evening when Rabbi Silver will preach. Persons desiring to at-

6 PAGE TWELVE—A

ASKS FREE SPEECH; CONDEMNS RIOTING

"Law and Order Group" Adopts Resolution for "Real Democracy."

Resolutions condemning "a spirit of riot" as opposed to reason, were adopted yesterday afternoon by a group which has adopted no formal title but calls itself "the group for law and order and free speech." About 100 members met in Hotel Statler ball room in the second meeting under the chairmanship of Edmund Vance Cooke and adopted this statement:

"The present is a time when clear thinking is of most vital importance to meet the effect of the changing conditions of our country. The use of wrong methods may not only injure institutions in property, but produce disorders which can be cured only at great cost.

We appeal to all people to remember that the spirit of riot, instead of reason, whether in high places or in humble, can work only harm.

That all disregard for law and order and our constitutional guarantees of free speech and personal liberty threaten nothing less than the very existence of democracy.

That incitements to violence whether on the part of newspapers, public speakers or individuals in public speech are criminally wrong.

That all attempts to suppress honest criticism by legislation are in denial of fundamental Americanism.

We believe in a hearing for all lawfully expressed opinion, holding that error can best be corrected by truth, but that no truth is safe if the suppression of criticism and opinion is permitted.

We stand for the safeguarding of Americanism in America, the preservation of free speech and the right of public assemblies and the right of assembly of law and order, particularly on the part of those entrusted with police and judicial power.

The resolutions are signed by the executive committee of the group, consisting of:

Ray P. O. Standard, former Congressman
 Robert Crozier, Edmund Vance Cooke, Ralph A. H. River and Dr. J. K. Tuckermah.

Other members of the group, Mr. Cooke said last night, are:

Prof. A. R. Hutton, Attorney Hutter Hall; Rev. P. K. Williams, A. C. Kitching, Rev. M. A. Leffler, W. A. Stinchcomb, County Recorder Sam. Paul, Rev. H. H. Holt, Dr. and Mrs. E. K. Fraz, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Clarence Allen, H. P. Burns, M. C. Harrison, Charles Gumpston, Charles W. Chasman, Allen P. Gammitt, Dr. H. W. Moushjian, Rev. Joel Hayden, C. A. Lykins, D. K. Davis, John W. Kaye and Attorney Frank Conner.

Mr. Cooke, who gave out the resolutions, said he could not speak for the rest of the committeemen but said he believed there is an "Americanism" in America which is not American, that attempts are being made to transplant Prussianism, and that "we have been suspending our orderly thinking for disorderly."

"All of us are simply for good, fundamental Americanism and fundamental democracy and we are very anxious for real democracy."

The executive committee, which signed the resolutions, will meet at the office of former Congressman Crozier Tuesday to make arrangements for maintaining a permanent organization.

Attend are urgently asked to arrive before 7:41 when the service begins. Both as a precaution against being without a seat and also as a mark of respect to the distinguished visitor there should be no tardiness. All services at the temple begin invariably on time. The doors of the temple will be open at 7.
 On Friday evening, June 20, Sam-

C Dayton Journal 2/17/20 THE DA

Every School Child Piece of Divinity, Says Rabbi Silver

Cleveland Divine Gives In-
teresting Talk Before
Teachers' Club.

EDUCATION SAFE

Despite Ravages of War,
Speaker Says—Schools
Close Early.

"God gave to each one of us a piece of His soul," declared Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of the Cleveland temple, speaking yesterday afternoon to the Dayton Teachers' club at Steele high school. He said every public school child is a potential piece of divinity that has come to us to be developed, and it is only a stupid organization which regards the mass of them as in any way "common" or lacking in comparative value.

Rabbi Silver delighted his hearers who filled the Steele auditorium. His youth and vigor accentuated the effect of the wisdom and insight shown in his address, which centered on the topic, "Education After the War." He takes a keen interest in the public schools of Cleveland,

and teachers' club officials felt themselves fortunate at his coming to Dayton to bring them the message of practical inspiration which they heard yesterday.

EDUCATION UNHURT.

Many educational pretensions were shattered by the war, the speaker said, but education itself did not suffer much in essentials. He discussed the necessity for full development of each individual and also the danger of being contented with an ordinary average attainment under the guise of democracy.

"God did not create bookkeepers and salesmen. He created man in His own image," said Rabbi Silver, pleading for education that would aim at making a life rather than at giving the power only to make a living. "We must turn out fully developed persons ready to take up vocations and also with the ability to enjoy many avocations," he continued.

"European education feeds the mind and starves the soul," he said, "but America is different and must continue to be different. We are not moved to action by the light of reason, but by plangent waves of passion, emotion and sentiment."

The rabbi's final tribute to America made a climax to his address that was heard with rapt attention.

Teachers who wish to attend the Monday afternoon meetings of the teachers' club dismiss their pupils half an hour earlier than usual under an arrangement with the superintendent. Yesterday most of the school rooms in Dayton were emptied at 3 o'clock, and street cars were crowded with those on their way to the meeting.

Rabbi Silver returned to his home last night.

Dayton Journal

Feb. 15 - 1920

TEACHERS' CLUB TO HEAR RABBI SILVER

Noted Jewish Orator to Speak at
Steele High School on Mon-
day Afternoon.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of Cleveland, will address members of the Teachers' club at 2:30 Monday afternoon at Steele high school. He is an eloquent speaker, widely known for his oratory.

He was graduated from the University of Cincinnati in 1914, and from the Hebrew Union college, Cincinnati, in 1916. After leaving college he occupied a pulpit in Wheeling, W. Va., and later was appointed successor to Rabbi Moses Green, as leader of a congregation in Cleveland. He is one of the youngest rabbis in this country, and is the leader of one of the most active congregations.

During the war he was overseas worker for the United States bureau of information.

WRHS
© 1920



Rabbi Silver

Rabbi Silver, of Cleveland, will deliver one of his very popular lectures before the Dayton Teachers' club at Steele auditorium, on Monday afternoon. His subject will be "Education After the War."

Dayton, O. Journal
Feb. 15, 1920

THE WOMEN'S CITY CLUB OF CLEVELAND BULLETIN

FEBRUARY 1920

CLEVELAND, OHIO

NUMBER THIRTY-THREE

10. Tuesday, 12:30. Rabbi Abba H. Silver, of the Temple, will speak on "The New Americanism." Rabbi Silver, who always speaks with ability and force, has aroused especial interest in his view of the problem of dealing with the recently arrived American. We are fortunate that he is able to speak on this theme here.

Will Address Dayton Teachers

F.M.T.
Organizing
Feb 25/20

Cleveland Plain Dealer
 Feb. 26, 1940

FRANCE HONORS RABBI SILVER.
 Confers Decoration of Public Instruction on Cleveland.

The French government has conferred on Rabbi A. H. Silver of the Temple, Central avenue S. E., and E. 8th street, the decoration of Officer of Public Instruction for his "splendid service to France and the French army," according to notification just received by Rabbi Silver.

Rabbi Silver's services were performed in France in 1918 when he represented the American Committee on Public Information.

Cleveland Press
 Feb. 25, 1940.

RABBI HONORED

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver received word Wednesday that the French government had conferred upon him by decree of Dec. 20, 1939, the decoration of "Officer of Public Instruction."

"In recognition of his services to France and the French army," the notification reads.

Rabbi Silver was in France in 1918 representing the U. S. Committee on Public Information.

Handwritten notes in Hebrew, including the number 127 and other illegible characters.

D. Wheeling News. 1930(?)
 WHEELING

**LOCAL MAN HEARS
 RABBI SILVER TALK**

Former Wheeling Man Delivers Speech at Cleveland City Club

Rabbi A. H. Silver, formerly of the Eoff street Temple, is recognized in Cleveland, O., where he is at present located as one of the leading speakers of the city. J. C. Williams, of the Wheeling Tent and Awning company, who has just returned from that city said today. He attended a convention of the tent and awning manufacturers and it was my pleasure said Mr. Williams to hear this brilliant young man speak at a post-luncheon meeting of the Cleveland City club, at the Hotel Hollenden which very much impressed me.

The following is an excerpt of Rabbi Silver's talk taken from the Cleveland News and brought to this city by Mr. Williams:

"War very often achieves the very opposite of that for which it is carried on. It was hoped that the war would effect a better understanding among peoples," he said. Instead it has made us suspicious and we have become rivals to a great extent. Instead of a greater brotherhood we have racial and religious conflicts.

"Instead of a fine spirit of co-operation we have dissensions; instead of organized effort we have today organized hate. Back on all religious and racial conflict is racial and religious intolerance. Each religion feels it is the sole repository of truth and each race feels that it is by nature endowed with superior qualities which justify it in lordship over other races.

"The theory of pure races and race superiority, so thoroughly exploited by Germany during the late war to justify its vast pretensions, is one of the supreme follies of the nineteenth century.

"There is no pure race and there is no superior race. All races are mongrel races and have had their periods of ascendancy and decline. This doctrine is especially vicious in America, where a hundred races have labored to create new democratic institutions.

"The early racial groups that came to these shores were no better, nor worse, than the later racial groups. America is an experiment in spiritual unity and not in racial unity.

"The trend of life is away from uniformity. The task of civilization is not to make all men look or act alike, but a basis for co-operation. The Catholic, the Protestant and the Jew are here to stay, and it is a part of national wisdom to find the interests common to all of them and to work with them for the common good.

"Let each man walk in the name of his God, but let each and every one keep in mind that what God wants is to do justly and love mercy and to walk humbly with him."

**איבער א מיליא דאלף געשאפען
 פאר דעם דעמאקראטישן פאנד**

(with WORLD). Jan. 8-1940

א סיליאן מיט צוויי הונדערט טויזנט
 זענען דאלאר אין געשאפען טענדערן
 פאר דעם דעמאקראטישן פאנד אין
 ניו יארק ביי א באנקעס אין האטעל
 אסטאר טענעמא אבער.

די טענדערן פון באנקעס אין
 ניו יארק ריכטער דזשוילינג פונעם
 האט פארזעכטעלט רבי אבא הילל
 סילבער פון קליוולאנד אלס דערער.
 דער לעצטער האט אין א גלענצענדיגער
 נייסברייכער רעדע געסאגט אן אפגעל

מאד'ן רעספאנדישאן סאך אין
 1,200,000 דאלאר אין קעס אין פלעק
 דזשעס אין נעמאנס טענדערן גלייך
 אויפ'ן פלאץ.
 די טענדערן זאגן ניו יארק דארף צו
 שטעלן צום רעספאנדישאן פאנד אין
 דריי און א האלב טויזנט דאלאר אין
 די טענדער פון דער צייטונגספירער און
 נאטורליך האבן אויסגעדיקט די
 האטעל פאר דעם צו דער באשטימטער
 צייט דעם די טענדער וויין פארזעלען.

Handwritten notes at the bottom right, including the number 127.

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Youngman
Wood color
Mar. 8-1920

Zionist Mass Meeting This Evening



RABBI ABBA HILER SILVER.

Much interest is being manifested in the mass meeting to be held at the Masonic Temple, this evening March 8, under the auspices of the Youngstown Zionist district.

Rabbi Abba Hiler Silver of the Temple of Cleveland who just a short time ago toured Palestine and whose eloquence is known locally, will ex-

plain the Zionist movement up to the present date, besides telling of the suffering of the people in the war devastated countries of Europe.

Dr. Meir Grossman, recently an eye witness to the suffering and sacrifices of the stricken people in Ukraina will be the second speaker. He is a lawyer and fluent speaker.

B

Plain color
Apr 10-1920
Mar. 29

CITES 'TRUE ROAD' TO LABOR PEACE

Rabbi Silver Says It Lies in Enlightened Public Opinion.

The paramountcy of the public's right to service over the claims of capital and labor against one another was stressed by Rabbi A. H. Silver in an address reviewing the report of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce on labor relations yesterday morning at The Temple, E. 54th street and Central avenue S. E.

Rabbi Silver said he believed the strongest point of the manifesto lay in the preamble, where this public interest was recognized. The straightest road to industrial peace lies through an enlightened and virile public opinion he said, in agreement with the chamber's declaration.

"Every industry, every trade union, must be a social asset or it becomes a menace," he asserted. "The interests of the public are primary and fundamental. The American business men and the American laborers will ultimately work out a program of co-operation."

"There is no need for Americans to experiment in the direction of radical reorganization—we can satisfy the needs of society by permitting the spirit of real democracy to play through our industrial structure."

The weaknesses of the declaration, Rabbi Silver suggested, lie first in its modified idea of collective bargaining and its dodging of the question of the open or closed shop.

"The declaration does not really recommend out-and-out collective bargaining," he said. "It does not concede to employes the right to be represented by men of their own choosing, a question which was the breaking point of the steel strike."

"By falling squarely to face the open and closed shop question, the declaration passed by two questions of vital concern. The declaration could also have been more definite on profit sharing. In any form or another, a profit share is essential to bringing about the partnership of the employe in his industry."



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The City Club Bulletin

VOL. I

CINCINNATI, FEBRUARY 26, 1920.

No. 8

THIS SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 28th

ABBA HILLEL SILVER
OF CLEVELAND

"THE IMMIGRANT —VS.— THE FOREIGNER"

RESERVE—CANAL 4314

Cafeteria Service 12:30 to 1:00 P. M.

Luncheon 60c

Don't miss next Saturday's Luncheon. Rabbi Silver is said to be one of the most brilliant orators in America!



C
Feb. 29, 1920

Feb 29 - 1920

THE ENQUIRER

"MUST TEACH IDEALS SLOWLY"

Times Star - Feb. 27, 1920
"Quick-Lunch Methods" in Americanization Decried.

"Americanization can not be accomplished by quick-lunch methods; we can not suppress racial peculiarities," said Rabbi Abba H. Silver, of Cleveland, speaking at the City club Saturday on "Immigrant and Foreigner."
Elimination of foreign languages from schools was a mistake, the speaker said, because it led children to believe a foreign language a disgrace and they lost respect for the authority of the parents unable to themselves in English.

IMMIGRANT IS DEFENDED.

In Address Made Before City Club, By Cleveland Rabbi.

Contending that the immigrant is an asset and not a menace to America, Rabbi A. H. Silver, Cleveland, discussed "The Immigrant Versus the Foreigner" at the weekly luncheon of the City Club yesterday.
"The war developed a spirit of intolerance among various races of Europe," said Rabbi Silver, "and even in this country there is a small, but powerful, minority that displays a narrow provincialism under the guise of patriotism. They are tribal Americans or Know Nothings of the old days."
The speaker recited the various arguments against the immigrant used by the "tribal element," which, he said, include every method of suppression and repression. Denying that the immigrant had ever been a detriment to America, the Rabbi insisted the recent immigration was not inferior intellectually to that of 20 years ago. "No one responded to the challenge of war to save civilization more cheerfully than did the immigrant in America," said the Rabbi.
The speaker was opposed to the sup-

pression of foreign languages in the schools or the elimination of foreign-language newspapers.

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RABBI A. H. SILVER TO SPEAK HERE MONDAY EVENING, APR. 12



RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland will speak here on Monday evening, April 12th at the synagogue B'nai Israel, corner Bancroft and 12th street under the auspices of the Toledo Zionist Organization.

Rabbi Silver will talk on Palestine and those who have heard this golden voiced orator will be delighted at the opportunity to hear him again and those who have never heard him have a rare treat in store for them.

Although but a young man Rabbi Silver has a remarkable record. He is a renowned orator, possessing great personal magnetism and the power to thrill and hold his audience spell bound. To hear him is to love him.

Rabbi Silver will speak on "Palestine."

He has studied that country and its conditions coupled with the needs of the Jewish people and a clearer insight into this great question will be obtained by hearing what this brilliant thinker has to say on that vital subject.

No admission fee is charged and everybody is invited to hear this gifted speaker.

In view of the fact that all seats and standing room were taken the last time Rabbi Silver spoke in this city, all are requested to be at the synagogue promptly at 8 o'clock as the doors will be closed shortly after that hour.

Toledo
Blade
Apr. 12
1948

Zionist Leader



Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver

RABBI SILVER COMING TO ADDRESS ZIONISTS

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland will speak in Congregation B'nai Israel Monday night under the auspices of the Toledo body of the Zionist organization of America.

The subject of his address will be Palestine. The facts of his lecture are gathered from his experience on numerous international missions.

Rabbi Silver is a brilliant orator. He spoke to many thousands of all races and creeds at the last Zionist conference in Cleveland. Rabbi Rudolph L. Coffee, pastor of Collingwood Temple, will preside at the meeting.

New Orleans La.
Sept 13 1920

WEDNESDAY EVENING

Rabbi's Appeal for Zion Enthuses Big Audience

No Disloyalty to America in Urging Jewish Citizens to Return to Palestine, He Declares—Restoration Would Turn Poor Immigrants From America and Thereby Diminish Grounds for Prejudice.

With an eloquence that set his audience aflame with enthusiasm Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland started the drive in New Orleans for the local quota of \$25,000 for the Palestine restoration fund, at the Athenaeum Tuesday night.

Outlining the reasons which might influence men to favor the Palestine restoration fund, Rabbi Silver mentioned the economic aspect of the question, saying the project might do much toward preventing the immigration to this country and others of the poorer foreign Jew and prevent the establishment of ghettos with the consequent prejudice of non-Jews against the race.

"Another man might be influenced by his desire to relieve the suffering and oppressed among the persecuted Jews of East Europe," said the speaker. "Another because he will wish to give the economic ideals of the prophets a local habitation and a name." Still another, from religious convictions. A fourth because he wants to provide a place where the genius of the Jew may develop and go on unhampered adding beauty and worth to the culture of the world.

"While all these considerations influence me," the Rabbi continued, "the chief reason for my advocacy of this cause is simply because I am a Jew! We don't do things because we ought to, but because we must. In those of us who are capable of feeling the appeal of this cause the chief element of our enthusiasm is the consciousness of the heritage of 2000 years of suffering and sacrifice that makes us Jews."

No Disloyalty to America
Saying that there are those among the Jews to whom the project could not appeal by virtue of their inability to feel the impelling urge which actuated others Rabbi Silver went on to say that among those inclined to favor the project were some who were withheld by various considerations, among them the fear of being thought disloyal to America.

"What is this fear the Jew has in his soul?" said the speaker. "There

is nothing here to fear. America knows the Jew is loyal. If he needed vindication or justification it was abundantly supplied during this last war. Nobody suspects the Jew of disloyalty.

A Place to Rebuild Spirit

He declared the fear which was graven in the soul of the Jew through 2000 years of oppression and persecution was in itself a reason for providing a place where not alone broken bodies but the broken and bruised spirit of a race might be mended.

For the benefit of those who thought the movement for the restoration of Palestine just a bit of artificial propaganda Dr. Silver told some personal experiences in Palestine and among the persecuted Jews of East Russia. Speaking of the general ill-krition of Jews toward Palestine he said, "They come by thousands and hundreds of thousands to Odessa on the Black Sea, there to await the first opportunity to cross to the promised land of Palestine. Palestine today means the rehabilitation of the spirit of Israel. I wish that you could have been with me to see the light of freedom in the eyes of children who walked the streets unafraid and joyous for the first time in their lives."

A Race Privilege to Help

Rabbi Silver pointed out that the Palestine project had been formally approved by England, France, and Italy as well as by the United States. "The Jew has never been a beggar," said the speaker, "and he will not beg now. Palestine must be bought, and this is your opportunity to give aid in the most critical time of Jewish history, a moment fraught with such pregnant significance that it may well determine the course of Jewish history for a thousand years. This is the moment to insure our heritage, unique and brilliant genius of the Jew."

"I sometimes wonder what you and I have done that we are allowed the privilege of helping in this moment of the history of Israel. What have we done to deserve the privilege of shaping the course of Jewish history to the end that has been the dream of a people for 2000 years?"

At the end of Rabbi Silver's speech, Rabbi Max Heller spoke briefly while subscription cards were being passed among the audience. A total of \$5060 was subscribed by the audience, subscriptions running from \$2 to \$500.

ed are: Dan Kelly, 435 Eighth street; Adolph Hyatt, 603 Pleasant street, and Robert Doyle, Clio and Freytania. The negroes in Charity Hospital are Samuel Mann, 2434 Tchoupitoulas street, and Horace Turner, 3225 Freret street.

PAID COMPANY

Sept. 13
1920
Wash
Blanc

TOLEDO DA

Rabbi Urges Restoration of Palestine

"Zionism is an experiment in rehabilitating the broken spirit of the Jew," declared Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, in a dramatic appeal for support of the world-wide movement to restore Palestine, which he made before a large gathering of Toledo Zionists in Israel temple Monday night.

"The Jew has hoped and prayed for hundreds of years for an opportunity to restore Palestine," he said. "It would be a bitter tragedy and a national shame if we proved ourselves weak and incompetent and unable to seize the opportunity at this moment when our prayers are answered—when the nations of the world say to us, 'The gates of Palestine are thrown open to you.'"

Rabbi Silver declared that he resented the statement that Great Britain is giving Palestine to the Jews.

"Nothing is given to men," he said. "We struggle, acquire and achieve. The Jews conquered Palestine only after heavy battles fought, and we do not beg now. We must be allowed to purchase the land which historically is ours. We want to acquire it through efforts and sacrifices, so that our children can say, 'This is our land because we have conquered it.'"

The speaker declared that millions of persons in eastern Europe are bankrupt. "A whole race is being exterminated," he said. "Palestine is our only hope."

Rabbi Silver is one of the speakers in the campaign for \$10,000,000 which the Zionist organization of America hopes to raise for purchase of land in Palestine and for maintenance and development of work already in progress in that country to prepare it for Jewish settlement.

Issac Carmel, state director of the Zionist organization, spoke briefly. Rabbi Rudolph Coffee, newly elected head of Collingwood Temple, presided at the meeting.

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Buffalo Evening Times

**Palentine Fund
Campaign to End
At Mass Meeting**

Apr. 17-1920



RABBI ABI HILLEL SILVER.

The Palestine restoration fund campaign will close tonight with a mass meeting in the auditorium of Hutchinson High School. Rabbi Abi Hillel Silver of Cleveland, noted orator and war chaplain, will be the speaker. The last reports made by the team captains working for the \$75,000 quota showed that \$55,000 had been raised. It is expected that the reports will bring Buffalo well over their quota.

Questionnaire

EACH day The Press submits a questionnaire to some well-known persons. We have with us today:

RABBI ABBA H. SILVER

The Temple, E. 55th and Central

What is your name in full?

Abba Hillel Silver.

Have you ever had a nickname?

No.

What was your favorite sport when you were a boy?

Baseball.

What athletics did you engage in when you were in school?

Swimming.

How did you happen to meet your wife, and where did you meet her?

Hasn't happened.

What is your hobby today?

Collecting old folk songs.

What was your ambition when you were a boy?

(1) Street car conductor; (2) policeman; (3) teacher; (4) minister.

What event in your life caused you to choose your present profession?

Four generations of rabbis predetermined me for it.

If you had your life to live over what profession would you choose?

The one I am now in.

What would you do with a million dollars if you had it to give away?

Endow an honest newspaper.



C. P. G. Apr 2 1920

**RABBI SILVER
URGES AID
PALESTINE**

**Tribulations of Peo-
ple Told at Meeting—
Tag Day Recalled**

An appeal for moral assistance in the restoration of Palestine was made by Rabbi Silver, Cleveland, before an assembly of 500 Jews in Carnegie's 3rd Street night. Rabbi Silver urged the Holy Land last year the tribulations of Jews for existence. The meeting dinner in the Concordia which the rabbi was the honor.

The meeting was under auspices of the Palestine Fund Committee. Now campaign to raise \$75,000 for the quota in the nation. Jacob Roth presided. H. H. Maguire offered prayer and Jacob Roth made an address in the drive. Mrs. J. J. Deppner sang "The Star Spangled Banner."

The tag day in Pittsburgh was noticed \$1,000. It was an

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THE

Toledo

Quality.

7th. Apr. 1916-17

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VOLUME V.

RABBI A. H. SILVER GIVES INSPIRING ADDRESS AT MEETING OF THE TOLEDO ZIONIST ORGANIZATION

Rabbi A. H. Silver of Cleveland, in his address before the Toledo Zionist Organization at the Bnai Jacob Synagogue last Monday evening expressed his resentment at the idea that Great Britain is to give Palestine for a Jewish Homeland.

"We are not a nation of beggars," said Rabbi Silver, "We are givers. We have always given freely to every cause.

"We are not beggars. We come as claimants—we want to purchase that which rightfully belongs to us.

"The acquisition of Palestine is not a simple thing—it will require struggle and suffering and sacrifice.

"I will tell you why I am a Zionist," he said. "I am a Zionist because I am a Jew.

"Because I feel the spell of the past and the charm of the future. I feel the echo of the prayer that my ancestors echoed and re-echoed.

"We are proud of the pages of our history," he said. "even of those that are stained with blood; proud of a people who were cultured when Britian's subjects ran wild on England's shores; proud that two thirds of the world worships our God and one half is reading our Bible.

"The restoration of Palestine is not an artificial thing, not a cheap propoganda. It is the expression of a burning need.

"It is that the race is being exterminated. Jewish life in Europe is bankrupt.

"Your brothers there are waiting for someone to lead them into the promised land.

"Even if the restoration of Palestine were only the dream of a dreamer," he said, "it would be worth all our sacrifices.

"But it is not a dream. It is a beautiful experiment. An experiment in building up a center where the spirit and the soul of the Jew might live and create freely, a race of proud, enlightened and dignified people.

"We have waited for this opportunity; we have prayed for it, lived for it and died for it.

"and now after the great upheaval the powers have said, "The gates of Palestine will open to you.

"If we fail to avail ourselves of this opportunity it may not come again in 1000 years.

"It is a great privilege that has come to you—that of rebuilding the Jewish Homeland."

Mr. Isaac Carmel, director of the Zionist Organization of Ohio gave a splendid address in Yiddish.

Rabbi R. I. Coffee acted as chairman.

Subscriptions to the Palestine Restoration Fund were taken. Henry Rosen donated \$1,000 to the fund. Several other liberal amounts were received.

864

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Free Synagogue Bulletin

CARNEGIE HALL

Hon. Abram L. Elkus, President
Charles E. Bloch, Second Vice-Pres.
Samuel Samuel, Treasurer
Walter S. Hilborn, Secretary

RABBIS

Stephen S. Wise
Solomon E. Goldstein, Associate
Brooklyn—Louis I. Newman
Flushing—Bernard Cantor
Washington Heights—
I. Mortimer Blome

Frederick L. Guggenheimer,
Executive Secretary

Sunday Morning, April 25th, 1920
at 10:45 o'clock

RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER
of Cleveland

WILL PREACH ON

"Is There An American Judaism?"

SIEGFRIED SASSOEN

WILL GIVE READINGS FROM HIS POEMS

Sunday Morning, May 2nd, Dr. Wise will preach on
"Does The Theatre Menace America?"

A Cordial Welcome is Extended to All
Especially to Strangers within the City

Doors Closed at 11:00 Promptly



Vol. XII

April 25th, 1920

No. 30

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FREE SYNAGOGUE, 36 West 68th Street, New York City

A

אָנפאַנג דעם דעם 14טן יוני 1920

סינסנינעש וויכטיגע פאסירונגען

דער ערשטער זענענדיקער נאליה סינסנינע

דער מאססישע וואס איז לעצטנס פונקטאלען (עווארן) אין עטרי אין דיכאריס צו פירערן די-נאליה אין צווען דער נילסער וואס די סינסנינע לעפער אירע האטן ווען פיינעקאניס די טויטע סינסנינע וואס האטן אונטערהאלט דעם טויטען אידישקייט האטן זיך געהאלט אין א אמת יום טוב'דיגע שטימונג.

דער מאסישער איז נאען דער פאראסטער פיל טויטען זיי די ה. זינגער וואס האט אין אירע אכער איינזעלע פאסירונגען די פארוואנדלונג פון די יעצטע היסטארישע פאסירונג. נאן אירע האט געשריבן דער מאס זאכס פון איראק וואס האט אין פליטע שטרעקן געהאלטן די לאי גע פון די ארען אין איראק געלל און ווערן די דארטע ציניסטישע איינלעבונג פארט.

דער זינגער ענטוואקסן אין אכער נעקסטן און דער יונגער און פרייאני טעגער רעדער, רבי חיי'ל סילער פון פלייאנער, האט גערעדט זיין באנייט טויטע דערע מיט זינע פיעלע שארפן זינגע אונטערנוען ווערן די סינסנינע טיט יארוק פון זייער ראניס, וואס זעהענען זיך נאך אלץ מיט דעם ווארט ציניס, האט ארויסגעזעען פון לע אולאריסענען, רבי סילווערס ארט זיידן מיט זינע היסטארישע אכער דאך דער צינסטע ווערטלעך, זינען געווען אזוי ווי זעהנע ראקסטע וואס האט צינענען א מאונדערען ה' צו דער נאליה זענען אין וועס לאנג פארשטיינען אן די מוחות און הערער פון סינסנינע אירען.

דער זאנקע פאר תורה אין קונסט.

C Letters From People

What is in a Name?—Rabbi Nachman Heller Becomes Humorous.

Editor ISRAELITE:
Sir: Among his Jottings, in a recent issue, the ISRAELITE quotes an English contemporary of London to the effect that a Matthew Kelly, connected with the Whitechapel Synagog, presented a hat case cover for the latter's ark, in memory of his wife's deceased parents. The ISRAELITE wonders at the peculiar combination of Matthew Kelly and a Synagog, by name and patronymic betraying, rather, a Celtic descent. The fact, however, is obvious. In one of the metropolitan Yiddish dailies, your correspondent was enlightened with a somewhat surprising piece of news, relating of a Polish Jew, whose name Yankelo, the Polish derisive sobriquet for the Biblical Jacob, turned resourceful and proved beneficial to the owner, becoming John Kelly, a successful split, by which its bearer changed into a full-fledged Irishman, which may grant the neophyte free access in politics, civics and social uplift. Matthew, as a matter of record, interchanges with the Hebrew name of Matathiah, the father of the heroic Maccabean family, whose father in turn was the High Priest Johanan, called, likewise, Janah, which would abbreviate into John. Hence Matthew Kelly being formerly but Yankelo, pure and simple.

On the other hand, the following jotting in the mentioned ISRAELITE deals with Tifereth Israel Synagog, which was known heretofore by the name of the Temple of radical Reform tendencies, in charge of Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver. One, indeed, may express his surprise over this peculiar grouping of names and titles, a genuine and an unadulterated Reform Temple named Tifereth Israel and ministered by Abba Hillel! As far as the temple is concerned, one may employ his intuitive power and resort to casualistic ingenuity, making the Temple acronymic, covering to some extent as Temple does Tifereth Israel, T and I characteristically placed first and last in both, Temple and Tifereth Israel. And as Abba Hillel, being the names of the Rabbi, instead of Alfred Phillip or Arnold Percival, which might have sounded more euphonic and stentorial. Zionism, covering a multitude of sins, is certainly responsible for this Hebraic chauvinism, the Jewish backbone, ancestral pride and national consciousness, Abba and Hillel being both scriptural and Talmudical names, respectively.

Zionism being tabooed in the Hebrew Union College, antagonized in the ISRAELITE and denounced by Morgenthau and Company, yet shining stars and brilliant luminaries, products from the very Hebrew Union College, like Hellens, father and son, Raisins, the brothers, Silvers, Mendel and Abba Hillel, Judah L. Magnes, Martin A. Meyer, Joseph Krauskopf, Samuel Sals, Edgar F. Maguin, Horace J. Wolf and last, but not least, Stephen S. Wise, all staunch and enthusiastic Zionists who certainly achieved wonders and accomplished marvels, bringing about the millennium, salvation and redemption.

Again, the names Moses, Mordecai and Esther, Egyptian and Persian, pure and simple, were given predilection to their genuine Hebrew names, actions speaking louder than words and deeds bringing better results than creeds, the name be whatever it may. After all, what's in a name?

Nachman Heller.
New York, New Moon of Sivan, 5680
Anno Mundi.

Am. Israelite
June 3 - 1920



Rabbi Addresses Art School Graduates

Rabbi A. H. Silver, of the Temple, addressed the graduating class at commencement exercises Saturday morning for twenty-four students in the Cleveland School of Art.
The senior reception and dance will take place in the school Monday evening and the exhibition of students' work will be opened to the public from 2 p. m. Sunday, June 13. The exhibit will be shown in the auditorium and studios.

T. Philo

A LEADER.

For every great movement there must be a leader; one who directs, encourages, spurs on the masses who alas too often weaken.

Visions of hardships, suffering, sacrifices overwhelm the puny souls of the people and weary and discouraged they are ever ready to turn back.

It took a Moses to lead the children of Israel out of the land of slavery. Only the courage of a great, undaunted soul could undertake so stupendous a task.

And to-day, when another crises has come into the life of the Jew we feel that we do not go too far afield when we say that another leader has come to guide his people; that a man with the spirit, the courage and the vision of a great leader has come at this crucial time.

When the people are beginning to be weary with the struggle, when the future looks dark, when the obstacles on the road to the promised land are almost more than they can hope to overcome and they begin to weaken, then behold! a prophet, a leader appears in their midst.

One who instills new life, new courage, renewed hope into their tired hearts; one who brings the vision of the cherished goal before them; one who teaches them the beauty and the privilege of sacrifice.

Such a one is Rabbi Abbe Ediel Silver.

More than a profound thinker, more than a dreamer, more than a brilliant orator, tho' he is all of these, he has the spirit and the soul of a great leader.

Perhaps Rabbi Silver is destined aye, even as Moses in the days of old, to lead his people into the Promised Land.



TO-NIGHT!

Emery Auditorium

7:30 O'CLOCK

*Civil
Business
May 31 '20*

Join us in celebrating the biggest event in years. The Supreme Council of San Remo has given Great Britain a mandate over Palestine to develop it as a Jewish homeland.

RABBI ABBA H. SILVER

Of Cleveland, Ohio, the gifted orator, is the principal speaker.

ARRANGE TO BE HERE EARLY — EVERYBODY WELCOME

A

גרויסארטיגער צאנד לשלום באנקעט

קליוולאנדער אידען באערענן רבי אבא הייל סילווער מיט
א פראכטפאלען אפשיקעס אווענד פארן אפמארען צום
ציון סאנפערעניז אין לאנדאן.

איינע פון די שטענדיגע אונזערע
וואס קליוולאנדער אידען האבען זען
ביינעוואוינט אין געווען דער אפשיקעס
באנקעט וואס איז געגעבען געווארען
פון די מיטע צייטסטען צו רבי אבא
הייל סילווער וואס פארט אפ אלס
דעלעגאט צום אינטערנאציאנאלען ציון
ניסטישען קאנפערענץ אין לאנדאן.

דער באנקעט איז געגעבען געווארען
אין די ספּעסלער האַטל געשען אין
און צווישען די אנטווענדע ווינען נע-
ווען די אנטווענדעטע בעלי בתים פון
שטאָרט און די לאַקאלע צייטונגען
וואָס וויינען איבער געשטאנען אין
דענקסט פון די גרויסע אירישע באזע-
נעט.

דער סאָסטיטאָטער רבי שלמה
באלדסאן האָט געגעבען דעם פראגראם
מיט'ן באשריבען, דאָס פיר ווינען נע-
סטען אפשייד געהען פון איינעם פון
אונזערע שלוחים צו די גרויסע אירישע
אסיפה אין לאנדאן, און קליוולאנדער
אידען וויינען שפּאַלץ מיט זייער פּאַר-
שטעהעל. *

ריכטער סעמיועל סילבערט האָט נע-
וואָט דאָס אויב מען וועט טעפּט'ן די
שטעט לויט ווערען דעלעגאטען, קען
ער פארזיכערען דאָס מען וועט האל-
טען קליוולאנד פאר די בעסטע ציון
ניסטישע שטאָרט אין אמעריקא.
מר. יצחק כרמל האָט נאָך איינעם
הומאָריסטישען באשריבען אָנגעצייגט
דאָס רבי סילווער געהאָט אלס דער פּאַר-

פירן יאָרען ראַטער האָט אין א שעה
נע דער אָנגעדייטעם די הארציעט בא-
צווינג פון'ס קליוולאנדער אַרמאָדאָס
פּרעסען אירענטום צו רבי סילווער, ווייל
זיי האָבען אין איהם געאָנען א מיטל,
ערענטען און איבערגעגעבען איר וואָס
דענס ויין פּאַלס מיט ויין גרויסען פּאַר-
לאַט.

מר. סאַטעל פון ניו יאָרק, איינע
פון די אָנטיהערערענס פון די „דסה“
האָט געהאלטען א באַייסטרעטע רעדע
ווייטערדיג רבי סילווער א גליקליכע
לויט.

רבי אבא הייל סילווער וואָס האָט
באקומען א גרויסע אַוואַציע האָט נע-
האלטען א לענגערע רעדע איינדריקענדי-
דיג זיין דאָנקבאַרקייט פאר דעם זעהר
פריינדליכען אַחאָבם לשלום.

Jews X World
June 22 - 1920

REPUDIATES "JEWISH PERIL" CHARGE

Rabbi Silver in London Address Declares That If it is Conspiracy to Fight Persecution and to Stand for Justice and Freedom Jews Are Arch Conspirators of World

New York Aug. 18 '20

The Zionist Bulletin, issued by the Central Office of the Zionist Organization in London, contains the following report of Rabbi A. H. Silver's address at the Albert Hall demonstration, which took place during the period of the Zionist World Conference



"Rabbi A. H. Silver, whose dramatic delivery and sonorous voice created a profound impression, said he brought greetings from three million fellow-Jews in America. They were gratified that it was England, the historic champion of Parliamentary liberty that uttered the word that recreated the

Jews. There was nothing that could match the Balfour declaration for grandeur and justice. They were confident that harmony and good will would prevail between England and the Jews. There was real cultural kinship between the two peoples. The American Jews welcomed the opportunity of co-operating for the restoration of Palestine. The American Jews offered their deepest gratitude to the Zionist leaders, Welzmann and Sokolow, and uttered the holy vow to give abundantly of effort and sacrifice until the dawn now breaking in the East would broaden into full light. They also sent greetings to the representative from suffering Eastern Europe.

"With intense fervor he repudiated the wave of anti-Semitism and the accusation of a Jewish peril. If it was conspiracy, he declared passionately, to fight persecution and slander throughout the centuries, to suffer, and to refuse to be wiped out

(Continued on Page Eight)

of existence, to stand for justice and right and freedom, then the Jews were the arch-conspirators of the world. (Loud cheers.)"

Rabbi Silver was a member of the American delegation at the Zionist Conference in London.

Among the other speakers at the Albert Hall meeting were Mr. Balfour, the Marquess of Crew, Nahum Sokolow, Dr. Welzmann, Lord Robert Cecil and Dr. Max Nordau.

הענין האחרון...
הוא הנהיג...
הוא הנהיג...
הוא הנהיג...

א פארשלאנג צו פארנוואר- פון די רעוואלוציע פון ועד החנות.

די לעצטער טאג סילווער שלאנג
פאר די פארנווארפן די נאנעץ דעזע-
לוציע פון ועד החנות. צו האלט, או
דאס איז נים פראקטיש. די ציוניסטי-
שע חילום ארגאניזאציע קען אויף זיך
נישט אונטערקומען אום פארנווארפן-
ליכע ארבעט. דאס וועט ארענסט-
באן און אינגעווערדע הוצאות, און
אויס וועט מען צום נעקסטן. די ציוניס-
טישע ארגאניזאציע וועל זיך בלויז און
נעקסטן צו קאארדינירען איהר טעג-
פונקטן מיט די אלע ארעזעלעמ'ס און
שטאטען. וועט נעלענען זיך און די
גלות לענדער און זיי ביטהילפליך זיין
אין דאס און פהאם, אבער אלע און
בעקומען די קאלאקאטאלע ארבעט קען
פאר קען רעד נים זיין. בלויז פאר דאס
אין ישראל הונד דארף זיך די ציוניס
טישע ארגאניזאציע ארבעטן.

די פארנווארפן פון די חלל
וואס פארנווארפן די חלל
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וואס פארנווארפן די חלל

וואס פארנווארפן די חלל

די חלל וואס פארנווארפן די חלל
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די חלל וואס פארנווארפן די חלל
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הענין האחרון...
הוא הנהיג...
הוא הנהיג...
הוא הנהיג...

דאס פילטער וואס איז פאר-
די ערשטע וואס זייען פארנווארפן
אויף דער פארנווארפן זייען נעמען די
פונקטן פון אן אייגענע פאסיביל
אבער זיי נעמן איהרע און פונקטן
און זייערע די אסערקאונד צענומען
די קעגן אים פאלקאטן זיי פון די דער
ליסטע און פארנווארפן זיי זיי פון
אלע וואס זיי קענען זיי וועלען נעמען
נישט איר בעסער נור אלע וואס זיי האבען
אויס פונקטן פון איר ישראל (וויסנדיק
פאלאקאטענע) **הענין האחרון**
וואס פארנווארפן די חלל

July 22, 1920 *Law World*

רבי סילבר וד"ר בראנדעיס בראנדעיס שטעלונג צו די קטירען דער ציוניסטישער קאנפערענץ

(פּעניענעלע קיבעלעס צו די אידישע וועלט.)

לאנדאן, דזשולאי 22 (א. ב. ב.) — נייער סופערל און, געקויפטענעם
דאזיגן נעכטן אויסגעפראכען אויף דער אלטע-סילבער ציוניסטישער קאנפערענץ
דערע אום זעלבסטע פון דעם שארפן אנטאגאניזם צווישן די אמעריקאנער
און פארהענדיגטע, וואס ווערט מיט יעדער שטונדע אלץ ערענטער.
די אמעריקאנער דעלעגאטן זענען מיט אים אלע סענטימאנטן צו די קטירען
דער-אנפאנגען אין וואס אמאלאנגט דער עתאמאנטעלונג פון דער ענדער
קויפן לאפערע.

דזשאסטיס בראנדעיס איז ארויסגעפראכען געווען אויסווישענען און זעא
פאסיעסן אלס סימבאלישע פון דער ערענטערע קאפיטע.
בראנדעיס פארקערט אז נאר נעקעסעסלייט זאלען אריין אין דער קאפיטע.
אלס רעזולטאט פון דעזער שטעלונג האט א טייל פון דער אמעריקאנער
דעלעגאציע רעזאלטירט געווען בראנדעיס'ן.

די אמעריקאנער דעלעגאציע פון דער אמעריקאנער דעלעגאציע מיט בראנדעיסעס
זענענען איז נאך שארפער געווארען צוליב דעם וואס בראנדעיס האט
ארויסגעפראכען אן אולטימאטום, אז ער ווילט צוריק די ערענטערענדיגע
שאפט, אויב אמעריקאנער דעלעגאטן זענען אריין אלס סימבאלישע פון
דעם ענדען אקצאנט קאפיטע.

דזשאסטיס בראנדעיס איז געווען דעם ארמאניזאצאנט פלאן פון די איראד
פארשע פירער, און ער האט ערקלערט אז צוליב דעם וויל ער נישט אז די
אמעריקאנער זאלען טיילען די פאראנצווארטליכקייט פון וויער פירערשאפט.
רבי סילבער פון קאליאד, ליידינגטאן פאר דער אמעריקאנער דעלעגאציע,
האט ערקלערט אז דער אולטימאטום דארף אנטענען ווערען, און ער האט
זאגט פראטעסטירט געווען דער שפאלק פון דזשאסטיס בראנדעיס, צו זיך
פירען דער אלטע-סילבער ציוניסטישער קאנפערענץ.

אריינטער אינטערעסען נישטן געווארען געווארען געווארען געווארען

שרום פון ציון

דאנער-סטאן — נאכטיסטאן

עס ווערט פארשטיענעם די דעמאנס
געבען דעמאנאציעס פרוהאנגען ה' דוד
יעלון איז דער פארזעצער.

רעז. סילבער, פירט אלע אים אים
נאכען פון דער אמעריקאנער ציוניסטישער
פיר אנטאגאניזען פון א סילבער-
רעז. פון זאגט אז די אמעריקאנער ציוני-
איסטען זיינען דעקעט פארשפאנטען זע
ווארען פון די ענדע פונעם ערענטערענדיגע-
נען. זיך פונעם אלע אדערע פראגע.
די קאנפערענץ האט געקוקט אויף די
אמעריקאנער ציוניסטען איז אויף פירט
דעם סילבער אויף זיי געקוקט מיט דעם
פירט אז זיי ווילען פארהערען דער ענדער
זענענען דורך וויער נעלד פירט.

דאס פון לילוישן זיך רופענען די
אמעריקאנער ציוניסטען זיינען זיינען זיך
אויסגעווען וויער נעלד פירט אים זי
זיינען זיך אין געווען זאגט אין
דאס אים פרויענאלע פארזעצערענען.
זי האבען סימבאלישען און זיינען
אין אין דער עקזעס פירערענען אין
אלע האט אין זיינען אין דעם זיינען-
אויסגעווען זיך דער נאציאנאלער זיינען
אין ארץ ישראל, זי זיינען דאנערען די
אויסגעווענע פון א פירערענען אמערי-
לונג אין גלות, זאל זי לוינען אז דאס
קען בעסער ווערענענענען זיינען זיינען
די לאפאלע ציוניסטישע קערנענענען-
פון אין ס'איז זיך נישט אז די אים-
פירערענענענע ציוניסטישע ארמאניזע-
זיך זאל זיך פאנען פארמאניזאציע
פאר אים זיך אפערען.

דאנערען ערקלערט די אמעריקאנער
ארמאניזאציע אז זי זאל זיך פאנען
קען זיך פאנען זענענענען פירערענענען
אין פאנען פירערענען.
זיינען ערקלערט ער אז די אמערי-
קאנערענענע ציוניסטען זיינען רעקאמפערע-
דען דער דעמאנאציע פאר זיינען זיך
אמעריקאנער דעמאנאציע צו פארשע-
פירט די פראגע אים פראקעציען זיינען
פירט זאגט זיך זיינען זאגט צו זיך
זיינענענע פירערענען האבען דאס
רעכט אויסצושליסען פראקעציען זיך
רעקאמפערענען אים דער ארמאניזאציע.

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SILVER VS. BRANDEIS.

"There is," says the London Jewish Guardian, "a growing antagonism between the European and American delegates attending the Zionist Conference which becomes more evident with each session. All efforts on the part of Justice Louis D. Brandeis to influence the Conference have failed, and due to his attitude the American Zionist leader has created a great deal of dissatisfaction among his own followers. Mr. Brandeis came here fully determined to have his own way in the reorganization of the new administration. His total failure to influence the European Zionists by promises or threats and the divergence of opinion he holds with regard to the policies of Zion's future development, make him very reluctant to accept the office of honorary president which is being offered him. Moreover, he refuses to permit any other American Zionist to go into the Executive Committee. This last point created the greatest excitement among the American delegates and Rabbi A. H. Silver of Cleveland (Ohio) voiced the feelings of many members of the delegation when he sharply protested at Mr. Brandeis' attitude."

for Brandeis
July 5, 1920

See Express, London July 25.

CONCLUDING SCENE.

The Conference concluded amid scenes of great impressiveness. CHACHAM ABRAHAM, of Alexandria, one of the most picturesque figures present, made a stirring appeal to all Jews to do their duty. He concluded his speech by a fervent handshake with the Chairman, a symbol of the unity between Eastern and Western Jewry.

Mr. NAHUM SOKOLOV, in rising to thank the Conference for his election, was received with tumultuous applause. He said he felt that he had begun a new task. Every day must see a new brick laid in the building of the Jewish National Home. Their duty was to induce non-Zionists to join in their work. They must use their best endeavours to that end.

Rabbi SILVER spoke on behalf of the American Delegation. He said that they were all friends, brothers, and fellow-Zionists. They had their differences, but these were family differences of no concern to the outer world. He could assure them of the complete loyalty of the American Zionists, and of their desire to give generously for the regeneration of Eretz Israel. It was not with a feeling of depression but with one of exaltation that they left the Conference. They could give not only the tithe but all that was wanted for the cause. It was no sacrifice but a supreme privilege to do this. What their forefathers had prayed for, it had been given them to perform. They had confidence in their leaders, and they were gratified that their own leader who had inspired them had been honoured. They would leave the Conference with a message to the great world, to the millions of their suffering fellow-Jews, that the dawn was breaking in the East, and with the determination to make their ideal worthy of its beauty and its greatness. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

Mr. JUSTICE BRANDEIS, in closing the Conference, said: The annual Conference is ended, but the real work of the delegates begins now. What we shall do in the countries to which we are returning will prove our worthiness of the opportunity vouchsafed to us and our worthiness to the Jewish people.

The singing of *Hatikvah* with emotion and fervour brought the memorable assembly to an end.

Jewish Chronicle, July 30, 1920
London

spoke encouragingly; Dr. Weizmann and Mr. Sokolov also spoke. The oratory of the conference was well maintained throughout. Then a tall young man stepped forward. His voice was musical; his words were like honey; his golden-tongued oratory quickly enthralled the audience and held it spellbound. The previous speakers had done remarkably well; yet his speech was voted supreme. Everyone asked in whispers: Who is it? Slowly the answer circulated round the vast hall: It was Rabbi Silver, of Cleveland. Those who heard his message will long remember it for its passion, its vigour, its skillful intonation, its climax. It was a grand ending to a grand scene. That evening will be historic in Anglo-Jewry. The place, the occasion, the speakers—all were on a high plane, and as the crowd made its way home in the cool of a lovely London summer evening, one could see how infectious the enthusiasm had become. The nearest Metropolitan station was so crowded with Jews that there was not room in which to turn; all along Hyde Park a continuous crowd walked as on air, talking over the magnificent sight of which they had been spectators, and next day the Press was unanimous in accounting the occasion great.

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July 30, 1920

Mr. Balfour on the Zionist Adventure

Author of Famous "Declaration" Speaks at Great London Meeting

By David Dainow

Special Correspondent of THE AMERICAN HEBREW

WHAT can be described as the greatest Jewish demonstration of its kind in the history of Anglo-Jewry took place on July 12 at the Albert Hall, which was crowded with a huge congregation of Jews, who had gathered to hear speeches in celebration of the acceptance by Great Britain of the mandate for Palestine as the Jewish National Home. Fully 20,000 people were present, and the sight was indeed fascinating. Zionists and non-Zionists who were present will long remember the occasion as an historic event. The enthusiasm at moments was of an extraordinary nature, and any reference to a British and Jewish co-partnership in Palestine was greeted with deafening cheers, which vibrated throughout the great building.

The appearance of the Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, famed for the Declaration which he signed, embodying the undertaking of Britain to grant an opportunity for the Jewish people to rebuild its national life in Palestine, was the occasion for the rising of the huge audience as one mass, cheering steadily for a few minutes. Mr. Balfour spoke with much vigor and enthusiasm on the prospect of Palestinian reconstruction, and felt convinced that the Jews who had overcome so many difficulties in the past would overcome the difficulties facing them in Palestine.

Lord Rothschild presided, and called attention to the significance of the great occasion, making reference to the present sitting of the Zionist Conference. He had heard expressions of praise and blame, but he warned those who were out to criticize to appreciate what had been accomplished through hard work, incessant labor and much sacrifice. In order to develop a successful Jewish Palestine it was necessary that mere idle criticism should be set aside, and that everybody should work constructively in the great task. His Lordship then submitted the following resolution, which was later unanimously carried by the audience:

"That the meeting expressed heartfelt joy at the decision of the Supreme Council to incorporate the Balfour Declaration in the Treaty of Peace with Turkey, and at the acceptance by Great Britain of the mandate for Palestine as the Jewish National Home; putting on record the high appreciation of the meeting of the illustrious services rendered to the Jewish nation by the statesmen and peoples of the Allied and Associated States, particularly of Great Britain, who had collaborated in this memorable achievement; and pledging the Jews of this country to spare no effort and no sacrifice for the rebuilding of Palestine as the Jewish National Home, in collaboration with the inhabitants of the country."

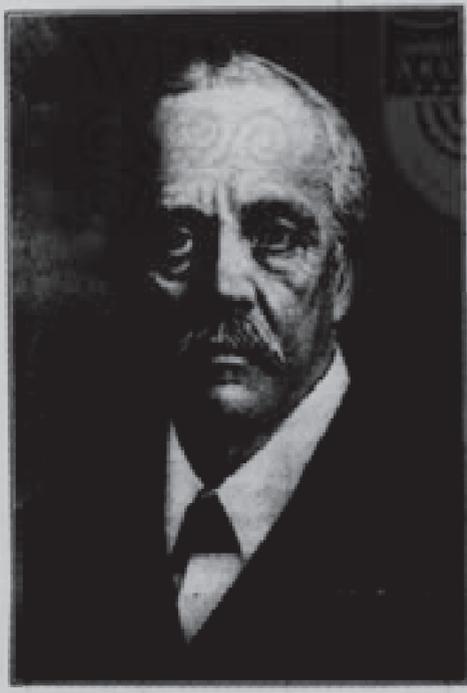
Mr. Balfour said that for a long time he had been a convinced Zionist, and it was in that character that he came before that audience. In his most sanguine moments he never foresaw, or even conceived the possibility, that the great work of the reconstruction of Palestine would happen so soon. This was one of the great and unexpected results of the world struggle which had just come to an end. That struggle had been the parent of infinite evils, but if among its results we could count the re-establishment in their ancient home of the Jewish people, at all events we could put to its credit one great result which under other circumstances could never have occurred at so early a date.

There were difficulties ahead, among them the inevitable difficulty of dealing with the Arab question which presented itself within the limits of Palestine. It would require tact, judgment, and, above all, sympathetic good will on the part both of Jew and Arab. So far as the Arabs were concerned, he hoped they would remember that, while we desired under the aegis of Great Britain to establish this home for the Jewish people, many of the Great Powers, especially Great Britain, had freed the Arab race from the tyranny of their brutal conqueror, who had kept them under his heel for many centuries. He hoped the Arabs would remember that it was we who had established an independent sovereignty of the Hedjaz, that it was we who desired in Mesopotamia to prepare the way for the future of a self-governing autonomous Arab State. He hoped, remembering all that, that the Arabs would not begrudge that small notch in the Arab territory being given to the people who for hundreds of years had been separated from it, but who surely had a title to develop on their own lines in the land of their forefathers.

Among the difficulties raised by critics was the argument of self-determination. Palestine, these critics said, should go to the majority of the existing population. But the case of Jewry was absolutely exceptional and outside all ordinary rules. It was a case which should be treated by exceptional methods. A further diffi-

culty was geographical, and this was a difficulty which he would regard as overwhelming were they dealing with another people and with different conditions. But what were the requisites for such development of Palestine as would accommodate an important section of the great Jewish race? One was skill, knowledge, perseverance, enterprise; the other was capital. He was profoundly convinced, when they were talking of the Jews, that they would find no want of any of these qualities. (Cheers.)

THE AMERICAN HEBREW is the only American Jewish publication printed in English which had its own correspondent at this meeting.



ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR

ship offered his congratulations to the Jews on their attainment of their national home.

Lord Robert Cecil said that when the history of the war came to be written, he believed the two outstanding features of it would be the establishment of the national Jewish home and the creation of the League of Nations, and the two were not really disconnected. They represented two great ideals, for which we fought and by which we conquered. The Jews had in their hands the success or the failure of one of the greatest experiments that has ever been tried. "We have given you national existence," he said. "In your hands lies your national future." (Cheers.)

Dr. Ch. Weizmann, in alluding to the Arab question, said the Arabs must respect the rights of the Jews to Palestine, just as much as the Jews respected the great traditions of the Arab race. The Jews, re-established in Palestine, would be a contribution to the civilization of the world. "Once more," he declared emphatically, "the law will go forth from Jerusalem."

Mr. Sokolov declared that the present position of the great bulk of Jewry, especially in Eastern Europe, was an impossible one, and that the work ahead of them in Palestine was a difficult one. "When we had to choose," he declared, "between an impossible task and a difficult one, we chose the difficult task." (Cheers.)

The Chief Rabbi made a strong appeal for unity of Jewish effort, and declared that those Jews who did not assist in the building up of a Jewish life in Palestine at the present juncture, were destroying the most wonderful opportunity in Jewish history.

Dr. Max Nordau's appearance caused a tremendous ovation. He trusted that every opportunity would be given to the Jewish people to develop a national existence in Palestine.

Major Orsby Gore, M. P., Colonel Wedgwood, M. P., and Mr. James de Rothschild delivered addresses, eulogizing the aims of Zionists and giving the movement their hearty support. Great enthusiasm was aroused when Col. Wedgwood declared that the Labor Party in Great Britain fully endorsed the San Remo decision.

Perhaps the most eloquent speech of the evening was delivered by Rabbi A. H. Silver of the United States, who has a powerful rich voice of vibrant quality. His rhetoric was of an inspired nature, which aroused the audience at moments almost to a frenzy of enthusiasm.

Mr. Ussishkin having spoken in Hebrew, the resolution was put to the meeting by Lord Rothschild, and carried with acclamation.

א אינטערנאציאנאלער טיטל

אבא הייל סילווער

דער באריכטער רבי פון קליוולאנד אבא הייל סילווער נים איבער צו א פארברעטער פון דר אידישע העלט" איבער פון זיינע איינע דרוקע פון דעם ציוניסטישען יארהעט קאנפערענץ אין לאנדאן.

איבערזעצונג פון ר. י.

אין דאס נעוואוסט אז די אידען פון דער סידעל וועט, היינטצוטאגס פון קליוולאנד ווילען הרען א ווארט פון רבי אבא הייל סילווער, זייער שילד צום ציוניסטישען יארהעט קאנפערענץ אין לאנדאן.

ווי אבא הייל סילווער, אבוואהל אין איבערזעצונג ציוניסט, מיט א סיי עדיגען אידישען סענסאציעס אין אביר א סאן, ווער עס טען איהם א פוסל נאכגעטער, וואס לאזט זיך נים היינטיגען פון סיי זאך, ער טען ווען זאגן און פאסירונגען ווי זיי זיינען, און נים ווי ער וואלט געוואלט אז זיי זאלן זיין. ער איז סקרויירדיג אין זיינע באאפאכטיגען און לאגיס אין זיינע ארבעטלישע, און דאס איז אויך ווארשיינליך געווען איינס פון די אורזאכען וואס האט איהם געצויגן גען אזוי פילע איינסטרוקאציעס פון דעם יארהעט קאנפערענץ אין פון די לאנדאנער ענגלישע פרעסע אין אלגע מי, עס איז דארום ביי מיר געווען

זוכער אז די לענד פון די א. ו. זיינען איינשטעלונגס צו הרען זיינע באאבי אכטונגען און צו וויסען זיינע אולטיי לע. * * * * * וואס איז עס געווען וואס האט ארויסגעזען אזא שטורעם ייגען דזשאסטיס בראנטעס אין די ערשטע טעג פון דעם ציוניסטישען קאנפער רענד? — האט דער שרייבער פון דיעזע ציילען געפרעגט דעם יונגען רבי עס האט אויסגעזעהן ווי רבי סילווער איז געווען פארברייט פאר דער דאז יינער פראגע, ער האט א שטייגעל גען פון און דאן אנגאסאנען נאכע ערנסט בראנטעס בראנדייס, און און צווישען א היינט צו טאגס פארשענליכע סייס, א טויטער ציוניסט און א טייל סער דעפארטאט, ער איז געקומען צום קאנפערענץ פלענען אידענען אין דער ציוניסטישער הנהגה, ער איז געקומען דעראנאזיירען די ציוניסטישע ליסטענען וועלכע קיינער פון די רעלעגאטען

אידישע העלט

A

וואלט נים געווען געהאט די סיגעטער איינזענדונג, ער איז שבער געווען א ביסעל צו שטרענג, א ביסעל צו שארף, היינטצוטאגס פאר די פורע איראפע צייטע ציוניסטען וועלכע זיינען אין דער מלחמה דורכגעדרונגען געווארען מיט א סקרויירדיגע דעפארטאציען ניסטי- און דאס האט אפט ארויסגעזען שטורעם פון פראטעסט."

די מורה איראפעאישע ציוניסטען — האט דער רבי פארטענעט — האט פון געהערט פון בראנדייס'ן זיי האבען געוואוסט פון זיינע גרייסע ליסטענען לטובה פון ציוניזם, זיי האבען איהם זייער געפראגען נאך אידעע ער איז געקומען, זיי האבען איהם רעפערענצירט וועלכע דאן ווען זיי האבען איהם באקעמפט, זיי זיינען אבער געשטאנען מעלווען מעסט ביי זייערע פרינציפען."

סען דארף נים פארטענען — האט דער רבי ווייטער געזאגט — אז בראני דייס האט זיך רא באגעגענט מיט א סענסאציען געגענער, אויב טען קען זיך איבערהויפט אזוי אויסדרוקען — דר, היים ווייזטאן איז א סקרויירדיגע פערזענליכקייט, ער איז א שטאמפאן אין פילסטען זין פון ווארט, ער איז אבער אויך א מורה איראפעאישער איד אין שטרענגסטען זין פון ווארט, ער איז דורכגעדרונגען פון דעם געט אוי דישען לעבען, אין איהם איז פארטער פערט דער זיין ארויטער ניסט, ער ווייס ווי צו רעדען צו זיינע ברויער, ער ווייס ווי צו אפעליירען צו זייער הארץ, ער זייער נשמת, ווערענד בראני דייס, פראץ זיין שארפען מוח, פראץ זיין גרויסען שכל האט דאך נים גע קענט דעגלידען מיט אזא סאן ווי ווייזט סאן, איבערהויפט אין דער צייט ווען די „דזשארדזשעס", זיינען געווען פון דעם וועלכען חדר ווי דר, ווייזטאן."

די צייטאנען האבען באריכטעט — האט דער רבי רעפארטער געפרעגט רבי סילווער — דאס איז אבא הייל סילווער מיט דעם נעוואוסט פון דעם יארהעט קאנפערענץ אין לאנדאן, וואס ליגען אויך דעם קייטען, ער פארטער מוסר, ער פארטער אויסדרוקען אין ארבייט ביי ארץ ישראל וועט ווערען די אמתע היים סאן דעם ארויטען סאל איהם וועלכען עס האט געווארט צוויי טויזענער יארהעט."

איהר רבי סילווער האט געדערט זי ארטהאל באלפוי דער געזענער גליטער אויסערן סיניסטען פון איין אפארט, איהר האט איהם געסער געזען ווי אנדערע, איהר האט איהם גער פארשטאנען ווי אנדערע, איז זי נאך איינער סיניסטען וועלכען אזוי קעט אין זיינע באשטרעבונגען צו אכטן פאלעסטינא פאר א היים סאן דעם אידישען סאלק.

רבי סילווער האט א שטייגעל געפאן, די האט דעם שטייגעל פארשטאנען אז האט זיך כאלר פארענטפערט:

„פערזענליך האט איה סיינאל נים געווייפעלט אין די גרעסטע פון באלפור און די ענגלישע רעגירונג, עס זיינען אבער פאראן סענסען וואס צווישען נאך איסרל אין די ערנסטעס פון ענגלאנד, וואס דענסט איהר, רבי סילווער, איז באלפור היינטיגע אזוי ערנסט אין דער פארוויירטליכונג פון די אמתע היים סאן דר אידען."

„דער עיקר אבער פון אלעם — האט רבי סילווער געשלאסען דעם אינטערנאציאנאלן דאס דער יארהעט קאנפערענץ האט זיך געגרינט מיט אמתע ברויער ליבע הארטאנע, די רעלעגאטען זיינען זיך צוגאהרען אין אלע וועלס פהילגען, זיי זיינען אבער געבליבען פאראייניגט אין זייער וואונט אין ענסעלעאפענהייט געסליך: ארבייטען אונאויסגערייך ביי דאס לאנד פון די אידען וועט ווערען די אמתע היים סאן דר אידען."

„אין א געוויסען גראד יא" — האט דער רבי געענטפערט.

„נים טור איהר, נאר אויך אנדערע פון די אפערקאנער רעלעגאטען זיינען געווען אין געוויסע פארהאנדלונגען גע פון בראנדייסען, היינטצוטאגס זיינען סיי געווען געווען דעם פלאן פון פרעזידענט פון 3, און דיוע 3 ואלען אפאייז טען נאך 4 און די 7 ואלען פארוואלטען דעם גאנצען ציוניזם, ווי אויפריכטיג בראנדייס האט נים געוואלט זיין מיט דיווען פלאן, האבען סיי אבער געפיהלט אז ער, דיעזער פלאן, ווען דורכגעפירט, וועט ארבייטען ערשטערענער, די מורה איראפעאישע רעלעגאטען האבען זיך געשראקען אז דער ציוניזם וועט דורך דעם אריינפאלען צו סענער וואס זיינען פרעמד אין ציוניסטישען לאגען, צו ענטער צו וועלכען די פארוואלטען האבן זיך

Hebrew
A. H. Silver
Sept. 3, '20

Praises Rabbi Silver's
Albert Hall Address

A letter received from an English friend by B. P. Rabb of this city contains this impression of Rabbi A. H. Silver's address at the recent Albert Hall demonstration in London:

"A few weeks ago I went to demonstration which was held at the Royal Albert Hall and arranged by the Zionists of Great Britain, celebrating the giving of mandate of Palestine to Great Britain. There were some great speakers there. Mr. Balfour, the Marquis of Crewe, Lord Robert Cecil, Sir Stuart Samuel, Chief Rabbi and Lord Rothschild were on the chair. The leaders of the Zionist movement such as Dr. Weizmann, Mr. Nahum Sokolow and others also spoke, including Rabbi Silver of Cleveland, O., who stirred the multitude of people with his very speech. He spoke the best, but certainly the best. You should have heard the thunderous applause that greeted the end of his speech. It was wonderful. He spoke with such passion that he moved the hearts of all his hearers, which amounted to somewhere about 14,000 people."

א. אדלסט, ד"ר שפירא לוי, א. י. גדין, סקו, ילום סוקו, דר בונגוסר, ג. ויסנשק, ד"ר א. רוס, מ. אויסשק, ד"ר יעקבסון, ה. סייס, סייס' א. ורבינ, סחוק בוכר, י. קן, ד"ר ליסר, ד"ר א. סימורק, ה. סוצקין, ד"ר ג. סיקין, ד"ר ג. הלפרין, כל אלה נבחרו סגנים המעוררן קונגוס; וסגנים המרדיות, דמוקציות והמספרות הארצות נבחרו האנשים האלה:

מאמירק: נב' סלו נב' הרטור סול, סוס. סינקשוויי, שפירין, טון שפירוס, ליסנק, חייסס סק, ג. ויבבלס, ואב טולדוס.

מאמירק: הרומית: מ. א. אבירוס. סקנה: מ. לוי.

מאמירק: הלוד רוס יל' ה. הב טולדוס וסר ישרי.

סויסה המוכיחה: מ. אלינקוב, ג. טולדוס א. גולדשק, י. רחוב, ג. סקין, הלל ולשוולס שויצמן.

סכסריה: ד"ר טון בינשקין. סולניה: יצחק בראבוס, אבירוס מולישנסקי. ד"ר יושע טוק, ל. לוישק, ד"ר בירדא.

סוניה נלוציה: ד"ר ל. וייך. סריסניה: ד"ר קלי, ה. ליכטווס. סליסא: ד"ר ש. רונבוים, ד"ר סולוביצקי. סליסניה: ד"ר ג. קצנלנזון. סאוסריה: שפירקי. סרוסניה: א. ביניד. סבולניה: ד"ר י. כלב. סשויסולונקיה: סוס. סשויסלניה ומוקובני: ד"ר סאד אביר. סוונגריה: ד"ר אוסמירקי. סיוטסלניה: ד"ר ליכס. סערס: אנדרי ספיר. סאסליה: מ. רבינו. סיק: ה. סלודנסקי. סבליניה: ק. סייס. ססריס: יוסף ציקול.

סריסודי" - הב סאד בילין (ני-ויק), הרב סייסין (יוסלס), ד"ר היץ (לונדון), ססאוס ססאל (לונדון), יושע סיכסין (ויסל), סרוס. סיק (ריסניה). ססעלי ציון, הארות הקבדה - ג. בריין, ג. כנולסן (אי.), ג. צוקסן (ני-ויק), שלס קלסני (בילין).

הארות, סועל העערי, העערי טין - יוסף אהרונביץ יוסף שפירנק (אי.), ק. בלוסנול (בילין), א. קסין (קייב).

שולב ול. היין, סייסיל העערי סולניה - א. אקס

ה) לא יחד שלישי הנספים הננסים לקין. היסוד הלך וסתסס בעד הצאות צבוריות הדורשות לטון הבית הלאומי בארץ-ישראל, כמו תוך חריכות, ססינה הבורחיה-סלילת, ססינה לסריגוס וכווסת, ביעה שלכל ססות שני שלישים של הסנסוס ציוך להוציא בשביל רכישס ננסים כלכליים לאומיים וצרות ערבים סרווקסריים בארץ.

הקיה א' סקין היסוד אין להוציא שום ננסים בשביל הוצאות המספרות הציונית. הקיה ב' אין שום סנסו ניתן סקין היסוד, לא בתור הלואה ולא בתור ססינה, בשביל עסקים סריסים שאין להם ערך צבורי.

ו) דין וחשבון על דברי ההוצאות והתנסות של קין-היסוד ניתן בכל שנה ושנה וססריסם בנהי.

ז) בעלי-הקודם התשלום לקין-היסוד יש להם הזכות ליהנות מהנספרותם של העסקים המרווקסריים של קין-היסוד.

קביעה סריסים כנוגע לחובות האלה נססית להניגה הציונית בתנאי שססנא רוכים כנדי להנספר, שתרומים סתקבדות המרווקסרייות של קין-היסוד לא יעשו כבולים ידועים.

II.

ה) בשביל רישנה הססיה להצלחה של קין- היסוד הרושה ערומס וססירוחם של כל חלקי-האוסר. העערה הציונית השננית שטרות ניסם לכל חבדי המספרות הציונית כשך שנה אחת וסחינה אחס להוציב לרישנה של הרישנה הציונית על סרי תרישנה הראשונה בשביל העערה הקססית של קין-היסוד.

טווחים שסספרורים כשאלת קין היסוד נוארס היה ולשולסקי, ילום סוסן, ד"ר סקי, שפירנק ורוב ביובר כלס רוססים בקין היסוד וסיעון בתלהבות רבה ואומרים שסיעותיהם ואנדווחיהם יעשו כל אשר ביכלתם כנדי לשכלל את קין היסוד.

הד"ר קליי אומר: זה הקריאה הזאת ישמע סאלסקה עד סינסבל וססנרתי עד ליסין. כל יעדו יהודיה יעס לקריאת, אשר כנסקי כנסקי, ואשר כחשישים כחשישים, ואשר לעבודה בעבודה. סרי רה סאס חוסך כס הוא כסס צדי אסיריקא. וכן כס ד"ר א. גולדשקין.

סר דוד ילן אעפרי: המעשר יוכל להנחן לא רק כנסקי אלא כס באנשים. סריבים בעד קין היסוד כס דודי וייך, הבכ בני-העדה, ד"ר סחוק וסר צוקסין. הכל סבסריים לעסל ליעדן ה. ולהססנתו, איש איש כחונג וכסרונה.

דודי ויעסן סקריא נסוח - החלטה הסוננית סססלי השסאל בודר ססרת כל התבולות לעליה

Dear Ha-Yom. בשם אמריקה היהודית July 11. 20
 A Jerusalem.
 הרב אבא סילבר, מקליבלנד (שנבקר את ירושלים לפני כשנה — המערכה) מאר את
 המדינאים האבלים וכפי-כן את היהודות האנגליות והצורך שאמריקה היהודית לא תשכח לעולם
 מה שעשתה ברישונה הנדולה ליהודים. מנאפו היה מיותר ימים ופעל פעולה עצומה על-ידיה.
 ביחוד הנצריני.

ZIONIST ORGANISATION  **ההסתדרות הציונית**

תועידה השנתית, תמוז הרי"ב
ANNUAL CONFERENCE.
JULY, 1920.

Name of Delegate: *Rabbi A. H. Silver*
 שם הנציג

Representing: *Zionist Org. of America*
 בא כח

Signed Sec. of the Executive: *Leo Hermann*
 חתום ל"י סוכר וקר התקל

DELEGATE 67 צ"ר

ציון אדמיניסטרציע
און 7. פראנדיים סוטען
צו א פארשטענדליני

July 11

רבי אבא סילבר, מקליבלנד איז נעכטן
 צוריקגעקומען פון וואשינגטאן, וואו ער
 דורשטודט'סען אין ריכטער טאגס די
 פראנדיים האבן אפגעוואלטן א קאמי
 טערענא אין האבען באשפראכען די
 סיינעס פארשידענהייטן וועלכע זיי
 זען זעכטמאנען צווישען פראנדיים
 און די אפעריאנע-דעלעגאטען אויף
 דעם לאנדאנער קאנסעקרענץ.
 רבי סילבר האט נעכטן ערלעבט
 פאר א פארשטענדל פון די אידישע
 וועלט" אז זיי זען קאנסעקרענץ אין
 וואשינגטאן איז זען נעכטן צו א
 קלארער פארשטענדליני אין די סיי
 נענס פארשידענהייטן זיינען צו
 אלעמענס צורישדענהייט באזייטיגט
 בעווארען.



ישיבת תנעילה (יום ה' בערב)

השופט בנדיק יושב בראש בשעה 8:30 בערב. האולם היה מלא ספר אל סף, ביציעים ובספלים אן סקים לשבת. זו הייתה הישיבה היחידה שזוכה בעיית, רבים שהצדיקו באו בנדיק והעל כלם נראו אותות חיות.

קרן היסוד

מי נידון מקרא את החלטות כבוד קרן-היסוד.

1.

הועדה הציננית בלונדון כחברתה בערכו הרב של הרב הוספורי וכירגישת בצורך המחלם להקדים את כל הארץ של העם העברי להפקד הכבוד של של בנן הארץ, מחליטה:

- (א) ליפר קרן בשביל הענייה והישוב בשם קרן היסוד. הקרן מסתרת בתור אישיות משפטית.
- (ב) כשיפת לב לחות דעתם של הסופחים קובעת הועדה השנתית את הסכומים הדרושים בתור יסוד לבנין הגות הלאומי העברי בארץ ישראל כגבה של עשרים חמשה מיליונים לישראל אנגליות — סכום שצריך להכשירו בסוף שנה אחת.

הועדה שונה בכוח לכל העם העברי בדרישה נמרצת לשלוא את חובו ולהכשיר בקרבנות-כסף, בתור תשלומים מאת התן וההכנסה, את יצירתה וקופתה של קרן-היסוד. בתור דונמא-ישראלית לסלוי העבודה העממית דומא ששם דומם הרוספורי והלאומי של ה-הסערי, שיהיה חי ופועל כחי העם בכל דור ודור.

II.

- (ג) כל משלם את חובו לקרן-היסוד סקבל תעודה על הסכום הנשלם.
- (ד) עשרים אחוזים יצאנו מאת התעודה של קרן-היסוד בדרך לשלם להוציא וראשית של הקרן הקיפת לישראל.

זאת והענין הזה מסודר בדיני אמ"י מיהם והאופן לאנושם ואילך תוכנית כל התגבלות. קרשה יותר רבה מאשר קודמו לה תהיה בפעשה זה בדין, אושר הנושא, רשימה של חמשה יהודים רוסים המתחייבים לתת 100000 לייש. שלשה יהודים אחרים ישלישו את הסכום עד ל-100000 לייש. הגני כמות שהסכום 25 מיליון לייש יושב. הסכומה תתן לנו את האפשרות להביא לתוך הארץ המוני יהודים רבים יותר מאשר קודמו להם הגני סקוה שיועדרו השלח ברכות שלום לסיר הרברס ססואל. תקותנו נחלה שכספך עת קצרה נגשים את החכמת רביונית. הוא סרבי בשלים חמת על קרן היסוד וסקוה שכלם יתחמו לקרן יותר סכמי יכלתם. כל הקבל סתריש. ומסת-דתינושות ניכרת באולם כשהגואם ססים לאם לאם; ססוך להר הוחים יש אסוף שהסכומה יחמה לו את קברי הגבאים, ושמות האנשים הגדולים עולות סתך האסוף וספנינות עלינו, חומם השופרת עלינו היא שתודיכנו אל התצלחה.

מה אחר נשבעה השלה, כן סמו כל הנאספים בתעמיד השופט בנדיק את הרצעה לסגין חסמה עברה בכל האולם כשישאל אם מתנגד מי שגוא להתעקרה.

כל היראה הנהייה בו ששום הד של קרשה-האולם סלא, ובסקום אשר רנעים אודים קדם לכן נשפעים צעקות סתירות וספריעות בעד סנות העבודה, נשפעה הסעם זו השתיקה האצילה הסורה הד וקדושה על כל בעלות, ורבים היו הצירים שענייהם זלנו הסקות בעת קריאת הקריאות פעל הבסת. ובכללות הד' ריצמן את רביו עברה רצינים כמתלוצכה אל הבסת לחם שסוחיהם על סכומי כסף לשבת קרן היסוד.

הד' סוצקן סקרא בשם המניון קונאמ' את שנות חברי הנהלה הרשה לועדה השנתים. סתאנות כסום סרעישות את אמות הססים כשנקראים שסוחיהם של חברי ססל-השלחה:

- השופט בנדיק — נשיא הכבוד.
- ה' ריצמן — נשיא.
- סר נחום סוקלוב — יזר העד הפועל.
- אלה השלחה יבחרו בסנהלי הסחלקות שסבום יאשר עי הועד הפועל הגדול, כסרוב נבחרט לועד הכשקה על עניני הכספים; סיר אלשרי סונו, לודר יונגס ורשעילר, וסר בינור סלקסנה.
- לאחד סקרא הד' סוצקן את שמות חברי הועד הפועל הגדול.

חברי העשרים הגדול

ה' נידודי, יעקב סתן, ה' סיכל, ה' הנסקה.

כני א"י צריכים לבחור בעד שני כותרים, סתקוריים וכוחים בטנע לחוקיות אספודת הועד הפועל הגדול שבתם ססוחסום דר' קליי, דה האו. קססוד, קרנה אריו וסוצקן. וסתקריכום לשעת העעילה סתך התרוממות הרות.

הרב סולל של אלסמטריה עולה על הספר וקורא לכל היהודים לסלא את תוכנם, ריש סקסים וישה עשם הרב כנישמו כבנדיק רסוחיים וכאסני ססוחתי אל השופט בנדיקס וכלחצו דו, רנע זה היה ססל לאתרות ישראל, סורה וסעריב נשקי.

סו סוקולוב נתקבל בסחואות כסים סוערות כשגוא קם וסודה על הכבוד שחלקו לו. הוא סקוה שיהנו כנהלה אסון עד הקרא הכנסיה הבסת. הרניו חיש עצמו בסעפר חרש, וסרנישו אנכי שעלי להתקיל כעבודה חרשה.

נתן אחרי נדבך עלינו להשלים את בנין ביתנו הלאומי. בריך לצרף את לא-הציונים לעבודה.

הרב סילור - הסעפן כרבינונו עוסד לשאת את נאום העעילה וכסרישו בקול עז; השוער עליה — ניכרת שתיקה של התרנושות שלא הודתה כפותה כשום ישיבה. (את נאוסו נתנו כסלאחו כסבריקינו. - הסענת) הקדושה ניכרת יותר כעלות השופט בנדיקס, לשאת את סלות-העעילה הסוערות וכסעם הראשונה ככור, רשמי התרנושות סניסות על סניו השקפים של בנדיקס.

העדה השנתית כגפרה אך רנעבודה האסחית סתחילה יק עכשו. סעשינו בארצות השונות שאליתן נחור יזכרו עד כסת אנו ראויים להורמנות הבנייה שנססרה לנו, ועד כסת אנו ראויים להיות רביו העם היהודי.

שעת תצות לילית צלצלה כשכל הצירים שרים את החקיה כמתלוצכות.

RABBI A. H. SILVER,
 THE TEMPLE,
 E. 55TH & CENTRAL AVE.
 CLEVELAND, O.



THE CITY



VOL. VI

CLEVELAND, OCTOBER 13, 1920

No. 7

Rabbi Silver to Address Meeting Next Saturday

Will Describe His Impressions of Europe in 1920

Rabbi A. H. Silver will pay his 1920 visit to The City Club Forum next Saturday noon, October 16th, when he speaks on "Europe Re-Visited: My Impressions of 1920 Compared with those of 1918 and 1919."

Few speakers who have ever appeared in our Forum have the hold upon the interest of the members that Rabbi Silver has. Each year he speaks to us, addressing an audience which packs the ball room to the doors, awakening an enthusiasm seldom equaled at our meetings, and leaving the Club awaiting his return the next year. The announcement of the meeting Saturday insures a capacity attendance and one of the great meetings of the year.

Rabbi Silver has but recently returned from an extended visit to Europe, and in his address Saturday he will compare the Europe of 1920 with the Europe he saw in 1918 and 1919.

For the hundreds of members of The City Club who have heard Rabbi Silver in his previous addresses no further description of his subject will be needed. The ball room will be filled to capacity on Saturday.

Reservations should be made at once by calling Main 5656. The meeting will start promptly at 12 noon. Tickets will be \$1.00.

City Club Plans Great Election Night Party

Returns, Band, Vaudeville and Pictures Make Up Program

The Election Night Party of The City Club, to be held in the Hollenden Ball Room on Tuesday evening, November 2nd, will be the greatest of all great City Club parties.

Preliminary announcements are made this week so that all the Citizens and their ladies may be re-assured that last year's famous Election Night party will be repeated this year with a new tent, new acts and a new and greater show.

Complete returns on the county, state and national contests will be received and thrown on the screen.

A private Western Union wire will be installed and official returns from every state in the country will be shown. A special telephone line will connect us with the Board of Elections at the City Hall, so that county returns will be shown on our screen two minutes after results are announced.

Robertson's Orchestral Band of twelve pieces, including the quartet made famous at the Round-up, will play in the ball room during the entire evening. Another orchestra will play in the Club lounge. Several vaudeville acts will appear throughout the program. Special slides and movies will be shown.

Because of the capacity crowd anticipated (1,500 attended last year), the party will be limited to Citizens and their ladies. More detailed announcements will be made later.

Hear Ye! Hear Ye!
 SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16
Rabbi A. H. Silver
 "Europe Re-Visited"
 My Impressions of 1920
 Compared with Those of
 1918 and 1919"
 Season's Big Meeting
 Reserve Now 12 Noon

Seven Hundred Hear Silver

Over seven hundred Citizens crowded the ball room last Saturday to hear Rabbi A. H. Silver make his annual address to the Club. It was the largest meeting held so far this fall.

Oct 13 (C) 1920

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WAR IS FAILURE

Rabbi Silver Brings Conviction From Europe

FOREIGN OFFICES PLOTTING

Present-Day Conditions Told to City Club

"A confirmed feeling of the almost absolute futility of war.

"That is what one carries back with him from Europe," Rabbi A. H. Silver told City Club members Saturday.

Rabbi Silver spoke on impressions of his recent visit to Europe.

"The gains which the world can credit to itself as a result of the war do not justify the sacrifices.

"European governments have learned practically nothing from this war.

"The foreign offices of Europe are still as busily engaged scheming, plotting, attempting to cut the throat of their nearest neighbor as they were before the war.

United States Mocked

"In 1918, in the days of the war, I found in Europe a spirit of idealism. I saw all about me evidence of great sacrifice and devotion. Now all is changed.

"In 1918 there was a feeling of gratitude for America.

"In 1920 one finds criticism and mockery at every turn—in England, France, Italy, everywhere.

"There is one all compelling conviction: That Europe today has above everything else, peace.

"Any man who would stir up against Russia, or any man in Asia who would stir up war against other nations, that man is bent to the best interests of humanity.

Oct. 1 - 1922

די ארטישע העלט

א שטימע פון פאלק

ווערטער רעדאקטאר!

יעדער וועט זענען אז עס איז יעצט פאראן פיל וויכטיגע ציונים מיט ארבייט ווי זיך אפצוהענגן מיט שרייבען ענטפערס אויף פערזענליכע אטאקעס און אויף וואלט זיכער פיר ליבט די ברענע פון די רבנים און פיר אולטער צו בלייבען אומגעאנזאמל פערט ווען דער ציוניסטישער דיכטער ריקס וואלט מיט ארוינגעצויגען געוואר רען אין הימן אונגעגענטען סטערן. אויך וויל ילאהר פאכין פיר אלעמען דאס דער ציוניסטישער דיכטער און פער דער יעצטיגער ארטיניסטראציען פער די הילף פון יעדען וועלכער מיט פאסזירט מיט דעם ציון רעדאקט און אין ווייט פון אונזערשטיצען אירענע וועלכע פערזען וועלכער איז צופרידען צו העלפען זיין דער גרויסער ארבייט. ניט אנטענדיג וואס אלס ארטאדאקס שטימט רב זיך אויף צו באהעפטן מיט אלע מיסלען דעם רעפארם וואס איז באטראכט אלס די גרעסטע געפאר פיר דעם אירייען לעבען אין דיעזע נע סיניע, האב אויך דאך מארבויען פער זענליכע געפיהלען און געקעטען דעם פארשטעהער פון היינען רעפארם יודעני טום צו ארדעסירען די היינע ציונים פון צו אירענע וועלכער צייט וואס ער וועלסט וועט אויסלויבען. דער ווירי דינער רבי האט אפילו נישט געפונען פיר גויסין דיעזע ברענע צו ענטפערען. אויך האב דאן וועלכט זיך ענטוואפט פון די עקער צו זיין שטערמאן פון דעם מאססיבינג אויף וועלכען פיר האבען ערווארפעט א רעפארם פון היינען דעלעגאט צום לאנדאנער קאנגרעס רעני, און ליכטער פארום בערען האט דיעזע פליכט אנטווערען און האט פערזענליך ווירער איינגעלאזען ביי דע רבנים זיך צו באטייליגען אין מיטינג ווי האבען זיך אנטוואפט אז צו פהן און האבען אויך באוואוינען דושיקוד בערען דאס ער זאל ניט דיענען אלס שטערמאן.

רבי נאָלדמאן האָט נאָך מיט אייניקלעך וואָס צוויי אריינגעשיקט זיין רעד זינגאציען פון עקזעסטיזש פאסישע און אויך האב איהם פערזענליך באנוט און ער האט פיר פארשפראכען זיין רעד זינגאציען צוריקצוהייערען. אויך האב אויך א פערזענליכען בריוו געשריבען צו רבי סילווער פערלעטרענדיג דאס אויך דעם איהם ער זאל זיך באטייליגען פון די אפטייטשען פון היינען רייסעריקט גור דאס אויך וועל בשום אופן נישט ברענגען א טרען סייע פרינציפען כדי זיין הילף צו ערדייבען. אויך דעם מאססיבינג האב אויך פערלעטרט פון שטארפונסט. דאס

פאר די מלחמה סרבנות

(אריינגעבראכט אין העליקע עסיס)

ביי א פערזענליכער אונטערזאכונג דיענסטאג, שבת תורה אווענט, ביי פיר אין פיר, גאליא, 2400 איס

סיינס ניט צו זאגען האט אלע בודען זיין איינגעשריטאנען מיט פיר, אויך טייטס ניט איין מיט א סך ציוניסטען און דאך פון אויך און וועל איבער בלויז פון א סרויער ארבייטער פיר די פאר היינעליכונג פון ציוניסטישען אידעאל. זאלען די וועלכע פריטיידיגען היינען וואס פיר א קאנטראסטוועל ארבייט זיי האבען געוואלט פהן און וועלכע די יעצטיגע ארטיניסטראציען האט נען שטערט, אויך אפילו צו אלע היינע ציוניסטען און מיטוועלעכען אין און זער ארבייט און נישט אכטען פערזען ליכע סחלעות.

מיט ציונים גרויס.
רבי שמעון בענדזשאסין



רבי בענדזשאסין, טשערמאן פון ציוניסט שען דיסטריקט, ווענען די צודיקציהונג פון רבי סילווער און רבי נאלדמאן.

פון סייערער פיר רעדאקט!

לעזערדיג די ערלענדונג פון רבי סילווער און רבי נאלדמאן דאס זיי רייסען איבער די מארבויענען מיט דעם ציוניסטישען דיכטער האט זיי ער איז יעצט צוואסגעגענטעלעך פיהל אויך אז עס איז פון פליכט אלס פערזענליכע פון דיסטריקט צו ערלענדען א אויף האב פערזענליך דעם ווירדיגען רבי סילווער איינגעלאזען זיך צו באטייליגען אין ציוניסטישע סעמינאריען דא. האט אויך בין געגען רעפארם יודענטום און ספילא אויך געגען די וועלכע וויינען מארבויענען. ראסיס אלס פיהרער, אלס שטערמאן פיהל אויך אז אויך בין פאראנטווארטליך פאר דעם פלוולאנדער ציוניזם, און עס טוט פיר לייד צו פארלירען די הילף פון וועלכע ווירדיגע סימלידער, אבער אויך האב דאס די אנטפערונג פיר גלידער וועלען אין אט דעם גרויסען קאמפונט שמעטן טיט די פירער שאפט וועלכע זיי האבען ערוועהלט און ניט אכטען די וועלכע שפעלען די ארטיניסטראציע אין פאראכט דורך אומבאשטימטע קלאגען אין דער ענטפערליכער פרעסע אנטשאט אלס פרייע רייסעליגירטע ציוניסטען זיך צו ווענדען אויב זיי האבען וועלכע קלאגען. יודעקט צו דער גויארישער פראנצואציען.

רבי שמואל שמעון בענדזשאסין
שטערמאן פלוולאנדער ציוניסטישער
דיסטריקט.
ג. ב. א. לענגער ערלענדונג וועט געגעבען ווערען אויף דעם היינטיגען
מאססיבינג.

שטימען פון פארק

הרב מ. רוקח, רבאקסער, אידישע העלפֿט:

הקדמה: השרון

אין בן ערום (פאן) נעמערן צו זיין די ארבעצערן ביי דעם ציוניסטישן דעם סיניג דעם לטען אקטאבער אין סענטראל היינצשול. איר בן ערום אונטער דעם איינדרוק אן דער סיניג האט באראשט זיך אגעלעך, לויט ווי דער נאמען האט באדייטער, אבער צו זיין גרויס באדייטערן האט זיך דער סיניג ארויסגעצויגן אלס שטרעקע צו זיך זעלבסט ווי איר צו די אלע אנטווערער.

אין באראשט רבי בערוואסין'ס הארטונג אלס איספאראנסוארטיק, איינעם וועלכער פאן דעם נוצט אויס פערזענליכייט אין און אנגעלעך בעהייט, אין אקטאבער צו פאר בלייבען אלס דער ווערטהאבער פון איינעם וועלכער בעדייטער די קליידר לאנדער אירען דארטן זיך פיהלען העכסט באלידיגט פאר און אויפליידרונג און דארטן איינפירען זייער פארדאמט צו דעם פאן וועלכער אין די ארומע אין פרענען שאנדע און פארלייטונג אייך דעם טוען נאמען פון נאכטעם פיהרער אין ווארשע ווארשע.

איר ווער נעבענעסטיג, ס'א ל ס ע ה

פרעזידענט פון קליידר לאנדער ציין דיסט.

רעפערענצאקסער!

וואס רעם לטען אקטאבער אין ווערען אין די אידישע העלפֿט א שאר פון די בעהרסט רבנים ס'א פער און נאלטאן אן ווי ציהען זיך צוריק פון ציוניסטישן דיספּאָזיציע פיל דער ציוניסטישער דיספּאָזיציע אין לויט זייער סיטונג ניט ריכטיג צוזאך בעגעשטעלט. פרענט זיך ערשטענס: די ווערענע רבנים אין דאך דער צידר, פּעטישער אינצאל נעשים טייער און שטחם העכער פון וועלכער עס אין פערזענליכייט, ווארום נאמען צוויי הען דעם גרויסען עולם א פּעטרויען צו די יעצטיגע פער פון ציוניסטישען דיספּאָזיציע ווארום טאכען דעם איינער דרום אן עטוואַס נאָס ווייס וואָסערע עולות עס ווערען דארט אין יעצטיגע ציוניסטישען דיספּאָזיציע אפּענאָן? עס וואָס דייער סודות, אויס עפעס אין ווערליך פּויל אינ'ס דיספּאָזיציע און דער, עפעס" אין דאך פון התם (א) די בעהרסט רבנים האָבען זיך נען פיהלעט בעוואַדנען ארויסצוברענגען) זיער א וויכטיגער, נאך נעוים ניט זיין פערזענליכער נאָר א פּריוציפּיעלער, פאר וואָס רעקוויזיטן? פאר וואָס ניט ארויסטוען אין דער עפעס ליכטיג ערשטערען וואָסערע פּריוציפּיעלער עולות, וועלכע עלעכטע פּאָטע

ווערען אָפּגעפּאָן אין דעם יעצטיגע ציין דיספּאָזיציע, און ווי אנדערע האָט בעדארפּ דער דיספּאָזיציע צוואַסענער

שטעלע ווערען צווייטענס:

ווי באראשט איז רבי סילוער נען פאָדערן צום אלוועלעליכען ציוניסטישן דעם פּאָנערהעט אין לאנדאן דערער ווערטהענדיג דעם סענטראלער ציוניסטישן דיספּאָזיציע, עס זיינען זיין אוועק עפּליכע חרשים צייט דער לאנדאנער קאָנפּערהעט, עס ווערט ווערען דעם קאָנפּערהעט ווער פּיעל בעדערס אין בעהרסט, עס פּראָגען זיך ארום פּלאַנען, עס ווערען נעכטע פּאָרטיע דעם פּריוציפּיעלער חשבון פון צידר ניט, אין דער לאנדאנער קאָנפּערהעט פאר אונד פאר'ן חשבון חייט עס אויך א סוד? זיינען סוד ניט בארעכטיגט צו הערען א בארעכט? סוד לייגען אין דער פרעג אן רבי סילוער האָט זייט קאָנפּערהעט פּאָליטאָניש-ווערטהענדיג סיטונען אין נאמען פון די אפּעריר קאָנפּערהעט פּאָרטיען. האָבען סוד די סוד פון פּאָליטאָנישער ציוניסטישן איר א אונטער רעכט צו ריפּאָזיציען זענען אין אונטער נאָמען איבערזעצענע סיטונען? סוד ווייטען פון א פּויל און יודע סוד שפּעטער ווער פּוילער חרב רועה לומר? זענען פּראָגען ווי ווייס איך חייט זיינען בערענט ביי פּיעל איך דען און זי וועלען האָבענליך ס'עס צופּריינענדיג פּאָרטיעפּערט ווערען.

ס'עס אכטונג,

ב פ י ש ע ר

פּיטער פון עערי ציין, פּאָליטאָניש.

ווערטהענדיג רעפּראַקסער!

רעפּראַקסער אן אייער צייטונג שטעט צו רייען די אינטערעסען פון פּאָליטעניש איך צו באַטען א פּלאַן פאר פּאָליטענער ווערטהענדיג:

סוד אין אפּויל ניט באַוואַיסט די רע רייער פון דעם קאָנפּליקט ווייען די בעהרסט רבנים, וועלכע טאכען באַטען אין אייער צייטונג פון לטען אפּשאַבער אן ווי רייכען איבער זייער ארבייט, און וועלען ווייפּער ס'עס דער פּיערערשאַפּט ניט צוואַסען ארבייטען, דאך וויל איך פרעגען די בעהרסטע רבנים: אויס די לייטונג האָט פאר טאָטע נעכטע אן זי, די בעהרסטע רבנים, וועלען אויך אפּויל נעמען אין דעם סיניג, אין דאך א באַווייזן אן זייער סיפּאָרטישן אין ווייענדיג ווערטהענדיג פּויל וועלכער רעכט האָבען זי פּיער און ארבייטען און העלען פּויל דעם פּאָליטישן בנין, אין און פּאָר עפעס ווען דער סינאָל פון פּאָליט אין און באַדראַקט ווען די לאַנד אין

סוד אין און שפּעליכע דער נאָר ער כח און האָלטען פון די פּוילישן פּען אירען אייך ענער זייט ים אין נאָר א דאָס דער האָטעל וואָס עפעס און שפּעליכע זי, ניט פּאָט צו זיין זיך אין נאָמען, אין די האָטעל אויך ארץ ישראל, ס'עס יעדע איר וואָס האָט דעם גרויס זיך צו פּאָרענען אין דעם לאַנד פון וועלכער סוד האָט פּען זיך נישט פּאָט נעמען די נאָמען צייט פון איינער שפּעליכע, ס'עס דעם גלות, ס'א פּאָר צוויי סיטונען נאָר, ווערען דא סיטונענער הערער דא נעכטע צו קענען ריפּאָרירען זיך די שפּעליכע עטויב, וואָרום ס'עס דעם דעם יעדער איר א צידר העכט פּאָר זיך אין פּאָר דעם נאָמען פּאָליט.

אין און פּאָטען ס'עס אונטער רבנים אין פּאָרטיעפּערט אן זיך באַטען ווי חשבון און פּיעל יאָרען פּאָרטיען פאר דער ציוניסטישער באַד צענטער, אין דאָס זייט נעמען די זייט אָפּצוטייטלען די ארבייט, זי באַטענען אפּויל אן זי וועלען וויר פּיער איר אפּוילען, אבער איך פּען זיט חייטען אין וואָס פּען באַטענען זיער פּיערענע ארבייט אייט ניט צו אפּען ס'עס דער נאָמען פּוילישער אפּען? אפּען האָבען זי אויטענטען צו באַטענען וואָס פּענענען זייט דער פּיערענען ניט טוט די פּיער? אן דאָס האָט זי בעוואַדנען צו פּאָר פּאָליטענער דעם פּיערען?

ני, אין ד עצה זיך אפּוילען אן א זייט? אן לאַנד אן די וועלכע איר זייער לייטונג פּיערען ניט טוט, אפּען ווייפּער פּיערען? זיין ניט אפּענען א א זייט, פּאָרטיענער, זייט בעוואַלר נעכטען דעם ווערען אין דער האַר און ווייזען זי די פּעלעך דען פון אויטענטען אן צייגען ווי עס דארף נעמען ווערען, צו ערעכטען זי דער ספּאָנס און פּיער איי יעדער זייט וואָס נעכטע אפּען, און עס זיערען נאָמען נעכטען.

ס'עס ציין נעכטען,

ב פ י ש ע ר .



אין און פּאָטען ס'עס אונטער רבנים אין פּאָרטיעפּערט אן זיך באַטען ווי חשבון און פּיעל יאָרען פּאָרטיען פאר דער ציוניסטישער באַד צענטער, אין דאָס זייט נעמען די זייט אָפּצוטייטלען די ארבייט, זי באַטענען אפּויל אן זי וועלען וויר פּיער איר אפּוילען, אבער איך פּען זיט חייטען אין וואָס פּען באַטענען זיער פּיערענע ארבייט אייט ניט צו אפּען ס'עס דער נאָמען פּוילישער אפּען? אפּען האָבען זי אויטענטען צו באַטענען וואָס פּענענען זייט דער פּיערענען ניט טוט די פּיער? אן דאָס האָט זי בעוואַדנען צו פּאָר פּאָליטענער דעם פּיערען?



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RABBI SILVER ASSERTS PACT INVITES WAR

Europe Seeks Dread- naughts Not Dreams.

"I was a great advocate of a league of nations until the treaty of Versailles was published, when I became convinced that it was not a treaty of peace but a treaty for war and that any league organized to perpetuate such a treaty is organized for war."

In his statement Rabbi A. H. Silver, of the Temple, E. 85th st. and Central ave., tells why, after touring the country before the war in favor of a league of nations, he now opposes the league as it was brought back to this country by President Wilson.

Makes Personal Investigations.
Rabbi Silver has been to Europe each year for the last three years studying conditions. In 1918 he went for the United States government as a member of a committee on public information. In the same capacity he served the French government. For his service to the latter nation he has had conferred upon him "The Academic Palma," making him an Officer of Public Instruction.

Rabbi Silver's Statement.
In the last two years the visits were personal ones. Rabbi Silver has had the opportunity of studying conditions in Europe that few if any Clevelanders have had and he speaks from his own personal investigations of conditions.

He issued this statement to The News Tuesday:

"After a visit to Europe one carries away with him the feeling of the almost absolute futility of war. One would think that after all the sacrifices the nations of Europe have endured they would have gained something. They learned apparently nothing. Their foreign offices, as of old, are busy today scheming, plotting and conspiring against their neighbors as before the war.

"There is no idealism in Europe today. In fact, American idealism has been discredited. Whereas in 1918 I found a sense of deep gratitude and love for America for what she had done in coming into the war, not for selfish reasons but to serve mankind, in 1920 I found an attitude of cynicism as to America.

League Advocate Who Attacks Pact Offered by Wilson



RABBI ABRAHAM HILLEL SILVER



מלחמה א דורכפאל זאגט רבי סילווער

די סיטועיערע פון דעם מיטן קלאָס האָבען נעכטען נעמט אלס זייער הויפט נאָט און דערנער רבי אמא הלל סילווער, וועלכער האָט געזען ווער ער איראָפּא פון 1918 און איראָפּא פון 1920.

די געוויינטען וואָס די וועלט האָט געקראָנען דורך דער מלחמה האָבען נישט די וועלט די גרויסע קרעפֿות וואָס מען האָט דערמאָר געקראָכט — האָט געוואָס רבי סילווער. — די איראָפּע פּעאַרישע רעזיטורנען האָבען אַפּפּאַלוט נאָך נישט געלערענט פון דער מלחמה. די אויסלענדישע סיניסטרעזעס פון איראָפּא זיינען נאָך אלץ באַשעפּטיגט מיט זייערע סקיס און אינסטרוקטעס, און זיינען גרויסע דעם האַלדן פון זייער נאָכמאַר אַפּעוועניידען פּונקט ווי זיי האָבען עס געמאָר געמאַר דער מלחמה.

דערנעבן וועגען סענליכע מלחמות האָט רבי סילווער געוואָס: ווער עס וויל איינפירען א מלחמה געגען רובֿ לאַנד ארעט ווער עס וויל אין רוסלאַנד איינפירען מלחמות געגען אַנדערע פעלד-הייט.

עס דער יעניער און פּאַליץ צו די בעסטע אינטערעסען פון דער פּענע-הייט.

Jewish World.

Oct. 17-1920.

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St. Louis Times
8 Oct. 20

HALF OF \$100,000 ZION DRIVE FUND PLEGGED IN A DAY

H. Silver, Foremost Advocate of Palestine Restoration, Opens Purses Wide by Stirring Appeal at Columbia Club.

500 LEADING ST. LOUIS
HEBREWS AT FEAST

Zionist's Words "If I Forget Thee, Jerusalem Let My Right Hand Forget Her Cuning" as Campaign Slogan.

By ALEX SCHAAF

The St. Louis \$100,000 Palestine restoration fund campaign was formally launched last night at a banquet in the Columbia Club, at which Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, Ohio, reputed to be the staunchest and most enthusiastic votary of Zionism among the Reformed Jews of America, was the guest of honor.

The Zionist Bureau in the Victoria Building had received tentative subscriptions from the leading synagogues of the city during the day, but after hearing the stirring appeal of Rabbi Silver, which emphasized the fact that the restoration of the Holy Land as a home for the "chosen people" was no longer a dream, most of the donors doubled and not a few trebled their gifts, so that almost half of the fund was obtained on the first day of the big drive.

Rabbi Silver, who is a young man still under 30, and whose eloquent exhortations were of one who is devoted body and soul to his cause, pronounced as the Shibboleth of the campaign the memorable words of the Psalmist: "If I forget thee, O Jerusalem, let my right hand forget her cunning, let my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth, if I prefer not Jerusalem above my chief joy."—Psalm 137:5.

Eight Rabbis Present.

Some 500 of the leading Jewish men and women of the city were present, and a number of speakers took part, including Nathan Frank, the toastmaster; E. J. Slonim, the director of the campaign; Heph Robins, chief editorial writer of The Times, and some of the principal sponsors of the Zionist movement.

St. Louis Star
Oct. 20

\$40,000 IS RAISED HERE FOR FUND TO RESTORE PALESTINE

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland Tells of Conditions Attending Restoration.

Forty thousand dollars of the proposed \$100,000 to be raised in St. Louis for the Palestine Restoration Fund was pledged last night following an address at the Columbian Club by Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland. More than 300 Jewish men and women attended.

The rabbi made an appeal for the movement. He said Palestine, when it is restored, will afford a haven of refuge for the persecuted Jews of Europe.

Rabbi Silver last year spent four months in Palestine. He said that under the mandate of England it is progressing very satisfactorily and Sir Herbert Samuel, the British high commissioner, has instituted several progressive economic measures. "The English and the Jews get along very well together," he said. "Irrigation, sanitation and the building of roads are being vigorously conducted. A new hydro-electric plant is being constructed near the Jordan River in Galilee.

"At least 1,000,000 Jews in Europe are ready to go to Palestine. The problem is to prepare Palestine for their coming, to make the land tillable for farming and the country healthy. Palestine has a fine educational system with schools ranging from the kindergarten to the high school. A Hebrew university also is being built.

"One of the great problems there is, as in this country, that of landlords profiteering in rents. Rich Turks and Syrians own the land and extract a heavy toll from the poor Arabs. It is the problem of the Zionist movement to eradicate this evil. Commerce is bound to become one of the leading industries of Palestine, as it is on the highway between Europe, Asia and Africa. Its exports are mostly fruit, grain and wine.

"The American Zionists have sent to Palestine a medical unit consisting of forty doctors and nurses, which has saved many lives. The Americans spend \$75,000 a month for sanitation alone there. Malaria, which is the disease most to be guarded against, is gradually being stamped out."

Rabbi Silver was the representative of the committee on public information in France during 1918, and was made an officer of public instruction by the French Government.

St. Louis Star
Oct. 20-20

St. Louis Star

Cleveland Rabbi Makes Strong Appeal for Palestine Fund

Gifts Totalling More Than \$40,000 Raised at Meeting Here.

An impassioned appeal in behalf of the Palestine Restoration Fund Campaign for \$100,000 in St. Louis by Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, Ohio, at a dinner in his honor at the Columbian Club, Vandevanter avenue and Lindell boulevard, last night, inspired gifts from local Jews amounting to more than \$40,000 as contributions to the fund. More than 300 Jewish men and women were present.

Rabbi Samuel Sals opened the meeting, briefly outlining its purpose to gain impetus to the local campaign for the fund. The fund campaign he characterized as a thoroughly Jewish and thoroughly human endeavor, the product not of the minds of day dreamers, but of the most serious-minded men and women of the day.

Rabbi Sals turned the meeting over to Nathan Frank who without delay introduced the speaker of the evening, Rabbi Silver.

Rabbi Answers Question.

At the outset Rabbi Silver answered the question why he was interested in the restoration of Palestine.

"Some have said that the restoration of Palestine will afford a haven of refuge for the despoiled of our people, the oppressed, the uprooted; some have said that it will be a haven of refuge not only for Jewry but for Judaism; others a place where the spirit of our people may develop and thrive, unhampered by alien environment and oppression; others that it will mean a revival of Hebrew culture and Hebrew literature in Palestine.

"All of these are valid and potent and convincing.

"But my allegiance and my consecration to it has been gained, not so much by any one, or all of them combined, as by another feeling entirely.

"We are today prone to lay too much stress on reasons. Life moves not by logic, but by the propelling power of sentiment and emotion. We are not moved by reasons, but by the onslaught of waves irresistible waves of a deep-seated, almost inexplicable emotion.

Traditions of People.

"I was brought to it by the traditions of my people, and the very history of my people cried out to me that I must ally myself with it.

"I came to it, simply, my friends, because I am a Jew."

Addressing his talk to those who were not definitely convinced of the far-reaching benefits to be derived from the success of the movement, Rabbi Silver said that most of those who were not now openly in favor of the restoration plan were in fear of the accusation of double allegiance, the fear that their loyalty would be questioned, or that their patriotism would be doubted if they should subscribe money and effort to the movement.

Not Unpatriotic.

He brushed aside such fears with the statement that no one had ever accused him of lack of patriotism because he

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Rabbi Samuel Sale, who opened the meeting, said that the Palestine restoration fund campaign was not only a Jewish, but a human movement, not based on the vagaries of visionaires but on the hopes and plans of the most serious-minded men and women of the day.

"Our Messianic hopes are revived," exclaimed Dr. Sale, "and the predictions of Daniel and the prophets are about to be fulfilled. We are not dealing now with the quasi-Messiahs, the impostors who have sprung up during the centuries since the Jews were dispersed from the land of their ancestors, with the fantastic attempts of the Middle Ages and of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth centuries. We are beckoned by the God of Israel to come and take our heritage, and every one of us should have a share in hastening the glorious day when Zion shall be restored to Israel."

Rabbi Silver's Address.

Rabbi Silver, who was introduced by Toastmaster Frank as a representative American and as a Jew to the core, said that he, a Reformed rabbi, had been led to espouse the cause of Zionism principally because he was a Jew. He added:

"Some have said that the restoration of Palestine will afford a haven of refuge for the poor of our people, the oppressed, the uprooted; some have said that it will be a haven of refuge not only for Jewry but for Judaism; others a place where the spirit of our people may develop and thrive, unhampered by alien environment and oppression; others that it will mean a revival of Hebrew culture and Hebrew literature in Palestine.

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"We are today prone to lay too much stress on reasons. Life moves not by logic, but by the propelling power of sentiment and emotion. We are not moved by reasons, but by the onslaught of waves, irresistible waves of a deep-seated, almost inexplicable emotion.

"I was brought to it by the traditions of my people, and the very his-

tory of my people cried out to me that I must ally myself with it.

"The time has come to American Jews when they should dismiss their apologetic attitude toward their patriotism. No one needs to apologize for our position as American citizens. Jews have given to America and her cause time and time again as much as any race in the United States. The American Jew asks for no indulgence, no favor of anyone. Our citizenship in this country has been won by the sweat of our brow and the blood of our hearts."

Hosts Are Massacred.

The speaker then depicted the frightful conditions of the Jews in Eastern Europe, how hosts had been massacred in the Ukraine, how they were hated and spat upon by the Poles, how the Bolsheviks were robbing them of their livelihood and how, even in Hungary, where for a time the Jews had enjoyed freedom and prosperity, Jewish life had been uprooted and their residence in that country had become unbearable.

"Hundreds of thousands of our bounded people are flocking and will flock to the United States, but hundreds of thousands are bound for the Holy Land," declared Rabbi Silver. "And what do they find there—a land not yet prepared to offer asylum for the starving multitudes, so that the British High Commissioner, himself a Jew, had to issue an edict forbidding the immigration of all who could not take care of themselves for at least one year. So you can see we need millions and it is up to us Americans to furnish them."

The Jew has held from his people, under the pale of oppression, but with a passion and a love which has made him the center of distress of his brother.

when they should dismiss their apologetic attitude toward their patriotism. No one needs to apologize for our position as American citizens. Jews have given to America and her cause time and time again as much as any race in the United States. The American Jew asks for no indulgence, no favor of anyone. Our citizenship in this country has been won by the sweat of our brow and the blood of our hearts."

Rabbi Silver traced the history of the United States from the early colonies, emphasizing each signal development with the statement, "A Jew was there." In our own times, he spoke of the crusaders who went out to the battlefields of the late war and said that "the Jew was supremely and superbly and gloriously there, and when the sun goes down on the last scene of this universe the Jew will be there."

Applauded Frequently.

Much applause punctuated Rabbi Silver's address at intervals.

Dramatically, Rabbi Silver pictured the scenes in Hungary and in Poland where Jewish property, he said, is waste and where Jewish life has been absolutely uprooted. The Jewish people of this section of Europe are like leaves driven before the wind, he said.

He told the story of four young men whom he met in Palestine last year. They had come from Poland and had spent eight months traveling before they reached Jaffa. Starving at times, in jail at others, their arrival had been thus delayed, they told him. He asked them why they should undertake their journey before transportation facilities should become normal. They told him they could not wait; that in Poland they had seen Jewish patriarchs spat upon, their beards plucked, and otherwise ridiculed; that as they walked through the streets glances of bitterness met them on all sides.

"They said to me," said Silver, "if we must starve, if we must die, then let us die on this sacred soil."

The speaker said that the Jews did not want Palestine given them, that they were not a race of alms receivers, but rather the reverse; they are given, but declared that the Jews shall accept Palestine because they will have earned by their wealth, gifts and labor.

In making his appeal in behalf of the restoration fund, Rabbi Silver said "we are building something that will endure—something that will radiate Jewish culture and energy, and we are doing something that is historic and worth while."

FAVORS SCRAPPING OF BIGGER PARTIES

Oct. 24 - Rabbi Says Democratic and Republican Bodies Have Outlived Usefulness.

"I believe the two leading political parties have outlived their usefulness, and that the places of the Republican and Democratic parties should now be taken by a conservative and a liberal party," declared Rabbi Abba H. Silver in his address yesterday in The Temple.

The convention system of nominating candidates for president was also attacked by Rabbi Silver. He stated he was strongly in favor of a presidential primary system—the direct choice of candidates by popular vote. He said that in the delegate election system the will of the people was not carried out when the national convention met. Senator Warren G. Harding was cited by Rabbi Silver as exemplifying a case wherein a candidate had a minority of elected delegates and still was named by the convention.

The Democratic and Republican presidential nominees were also discussed by Rabbi Silver. He said nobody knew where Harding stood on the League of Nations. In speaking of Gov. James M. Cox, he said that though Cox had placed himself on record as in favor of the league in its present form, yet he had also stated he was in favor of the hatchcock reservations.

Opposition to the League of Nations in its present form was expressed by the speaker. "The time is not ripe for a league, and even if it were, Europe should seek it from us, rather than we from them," he declared.

"Why should we ally ourselves with politically and financially bankrupt nations until they have had a thorough housecleaning?" he continued. "We are the greatest in wealth, power and everything else. Why should we ask favors?"

Quoting from speeches made seventeen months ago, and also from one made last Feb. 2 before he left on a European trip, Rabbi Silver explained his change in attitude on the league. He said that prior to his trip he was in favor of the plan, but that the insight gained into European conditions and affairs had completely changed his attitude.

A league of nations in some form was advocated by Rabbi Silver, but he advised that slower and more considerable action would be necessary before one adequate to maintain peace could be established.

JOIN LEAGUE, BUT SAFEGUARD U. S., IS RABBI'S PLEA

Wilson Failed by Permitting Colleagues to Keep Secret Treaties, Is Assertion.

"Watchful waiting" and extreme caution should be used on the part of the American people in entering an alliance or compact with the European countries that are morally and financially bankrupt, is the opinion of Rabbi A. H. Silver. He so expressed himself in his Sunday talk in the temple, E. 45th st. and Central ave.

"No nation can be completely independent," declared Rabbi Silver, "we are all inter-dependent. No nation can live a life of complete isolation any more than the individual can so live. Hence no sane American can be opposed to the idea of a league of nations. I have no criticism to make of the league, as such. But I do most emphatically condemn a league that is connected with a treaty that is nothing more nor less than a breeder of war and that invites us to enter a partnership financially and morally bankrupt. I submit to business men if they would care to enter such a partnership and underwrite a blank check.

Faetsels Belged With Secret Pact.

"If France, England and Italy are sincere and are really desirous of putting an end to war let them cease the various wars they are now waging. Let England treat her dependencies—Ireland, Egypt and India—in a right and just manner. Let them submit some evidence they are really in earnest and honestly mean what they say.

"There are those who say let us 'go in, and with our power, influence and prestige we can make the desirable changes in the present league and treaty. I would call your attention to the fact that there is where President Wilson, with his great faith and idealism, failed. In 1917 he believed America could do that very thing. However, when he went to the peace conference he also knew that the pockets of every foreign emissary fairly bulged with secret treaties. Then and there was the time to demand that these secret treaties be scrapped. It was then he possessed the power to make the proper demands and that golden opportunity was forever lost when he did not do so. Some say let us join and we can get out within two years if we do not care to remain. I would point out that it took us just five days to get into this titanic world struggle.

U. S. Should Enter With Caution.

"The European countries need and want us in the league. There is no question about that and now is the time for the United States to dictate the terms upon which she shall join. Let not the mistake of 1917 be repeated! We can set the terms upon which we shall join and those terms must be clearly and emphatically incorporated into the pact before we sign and not afterwards.

"As I view it there are but two courses open to the American people regarding the league and whether we

Rabbi Asks Tax Boost

To the Editor of The News—I urge my fellow citizens of Cleveland heartily to endorse, at the coming election, the five proposals designed to bring financial relief to our city and to save our educational system from complete demoralization.

The cost of operating the city has increased from less than \$2,000,000 in 1913 to over \$12,000,000 in 1920 while the city's income has remained practically the same.

The operating expense of our school system has likewise increased materially in the last few years. The payroll for teachers alone has been augmented by \$1,500,000 in the last year.

Our city then faces a great deficit.

Unless the citizens of Cleveland vote in favor of the proposals which will be submitted to them next Tuesday, every municipal department will, to a large degree, be crippled. Cleveland will not have the police and fire protection, the clean streets, the well-kept parks and boulevards and the efficiently run hospitals which the Fifth City of America ought by right to have.

Our entire school system will be seriously undermined. There are today 20,000 school children in our city who are but poorly accommodated, in basement rooms or in portable buildings, and who are not receiving the care, comfort or attention to which they are entitled. If the school levies are not approved, not only will the problem of caring for these children become increasingly difficult as their numbers increase, but virtually all our high schools, kindergartens and community centers will have to be closed.

I cannot for a moment believe that the men and women of our city will permit a condition such as this to prevail here.

Cleveland is a progressive and progressive city. In the van of civic enterprise, and a leader in many municipal projects now nationally adopted. It will not destroy this carefully constructed municipal life by withholding the necessary funds for legitimate and essential administrative and educational needs.

ABBA HILLEL SILVER.

הוי"ו א נאלדענער רעזנער, א סענאט פון ברויסען, ווען איך כליו סריבטע פאסטאס, א נוסך און איבערנעמענער איד — אכער ער האט נעקומען פארדע יצען וויזשערזיס סיס נאָרד — און ס'איז גיט געשאַנען. דער ריח האט ארויסגע-שלאָגען אפילו פון דעם נאָרטענעם גע-סעס. איד האט אפאל אַנערוועזש סט' און ווייז, דער פלינגענער נאָשק. דאס נאָר האט אַכער דער נאָשק באַקומען א שניט, און דער סען האט נעקלענגען נים פאסט, נים דראַפאטיש אפילו.

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The Modern View.
St. Louis. Oct 22 - 1920.

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THE RELATION OF ZIONISM TO PALESTINE
RESTORATION.

Mr. Frank, though not a Zionist, was chairman of the Committee of Arrangements and presided at the banquet rendered to Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, Ohio, Tuesday, at Columbian Club.

Although the invitations bore not a single word to that effect, the affair was in behalf of Palestinian Restoration. Funds aggregating \$40,000 for that purpose were subscribed chiefly by Orthodox leaders.

The question of the true relation of Palestine Restoration to Political Zionism is discussed in this issue on page 3.

Rabbi Silver gave a wonderful address that is said to have been more eloquent than any ever delivered in St. Louis by a Jewish speaker.



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Sentiment of Zionists.

Whatever one may think of the permanent success of the movement to restore Palestine as the land of the Jews, in fulfillment of long-treasured prophecies of Judaism, only a heart of stone could be untouched by the sacrifices which so many Jews of America, particularly those who are called "Orthodox," are making to help make the ancient dreams come true. At a dinner here the other night a Reform Jew rabbi, Dr. Silver of Cleveland—one of the most richly endowed speakers St. Louisans ever heard, adding the culture of the schools, of literature and of extensive travel to the natural endowment of a superb body, a quick, imaginative mind, the eye of a poet, a musical voice adapting itself in volume and range and quality to any emotion—spoke of the aspirations of his peculiar people, surviving every persecution, going through every ordeal, with the eyes of their souls fixed upon a goal it would take centuries to reach. It is one of the greatest miracles ethnology has in all its record.

The response in gifts for preparing Palestine for the populations of various countries, the poor, struggling, persecuted and pious Jews, eager to live as their fathers did in the lost Promised Land, was an affecting scene. Many, of course, gave from their affluence, but there were many more who gave large sums from their comparative poverty. When the "doubling" of previous subscriptions began, the real strain was evident, but with faces lighted with hope, the "doubling" was done.

Should the Palestine plan not be a final success, thousands of Jews will at least have been induced to flee places of persecution. It will then be easier to deal with them elsewhere. But all proposals of colonization in other places make no present appeal. These people must be taken care of now and the transplanting to Palestine seems to be the best emergency treatment.

The revival of Jewish religious hopes, as expressed in the practical support of Zionism, is one of the most remarkable spiritual phenomena of any time.

וועגען דער הארדיינר אהיים

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פראגע

Oct 29, 1920

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Churches Observe Thanksgiving Day By Union Services

Detroit 1920

Nineteenth Annual Interdenominational Meeting is Well Attended.

Orchestra hall was crowded for the community Thanksgiving service Thursday morning. The occasion marked the nineteenth annual inter-denominational observance of the day by city churches. Rabbi Abba Miller Silver, of Cleveland was the principal speaker. His sermon sounded a glowing note of hope for the future. Laymen and clerics of all religions participated. The invitation to worship was given by Rev. Galus Glenn Akins, pastor of First Congregational church. Rev. Mac H. Wallace, minister of Brewster Congregational church, delivered the invocation. Rev. C. F. Patterson, Universalist, led in prayer. Other participants were Rev. John E. Martin, Rev. James S. West, M. Hubert O'Brien, Rabbi Leo M. Frank, and Rev. Augustus P. Record. The service was furnished by the First

Universalist church quartet. Rev. William Beals Gantz made a short talk in favor of the Detroit Community Fund. The collection was donated to the fund. Rabbi Silver in his sermon, said that the maladjustments bequeathed by the world war are destined to grow less in intensity as time goes on, and that something infinitely fine and beneficent finally will evolve. Rabbi Silver has observed Europe, both in its war-time throes, and in the present anti-climax. "We are too near the struggle to appraise it," he declared. "We still are in the midst of the fotsam and jetsam of the backwash. Some day, when the mists have rolled away, we shall be able to discern the vast and significant contours of this most colossal episode of human history, and the mighty transformation in human life which it has wrought." The speaker pointed out that no war achieves anything positive. The Civil war, he declared, did not end. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.)

DIN LEAGUE BUT SAFEGUARD U. S. IS RABBI'S PLEA

"Watchful waiting" and extreme caution should be used on the part of the American people in entering an alliance or compact with the European countries that are morally and financially bankrupt, is the opinion of Rabbi A. H. Silver. He so expressed himself in his Sunday talk in the temple, E. 55th st. and Central ave.

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Pockets Bulged With Secret Facts
 "If France, England and Italy are sincere and are really desirous of putting an end to war let them cease the various wars they are now waging. Let England treat her dependencies—Ireland, Egypt and India—in a right and just manner. Let them submit some evidence they are really in earnest and honestly mean what they say.

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Rich
 Frank
 Editor
 Oct.
 1920

THANKSGIVING UNITES CREEDS

Community Service Seen as Promoter of Religious Tolerance and Understanding.

SERMON GIVEN BY RABBI

By LOUIS L. GOODNOW.

Nineteen years ago today a few ministers of different creeds, but who all professed to be servants of the same God, held in Detroit the first Community Thanksgiving Service in which Catholics, Protestants and Jews ever participated in this country. The purpose of the founders of the annual service was to promote religious tolerance and brotherly understanding by having men and women of different creeds rub elbows with each other, and participate in a service of praise to God. It was to make visible and audible the points on which all worshippers of the God of the Christians and Jews agree.

Every year the Community Service has been held in Detroit, and as time has passed, the manifestations of greater appreciation of each other by those professing different creeds has grown. The latest manifestation of this was in the recent anti-social school campaign. In that, the Catholics and Lutherans, the Dutch Reformed and the Seventh Day Adventist Churches were helped by Episcopalians, Congregationalists, Presbyterians, Methodists, Baptists and men of other denominations.

ANOTHER MANIFESTATION.

The combined effort of the Detroit Council of Churches and the Holy Name Society of the Catholics to bring about universal observance of Good Friday is another manifestation of the same spirit.

Those most enthusiastic about the Community Services admit it can not be shown that these services were directly responsible for the specific acts of whole-hearted co-operation among the different denominations, but they are sure that the ameliorating influence of these services on bitterness of denominationalism has had much to do with creating a spirit of personal co-operation. Today's services will be held at 10 a. m. at Orchestra Hall, and the collection will go to the Detroit Community Union Fund.

The example of Detroit in holding these services aroused wide comment. If Detroit could do it, other cities could do it, it was argued. The result was that other cities did adopt the Detroit idea, and today nearly all the large cities of the country are celebrating such community services.

SERMON BY JEW.

Orchestra Hall was filled before the services began with the invitation to worship by Dr. Gal is Glenn Atkins, Congregationalist. Each part of the service was conducted by men of different denominations, and the sermon was preached by a Jew, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of Cleveland. He spoke on the condition of society today, emphasizing that war is not constructive, and that it leaves a harmful aftermath, but that it clears the ground for constructive thinking and acting, and urging people to build better than before the war. He said in

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gally fine and beneficent will accrue unto the children of men.

THE WAR'S AFTERMATH

"I would not have you think of me as naive. I am not entirely uninformed about conditions as they are today in this land, and more particularly abroad. I was in Europe in 1914, during the war, and again in 1919 and 1920. I knew that the Treaty of Peace did not bring peace to Europe, and that the war for democracy did not establish democracy throughout the earth. I am acquainted with the cruel aftermath of the war, the burning misery of peoples, the wretchedness, the devastating typhus, the starvation of little children. I am not unfamiliar with the furious hatreds that are still rampant in the souls of many de-

mons. I know that in the whole of Central and Eastern Europe, from tip to toe, there is not a sound spot, one that may not at any moment become a festering wound. And I know, furthermore, that the foreign offices of Europe, like the Bourbons of old, have forgotten nothing and learned nothing. They are just as busily engaged in scheming, plotting, in playing with the destinies of peoples as they were before the war.

NO IDEALISM NOW.

"One does not find in Europe today that uplifting spirit of idealism that one saw there in the days of the war. In those tremendous days one saw all about him evidences of superb loyalty and devotion, magnificent selflessness and sacrifice, truly great and holy passions. Today, one finds in their place, cold cynicism and an un-savory realism. Men somehow are disillusioned. The beautiful dream of the night, fashioned out of the longing of men for a better world, seems to have been dissipated by the cold winds of the chill, gray dawn of peace.

"All these facts are very clear in my mind, and yet withal I am bold enough to speak today hopefully and in the true thanksgiving spirit, of a world growing better in spite of its many lapses, of a society growing stronger because of its many tribulations, and of men smothering, as it were, out of the very welter of strife and hate and suffering, a new glory and a new consecration.

"We are as yet too near the struggle to appraise it. We are still in the midst of the detsam and letsum of the backwash, some day, when the mists shall have rolled away, we shall be able to discern more accurately the vast and significant contours of this colossal episode in human history, and the mighty transformation in human life which it wrought.

WAR OPENS WAY.

"It is well to remember that no war achieves anything positive. It only clears the way for constructive achievement.

"This war, likewise, has not achieved universal peace, nor has it established democracy on earth. But it has cleared the jungle of the noxious and strangling growths which made such ideals incapable of realization. It paved the way for the future generations to achieve by dint of painstaking effort and patient building, these blessings of democracy and peace. So that while it is true that the war has not been an unmitigated blessing, while it is true that the Treaty of Versailles did not usher in the millennium, we would be unjustified in saying that the war has therefore been fought in vain, and that the untold sacrifices of men have brought us no commensurate

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10. Some say let us join and we can get out within two years if we do not care to remain. I would point out that it took us just five days to get into this chaotic world struggle.

U. S. Should Enter With Caution.

The European countries need and want us in the league. There is no question about that and now is the time for the United States to dictate the terms upon which she shall join.

Let not the mistake of 1917 be repeated! We can set the terms upon which we shall join and those terms must be clearly and emphatically incorporated into the pact before we sign and not afterwards.

"As I view it there are but two courses open to the American people regarding the league and whether we should join it. First we must stay out entirely until the European countries experience a change of heart and come clean. Until they convince us beyond any doubt of their sincerity and honesty of purpose.

"In the second place we can enter with caution—tentatively, and not place ourselves in the position of underwriting a blank check. It is my belief that the latter course will be the one that is ultimately followed."

EDITOR'S NOTE—This is the kind of a league that His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, and all good Americans want—one for peace, without Article 10, which is meant for war; if its not for



"I wish on this Thanksgiving Day, amidst the vast confusion of a world that has not yet recovered from the unprecedented upheaval of the great war, to sound a note of optimism and hope. I would have you feel as I feel, that things are coming right, that the mighty irritations and perplexities, the many maladjustments bequeathed by the war, are destined to grow less in intensity and number, and that out of the multitudinous sacrifices of this struggle something intrinsic-

What you should

Nov. 19-1920

Holds Service Here



RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER.

RABBI SILVER WILL TALK THANKSGIVING

Represents Jewish Community at Nineteenth Annual Service

Jews of Detroit will be particularly interested in the nineteenth annual community Thanksgiving service which is to take place at Orchestra Hall next Thursday morning, because of the fact that the sermon is to be delivered by Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland. Rabbi Silver is recognized as one of the foremost pulpit orators in this country. He is a very keen thinker and a leader in the civic and communal affairs of his city.

The community Thanksgiving service, which is now by its nineteenth year, was started by a small group of liberal clergymen of whose original number Rabbi Franklin is the only one still resident in Detroit. The service as usual will be participated in by representatives of the various religious denominations.

As it is expected that Orchestra Hall will be filled to its capacity, it is suggested that those wishing to attend the service should come as promptly as possible, for the service will begin promptly at 10 a. m. The general public is cordially invited.

This year the Community Thanksgiving Service will be held under peculiarly happy auspices, the committee having been particularly fortunate in securing the beautiful Orchestra Hall for the service. The speaker, too, is a man known to many of the readers of this journal as one rarely gifted as a thinker and an orator and one who will unquestionably bring to the people of Detroit a message deeply religious and yet timely and suggestive. Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, Ohio, who has accepted an invitation to deliver the sermon this year, will, we are sure, grace the occasion for he is the sort of a man who senses the larger implications of religion and is fearless as he is forceful in the interpretation of the religious problems of our age.

From year to year, since the time of its inauguration, the Community Thanksgiving Service has grown in popular esteem. There can be little doubt that this year too its influence will be felt by a circle of worshippers even larger than heretofore.

ALL TO JOIN IN THANKSGIVING

M. Franklin, Jew; the Rev. Dr. William Beale Gantt, Presbyterian; the Rev. Dr. Augustus P. Record, Unitarian; the Rev. F. F. Patterson, Universalist, and a representative from the Methodist church, not yet chosen.

Rabbi Silver is known as a factor in civic and community work in Cleveland. Because of his oratorical power he was sent to Europe during the war by Secretary of War Baker to present to the people American viewpoints on questions relating to the war.

The Community Thanksgiving Service, under the name "The Citizens' Interdenominational Thanksgiving Service," was established 19 years ago by a group of men, among whom the Rev. Lee S. McCollister, the Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, the late Reed Stuart and the late Rev. H. P. DeForest took a prominent part. With them was associated Rabbi Leo M. Franklin, who is the only member of the original group still resident in Detroit. Through the 19 years of the existence of the service, Rabbi Franklin has continued as secretary of the executive committee. The present executive committee is made up of the following men: Dr. Atkins, F. E. Bogart, Rabbi Franklin, Henry M. Land, Tracy W. McGregor, the Rev. Dr. Gantt, the Rev. C. F. Patterson, the Rev. Dr. Record and Bishop Charles D. Williams. With this group was associated for many years the late Frank D. Taylor, who died since the last service was held.

"HAS BECOME GENERAL"

In respect to the service Rabbi Franklin says:

"Today, interdenominational Thanksgiving services participated in by a greater or less number of denominations have become fairly general in various sections of our country. But when almost two decades ago, a little band of progressive clergymen in our city undertook to meet on a common platform in a religious service at least on one occasion in the year, so remarkable was the innovation regarded, that the London Times among other newspapers, commented upon it and so daring was it construed to be by the reactionary religious forces of the time, that in more than one pulpit it was denounced as a disruptive and destroying agency.

"Fortunately, as the years have passed, the service has justified itself even in the eyes of those who were at first most virulent in denunciation. It is fair to say that no other single agency has done so much to create among the religious forces of the community, an esprit de corps and among the religious men and women of Detroit,

Nov. 26, 1920
THE DETROIT JEWISH CHRONICLE

RABBI EXTOLS PILGRIM SPIRIT

Service and Self-Discipline Greatest Legacies Left to America, He Insists.

Service and self discipline are the two great legacies which the Pilgrim fathers bequeathed to their descendants, Rabbi A. H. Silver, of Cleveland, told a capacity audience at the community Thanksgiving services held at Orchestra hall Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The future of the country is assured so long as the people hold fast to these ideals, the Rabbi continued in his address on the theme: "Things Are Coming Right."

"America is unlike every other country in the world in that it is a combination of all peoples, and racial antagonisms have here their chance to be softened and merged into a coherent whole which shall have for its purpose the good of all humanity, instead of the exploitation of a chosen few," the Rabbi said in the course of his exposition of the message of the Pilgrim fathers first to their own generation and which he said now applies to America in its trying period of readjustment.

Spirit of Youth Expected.

"It is unfortunate that America has been brought into such close contact with old world ideas in this period of her history," he said. "The spirit of youth is the spirit of enterprise and of faith. That's what the world expects of America, not set notions of time-worn ideas, but the fresh adventurous pilgrimage upon the pathway of life which the Pilgrims manifested when they set sail upon tempestuous seas and, after 63 days of stress and danger and uncertainty, landed upon the shores of bleak New England.

"There was nothing pampered nor effeminate about the Pilgrim fathers. They were strong in body and courageous of soul, and theirs is the spirit we must emulate today. Because of God's bounteous natural gifts we as a nation are in danger of being weakened by great wealth. Our young people are in danger of losing the robust spirit of the pioneers who were strong so long as there remained a bit of the country unexplored. When there are now 15,000 millionaires where but one was known in the time of Washington, it behooves us to beware of the effeminating effect of great prosperity.

"Only degradation, stagnation and demoralization will follow unless the youth of today are willing to undergo strenuous discipline which alone develops fine manhood and womanhood. This discipline can be secured only by self restraint and self discipline and by the giving of ourselves to the slow task of lifting and raising humanity with us."

THEY MUST COME CLEAN.

Rabbi Abba H. Silver On the League.

The governments of Europe want us to join a league of nations in order that we may assist them in all their imperialistic enterprises. They want America's name. America's moral prestige and if necessary America's men and money to help them carry on their nefarious international projects or to perpetuate imperialistic crimes.

Such a league would not be a league of nations, but a league of foreign offices and America must not lend itself to such a thing for we would be pledging our strength and our resources to keep alive a civilization that is bankrupt and an order of things that must pass away.

It is my firm conviction that only after the great powers of Europe will have washed their hands clean, after they have righted the wrongs they have and are committing, can America consider any such alliance.

When the nations of Europe want our ideas—our beliefs and not our bayonets, our dreams and not our dreadnaughts, then we shall come to them and give of ourselves freely and generously as we have at all times given to the needs of mankind.

I am still in favor of a league of nations but before such a league can be found and in order that it may truly serve the interests of the people of Europe the evils of the times must be rectified; the European nations must surrender their imperialistic adventures and enterprises. They must come clean.

The burden which is well borne becomes light.—Ovid.

*Am. Gazette
Nov. 26, 1920.*

An item in a Cleveland (Ohio) paper to the effect that Rabbi A. H. Silver, of The Temple, would occupy the pulpit of Rabbi Louis Wolsey at the Euclid Avenue Temple on Friday evening is pleasant reading. An exchange of pulpits among the rabbis of the same city, and even of different cities, would not only prove interesting to the congregations, but would perhaps be of benefit to the rabbis themselves by showing them how congregations other than their own react to their sermons. It is an experiment well worth trying.

*Am. Gazette
Nov. 26, 1920.*

Hillel Silver of New York. Rabbi Silver was given a warm reception before he started his speech, his noted oratory powers having preceded him. Rabbi Silver said in part:

"I wish, my dear friends, at this moment of great confusion, not only in Jewish life, but in the life of the whole world, to sound a note of hope and optimism. It has been my good fortune to be among the pilgrims who visited Palestine, and I am all too well acquainted with the enormous difficulties confronting us in Palestine. I know of the paucity of men and material. I know of the almost absolute lack of all things needed for an active industrial life. I know of the perplexing problems and difficulties which we shall face in Palestine. I was also among those who represented you at the London conference, and I am all too well acquainted with the man-conflicting elements in our life, in our Zionist life and in our Jewish life. I am acquainted with the intensity of feeling, the factionalism and the factionalism in our ranks.

"We are a frightfully self-analytical and self-critical people, and in this spirit of self-criticism, we sometimes underestimate or depreciate the things which are justly and superbly ours, all the things we can be justly proud of, and overemphasize and underscore too forcibly our weaknesses and our shortcomings. I believe with every conviction of which I am capable that if we could with our weaknesses and our paucity and the smallness of our resources, with two-thirds of Jewry disorganized, broken up, scattered and ruined with the mighty opposition, I say that if we could, in spite of these almost insurmountable obstacles, wrest from the world the San Remo decision, I say that if we could do that, then there is absolutely no limit to the achievements of which we are capable.

"I am hopeful because it has been my privilege during the last few months to come in intimate contact with the men whom we have chosen as the leaders and spokesmen of our movement, and I say unto you frankly—and those who know me know that it is said in an unprejudiced spirit, that all the criticism that has been launched against the leaders of our movement here and abroad, and I am one who does believe in criticism—I believe that criticism is the only guide which

a leader has to the feeling and the thought of his followers—that all the criticism which we have freely launched is unjust. We have been exceptionally blessed by God with men, zealous, earnest, gifted, unselfish, self-sacrificing, who are ready to lay their all upon the altar of Jewish idealism and Zionist thought (Applause). In Weismann, who to me represents perhaps the energy and the force of our great movement; in men like Sokolow and No-deau who to me somehow represent the soul of our movement, and in men like Brandeis (Great applause) who to me represents the mind of our movement, I believe that we have leaders such as any great nationality and popular movement may be proud of, and may have exceptional faith in, and because of these men I also am hopeful and optimistic, and also because of this fact, because of the men and women who are in Palestine, because of their earnestness, because of their willingness to do the humble and the patient and the humdrum things of life without which any constructive task is impossible of achievement spirit of the men."

Rabbi Abba Silver Will Lecture Here



RABBI ABBA H. SILVER.

"The Faith of Our Fathers in the Lives of Our Children" is to be the subject of a lecture to be delivered at 7 o'clock tomorrow evening in the auditorium of Temple Adath Israel by Rabbi Abba H. Silver, Cleveland. The lecture is to be given under the auspices of the Temple Sisterhood. An informal reception will be held in the assembly room following the lecture. The public is invited.



Interdenominational Service To Be Held Next Week at Orchestra Hall.

One of the few public religious services in the country, if not the only one, in which Catholic, Jew and Protestant participate, will be held Thursday, Thanksgiving Day, at 10 a. m. in Orchestra Hall, when representatives from many denominations in Detroit unite in the Nineteenth Annual Community Thanksgiving Service.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of the Temple, Cleveland, will give the principal address from the subject.



RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER

"Things Are Coming Right." The offertory will be given to the Detroit Community Fund. Singing will be by the choir of the Universalist Church of Our Father, under direction of Jason Moore.

OTHERS TAKING PART.

Others who will have part in the service are: The Rev. Dr. Galus (Unitarian), the Rev. Dr. Mac' H. Wallace, Congregationalist; the Rev. James F. West, Baptist; M. Hubert O'Brien, Catholic; Rabbi Leo

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a better understanding of that brotherhood which the churches of all denominations are preaching.

HAS BEEN OF SERVICE.

"Nor has the service been a source of help and inspiration only to those who year by year have participated in it. It has been the acknowledged inspiration for the establishment of an almost unlimited number of neighborhood group Thanksgiving services participated in by churches of different denominations. To accomplish this very end was the purpose of its promoters from the beginning. In the very first announcement that they gave to the public, they stated that they did not wish to supplant any denominational service but merely to supplement those then in existence. They did not wish to undermine the religious faith of any man but to deepen and intensify the spirit of religiousness in all men.

"They did not wish to set the claims of one denomination against those of another, nor to claim superiority for sect over sect. But they did set out avowedly to stress what the various creeds held in common and to forget on a day of national thanksgiving, the differences that set up barriers 'twixt man and brother man."

Peace is First Need.

Peace is the first great need of a tired world, Rabbi Silver said, and the restoration of humanity to a normal life is the second. In the first, America, he said, has taken a leading part and in the second the influence of America is absolutely vital if proper sanity is to be conserved.

Touching upon the condition of Europe (for Rabbi Silver served overseas in the Great War, and made trips abroad in 1919 and 1920), he said he is still hopeful enough to believe that the world is growing better in spite of many lapses.

"We are too near the great struggle to be able to appraise it correctly," he said. "We are in the midst of the back-wash which is threatening to undermine our institutions and destroy the very things for which we fought, but we must remember that no war ever achieved anything positive. All war can do is clean the jungles for constructive achievements later.

War Has Cleaned Jungles.

"The Great War has not established universal peace nor has it conferred democracy upon the warring states, but it has cleared the jungle of the strangling growths which for centuries has made the reality of ideals impossible, and has cleared the way for constructive thinking. War hasn't ushered in the millennium, but it is true that Prussianism has been killed and that militarism has received its death blow. Never again will it appear in all its viciousness to threaten the peace of the world and never again will the rights of men be submerged and denied."

The meeting of the League of Nations was hailed as the best augury of the peace of the world, even though, the speaker said, the plan will need to be changed before America sees her way to enter.

"It is unfortunate for us all that a certain spirit of arrogance and pride is creeping in to smother the spirit of democracy in this country today," he continued. "The minority must be heard, it must be permitted opportunity for self-expression so that the way may be kept clear for the enunciation of doctrines which will be for the betterment of mankind. Political as well as religious liberty is absolutely essential if the spirit of America is allowed to express itself properly and vitally.

Urges Keeping of Ideals.

"Altogether too much submerged antipathy has surged to the top since the war, both in Europe and in this country, and too many men are intent upon fanning the flames of intolerance. American democracy is the only hope of the world today, and a new atmosphere of love and sympathy must be created to purify the world of its misery and despair.

"The heritage of pilgrimage is the great lesson the Pilgrims have left the world aside from the heritage of liberty of conscience. Too many men today will sacrifice their ideals for

the sake of comfort and too many people bow down in worship to practical ideas, instead of to ideals. The really practical man is the idealist. It is the man with the vision of the ultimate good who forges ahead and will be brave enough to be misunderstood and even be crucified for the sake of holding fast to his ideals.

"The practical man of God is the pilgrim who paves the way to a new life and nurses the flame of idealism until it blazes into a torch which lightens the dark corners and leads other men up into the light.

"What a torn and tortured world today needs more than anything else is a little bit of love, a human bond of sympathy, more of indulgence and more of sympathy until it finds itself out again into the light and the sunshine of God's love. That is the task America has before it as its contribution to these trying times."

Wilson's Message Read.

President Wilson's Thanksgiving message was read by M. Hubert O'Brien, and the proclamation by Governor Albert E. Sleeper was read by Rabbi Leo M. Franklin.

RABBI REBUKES FORD FOR JEWISH ATTACKS

News *Dec. 6-20*
Silver Declares Old World Propaganda Is Now Being
Circulated in U. S. to Stir Religious, Race Prejudice.

Whenever America shall persecute the Jew America will cease to be America; whenever America shall resolve itself into an organization to persecute any group of people within its borders on account of religious beliefs or racial characteristics, the soul of America will be dead, was the opinion expressed by Rabbi A. E. Silver in answer to the question: "Shall America Persecute the Jew?" in a meeting at Woodland Presbyterian church, Sunday night, replying to an article recently published in the Dearborn Independent, a newspaper owned by Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer.

Silver declared he would take no notice of any attack on the Jew as such, because the Jew had been subjected to persecutions and bitter partisan and prejudicial onslaughts for 2,000 years, and all this was neither new nor a source of worry to the Jew. In fact, it was to be expected, and the absence of it would excite more wonderment than its actual existence. But because the propaganda was a direct stab at the very fundamentals of the American principle of government, he continued, he would raise his voice. Because also there was an ulterior motive behind the whole scheme of present-day anti-Semitism, he deemed it his duty, he said, as a loyal American citizen, to do all that he could to uproot the insidious propaganda that was now being spread broadcast throughout the land.

Takes Pride in America.

"America to me," he declared, "is something more than a mere country geographically circumscribed. It is a principle, a philosophy and an experiment in spiritual unity such as the old world has never known. The German prides himself on being a Teuton, the Frenchman on the fact that he is a Gaul, the Englishman because he is an Anglo-Saxon, and so on. But here in America they are all faced and pride themselves on the fact they are Americans."

"To me, America is a great mosaic, made up of all the various peoples of the earth, a wonderful rainbow, if you please, composed of all the colors that blend and form a homogeneity, the like of which the world has never known.

America has shown how people can surrender their prejudices.

"Those who seek to fan the flame of religious or racial prejudice and array groups against groups, are making an attack on the basic and organic principle of our government—freedom of religion and freedom of thought and speech. They are endeavoring to destroy America and the spirit of democracy; they are traitors to their country, desecrators of the holy of holies, and desire to revive the spirit of ruthless medievalism that killed all that was good in mankind."

Traces Attack to Book.

"This is not an attack on the Jew

primarily. The ulterior motive, the real object is to destroy the spirit of liberalism. It first appeared in Russia in book form, purporting to be backed by an organization known as the Elders or Sons of Zion, and contained a series of protocols. It had its second edition in Russia in 1903, at the conclusion of the Russo-Jap war. It appeared in Germany in 1917, and again in 1919. It had as its object to divert the mind of the people from the rule of autocracy and the evils of that system of government and to charge the Jew with all the woes that were falling upon the people.

Finally, the book made its appearance in England and was given wide circulation through Tory agencies. It has now come to America and I know that the reactionaries in this country glory in its appearance.

"It has a nameless theme and there is nothing connected with it that can fix the identity of those who are behind it save the avenues through which it makes its appearance. But I say to you that the spirit of America shall not be killed by it. And the Jew will be found ever faithful and loyal in his devotion to true democracy and all that is best in our form of government. He will not cower nor will he cringe; nay, he will not surrender under any such attacks, whether they be waged by Ford or 10,000 like him."

Rev. Joel B. Hayden, pastor of Woodland church, said he felt that the spirit of fair play, broadmindedness and tolerance, always found in the heart of every true American, would not permit a flame of racial or religious prejudice to sweep over the land. It was absurd, he said, to think that 1 per cent of the population of the world, which the Jew comprises, could conquer the economic, industrial and governmental machinery of the world.



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רבי סילווער און רען היידען פארדא טען אנטיסעמיטיזם

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רענען און מיט היידענען פארשפרייטונג
נעמען.

Walden, 6, 1920

The Cleveland Call. Dec. 11-1920.

RABBI REBUKES FORD FOR JEWISH ATTACK

Silver Declares Old World Propaganda is Now Being Circulated in U. S. to Stir Religious, Race Prejudice.

Whenever America shall persecute the Jew America will cease to be American; whenever America shall resolve itself into an organization to persecute any group of people within its borders on account of religious beliefs or racial characteristics, the soul of America will be dead, was the opinion expressed by Rabbi A. E. Silver in answer to the question: "Shall America Persecute the Jew?" in a sermon at Woodland Presbyterian church, Sunday night, replying to an article recently published in the Dearborn Independent, a newspaper owned by Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer.

Silver declared he would take no notice of any attack on the Jew as such, because the Jew had been subjected to persecutions and bitter partisan and prejudicial onslaughts for 2,000 years, and all this was neither new nor a source of worry to the Jew. In fact, it was to be expected, and the absence of it would excite more wonderment than its actual existence. But because this propaganda was a direct stab at the very fundamentals of the American principle of government, he continued, he would raise his voice. Because also there was an ulterior motive behind the whole scheme of present-day anti-Semitism, he deemed it his duty, he said, as a loyal American citizen, to do all that he could to uproot the insidious propaganda that was now being spread broadcast throughout the land.

Takes Pride in America.

"America to me," he declared, "is something more than a mere country geographically circumscribed. It is a principle, a philosophy, and an experiment in spiritual unity such as the old world has never known. The German prides himself on being a Teuton, the Frenchman on the fact that he is a Gaul, the Englishman because he is an Anglo-Saxon, and so on. But here in America they are all fused and pride themselves on the fact they are Americans.

"To me, America is a great mosaic, made up of all the various peoples of the earth, a wonderful rainbow, if you please, composed of all the colors that blend and form a homogeneity, the like of which the world has never known. America has shown how people can surrender their prejudices.

"Those who seek to fan the flame of

religious or racial prejudice and array group against group, are making an attack on the basic and organic principle of our government—freedom of religion and freedom of thought and speech. They are endeavoring to destroy America and the spirit of democracy; they are traitors to their country, denigrators of the holy of holies, and desire to revive the spirit of ruthless medievalism that killed all that was good in mankind.

Traces Attack to Book.

"This is not an attack on the Jew primarily. The ulterior motive, the real object is to destroy the spirit of liberalism. It first appeared in Russia in book form, purporting to be backed by an organization known as the Elders or Sons of Zion, and contained a series of protocols. It had its second edition in Russia in 1905, at the conclusion of the Russo-Jap war. It appeared in Germany in 1917, and again in 1919. It had as its object to divert the mind of the people from the rule of autocracy and the evils of that system of government and to charge the Jew with all the woes that were falling upon the people.

Finally, the book made its appearance in England and was given wide circulation through Tory agencies. It has now come to America and I know that the reactionaries in this country glory in its appearance.

"It has a nameless theme and there is nothing connected with it that can fix the identity of those who are behind it save the avenue through which it makes its appearance. But I say to you that the spirit of America shall not be killed by it. And the Jew will be found ever faithful and loyal in his devotion to true democracy and all that is best in our form of government. He will not cower nor will he cringe, nay, he will not surrender under any such attacks, whether they be waged by Ford or 10,000 like him."

Rev. Joel B. Hayden, pastor of Woodland church, said he felt that the spirit of fair play, broadmindedness and tolerance, always found in the heart of every true American, would not permit a flame of racial or religious prejudice to sweep over the land. It was absurd, he said, to think that 1 per cent of the population of the world, which the Jew comprises, could conquer the economic, industrial and governmental machinery of the world.

"Americanize Ford"

To the Editor of The News:—I noted with pleasure Rabbi Silver's answer to the attack made on the Jewish race by Henry Ford. Of course a question of this kind can be expected from a man of the Henry Ford type. I suppose he will never learn every knock is a boost, especially when the knock is given an American for consideration.

Americans, as a rule, are broadminded and their consideration is given to fair play.

The rabbi is right when he states that Ford's question, "Shall America persecute the Jew?" should not be taken too seriously. I say that it will not even be considered at all by any broadminded man or woman. The trouble with Henry is that when he was a boy in school he probably thought that American history was not interesting enough for him, so his mind wandered off in another direction during the history session, and as a result he is a grown man and doesn't know

the first thing about the principles on which this great government of ours was founded. If he had paid attention during these important sessions he would be a much wiser man than he gives himself credit for being now. In other words, he would know that what he wants done to the Jews is impossible, not only to the Jews, of course, but to any other religious group.

In closing will say that if Henry Ford believes in his own expressions in this

AND NEWS Dec 9, 1920

connection he should immediately enroll in an Americanization class, and I am sure that a good teacher, who has plenty of patience, will make him see

things in the right manner, so that he may use any influence that he may have to a better end.

MAURICE CORBETT.

Declares Rabbi A. H. Silver

The precious legacy of religious liberty and freedom bequeathed by the Pilgrim Fathers still lives," declared Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of Cleveland, principal speaker at the Union Community Thanksgiving service in Orchestra hall Tuesday morning. The community service which has long been a religious feature of Thank-

sgiving of the North Woodward Congregational church, presided, and Rev. William B. Gantz, pastor of the Westside Presbyterian church, presented the needs of the Community union.

The governor's Thanksgiving proclamation was read by Rabbi Leo M. Frankline, of Temple Beth El as a part of the service.

THINGS COMING RIGHT.

"I wish on this Thanksgiving day, amidst the vast confusion of a world that has not yet recovered from the unprecedented upheaval of the great war, to sound a note of hope," said Rabbi Silver.

"I would have you feel as I feel, that things are coming right, that the mighty irritations and perplexities, the many maladjustments bequeathed by the war, are destined to grow less in intensity and number, and that out of the multitudinous sacrifice of this struggle something intrinsically fine and beneficent will accrue unto the children of men.

"I am not entirely unalarmed about conditions as they are today in this land, and more particularly abroad. I was in Europe in 1918 during the war, and again in 1919 and 1920. I know that the treaty of peace did not bring peace to Europe, and that the war for democracy did not establish democracy throughout the earth. I am so-

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.



RABBI A. H. SILVER.

Thanksgiving day celebrations for 13 years, was participated in by churches of all denominations. Dr. G. G. Atkins.

THANKSGIVING DAY DANCING at The Pier afternoon modern party and night Old Style party. You'll enjoy the red-hot atmosphere, polka dancers, extra music. It's different. —Adv.

THANKSGIVING DANCE AT PALA Continued on 2 to 12. FAYETTE —Adv.

DETROIT JOURNAL
N.W. 25-1920.

A Mayor Is Responsible for Men Under Him, Says Rabbi Silver

MAYOR FITZGERALD, as the city's chief executive, is responsible for any possible dereliction of duty on the part of Chief Smith or Director Sprosty or both, declared Rabbi A. H. Silver of the Temple, in a statement for publication in THE NEWS.

"While crime and lawlessness generally are the first fruits of a war, a condition prevailing all over the world today, there is no permanent benefit to be derived from spasmodic cleaning-up. Nor do I believe that we should have a house-cleaning at the expense of some other city; that would be like a man dumping his garbage over the fence into his neighbor's yard. But it is important that every day be cleaning day. That a wholesome fear of the law may be instilled into the citizenry, there should be rigid operation and enforcement.



RABBI A. H. SILVER

"If there is friction among the mayor, the chief of police and Director of Public Safety Sprosty, the man or men creating this condition should be dropped in the interests of good government. It is decidedly within the province of the mayor to dismiss any city official who is blocking justice. Personally, I believe in Mayor FitzGerald.

"I think he is fundamentally right. He inherited these men and it is uncomfortable to be placed in the position of official remover. Moreover, I believe that we are now reaping the harvest of an administration which stood for an 'open city.' If there are political bosses who winked at this, they should be smoked out, that the great majority may not suffer from the evil of a few short-sighted men who didn't have the courage to stand for right. They sowed the wind, we are gathering the whirlwind.

"Lawlessness and irresponsibility are direct results of the world war and the only way to check them is to hold up the hands of those in authority, at the same time insisting that every effort be made to run down and punish criminals."

SILVER DECLARES POLICE CHANGES CRIME SOLUTION

Rabbi Denounces Vice Crusades, Ridicules Blue Laws in Electrical League Talk.

A decided change in the police department was held to be the only solution of the crime situation in Cleveland by Rabbi A. H. Silver, of the Temple, in an address before the Electrical League at noon Friday.

Silver chose as his topic "Vice Crusades and the Blue Laws." He declared the blue law movement was ridiculous and denounced vice crusades, such as the one "now dying out in Cleveland," as futile in checking crime.

"The vice crusade only proves that crime has been permitted until the public demands a reform," he said. "To remedy crime conditions in Cleveland, there must be a decided improvement in our police department. It is needless to say our court system can be radically improved by securing speedier justice."

In referring to the blue law movement, Silver said if it were a move to obtain more church members it would fail.

"Churches hoping to secure larger congregations must make themselves more attractive to the people at whom they are aiming, if their ambition is to be realized," he said.

"People who want to observe Sunday religiously should be permitted to do so, but others should not be imposed upon by having Sunday made a day of gloom."

"Sunday is a day of recreation, when everyone should enjoy himself, and I believe that it is the duty of churches to encourage innocent entertainment."

'GET RESULTS OR QUIT,' RABBI TELLS POLICE

Hits at Incompetence in Crime Wave.

"If the responsible officers cannot get results they should quit."

That was the stinging statement with which Rabbi A. H. Silver closed his sermon in The Temple Sunday morning on the wave of crime which is sweeping Cleveland, leaving in its wake murdered men and desolated homes.

Rabbi Silver said the vice crusade had proved a failure and characterized it as "a confession of past incompetence on the part of those in whose hands the peace and safety and a community are entrusted and a sop thrown to an outraged and indignant citizenry."

Advocates Free Rein.

The police department should be given free rein to meet the situation, he said.

His address, in part, follows: "The vice crusade inaugurated some time ago by the mayor of our city has failed. It was bound to fail. No vice crusade ever succeeds."

"The vice crusade is an admission of past incompetency on the part of those in whose hands the peace and safety of the community are entrusted, and a sop thrown to an outraged and indignant citizenry. A vice crusade is but a heroic gesture, signifying nothing. An administration that devotes itself aggressively and continuously to the problems of vice and crime will have no need for crusades."

"Spasmodic vice crusades mean that the undeliberables of the city are passed on to another, a veritable dumping process."

"There is no one method of meeting the present situation, which is world wide in its scope. The whole of civilization is suffering a temporary demoralization. To meet the very grave

and serious situation at home we must insist on strict and efficient performance of duty on the part of those concerned with the protection of life and property and the prosecution and punishment of criminals.

Must Have Free Hand.

"The police department must be given a free hand and held to strict accountability. It must be removed from the banal influence of corrupt politics. The ward heeler and the 'stand in' are of the strongest allies of the criminals."

"The office of the prosecutor must be kept courageous and expeditious. No time should be lost in bringing criminals to justice. Delay is what every crook plays for. And our judges should back up the honest efforts of the police and prosecution. The courts have been lax in too many instances."

"The criminal must learn that punishment for crime in Cleveland is swift, certain and inevitable."

"Lack of employment is an undoubted contributory cause of crime and every effort should be made on the part of the industrial and business leaders of our community to keep unemployment down to the lowest possible limit."

"I do not believe in vigilante committees in a highly organized and populous city like Cleveland. The organization of such a citizen safety group is fraught with danger. Every

assistance, however, should be given to the police department and city authorities in their endeavor to make life and property safe in Cleveland. "If the responsible officers cannot get results they should quit."

the Y. M. This w which th this year. ly attende tures were gram. M. accompani sang sever address o picture an the memb in their " Christmas. number on files, was lobby. T. shown in These show until Chris

"New id the politic and a titu between re suits of wh in the coun pectally the Rabbi Silv or unrest i a middle c which must not to disa war.

"I am be nation beca gains in th which have the var. I not establish out the wor ed the right low than Europe and counti outrageous

Plain Dealer
Nov. 15 1920.

PAGE TWO

Y. M. C. A. Thursday event.
 This was the first ladies' night which the organization has held in a year. The meeting was large-attended and several special features were introduced in the program. Miss Mary Morgan, soprano, accompanied by Miss Nellie Jacoby, sang several songs. Following the address of Rabbi Silver, the motion picture showing the method which the members of the club will use in their "good fellowship" work at Christmas, when they will aid a number of needy and worthy families, was shown in the association lobby. The picture is also being shown in several Canton theaters. These showings of it will continue until Christmas.

War Gains.
 "New ideas are germinating in a political and economic world and a titanic struggle has set in between rest and unrest, the results of which are most easily seen in the countries of Europe and especially those of Eastern Europe," Rabbi Silver said. "Neither rest nor unrest is desirable, but there is a middle course, between the two, which must be followed if we are not to dissipate the gains of the war."

"I am hopeful of the entire situation because of the tremendous work in the interest of humanity which have been the outgrowth of the war. I know that the war has established democracy throughout the world nor has it established the rights of the smaller nations. Now that the foreign offices of the European nations are scheming and counter-scheming to gain advantageous positions and ends."

JUDGES IN STORY CONTEST CHOSEN

Prof. Thompson Heads Senior Section; Rabbi Silver Junior Chairman.

(Continued From First Page)

able stories and not merely as specimens of correct English.

Gross mistakes, however, will weigh heavily against a manuscript in the judging.

The six judges will meet the evening of Dec. 20 in The Plain Dealer building and will judge the twenty-five manuscripts submitted in each section. These fifty manuscripts will have been selected from the thousands of entries by the large central committee which meet Saturday morning in East Technical High school.

Announcement of the names of teachers on the central committee will be made before Saturday. The central committee will represent as wide a selection of schools interested in the contest as possible.

Attention again is called to the rules of the contest, which prescribe that the teacher's signature must accompany every manuscript. Since the contest is being carried out in co-operation with the schools, this method is taken to insure eligibility of manuscripts.

Some stories are coming in which violate this rule and other rules. All such manuscripts will be rejected.

Today The Plain Dealer publishes two more of the manuscripts submitted in the Christmas Story Contest. The manuscripts have been selected at random without regard to merit.

Judges Who Will Pick Winners In Plain Dealer Story Contest



Mrs. W.A. Fay

Miss Louise Prouty



Rabbi A.H. Silver

Mrs. H.R.C. Wilson

Prof. K.D. Thompson



R.E. Collins

JUDGES ARE CHOSEN FOR STORY CONTEST

Prof. Thompson to Pick Winners in Senior Section; Rabbi Silver Junior Chairman.

The names of judges who will select winners in the two sections of The Plain Dealer Christmas Story Contest are made public by the contest editor today.

The senior section group will be headed by Prof. Karl O. Thompson, head of the English Department of Case School of Applied Science.

The chairman of the junior section is Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of the Temple.

To assist him in selecting the ten winners in the junior section, Prof. Thompson will have Mrs. H. R. C. Wilson of Lakewood, chairman of the literature committee of the Cleveland Federation of Women's Clubs, and R. E.

Collins, former city clerk, and now practicing lawyer in the Williamson building.

The two other judges in the junior section will be Miss Louise Prouty, librarian of the main Public library, and Mrs. William A. Fay of Cleveland Heights, regent of the Cleveland Circle of Catholic Alumnae.

In selecting the six judges the contest editor has taken care to obtain the co-operation of six citizens who can bring to the task as wide a variety of experience as possible.

When the manuscripts go before these committees they will be judged as read-

(Continued on page 2, column 1).

Even to students of the school is called

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SIX

Dec. 16-1922

World Situation Hopeful Declares Cleveland Rabbi

In Address At Adcraft Club Meeting Rabbi Silver Gives Views On European Situation—Says Bolshevism Is Doomed To Failure

In an appealing address upon the subject of "Rest and Unrest," Rabbi Hillel Silver, of the Jewish Temple of Cleveland, gave a critical analysis of the political and industrial situation in Europe, and particularly in Russia, as he has found them on his several trips abroad during the past few years, before the members of the Adcraft club of Cuyahoga county at

ultimate goal of the human race, we know that. What we need to know is the next step and how it is to be made. Bolshevism is doomed to failure because its methods are wicked and inhuman.

"I appeal to the American people to be true to the American spirit of enterprise, fair and impartial investigation and tolerance. There is a road between the two extremes of vicious unrest and stagnating rest. This is the path which we must follow."

Dec 20 1922

EITHER 'OPEN' OR 'CLOSED' SHOP NOW

Rabbi Condemns "Effort to Destroy Trade Unionism;" Also Says Labor Bodies Must Clean House.

"The crusade for an open shop is a determined effort to destroy trade unionism," Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver declared yesterday in an address on the "Coming Industrial Struggle" at The Temple, Central avenue S. E. and E. 55th street.

"The open versus the closed shop is only the projected issue," Rabbi Silver said. "The real issue is between the shop where the union is completely ignored or opposed and the shop where the union is recognized as an agency for collective bargaining or where it holds a preferential position."

Rabbi Silver asserted trade unionism and the corollary idea of collective bargaining were here to stay.

"The workman will not surrender his only safeguard against exploitation and the one agency which has achieved for him all that he values," Rabbi Silver continued. "His right to organize at a time when business is locally and nationally organized, when farmers and professional men have their organizations, cannot be questioned."

To call the open shop the American plan and the implication that any other arrangement is un-American and unpatriotic are unmitigated balderdash.

Rabbi Silver likewise took issue with the closed shop. He said the American public could not endorse an out-and-out closed shop policy.

The alternative, however, is not the open shop, but one where the employee who has organized shall have the right to bargain collectively through their own representatives, or one where the union has a preferential position," he asserted.

Concerning the closed shop, Rabbi Silver said the American public was not yet ready to endorse such a measure.

"Twenty per cent. of the American workmen are as yet unorganized," he added. "They cannot, they must not be forced into the unions. Certainly the behavior of labor in recent years, even if only in exceptional cases, has not inspired great confidence in the social utility of the closed shop."

Trade unionism will have to subject itself to a house cleaning before the public will look with favor upon its demands.

"Unions have all too frequently shown a cynical disregard for the sacredness of a contract or an agreement. They have been too impetuous in plunging into strikes. Their leaders have often been bent more upon self aggrandizement than upon the public good. Too often have graft, sabotage and violence darkened the annals of trade unionism."

"Unions have been notorious in restricting output, in holding down industrial production to the level of the least competent."

Capital also has been guilty of antisocial act of restricting pay to boost prices.

"The unions must begin to clean their enemy within, the demagogue, and the spirit of doing as

רבי סילווער טרעם ארונים נענען אפען און "קלאוזד" שאפ

אין א דעם נאכטן אין דער פרייה
אין סאטערן איבער דעם, סאטערן
אינדוסטריעלען סאפארט האט רבי סילווער
זייער וויל ערקלערט נענען אן אפען
אדער "קלאוזד" שאפ — מיט דעם
באגרייפן ווערן איעם איינשטייטעס
פון ביידע צדדים.

דער סאפארט פאר אן אפגען שאפ
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ענטשלאסענער פארזוך צו פארטייטען
סייד יוניאנעס אפען דער ארבייטער
וועט מיט אנטערנעסן וויל איינציג
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רבי סילווער האט אבער ערקלערט א
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ווען ווייטע איינציג פארטייטען
אדער אונטער וואס די וואס האט א
פארטייטען פארטייטען.

Can't really
hear -

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NOTED RABBI WILL ADDRESS ADCRAFTERS

Members of the Adcraft club at their six o'clock dinner Thursday evening will be addressed by Rabbi Abba Silver, of the Temple, Cleveland. The club will observe ladies' night, the first of the season for the club.

Rabbi Silver will speak on "Rest and Unrest." He is considered one of the best orators in America. He has won wide fame as an orator. Recently he refused an offer to go to Chicago at a salary as large as that of the president of the United States. A. L. Oscar, an Adcraft, will be chairman of the meeting. There will also be a musical program.

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PURITAN MALT

Insist On

Learned that the
tion here was robbed Monday
of approximately 200,000 marks,
or about \$5,000, and several valu-
able documents. (Chairs and safes
in a large room on the second floor
of the old palace occupied by the
Lecturers were broken open.

"One sees today no longer the spirit of lofty idealism which was manifested in Europe during the war. In Eastern Europe there is not a spot which may not become a festering sore. The world is in a position, economic, political and social, in which a high character of statesmanship is needed.

"I am against the League of Nations and have been one of its most severe critics, yet there is a thing taking place in Europe the like of which has never happened before. Though widely apart in deals, the most representative thought of the nations participating is met and centered on one problem; the eliminating of friction in the intercourse of nations.

Need Just Methods

"No war ever achieves anything positive. The best that it can do is to pave the way for a constructive work. The spirit of rest is the deadliest enemy of human progress and civilization because it breeds stagnation. Unrest, as expressed in certain individuals and parties who would set things at rest by any means whatever, is as much of a curse to humanity as a state of complete rest.

"The effort to set things right by ruthlessness and violence leaves in its misery, hunger, hate and want. No matter how high the ideal of the movement may be if its methods are inhuman and bring suffering and misery with their execution I say its methods are wrong. Bolshevism is another name for this kind of an unrest. We see it manifested in Russia. We do not need a new prophet to define for us the

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איינפלוסר'יכע "שיקאגא טריבייזן" אמאקירט פארד

Nov. 26-1920

עקס-פרעזידענט טעפט און רבי סילווער האלפען גלעבן
צענדע רעדען אויף בני ברית טייטש.

די "שיקאגא טריבייזן" וועלכע פון
האָט פארזעכטיגט אין אנטוועקסטעס.
און אויף וועלכע פארד האָט זיך זאגאר
פארזען אין זיינע אפאלקס, האָט נעכט
פון נערוועס פאלגענדען ערשטארעל אין
וועלכער זי באווייזט דאס זי איז אן
אפערטאנער צייטונג:

עס פירט פונעם האָט טוט נעמאן
וואָס ער האָט פּעסאָניש פראטעסטירט
נעגן די אנטו אירע פראפאגאנדע
פון העטוי פארד'ס ארגאן, רודערמאן
אינדעפענדענט'ן.

ראשית, איז עס פ גרויס אויסזעס.
און אויסזעס דארף האָבן א שפּעלען
סוים אין דער אפּעספּעקט פון אס'ד
רוטאנער לעבען. אירען זייטן זיי די
איבעריגע פון אונז פיר האָבן זיך
אונזערע פעלות און אונזערע חסיונות,
און אלס אפערטאנער דארפן פיר זיין
נעגן דעם צו פארשטיינען א וועלכען
עס איז לאָס.

די אנטו אירע פראפאגאנדע, סוים
אירע פאליט באשולדיגונגען, און אן
איבערזעצונג פון איראפאליען סוים
פּעלעלעט. דער אפּעספּעקט פון
דער אלטער וועלט איז נעגן א פּעלע
פאר אירע און פיר וועלט נוס און עס
וואָס פארזעכט אס'ד פאר נעמאן.

דער גאנצער איז אן יעדער איינפלוס
וואָס באַטאָט א צושיילונג פון דער
נייא, דאָס ארדן ילאַטע פּעלע קאָ
דען צו אפּעריאָנער פּרעזען. סוים
דארפן עס באַטעספּע. אס'ד'ן אס'ד
רוטאָנע אפּעריאָנע סוים פּראַיאַדיש
ארדן אפּעריאַדיש, פּראַיאַדיש ארדן
אפּעריאַדיש, פּראַיאַדיש ארדן אס'ד
דייטש.

דער, הרעפּען" זעיעלס א צו פיר
סוים דאַלע איז אונזער לעבען. אס'ד
סעמיסיום איז איין פּאַרעט פון דער
"הייטען" פּעלע, דער שכל הישר און
נערוועספּעקטע נעמאן פון אפּעריאָ
וועט עס פּראַקטירן באַטעספּען."

פונעם צו די אירע העטוי
שיקאגא, דעם 26 —
א הוספּעריאָנער טייטשן איז דאָ אס'ד
נעוואָלפּען נעוואָרען לעבען דאָנערש'ן
טאָג אין העטעל לאַזאַל, וואָס איבער
1,000 מענטשן האָבן אנטויל געוואָסן
אין א בני ברית פּרעזען. די רעדער
זיינען געווען עס פּרעזידענט טעפט און
רבי א. ה. סילווער פון סילווער.
סוים טעפט האָט געלאָזט א נעש'ן
בעזע דער אין וועלכע ער האָט נעש'ן
פון א פּרעזע אפּראַנדלענג איבער
פארד'ס אפּעריאָנע אויף אירען, און האָט
באווייזט פּעקט סוים פונעם זיי איבער
דעם פארד איין.

רבי סילווער האָט אין זיין רעדע זיך
באווייזט אויף דעם זיי אירען דארפן
באַטעספּע דעם אנטוועקסטעס. זיין
העכטע באַווייזענדיק דערע האָט אלע
פון באַטעספּע. ער האָט געזאָגט אן
זיך איבערזעצונג נעמאן צו אנטוועקסטעס
סוים און פּעלע אירע פּעלע סוים פּעלע
לאָס פּעלע אירע פּעלע.

עוויי זאָגן זיינען אויפן טייטשן—
האָט רבי סילווער געזאָגט—פּעלעס
דארפן פיר באַטאָט סאָנען די נייע
אירען פּעלע די אירע פּעלע, און
צווייטעס דארפן פיר די אירען אלען
עירען וואָס אירע פּעלע סוים. הויפּט
נעמאן דארפן אונזערע יונג לייט באַ
טאָט ווערן לייט די אירען פּעלע זי
דעמאָס, כּדו זיי זאלען וויסען וואָס
זי אינען אירען און וואָס צו ענטפּערן
אויף די באַטעספּען נעגן אירען.
רבי סילווער האָט ערלערט און עס
איז טייטש צו פארזעכטליכען דעם
אס'ד וועגן דעם איר און אן עס איז
זי פּעלע פון די בני ברית עס צו פאַן.
די סילווערעלע און טייטשע פראַקטע
דען זיינען אירע פּעלע וויכטיגער ווי סוים
לאַזאַל'ן פּעלע—האָט רבי סילווער געזאָגט
אפּעריאָנע צו די בני ברית און זי זאל
זיך טוט אפּעריאָנע אין באַטען סוים פּעלע
לאַזאַל'ן.

Plain Dealer
Feb. 25, 1921
General News

RABBI TALKS ON LEGACY WILSON LEAVES COUNTRY

Asserts "Mighty Vision of International Comity" is Harding's Opportunity to Aid Europe.

The legacy of Woodrow Wilson—that of a mighty vision of international comity—will be the opportunity of Warren G. Harding to assist in the stabilization of Europe, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of the Temple, Central avenue 8, E. and 31, 30th street, declared yesterday in an address on "The Legacy of Wilson—The Opportunity of Harding."

"There is a feeling of sadness experienced alike by friend and foe attending the passing of Woodrow Wilson from the political stage of the world," Rabbi Silver said.

"It is hardly possible that Mr. Wilson, whose name figured so prominently and so dramatically in the annals of mankind during the past eight hectic years will ever again participate actively in the political affairs of the world. Woodrow Wilson is a broken man, broken by a supreme heroic effort in what proved to be an unheroic world. History will perhaps be more just to him than we have been. Had Mr. Wilson been assassinated in November, 1918, he would today be canonized an immortal.

"But, unlike Lincoln, he lived on through the terrible days of reconstruction and his greatness was diminished in the bitter confusion of problems for which he was unprepared by training or temperament. For Wilson was a leader, not a statesman; a prophet, not a priest."

America may have occasion in the days to come to regret the absence of certain qualities of foresight, strategy or firmness in her leader and spokesman, Rabbi Silver said.

"The legacy of Wilson is that of a mighty vision of international comity, superbly conceived and masterfully proclaimed at the critical moment," he added.

Rabbi Silver declared the time would come when a League of Nations would be perfected and that when it did come the ideal of it would be Wilson's.

Commenting on Harding's opportunity, Rabbi Silver said: "Harding has those qualities of mind which will stand him in good stead when he wrestles with the perplexing problems confronting this land.

"He may lack the vision and light of Wilson, but he has the practical sense, the homely wisdom, a gift of organization, for working with the people. He will deal with men and issues, not with ideals.

"His opportunities are great. Peace at once with Germany and the world. An end to war time legislation and war time tyrannies. Government by one man and one mind must cease. There must be a return to the even tenor of our lives.

"Harding's greatest opportunity will be found in the task of assisting in the stabilization of Europe, of disarmament, and an agreement among England, Japan and the United States on a naval holiday."

"Whether we enter the league or not, the naval competition now proceeding among these powers must end. It leads to but one thing—war."



B Kansas City
TIMES, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1921.

OHIO RABBI HERE TONIGHT.
Will Speak at Annual Meeting of United Jewish Charities.
Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, Cleveland, will be the principal speaker at the annual meeting and dinner of the United Jewish Charities tonight at the Hotel Marblebach.



Rabbi Silver is spiritual leader of The Temple, Cleveland. At the dinner tonight the officers and directors will make their annual reports and officers and directors will be elected for the coming year. The reports will show that the United Jewish Charities, which includes the Jewish Educational Institute and the Alfred Benjamin Dispensary, have accomplished great work among the Jews of Kansas City. In addition to its direct relief work the United Jewish Charities

have done regular Americanization work among immigrants coming to the city. A class of from 50 to 60 young Russian-Jew immigrants meets each week through the entire year. An industrial class of 150 girls meets each week to make garments for themselves and their families. Fifty persons are treated each day in the dispensary. All applicants are cared for. The dispensary maintains a complete medical, surgical, dental and nursing staff of thirty-two members. The organization expended \$41,000 for its various activities in 1920. The 1921 budget will be increased to \$60,000.



RABBI SILVER

Cleveland, who addressed the Toledo Retail Merchants at their thirteenth annual banquet Thursday evening.

Toledo Israelite, Jan 28 - 1921

CRITICIZES SUNDAY BLUE LAWS MOVE
Driller — Jan 3 - '21
Rabbi Silver Declares Great Harm May be Done by Reform Groups.

Unless the American people awake and hear themselves at once a great deal of harm will be done by exponents of Sunday blue laws Rabbi A. H. Silver of The Temple declared yesterday in amplifying his sermon on the subject Sunday. Rabbi Silver said he did not believe the campaign for blue laws would succeed in a large way but he did believe, he said, much mischief might be done unless the people became alive to the situation. "The greatest danger," he said, "is that blue laws may be rushed through state legislatures by country districts and small towns which would not suffer, since they have no Sunday amusements, any way. There seems to be a group of professional reformers who are never happy

unless they are making others unhappy. They are becoming the base of the national life. We would be disposed to ignore them if we did not know from experience how much harm they can do at the expense of a passive majority. "I believe the prohibition of legitimate and innocent amusements on Sunday would prove a hardship to the working-man, who loses to Sunday as his day man of recreation. I believe such a movement fostered by religious leaders would make religion distasteful to the average man. "Religion doesn't mean somberness and suppression and gloom. Religion should foster and create opportunities for enjoyment among the people. "I believe in Sunday—I believe in one day of rest in each week, but the reasons for this are hygienic, economic and industrial—not theological. "In many of our large cities many Jews observe Saturday as the Sabbath. To make them also observe Sunday as another Sabbath would certainly place them at an unfair competitive disadvantage in business. "There are many persons in the country who are not Christians. There are many atheists and agnostics. To prevent them from spending Sunday as they please certainly would be an invasion of their rights. "How far will theology be permitted to legislate for our country? The danger is that the church will encroach upon the legitimate domain of the state."

רעזולוציע פון דער עקעקוטיוו קאמיטע 6 פונם קליוולאנדער ציוו דיסטריקט

די עקעקוטיוו קאמיטע פערזאנלעך
אויסדרוקליך יענע סתירה פון דער
רעדע וואלעט האבן אסאך די דער
ליינדע פיינענען אדער פאסיווע פון
יחידים, און די לאדעט אין די סארט
אפגאבע פון אידען פון אלע סארט
ליינדע און פיינענען פונעם צייטליכע
שטראם ארבעט.

אויסגעצייכענעט

דזשארדזש סאריס בערמן.

פון סאנס סיינסן.

סיס לאפיט ביאלאצקי.

קאמיטע

ביים לעצטען סיטינג פון דער עקו
דעקטיוו קאמיטע פון דעם קליוולאנד
דער ציוו דיסטריקט האט ס'זיך דער
וואוסט אז ווילינג א רעדע וואס איז
געווארען געווארען ביי דעם לעצטען
צייטסיטען קאנסטיטונט וואס איז אפ
געווארען געווארען אין סענטיקאל
היינטיק, האט זיך אין געוויסע סארט
דען פארשפרייט דער איינזעק, אז דער
ציינדום אלס א באוועגונג איז געווען
בלויז עים ארטאדאקסישען יידענטום,
און אז די צייטליכע ארטאדאקסישען
האט טוט געוויסע יענע דערע.

Oct. 12 - 1920

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RABBI SILVER AT THE TEMPLE

GIVES WARM WELCOME AND
SPEAKS TO GREAT GATHERING.

ABLE ADDRESS OF "PREJUDICE
AND HOW TO MEET IT."

EDUCATION, ORGANIZATION AND
GOD MEANS TO OVERCOME IT

The Koff street temple was packed to the doors last evening with members and friends of the temple congregation who gathered to greet Rabbi A. H. Silver of Cleveland, who was formerly rabbi of the Koff street temple. The gathering and the enthusiastic greeting given Rabbi Silver are conclusive evidence that he is still as popular with Wheeling people as he was when located in this city.

Rabbi Silver's subject for last evening's meeting was "Prejudice and How to Meet It." With all of the wonderful oratory for which he is noted, he held the undivided attention of his audience for an hour and a quarter as he pleaded for the elimination of the prejudice that is lodged in many quarters against the Jewish race.

"I am not looking at this question from a Jew's standpoint, but from an American's standpoint," said Rabbi Silver in opening his address. "The Jews have been ridiculed and persecuted from the beginning of time, and under all this they have risen upward and gone forward, and will eventually gain the proper prestige and respect among the peoples of the world.

"Three great factors that will enable the Jews to overcome this prejudice are education, organization and God. If the Jews are educated they will be better able to combat the forces of Jew Baters. Personality comes with education, and with this great asset they should be able to draw others to the Jewish belief. Another factor is organization, which does much for the morale of the Jews, and it gives them strength and courage in themselves to face the ridicule of the people. God is the most important factor of all, and if faith is kept in him everything will turn out for our good.

"Jews are the same, taken as a class, as any other race; they have their faults and their

1921.

RABBI SILVER MAKES ADDRESS

G TELEGRAPH

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1921

RABBI SILVER TO LECTURE HERE TUESDAY NIGHT

Tomorrow evening in the Koff street temple at 8 o'clock Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver will speak on the subject, "Prejudice and How to Remove It." Rabbi Silver is a graduate of the Hebrew Union college, and was in Wheeling two years ago, at which time he delivered a remarkable address. Rabbi Silver comes to Wheeling from Cleveland, where he has a large congregation, but was a former rabbi of the local congregation. Last week he delivered two very interesting addresses in Kansas City. Rabbi Silver spent a year in France with the French high commission during the late war, and last year went to Poland and Palestine.

Rabbi Silver comes to Wheeling as the guest of the Sisterhood of Koff street temple, and at 6 o'clock tomorrow evening the ladies of the Sisterhood will hold a community supper, arranged as a compliment to Rabbi Silver. The supper will be open to members of the Jewish community only. The dining hall will be beautifully decorated, and a well-planned menu of the season's delicacies will be served under the capable direction of Mrs. Morris Jacobs, chairman of the committee in charge of the supper. Mrs. Jacobs will have an efficient corps of assistants, and Mrs. Julius Horkheimer and a large number of waitresses will have charge of the dining room.

Many of the extracts from Rabbi Silver's lectures have found a place in the hearts of all people. During his tour through the county in behalf of the fourth Liberty loan he

RABBI SILVER, BACK IN WHEELING, D ASKS OF CIVIC AFFAIRS *Telegraph Feb 9*

By ALMA ROBLITZELL.

"How is Wheeling's city government? Have the women of the city taken an active part in politics?" were almost the first words which Rabbi A. H. Silver, formerly in charge of the Eoff street temple, now at the temple in Cleveland, asked a Telegraph reporter, who greeted him on his arrival in the city yesterday. Rabbi Silver spoke at the Eoff street temple before a large audience last night, and he demonstrated that he is as eloquent and brilliant in thoughts, and that he is still as delightful, personally, as he was when he lived here. It is always a source of great satisfaction to any city to claim for its own a celebrity—still more gratifying is it to have a celebrity claim a city as one which he is always interested in and still loves in spite of his worldly success. Such is the case with Wheeling and such is true of Rabbi Silver. "I am always glad to come to Wheeling," he said. "I have a warm spot in my heart for this city, that cannot be taken by any other place. I came here, a boy just out of school, to take my first charge, and here I met warm friends, a hearty welcome and a chance to improve myself. Here I rubbed the rough edges off and really laid the foundation for my work."

While in charge of the Eoff street temple Rabbi Silver had about 150 in his congregation. He now is in charge of a congregation numbering 1,100. When asked if it was more difficult or any easier to talk to a large audience than a small one, he said:

"Of course a large audience is more inspiring—one feels that he is giving his message to a greater number, but I always enjoyed by Wheeling audiences intensely. I want to say that Wheeling audiences are in-

tellectually awake. This is a commercial city, it is true, but your people are not alive only to business interests—they are intellectually alert and I have never had better audiences anywhere than those before whom I spoke at the temple, before the Rotary club, the Women's clubs and other audiences which I

had the honor of addressing here."

"You know," Rabbi Silver was reminded, "that we are said to be exclusively a business community—that we are thinking and doing things only from a business point of view always. "That is not true," he said, "Wheeling is a great commercial city, but properly goes hand in hand with culture and refinement and I find that that is very true here."

Rabbi Silver is especially interested in the local civic welfare and almost the first things he asked were in connection with the city government and the beautifying of the town. "I see," he said, "that you have a new boulevard on the Island. That is a step in the right direction. Wheeling has great possibilities for beauty. All it needs is a civic pride to make it one of the most attractive cities in the valley."

Rabbi Silver began his ministry here in 1915, staying at Eoff street temple for two years, being called from here to Cleveland where he has been for four years. While a resident here he stupefied the state of West Virginia in behalf of woman's suffrage and he is still intensely interested in the progress of women, politically, in this community. During the war he was sent to Europe as a member of the committee on public information. He has been to Europe three times since he left Wheeling and recently was awarded a decoration by France, being made an officer of public instruction, receiving the Academie Palma.

Rabbi Silver is such a deep thinker and such a thorough student of world-wide politics that it is almost impossible to refrain from asking his opinion of events outside our own immediate sphere. He was asked what he thought of the Russian situation, and in answer said: "I have not had any first-hand information from Russia for several months, so could not give an authoritative statement about the situation there at present. I do say, however, that I think Bolshevism has been kept in power by the extreme aggression of other countries. I think the United

Germany.

States should resume trade with Russia and the blockade should be removed. This would be the most effective means of undermining Bolshevism. As to the ultimate salvation of Russia, politically, I think this reign of Bolshevism will be followed by a complete state of chaos, after which a constitutional form of government will prevail."

Rabbi Silver is one of the most engaging of persons to interview. He thinks clearly—knows what he wants to say and knows exactly how to say it. His ideas are extremely well expressed, and he is not afraid to say what he thinks. His rapid rise in his chosen work makes him a most interesting figure. If he were not so young one would say he had already arrived, but his youth makes it possible for one to say that he is a coming man, for great as his success now is, it is easy to predict a still more brilliant future for a man who will doubtless become at least a countrywide figure.

ON "PREJUDICE"

Is Honor Guest at Eoff Street Temple Banquet Last Night.

The members of the Eoff Street Temple last night gave a community dinner in honor of Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, formerly of Wheeling, who is now in charge of the Temple at Cleveland. At six o'clock the members of the congregation assembled in the Vestry of the temple and after meeting Rabbi Silver, a very tasty luncheon was served by a committee composed of the following members: Mrs. Morris, chairman; Mrs. Max Cross, Mrs. Henry Front, Sr., Mrs. L. B. Stein, Miss Flora Isouberg, Mrs. Leo Wolff, Mrs. A. M. Rice, Mrs. Henry Konneborn, Mrs. Charice Jacobs, Mrs. David Smalo, Miss Gella Speyer, Mrs. Julius Horkheimer, Mrs. B. J. Kirtz and Mrs. Carrie Levi.

At eight o'clock Rabbi Silver delivered an address on "Prejudice and How to Meet It."

"After every social upheaval there follows a wave of anti-Semitism," he said. "When the fine fittings of social life are wrenched apart, there inevitably results a certain amount of friction. The latent and submerged prejudices and antipathies of races surge to the top. And where there is a storm there is a great deal of scum; where there is fever there are fever sores. And these sporadic outbreaks of anti-Jewish propaganda are the direct results of social unrest and upheaval.

An echo of the same anti-Jewish propaganda has been heard upon our own shores here in America. Anti-Semitism here does not fortunately, express itself in legislation, in political discrimination but you find occasionally traces of it in press and pulpit, and in social relations. Now, men often ask; what is the cause of it? And men often give various explanations for anti-Semitism. There is no one single explanation of anti-Semitism extant—one that would explain it all. It is too complex and involved a phenomenon to be explained by one fact.

To be sure the radical element enters into it. To be sure the religious element enters. Cultural elements enter into the makeup of anti-Semitism. The Jew is distinct culturally. The sub-conscious deposit in his soul, that aggregate of centuries of a unique experience that accumulation of the ages, have given to the Jew a cultural uniqueness, and which is frequently out of harmony with the culture of the people among which they live.

"And to be sure economic causes enter into anti-Semitism. The Jew in most lands of Europe is a merchant and a small tradesman, and he is therefore, looked upon with suspicion by the farmer and by the workingman. And aristocracy always hates the merchant and the bourgeois.

"And to be sure that the spiritual element enters into anti-Semitism. The Jew has been, fortunately or unfortunately, the leaven of European civilization. Because of his intellectual individuality, his very life, has very existence in Europe was a constant challenge to religious orthodoxy; his very presence in Europe disturbed the peace and the slumbering quiet of Europe. And

so that no one single explanation can adequately and completely explain anti-Semitism. It is rather foolish to think, as some of the more timid among us think that the Jews themselves are responsible for anti-Semitism—or at least some of the Jews. Some Jews, they say are vulgar and dishonest and climbing, and therefore anti-Semitism. Well, to be sure, we have our rascals and fools. I know a goodly number myself. Every nation deserves to have some.

When a nation begins to speak of its unparalleled and unexcelled integrity, like Germany before the war, then you may be sure that it had something up its sleeve. When a city administration begins to speak of the wonderful cleanliness of the city, and of its remarkable efficient administration, you may know that election is near. The prophet of Israel never gave the people a clean bill of health; they never whitewashed the people of Israel; and the saints of Christendom and the reformers of Christendom never claimed perfection for Christendom. We strike a pretty close average—we Jews and Christians—just enough virtue to keep us out of hell and just enough vice to keep us out of heaven.

What is the solution? Education? Yes, ultimately—and the right kind of education. Do you realize that the anti-Semitism very frequently finds its strongest champions amongst the most educated classes of Europe? That prejudice finds its home among the intellectual type of education, a humanistic type of education, an education that trains the soul, that refines and purifies human affections and sentiments and emotions; an education that purges a man of all the dross and narrowness and bigotry and selfishness and intolerance—the education that broadens—that is the education that will ultimately help to solve the problems of prejudice. But it is a matter of thousands of years. It is not of tomorrow nor of the day after.

realization has been crushed—
the ruthlessness and arrogant
militarism which degra-
ded Europe for a gen-
eration, to my mind, received
blow.

THE REAL

It never again rises in all the
attempts to threaten man-
kind. The gains for a freer life,
for democracy, political and
economic, for the rights of smaller
nations, for the ultimate estab-
lishment of international con-
fidence, are real, in spite
of contrary reactions and confu-
sion and they will become more
and more visible as time moves on.
War has not destroyed civili-
zation as was feared and prophe-
sying the fateful days of the
past. On the contrary, it has
only revealed its remark-
able strength and quick recupera-
tion."

The Chronicle
Dec. 1920

MBUS Wednesday
March 1921

ווערט א סימליד אין דער ציוניסטישער ארגאניזאציע

אין דער א. ה. סילווער

נאך דער פארענטפליכונג פון
דעם ענגלישן מאגאזין איבער ארץ
ישׂראל, וואס פארזיכערט די טיפּ
דונג פון א אידישע היימלאנד, אין
עס די פליכט פון אלע אידן פאר
אינטערנאציאנאל אין די קאנאדישע
און נייספיינט ווייטער איינפוארונג פון
סיליאנען פון אונזער פאלק וועלכע
קעניגן זיך צום היימלאנד אין אלע
סיליען פון דער וועלט, צו ארגאניזירן
ווען זיך און העלפן בויען די ארץ
דישע היימלאנד.

די ציוניסטישע ארגאניזאציע אין
די איינציגע קאנספיראטור קערנער
שאפט וועלכע אין אמעריקע אין
דעם מאגאזין אלס דער מאדערנער
פון אידישען פאלק אין באנד צו
דער איינפוארונג פון פאלעסטינא.

ס'ד אפגעווען דארום צו אלע ארץ
דעם אנטוועלפונג זיך אין דער ציוני
נייטישער ארגאניזאציע, אום דאס
די ארגאניזאציע ואל קענען איין א
ווייטאקסן און אנטוועלפן די ערד
נאכדעם אינטערנאציאנאל אין ארץ
לעסטינא, ארויסגעבען אינפארמאציע
צום און באנד צו דאס לאנד, דער
טויערן די איינפוארונג אין פאר
לעסטינא, פארזיכערען די ערד
הענט ארבייט אין און אלגעמיין,
פארזיכערען ארץ ישׂראל פאר דעם
אידישען פאלק.

עס אין די פליכט פון יעדן איד
צו ווערן א סימליד אין דער
ציוניסטישער ארגאניזאציע אום דאס
אינדער פאלק ואל באסח'ן שרעלעך
די שווערע איינפאקע וואס די ערד
פרייטשער מאכעט דאס ארץ אום
ארויסגעלעבט.

Rabbi Silver, of Cleveland, Makes Splendid Impression At Temple Adath Israel

The Sisterhood of the Adath Israel Temple has added materially to the furtherance of a movement expressive of a modern tendency on the part of American Jewry—that of "back to Judaism." In the person of Rabbi Abbah Hillel Silver, of Cleveland, Ohio, who on November 30th spoke to an appreciative audience gathered at the Temple, the Sisterhood can be truly complimented in bringing to Louisville one of the finest orators it has been our delight to hear. His subject was "The Faith of Our Fathers in the Life of Our Children."

In his stirring message, Rabbi Silver expressed the opinion that the ideal American Judaism has not yet been evolved but that it will be a gradual perfect development from the modern existent Eastern and Western Judaism, both products of the galus and both bearing the narrow imprint of the galus. There will be evolved in this country a better American Judaism—not a galus product, but thrillingly and throbbingly full of emotion.

As further expressed by Rabbi Silver, the younger generation of America lays too much stress upon the logical thoughts of men and do not comprehend that religion is not to clarify reason but to reach down to the original springs of human conduct and to cleanse the souls of people.

In a most eloquent manner, Rabbi Silver stated that the American Jew need sacrifice nothing in order to justify his citizenship. From the time of the discovery of America, through every stage of her development and through every war that America has fought against evil forces from without and within, the Jew "was always there." The best service, therefore, that the Jew can give to America is to remain faithful to his heritage, to be Jews in the finest, noblest sense of the word by Jewishness and through Jewish service.

Voting a plea to Jewish fathers and mothers, the Rabbi asked that they transmit to their children the Faith of our Fathers—a faith prophetic and deeply Jewish. It is their privilege to retain for their children all the fine memories, symbols, and customs that stimulate beautiful thinking and conduct. Judaism needs not be starved and flat, nor need it be destroyed for modernism, but it can be retained within the home in all of its sanctity, in all of its beauty.

As a solution of the entire problem, Rabbi Silver expressed the following thoughts: Firstly, the "Haman" solution—that the Jews are an indestructible and eternal people; secondly, that Jews might cease to be Jews, were it not that there will always remain a faithful remnant—that Judaism rests not on strength or on numbers but in the spirit of the Jew; thirdly, that solution that education offers, were it not for some of the harmful conditions existing in the universities and colleges; fourthly, that solution offered by democracy when not misinterpreted but conceived in the idea that every man is a child of God.

The true solution, however, as expressed by the Rabbi, was the need for an intensive education of the non-Jew and the Jew himself, to Jewish principles.

In conclusion, Rabbi Silver stated that he was very optimistic as to the future of Judaism and of the outcome of anti-Semitism.

Through the foregoing message, an example of similar ones being delivered through the length and breadth of the United States, a true clarion call is being sounded to the youth of Jewry.

Through an adherence to customs, the expression of our people since time immemorial, though close allegiance to the houses of worship, and, furthermore, through loyalty to Jewish institutions that ever aim to maintain Jewish integrity—the Jewish young man and woman can build for his faith a bulwark of strength.

A
לאחרי עסקוטיהו
פון ציון דיסטריקט
אפעלירט פאר שלום

די פאלענדיקע רעזאלוציע איז לעצטען
 אונזער איינשטימיג אנגענומען געווארן
 דען אויף א סיטינג פון דער ערשטער
 סיווע-פון דעם סליזאלאנדער ציוניסטישן
 קאנגרעס:
 ..דער סליזאלאנדער ציוניסטישער
 דיסטריקט רויסט אויס זיין לאיאליטעט
 צו דער ציוניסטישער ארגאניזאציע פון
 אמעריקא און אירען פירער. און
 האט פאר א ווידער אויסגעשונגען פון
 די אינטערנאציאנעלען סוף די פירער
 פון דער אינטערנאציאנאלער ציוניסטישער
 ארגאניזאציע.
 ..פיר סאלאנגען די באדיינע פאר
 רויבונג פון א לאנדגעביט פון דער ארץ
 באנוצעט און פון וועלען אויספארשן
 אירע משפלות.
 ..בזו יענער צייט פארקערן פון פון
 אונזערע ציוניסטישע ערדיג ויך צו
 ריסקוואלירן פון באפוילונגען ויך און
 נייע קאמפיינס פאר פארקערן ויך און
 א סאפיע פון דער רעזאלוציע איז
 צוגעשיקט געווארן צו דושראדן פון
 און דר. ווייצמאן.

וויי צמח סבלת פנים
חמישע ארנאזירט

קאממע וועט איך ארגאניזירן קרן היסוד קאמפיון - דיסטריקט
 פירער פארלאנגען מען זאל ווארען ביי די קאנגרעסאן און
 צוהען זיך צוריק.

איב די קאנגרעסאן וועט אנגעהערן
 דעם קרן היסוד לויט ווי ער איז פאר
 מיליט פון דער ציוניסטישער רעזאלאציע
 צי. וועלען פון קאנגרעסאן ארביי
 פון דאס.
 פון וועלען פירערען און פיר ספיער
 פון אן אלע אונזערע פירע און פיר
 ליכטיגען צו פארפירען דאס וואס
 וועט און צווישען זיין א פראגראם
 דעמאראליזאציע פון ציוניסטישע אר
 בייט און סענסיטעבא און די איצטיגע
 באדויערענע לאנג זאל אנהאלטען.
 פיר דאסן דארט צו זיין געוועזען און
 נייטראל ביי וואסעס די קאנגרעסאן
 דעם האבען געזעט.

ביי דעם סיטינג נעמען אונזער פון
 דער קאממע צו ארגאניזירן א סבלת
 פנים צו דר. ווייצמאן האבען זיך די
 פארטרעטער פון דעם לאסאנג ציוניסטישן
 פירער דיסטריקט צוריקגעצויגען פון
 דער קאממע. ווייל די קאממע האט
 פארלאנגט אן עס זאל אויך צו דער
 וועלער צייט ארגאניזירט ווערן די
 קרן היסוד ארבייט.
 די דיסטריקט-סימבליזירט האבען גע
 נומען ווייך געשטעלט אויף דעם גרונד
 פון דער רעזאלוציע וואס ווייך ענדע
 קומעט דאס אנגענומען נישט אנטויל צו
 נעמען און קיינע פארקערן ביי וואסעס
 די קאממע קאנגרעסאן וועט אויס
 שטרעקען די סיטינג פון די ארגאני
 זירט ציוניסטישן.

- אילמע
- סיטאן
- בערשאן
- דר. מאנאקין
- סאקס סיטאן
- דר. פלאך
- קאליון



איב די קאנגרעסאן וועט באשטי
 מען צו נעמען קרן היסוד וועל
 זיך עס אונגערישטיקען -
 זאגט רבי א. ת. סילבער
 איך באטראכט די האנדלונג פון די
 דיסטריקט סימבליזירט פון דער ווייצמאן
 רעזעסאן קאממע אלס די איינציגע
 לאיגע האנדלונג אונזער די אויס
 שפערען. די רעזאלוציע פון דער לאי
 סאלער דיסטריקט ענטוועסיווע לעצטען
 סאטאן איז געווען דער ערשטער
 האנטגעספאלער צייכען צו געגעבן פיר
 דעם, עס איז נאך קלאר דאס יעדער
 צייכעט דארף צוריקהאלטען זיין פיר
 נישט ביי דן קאנגרעסאן וועט אנגעהערן
 א באשלוס.
 ..פערזענליך בין איך באדייט זיך צו
 באשטרענגען דעם באשלוס פון דער
 קאנגרעסאן וועל איך זיין דער
 צו נעמען א קרן היסוד און דער איי
 סילבער פארטע וועל איך זיין דער
 צענדליק צו ארבייטען דאס און
 ביי פאלקס צענדליק ויך צו אונזער
 ווארען דעם וועלען פון דער מאיא
 רייטע.

נאכדעם ווי די דיסטריקט סימבליזירט
 האבען זיך צוריקגעצויגען האבען די
 איבעריגע סימבליזירטע פארטרעטער
 די פרוי און די צענדליק און און אויך
 אנטרע פרוואקט ציוניסטישן זיך און
 נאטורלי און אן ארגאניזירטע קא
 מיטע צו עפארירן א פערסאנעלע
 קרן היסוד ביורא אין סליזאלאנד. א
 באפעלאנגערענדיג פון איריגע אונז
 ביזאציעס וועט פאררופען ווערן אויף
 וואסאן דעם לעצטן פאר צו ארגאניזירן
 א סבלת פנים לכבוד דר. ווייצמאן.

- די ווייצמאן רעזעסאן קאממע באי
- שטעט פון: דר. נארבע שטערמאן;
- סיסל סעקרעטאר; • פייערמאן
- רבי שמואל בענדזשאסין; רבי משה
- שומריים; דר. ס. ג. גורשטיין; י. גראם
- ייסט. ת. פליעשטיין; א. נארבער
- הערואלד; האבען. א. לעו. ג
- שפטיין; א. ראכטיין; פר. ס. נאר
- בער. פר. ס. שומריים; סעס נארבער
- הער. פייערמאן; ס. ראבער. ס. סאור
- לי. לעו ווידענמאן. וויל ווידענמאן

קאמפיינס פון דיסטריקט
סימבליזירט

אויף א סיטינג פון דער ווייצמאן
 רעזעסאן קאממע וואס איז נעמען
 אונזער אנטוועסיווע געווארן איז נע
 סאכט געווארן א פארשלאגן סיס דעם
 צוועש צו פארצייענען א קרן היסוד
 קאמפיון סיס דעם וועלען בארן פון
 דר. ווייצמאן און אונזער סאטאן. די
 פארטרעטער פון דעם ציוניסטישען די
 סיס וועלען זיינען געווען פון דעם
 אינטערנאציאנעלען באשלוס פון דער לאסי
 לער עפעקטיווע לעצטען סאטאן
 אונזער נישט צו באשפטיגען זיך סיס
 סייע נייע קאמפיינס פאר אונזער
 וועלע בארן ביי דער פארטרעטער
 דער קאממע פון דער אנטוועסיווע
 ציוניסטישער ארגאניזאציע ווייזען
 ווען געווארענען צו וועלען פאר פלי
 פון דעם סיטינג.

April 27, 1921

ORIALS

The Open Door.

THE Jewish community of the city of Louisville and particularly that portion which constitutes the Y. M. H. A., is indebted to the Adath Israel Sisterhood for the recent visit of Rabbi A. H. Silver, of Cleveland, Ohio. Those people who were so fortunate as to hear him at the overflow lecture at the Adath Israel Temple, where he thrilled his audience by his sincere logic and masterly forensic ability, took away with them many thoughts making for better Jews and purer Americanism.

WITH the many gems of expression which fell from the lips of Rabbi Silver, the Y. M. H. A. and its policy is in full accord. In dealing with that portion of his address which had to do "with the lives of our children," Rabbi Silver stressed the point that it was incumbent upon us to create a medium through which the non-Jew could learn that the Jew "hath ears, hath eyes, hath senses" and is in all respects, whenever and wherever possible, a good citizen and an asset to the community in which he lives. Obscured by his self abnegation, discouraged by the phalanx of prejudice and discrimination when he emerged from his retirement, the Jew has little opportunity to show the world of what clay he was molded, unless he finds an oracle through which he may express himself.

THE Y. M. H. A. is undoubtedly the connecting link between the Jew and the non-Jew. We need look no further than to our own Association to feel that it is the agency thru which we may fraternize with the outside world. Our building is an ornament and civic monument to the city of Louisville. The Y. M. H. A. takes a vital part in every movement of patriotic import or public welfare. Our halls and lodge rooms are used by various organizations which thereby come in contact with our officials and make the acquaintance of our members. Our Y. M. H. A. Players draw to our auditorium the drama-loving public while our cross country and basketball teams bring the Jewish people of Louisville before the public in an athletic sense. Last fall our cross country team attracted a large crowd of repre-

באיי סטערטער פאנקעט שלי סט פייערונג פון נייע תלמוד תורה

סטערטער פאר דעם נייעם און. ער איז
נישם אונזער נעפערהליכסטער שונא.
..אונזער נעפערהליכסטער שונא איז
נאר דער עפיהארט. ער קלייבט זיך
אויין צו אייך אין שכנות. ערשט איז
ער פלוין א שכן. אבער דערנאך ווערט
ער איבער אייך אייך א בעלהבות. ווען
עפיהארטות זאל חלילה ביי אונז קריי-
גען די אויבערמאכט, וועט דער איז
ווערן פויניגער נוסע צוויי..."

דר. לעווין האט אין זיין רעדע דער-
שטאמט דעם פרנליות ז"ל. אלס דער ברא-
ווער גרויסער איד וועלכער האט איני-
פירירט אירישע ערציהונג אין קליוו-
לאנד, און אנגעוויזן אן דער ענדער-
פון דער אירישער ערציהונג אין גרויס
און פעהיג צו מאכען א רוד וואס זאל
העלפען אין אזא היסטארישען מאטענט
ווי דער יעצטיגער פארזיידעליכען די
שפרעבונג צו אן אמת איריש לעבען
וואס איז סעגליך נאר אין ארץ ישראל.
דער נעקסטער רעדנער איז געווען
רבי אבא הילל סילווער, וועלכער האט
אויסגעדיקט זיין גלויבען אן עס שאפט
זיך אין אסטריא א נייער סוף איד
וואס דער גלות האט נאך נישט געזעהן.
..פיל געלען קיינסמאל דעם גלות ניס
קענען זיגנאדירען — האט רבי סילווער
געזאגט — א גרויסע אירישע ליטערא-
טור, א אירישע פילאזאפיע, א וויסעני-
שאפט, איז געשאפען געווארען אין גלות
און סוף געהען ארבייטען פאר ארץ
ישראל גלויב שאפען אן אמת איריש לע-
בען אין גלות. אונזער בעסטער ענט-
פער צום אנטווערפער דארף זיין —
נאך א תלמוד תורה און נאך איינע
אין נאך איינע."

נאך דעם האט רבי גאלדמאן געמאכט
א רעדונג אויפן פאר דאנייאנס
ערשטער תלמוד תורה בילדינג
אויף זיין אפיעל אין געזאגטע
שטעטלעך.

די שלום רעדע האט געהאלטען דער
נייער פרינציפאל פון תלמוד תורה —
א. ת. פרינדלאנד.

די ביישפייערונגען פון לעצטען און
וועלען טויזירט ווערען אין א שפע-
טערען נוסע פון ..די אידישע וועלט."

איינער פון די באנייסערערנאכט
אונזערען וואס וועט לאנג פארבלייבען
אין דעם זכרון פון די אונזערערע איז
געווען דער באנקעט וואס האט לעצטען
אונזער שטאטגעפונען אין דער גרוי-
סער דיינינג דום פון דער נייער תלמוד
תורה בילדינג. אלס שלום פון דער 4
טאגיקער פייערונג פון דעם נייעם און
סטאלט.

איבער 300 לייטע פון די פראמי-
נעסטע פעלי פתים פון שטאדט און
ווערע פרויען האבען זיך באטייליגט
אין דעם באנקעט. באנקעט ווי יי-
פארזאמלעטע ווינען פערזירט געווארען
מיט פירערע מאכליים האט זיך אנג-
פאנגען דער רעדערייזיל פון דעם אונזער.
וואס האט געקענען די אונזערערע א
וועלענעם גייסטיגען פארנייענען.

דער סאאסטאסטער איז געווען רבי
שמואל בענזשאסין. ער האט פאר-
געשטעלט אלס פרשמן רעדנער דעם
פאריהסטען טריידערייזען גאון. רבי לע-
סער פון סינסינעטי, וועלכע האט מיט
זיין דרשה געלאאטען יאן פאסרז
חז"ל און דורכגעקענט מיט דעם נע-
וועב פון דרום, אריינגעפויגט ווינע
צוהערער אין יאנער אלטער יעהנער
וועלט פון פאריזיאנעלען אירישקייט.
פאר וועלכען זאגאר דער חיים רעד-
נער פון אונזער, דר. שפריו לעווין.
האט יעצטער אויסגעדיקט געצויסמא-
לונג און בעקטשאפט.

דר. לעווין האט געהאלטען א פירע-
רעדע אבער יעדער ווען וואס אין ארויס
פון זיין פיל האט אנגעמאכט א שפיר
דעם פון ענטוויאום אין די הסדרע פון
אלע אונזערערע. עס איז געווען א
לודע רעדע אבער יעדעס זאגט —
דילע אין דער נייעם פון נשמה
און פריינדליכען פיינען

פאר די צווייטע
האט געזאגט ער
עס איז געווען די
ווינען אויף דער וויכטיגסטע פון איר
דייער ערציהונג אום צו קענען האבען
א סיסטעם דינע פארבינדונגן און אוי-
וער פארזאמלענדיג.

..אונזער נעפערהליכסטער שונא —
האט לעווין געזאגט — ווייסט איהר
ווער ער איז? ער איז נישט דער און
סינסינעטי וואס איז לעצטענס אויפגע-
שטאנען אין אסטריא און פאר וועל-
כען אסטריאנער אירען האבען זיך אוי-
רעשראקען. ביי דעם אויפגעאיישען
אירענאום ווינען אועלכע ערשיינענען
קיינ נייעם נישט און ס'שרעקט זיך

4. זעטן דאס פראגמאנט פון דער דאקטרינע פון דער
 און דער אונטערשייד צווישן און דער
 און דער אונטערשייד צווישן און דער
 און דער אונטערשייד צווישן און דער

דו שארדזש מעק און דר. ש. לעווין

אדרעסירען ציוניסטישען טייטונג

1921, 11/11

נעכטן סימאן צייט אין האפטל די ברייטעסטע אנערקענונג פון דעם
 סטאטער האבן דו שארדזש מעק פריז
 זידענס פון דער אסעריאנער ציוניסטי
 טישער ארגאניזאציע אין דר. שפרהו
 לעווין אדרעסירט די לאסאלע ציוניסטי
 טישע סתור ביי 8 לאנטאן וואס אין
 אראנזשירט נעווארען אין צואסענראנג
 בייט'ן סעסערשיר קאמפין.

דו שארדזש מעק אין צופעלישער ווייז
 זע נעווען ביים טייטונג ווייטריג אין
 פליולאנד אלס איינער פון די רעסער
 דייט'ן אין דעם ארומענט וואירקערס
 דיספוס האט איהם רבי סילוער נע
 לארען צו סיפען דו שארדזש מעק האט
 נעואנט עטליכע ווערטער וועגען די
 וויכטיגקייט פון סעסערשיר איינער
 האלטען די ארגאניזאציע און אין באר
 צעל צו דר. ווייטאן'ס אנטוסען ער
 האט אויסגעריינט די האנטונג און עס
 וועט בעלינגען די פיהרער צו סיפען צו
 א פארשטענדניש צווישן זיך און סען
 וועט סענען צוטרעטען צו דער ארבייט
 מיט פארזיינעטע קריסטען.

דער סון היסטור האט דר. לעווין נע
 זאגט דרייסיג אים די אידעע פון
 פאלס ארבייט דורך וועלכער עס זעט
 נעואסעלס ווערען א נאציאנאלעס איי
 נענטוס. וואס וועט אויך זיין די פאר
 בערייטונגס שמועס צו א נאציאנאלע
 הלוואה דער סעפארטן פון די אסע
 דיקאנער פיהרער. האט דר. לעווין נע
 זאגט באציהט זיך אויף סתעצייט
 וועלכע זיינען אין נענעוואל צו די אט
 נענטעסע פרינציפען פון די פארטא
 נעטע לאנגרעסען. אין קענען בלויז אט
 צעשפירט ווערען פון א שפעטערדיגע
 קאנטרעם. און אלס אדעליכעס קען צו
 נים זיין קיין באים פאר אונטערזאנד
 לונגען.

דר. שפרהו לעווין האט נערעדט ווע
 קען סון היסטור און דעם פרינציפען אוי
 טערשייער צווישען די אסעריאנער און
 די אייראפעאישע ציוניסטישע פיהרער.
 דעם קען נים זיין קיינע פשרות—האט
 ער נעואנט — ווייל ווייטער אנשיאונד
 קען ווייטען ווייטען זיי סודח פון סערב.
 דר. לעווין האט זיך אפגעשעלט
 אויף דעם סעפארטן וואס די ציך
 נאכטישע פיהרער האבען ארויסגעצ
 גען. ער האט פאקאנט אז אים צו ביי
 ען ארץ ישראל פון סען כאנטען די
 שאפערע כותל פון נאנען אוישישען
 פאלס און נים בלויז דעם יחיד. דער
 ציוניסטי — האט ער נעואנט — אין
 אן אויסדרוק פון פאלס ווילען אין
 דער האסטונג אויף פארזיינעטע
 טיטונג. ער זיך אויף די שאפערע
 פאלס כותל. און נענעוואל צו דער
 היסטאריע פון דעם יחיד.

רבי סילוער האט נאך דר. לעווין'ס
 רעדע פארטיידיגט די שטעלונג פון די
 אסעריאנער פיהרער. ער האט באצייט
 טעם אז די פארשיידענע ווייטען
 נים אזוי גרויס אז סען זאל נים קע
 נען סיפען צו אן אויסבלייבונג אין
 האט פארדאס די פראפאגאנדא וואס
 ווערט אנגעפיהרט צו דיסערעדיירען
 די אסעריאנער פיהרער. די אסעריאנ
 נער פיהרער. האט רבי סילוער נעואנט
 בלייבען אויך אין העברעאישע סתורה
 און ווייטען ליט פאר סעפערטאטיוס. אבער
 זיי ווילען צוטרעטען צו דער עקאנא
 טישער ארבייט אין פאלעסטינא אויף
 א ביינעסטישע אונטען און פארלאנג
 נען פון דער אינסערגאנצאנאלער אר
 נאציאנאלער די סולויבניש צו זאלען
 די פארטען אויף דעם אויפן וואס עס
 האט זיך פאסער צו צום אסעריאנער
 ווענטוס.

זאל זיין וועניגער רייך וועגען אל
 נעטיגע פרינציפען. קליטור און נא
 ציאנאליסטי — האט רבי סילוער נע
 זאגט — דעם איז דא א פראגמא
 פראקטישע סעפארטן. אין דעם דינע

ער האט פאסאנט דאס דער פונקט
 פון דעם סעפארטן וואס אז די ציוניסטי
 סען הארשען זיך זיט ווייטען צו נע
 נעווארטע ארבייט אין צו נלות בא
 ציאנאליסטי. אלס א טעפערליכער פונקט
 ווייל דר. פארטלאנג פון ציוניסטי זיין

CANCEL DEBTS OF ALLIES, SAYS RABBI

Silver Wants United States to Forego Claims When Treaty is Revised.

Declaring the allied reparation demands on Germany were preposterous and, if carried through, would retard the economic rehabilitation of Europe, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of The Temple, Central avenue S. E., and E. 55th street, in an address yesterday urged that America insist that the indemnity be reduced.

"Germany cannot pay the sum demanded by the allies without driving her people to bolshevism, and the allied countries cannot receive such a sum in goods and commodities without cluttering their own markets and ruining their own industries," Rabbi Silver declared.

"America should insist upon the payment of the allied debt until such time as the treaty is revised, the German indemnity demand reduced to what is possible and practical, and a program of mutual disarmament agreed upon."

"Then the allied debt should be canceled. We would thus render a greater service to Europe than we did during the war."

The coming of Viviani to America, Rabbi Silver said, was to keep America from making a separate peace with Germany.

"Viviani's coming and the promised advent of other emissaries point the way for America's resumption of the moral leadership of the world, which she lost in 1919," he declared.

Viviani is coming here not on a mission of courtesy or to confer on a possible modification of the league pact. He is coming here to win America's support from making a separate peace with Germany, to get the United States to sign the Treaty of Versailles and to arrange for the postponement of the payment of France's debt. The league issue is a smoke screen. France is not interested in the league one way or the other.

Concerning Russia, Rabbi Silver stated that America should resume trade relations as early as possible. Trade relations would bolster up the democratic sentiment in Russia and aid that country in getting on its feet, he said.

"Civilization in Russia must be salvaged," he said. "The soviet is the only existing agency of political control today. Its economic pretensions are fast evaporating. Communism is stultic being abandoned. Peace and trade and the exchange of ideas will strengthen the democratic sentiment and lessen the prestige and power of the Bolsheviks."

MODERN GIRL MORAL, SAYS RABBI SILVER

Plain always
This Age is No More Wicked Than Others, He Asserts

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of the Temple, Central avenue S. E., and E. 55th street, defended "Miss 1921" from his pulpit yesterday.

He declared that the morals of "our young people are as high today as they ever had been." He defended the present day styles as being "but modest cousins of those of yesterday," although he admitted they were a "little shy."

And as to the use of powder and puff he said that "were a maiden to add a few decorative touches to the indifferent work of nature, no harm is done."

But he did censure "Miss 1921" and her levy of youthful admirers by declaring that too much time was taken up with useless affairs to the exclusion of things worth while.

"Whenever I hear elderly persons speak reminiscently of the utter goodness of the days gone by, I see truth languishing to death. This age is no more wicked than preceding ages. Every generation is sufficiently wicked to make it interesting."

Waits Once Shocked England.

"Just because the girl of 1921 prefers the fox trot to the waltz is no proof of her complete abandon," Rabbi Silver

(Continued on Page 4, Column 4).

MODERN GIRL MORAL, SAYS RABBI SILVER

(Continued From First Page)

declared. "When the waltz was introduced a hundred years ago, England was scandalized, and now the most epistemically of souls approve it."

"The regrettable thing is not that our young people dance long and late or shinglety, dress gaily, play cards, or are addicted to protective coloration," he said. "The regrettable thing is that these interests exist to the exclusion of all others—that they absorb all the energies and all the leisure hours of our young men and women; that their lives are emptied of content and starved for want of rich and exhilarating experiences."

"There is transpiring a sad materialization of life, a vulgarization of taste in our land."

"One misses our young people at concerts, at lectures, at good plays, at forums, in libraries, in settlements, in all places where they may receive mental or spiritual stimulus. They neither learn nor teach and withal are tragically complacent."

"Our young people, like their aires of the middle classes, have altogether lost the art of conversation. Their talks are interminable pompous of flat banalities."

Morals Not Low, Not High.
While declaring that the morals of "our young people are not low," he said they are not high.

"What is needed isn't a suppression of amusements and recreations of pleasures and pastimes but a translation of them."

"Song and dance and plays and beautiful dress were always associated with religion. But our young people prefer noise to music and chaff to grain."

"We don't want our young people to be prudish, innocent because ignorant. They mustn't be hedged about—shielded from experience."

"But their lives should be morally unified—integrated by one supreme purpose, captured by some great ideal of service. They should strive to be right more than proper, consecrated rather than modest."

"Let them walk freely among men. Let their emotions be spacious but evenly disciplined, their mutual relations natural in knowledge of the higher truth of duty of manhood and womanhood."

Miss 18-1921
C-News

THE CLEVELAND RABBI DEFENDS MODERN MAIDEN

"Miss 1921's" Dress but Modest Kin of Yesteryear's.—Silver.

The "good old days gone by" weren't a bit better, morally, than the present, and the modern young lady is as chaste as her grandmother ever was, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver told his congregation at the Temple, E. 55th st. and Central ave., Sunday.

In his defense of "Miss 1921" Silver declared her mode of dress "is but a modest cousin of those of yesterday, although a bit 'shy' in places. He also upheld the use of the powder puff, saying "were a maiden to add a few decorative touches to the indifferent work of nature no harm is done."

What really is wrong with the youth and maidenhood of today is their absorption in the dance and other useless affairs to the utter exclusion of things worth while, the rabbi said.

RABBI SILVER'S DEFINITION OF AMERICA

God built Him a Continent of Glory and filled it with treasures untold. He studded it with sweet-flowing fountains and traced it with long-winding streams. He carpeted it with soft-rolling prairies and columned it with thundering mountains. He graced it with deep-shadowed forests and filled them with song.

Then He called unto a thousand peoples and summoned the bravest among them. They came from the ends of the earth, each bearing a gift and a hope. The glow of adventure was in their eyes and in their hearts the glory of hope.

And out of the bounty of earth and the labor of men, out of the longing of hearts and prayer of souls, out of the memory of ages and the hopes of the world, God fashioned a nation in love, blessed it with purpose sublime and called it—AMERICA.

PIPP'S WEEKLY,
MAY 28, 1921

... until he is persecuted, until he is oppressed, until the people about him show their resentment and their hatred. We are going to respond to every attack upon our people, to every libel and every slander, by more Jewishness, by more schools and synagogues and by a more intensive and loyal work in Palestine."

Rabbi Silver hailed Dr. Weismann as the "Kara of the second restoration, the man who is to announce the gathering anew of the scattered remnants of our people to a new and glorified life in Palestine." Professor Epstein he called an "Intellectual Titan." M. M. Ussichin, head of the Zionist Commission in Palestine, and Dr. Ben Zion Mossensohn also were welcomed by Rabbi Silver and Judge Julian E. Mack.

"This is a solemn moment in the history of the Jewish people," Judge Mack said. "This day will remain forever in our memories."

"The American Jew has heard the call of his suffering brothers and the American Jews will answer that call from their own plenty," Judge Irving Lehman said. "We must do all we can to relieve their needs. The work of relieving their physical distress must not slacken. Much has been given; still, few have given in accordance with their means or in accordance with the needs of the

דער קבלת פנים בקיצור

Journal

פון ש. וויטקא. אפריל 21

פון די קבלת פנים... אין די קבלת פנים... אין די קבלת פנים...

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FERVID RECEPTION TO ZIONIST LEADERS

Metropolitan Opera House
Jammed in Honor of Weiz-
mann and Einstein.

PERSECUTION SPUR TO HOPE

Rabbi Silver, Judge Julian Mack,
Judge Lehman Tell Visitors
American Jews Will Aid.

Every seat in the Metropolitan Opera House, from the pit to the last row under the roof, was filled, and hundreds stood as a reception given for American Zionists yesterday to Dr. Chaim Weizmann, head of the International Zionist Organization, Professor Albert Einstein, exponent of the theory of relativity, and their associates, who are in this country to obtain support for the Zionist movement. They applauded long and frequently at references made to the new hope of a home for Jews in Palestine under British protection.

"Our Jews of America will respond," Rabbi A. H. Silver told them. "Now, that the world has been convinced, Jewry will be convinced. And I tell you what will help and what will stimulate this mighty conviction in the souls of our people—just that new tide of anti-Semitism that has encroached upon our shores. That is not going to break our spirit and demoralize the ranks of Israel. It will strengthen and crystallize the souls of our people."

"The Jew does not..."



"Whatever our views have been in the past," he said, "no Jew who loves his people and is proud of their history can remain indifferent now. The great nations of the world have spoken. The opportunity has come for the Jews to realize their dreams. Palestine can be made again the home of prophecy. It was from there that the fiery words of prophecy went forth and the world learned the meaning of justice, love and mercy. All the Jews should help to build up Palestine, not only as a home for homeless Jews, but as a religious, a spiritual and a cultural center. You cannot build up a land by enthusiasm. Action is necessary, and liberality, generosity and sacrifice are necessary; and above all unity in Israel is necessary. I feel that in all these the Jews of America will not be wanting."

Dr. Wisemann asked the audience to stand as a tribute of appreciation for what the United States has done for the fulfillment of Jewish aspirations in Palestine, and said there was no doubt Jews could develop Palestine agriculturally and industrially if they get the opportunity and effort.

"I know many will question whether the Jews will be able to do hard work," he said. "The answer has been given by its numbers who have poured into Palestine in the last nine or ten months. You can see the young men at work today, fine, upright, clean, strong, young men, singing to the tune of the hammer on the stones as they work on the roads of Palestine. They find hard work, but ask only if it will last and go cheerfully at it."

A N.Y. World
Apr. 11-1921

AMERICAN JEWRY JOINS TO AID ZION

World Leader Weizmann Stirs Big Semetic Rally to Enthusi- asm for Palestine Home.

WILL MEET ALL ATTACKS, SAYS RABBI SILVERMAN.

"Reply to Persecutors More Jewishness," He Asserts at Metropolitan Opera Welcome.

American Jews packed the Metropolitan Opera House and overflowed to the stage yesterday afternoon in an enthusiastic meeting held in honor of Dr. Chaim Weizman, President of the World Zionist Movement; Prof. Albert Einstein and their associates. It was the first official welcome of the Zionist leaders to this country.

The appearance of the speakers brought forth applause which lasted five minutes, despite the efforts of Judge Julian W. Mack, the Chairman, to check it. From the din of clapping and shouting arose the strains of "Hatikvah," the national anthem of Zion; then "America" was sung, and "Hatikvah" again. It was the reunion of New York Jewry after years of argument between the Zionists and the non-Zionists.

Expresses Aid in America.
"Our Jews in America will respond," Rabbi Abba Hillel Silverman of Cleveland told the Zionist leaders. "And I will tell you what will help and stimulate it—this new tide of anti-Semitism which is beating against our shores. It is not going to break our spirit and demoralize the ranks of Israel. You know that saying of our Bible:
"The more you persecute, the more you oppress him, the more he grows and the more he increases. We are going to remain true to that symbol of Adirash (likening Israel to an olive, which does not yield the fruit of its oil until it is crushed. So the Jew does not yield the real oil of his spirit until he is persecuted, until he is oppressed, until the people about him show their resentment and their hatred. We are going to respond to every attack upon our people to every insult and every slander, by more Jewishness."

Asked after the meeting if he resorted to a particular anti-Semitic movement, Rabbi Silverman replied: "No; it was a general statement."

B May 9-1921
Plain Dealer

REFORM NEEDED, SILVER ASSERTS

Rabbi Opposes Revolution or Reaction.

The present age needs an aggressive program of reform, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of the Temple, Central avenue E. E. and E. 10th street, declared in an address from the pulpit yesterday on "The Three Rs of Progress—Revolution, Reaction and Reform."

"No revolution succeeds unless the masses are educated up to it," Rabbi Silver said. "Revolution is justified when the stream of life is forcibly dammed, when no peaceful means are at hand with which to remove anti-social barriers. Under popular, democratic government, revolution is needless and vicious."

"The future of our social organization is today too delicate and involved to profit from the wild tears and slashes of revolution."

"Reaction follows revolution. It is equally harmful. It kills a civilization slowly by stifling it. The reactionary is the father of the revolutionary. There is a close family relation between the white terror and the red, between the palaces of Versailles and the guillotine. The past must not embrace the future like a python its victim. Life must move on freely to new enterprises and new adjustments."



(Excerpt from letter of Congressman
Julius Kahn):

It was a great pleasure to be with you on the night of the 16th and especially to meet Rabbi Silver and the good people of Philadelphia. I thoroughly enjoyed listening to the Rabbi; in fact, it was a wonderful address.

I was under the impression that I had met him before, but remember that he happened to be away from Cleveland at the time I was there. I want to thank you for having made it possible for me to meet him.

Weisman Sees Hope.

Judge Mack then presented Dr. Weisman, and once again the audience sang the Zionist anthem. Dr. Weisman said in part:

"Let us proceed in a little cooler mood than has prevailed in this meeting to face squarely the tasks before us. In brief and simple words, every Jew is expected to do his utmost toward the upbuilding of Palestine, not only as a refuge of the oppressed and poor but as the home of the Jewish people. And because it is going to be the home for those who want it to be their home, we shall have to do our very best and our very best is just good enough for Palestine.

"There is land enough in Palestine to contain a population eight or nine times greater than we have at present. And if you hear of Arab opposition towards Jewish immigration remember that it is an opposition which is based upon neither fact nor justice.

Other Noted Speakers.

"We Jewish people understand the legitimate aspirations of the Arabs, and the center of gravity of the Arab national life is not Jerusalem, but Damascus, Cairo, Bagdad. The centre of Jewish life is Jerusalem and it is going to remain so.

"Your assistance will be the answer to all this flag waving. Along with the waving of flags and the singing, another din rings in my ears—the tramp of the Chalusim and the breaking of stones on Palestinian roads in order to fulfil this great duty."

Other speakers were Judge Irwin Lehman, Dr. Ben Mosewsohn of Palestine, Rabbi Meyer Berlin, M. M. Haischkin, head of the Zionist Commission in Palestine, Dr. Schmarya Levin of the World Zionist Executive Committee, and Louis Marshall.

Supreme Court Justice Brandeis telegraphed his regret that he could not be present. It was decided to send greetings to Sir Herbert Samuel, High Commissioner of Palestine.

A
The Federation is
The Conscience of
The Jewish People

EXTRA!

Its Voice Is The Voice
Of The Suffering, The
Needy, The Helpless

EMERGENCY CAMPAIGN BULLETIN

The Federation of Jewish Charities of Philadelphia

TO RAISE AN EMERGENCY FUND OF \$250,000

May 16-25, 1921

LOUIS WOLF, *President*

JACOB WEIL, *Secretary*

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

DR. CYRUS ADLER
JUSTIN F. ALLMAN
HARRIS J. COHN

ELIAS A. GIMBEL
LEO H. HEIMERDINGER
IRVING KOHN

COL. SAMUEL D. LIT
JACOB D. LIT
MAX MARKOWITZ

HARRY SACKS
LOUIS WOLF
BENJAMIN WOLF

Headquarters: 1512 WALNUT STREET

Mr. Louis Wolf, Chairman of the Campaign, says:

"I am tremendously pleased with the way in which the Captains and lieutenants are responding. The fine enthusiasm in evidence all along the line convinces me we will have no difficulty in raising the additional \$250,000."

Congressman Julius Kahn, of California, will be one of the speakers at the opening dinner at the Adelphia, on Monday, May 16th. Mr. Kahn, as author of the Selective Draft Law and as a Patriot of the first water, was a conspicuous American figure during the World War. It will be an exceptional privilege to hear him speak.

Another speaker at the opening dinner will be Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, one of the most distinguished of American pulpit orators. A noted statesman said of him recently: "I believe there are only two other men in America comparable with him as a speaker." The community will be proud to welcome two such men as Congressman Kahn and Rabbi Silver.

Just glimpse some of the enterprising men who are going to serve on the team of Jacob Broisky. Every one is a live wire, siming and snapping with campaign energy: Michael Cantor, Samuel Cantor, Philip Publicker, Benjamin H. Wolf and William Zuckerman.

Mr. Barney Selig, who devotes his entire time as a volunteer worker at the United Hebrew Charities, is preparing to throw all of his energy into the campaign. What an incentive and inspiration to the younger men should be the unselfish and whole-souled devotion of this man to a great cause!

Jacob D. Lit, in three previous campaigns, has taken first honors and with his energetic band of "salesmen" he hopes to win first place again.

Here are Mr. Lit's lieutenants, and we advise them, expert as they are, to practice hard for the coming event: Samuel Cohen, H. Goodman, Milton Herold, Morton Hirsch, A. L. Isaacs, B. A. Lehr, S. Levick, Arthur Lit, D. J. Lit, Abe Lyon, B. J. Munchweiler, Walter Rosenberg, M. Rothkugel, Isadore Stern, A. Sternberger, Horace Weichselbaum and Eli Weinmann.

Mr. Lit is going to have some lively competition besides Snellenburgs and Gimbel. Albert Greenfield and Leo H. Heimerdinger are giving daily talks to their team members on how to "approach" and how to "win the match."

Let Your Heart Prevail to Open Your Purse

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EXTRA!

Its Voice Is The Voice
Of The Suffering, The
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To the Captains and Lieutenants!

Dr. Nathan Krass, of New York, who has spoken twice in Philadelphia, electrifying large audiences with his superb eloquence, will be the inspirational speaker at the luncheon of the Captains and workers at the Adelpia on Wednesday, May 18th, at 12:30. None of us will soon forget the magnificent tones and beautiful poetry of expression of Rabbi Silver. Here was an orator of the ages who spoke with the divine thrill of the universal soul. Another speaker in America with his genius for stirring the heart and voicing the longings of the human spirit is Dr. Nathan Krass.

An honor roll which will ever be written in letters of gold in one of the most glowing chapters of the history of Philadelphia's Jewry, evolved from the meeting Monday evening in the Adelpia Hotel. This honor roll was a fruitage of the wonderful chords of human sympathy touched with such magnetic effect by Congressman Kahn, Dr. Cyrus Adler and Rabbi Silver. Following their wonderful addresses, several men agreed to give five thousand dollars each toward the end of relieving suffering among the unfortunate of Philadelphia's Jewry. Then, with that fine spirit of generosity that has made them leaders in the community, Col. Samuel D. Lit, Col. Ben Wolf, Chairman Louis Wolf, Sam Fels, Jules E. Mastbaum, Jacob D. Lit and Jacob Gimbel agreed to find fifteen men who would give five thousand dollars each.

A spirit which, if emulated by everybody, would bring the Federation all the funds it needs in less than fifteen minutes, is revealed in a letter received today by the Chairman, Mr. Louis Wolf. If you have not done your part, you will hasten to do so after reading it. It follows:

"As I am looking for employment, I don't expect to be at home when your solicitor arrives, so I am enclosing five dollars as my contribution to the work of the Federation. I know it is only a little, but it is a lot for a man who has lost his job, and has no immediate prospect of getting another. My heart is with you in this fight and if I get a job before the campaign closes I shall make another contribution."

Those of you who saw the play in the Gold Room of the Bellevue-Sherford Sunday evening went away with a new concept of the mission and the work of the Jewish Charities. The play acted as a catalyst

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June 10-1921

A BUILDING WAR ENDS AS MEN TAKE PAY CUT

Five Weeks' Strike Becomes
History With Agreement
Under Plan Proposed
by Plain Dealer.

WAGES 17 PER CENT. LESS
Reduction Opposed by Union
Members of Arbiters'
Board.

Cleveland's building trades strike, involving 25,000 men and tying up \$40-500,000 worth of building here for five weeks, was virtually ended yesterday when representatives of the contractors and unions accepted an average wage reduction of 17 per cent. set forth in an award announced by the general committee of twenty-one which arbitrated the controversy on a plan proposed by The Plain Dealer.

The question of working rules and conditions is still to be settled, but both union and contractor officials last night agreed that the wage award, in all practical purposes, settled the controversy. A sub-committee of two representatives from each side is considering the question of working conditions, with prospect of agreement today or tomorrow, it was said last night.

The wage award was the unanimous recommendation of the seven members of the public group who were added at The Plain Dealer's suggestion to the fourteen members of the Joint Conciliation Board of the Building Trades Employers' Association and Building Trades Council.

It reduces to \$1.64 an hour wages of all building mechanics who received \$1.95 an hour or more during the year prior to May 1, when the strike occurred, reducing lesser-paid crafts accordingly. The rates will be paid this week to all men who returned to work last Monday in the temporary settlement effected by The Plain Dealer, pending the general arbitration award.

Expiration Date May be Changed.

The scale will be operative until May 1, 1922, unless the expiration date for wage agreements is advanced to March 1, as proposed by the contractors in the standardized agreement on which the sub-committee of the joint conciliation board is now engaged. In this connection the members of the public group, in their report, express regret that new wage agreements are not negotiated on Feb. 1 each year instead of May 1.

The award covers all crafts except electrical workers and plumbers, who received \$1.37 1/2 cents an hour prior to May 1, and bricklayers, who received \$1.18.

WAGE CUT SETTLES STRIKE OF BUILDERS

(Continued From First Page)

"to conform the alteration of the wage scale as nearly as possible to the altered cost level."

"While this reduction is not what we hoped for, it is nevertheless a long step in the right direction," W. P. Hennessy, secretary of the employers' association, said last night, "and affords a basis for the resumption of work throughout the building industry in Cleveland."

"I want to say for the public representatives that they truly represented the public at all times, uninfluenced by the special pleas of the two contending parties," Secretary Hennessy continued.

"Their work was systematic and clear cut and they are entitled to the thanks of the public, the employer and the employe for the time and intelligent attention which they devoted to the settlement of this crisis."

"The reason the building trades' side of the conciliation board voted in opposition to the award given by the citizens' committee of seven on the wage question was to emphasize their belief and conviction that the award is not warranted by present living conditions and cannot be called just," Charles Smith, business representative of the Building Trades Council, said last night.

Won't Repudiate Award.

"The action of the labor representatives will not in any way be construed as a sign of their intention that their organizations should repudiate or reject the decision of the board of arbitration, who so faithfully, and we believe, conscientiously labored to carry out the arduous task given them," Smith continued.

"Organized labor accepted arbitration and in the same spirit of good will will stand by their guns and take their medicine, as a union man always does, without a whimper."

"Arbitration, however, as a means and end toward settling wage disputes, has been given a trial and we can say right here has been found wanting," he asserted.

"If like conditions should develop in the building industry any future time, you can rest assured arbitration will not be the accepted means of settlement," Smith continued.

"This is a most unfortunate statement to be called upon to make," he went on, "but the facts in connection with the present wage question and the resultant award will make arbitration something the worker will look upon as not for him, when it comes to saying what he should receive for his daily toil."

List of New Rates.

Plasterers, whose wage is fixed in this award, had not submitted their case to the general committee nor had they agreed on independent arbitration. They are bound to accept the award, both union and contractor officials said last night, by the general arbitration agreement between the council and association, which specifically covered "all unsettled trades."

The union, however, at a special meeting last night, voted to continue negotiations with their contractors and to remain on strike until an agreement was reached. These are the only craftsmen who did not return to work last Monday. Their wage committee probably will meet with the contractors today, Secretary John E. Rooney, said.

The scale awarded by the arbitration committee and that paid prior to May 1

are taken into account, among others, the relative skill, experience, and unusual conditions in each of the different crafts and being differential, adjusting allowances, designed to do all this with due regard to the cost of living, and to the fact that since May 1, much previous time already has been lost in fruitless negotiations. It is much to be regretted that Feb. 1, instead of May 1, has not been universally adopted as the annual date when these wage scales are to be settled.

In conclusion we submit that public confidence and support can result only from a sense of justice to the public through the mutual protection of the rights of all parties concerned. And hence we recommend that the conciliation board provide for the creation of a permanent board of experts to be presided over by an impartial chairman to the end that the public may have permanent representation in the settlement of wage disputes and all hypothetical questions, and also in the settlement of claims and in the development of general well-being within the industry.

We regard the creation of such a board as of

FREDERICK A. HENRY,
S. M. BOND,
ABRAHAM HILLER, SILVER,
S. H. COMBURY,
ROBERT E. LEWIS,
LEONARD P. AYERS,
THOMAS C. O'REILLY,

Cleveland, O., June 5, 1921.

Arbitrate the Building Deadlock

May 30 - 1921

EDITORIAL

For more than a year Cleveland's building industry has stood at a standstill. Thousands of men are out of work, valuable equipment stands idle, losses to employers and employes mount daily and vast building projects are held up because contractors and workers are unable to settle their differences and get back on the job.

There are
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In this controversy, as in all others of its kind, there are three parties whose interests are at stake—the employers, the workers and the public. With most at issue, the public so far has neither been represented in the conferences nor had any voice in the proceedings.

Up to this time The Plain Dealer has believed there was hope of a satisfactory adjustment as between employer and employe. The deadlock is not broken, however, nor does it promise to be along present lines of negotiation. Frankly, the community faces a crisis and the community accordingly has a right to demand a hand in the game.

In attempts at settlement thus far there have been charges of bad faith by both sides and disputes over details and differences over modes of procedure have become so confused with the big issues that those issues have to a degree been lost in the tangle of controversy and discussion.

It does not seem to The Plain Dealer that there is anything very complicated in the situation. The men want to get back to work, the contractors want them to get back and the public wants them to get back. The public wants them to go to work under conditions guaranteeing a square deal to itself, to the employers and to the employes. No one is entitled to more than that. The only hitch is the difference between employer and employe as to what constitutes a square deal.

In the long run the public always determines what is a square deal. If through its representatives it does so, now all the hardship, suffering, loss and bitterness which go with a prolonged labor deadlock may be avoided and new life and new enthusiasm will be breathed into the city.

The Plain Dealer believes the issues between the Building Trades Council and the Building Trades Employers' Association should be arbitrated at once. It believes the whole slate should be wiped clean and a fresh start made. Arbitration must disregard the petty issues and drive straight to the task of getting the men back on the job at the earliest

possible moment on a basis equitable to everyone.

Under the general agreement entered into in 1918 between the employers and the building trades workers provision is made for a board of conciliation composed of seven members from each side. Such a board is in existence. While, with one exception, it has not been called on to act on the differences between the employers and the various crafts, it is presumed that it is in possession of most, at least, of the facts on matters at issue.

The Plain Dealer suggests that seven members representing the public be added to the existing board of conciliation and that this augmented board at once undertake the arbitration of wage scales and working conditions at issue between employer and employe in the building industry.

This arbitration must be undertaken with the specific understanding that a majority vote shall rule in all decisions and that both sides pledge themselves to accept as binding and final the findings of the arbitrators.

The Plain Dealer further suggests the following names as the seven representatives of the public:

- Former Judge Frederick A. Henry,
- Bishop Joseph Schrembs of the Cleveland Catholic diocese.
- Warren S. Hayden of Hayden, Miller & Co.
- Rabbi Abba H. Silver of the Temple.
- Robert E. Lewis, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A.
- Col. Leonard P. Ayres, vice president of the Cleveland Trust Co.
- S. M. Bond, president the Root-McBride Co.

As most of the necessary information will already be in the hands of the existing conciliation board, the enlarged board should agree to return its decision within one week from its first sitting. It is essential that the building industry resume operations without delay. Too much valuable building weather already has been wasted.

The Plain Dealer finally suggests that the contractors postpone for one week their announced intention of starting work on Tuesday pending the working out of the arbitration plan herein suggested.

Let both sides clean the slate and start over. A fair arbitration is the soundest and the most equitable way to end industrial deadlocks such as Cleveland is now experiencing. On the plan outlined and with the men named or with those of similar standing The Plain Dealer believes such an arbitration can be had.

GIVES LABOR VIEW ON BUILDING AWARD

Trades Council Secretary Thanks Citizens' Group for Its Efforts.

The following statement of conditions in the building trades was issued yesterday by the Building Trades Council, Charles Smith, secretary:

"By this time the public, of whom we have read and heard so much lately, as well as the rank and file of organized labor, have either read or listened to the findings of the citizens' committee of seven on the first group plan of arbitration consented to by the Cleveland Building Trades Council in matters of wage disputes.

"The first meeting of the citizens' committee, sitting with the joint conciliation board, was held Monday afternoon, June 6. A session was also held Tuesday afternoon until 1:30, when the joint conciliation board withdrew in order to give the seven of the citizens' committee the time and opportunity to consider the evidence or facts placed in their keeping by the representatives of the employers' association and the Building Trades Council.

"A night session of the citizens' committee was held Tuesday until 11:30, when it adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, which it did. The joint conciliation board was called toward noon, and Judge Henry, acting for his associates, made known the 'verdict.'

"Recess was taken until 1 o'clock, at which time the why and wherefores of the decision were gone over and thrashed out—if not to the satisfaction, to the evident annoyance of some. The need for a vote on the board's decision gave rise to prolonged argument.

Vote Opposed by Union Men.

"The building trades' representatives contended that, inasmuch as the arbitration board considered the facts in what might be called secret session and the organizations covered were bound by the decision, a vote should not be called for and was not in keeping with the regular rules of procedure in like instances.

"A vote was finally taken after an amendment introduced by the building trades' representatives was defeated.

"The building trades section of the conciliation board voted against accepting the resolution read by Judge Henry, embodying the award. Why did the building trades' representatives vote nay? Was it because they had in mind to repudiate, to reject the result of the arbitration they had agreed to? No.

"In plain, short words the building trades' seven did not, and do not today, think the award was in keeping with the facts presented or justified by the conditions of living and life which we had on every hand.

"We cannot dismiss the subject without saying a word for and to the citizens' committee. Called on at a time when the building industry of Cleveland was hopelessly at a standstill, you answered the call and in the true spirit of good citizenship willingly took upon your shoulders the solution of the distressing question that was keeping the employer and employe apart.

"You brought to your labors every qualification, and we believe you truly followed the light as it came to you. We would ask therefore that you take to yourselves the appreciation, the kindly thought and good will, if not the thanks, of the Cleveland Building Trades Council.

"With the wage scale out of the way for the time being, our thoughts turn to the question of agreements and working rules. The standardized agreement which is now under consideration is really a step toward centralization. Centralization does not mean that the locals surrender any of their rights.

Immediately upon announcement of the general award, Judge F. A. Henry, a member of the public group of the general committee and arbitrator for the bricklayers' scale, announced that his award for that craft is \$1.54 an hour. This conforms to the general award.

Rabbi A. H. Silver, arbitrator for the plumbers, and also a member of the public group, announced his decision for that craft will be given later this week.

W. E. McCormack, architect for the Cleveland school board, is arbitrator for the electrical workers.

The public group and the seven contractors' representatives on the arbitration committee voted unanimously for the award; the seven union representatives voted solidly against it. Four hours' argument preceded this action of the entire committee, during which the labor representatives sought to have the award referred to the individual trades for consideration, without recommendation, but were voted down.

Permanent Board Proposed.

A striking feature of the recommendation by the public group was its proposal that the conciliation board provide for the creation of a permanent board of experts, to be presided over by an impartial chairman, "to the end that the public may have permanent representation in the settlement of wage disputes and all jurisdictional questions, and also in the abatement of abuses and in the development of a general well-being within the industry," as the report stated it.

The scale recommended by the public group, which was accepted as the general committee's award, was based, its report to the general committee stated, on a desire to revive the building industry and to reconcile the wage scales "with the falling cost of living without sacrifice of a living wage."

The report declared that they sought

	New rate.	Old rate.
Carpenters	\$1.54	\$1.50
Concrete laborers	1.54	1.50
Construction workers	1.54	1.50
Electricians	1.54	1.50
Plumbers	1.54	1.50
Roofers	1.54	1.50
Iron workers	1.54	1.50
Laborers—		
Plumbers' helpers .....	.80	.75
Masonry helpers .....	.80	.75
Common .....	.75	.70
Laborers	1.04	1.00
Painters .....	.80	.75
Pipe fitters .....	.80	.75
Pipe fitters .....	.80	.75
Painters	1.04	1.00
Sheet metal workers	1.04	1.00
Steel erectors	1.04	1.00
Glass blower	1.04	1.00
Glass cutters	1.04	1.00

The report of the public group is as follows:

In response of the suggestion of The Cleveland Plain Dealer, the establishing of a wage scale in the building trades here for the season beginning May 1, 1921, was submitted last week to arbitration. To hear and determine this question, the regular establishment of fourteen members of the conciliation board, which represents equally the organized employes and the organized employers in the building trades of Cleveland, has been suggested by the addition of seven representatives of the public at large.

Not included in this arbitration, however, are three organized crafts within the building trades, namely, those of the bricklayers, the plumbers and the electricians. The wage scales for these crafts are understood to be in course of determination by other arbitrators.

The suggested board of conciliation convened on June 6, 1921, and after hearing for two days and a recess conciliation sittings, they have reached the conclusions now announced.

Among other things, the problem before the board has been how to revive this industry so that the shortage of buildings and the prevalence of unemployment may be relieved, and how to provide the rate of pay with the falling cost of living without sacrifice of a living wage.

It is fully recognized that there are three parties in interest, employees, the employer and the public. Many questions arise of vital concern to all three, but of these questions only the general wage scale is now before us. There are other significant factors within the control of each party which have so much influence on the prosperity of the building trades industry as the question of wages. But mindful of the fact that we are strictly confined, upon us as strictly limited to the one question, we forebear discussion of any other.

We have carefully considered the extent to which the cost of living has decreased in Cleveland between the peak price of July, 1920, and the price level of May 1, 1921, as well as the trend since. We have also traced the course of price and wages in Cleveland and in the country at large from the period prior to those which now obtain. Without attempting to discount the future, though not unconfident of the present trend, we have sought with due heed to the maintenance of the living wage, to combine the alteration of the wage scale as nearly as possible to the altered cost level.

The percentage of alteration of pay for the different crafts is not, however, precisely uniform.

Plan Would Save Time

It dealing with a question like what sector where the interest of all is identical or with the question of the open or union shop, it is a great advantage to have one committee working with authority for all in that way saving the time of the two back and forth between the two all the board of business affairs and the board.

A writer in The Plain Dealer Post has column has suggested that agreements in the building trades that day of the year. This is by no means a new suggestion.

On the face of it, the agreement that during the winter months, when work is slow, in the hotel and hotel time to take up and consider agreements in so doing to prevent a possible deadlock when there is much building to be done, may sound good to some people.

There isn't one man in the building industry in the United States who would stand for it. What is generally the best time in building construction, and there is just a possibility that employers might endeavor to pay on the work week in order to get an agreement not mutually advantageous.

The question may arise: are there any employers who would resort to such unfair measures? There may be for that reason we are not inclined to take a chance. However, March 1 has been spoken of as a midway solution of the question. It is not at all improbable that March 1, and not May 1, will be chosen of time come to be known as settlement day between the employers and the organizations affiliated with the Building Trades Council.

Overpages coming in May and early summer, when working weather is to be had, are costly in an industry where so many contracting and uncontractable circumstances limit the working year to four or five months of the time. This estimate is not a guess or bluff on our part, but is given on the authority of Secretary of Commerce Hoover.

We speak in this way as the public will know why we are advised to consider the building trades agreement for the year. I am the end of the year.

For building trades agreement.



PAY OF PLUMBERS SETTLED AT \$1.10

JUNE 11, 1921
Arbitral Award by Rabbi Silver Recognizes Old Differential.

Urban plumbers are to receive \$1.10 an hour during the coming year. Last year they received \$1.37 1-2.

This was the decision rendered yesterday by Rabbi A. H. Silver, to whom the plumbers submitted their wage dispute in an independent arbitration. It was accepted by both union and contractors.

Included in the general award at a rate of \$1.04 were union steamfitters, a local affiliated with the plumbers and paid the same rate, \$1.37 1-2, last year.

In a statement accompanying his decision addressed to the plumbers, Rabbi Silver explained the higher award by saying:

"I have allowed for the fact that your trade has, in recent years, been among the leaders in the building trades of Cleveland and that there has always existed a differential between your trades and others."

The wage rate for one more trade, electricians, remains to be fixed. Meetings of the joint arbitration committee of unions and contractors were in progress all day yesterday and last night with W. R. McCormack, school board architect, arbitrator.

Mechanics Lay Off.

A large number of mechanics, employed on the new city hospital and various downtown buildings, laid off their jobs yesterday, but council officials said this was due to a misunderstanding.

The general arbitration award was discussed for more than two hours last night at the regular meeting of the Building Trades Council, when its seven representatives on the conciliation board submitted their report, but the entire question was referred to the individual unions without recommendation, according to Charles Smith, business representative.

The text of Rabbi Silver's decision reads:

On Thursday, June 2, 1921, you submitted to me the differences which have arisen between you as to the wage scale for arbitration. Your representatives met with me on Saturday, June 4, and again on Friday, June 10.

I have carefully studied the evidence and the data which you presented to me. I have endeavored to take into consideration, not alone your interests, but those of the public. A reduction was suggested from the contract that a reduction in the wage scale in your trade, as well as in all of the building trades, was essential if the building industry of our community is to be stimulated and the prevalence of unemployment lessened, realized, however, that a reduction of wages is by no means the only factor which can bring about their desired end. There must therefore be a material reduction in the cost of every item that enters into the situation. In finding a similar percentage of reduction in the differential between the scale of the plumbers and the amount charged the public for their labor by the master plumber.

My position is more fully stated in the report of the group of public representatives of the conciliation board, which arbitrated the differences in other building trades in our community, of which board I was a member. This report was published yesterday. I would call your attention specifically to the two recommendations contained in that report: (1) That February 1, 1921, or May 1, be adapted as the annual date for settling the wage scales; and (2) That the conciliation board provide for the creation of a permanent board of experts to be presided over by an impartial chairman to the end that the public may have permanent representation in the settlement of wage disputes and all other pertinent questions and also in the settlement of other and in the development of general well-being within the industry.

I have taken into consideration in arbitrating your differences the extent to which the cost of living has increased in Cleveland during 1920, 1921, as well as the possible trend during the coming year, while at all times mindful of the necessity of maintaining a wage commensurate with the American standard of living, and with the historic conditions of your particular trade, I have allowed for the fact that your trade has, in

Peace Among Builders.

The thanks of Cleveland are due the committee of citizens who served as the public's representatives in the building trade conciliation and helped bring peace to the industry. It was in many ways a difficult, unpleasant task they undertook; had personal inclinations controlled they would have declined the service. Instead, they entered on the conciliation whole-heartedly, with open minds, brought to the inquiry an earnestness and determination to get at the facts and the result is creditable not only to the public group but to the employe and employer groups as well.

This building strike has been a painful, expensive experience for Cleveland. It should be the last of its kind. It will be the last of its kind if those engaged in the building industry, employer and employe on the one hand and the general public on the other, profit by the present experience.

To this end the public group in its formal report of findings in the present controversy recommends that the conciliation board provide for the creation of a permanent board of experts to be presided over by an impartial chairman. This would give the public constant representation in the settlement of wage and jurisdictional issues in the industry. It would provide a reasonable assurance of permanent peace. The public group offers no detailed plan, but rather a suggestion to be worked out if the general idea is accepted.

Here is a constructive proposal well worth consideration. It is suggestive of the plan which has been found to operate acceptably in the local garment industry. The public, which is the third party in interest in every such controversy, is too often without representation in the settlement. It is of public concern that such an industry as building be kept active and the public should have a way to exert its influence to keep it active.

The present wage award is not what either side of the controversy would have chosen, but both are now bound to accept it. The public has reason for confidence that the award is in keeping with the conditions generally accepted as determining it.

... recent years, been among the leaders in the building trades of Cleveland and that there has always existed a differential between your trade and others.

My award, therefore, is \$1.10 per hour. Fixture workers, who belong to a section of Electrical Workers' Union No. 28, should not have been included in the award. H. C. Mohr, general arbitrator, asserted yesterday business representative, asserted yesterday that in this award they were given a rate of 75 cents an hour; last year they received from \$1.20 cents to \$1.25.

The fixture men joined with No. 28 in the independent arbitration proceedings before Mr. McCormack. Mohr said, notifying the building Trades Council to that effect. Officials of the Building Trades Employers' Association, however, contended that their case was before the general committee.

Changes in working rules and conditions are to be discussed at a meeting of the joint conciliation board of the council and association Monday, when the sub-committee that has been considering a proposed standardized agreement is scheduled to report.

Speakers at Opening Meeting of Community Fund Drive Tonight



Bishop Joseph Schrembs



Rev. Joel B. Hayden



Rabbi A. H. Silver

men's division, as compared with twenty-nine teams and about 300 members in 1920.

The Federation of Women's Clubs, the Y. W. C. A. and the Woman's City Club have organized thirteen teams of 120 workers, under the direction of J. C. Jones, to solicit from the downtown offices.

Will Decorate Windows.

The "Sixty Hat Sellers," under direction of Robert E. Lewis, today will commence the decoration of downtown store windows. The store windows will contain exhibits typical of the work in the institutions and agencies supported wholly, or in part, by the Community Fund. This work will be completed by Monday.

"Suppose Nobody Cared" cards and banners already are displayed all over the city, and the publicity division, under E. H. Boynton, during the week-end will distribute thousands of pieces of literature designed to carry the message of the campaign to every home and to every individual, young and old, in the community.

Boxes to receive the notes of the pupils in 200 city schools will be in place Monday. Rowland Haynes, chairman of the schools and parents sub-committee, has fixed the school children's contributions at "from 1 to 10 cents." No child is to be embarrassed by the poverty of its parents.

School pupils will be used to carry the message to their parents. Mr.

Nov. 13-1921

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER

Help Open Campaign to Fill Chest



Rabbi
A. H.
Silver

Charles
E. Adams

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A Nov. 12 - 1921

SATURDAY

Speakers at Opening Meeting of Community Fund Drive Tonight



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News - Dec. 13 - 1921

News. Eloquence Dec. 13

AT THOSE who say or think that the day for eloquence has gone by, those who scoff at oratory and make light of the arts of the trained and talented public speaker, ought to have seen and watched the City Club luncheon meeting addressed last Saturday by Rabbi Silver.

The ballroom of the Hollenden has held larger noon audiences, but not often. It has been the scene of more eager and fervent response to the stirring words of a speaker, but such occasions have come at long intervals, as a rule. And in nearly every such instance there have been special influences at work in drawing crowds which were lacking at the Silver luncheon.

Then the speaker was not a celebrity living far away and out of reach of Clevelanders who like fine oratory. It is easy to hear Rabbi Silver. The doors of the temple where he preaches are hospitably open. And his subject was not a burning problem of war, not a fervent plea for a candidate or a ticket in the last days of a heated campaign. Many men and women of more or less note have spoken and written on his theme—"Religious and Racial Conflicts in America."

The lure which drew a remarkable audience to the Hollenden ballroom was eloquence. The spell felt by many hundred men was the art of saying impressively things well worth saying. The deep pleasure which they experienced was the fruit of lofty and effective speech.

Eloquence has its old potency. Little diminished by the temper and habits of a period of the printed page and the complicated machinery of modern life. The old thrill of voice and expression, the ancient power of the spoken word, face to face, the directness of the real forces of the

1921

also will appear in the committee's effort to determine the cause of the strike.

Silver Scores Milk Firm

The Telling-Belle Vernon's stand for the open shop was scored by Rabbi A. H. Silver in his sermon on "Is Progress Possible?" at The Temple Sunday.

He branded the company as a trust, which is seeking to crush organized labor, saying:

"The Telling concern is taking a contemptible advantage of present depressed labor conditions. It seeks this era to press its demands for the open shop."

"Furthermore, in this action, the company, an organization that exists for gain only, is setting itself up as judge of another organization, the labor union, whose purpose is self protection."

"The city, in lending the police force to aid the company, is tacitly lending itself to the deplorable scheme."

Chief Smith, Monday, said he has not cut down the number of policemen on strike duty. Also he said that investigation of affidavits filed

REC 5-21
P.M.

LAND NEWS

RACIAL CONFLICT RESULT OF WAR, RABBI DECLARES

NEWS - Dec 13 21

War very often believes the very opposite of that for which it is carried on, declared Rabbi A. H. Silver, speaking on "Religious and Racial Conflicts in America" before the City Club at the Saturday noon lunch in The Hollenden.



RABBI A. H. SILVER

"It was hoped that the World war would effect a better understanding among peoples," he said. "Instead it has made for suspicions and rivalries among them. Instead of a greater brotherhood we have racial and religious conflicts."

"Instead of a fine spirit of co-operation we have dissensions; instead of organized effort we have today organized hate. Back of all religious and racial conflict is racial and religious imperialism. Each religion feels it is the sole repository of truth and each race feels that it is by nature endowed with superior qualities which justify it in lordship over other races."

"The theory of pure races and race superiority, so thoroughly exploited by Germany during the late war to justify its vast pretensions, is one of the supreme follies of the nineteenth century."

"There is no pure race and there is no superior race. All races are mongrel races and have had their periods of ascendancy and decline. This doctrine is especially vicious in America, where a hundred races have labored to create new democratic institutions."

"The early racial groups that came

12 class books
JSC-11-2

BIGOTRY ATTACKED IN CLUB ADDRESS

Rabbi A. H. Silver Asks for a Better Understanding and Co-Operation.

An appeal to wipe out religious and racial prejudices and to recognize the fact that all creeds draw their inspiration from the same source and are working toward the same end was made by Rabbi Abba H. Silver of the Temple in an address at the noon luncheon of the City Club in The Hollenden yesterday.

"The thing needed here in America and by all the tired and tortured world is peace and reconciliation," Rabbi Silver said. "What we should seek is not racial physical unity but spiritual unity. Establishment of physical harmony means infinitely more than physical blending."

"Whatever our creed or our race, our inspiration is one, our destiny is one. Why then should we act treacherously. There should be more talk of religion and less of dogma, less talk of conspiracies and plots and counter plots. We should get acquainted."

Rabbi Silver addressed the largest audience which has gathered at any City Club noon luncheon for many weeks. He declared the effect of the war had been the opposite of what had been intended, both by the Germans and by the allies.

Tribal Passions Awakened.

"The last war was inaugurated by a people dominated by a desire for economic imperialism," he asserted. "As a consequence of the war the very reverse, a wave of socialism, has been let loose. Countries on the defensive talked of wiping out national hatreds. Instead, the old tribal passions have been awakened. The brotherhood of man was sought, and the result has been a revival of racial animosities such as we have not seen for a long time."

"The economic imperialists talk of 'the white man's burden,' then invent high sounding, empty phrases. But their real aim is oil wells and trade and economic supremacy. And the religious imperialists are moved by the same force and utilize the same methods as the economic imperialists."

"This is the period of realism. We have left behind forever the old blind, fairy, optimism period. We must face the hard, cold, brutal truth."

In the old days a man belonged to

your church or he was a horse thief. Now he belongs to your church or he doesn't belong to your lodge or your club.

"The same thing is back of this religious imperialism that is back of economic imperialism. It is the propaganda of a 'chosen people.' This superiority is preached to arouse national passions and national vanity."

"There is no chosen people. All civilized races are mongrel races. The talk of corrupting one race by intermingling with another race is pure balderdash. When mixtures of blood are sanctioned by social usage they add to the strength and virility of the offspring."

"Here in America there is a class which is accustomed to look upon the 14,000,000 immigrants who came after 1776 as aliens. They don't belong."

"I am not attempting to minimize the problems of adjustment. I do say such problems cannot be solved by vending inflammatory papers on street corners."

"Civilization tends to splitting up into individuality. Our modern religions, governments and theories have split into many sections."

"The Catholic church, the Protestant church and the Jewish temple are here to stay. It is the problem of intelligence and humanity to find a common ground upon which they may meet."

Health News
C Dec. 11-1921

WAR BROUGHT ON RACIAL CONFLICT, RABBI DECLARES

Socialist, Communistic Doctrines Prevalent, Silver Tells City Club.

War often achieves the very opposite of that for which it is carried on, declared Rabbi A. H. Silver, speaking on "Religious and Racial Conflict in America," before the City Club, The Hollenden, yesterday noon.

"The war was due directly to the desire of organized capital to extend its field of operation, but as a result we have an experimentation today in socialistic and communistic doctrines that are directly opposite to the capitalistic theory," he said.

"We had hoped for a welding and molding of all races into one and all creeds into one. Instead we have racial and religious animosities and antipathies. And back of it all is imperialism."

"The economic imperialist camouflages his real purpose behind phrases and so does the racial and religious imperialist who wants to dominate and control."

"Each religion feels it is the sole repository of truth and each race feels it is endowed by nature with superior qualities which justify it in lording over other races."

"Your religious and racial imperialist uses force to carry his point. Not necessarily actual brutal force, but he will resort to social ostracism, political preferment and many other forms which are probably far more effective."

"No study has driven as many people to the insane asylums as that of religion. Religion is a groping after the truth. In a weak way man struggles to know. He seeks to solve the mysteries here and after death. The honesty of the motive of the man who wants to know constitutes the real element in religion."



No Race Superiority.

"The fiction of race superiority was magnificently exploited by Germany during the late war to justify her vast pretensions. This talk of race superiority is a product of the last 100 years. It is another camouflage of the propagandist, supreme fiction of the last century."

"There is no pure race. We are all mongrels. Anyone with a smattering of history knows this to be true. The doctrine that we corrupt blood by mixing it with other races is pure unadulterated balderdash. See, White man, Longfellow, Mark Twain and Edison are all the product of mixed blood."

"There was England when China—mark you, China—was compiling a moral code, using paper, the printing press, coal and many other things that are supposed to be of modern invention or discovery? England was in a state of barbarism."

All Races Here.

"There is considerable talk in this country among 'high brow' elements about the United States being peopled by Anglo-Saxons. They ought to ever look the Spanish and French explorers, the Dutch, the Danes, the Swedes, the Czech, the Poles and the Jews who have all contributed to building and making this nation what it is today."

"It were folly to attempt to minimize the problems to be solved between races and religions. But they cannot be solved by selling inflammatory sheets on street corners or hiding behind well-filled pillowcases and looking at people."

"We must find a great human common denominator which will blend the souls and minds of men to one great common purpose. It is to the interest of good common sense and civilization to discover the things we have in common and concentrate on them. Let us have more of religion and less of dogma. The one unites, the other divides."

"Let us talk less of conspiracy and plots. Let us get acquainted and know each other and work for a common end and a common good. Let each man walk in the name of his God, but let each and every one keep in mind that what God wants is to do justly, to love mercy and to walk humbly with him."

Silver Tongue

"Get acquainted. Lack of acquaintance breeds suspicion, then fear, and ultimately hate." Thus and some more spoke Citizen Rabbi Silver last Saturday noon to a packed house. Translated for Citizens this means "Wear Your Badge," because that's one way to get acquainted; a quiet, inoffensive way. And there aren't so many nice ways left since the 18th Amendment.

As usual, Rabbi Silver received an ovation at the close of his address. John Lomax, of cowboy-ballad fame, sat at the speaker's table and allowed that with the oratorical lariat the Rabbi could throw just about everybody.

W. A. H.
Dec. 14-21

Citizen Ben Katz, victim of youthful
 idealism, did a nice job in his column in
 the News for Citizen Rabbi Silver. It
 deserves wider publicity. He said: "The
 lure which drew a remarkable audience to
 the Hollenden ball room was eloquence.
 The spell felt by many hundred men was
 the art of saying impressively things well
 worth saying." It's the last four words
 that makes this a real tribute.

The
 City
 Club?



"The trend of life is away from
 conformity. The task of civilization is
 to make all men look or act alike,
 a basis for co-operation. The Cath
 the Protestant and the Jew are here
 stay, and it is a part of national
 duty to find the interests common to
 of them and to work with them for
 common good.

"Let each man walk in the name
 his God, but let each and every
 keep in mind that what God wants
 to do justly and love mercy and
 walk humbly with him."

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Noted Orator Speaks Here Monday Evening



RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, one of the country's best known orators, will speak here Monday evening at Temple Beth El in the interest of the Palestine Development Council. His subject will be "Palestine, Present and Future."

*Detroit Free Press
Dec. 7-1921*

RABBI SILVER SPEAKS HERE MONDAY EVENING

Will Deliver An Address at Temple Beth El on Palestine.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, "silver-tongued orator of the pulpit," chairman of the newly-organized Palestine Development Council, will deliver an address at 8:15 o'clock Monday evening, at the Temple Beth El, under the auspices of the Detroit branch of that council.

Rabbi Silver has chosen as the subject for his address "Palestine, Present and Future." Fred M. Butzel will preside at the meeting. The address will be open to the public.

At noon on Monday, the local members of the Palestine Development Council will tender him a dinner at the Phoenix Club.

SIXTY-SEVENTH YEAR

The PERISCOPE by Frederick A. Stowe

PEORIA WAKING UP.

"Main Street" is passing in Peoria. There are unmistakable signs of an intellectual and artistic renaissance. A dozen years ago, an "outside" speaker addressing a Peoria audience could pack an hour with venerable platitudes and evoke a "storm of applause." Today, the orator who would please a Peoria audience must have a message, and it is a matter of comparatively little consequence how many titles he bears or under what auspices he comes. The carefully prepared speech, so easily identified by the trained auditor, is in disrepute because of the obscurity of its authorship and its lack of vitality. Orators who excavate subterranean channels may hereafter stand aside; Peoria is interested in the man who digs ditches as without the aid of a syndicate or hired press agent.

The evidences of local revival are not far to seek. The University club broke new ground Thursday night at the Shrine Temple when it presented Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, and Senor Dr. Don Alfaro, Panamanian minister to the United States. This program compared favorably with any offering of the far-famed Creve Coeur Club Washington Banquets.

Rabbi Silver, although a young man, is a finished orator and actor. He is more—he is a philosopher whose outlook upon social problems is thought-provoking and inspiring. He breathes the spirit of the new times with their characteristic courage and contempt for conventions. When Lady Townsend was asked if Whitefield had recanted, she replied, "No; he has only canted." There was no can't about Dr. Silver, and it was noticeable that the vermin of equivocation did not hide in the map of his words. University club members and their guests were convinced that here was a young man who had an idea and who was earnestly endeavoring to transplant it without much regard for the consequences.

The University club experiment was not a financial success, but it was an intellectual and civic triumph which should determine its members to maintain the new high standard it has raised for the intellectuals of Peoria. The Creve Coeur club now has a vigorous competitor and localizing a new market for dress suits.

NEW LIFE FOR A. OF C.

The Peoria Association of Com-

Peoria Transcript - Nov. 25th

TELLS NEEDS OF PALESTINE

Rabbi Silver Says Holy Land Will Be Pivot Between East and West.

Detroit - 12-12-21

Palestine is in a way to resume its old pivotal relation between the East and West, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, of the Temple, Cleveland, said Monday evening in the Temple

Beth El in an address on "Palestine, Present and Future."

"The Balfour Declaration and the San Remo decision took the country from the Turk," Rabbi Silver said, "and its future waits on our action."

CREDIT OF \$100,000,000.

Dr. Silver is chairman of the central committee of Palestine Development League. He went to Palestine two years ago to study the situation. The Palestine Co-operative company, the organization for the development of Palestine, is incorporated for \$100,000,000. It will extend credit for the economic upbuilding of the new nation, Rabbi Silver says.

"There is great need for short term credits for crop movements, tools, implements, tools and ma-

chinery for artisans and farmers, and merchandise for colony stores," he stated. "The company will loan money for productive purposes, the loans to be based on business collateral or on the common responsibility and guaranty of the group. The rate of interest will be considerably less than now prevails in the country."

SEES NO BIG EXODUS.

There will be no great exodus of Jews from America or parts of Europe where they have equal political rights, Rabbi Silver believes. The reconstruction of Palestine will attract the thousands who are suffering persecution in Eastern and Southeastern Europe and in other parts of the world. As says, Jews from this country who go will do so to aid in the project or from reasons of sentiment.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver
Speaks on Palestine at
Temple.

ASKS JEWS TO AID IN
ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES

Fred M. Butzel Other Speaker
Before Large Beth El
Gathering.

Detroit, Dec. 16, 1924

"Back of the movement to rebuild Palestine is not so much a reason, as there is an emotion, a passion, a will."

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, speaking at Temple Beth El Monday evening on "Palestine, Present and Future," thus explained his interest in Palestine and the interest of those who were working with him in the interest of the rebuilding of the Holy Land.

In his masterful address, Rabbi Silver outlined the different points of view that actuated different elements in Jewry to work for the rebuilding of their ancient homeland. He pointed out that there were people who wanted Palestine as a haven of refuge for the oppressed. There were others who wanted Hebrew culture reconstituted and the genius of the Jew broadened, while another class wanted to put into effect the great economic visions of the Hebrew prophets.

Love for Palestine.

His own interest in Palestine Rabbi Silver explained to be emotional and spontaneous. "Because I am a Jew, because my ancestors of 3,000 years have lived there, there are in my soul the stirrings of the past," Rabbi Silver exclaimed. "I love Palestine for the past, simply because I am a Jew."

"The movement for Palestine is not an artificially stimulated movement," Rabbi Silver continued. "It is not a movement of propagandists, but emanates from the depth of our souls. There are two outstanding reasons why we need Palestine. One is physical and the other spiritual.

"The first reason why we need Palestine is because our people is going through an experience unparalleled in our career. At no time in our history has our people been subjected to such burning misery as it is today. The highways of Europe are choked with Jewish refugees, broken, hungry, starved, miserable, almost hopeless. A whole people is on the march, and all the doors hitherto open to them are closed. And one place they'd like to go to is Palestine."

The Spiritual Reason.

In outlining the spiritual reason for the need of Palestine, Rabbi Silver spoke of the educational institutions in the land, and particularly emphasized the inspiration given suffering Jewry by the proposed Hebrew University of Jerusalem.

"This is the one hope that kept the Jews from becoming completely demobilized," he said. "The spiritual means more than bread to them. The Balfour Declaration has inspired and refreshed Jewry. It was the very essence of life for our people—it meant even more than life to them."

Referring to the charge made against those in the movement for Palestine that they are impractical, Rabbi Silver said the Jews have always been the most impractical of peoples. "We have been torn asunder for 2,000 years and gave up everything for the sake of a vision—truth as we saw it and God as we felt Him," he declared. "The Balfour Declaration is the best example of our impracticability. For 700 years the Irish have been torn asunder and have suffered Hell on Earth, but they have conquered in the end. You can't

conquer an ideal. You can conquer an idealist by destroying his body, but you can't destroy his soul."

The Balfour Declaration.

"The Balfour Declaration was made possible not because we were diplomats, but because we willed and kept the fires of our idealism burning."

Speaking briefly on the claims made on Americanism by opponents of the Palestine movement, Rabbi Silver labelled their "overemphasis of patriotism as a confession of weakness and doubt."

"Our rights in this land have been won by us by our labors and sacrifices for this country," Rabbi Silver declared. "The Jew here is as loyal as any group. He was here as early as any group, has responded in a crisis as much as any group, and owes no

sense of gratitude to any group. I wish our people would realize that we are not tolerated or tolerated or not tolerated, but we are the people of the land on an equal basis with all.

"The powers of the earth have said that Palestine is to be given to Great Britain to be kept in mandate for the Jewish people, eventually to become the Jewish homeland. The powers meeting at San Remo have approved of the Jewish claims to Palestine. A challenge is now issued to the Jew. All Jews, not Palestine Jews alone, are placed on trial of their loyalty, their willingness and their well-meaning.

Applies to All Classes.

"Palestine today is a desert land, but it is no more a desert land than California was 50 years ago. Zionist, non-Zionist or even anti-Zionist—every Jew who feels alert to Jewish needs today; every Jew who is thrilled by the wonderful prospects of a people being reconstituted after being broken; every Jew who feels the magnetic appeal that comes from Palestine, wants to work for its great future."

Rabbi Silver then outlined the objects of the Palestine Development Council of which he is chairman, and under the auspices of whose Detroit branch he spoke here. He told of the council's accomplishment in making possible the establishment of a bank in Palestine, with the help of the British Palestine Economical Council, the Joint Distribution Committee and the Jewish Colonization Association. In outlining the various aims of the Palestine Council, the rabbi explained that after the full establishment of the bank, the energies of the workers will be directed towards a building credit association and other practical economic activities for Palestine. He appealed to Detroiters to buy stock in the enterprise and to join the practical work for Palestine.

Introduced by Butzel.

Rabbi Silver was introduced by Fred M. Butzel, local director of the Council. In his remarks following the address by the visiting rabbi, Mr. Butzel said the Palestine Development Council had no quarrel with the Seven Hayeses and advised Detroiters to "give for one and subscribe to the other." Mr. Butzel said that the Palestine Development Council has received the endorsement of Rabbi Leo M. Franklin, who said he saw no conflict in the principles of the organization with Jewish religious and cultural ideas.

Rabbi Silver was entertained at dinner Monday noon at the Phoenix Club by 50 members of the Council. As a result of the afternoon and evening gatherings, the subscriptions by Detroit Jews to the Council reached up to close to \$20,000. David W. Simons is another Detroit director of the Council.

Despite inclement weather Monday evening, the main floor of Temple Beth El auditorium was filled, and a scattered number occupied seats in the balcony.

Jewish Eloquence

AT the banquet which was a part of the dedication ceremonies at the fine and imposing "Jewish Center," which stands at E. 105th st. and Grantwood ave., three speeches of considerable length were delivered by three Jewish rabbis, Stephen S. Wise, of New York, and Louis Wolsey and Solomon Goldman, both of Cleveland. To make a local comparison more exact it may be said that if Rabbi Wise had been absent his place might have been filled, with no loss in eloquence, splendid speaker though the New York orator is, by Rabbi Abba Silver, of this city.

No one who knows good English when he hears it, no one who is in any sense a competent judge of public speaking, could listen to the three rabbis who delivered stirring and thoughtful addresses without being conscious of the extraordinary power and skill of the Jewish preachers who roused their large audience to perfectly natural and just enthusiasm. It was a remarkable demonstration of the intellectual gifts of a race especially potent in self-expression. It was of a near kinship with the record the Jews have made in music and art, on the stage and in letters.

One may well question whether in all the great non-Jewish population of Cleveland three men could be found who would equal, on a similar occasion, the oratory and the mental power of the three Jews who spoke for and of their race and its religion, in the same evening, on the same platform, to the same audience.

RABBI SILVER ASSAILS OPEN-SHOP MOVEMENT

By RABBI A. H. SILVER
Minister of The Temple, Cleveland

A CRUSADE is on foot to universalize the open shop.

Manufacturers have organized locally and nationally and propagandists have been employed to establish the open shop.

The sad condition of unemployment and dire necessity of millions of men are being exploited by enemies of union labor.

In this attempt to destroy organized labor and to give organized capital complete control, the public is vitally concerned, for in the long run it is the public which pays the bill for every industrial dispute.

The protagonists of the open

shop have appropriated the name American. Theirs is called the American plan, implying that any other is un-American. All the talk about the open shop being American and patriotic is unmitigated balderdash and particularly pernicious at this time.

I believe the issue of open shop versus closed is not the real issue. It is only the projected issue. The real issue is collective bargaining and the right of the representation of labor in the management of industry.

In practice the open shop destroys the value and the effectiveness of all labor organizations. The open shop would destroy trade unionism in the United States.

Until some other agency is de-

vised for adequate protection of the workingman, the trade union is a national necessity. It is the laborer's sole safeguard against exploitation.

The workingman knows that all gains touching higher standards of living, better wages, better hours and better working conditions have been won solely thru efforts and struggles of organized labor, and he will fight in defense of his organization.

The right of labor to organize is, of course, beyond question. At a time when business men are organizing, when farmers have their unions, it would be folly to expect the workingman to entrust his destiny to the mercy of altruistic employers.

From the point of view of public welfare, I believe the crushing of

trade unionism would be a calamity of the first magnitude.

I believe, however, that union labor must begin a thoro housecleaning in order to regain the confidence and good opinion of the American people. It must fight not only the enemy without but the enemy within—the irresponsible agitator, the demagogue, and, above all, the spirit that has been all too manifest in recent years of getting as much as you can and doing as little as you can.

The greatest enemy of organized labor is the man who loaf on his job.

The crusade today against organized labor is ill advised. Capital can gain nothing from it. It may work a great deal of harm. It may drive American workmen in sheer desperation into the ranks of radicalism.



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בעגריסט ציון-געסט; זייער פליכט מאכט טיפען רושם

אינדריקע פון קבלת פנים אין מעטראפאליטאן אפערע חוץ

פון ש. ערבער

— דער רוב בנין פון דעם אידישען
מאק אין און אין ארץ ישראל, דער רוב
פון—אין אסטריא, לאמיר באשען
שווארץ און אויסבויען דאס אידישע
מאק אויף דער אידישען לאנד, נישט
סאן די ליידיגע, נישט סאן די נען
פלאנען און בע'רוד'ה'טע, נאר סאן די
נישט פון באשען סאל אונטער'ן וואו
עס געפינט זיך, ס'זי ווילען בויען די
אידישע מדינה!

און ס'זיין חבר זאגט עז ס'זי: דאס אין
ארץ ישראל זאל מעלת, סאן דער
נשאל, אבער ס'זי מוזען דאך האבען
פריער אן ארץ ישראל זאל ס'פיל ווען
שפאנען האט די אידען אויסגעטריבען
האט מען געטראכט אסטריא, און אז
אסטריא פערמאכט היינט די פיינערע,
האבען ס'זי געטראגען ארץ ישראל...
ווען ווייס עז דאס אין נישט די הענט
פון דער השגות, די רעזולט עז דער
כאט די הילף סאן די געלאנגען עס

דאס מעטראפאליטאן חוץ אין פול
געפאלט אין דער אקעסער, די באטי
עס אנטפילט און העכער, העכער ביי
עס באליאן—גענישע און פענישע,
און פענישען. דאס באשען חוץ אין פרי
פליצט מיט פאנען, ארום און ארום
אויסגעהאנגען אידישע, אסטריאשער
און ענגלישע פאנען. עווישען די צוויי
פענער פון די געסטע און סעכטיג
פאלי פעלער אויף דאס וועלט אין דע
דער ארץ ישראל, און יעדער אבער
האט עס געפילען, א ארץ ישראל און
אן אסטריאשער געזעל'דיג וויס' און די
"פאסטען געזעל'דיג ווערען געבלייבן
נישט און די ארץ ישראל ווערען געבלייבן
און ס'זיין חובר זאגט עז ס'זי: דאס אין
ארץ ישראל זאל מעלת, סאן דער
נשאל, אבער ס'זי מוזען דאך האבען
פריער אן ארץ ישראל זאל ס'פיל ווען
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ווען ווייס עז דאס אין נישט די הענט
פון דער השגות, די רעזולט עז דער
כאט די הילף סאן די געלאנגען עס

ר. חיים ווייצמאן

פראג ווערען די נויטיגע מיטעל עז פערשיינען ריזען גרוי
זאבען ווי עז פערשיינען מענטשן און לאנד, די ענטפליכ
לונג פון דער ערד אין א לאנגזאמער פראצעס. פלאנענדיגע
און סייכסע קענען נישט פונען פאר דער צייט, עס אין דער
רום נויטיג די אינדוסטריעלע ענטפולונג וואס קען באה
געטאן ווערען און וועקסען פענליכטישען וויצע ווענענער
בער יעט פון צייט, פון פון אויך אויסהיבען די ארץ
קולטור עז א נייע מדינה, א סעה וויסענשאפטליכע און
א העכערע ווי די וואס עקוויסטירט אין די מערסטע אלטע
לענדער.
4- קולטור.
"איר ווייסט דאך עז "לא על הלחם לבדו חיה האדם".
בשרט און דער "ארם" אין א איר, די נויטיגע ענטפולונג
פון גרוי האנד אין האנד מיט דער עקאנאמישער.
"זי איר דער ערשט אלום, אין פראג נעגן ערביים, סאן
די העלען דערט און סאן איר דען, און ווען איר האב נען
זעהן אז די רעזולט, אינסעליטענעס און ערשטע רעזולט פון
אונזער שאפען, האפען שטיינער און זינגען רעזולט פון
צוה, דאס איר זיך א נור געטראגן נישט עז ריזען ביי איר
וועל מיט ס'זיין שוואכע שטימע און סייכסלען זי אירען פון
אלע יעדער און ביי א איר וועט זיך שעהען עז ציינען אין
באט אויב עז האט נישט געטראגן זיין חלק ערביים סאן
צוה.
"דער שיליסל פון ארץ ישראל אין נישט ביי הערשט פיל
מוזען נישט ביי דער ציוניסטישע און אנוועזע, זאנערן אין
אוישען איינע הענד, די אסטריאשער אירען זיינען שוין
זען א חוב עז ווייניג ווענענער נליסל עז בריעה אירען לעבט
און ס'זיין חובר זאגט עז ס'זי: דאס אין נישט די הענט
פון דער השגות, די רעזולט עז דער
כאט די הילף סאן די געלאנגען עס

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3 טעג

שמורם פון בעג'י סטערונג מעסעדזש פון גאולה און פ

הארציגע רעדען פון ד. ווייצמאן אויסשקין מארשא און ד. סילווער

פון י. ל. דאלדאנסקי

די רעדע פון ד.

די רעדע פון ד. ווייצמאן אין סטיווליווי בערען
מאלט:

י"ט אין א גרויסער סאמענס צו זיין צום ערשטן מאל
אין די פערדייניגער סאפעטען. דאס לאנד וואס האט אן
אזוי פיל נאכאלפער צו פרייען אונזער שטרעבונג. א
בעס אויך אלעס אויסצודרייען אונזער אלעמאנט דאס
כשריים צו אפטיילן דורך אויסהויבען זיך (אלע האבן
זיך אויסגעוויבען און נאכאמט סי די פלעגט. ווען די
עולם האט זיך צוריקגעזעט. האט ד. ווייצמאן פארט
זעצט).

ווען מען רעדט וועגן די פרייען אין ארץ ישראל
סוף מען הארט פאלענערע זאכען אין זינען:

(1) בארען.

י"ט אין זיין ארץ ישראל צוגענויטע בארען אין
ישראל פאר א בעפעלקערונג וואס זאל זיין 8 מיל
גרויס ווי די איינציגע און רעכטי זאל מען זינען
מאכען און נישט פריורען די בעפעליכע רעכטע פון די
בער.

עס פערשעמט זיך אן דער צענטער פון די ארץ
אין ריסק. און דער צענטער פון די אידען אין ירושלים
און אזוי וועט דאס בלייבען.

(2) סענעטען.

א סענעטען-סאמעטיראל האבען פיר אן אויסגע
סען און א גרויסע. דאס זינען די חלוצים. איד ביי
זייער בעפארטונג נאר ארץ ישראל צו זען אס רייען
אויסצוייער. פיר האבען זיך אליין געשריטען: וואס פ
אלעמען וואס דאס זיין אס רייען סענעטען. זענען
צו זעלס האט אנו פיל גענוג. זעל פיל דעמען זי

וואס די אידען אין ארץ ישראל האבען
זיך געוועזען אין די טעג פון דער
סענעט. ער קומט יעצט בריינגען אן
ענער גרוס, דאס אין דער גרוס פון
גאולה, פון האפנונג, פון אויסבאונג
און שאפונג, וואס ווערט יעצט אויסגע
פירט פון די חלוצים אין ארץ ישראל.
די האט גערעזעלט פון דעם ענטער.
זיאט וואס די אידישע היימלאנד האט
ארדענענען צווישן די אידען אין
ארץ ישראל. ווי ארעמע אידען האבען
אויסגעגעבען דאס לעצטע וואס זיי האבן
ען מארשאנס. אלעס פרויען האבען
פארגעגען זייערע חרובים אלעס אי
דען האבען אוועקגעגעבען זייער ספרים,
וועלכע זיינען געווען זייערע קאמפאני
גיאיען זייער נאנצען לעבען. די צייט
אין ארץ ישראל איז יעצט די הקומה פון
אויסגעבונג, פון האפנונג, אויך פון אוי
געראדיגען ווארטען. פערשיידען מיט
עמאנס זעל, מאסער חלילה וועלען די
אידען אין ארץ ישראל לענדער נישט ווייסן
דעם גרויסע סאמענס.

ניו יארקער אידען האבען געסען בער
נעבען דעם הערעליכסטען קבנה פנים צו
די ציוניסטישע געזעץ אין אפעריקא. ד. ווייצמאן
היים ווייצמאן, פנים סענעטען אויסער
קיי, ד. מאסינגאן און דער גרויסער בער
לערנער, פראסקאר אלבערט אייני
שטיין. די גרויסע סענעטען-אליאנס
אפערט הייז אין געזען אינטערנאליסט פון
אויבען ביז אונטען מיט א גרויסען אויס
געזעצטען עולם וואס האט פאר שפארען
לאנג געווארט צו בענדיגען די גרויסע
געזעט.
דער סיטינג האט זיך אונגעפאנגען
עמושם נאך 3 אהר ביי סאן, און פון
12 אהר אן איז געשטאנען א לאנגע
לאזן ביי די אידען פון די סענעטען-אליאנס
ליסטן אפערט. די סיטען זיינען געווען
בעסער אויסגעפירט. דא אין געטער
נען אן עולם וואס האט גענומען ווי עס
איז זי געווען און סענעט, אבי צו
זעלען געווען. ביזאנטישע

