

Daniel Jeremy Silver Collection Digitization Project

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MS-4850: Daniel Jeremy Silver Papers, 1972-1993.

Series III: The Temple Tifereth-Israel, 1946-1993, undated. Sub-series B: Sermons, 1950-1989, undated.

Reel Box Folder 64 21 1326

The Changing Jew, 1987.

THE CHANGING JEW

To Hitler, a Jew was a Jew. It made no difference whether he was Reform, Conservative, Orthodox, or an atheist--He was a Jew. At Auschwitz and Maidenek a Jew was a Jew and a potential corpse.

TO MOST OUTSIDERS ALL MEMBERS OF A PEOPLE BELONG TO
THAT COMMUNITY AND SHOW BASICALLY THE SAME TRAITS AND
ATTITUDES. TO AN INSIDER, ALL MEMBERS OF HIS COMMUNITY
ARE SOMEHOW BOUND TOGETHER, THOUGH THEY SHOW A GREAT DIVERSITY
IN ATTITUDE AND APPROACH TO THE MAJOR PROBLEMS OF THE DAY.

TAKE A CONGREGATION SUCH AS OURS, A SELECTED GROUP WITHIN A PARTICULAR JEWISH COMMUNITY, SELECTED BY SOCIAL,

AND ECONOMIC CRITERIA AS WELL AS BY RELIGIOUS PREFERENCE. EVEN SO, THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES AMONG US. WE VOTE DIFFERENTLY. WE HAVE DIFFERENT OPINIONS ON SOCIAL AND CULTURAL ISSUES OF THE DAY. WE RAISE OUR FAMILIES IN DIFFERENT WAYS. AND WE ARE ONLY ONE OF PERHAPS TWO DOZEN SIMILARLY SELECTED CONGREGATIONS, EACH OF WHICH HAS ITS OWN PATTERN OF WORSHIP AND BEHAVIOR AND SIMILAR PERSONAL DIFFERENCES.

BEYOND THIS, 40 PERCENT OF THE CLEVELAND JEWISH COMMUNITY DOES NOT BELONG TO ANY SYNAGOGUE.

BECAUSE OF THE FREQUENT AND REPEATED DIFFERENCES OF OPINION AMONG US, IT IS SOMETIMES DIFFICULT TO REMIND OURSELVES THAT WE ARE A PEOPLE. WE ARE TREATED AS ONE IN THE EYES OF THE WORLD--AND ACT AS ONE IN CERTAIN WAYS, PARTICULARLY IN SUPPORTING ISRAEL AND LOCAL INSTITUTIONS. WE ARE ONE, A PEOPLE, BECAUSE WE HAVE A SHARED PAST, BECAUSE OF THE PRESSURES OF THE OUTSIDE WORLD, BECAUSE OF CULTURAL TRADITIONS, AND BECAUSE OF OUR FAITH.

THERE HAVE ALWAYS BEEN GREAT DEBATES IN JEWISH LIFE:

ZIONIST VERSUS NON-ZIONIST, SECULAR VERSUS RELIGIOUS,

RELIGIOUS TRADITIONALISTS VERSUS RELIGIOUS LIBERALS.

THESE GREAT DEBATES WERE ARGUED PASSIONATELY, AND IN

TIME MANY OF THEM WERE RESOLVED BY TIME. THE ANTI-ZIONIST

DEBATE WAS SETTLED BY HISTORY IN 1948.

RELIGIOUS DEBATES, AS DISTINGUISHED FROM ALMOST ANY
OTHER KIND, ARE NEVER SETTLED. NO DEBATE WAS SO ACRIMONIOUS
OR SO HOTLY CONTESTED AS THAT BETWEEN RELIGIOUS POSITIONS:
PHARISEES AGAINST THE SADDUCEES, RABBINITES AGAINST THE
KARAITES, HASIDIM VERSUS MITHNAGDIM.

AND OVER THE LAST TWO CENTURIES, TRADITIONALISTS VERSUS THE LIBERALS.

YOU CANNOT CONVINCE ANOTHER OF POSITIONS WHICH HE
BELIEVES RUN COUNTER TO HIS FAITH. ALL YOU CAN DO IS HOPE
THAT THE DEBATE WILL NOT GET OUT OF HAND AND THAT WISE HEADS
WILL MAINTAIN A SENSE OF THE TRANSCENDING AND OF THE
NEED TO BE CIVIL. A RELIGIOUS POSITION IS NOT DEBATABLE,
BUT ONE CAN AT LEAST FOLLOW A POLICY OF LIVE AND LET LIVE.

Unfortunately, in the last ten years or so groups have come into being which do not accept this position. In Israel the Chief Rabbis and the minions who staff their bureaucracy have set for themselves the task of turning the country into a Jewish state—that is, into a talmudic jewish state. They not only control the administration of the laws of personal status, as they have since the beginning of the state. It is now a matter of issue among them to discuss the ways in which non-orthodox rabbis can be made irrelevant to israeli life and their work everywhere hampered.

THEY DO SO IN MANY WAYS. THEY DENY NON-ORTHODOX RABBIS
THE RIGHT TO PERFORM A MARRIAGE OR A FUNERAL. THEY RETURN
YEAR AFTER YEAR TO THE WORDING OF THE LAW OF RETURN AS IT
DEALS WITH CONVERTS. THE CHIEF RABBINATE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE

A PHRASE--KA-HALACHA--ADDED TO THE PRESENT LAW WHICH DEFINES
WHO MAY COME IN AND AUTOMATICALLY BE A CITIZEN AS ANYONE BORN
OF A JEWISH MOTHER OR A CONVERT. THE KEY PHRASE IS KA-HALACHA,
ACCORDING TO THE LAW. THE ISSUE IS NOT SIMPLY THE ISSUE OF
ORTHODOX LAW BUT THAT THE AMENDED LAW WOULD RULE OUT ANY JEW
CONVERTED BY A NON-ORTHODOX RABBI.

IT IS PART OF A PROGRAM TO DELEGITIMATIZE THE NON-ORTHODOX RABBINATE. How do we know this? A group of Rabbis in Denver -- Reform, Conservative, and Orthodox -- meet regularly. They decided to deal with this problem. Each one would conduct conversions according to the full letter of the law, even to the taking of a drop of blood. Theirs was a noble effort at accommodation -- but a failure. The orthodox rabbis in israel insisted that the conversion certificate for any Jew who has intentions of settling in Israel must be signed by the orthodox rabbis of the town. It is not the form but who carries out the form.

MANY RABBIS HAVE RECEIVED INQUIRIES FROM POTENTIAL CONVERTS

AS TO THEIR STATUS IF THEY GO TO ISRAEL, AND THEY CAN ONLY BE TOLD

THAT IT IS "IFFY." PERHAPS, SOME SAY, THEY OUGHT TO ARRANGE

FOR AN ORTHODOX WEDDING IN ORDER TO MAKE SURE THAT THIS

OPTION IS OPEN TO THEM IF THEY NEED IT.

THE DEGREE TO WHICH POLITICAL MACHINATIONS ENTER THIS ARENA WAS SHOWN IN BOLD RELIEF LAST SPRING DURING THE SHIMON PERES/MOSHE SHAMIR DEBATE ABOUT THE ADVISABILITY OF AN INTERNATIONAL PEACE CONFERENCE. Mr. SHAMIR WAS EAGER TO STOP MR. PERES'S BID FOR ELECTION -- AND WHILE PERES WAS BARNSTORMING THE CAPITALS OF THE WORLD, SHAMIR WAS QUICK TO STRIKE A BARGAIN WITH THE RELIGIOUS PARTIES. HE WOULD GUARANTEE THAT THEIR DESIRED REVISION OF THE LAW OF RETURN WOULD BE BROUGHT TO A VOTE IN THE SUMMER SESSION OF THE KNESSET IF THEY WOULD VOTE WITH HIM AGAINST THE CONFERENCE. SHAMIR WAS ABLE TO BLOCK PERES, AND HE DID BRING UP THE LAW BUT COULDN'T GARNER SUFFICIENT VOTES FOR THE REVISION, AND IT FELL THROUGH, LARGELY BECAUSE OF THE VOTE OF ARAB MEMBERS OF THE KENNESSET. I AM SURE THE ORTHODOX RABBINATE WILL FIND A WAY TO BRING THIS UP AGAIN SOME TIME IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

This is only the most recent of a series of measures which the official religious bodies have tried to browbeat the Kenesset into passing so that they can safely and completely control the religious life of Israel. They see themselves as the State Church.

THE POLITICAL MANEUVERS OF THE RELIGIOUS BLOCS IN ISRAEL ARE WELL KNOWN. IN THE EARLY YEARS THEY INSISTED ON GETTING MONEY FOR THE YESHIVOT, DRAFT EXEMPTION FOR YESHIVA STUDENTS, AND CURRICULAR CONTROL OF THEIR SCHOOLS.

IN LATER YEARS THE ISSUES HAVE BECOME MORE ARROGANT, LIMITING OF ABORTIONS AND AUTOPSIES. AN INSTANCE: THE RELIGIOUS FUNCTIONARY WHO HEADS THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR REFUSES TO RELEASE TO FRANCE A KNOWN CONVICT--A RELIGIOUS JEW--WHO HAS BEEN TRIED AND CONVICTED AND WHOSE SENTENCE AWAITS HIM THERE,

The religious bloc in Israel consists of several groups.

First, the religious authorities themselves. Also, the Haredim—the strict ones, members of small groups which are fundamentalist and confrontational, the Jews who make the lives of archaeologists difficult, claiming always they dig where there are Jewish graves, the Jews who shout to close cinemas and restaurants open on the Sabbath.

ADD TO THESE THE GUSH EMUNIM, THE TRADITIONALIST AND ORTHODOX PIONEERS WHO HAVE SETTLED ON THE WEST BANK. THERE ARE MANY REASONS FOR THE GUSH, BUT CERTAINLY SOME OF THEIR LEADERS HAVE BEEN ORTHODOX RABBIS AND CERTAINLY PART OF THEIR APPEAL HAS BEEN THE FACT THAT THE WEST BANK IS PRECISELY THE AREA THAT, ACCORDING TO THE BIBLE, WAS COMMANDED TO ABRAHAM.

THEN THERE ARE THE MAJORITY IN ISRAEL TODAY, WHO ARE TRADITIONALISTS, USUALLY SEPHARDIC. THESE MEN DO NOT NECESSARILY APPROVE OF SOME OF THE ORTHODOX POLITICAL MANIPULATIONS, BUT THEY AGREE THAT THE JEWISH STATE MUST, IN FACT, BE JEWISH IN TERMS THAT THEY UNDERSTAND.

When the State of Israel was founded in 1948, the vision was of a Socialist Israel with a slight religious tint to it. The typical citizen of the State was a European Jew. The Easter Jews, the more traditional group, made their entrance in numbers somewhat later. Over the years, the composition of the State has changed.

The yeridah--those who have left, who have "gone down"-have been mostly European Jews. The high rate of family
formation has been mostly among Jews from Oriental countries,
families who have never known anything but traditional forms.

Today a majority of Israel believes that the State should be a Jewish State and has no problem with many of the issues the Orthodox establishment espouses.

WHAT HAS THIS TO DO WITH OUR TOPIC, THE CHANGING JEW?

IT RAISES A FACT OF JEWISH LIFE, WHICH IN SOME DEGREE OR

OTHER AFFECTS JEWS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. LIKE IT OR NOT,

TALMUDIC--THAT IS, RABBINIC--JUDAISM IS PLAYING A MUCH MORE

IMPORTANT ROLE IN OUR CONTEMPORARY LIVES THAN HERETOFORE.

IT IS NOT ALL A LOSS. IN PART TALMUDIC JUDAISM REPRESENTS

L500 YEARS OF CULTURE. MUCH IS GOOD AND VALID. IN PART IT

OFFERS US A BASIS FOR MORE COLOR AND EMOTION IN OUR LIVES.

IN ISRAEL TODAY, AS CONTRASTED TO THE ISRAEL OF 1948,
THE MAJORITY OF JEWS PREFER SOME FORM OF TRADITIONALISM.

I AM USING TRADITIONALISM IN OPPOSITION TO ORTHODOXY, NOT
BECAUSE THEY ARE NECESSARILY OPPOSITES BUT BECAUSE THEY
REPRESENT DIFFERENT APPROACHES. THE TRADITIONALISTS ARE
NOT UNITED AS A GROUP. THE ORTHODOX ARE. THE ORTHODOX HAVE
A DEFINITE AGENDA. THE TRADITIONALISTS DO NOT. THEY SIMPLY
WANT THE STATE TO HAVE A FAMILIAR JEWISH FLAVOR TO IT.

GIVEN THESE FACTS, TRADITIONALISM IS THE EMOTIONAL FRAMEWORK OF MUCH THAT HAPPENS IN MODERN-DAY ISRAEL. THE TRADITIONALISTS ARE THE BODY WHICH GIVES THE RELIGIOUS AUTHORITIES THE BACKING THEY NEED EVEN WHEN THE TRADITIONALISTS DO NOT APPROVE OF THE AUTHORITY'S ACTIONS.

IN ISRAEL THE NON-TRADITIONALIST JEW HAS BARELY REPLICATED HIMSELF-2. CHILDREN PER FAMILY--WHILE THE MORE TRADITIONAL JEW, HAS HAD FOUR, AND THE MORE ORTHODOX SIX AND EIGHT, CHILDREN. THE TRADITIONALIST IS A MEMBER OF THE EASTERN ALIYAH WHO NOW NUMBER OVER 50 PERCENT OF THE POPULATION.

More Jews in Israel today are traditionalist rather than holding the Socialist, liberal position of the Early Founders. Israel is not, and probably never was, a state of anti-religious

VISION WAS OF A GRACEFUL AND URBANE FUTURE THE RELIGIOUS RESTRAINTS.

AT THE VERY CONCEPTION OF ISRAEL, BEN GURION MADE THE AGREEMENT WITH THE ORTHODOX WHICH GAVE THEM CONTROL OF THE RIGHTS OF PERSONAL STATUS--MARRIAGE, DIVORCE, INHERITANCE, AND THE LIKE. HE DID SO, THOUGH HE HAD NO POLITICAL NEED OR REASON TO, BECAUSE HE RECOGNIZED THAT THE OLD YISHUV, THE OLDER SETTLERS, NEEDED TOFEEL THAT THE STATE WAS JEWISH IN ESSENCE. HE ALSO FELT IT ADVISABLE TO CONTINUE THE LAWS OF THE BRITISH MANDATE, WHICH GRANTED TO EACH RELIGIOUS COMMUNITY CONTROL OVER LAWS OF PERSONAL STATUS WITHIN THEIR COMMUNITY. HE THOUGHT THIS WOULD BE ENOUGH. IN THE FIRST IO YEARS, THE RELIGIOUS BLOC, WITH IO VOTES OUT OF 120 IN THE KNESSET, WENT ALONG, DEMANDING INCREMENTAL BENEFITS--MORE MONEY FOR YESHIVOT AND THE LIKE. BEN GURION CALLED IT THE STATUS QUO PRINCIPLE, BUT IT PROVED TO BE ANYTHING BUT.

As the demography of the state changed, as the composition of its citizens changed, the politics of the state changed. The socialist, anti-religious bloc diminished in importance and the orthodox and traditionalists gained immensely. Now you have the kind of religious political machine never dreamed of in Ben Gurion's day.

ALL ISRAEL ARE NOT HAREDEIM. MANY WHO ARE TRADITIONALISTS
IN ISRAEL ARE NOT SYMPATHETIC WITH THE RELIGIOUS PARTIES IN
THEIR MOVEMENT TO DE-LEGITIMATIZE NON-ORTHODOX JEWS. THEY
VOTE NOT WITH THE RELIGIOUS PARTIES BUT WITH LABOR AND LIKUD.

BUT THE TRUTH IS THAT THE BASIC FRAMEWORK OF LIFE IN ISRAEL IS INCREASINGLY RABBINIC, AND THAT IN ALL LIKELIHOOD IT WILL CONTINUE TO BE SO.

ONE OF THE UNEXPECTED BYPRODUCTS THAT OCCURRED WITH THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STATE OF ISRAEL WAS THAT THE STATE'S RELIGIOUS LIFE HAD AN IMPACT ON RELIGIOUS LIFE IN THE DIASPORA. FOR THE FIRST TIME, DIASPORA JEWRY WAS HEAVILY PRESSURED TO CONFORM TO A SET OF RULES ESTABLISHED BY ANOTHER JEWISH COMMUNITY, THAT OF ISRAEL. ISRAEL WAS SAYING THAT IT HAD THE RIGHT TO DETERMINE WHO IS A JEW, TO DEFINE THE NATURE OF JEWISH IDENTITY, AND TO IMPOSE THESE UPON THE DIASPORA, AND MANY IN THE DIASPORA FELT THEY HAD TO CONFORM.

How does this occur? By requiring, for instance, that a conversion be according to rabbinic law which means a drop of blood must be taken from the man, immersion in a pool, and so on. Anything less is not accepted.

THE COMMUNITY IN DENVER, TRIED TO WORK OUT AN AGREEMENT AMONG ALL GROUPS IN THE COMMUNITY THAT THEY WOULD FOLLOW THESE LAWS. THEY DID AND IT DIDN'T WORK. WHY NOT? Because the

ORTHODOX INSISTED THAT ONLY THE SIGNATURES OF THE THREE ORTHODOX RABBIS WERE VALID AND WOULD COUNT.

How does this occur? By requiring, for instance, that a divorce be accompanied by a get. This, too, had been agreed on by a number of non-orthodox rabbis, but the fact is that the get is recognized only when it is signed by orthodox rabbis. Without a recognized get, the orthodox community will not permit remarriage—and if remarriage has taken place and there are children, the children are called mamzerim and cannot ever marry a "Kosher" Jew.

ISRAEL'S RELIGIOUS NORMS HAVE HAD AN IMPACT ON DIASPORA AND RELIGIOUS LIFE. THERE ARE, OF COURSE, TRADITIONAL SEPARATIST COMMUNITIES SUCH AS WILLIAMSBURG, WHICH ARE THE AMERICAN VERSION OF THE NETURI KARTA. RECENTLY THERE HAVE BEEN ATTEMPTS BY CERTAIN GROUPS AMONG THE ORTHODOX TO SEPARATE THE ORTHODOX COMMUNITY FROM THE REST, AND FROM MEMBERSHIP IN SUCH BODIES AS THE SYNAGOGUE COUNCIL OF AMERICA. MOST RABBIS OF THE ORTHODOX COMMUNITY REFUSE TO INVITE REFORM OR CONSERVATIVE SCHOLARS TO THEIR SYNAGOGUES ON THE GROUNDS THAT THEY WILL DISSEMINATE FALSEHOODS AND MISINFORMATION.

ON THE OTHER HAND, THEORTHODOX JEWISH COMMUNITY IN AMERICA IS NOW POLITICALLY OF AGE. ITS LEADERS ARE ABLE TO ASSERT ITS DESIRES QUITE FORCEFULLY AND DO SO.

THERE ARE ORTHODOX LEADERS WHO ARE COOPERATING WITH REFORM AND CONSERVATIVE LEADERS. THEY LIVE BY THEIR OWN RULES, BUT IN ALL OTHER THINGS FEEL THEMSELVES MEMBERS OF A UNITED AMERICAN JEWISH COMMUNITY.

WHAT HAS ALL THIS TO DO WITH THE CHANGING JEW?

IN AMERICA IN THE FIRST HALF OF THE CENTURY, THE

AMERICANIZATION OF THE JEW, THE LIBERALIZATION OF THE JEW,

REFORM, WAS TAKEN FOR GRANTED. REFORM CONGREGATIONS WERE

THE DOMINANT CONGREGATIONS. THE CONSERVATIVE CONGREGATIONS

WERE ON THE WAY TO AMERICANIZATION. IT WAS BELIEVED THAT

THE ORTHODOX WOULD SOON FOLLOW SUIT.

Now, IN THE LAST HALF OF THE CENTURY, PARTICULARLY SINCE THE SECOND WORLD WAR, IT IS INCREASINGLY CLEAR THAT EVEN AMONG REFORM CONGREGATIONS, THERE IS A RETURN TO RITUAL AND TRADITION OF SOME PROPORTION—A RETURN, SOME WOULD SAY, TO BASIC JEWISH VALUES. THIS HAS OCCURRED FOR MANY REASONS. THE CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN OF EASTERN EUROPEAN IMMIGRATION CAME INTO THEIR OWN AND WERE MORE TRADITIONAL IN THEIR ATTITUDES. THERE IS A GROWING APPETITE FOR ETHNICITY AND COLOR IN THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMUNITIES AS A WHOLE. THERE WAS THE SOBERING IMPACT OF THE HOLOCAUST AND THE IMPACT OF ISRAEL.

One result of this changed mood was a vague but pervasive feeling among Jews that Orthodox Judaism was the standard. American Jews were not rushing to be Orthodox, although a small number were, but many of them were prepared to say that if they were more religious they would be more traditional. Do you remember how such people delighted to sing "Tradition, Tradition?"

ACROSS THE BOARD AMERICAN JEW HAS A MORE TRADITIONAL BENT THAN HIS PARENTS. HE IS ALSO LESS RELIGIOUSLY EDUCATED THAN HIS PARENTS AND HE DEFINES RELIGION AS RITUAL, AS WHAT HAPPENS IN THE SYNAGOGUE, RATHER THAN A COMPLETE AND ALL-EMBRACING WAY OF LIFE. HE HAS NO TROUBLE WHEN HE GOES TO THE SYNAGOGUE, FINDING THERE A RENEWAL OF FORMS AND RITUALS. THE SYNAGOGUE SEEMS TO AGREE WITH HIM. MANY REFORM CONGREGATIONS NOW WORSHIP WITH TALESIM AND KIPPOT AND ALL HAVE MANY MORE RITUALS THAN THEY HAD SOME YEARS AGO. LOOK AT OUR CONGREGATION: CONSECRATION, BAR MITZVAH, THAN THEY HAD SOME YEARS AGO.

I have no trouble with the color or ritualization of

Jewish Life. I do have trouble with the assumption that

It is an orthodox norm which is the standard for all things

Jewish. Reform Judaism was not and is not simply a cutback

of traditions. It is a reformulation of the old traditions

to include new concepts of family, of women as equals,

the appropriateness of Biblical Criticism and of a way of

*

THINKING WHICH ASSUMES PROGRESSIVE REVELATION. WE DO NOT

ACCEPT THAT RABBINIC LAW IS THE BE-ALL AND END-ALL, THOUGH

WE ACCEPT MANY OF ITS STRUCTURES. WE SPEAK OF PROGRESSIVE

REVELATION AS GIVEN TO THE SEERS OF ANCIENT GENERATIONS

AND TO THOSE OF OUR OWN DAY. WE SPEAK OF WOMEN AND EQUALITY

IN WAYS WHICH ARE QUITE DIFFERENT FROM TALMUDIC JUDAISM.

WE CAN TAKE THAT SUBJECT--WOMEN AND EQUALITY--AS AN EXAMPLE OF OUR DIFFERENCE. IN TALMUDIC JUDAISM A WOMAN MAY NOT OFFER TESTIMONY IN COURT. SHE HAS NO PLACE IN THE ORGANIZATION OF SYNAGOGUE BUSINESS. SHE IS GOVERNED BY A SERIES OF POTENTIALLY CRUEL LAWS--SUCH AS THE LAW REGARDING THE AGUNAH, THE DESERTED WIFE.

THERE ARE TODAY SEVEN THOUSAND AGUNOT--DESERTED WIVES-IN ISRAEL. EITHER THEIR HUSBANDS ARE PRESUMED DEAD, HAVING
DIED WITHOUT A WITNESS TO THEIR DEATH, OR THEIR HUSBANDS
HAVE REFUSED TO ISSUE THEIR WIVES A GET, A BILL OF DIVORCE.
ORTHODOX JUDAISM DECREES THAT ONLY A MAN MAY ISSUE A GET.
A WOMAN MAY NOT. THE RABBIS HAVE RECOGNIZED FOR YEARS THAT
INJUSTICE IS POSSIBLE IN THIS SITUATION, BUT THEY HAVE BEEN
UNABLE TO CORRECT IT. WE SIMPLY AND TRAGICALLY HAVE IN
ISRAEL SEVEN THOUSAND WOMEN WHO CANNOT REMARRY, AN ASSOCIATION
OF WOMEN WHO CALL THEMSELVES PRISONERS OF THE RABBINIC COURT.

COMMUNITY IN AMERICA. BUT WE ARE ALSO AN AGING COMMUNITY

MOST IN THE DIASPORA, PARTICULARLY IN THE AMERICAN DIASPORA, ARE UNAWARE OF HOW THEY ARE TOUCHED BY THIS SPREAD OF TRADITIONALISM. BUT IT COLORS THEIR THINKING, AND IT ATTRACTS SOMEOF THE YOUNG WHO FIND REFORM AND CONSERVATIVE WAYS TOO AMORPHOUS AND TOO VAGUE. THE ISSUE IS WHETHER OR NOT AMERICAN JEWS--WITH THEIR LIBERALISM AND SELF-ASSERTION AND FREEDOM CAN UNDERSTAND HOW THE GOOD AND THE VALID, TAKEN FROM A I500-YEAR-OLD RICH TRADITION, CAN BE ABSORBED AND SUBLIMATED INTO A WAY OF LIFE WHICH IS MODERN AND MEANINGFUL.

TWENTY OR FIFTY YEARS AGO JUDAISM REPRESENTED TO MOST

AMERICAN JEWS A SOCIAL GOSPEL, A VISION OF THE FUTURE, A

TRADITION WHICH WAS ACCEPTABLE TO A POINT. TODAY JUDAISM

REPRESENTS TO THE AMERICAN JEW A SOCIAL GOSPEL, A VISION

OF THE FUTURE, A TRADITION WHICH THEY PROBABLY OUGHT TO ACCEPT

BUT DO NOT. HOW TO BREAK THROUGH THIS IMPASSE IS THE CHALLENGE

--AND IT REQUIRES MORE KNOWLEDGE AND THOUGHT THAN MOST ARE

PREPARED TO GIVE.

THE CHANGING JEW. IN AMERICA THERE ARE MANY ELEMENTS
IN THE PATTERN. A GENERATION AGO COLLEGE BOARDS WERE
HEAVILY JEWISH IN THEIR HONORS. TODAY THEY ARE HEAVILY
ORIENTAL. TODAY THERE IS A MUCH SMALLER GROUP OF JEWISH
CHILDREN PASSING THROUGH THE CLASSROOMS. JEWS HAVE WORKED
HARD AND DONE WELL. WE REPRESENT THE SINGLE MOST SUCCESSFUL
COMMUNITY IN AMERICA. BUT WE ARE ALSO AN AGING COMMUNITY
OUR MEDIAN AGE IS NEARLY FORTY, THE OLDEST IN AMERICA.

WHAT WILL THE RESULTS OF OUTMARRIAGE BE FOR US? WHAT WILL THE HIGH RATE OF DELAYED MARRIAGE MEAN FOR US?

THE AVERAGE AMERICAN JEW IS WELL-EDUCATED, LIBERAL, SOPHISTICATED, BUT RELIGIOUSLY NAIVE. HE NEEDS TO PROGRESS FROM A VIEW WHICH EMPHASIZES TRADITIONAL COLOR AND RITUAL TO ONE WHICH INCLUDES A CAREFUL ASSESSMENT OF THE VALUES OF THE PAST AND THE PRESENT. WE NEED TO RECAPTURE SOME OF THE RICH SPIRIT OF REFORM—ITS WILLINGNESS TO EXPERIMENT, TO CHANGE, TO DEVELOP. WE NEED TO REMIND OURSELVES THAT JUDAISM IS NOT A PAST BUT A PRESENT AND A FUTURE, AND THAT THE PRESENT AND FUTURE DEPEND UPON A MORAL AND ETHICAL UNDERSTANDING OF THE ISSUES OF THE PAST AND OF THE DAY QUITE AS MUCH AS THEY DO ON TRADITION.

Kaddish

Fridan

Sunday NOVEMBER 1, 1987

Those who passed away this week

RALPH A. COLBERT HAROLD M. RAEL

ESTELLE CHATTMAN JACOB H. ALTMAN HAROLD CHATTMAN WALTER PAUL DEUTSCH COLEMAN SPITZ MAX M. ROTHSCHILD CHARLES KRAMER EUGENE ROSENBAUM ROSE RICHMAN UNGER ALBERT SIEGLER ESTHER LEBBY LEONORE SPERO BASSICHIS JEAN YOELSON LEVIN RACHEL COPELAND SAMUEL STERN HELENE R. HIMMEL SOL DORSEY HILDA W. KROHNGOLD DR. JAMES SIEBERT

SADELLE KLEIN

HENRY G. SEED

RACHEL MILLER ELLBOGEN

SAM HARRIS

FLORA J. BRATBURD HEDWIG HENRY SARAH G. GOLD EDWARD W. BEECHLER MARY O. SHAPERO JOSEPH W. SCHIFFER ROSE GRAVER COHEN ROSE F. OPPENHEIMER RABBI MOSES J. GRIES MAX PAUL MEYER HARRY D. KOBLITZ GEORGE H. COHEN THERESA SENOR LILLY BASSETT

THE TEMPLE CH	OIR SUNDAY MORNING SERVICE The Temple Branch10:30 am	Bruce Shewitz
Date	87 Service no	Music director
Opening anthem	Piket: Ma tovu	(SOLO)
Bar'chu	Trad.	
Sh'ma	Trad.	
V'ahavta	Braun	
Mi chamocha Tzur	Weiner Trad.	
yisraeil		C - 11
Avot	Gooding (NO CHOIR)	G. Franklin
K'dusha May the words	Janowski (Choir amen)	H. Henderson
TORAL SERVICE		
Anthem/ Solo	Steinberg: Shalom rav	N. Canfield
Aleinu	Trad.	
V'ne-emar	Trad. Trad. MERICAN JEWISH	
Amen	Piket #1 -> 10 CON) G .
Hymn	EIN KEI LOHEINU	
Amen		
*		
:	•	
REMARKS		

YOUR TEMPLE CALENDAR - Clip and Save

26000 SHAKER BOULEVARD 831-3233

SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THUDE		031-3233
			WED	THURS	FRI	SAT
OCTOBER 25	26	TWA BRANCH 10:00 am Activities 11:00 am Bible Study 11:45 am Luncheon	3 RUCE		30 EA	HEBREW CAMP Grades 3-6 9:30 am JCC BAR MITZVA Matt Feinberg 11:00 am Main Temple
			Sten Me,	Scherm	SERVICE 5:30 pm Main Temple	
NOVEMBER 1	2	3	4	5	6	7
COFFEE HOUR 9:30 am Branch SERVICE 10:30 am Branch HEBREW CAMP Ends at Noon		ELECTION DAY TWA BRANCH 10:00 am Activities 11:00 am Bible Study 11:45 am Luncheon 12:45 pm Program **TYA BOARD MEETING	HS ARR	RICAN JEWISH C H I V E S	SERVICE 5:30 pm Main Temple FIRST FRIDAY Ambassador Stephen W. Bosworth 8:15 pm Branch	BAT MITZVA Rachel Lissauer 11:00 am Main Temple
COFFEE HOUR 9:30 am Branch SERVICE 10:30 am Branch TYA NEW-MEMBER DINNER 7:00 pm	9	TWA BRANCH 10:00 am Activities 11:00 am Bible Study 11:45 am Luncheon LUNCH WITH THE RABBI 12:00 Noon City Club TEMPLE BOARD MEETING 8:00 pm Branch	VETERANS' DAY TWA COFFEE 9:30 am Branch TWA BOARD MEETING 10:00 am Branch	SENIORS' GROUP OPEN MEETING BRANCH Rabbi Silver 11:00 am Lunch 12:00 Noon Musical Pgm 1:00 pm	SERVICE 5:30 pm Main Temple	BAR MITZVA Andrew Barnett 11:00 am Main Temple
NO TRS COFFEE HOUR 9:30 am Branch SERVICE 10:30 am Branch Special Music TYA-TWA LUNCHEON	16	TWA BRANCH 10:00 am Activities 11:00 am Bible Study 11:45 am Luncheon LUNCH WITH THE RABBI 12:00 Noon Somerset	18	19	SERVICE 5:30 pm Main Temple	BAR MITZVA Keith Joseph 11:00 am Main Temple
Mothers, Daughters 12:00 Noon Branch		SCHOOL BOARD MEETING 7:30 pm Branch	TMC BOARD MEETING 8:00 pm Branch		7:30 pm Branch	*NOT AT TEMPLE

The Temple university circle at silver park · Cleveland, Ohio 44106 · 791-7755 BRANCH: 26000 SHAKER BLVD. · BEACHWOOD, OHIO 44122 · 831-3233

Music Director **BRUCE SHEWITZ**

> THE NEW CHOIR ROBES ARE A GIFT TO THE TEMPLE FROM CHOIR MEMBER CHUCK WHITEHILL IN MEMORY OF HIS FATHER ... IS