



Daniel Jeremy Silver Collection Digitization Project

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MS-4850: Daniel Jeremy Silver Papers, 1972-1993.

Series II: Subject Files, 1956-1993, undated.

Reel
27

Box
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Folder
356a

National Foundation for Jewish Culture, correspondence,
memoranda, and notes, 1978-1979.

woodlands community temple

50 Worthington Road
White Plains, New York 10607
(914) LY 2-7070

RABBI PETER RUBINSTEIN

February 9, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
26000 Shaker Boulevard
Beachwood, Ohio 44122

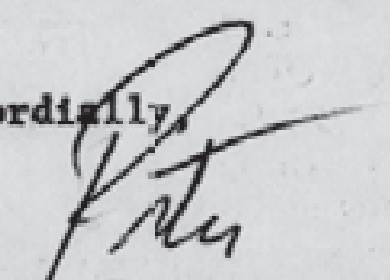
Dear Danny,

I hope your trip home from Memphis was uneventful and that you arrived in Cleveland without too much disruption. I'm sure you've heard, shortly after my return to New York, we were plagued by a snowstorm beyond dimensions of any other in the last three decades. If everything is bigger and better in Texas, we in New York like to have more of it. So unless the recent blizzard hit the mid-west as well, we should be reaching right up towards your 76 inch mark.

I just received the brochure from the CCAR on the Seminar at HUC on March 13th and 14th. While I will try to attend both days, I hope that we will have as well the opportunity to get together on a more personal level. It would be our pleasure to have you for dinner on either Monday night the 13th, or Tuesday night the 14th. We could mold our schedule to fit yours and if there is another evening that would be more convenient to you, please let me know. While we would be glad to have you stay over with us, we also offer round-trip transportation to and from the city. I hope we could provide you an opportunity to see how the other ~~l~~ lives.

I hope your response will be a positive one. In any case, I'll look forward to seeing you at the conference in March and wish you good luck in whatever projects you are now working. I'll look forward to reading some of your work on Moses. So until March, please stay warm.

Cordially,


Peter J. Rubinstein, Rabbi

PJR:rd

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

THIS LETTER SENT TO:

Robert B. Alter, Salo W. Baron (Honorary), Joseph L. Elau,
Robert B. Gordis, Marvin I. Herzog, Samuel Z. Klausner,
Milton R. Konvitz, Harry M. Orlinsky,
Howard Sachar, Frank Talmage

February 10, 1978

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

This year's meeting of our Academic Advisory Council has been scheduled for Sunday, April 2 and Monday, April 3, at the office of the Foundation in New York City.

Our plan is to devote Sunday afternoon (from 2:30 to 5:30) to a consideration of several matters of broad concern to the Foundation relative to its interest in supporting Jewish scholarship and publication. We shall reconvene Monday at 9:30 a.m. to review the grants applications and arrive at recommendations for awards. Hopefully, we can conclude our work by early Monday afternoon.

The Foundation office is currently preparing the application materials and will shortly be sending each Council member a reasonable number of applications in his particular field of specialization. Each application will be graded by three readers and those receiving the highest grades will then be considered by the Academic Advisory Council as a whole.

I do hope you will be able to be with us on April 2 and 3, and that you will be good enough to so advise me on the enclosed reply card. Your help is deeply appreciated.

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver, Chairman
Academic Advisory Council

enc

L. Y. RAHMANI
c/o cmeq Rephaim Street
Jerusalem, Israel

Jerusalem, February 11, 1978

Rabbi Daniel J. Silver
The Temple
Cleveland, Ohio

Dear Rabbi Silver,

Mary~~z~~ thanks to you for your very kind letter of 23 January. Both Basia and I are always very happy to have you here for a visit, even if it is as short, as it was this time. If this gives one the opportunity to be in any way of help in the important work you undertake both for Israel and for the Jews at large, one can only be grateful. ~~Such~~ Your words of praise, though surely far beyond anything we might have done, are none the less much appreciated.

I am enclosing my daughter's curriculum vitae, written in that strange language used in her profession. I trust however that those concerned will be ~~surely~~ duly impressed; I must confess that I was, never having realized how much this girl had already accomplished. I thus think that a scholarship would be well invested, to be later used in what we all are striving to do: to help Israel in all her needs, of which the psychological seem not to be the least.

I trust this finds you well. Please convey my greetings and very good wishes to all your family as well as our common friends.

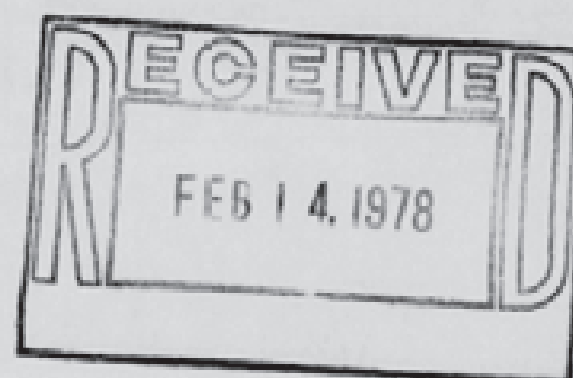
Sincerely,

L.Y. Rahmani
L.Y. Rahmani



New York University

Faculty of Arts and Science
Department of Near Eastern Languages and Literatures
Hagop Kevorkian Center for Near Eastern Studies
Washington Square
New York, N.Y. 10003
Telephone: (212) 598-2411



February 12, 1978

Dear Daniel,

I will, of course, be most pleased to serve on the Academic Advisory Council of the Foundation. After all, Cleveland's contribution to Jewish culture should never be underestimated!

I will look forward to more details, and clear the dates of the meeting. I can see that I'm likely to be in good company, and it is gratifying to me to be of service.

Sincerely,



Baruch A. Levine

Baruch Levine

Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver
Chairman, Academic Advisory Council
National Foundation for Jewish Culture

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NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

February 15, 1978

Dr. Marvin Fox, Chairman
Department of Near Eastern & Judaic Studies
Brandeis University
Waltham, Mass. 02154

COPY

Dear Marvin:

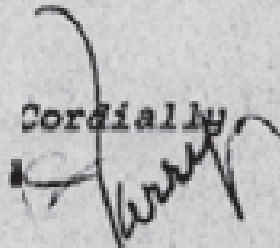
I am delighted that you will be serving on our Academic Advisory Council and that we will have the benefit of your active participation in its deliberations. I look forward to this additional opportunity to work with you.

We have now jelled on the time frame for the meeting of the Academic Advisory Council. We shall open with a session on Sunday, April 2, at 2:30 and run until about 5:30. Since a number of the Council members will be coming from other parts of the country, they may welcome an evening off to do whatever they want to do while they are in New York. We will get together again on Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock to devote ourselves to the review of grants applications. Hopefully we can complete this task by early afternoon. All of our sessions will be held in the conference room at the Foundation.

On Sunday afternoon we would like to consider a number of matters that relate to the Foundation's program in support of the field of Jewish scholarship. Among the areas requiring consideration is the present status of doctoral programs in the field of Jewish Studies and what the needs are at the present time and for the immediate future. Questions are constantly being asked regarding the continuing need of pre-doctoral grants as they relate to career opportunities in the field. You are in a particularly strategic position as president of the Association for Jewish Studies to share with us the facts as well as your views on this entire subject. The AJS two years ago undertook a survey of the field and again has distributed survey questionnaires to its members. Obviously, it will be much too soon to expect to get any results on this latest survey but I'm sure that you will be able to bring together the best available data that can be considered by the Academic Advisory Council. I hope you will agree and take on this assignment for presentation on the afternoon of April 2nd.

Rabbi Silver and I very much appreciate your help in this. If you have any questions about it, please feel free to call me collect. Warm regards.

Cordially


Harry J. Barron
Executive Director

dbb

cc: Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver

February 16, 1978

Rabbi Peter J. Rubinstein
Woodlands Community Temple
50 Worthington Road
White Plains, New York 10607

Dear Peter:

It turns out that Adele will be coming with me to the seminar and that ~~she~~^{she} will be there only one night. Without my knowledge she made some family arrangements. I have another suggestion. I have to be in New York on Sunday and Monday, the 2nd and 3rd of April. I have a meeting until around 5:30 Sunday afternoon at the National Foundation. Could we arrange to have dinner and spend some time together that night? My meeting is scheduled to be over between five and five-thirty. Many thanks.

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

M E M O R A N D U M

THIS LETTER SENT TO:

Robert B. Alter, Marvin Fox, Robert Gordis
Marvin I. Herzog, Leonard S. Kravitz,
Baruch A. Levine, Harry M. Orlinsky,

February 28, 1978

To: Howard Sacher, Frank Talmage, Daniel Jeremy Silver

From: Dr. Harry I. Barron, Executive Director

The enclosed packet contains the folders of the grants applications that have been assigned to you for review and rating. It is hoped that you will complete this task within the next two weeks and return the Summary Rating Sheets in the attached reply envelope at your earliest opportunity so that we can have them by March 17th in order to enable us to duplicate the necessary materials in time for the meeting of the Academic Advisory Council, April 2nd and 3rd.

Two copies of the Summary Rating Sheet are attached to each folder: one for your own records and one to be returned to us. The material on each applicant is clipped together and contains the application itself (including GRE Verbal Score if available), school transcripts, reference statements, and in the case of the Dissertation Grant Application, the dissertation prospectus. Our office file for each applicant also contains at least one specimen of the individual's written work which we have not included here because of the bulkiness but we shall gladly send those which you would like to see if you will let us know.

The grading system we are using is: "A" - Superior "B" - Merits Consideration; and "C" - Poor or Unsatisfactory. If two of the three Preliminary Readers grade an application "C", it will be disqualified for final consideration by the full Academic Advisory Council.

It should be pointed out that the Foundation has somewhat different objectives for these two types of awards. In the case of the Doctoral Dissertation Fellowship, we are interested in both the individual preparing himself for an academic career in some branch of Jewish Studies as well as in the young scholar from other academic disciplines who has selected a Jewish topic for his dissertation. In the former category, special attention should be given to the academic background and equipment necessary for a teaching career in Jewish Studies. In the second category, greater weight can be placed on the dissertation itself, although some consideration might also be given to the possibility of the individual's making a contribution in the future to a Jewish aspect of his particular discipline. In evaluating the Summer Stipend Applications, primary consideration should be given to the individual's academic record and preparation.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to phone me collect. Your help in reviewing these applications is deeply appreciated, and we look forward to your participation in the sessions of the Academic Advisory Council. Please return your Summary Rating Sheets as quickly as possible, and bring your folders with the materials to the meeting on April 2nd and 3rd.

encs

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

February 28, 1978

Dr. Milton R. Konvitz
16 The Byway
Ithaca, NY 14850

COPY

Dear Milton:

I was much disappointed to see your note to Rabbi Silver indicating that you have prior commitments for April 2 and 3 which will prevent your attendance at our Academic Advisory Council sessions. It is unfortunate that we could not find a date that would be convenient for all the members of the Council. We just had no latitude this time. We shall certainly miss you and trust that you can be with us next time.

Although you can't be present, it is our hope that you will agree to review the applications which we have assigned to you. Your help will be highly appreciated. The enclosed packet contains two folders, one for the Doctoral Dissertation applications, and the other for the Summer Stipend (to prepare for the comprehensive exams). The material on each applicant is clipped together and contains the application itself (including GRE Verbal Score if available), school transcripts, reference statements, and in the case of the Dissertation Grant Application, the dissertation prospectus. Our office file for each applicant also contains at least one specimen of the individual's written work which we have not included here because of the bulkiness but we shall gladly send those which you would like to see if you will let us know.

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You will recall that the Foundation's objectives in making these awards differs somewhat for these two groupings. In the case of the Doctoral Dissertation Fellowships, we are interested in both the individual preparing himself for an academic career in some branch of Jewish Studies as well as in the young scholar from other academic disciplines who has selected a Jewish topic for his dissertation. In the former category, special attention should be given to the academic background and equipment necessary for a teaching career in Jewish Studies. In the second category, greater weight can be placed on the dissertation itself, although some consideration might also be given to the possibility of the individual's making a contribution in the future to a Jewish aspect of his particular discipline. In evaluating the Summer Stipend Applications, primary consideration should be given to the individual's academic record and preparation.

[Feb 28, 1978]

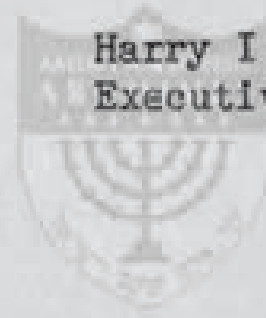
- 2 -

Dr. Milton R. Konvitz

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to phone me collect. Warmest thanks again for your valuable help in reading and grading these applications. We shall look forward to receiving your Rating Sheets at your earliest opportunity.

Cordially,

encs



Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

M E M O R A N D U M

February 28, 1978

To: Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver

From: Dr. Harry I. Barron, Executive Director *HB*

The enclosed packet contains the folders of the grants applications that have been assigned to you for review and rating. It is hoped that you will complete this task within the next two weeks and return the Summary Rating Sheets in the attached reply envelope at your earliest opportunity so that we can have them by March 17th in order to enable us to duplicate the necessary materials in time for the meeting of the Academic Advisory Council, April 2nd and 3rd.

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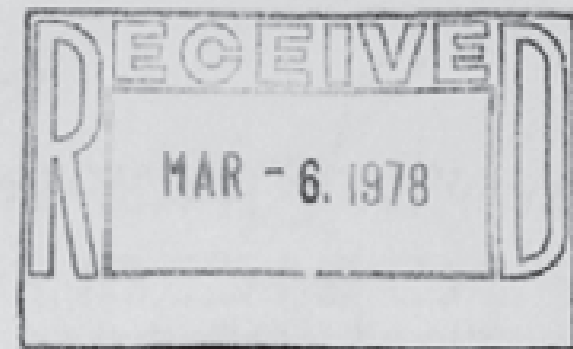
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It should be pointed out that the Foundation has somewhat different objectives for these two types of awards. In the case of the Doctoral Dissertation Fellowships, we are interested in both the individual preparing himself for an academic career in some branch of Jewish Studies as well as in the young scholar from other academic disciplines who has selected a Jewish topic for his dissertation. In the former category, special attention should be given to the academic background and equipment necessary for a teaching career in Jewish Studies. In the second category, greater weight can be placed on the dissertation itself, although some consideration might also be given to the possibility of the individual's making a contribution in the future to a Jewish aspect of his particular discipline. In evaluating the Summer Stipend Applications, primary consideration should be given to the individual's academic record and preparation.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to phone me collect. Your help in reviewing these applications is deeply appreciated, and we look forward to your participation in the sessions of the Academic Advisory Council. Please return your Summary Rating Sheets as quickly as possible, and bring your folders with the materials to the meeting on April 2nd and 3rd.

encs

ELLEN M. UMANSKY
527 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10027



March 2, 1978

Harry I. Barron
National Foundation for
Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N.Y. 10017

Dear Dr. Barron:

As per our telephone conversation this morning, I have enclosed a copy of the report which I recently wrote for my dissertation advisor, Joseph Blau. It summarizes the research which I have just completed in London and outlines the focus of my study of Lily Montagu as a leader of Liberal Judaism in England.

The manuscripts and other relevant material which I discovered, document the leading position which Lily Montagu held within the Anglo-Jewish community, reflect her religious thoughts and ideas, and credit her with having set in motion the Liberal Jewish Movement in England. Because much of this material is in private possession, and, it seems, will remain so, it is most important that these manuscripts be photographically copied and preserved in a library in the United States. Such a step would both ensure the preservation of these documents and make them available to researchers other than myself.

Knowing the exact location of these materials and having met the individuals who possess them, I feel best qualified to ensure their photographic reproduction. I am therefore writing to ask whether the National Foundation (or any other source of which you are aware) might be able to provide a grant-in-aid which would enable me to fly to England and have as much of the materials as possible put into photostatic or microfilm form. While I find it impossible to make out a specific budget at present, I would imagine that a round trip ticket to London, living expenses for about two weeks, and photographically reproducing approximately 3,000 pages of material, would not cost more than \$1,000.

I would appreciate your giving my request careful consideration and would welcome the opportunity to discuss this with you further.

Sincerely,

Ellen Umansky

Ellen Umansky
Columbia University

Enc.

Ellen M. Umansky
Department of Religion
Columbia University

I have recently returned from London, where I spent several months researching the life and thought of Lily H. Montagu and the role which she played in the development of Liberal Judaism in England. In addition to interviewing over thirty men and women who knew Miss Montagu well, I discovered many unpublished manuscripts which not only clarify Lily Montagu's religious ideas but also shed new light on the origin of the Liberal Anglo-Jewish Movement.

While Miss Montagu published fourteen books and fourteen articles during her lifetime (1873-1963), the manuscripts which I discovered in London indicate that to adequately study Lily Montagu's life and thought, an examination of her unpublished sermons, addresses, letters and other miscellaneous material is essential. At present, most of these manuscripts can only be found in London either in the archives room of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue or in private possession. The reason for this is that after the death of Miss Montagu's sister, Marian, in 1965, Lily Montagu's unpublished writings were separated and given to the Liberal Jewish Synagogue, Eric Conrad (Lily Montagu's nephew and literary executor of her will), and Bertram Jacobs, head of the European Board of the World Union for Progressive Judaism. Mr. Jacobs has since sent that which was in his possession to the American Jewish Archives in Cincinnati. It represents the bulk (but not all) of the World Union correspondence assumed by Lily Montagu between 1926 and 1962.

Currently in London, then, can be found the following unpublished manuscripts by Lily Montagu:

1. In the archives room of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue
 - a) approximately 150 sermons and addresses dating between 1911 and 1962
 - b) private correspondence between Lily Montagu and Israel Mattuck (minister of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue) from 1918-53. Many of the more than 100 letters written to Dr. Mattuck, express Lily Montagu's fears about her own capabilities, her feelings about traditional Jewish law and ritual and her vision of what Liberal Judaism should be.
 - c) correspondence between Lily Montagu and Julian Morgenstern (then President of Hebrew Union College in Cincinnati) re: the decision of HUC's faculty and Board of Governors to give her an honorary "Doctor of Hebrew Law" degree (1929) and several letters regarding the early work of the World Union for Progressive Judaism.
2. In the private possession of Mr. Eric Conrad
 - a) a diary which Lily Montagu began on her thirteenth birthday, December 22, 1886
 - b) the handwritten draft of the original questionnaire written by Lily Montagu on March 3, 1899, in which she tried to ascertain the amount of support which she would receive were she to form a new, sympathetic association of English Jews (Also in Mr. Conrad's possession, is a carbon copy of the typed questionnaire and a list of people to whom it was sent).
 - c) a copy of the letter written in November, 1901, in which Miss Montagu invited a number of prominent English Jews to a meeting at the home of her sister, Henrietta Franklin. She marked the letter "Private and Confidential" and on the top of her copy wrote: "Draft of letter which started J.R.U."
 - d) the handwritten manuscript of the paper which Lily Montagu read at the first J.R.U. conference (1902)
 - e) the carbon copy of a letter written to her brother, Louis Montagu, on March 3, 1911, just after the death of their father, Samuel Montagu. The letter deals with the provision of his will which specified that Lily Montagu could not use any of her inheritance for Liberal Jewish purposes.

- f) a letter from Lily Montagu to the girls of her West Central Jewish Girls' Club (October, 1913) stating the evening classes which would be offered that year
- g) the draft of a letter which she wrote to an unspecified newspaper (no date) defending her relationship with her father
- h) a personal letter written to Claude Montefiore on November 13, 1913, in which she privately criticizes him for certain actions which he proposed at a recent Liberal Jewish Synagogue Council meeting
- i) the draft of a letter written to the editors of The Nation (December 16, 1917) re: a satire which they had printed on Zionism
- j) a series of letters (only one of which is addressed) to be opened on the occasion of her death. They specify how she wished all of her work to be carried out and indicate how she wanted her money and personal possessions to be distributed.

These letters were dated:

September 12, 1919
July 20, 1931 (addressed to Marian Montagu)
September, 1939
December, 1939
June 17, 1940
April 20, 1954

- k) typed and handwritten instructions to her secretary detailing all of her daily activities (1945?)
- l) an address on "Claude Montefiore as Man and Prophet" dated July 5, 1941

3. In the private possession of Hans Woyda

correspondence between Lily Montagu and Bruno Woyda (Treasurer of the World Union) re: World Union activities and the decision to move its headquarters to the United States (letters dated between 1950 and 1960)

Lily Montagu's privately published writings, which had a limited circulation (and of which only one or two copies have been located, in London) provide additional information on Lily Montagu's religious thought. They include:

1. Thoughts About Home, a booklet written by "LHM, MM and CPL" (Lily H. Montagu, Marian Montagu and Constance P. Lewis), offering quotations from a variety of sources about the importance of home life (Liberal Jewish Synagogue)
2. "A Story of the 'Black Fast'" - a devotional short story printed in small pamphlet form. no date. (Liberal Jewish Synagogue)
3. "A New Years Fantasy" small pamphlet. 1924? (Liberal Jewish Synagogue)
4. "Strengthen the Things That Remain". Sermon published in pamphlet form, January 2, 1954 (Eric Conrad)
5. "A New Years Talk to Girls" -address at West Central Jewish Girls' Club, December 30, 1911. printed in pamphlet form (Conrad)
6. Club Letters- monthly letters (most of which are sermonettes), written by Lily Montagu to the members of her Girls' Club from 1939-October, 1961. Miss Hannah Feldman, a former Club member and worker and now head of the Montagu Club, has in her private possession, letters #3-236. An attempt to locate additional copies of these letters (as well as letters 1 and 2) has not proved successful.

Other useful, unpublished or privately circulated printed material not written by Lily Montagu are:

1. a letter from Samuel Montagu to Ellen Montagu (Lily Montagu's mother) dated February 27, 1875 to be opened by her after his death (Conrad)
2. a letter by Ellen Montagu "For my children to be opened after my death" dated April 6, 1911 (Conrad)
3. the original J.R.U. circular stating the officers, committee members, and objectives of the Union. Issued June 5, 1902 (Conrad)
4. The circular issued "to members and friends of the J.R.U. by the Committee" re: the formation of an independent, liberal synagogue, September 23, 1909 (Conrad)
5. Letters from male members of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue Council (May, 1918) on whether or not women should be permitted to speak from the pulpit. The favorable response elicited from the majority of male members resulted in Lily Montagu's being

asked to preach. She did so the following month. (Liberal Jewish Synagogue)

6. the draft of the original constitution of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue (Liberal Jewish Synagogue)
7. the report issued by the anti-Zionist "League of British Jews" after their first general meeting on March 14, 1918. Lionel de Rothschild was president of the League and Lily Montagu one of its members (Lawrence Rigal, minister of West Central Synagogue)
8. Letters to Lily Montagu re: her work as a justice of the peace written between 1920 and 1945 (Conrad)

In addition, Eric Conrad has in his possession several letters written by Claude Montefiore to Lily Montagu. These include:

1. a fourteen page typed letter in response to her questionnaire (April 12, 1899)
2. Letters in which Montefiore refers to Lily Montagu as the founder of the J.R.U. These are dated: November 9, 1922; January 18, 1926?; December 15, 1928?; and February, 1930.
3. Two other letters of interest are dated April 16 and August 11, (1916?)

A preliminary reading of these manuscripts and other documents suggests that it was Lily Montagu, and not Claude Montefiore, who founded the Liberal Jewish Movement in England. While Claude Montefiore became its official "Leader," Lily Montagu nonetheless was recognized as having originated the movement, assumed a leadership position within it, and worked with unfailing devotion to ensure its success. Briefly stated, my dissertation, entitled "Lily H. Montagu: Leader of Liberal Judaism in England," proposes to focus on Miss Montagu as a modern, Jewish religious leader. Following an introductory section on the religious life of London Jewry in the late nineteenth century, it will then concern itself with three major questions: (1) How was Lily

Montagu able to attain a prominent leadership position within the Liberal Jewish community? (2) Why did she initiate a new religious movement within Anglo-Jewry? What was her initial vision and how was this carried out? and (3) What, to Lily Montagu, did Liberal Judaism represent and what role did she envision for herself within the Liberal Jewish Movement?

In discussing the ways in which Lily Montagu assumed a position of leadership, I will first look at some general factors, such as the increasing participation of women within British public life; leadership positions held by women within the dissenting churches; the growing feeling that girls from wealthy families should engage in some useful work outside of their homes; and the spread of liberal reinterpretations of Christianity, Judaism, and more broadly, of that which constitutes the religious life. Then, more specific factors will be considered. Included among these are:

1. The high regard afforded the Montagu family within and outside of the Anglo-Jewish community
2. The numerous influential people whom, through her parents, Lily Montagu both met and befriended
3. The great amount of support and encouragement received from a number of her relatives (most important of whom were her elder sisters, Henrietta Franklin and Marian Montagu), co-workers and friends who believed in her sincerity and capability and the importance of her "cause."
4. Her early pioneering work in the British club movement which gave her the reputation of being a dedicated, sympathetic, and innovative young woman. Although her deep concern for Jewish working girls may have been viewed as having overextended the boundaries of propriety for a girl of the upper classes, the immediate success of her Girls' Club and the leadership role which she assumed in the British club movement generally, gave her enough self-confidence to widen her sphere of activity.
5. The publication of numerous articles (for example, "The Condition of the Individual in a Socialist State" which appeared in

the Westminster Review in 1896; "Mazzini: The Man and the Teacher" in Present Day Papers in 1901; and most significantly, "Spiritual Possibilities of Judaism Today" in the Jewish Quarterly Review in 1899); participation in conferences on Jewish education and on the duties of Jewish women; a booklet entitled Prayers for Jewish Working Girls which she wrote in 1895 using both Biblical verses and original prayers; Prayers, Psalms and Hymns for Jewish Children edited with Theodora Davis in 1902; and two novels (Naomi's Exodus and Broken Stalks) which contrast the old religion of externally imposed law with the new "truer" religion of love, sympathy and communion with God; all served to enhance her reputation within the Anglo-Jewish community prior to the first meeting of the Jewish Religious Union in 1902.

6. Experience in leading services added to her credibility as a religious leader. Beginning at age 19, she conducted services, held Bible classes, and gave frequent addresses on religious themes to members of her West Central Girls' Club. Out of these early activities, Lily Montagu's own West Central Liberal Jewish Congregation later developed and for thirty-five years, she served as its lay minister. In addition, from 1899 until 1909 (when the J.R.U. voted to establish an independent Liberal Jewish congregation), she led children's services in English as the New West End Synagogue, the orthodox synagogue to which her family belonged.
7. As a wealthy, unmarried woman, Lily Montagu had both the time and the financial means to launch a new religious movement. While her father later limited (through his will) the ways in which her money could be spent, she nevertheless had enough financial resources to devote herself full time to her numerous activities, could, if necessary, privately publish sermons, addresses and other material and employed several secretaries who helped with her correspondence. By remaining single, Miss Montagu adopted as the main purpose of her life, the revitalization of Jewish worship and the spread of Liberal Judaism throughout the world.
8. Later, after the J.R.U. was formed, Lily Montagu's reputation and prestige continued to grow. She served as the Hon. Organizing Secretary and later the President of the J.R.U. (after 1944 called the Union of Liberal and Progressive Synagogues); was largely responsible for the formation of the World Union for Progressive Judaism in 1926 and served first as its Secretary and then as its President; acted as lay minister of the West Central Liberal Jewish Congregation and in 1944 was formally inducted as such; and helped many Jews leave Germany prior to and during the Second World War. She also instigated the formation of a German-Jewish congregation in London, financially assisted and housed several of the German refugees, and encouraged and supported those who were interested in becoming liberal Jewish rabbis. In 1920, Lily Montagu became one of the first female justices of the peace in England and in 1942 was appointed Chairman of the Westminster

Juvenile Court. She founded and served as President of the Maude Nathan Home for children; was a member of the Society for Jews and Christians; was secretary of the Women's Industrial Council; a member of the Executive Committee of the National Union of Women Workers; Chairman of the Industrial Law Centre; and co-founder of the National Organization of Girls' Clubs. She continued to publish books and articles, most of which focused on Jewish themes, and toured the United States with her sister, Marian, in 1930 and 1948. These and other activities reinforced and strengthened her leadership position.

After considering the various factors which made it possible for Lily Montagu to assume a position of leadership, I will examine why Miss Montagu sought to initiate a new religious movement within Anglo-Jewry and the part which she envisioned for herself within it. The major focus of this section of the dissertation will be on her sense of mission. Believing that Jews were witnesses to the reality of a living God, Lily Montagu felt that it was the duty of every Jew to stand as a witness to the truth of God's existence and the testimony inherited from his ancestors and passed down from generation to generation as well as to: "breathe into our belief the spirit of life which is taken from God Himself."

The religious crisis which Lily Montagu underwent at the age of 15, was precipitated by the realization that Orthodox Judaism, as she experienced it, was merely an external, objective part of her life. Influenced by the writings of Thomas Carlyle, George Eliot and Matthew Arnold and the poetry of Robert Browning, William Wordsworth and others, she began to formulate a new, inner conviction about what "real religion" should be. Once she discovered the writings of Claude Montefiore and found that it was possible to harmonize Judaism with this "living faith," she decided to initiate a movement which would attract those apathetic and indifferent Jews who had already disclaimed their Jewish mission. She

sought, as leaders of the movement, those Orthodox and Liberal Jews for whom Judaism already was a living faith. Her initial intention, then, was not to form a Liberal Jewish Movement. Influenced by the writings of Joseph Mazzini, she worked to form an association of Jews who were in sympathy with her desire to revitalize Anglo-Jewish life. Holding supplementary Sabbath services in hotel rooms, the J.R.U. did not see itself as a schismatic movement. Rather, it reflected Lily Montagu's dream of awakening within every Jew his or her own sense of mission as a witness to the all-pervading presence of God.

Lily Montagu and Claude Montefiore gradually realized that Orthodox opposition was forcing them to become a separate religious movement. The narrower goal of spreading Liberal Jewish ideas and establishing a Liberal Jewish congregation was thus added on to the original goal of revitalizing Jewish life. Later, the J.R.U. became the moving force behind a world organization whose purpose was to facilitate communication and promote understanding among all Liberal Jewish groups.

Last, my dissertation will carefully examine what, to Lily Montagu, Liberal Judaism meant. This will include a discussion of her major religious ideas and concerns, the ways in which her ideas developed, and the role which Miss Montagu envisioned for herself within the Liberal Jewish Movement. Believing that Liberal Judaism's teachings were the best means through which Jews could arrive at their own living faith, Miss Montagu sought to spread those ideas in whatever way she could: through her writings; her sermons and addresses; her efforts in establishing new Liberal congregations; her Club work which, she felt, enabled working class girls to recognize their own potential and human worth; and not least, through the example of her own life.

While she recognized that her sense of duty, singleness of purpose and willingness to work and make self sacrifices had thrust her into numerous leadership positions, she refrained from speaking about herself as a leader. Embued with a deep sense of humility, Lily Montagu continually minimized her achievements, and stressed instead the duty of helping others, the mission of every Jew to testify to the reality of God and to share this testimony with others, and the unique mission of modern women to express their particular spiritual power within every aspect of their lives.

While it does not seem possible (nor, perhaps, desirable) to bring the material which I discovered in London to the United States, it is of great importance to have, in this country, photographic copies of the writings which I have described. As documentation of the origin of the Liberal Jewish Movement in England and as a more complete record of the life and thought of the founder of this movement, these manuscripts significantly add to our present knowledge of Anglo-Jewish history and thought. In light of the fact that at present, this material is largely in private hands and the Liberal Anglo-Jewish community does not appear to have any future plan for gathering this material together, I would propose that a complete photographic record be made and preserved in an American library. Given the large amount of research in Jewish studies which is undertaken in New York City, the other historical resources available here, and Lily Montagu's own connection with H.U.C. and the World Union for Progressive Judaism (whose American headquarters is in New York), I would suggest that it might be most appropriate to house these records in the H.U.C.-J.I.R. library in New York City.

As I am familiar with all of the material described, know where the documents can be located, and have already met Eric Conrad, Hannah Feldman, Hans Woyda and John Rayner, Senior Minister of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue, I would be most willing, should funds be made available to me, to fly to London and arrange to have these materials photographically reproduced. The cost of such a trip, over and above the airplane fare, would depend on the time it would take to reproduce this material and the cost of making either photostatic or microfilm copies. Were this material to be available in some photographic form, it not only would ensure the collected preservation of these writings but also would greatly facilitate future research in this area undertaken by others and myself.



RABBI PETER J. RUBINSTEIN

March 6, 1973

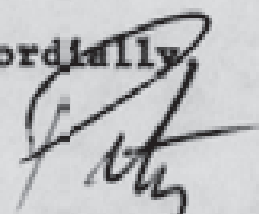
Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
26000 Shaker Blvd.
Beachwood, Ohio 44122

Dear Danny:

You're on for Sunday evening, April 2nd.
Just let me know the address of the National
Foundation. I'll be glad to take you up to
Westchester and then back to wherever you may
want to stay that evening. Again, if it would
be convenient for you to stay with us, we
cordially extend such an invitation.

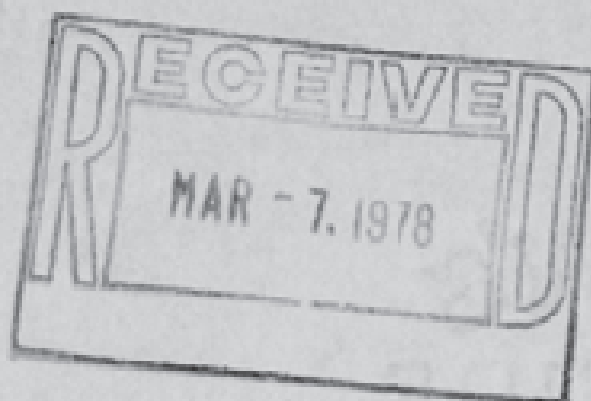
I'll look forward to seeing you at the
Conference at HUC.

Cordially,



Peter J. Rubinstein, Rabbi

PJR/jm



609 West 114th Street, #87
New York, New York 10025
March 6, 1978

Dr. Harry Barron
National Foundation for Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Dr. Barron,

As you know, I have been the holder of a National Foundation for Jewish Culture Fellowship for 1977-78, which was a deferral of my 1976-77 award from the Foundation, for work on my dissertation on "The Effects of Urbanization on the Jews of Vienna, 1880-1914," at Columbia University.

As you know from the Progress Report which I recently sent the Foundation, I am currently analyzing the computer output which I generated from the marriage, birth, and tax records of the Jewish community of Vienna. I have already completed the first chapter on the migration of the Jews to the Habsburg capital, and am presently working on the second chapter on occupational mobility among the Jews of Vienna. I plan other chapters on residence patterns, indices of assimilation, and the movement away from the dominant ideology of assimilation before World War I. I hope to complete a first draft of the dissertation by the end of 1978, and to defend in the spring of 1979.

I have just recently been made aware of the financial burdens of completing the dissertation. My dissertation will be long, approximately 600 pages, and the costs of having the manuscript typed (about \$1.50 per page=\$900), and xeroxing five copies for the defense, amounts to quite a sum of money. In addition, I have just learned that Columbia requires the payment of a \$600 tuition fee for the semester in which one defends one's dissertation. All of these expenses, of course, are in addition to the very high cost of living in New York.

Since I only recently became aware of these prohibitive dissertation-end costs, I was unable to submit an application to the National Foundation before the December deadline. I would however appreciate it very much if the National Foundation for Jewish Culture would be able to award me approximately \$2000 to cover these dissertation-end expenses. I look forward to hearing from you on this matter.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

Marsha Rozenblit

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

March 14, 1978

Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, Ohio 44106

Dear Dan:

I am enclosing letters received from two of our current grantees: Ellen Umansky and Marsha Rozenblit. Their requests are self-explanatory.

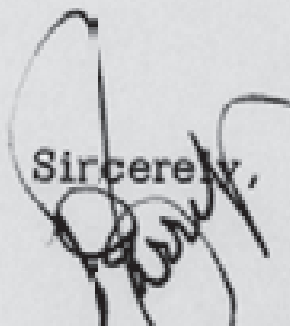
How do you think you would like to deal with these? Rozenblit's request is for \$2,000 to cover completion costs on her dissertation. Umansky's request is for \$1,000 to enable her to go back to London and secure photographs and other reproductions of material on Lily Montagu which otherwise might get lost or destroyed.

Do you want to have either or both of these matters included on the agenda of the Academic Advisory Council meeting? I shall appreciate hearing from you at your early opportunity.

Warm regards.

HIB:bg
encls.

Sincerely,


Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

March 17, 1978

Dr. Harry Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

I saw Joe Blan on Tuesday and he mentioned the Umansky request. Clearly, it would be good to photostat the Montagu material. I wonder if this is a project which the American Jewish Archives or the American Jewish Historical Society could help out with. If the material is to be made available here it would seem that the AJHS is the proper place for it, but, really, her material belongs in England. Could the Memorial Foundation help out or the World Union For Progressive Judaism? The Litman Library has money for publication. She might approach David Goldstein and see if they would subsidize the microfilming in return for rights to her thesis as a book. In other words, I think we ought to help find the money but not have it come out of our pocket.

The Rozenblit question is a different one. Here it seems that we are asked to sponsor Columbia University. She wants money to make up her tuition fees, the cost of five volumes for the defense of her thesis etc. I doubt that we are in business for that and I would recommend that we do not make the additional grant. In coldblooded terms, she will see to it that she gets her license no matter what we do.

I am returning the Dimant material. Please attach it to the files that I have already returned to you. Please do not send me others. These additions are useless to me since I have returned the basic submissions and my grades.

Hope this finds you in good health. With all good wishes I remain

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

Encl.

April 6, 1978

Mr. L. Y. Rahmani
14, Emek Rephaim Street
Jerusalem, Israel

Dear Yitzhak:

I received two weeks ago your much delayed letter of February 11 and have made a number of contacts in New York as far as Miryam is concerned. I am keeping the pot boiling and will get back to you just as soon as there is something specific to report.

I trust all is well. Last week we had a brief vacation in Bermuda with all the kids. Given the news, we needed one.

As always,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

April 6, 1978

Dr. Harry Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

It was good talking with you. Here are the papers on
Miryam Yerushalmy. I appreciate anything you can do.
Please keep me in touch.

  Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

Encl.

DRAFT

August 10, 1978

Dr. Marvin Fox, President
Association for Jewish Studies
Brandeis University
Waltham, Mass. 02154

Dear Marvin:

This is by way of follow-up to our telephone conversation regarding the conference scheduled for September 17th regarding the present status of Jewish Studies programs in American colleges and universities. I have shared the gist of our conversation with Rabbi Silver and both of us are ~~very much~~ concerned that after these many months there are still no data emerging from the AJS survey.

Obviously, we had looked forward to and expected that our discussions in September would benefit from the hard data derived from your survey. We ~~fully~~ agree that these discussions would be more productive if they were based on updated factual material rather than on general impressions, and that is why we selected a date far enough into September when we believed the findings would be available. As you know, the NFJC has asked its Academic Advisory Council to review the present situation in the field of Jewish Studies to determine whether any changes should be considered in our grants program in the light of the current and foreseeable situation. We well know that it has been our practice to develop a close relationship with the AJS wherever possible: to lend assistance in such areas as the regional conferences and the AJS Review; to encourage cooperation and consultation, etc. We want to ^{our relationship by} ~~see this~~ grow and develop in other ways as well, and we certainly viewed the upcoming conference as another concrete instance.

But we are now faced with some serious problems. The Foundation Board is ~~expecting some~~ recommendations for planning its grants program based on factual data that we were assured we would have from you. Since our recommendations must be in hand before the end of this year we must set some outside time limits for obtaining the data. If the AJS is unable to furnish us with this information by November 1, the Foundation

August 10, 1978

will feel constrained to gather ^{on its own} the minimum data it requires. We would, of course, prefer not to have to undertake such a task but may have to do so should the AJS not come through with its findings by November 1.

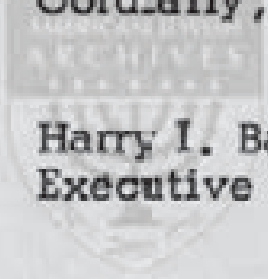
As for the cost of computerizing the data, inasmuch as the questionnaire material was set up with this in mind, it would take very little to complete the programming and running through of the data. I am sure that there are a number of computer outfits under Jewish auspices who would be happy to take care of it at no cost or at most a nominal charge. I am surprised that this was not taken into account when you planned the survey initially.

At any rate, Marvin, I hope you will give this your earliest attention and let me hear from you as soon as possible. Kindest regards.

HIB:bg



Cordially,



Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

Dear Marvin:

*sent to
Dr. Berman
8/16/78
m*

This is by way of a follow-up to our telephone conversation regarding the conference on the status of Jewish Studies programs in American colleges and universities scheduled for September 17. I shared our conversation with Rabbi Silver and this letter is to inform you of our decisions in this matter.

Following our useful discussion at the Academic Advisory Council meeting in April, the Foundation had looked forward to the receipt of the data derived from the AJS study in time for a September meeting. You will remember that the Foundation Board had asked the Academic Advisory Council to review the present situation in the field of Jewish Studies to determine what changes, if any, should be made in our grants program in the light of the current situation and foreseeable developments. The September meeting was scheduled to provide all of us with the necessary information well in advance of the budgeting process for next year.

The Board's mandate was not part of a retrenchment program, nor is it designed as a cover for a predetermined distancing from academic support, but to discharge the Board's responsibility to direct available dollars in the most useful way. All of us recognized a need for hard data before we could determine how our dollars could best be applied to the benefit of the whole field.

We were delighted with the offer of cooperation from the AJS and AJS's willingness to participate in the conference. Indeed, it seemed a happy new step in our long relationship which till now has seen the Foundation provide financial support for regional conferences, the AJS Review, etc. It is regrettable that the survey data has been delayed; and this fact faces the Foundation with some serious decisions. We must make certain recommendations to our Board and need to base our recommendations on hard data and not general impressions. Since our recommendations must be in hand before the end of this calendar year, we must set some outside

[Aug 16, 1978]

limits for obtaining the data. We have decided to delay the September conference to mid-November. We have also decided that should the AJS not be able to come up with the information needed by November 1, the Foundation will be constrained to gather on its own these facts that are required. Such a resolution is not an ideal one, but we have no alternative.

Since you indicated that the questionnaires were set up to make computerization feasible, little in the way of monies should be required to complete that part of the analysis. I am sure that there are a number of computer outfits under Jewish auspices who would be willing to complete the programming and the running through of the data at a nominal charge or no cost. I am surprised provisions were not made initially for computerization of the data.

I do want to assure you of our continuing interest in providing support to the field of Jewish Studies and for close cooperation with the AJS, and I am sure you recognize our need to bring in recommendations within fixed time limits.

I hope you will give this your earliest attention. May I hear from you as soon as possible. Kindest regards,

Cordially

1
7/25/78
NFGC

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

September 21, 1978

Professor Marvin Fox, President
Association for Jewish Studies
Brandeis University
Waltham, Mass. 02154

Dear Marvin:

As I mentioned to you in our telephone conversation, we are genuinely appreciative of your gracious cooperation in the matter of providing us with data from your survey. The NFJC has no desire to undertake the gathering of its own data at this time and would do so only if it was clear that you could not provide the information that we seek by early November. Since what we are looking for is essentially the simple tabulations of some of the items in your survey instrument, that should present no problem.

Of course, we would find it very helpful to get information showing movement or trends over a period of years but obviously you are not in a position to furnish such data except in a few limited areas such as your experience with registering job openings. If there is some way to project current information for a limited period into the future, that would be of real value.

Our primary focus at this time is a consideration of what the needs are likely to be in the next few years as regards existing graduate students to prepare for the doctorate in some branch of Jewish Studies. All kinds of relevant questions can be spun off from this but it would probably be wiser to limit our consideration to those aspects that have immediacy for programs like ours. For that reason I am keeping the scope of the questions on the appended sheet as simple as possible.

As I already explained to you, we shall need to hold ^{the} a conference in New York City and it would now seem that Monday, November 27th, would be the best date. We can start the session at 10:30 a.m. which will give everyone enough time to get in; and we can arrange to adjourn before the end of the afternoon.

Again let me thank you for your helpfulness throughout. I shall look forward to getting the material in the next few weeks - in any event no later than November 1. If you have any questions or problems with any of this do let me hear from you promptly. Warmest regards.

Cordially,

HIB:bg
encl.

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

Other TUGs

**INFORMATION SOUGHT FROM AJS JEWISH
STUDIES SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE**

- 1) Number and age distribution of persons engaged full-time in the teaching of Jewish Studies.
- 2) Percentage distribution of areas of Jewish Studies courses.
- 3) Percentage distribution of principal areas of Jewish Studies preparation or research among current professors.
- 4) Number of graduate students enrolled in Jewish Studies doctoral programs.
- 5) Number of persons expected to complete Ph.D's in Jewish Studies within the next academic year.
- 6) Number and type of Jewish Studies openings registered with the AJS in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 7) Number and length of Jewish Studies teaching appointments made in last three years.
- 8) Number of new Jewish Studies programs initiated in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 9) Number of Jewish Studies programs curtailed or eliminated in 1977 and 1978.

9/21/78

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 8, 1978

Prof. Marshall Sklare
Sociology Dept.
Brandeis University
Waltham, Mass. 02154

Dear Marshall:

You may have heard from Marvin Fox that the National Foundation for Jewish Culture is convening a small conference at its offices in New York on Monday, November 27th, at 10:00 a.m., to consider what bearing recent developments in the field of academic Jewish Studies should have on the Foundation's grants program.

The number of participants in this conference will be very limited, and in response to our request of the Association for Jewish Studies that it designate the individuals from its group whom it would like to have attend, you were among the three named. We are pleased to extend a warm invitation to you to join us and hope that you will find it possible to do so. It is our expectation that we should be able to conclude our discussions by the middle of the afternoon.

As you may know, Dr. Fox last spring offered to furnish us with certain basic data from the findings of the AJS Survey, and he has assured us that these data will be made available to us in time for our deliberations. Since I know you have been closely involved in this survey, I trust that you will do whatever possible to make certain that we can have the benefit of the maximum findings to assist us in our discussions on November 27th.

I shall look forward to favorable word from you about your being with us on November 27th, and I express our warm appreciation for your anticipated help.

Sincerely,

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver, Chairman
Academic Advisory Council

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

November 8, 1978

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

Dr. Charles Berlin,
Executive Secretary
Association for Jewish Studies
Widener Library M
Cambridge, Mass. 02138

Dear Charles:

You may have heard from Marvin Fox that the National Foundation for Jewish Culture is convening a small conference at its offices in New York on Monday, November 27th, at 10:00 a.m., to consider what bearing recent developments in the field of academic Jewish Studies should have on the Foundation's grants program.

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Sincerely,

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver, Chairman
Academic Advisory Council

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

November 8, 1978

Dr. Michael A. Meyer
Hebrew Union College - JIR
3101 Clifton Avenue
Cincinnati, Ohio 45220

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

Dear Mike:

I have tried reaching you several times on the phone but each time there has been no answer at your home and you were not in at your office. I am therefore dropping you this note.

Some time ago the Foundation Board requested our Academic Advisory Council to make an assessment of the current situation as regards Jewish Studies programs and the way in which this might affect the future planning of our grants programs. When this was discussed by the Academic Advisory Council last spring, Marvin Fox pointed out that the new AJS Questionnaire Survey would in all probability contain a good deal of information that would have an important bearing on such discussion and he offered to furnish us with the pertinent findings. We had originally hoped to call such a conference early in September but after a series of discussions with Marvin Fox it was clear that the AJS would not complete its computations in time for such a meeting. We therefore decided to postpone the conference until November 27th and explain to the AJS that we would have to have the data by November 1st.

Our most recent conversation with Marvin Fox earlier this week disclosed that the computations are still not completed but he assured us that we would have the findings that we have requested in time for our meeting on November 27th.

The participants in the conference will be restricted: in addition to representatives of the NFJC, we have invited the Memorial Foundation, the AJS and Milton Konvitz, head of the Hebrew Culture Foundation (which has made grants for Hebrew programs at various colleges). Obviously, both as the President-elect of the AJS and former member of our Academic Advisory Council, your participation in this conference would be highly desirable. We very much hope that you will be able to join us and we would be prepared to meet the cost of your expenses. The session will be held in our offices, starting at 10:00 a.m. and should be concluded by the middle of the afternoon.

Dr. Michael A. Meyer

-2-

November 8, 1978

I hope you will let me hear from you at your early opportunity letting us know that you will be with us. We very much look forward to your participation.

Warm regards.

Cordially,

HIB:bg

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director



NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 9, 1978

Dr. Michael A. Meyer
Hebrew Union College - JIR
3101 Clifton Avenue
Cincinnati, O. 45220

Dear Mike:

I notice that in my note to you of November 8th I incorrectly listed the beginning time of our session on November 27th as 10:00 a.m. We actually plan to start at 10:30 a.m.

I hope this may make it a little easier for you to get here that morning. I look forward to hearing from you.

Kind regards.

Cordially,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIB:bg

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 9, 1978

Dr. Charles Berlin,
Executive Secretary
Association for Jewish Studies
Widener Library M
Cambridge, Mass. 02138

Dear Charles:

In Rabbi Silver's letter to you on November 8th it is noted that the time for starting the session on November 27th was incorrectly listed as 10:00 a.m. We plan to begin at 10:30 a.m. I hope you will make a note of this and that it will make it a bit easier for you to get here that morning.

Kind regards.

Cordially,

HIB:bg

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 9, 1978

Prof. Marshall Sklare
Sociology Dept.
Brandeis University
Waltham, Mass. 02154

Dear Marshall:

In Rabbi Silver's letter to you on November 8th it is noted that the time for starting the session on November 27th was incorrectly listed as 10:00 a.m. We plan to begin at 10:30 a.m. I hope you will make a note of this and that it will make it a bit easier for you to get here that morning.

Kind regards.

Cordially,

HIB:bg

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 9, 1978

Dr. Norman E. Frimer,
Executive Director
Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture
15 East 26th Street
New York, N.Y. 10010

Dear Dr. Frimer:

I have just learned of your appointment as Executive Director of the Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture and I want to extend warm congratulations and good wishes. If there is any way in which I can be of help to you please call upon me.

I should also like to extend an invitation to you to participate in a conference we are having on November 27th to consider some of the implications of recent developments in the field of Jewish Studies in this country. As you may know, the National Foundation for Jewish Culture has been awarding fellowships and doctoral grants since 1961 and we are in the process of reviewing the situation in the light of current developments.

The session on November 27th (to be held at our office commencing at 10:30 a.m.) is limited to a very small number of participants representing the Association for Jewish Studies, the Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture, the Hebrew Culture Foundation and some members of our Academic Advisory Council. We hope to adjourn the meeting by the middle of the afternoon.

I do hope you will be able to join us and shall look forward to the pleasure of renewing our association. Every good wish.

Sincerely,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIB:bg

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

490-2280

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

November 9, 1978

Dr. Milton R. Konvitz
Cornell University
P.O. Box 1000
Ithaca, New York 14853

Dear Milton:

Please excuse the long delay in replying to your kind letter of October 19th. I have been laid up and out of the office so that I was unable to take care of the accumulated correspondence.

I am delighted that you will be with us for the conference on November 27th for I know that we shall benefit from your participation.

Upon your suggestion we have extended an invitation to Dr. Moshe Avital to attend the meeting, and I am enclosing a list of those who we now know will be in attendance. There may be one or two others but if we are able to confirm them sufficiently in advance I will send their names along to you. I am sure that they will be pleased to receive a copy of the report of the Hebrew Culture Foundation.

Warm regards.

Cordially,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIE:bg
enc.

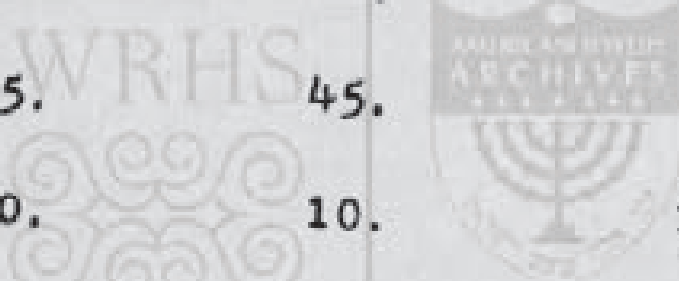
EXPECTED ATTENDANCE AT CONFERENCE ON
JEWISH STUDIES
NOVEMBER 27, 1978

Dr. Marvin Fox	Dept. of Near Eastern & Judaic Studies Brandeis University Waltham, Mass. 02154
Prof. Marshall Sklare	Sociology Dept. Brandeis University Waltham, Mass. 02154
Dr. Charles Berlin, Executive Secretary	Association for Jewish Studies Widener Library M - Cambridge, Mass. 02138
Prof. Michael A. Meyer	Hebrew Union College - JIR 3101 Clifton Ave. Cincinnati, O. 45220
Dr. Marvin I. Herzog	Dept. of Linguistics - Columbia University New York, N.Y. 10027
Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver	The Temple, University Circle at Silver Park Cleveland, Ohio 44106
Dr. Norman E. Frimer, Executive Director	Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture 15 East 26th St. New York, N.Y. 10010
Dr. Jerry Hochbaum, Assistant Director	" " "
Amos Comay	Action Industries 460 Nixon Road Cheswick, Pa. 15024
Mrs. Milton Lowenstein	365 Irving Avenue South Orange, N.J. 07079
Dr. Harry I. Barron	National Foundation for Jewish Culture
Dr. Milton R. Konvitz	
Dr. Moshe Avital	

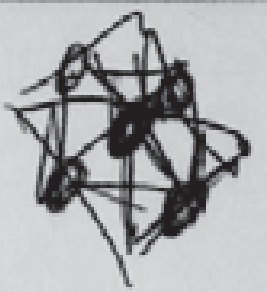
PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION BY OCCUPATIONAL SETTING
OF NPJC DOCTORAL GRANTEES AT THREE YEAR INTERVALS

Year of Grant	Teaching Jewish Studies	Other College Teaching	Jewish Education	Jewish Communal Service	Other
1960-1961	55.	27.	9.	9.	--
1963-1964	38.	44.	12.	--	6.
1966-1967	77.	11.	6.	--	6.
1969-1970	45.	45.	5.	5.	--
1972-1973	70.	10.	10.	--	10.
1975-1976	71.	23.	6.	--	--
<hr style="border-top: 1px dashed black;"/>					
T o t a l	61.	26.	8.	2.	3.

102
People



GOOD STUDENTS TO REMAIN IN '75 UNDER ^{YOUR} SUPERVISION



16-1

13-2

8-3

3-4

4-5

IF THIS IS PIPE LINE THEN

NUMBER GOING DOWN -

BRADLEY '77 JOB, DROP IN QUALITY & NUMBER OF

APPLICANTS -

PROBLEM OF 616 SCHOOLS TO JUSTIFY FACULTY -

MOM FOUNDATION

- NUMBERS DOWN -

BEST STUDENTS

HOC

JTS

JEWISH STUDENT

MOM FOUNDATION

CALL STATE

IN SPECIFIC AREAS

HOL LINGUISTICS
POLITICS

HOW TO KNOW SPECIALTIES

OTHER AREAS OF SERVICE

RETAINING PROGRAM ! LINKAGE

**INFORMATION SOUGHT FROM AJS JEWISH
STUDIES SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE**

- 1) Number and age distribution of persons engaged full-time in the teaching of Jewish Studies.
- 2) Percentage distribution of areas of Jewish Studies courses.
- 3) Percentage distribution of principal areas of Jewish Studies preparation or research among current professors.
- 4) Number of graduate students enrolled in Jewish Studies doctoral programs.
- 5) Number of persons expected to complete Ph.D's in Jewish Studies within the next academic year.
- 6) Number and type of Jewish Studies openings registered with the AJS in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 7) Number and length of Jewish Studies teaching appointments made in last three years.
- 8) Number of new Jewish Studies programs initiated in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 9) Number of Jewish Studies programs curtailed or eliminated in 1977 and 1978.

9/21/78

YEAR BEGAN STUDY

25-54 Feb
 55-59 12
 60-64 68
 65-69 148
 20-77 271 not
 LATER 136 (killed yet as
 membership) //

NO who attended Seminars

OF 709

260
 449

DID

DID NOT

63% in Field
 NOT Attended
 School

POSS NOT

include

directly enrolled in PH

- POINT KNOW yet if the channel -

119 ATTENDED A HES College // may also have done
 others

288 have studied in FRANCE

66 Further Study

383 Full Time Appointments

228 NOT Full Time

98 DIDNT Respond

NO OF LEAD STUDENTS

16 have of 1

13 2

9 3

4 4

17 more are 4

CONFERENCE ON JEWISH STUDIES

November 27, 1978

A G E N D A

1. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS..... Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
2. DATA FROM AJS SURVEY TABULATIONS..... Dr. Marvin Fox
4. DISCUSSION OF THE DATA AND THEIR IMPLICATIONS
4. OTHER AREAS FOR CONSIDERATION

Absorptive Capacity of Field

More Rigorous Admission Requirements for Doctoral Candidates

Liaison with Other Related Fields of Service

Standards of Excellence



PLASTER BOND

Document

709

714

Faculty by Field of Specialization
SELF IDENT.

Biblical Studies	65
Arboring	67
Jewish Religion	49
Phil	55
History	150
Sociology	25
Heb Lit	46
Heb Lang	30
Yid Studies	20
Kol Bo	92

of respondents

52 missing

611 of 709 have of and candidates for
46 have of and candidates for other
accounts

Phd
awarded 422
expected 225

50% increase in 3 or 4 years

When Phd -

Before	25	2
25-29		
30-31		3
30-34		6
35-39		12
40-44		5
45-49		11
50-54	-	11
55-59		32
60-64		37

62-69	57
70-74	127
75-79	146
Expected	286

SOME AREAS FOR DISCUSSION

CONFERENCE ON JEWISH STUDIES

November 27, 1978

Standards of Quality for Doctoral Programs

1. Are there discernible evidences of change in Jewish Studies doctoral programs around the country? Where? In major private universities? State universities? Institutions under Jewish auspices?
2. Are there noticeable trends in the hiring standards of schools with regard to the quality of teaching personnel for Jewish Studies positions?
3. Have there been any suggested pre-requisites or beginning requirements for graduate students in Jewish Studies that have gained any considerable acceptance?
4. Has there been any attempt to set down a minimum number of faculty in a given graduate area to qualify for doctoral specialization?
5. What kinds of cooperative programs have been established among various graduate schools to encourage broadening students' background or strengthening specialized knowledge?
6. What kinds of testing programs are utilized by schools without specialized faculty to determine capacity of students to handle texts and special languages?
7. To what extent are specialists from other institutions invited to serve on Dissertation Committees, etc.?
8. Is it feasible to develop suggested minimum standards for certain types of Jewish Studies courses? Both syllabi as well as academic preparation of instructors?
9. How do we know whether the preparation of Jewish Studies teaching personnel today is better than ten years ago? Can we establish continuing data collection that will furnish us with this information at regular intervals?

Q 207 - 519 in NE/Penn

NO in Faculty | NO OF PhD's | NO OF UNDERGRADUATE

Held on 17 Phd's

Youth of Field

LEVELS - RANGES

22.2% Grad ST	22%	LECT	4.2%
ADMIN.	1.6%	INST	4.7%
LS	2.5%	ASST Pro	16.8%
		ASSOC Pro	12.1%
		PROF	17.5%
		47%	

YEARS IN MOST OF THOSE HOLDING POSITIONS IN

PRESENT INSTITUTION

1-4 yrs	174	ACTUAL
5-9	81	
10-14	41	
15-	25	

TENURE

196 NO
124 YES
8 RETIRED

AGE DIST. Q 209 of those who specified

268 missing

1953-1975	14	70%
1944-53	196	
1934-43	112	

CASES

574 Male
114 Female

EXPECTED ATTENDANCE AT CONFERENCE ON JEWISH STUDIES

NOVEMBER 27, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver, Chairman

~~Dr. Charles Berlin~~ - Association for Jewish Studies

~~Amos Geday~~ - National Foundation for Jewish Culture

Dr. Marvin Fox - AJS

Dr. Marvin I. Herzog - NFJC-AAC

Dr. Jerry Hochbaum - Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture

Dr. Milton Konvitz - Hebrew Culture Foundation; AAC

Dr. Baruch Levine - NFJC-AAC (Former Pres. AJS)

~~Mrs. Milton Lowenstein~~ - NFJC

Dr. Michael Meyer - Pres., -Elect AJS; AAC-NFJC

Dr. Harry Orlinsky - AAC-NFJC

~~Dr. Marshall Sklare~~ - AJS

Dr. Harry I. Barron)
Abraham Atik) NFJC Staff

Invited but not expected:

Dr. Moshe Avital - Hebrew Culture Foundation

Dr. Norman Primer - Memorial Foundation

INFORMATION SOUGHT FROM AJS JEWISH
STUDIES SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

- 1) Number and age distribution of persons engaged full-time in the teaching of Jewish Studies.
- 2) Percentage distribution of areas of Jewish Studies courses.
- 3) Percentage distribution of principal areas of Jewish Studies preparation or research among current professors.
- 4) Number of graduate students enrolled in Jewish Studies doctoral programs.
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- 6) Number and type of Jewish Studies openings registered with the AJS in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 7) Number and length of Jewish Studies teaching appointments made in last three years.
- 8) Number of new Jewish Studies programs initiated in 1976, 1977 and 1978.
- 9) Number of Jewish Studies programs curtailed or eliminated in 1977 and 1978.

AJS 383 in full
response
525/550 Dean
200/225 Genl Sec.
ASROC

Part I - IND Q
H - INST. Q

60% Response
T

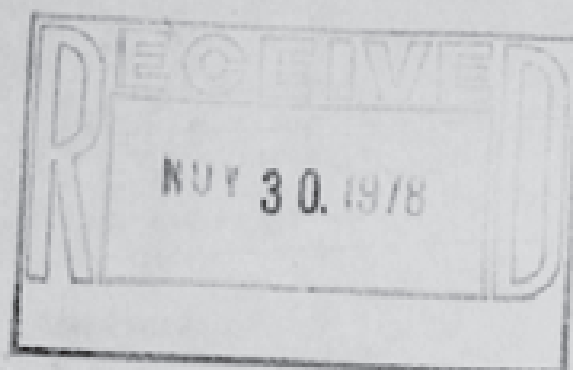
Enrollment Form
Last 5 years -

709^{ind} IN DATA - EXCLUDED ALL NON
NATIONALS -

LESS SUCCESSFUL IN INSTRUCTING FORM -

Computer base available for updating - -

9/21/78



1426 48th Street
Brooklyn, New York 11219
26 November 1978

Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver
National Foundation for Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N.Y. 10017

Dear Dr. Silver,

I have previously applied for a grant from the foundation which you represent. Unfortunately, my application was not favorably passed upon and was rejected. I am writing to you to delineate an important change in my academic plans which, I hope, will affect the judgment of the Academic Advisory Council. In place of submitting an entire application for the coming academic year, 1978-1979, I am taking the liberty of writing to you in this fashion.

In my earlier application I had listed as a dissertation title and included a precis of a proposal entitled: "The Development of the Delineation between Biblical and Rabbinic Ordinances, etc." However, I am no longer pursuing the course of that investigation.

For the past two years I have been involved in Cairo Geniza studies, and have devoted my efforts to investigating the halakhic literature of the Geonim and early Sephardic rishonim. I had studied with Prof. S. Abramson of the Hebrew University, Jerusalem, during his stay here in 1975-76, and since that time, with Dr. E. Hurvitz of the Erna Michael Geniza Center of Yeshiva University. During this past summer I travelled to the libraries of Cambridge, the British Museum, Jews' College of London, the Rosenthaliana of Amsterdam, and the Jewish National Library in Jerusalem, to study various Cairo Geniza fragments and other manuscripts. The trip proved quite fruitful. I have located fragments of the following works and have begun to annotate and prepare for publication:

1. The Commentary of R. Sherira Gaon and R. Hai Gaon on tractates Bava Batra and Pesahim,
2. Responsa of the Geonim: R. Natronai, R. Saadia, and R. Zemah ben Paltoi,
3. An Eretz-Israeli version of Halakhot Pesoukot of R. Yehoudai,
4. The Commentary of Maimonides on the Talmud (!), tractate Berakhot.

On the basis of my researches in Geonic and Geniza studies, I have begun to reorganize much of my material in order to prepare a dissertation proposal on "The Commentaries of R. Sherira Gaon and R.

[Nov 26, 1978]

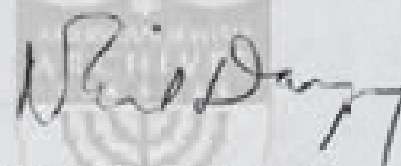
Hai Gaon on the Talmud." I believe that I can make a significant contribution to Jewish scholarship in this area. My plan is to locate the remaining fragments of the Geonic commentaries to other tractates, remaining in the Cairo Geniza. The first part of this work was initially forwarded to Dr. Yitshak Refael of the Mossad HaRav Kook of Jerusalem, but I have since withdrawn it from publication in order to include it in my dissertation. A copy of these texts and my comments is included with this letter.

The projected work will include the following:

1. The texts of all remaining unpublished Geonic commentaries,
2. An evaluation of all the texts, including portions previously published by B.M. Levin, J. Mann, S. Abramson, E. Hurvitz, and others.
3. The sources and approaches of the Geonim as pioneers in Talmudic commentary,
4. The impact of R. Sherira and R. Hai on the Spanish and Franco-German schools of medieval Talmudic commentators.

If necessary, I will be glad to resubmit any part or parts of my former application and letters of recommendation, which now require change in light of these developments. I remain eager to discuss this matter with you in person,

Sincerely,



(Rabbi) Neil Danzig

P.S. Copies of two recently published articles which appeared in Sinai of Jerusalem are enclosed.

encs.

MINUTES

COPY

National Foundation for Jewish Culture
Academic Advisory Council
Special Meeting on AJS Survey

November 27, 1978
NFJC Offices
10:00 A.M.

ATTENDANCE: Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver, Chairman; Marvin Fox, Marvin Herzog, Jerry Hochbaum (Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture), Baruch Levine, Milton Konvitz (Hebrew Culture Foundation), Michael Meyer, Harry Orlinsky.
Staff: Harry I. Barron and Abraham Atik

BACKGROUND Rabbi Silver opened the meeting by referring to the need of every organization to review its major programs and see that its resources are used most effectively. In terms of the scholarly grants program, it is necessary for the Foundation to determine whether resources ought to be redirected to new or other areas of scholarship, or if the emphasis should remain as it is in light of changing conditions. Of particular importance in this connection is the nature of the career opportunities available to Foundation grantees. He noted that the Association for Jewish Studies had recently conducted a survey which should help shed light on this area, and he expressed his appreciation at their willingness to share the findings, though still incomplete, with the Foundation and those invited to this meeting who represented major funding organizations in the area of Jewish scholarship.

REPORT ON AJS SURVEY Marvin Fox, President of the AJS, and Michael Meyer, who was expected to succeed him as President, reported on the data available from its survey. They cautioned that these are preliminary findings since much cross-referencing and tabulations are still to be made. However, they thought that they could well answer some of the questions that had been addressed to them by the National Foundation for Jewish Culture.

They noted that the response received to the questionnaire had been very high. Two instruments had been distributed, one to individuals and one to academic institutions. They expected major difficulties with the institutional survey, and indeed there are not yet sufficient responses to warrant analysis at this time. In regard to the individual survey, however, the response has been well above what can be normally expected. Of the regular AJS membership approximately 525 are engaged full time in teaching Jewish Studies; approximately 225 are graduate students, and an additional 200 who are associate members, that is, those having an interest in the field of Jewish Studies. The questionnaire was sent to regular members and to the graduate students. Responses were received from approximately 560 or roughly 60 percent of the instruments that were sent out, and by extrapolating from the application forms to the Association it was possible to base the analysis on a total of 709 members.

Marvin Fox reported a large number of findings, including many that validated what had been previously surmised. Thus, the concentration of those who are teaching Jewish studies or who are graduate students, are, in geographic terms, concentrated in the New England and the Eastern Central states such as New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Thus, of the 709 members, 519 or 73.2% are in

[Nov 27, 1978]

this geographic area. Among the institutions in which the respondents are found, Columbia led all others with 91, followed by Brandeis with 88, Harvard-48, UCLA-23, JTS-25 and a sharp falling off thereafter. It was also reported that approximately one third of those who responded spent some time in academic studies in Israel.

The findings relating to the academic status of the respondents revealed the following:

Academic Status	Percent
Graduate Students	22.0
Administration	1.6
Librarians	2.5
Lecturers	4.2
Instructors	4.7
Assistant Professors	16.8
Associate Professors	12.1
Professors	14.5

In response to the query as to the number of years those who were teaching full time in the rank of assistant professor and above were in their present positions, the following data were revealed:

From 1 - 4 years	174
From 5 - 9 years	85
From 10 - 14 years	81
15 years or more	25

It was reported that 196 of the respondents did not have tenure, 124 were tenured and 9 are retired. In terms of age, 72 percent of the respondents were under 45 years old indicating how young the field really is. 571 of the respondents were males and 114 females.

Data was also available on faculty by field of specialization as indicated in the following listings:

Field of Specialization	Number
History	150
Rabbinics	67
Biblical Studies	65
Jewish Philosophy	55
Jewish Religion	49
Hebrew Literature	46
Hebrew Language	30
Sociology	25
Yiddish	20
Other	92

(Nov 27, 1978)

- 3 -

It was pointed out in this connection that due to the requirements for admission to the Association for Jewish Studies, which specifies that members need to be in the field of Jewish Studies and not in fields that might be somewhat peripheral, there was no information regarding those in such disciplines as political science, anthropology, etc.

A major indication of the apparent youthfulness of the field emerged from the data on the year the doctorate was received.

Year Doctorate Received	Number
Before 1925	2
1925-1929	3
1930-1934	6
1935-1939	12
1940-1944	5
1945-1949	11
1950-1954	11
1955-1959	32
1960-1964	39
1965-1969	57
1970-1974	127
1975-1978	146

The data regarding the years respondents began studying for their doctorates indicate the same tendency. Thus, while between 1960 and 1964 there were 68 who began studying for their doctorate, between 1965 and 1969, 148 began their studies, and between 1970 and 1974 271 began their studies. Additional data were provided regarding the educational background of the respondents, and it was noted that 260 had gone to rabbinical school in addition to their studies for the Ph.D. while 449 did not.

Another significant finding revealed that there are at least 88 people who are expecting to complete their Ph.D's in 1978 or 1979. 235 people report that they expect to get their Ph.D. "sometime in the future". Later discussion also revealed that while for the past years there were approximately three times as many applicants for positions as there were openings, there will in the future be an even more adverse ratio for those entering the field because there will be little attrition among those teaching (given the youthfulness of the faculties), an expected decrease in the number of new positions and the large numbers of those completing their studies.

[No 127, 1978]

DISCUSSION

Following the presentation of the data, an intensive and wide-ranging discussion took place regarding their implications. It was pointed out that because of the number of those entering into graduate studies, and because of the lack of openings, there has been a tightening of standards, so that those who will be getting through the programs will tend to be unusually well qualified. It was also pointed out that the field of Jewish Studies makes very rigorous demands on those who wish to enter it, since they need to master several languages, at least one complex field of study, and must have familiarity with classical Jewish sources.

Following extended discussion it was agreed that one major area to be pursued is to determine the possibility of developing positions within Jewish communal service for those who are getting their doctorate in Jewish Studies. Though job placement might not be as acute for those who have rabbinical training, since there are some positions available in that field, most students do not fall within that category, and other areas certainly need to be explored, particularly Jewish Education, librarianship, Jewish community organization and the Center field. It was agreed that the Foundation would review this issue with other communal agencies who have knowledge of employment prospects in various fields of Jewish communal service, and that following this exploration a meeting be held with institutional representation to discuss what further steps are required. If more adequate information is available, it will be helpful in advising those entering the field of Jewish Studies. Among the results that could emerge from a meeting of this kind are the need to create a mechanism for retraining people for fields other than college teaching; perhaps a central clearinghouse for employment opportunities in Jewish communal service, and a greater partnership between the organized Jewish communities and the professional associations of Jewish academics.

A number of other possibilities to deal with the problem of careers in Jewish studies were discussed. Emphasis was placed on the need to develop undergraduate training in Jewish studies and the possibility of opening up additional positions in that area. There was also some discussion about utilizing the skills of those working in Jewish studies on the community and junior college and even on the high-school level. Recognition was given to the need to provide additional Jewish training to those whose primary specializations are in other disciplines but who are interested in the Jewish component in their field.

The meeting was adjourned at 2:20 P.M.

November 28, 1978

Dr. Harry Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

I thought we had an extremely productive meeting and I would like to suggest the following followup:

1. We ought to get figures on the senior places available in day schools and colleges of Jewish study and the number of job placements that become open in these two categories each year.
2. We ought to ask the Hebrew teachers' group and the AJE as to their perceptions of the usefulness of the PhD program. Are they recruiting from that pipe line, from the seminaries or from schools of education?
3. The seminaries should be asked for the number of students in their doctoral programs. We ought to ask for whatever information they can give us as to the numbers of their graduating classes and their expectations. We are not interested in congregational placement but in those who really want other kinds of employment.
4. Hillel seems to be moving away from rabbinic and academic placements to social work types. Is this perception accurate? Tickten or someone else at the regional Hillel should be asked for information. CJFWF should be asked for the numbers of PhD's and rabbinic type who are employed in community work.
5. We ought to get some indication from the community schools of social work, particularly from Los Angeles and Yeshivah, as to their interest in cooperating in the kind of retraining we discussed.

[Nov 28, 1978]

I am being relatively vague, but you can fill in the chapter and verse. We ought to involve representatives of all those groups in the next phase of this study and plan for a two-day conference for the late spring.

As far as the Board is concerned, I think they ought to be told that ~~we had~~ this meeting and that we have begun a process of exploration which should be completed, as far as our own internal decisions are concerned, before decisions are made for the 1979-80 year. We are committed through our current fiscal year, applications are out etc.

I am enclosing a number of copies of an article on higher Jewish learning which will be of interest to members of the Board. I would appreciate your distributing them.

My expenses were \$140.00. I had a tough time getting out of New York.

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp
Encl.

P. S. I am enclosing copy of the letter from Herb Paper to me and my response as a reminder that he ought to be included in the next selection for the Academic Advisory Council.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

490-2280

December 4, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, Ohio 44106

Dear Dan:

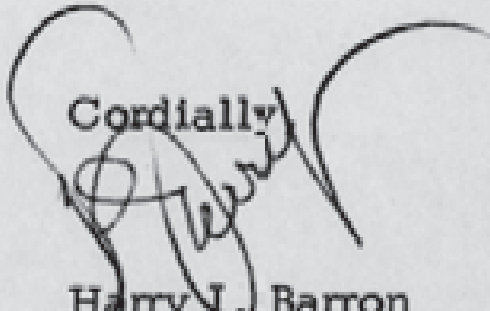
I have your note of November 28th and am glad that you felt that the meeting last week was a useful one. Thank you for the detailed suggestions contained in your letter. We shall try to follow up on them wherever possible.

I was glad to get the offprints of your article on higher Jewish learning which you suggest we distribute among the Board members. But since you sent only a dozen copies and we have 60 members of the Board you leave me with an unpleasant task of selection. Can you spare some more?

I am making a note about Herbert Paper for the Academic Advisory Council. We really need to examine our roster and make some additional selections. I will try to get to that in the next few days.

Enclosed is our check for \$140 as per your statement of expenses. All the best.

Cordially


Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIB:bg
encl.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

December 5, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, O. 44106

Dear Dan:

I am enclosing a letter addressed to you by Rabbi Neil Danzig, one of last year's applicants who also submitted some samples of his material which I am not sending along.

Our records reveal that Danzig received a grade of A- from Gordis, an A- from Orlinsky and a B from Baruch Levine. As a result, he was disqualified. The only comment was by Orlinsky who said: "too parochial; no outside evaluation".

In view of the fact that Danzig has changed his research there is some question as to whether we should allow him to submit a new application. However, all of his references are likely to be the same as he submitted last time: Meyer Feldblum, Leo Landman and Elazar Hurvitz, all of Bernard Revel Graduate School of Yeshiva University. I am enclosing copies of his earlier application.

If you think that we should entertain a new application from him, we should notify him as soon as possible so that he can meet our deadline of December 31st. If not, we shall have to advise him appropriately. Please let me have your thinking on this as soon as possible.

Cordially,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIB:bg
encls.

December 12, 1978

Dr. Harry L. Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

I see no reason that Danzig cannot submit another application. His present application is almost complete and he could be turned down by this year's group just as last year's. With all good wishes I remain

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

Office of the President

December 11, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, Ohio 44106

Dear Dan:

I am writing at this time to all members of our Board to ask for urgently needed contributions toward our Doctoral Grants Program.

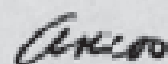
Since 1961 the Foundation has provided such grants to nearly 300 Jewish scholars. More than 90% of our grant recipients are now teaching Jewish Studies in major colleges and universities. They constitute more than half of all the people in this field. We have good reason to be proud of this achievement which has had and will continue to have a profound positive impact on creative Jewish life in America.

But there is also reason for great concern. Although we awarded 47 grants in the past two years we also had to turn down 160 fully qualified applicants due to our lack of funds. Because other graduate fellowships are drying up, our applications are increasing and we will be forced to reject an even larger number of qualified candidates.

I urge every Board member to make as generous a contribution as possible toward our Grants Program - it will help us to maintain the high standards of this constructive investment in the future of American Jewish scholarship. By letting us know now what your gift will be you will help us to set a realistic level for our 1979 fellowship grants.

I know I can count on your help - and I thank you in advance for your favorable response.

Sincerely,



Amos Comay

NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

490-2280

December 14, 1978

Rabbi Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, O. 44106

Dear Dan:

As you requested I am enclosing a roster of our pre-doctoral grantees which includes their latest current status as we have it.

In following through on your suggestion about Stanley Gevirtz. We discovered that he is not at the University of Chicago as you indicated but rather that he is still at HUC in Los Angeles. According to our information, he is teaching Hebrew grammar. In view of his location out on the West Coast and the fact that he is not really front rank, I wonder whether we should extend an invitation to him this year.

Moshe Pelli is no longer at Cornell. He is presently at Yeshiva University and is looking for a job. I would be inclined to pass him up. After checking out Agus and Hoenig I think we would be better advised not to invite either one. I'll continue to look for someone from Yeshiva. I would still favor the younger Soloveitchik.

I shall be back to you in the next day or two.
My best,

Cordially,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

HIB:bg
encls.

December 17, 1978

Mr. Amos Comay, President
National Foundation for Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Amos:

I know that Harry has kept you abreast of our review of the Fellowship funding program. I am happy to enclose a small check for that program.

We hope to have our report in by this summer so that it can receive appropriate consideration in the budget.

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

Encl.

December 19, 1978

Dr. Harry L. Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

I agree with you about Gevirtz and Pelli. I think we should go ahead with Brandwein and Lipset. We might also consider Sid Leiman.

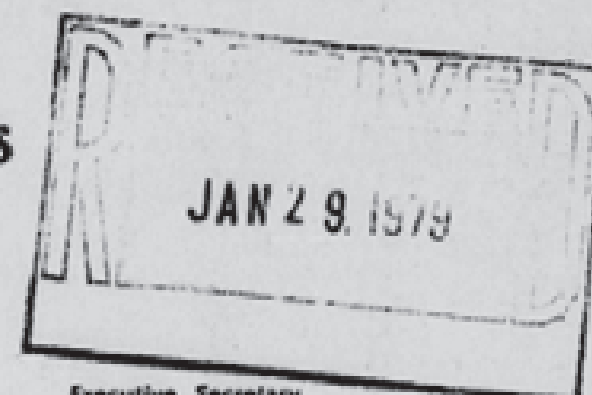
With all good wishes I remain

Sincerely,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp

ASSOCIATION FOR JEWISH STUDIES



President

Michael A. Meyer
Hebrew Union College —
Jewish Institute of Religion

January 24, 1979

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122 E. 42nd Street
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Editor, AJS Newsletter

Arnold J. Band
University of California
Los Angeles

Dear Harry,

I am now in a position to furnish you with more specific information regarding the costs incurred and projected in carrying out and updating our survey of Jewish studies in America. We have compiled the following figures for the years 1977, 1978, and 1979.

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1978</u>	<u>1979</u>
Consultant	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
Data Entry	400	500	600
Computing	350	400	500
Editing	500	700	800
Printing	400	600	800
Postage	400	450	500
Total	\$4,050	\$4,650	\$5,200

We would hope that the National Foundation for Jewish Culture could see its way clear to subsidizing all or a portion of these expenses, and, if so, we would clearly mention such support in any publication of the data beginning with our next Newsletter, which is scheduled to appear in March. In this Newsletter Arnold Band will present data from the initial printout as well as an analysis of the findings.

Although I am reluctant to rush a decision on your part, I am most eager to secure a source of funding before the appearance of the Newsletter and, in the eventuality that the National Foundation would find itself unable to support the project or any considerable portion thereof, I would need to seek funding elsewhere during the brief time between now and the beginning of March.

I do hope that the Foundation will be able to support this important project, even as it is giving us such significant help in publishing the AJS Review. If you have any questions of a general nature, please do not hesitate to telephone me at the College-Institute or at home. If the

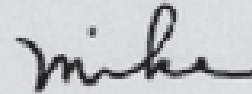
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questions are more specific, it would be best to telephone Charlie. In any event, we look forward to a speedy response, hopefully a positive one.

Warmest regards and greetings to Abe Atik.

Cordially,



Michael A. Meyer
President

MAM: eg

cc: Dr. Charles Berlin



NATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR JEWISH CULTURE

122 EAST 42ND STREET

NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

490-2280

February 9, 1979

Dr. Daniel Jeremy Silver
The Temple
University Circle at Silver Park
Cleveland, Ohio 44106

Dear Dan:

I enclose a copy of a letter received from Mike Meyer while you were away which we need to talk about.

On his return from the AJS meeting in December Mike stopped by to talk with us about relationships between the AJS and the NFJC and at that time mentioned the possibility of getting some help from us for maintaining the AJS Membership Study on a current basis. He pointed out that the study consultant whom they had used had now moved out to Ohio and was ready to continue to provide consultative service as well as the data processing from out there.

I gave Mike no encouragement about our ability to be helpful to them on this project partly because I felt they could obtain the technical assistance for a nominal amount through Jewish sources and partly because I questioned whether this should be one of our responsibilities. Nevertheless, I told him that if he submitted some of the specific figures we would give it some consideration.

He phoned the other day to ask about this and Abe spoke with him, pointing out that under no circumstances could we accept any part of the 1977 or 1978 expenses. As for 1979, Abe explained that we have no provision in the budget for such an item and that the only thing he could think of as a possibility would be a recommendation by the Academic Advisory Council to use some of its funds for this purpose. This, however, would have to be discussed beforehand with you. Mike is eager to talk with you about this. I guess he is under some pressure to come up with some answers in the very near future. I am sure that when he talks with you you will give him your thinking.

Cordially,

Harry I. Barron
Executive Director

dbb
enc

February 13, 1979

Dr. Harry I. Barron
National Foundation For Jewish Culture
122 East 42nd Street
New York, N. Y. 10017

Dear Harry:

Sorry about the precipitate way the conversation ended.
I did not call back because we really finished our talk.

The figures in Mike Meyer's letter were obviously pulled
out of a hat and are full of water. I continue to feel we
should make some contribution to past expenses and to
use this as a time to regularize our opportunity for the
future.

As q always,

Daniel Jeremy Silver

DJS:mp